

(2) improve access to National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration educational resources;

(3) support educator professional development programs to improve understanding and use of agency sciences;

(4) promote participation in agency-related sciences and careers, particularly by members of underrepresented groups;

(5) leverage partnerships to enhance formal and informal environmental science education; and

(6) build capability within the agency for educational excellence.

(c) **EDUCATIONAL PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM.**—The Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall establish an educational partnership with minority serving institutions to provide support for cooperative science centers, an environmental entrepreneurship program, a graduate sciences program and an undergraduate scholarship program.

(d) **NOAA OCEAN EDUCATION PLAN.**—The Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall develop an ocean education plan setting forth ocean education goals and priorities for the agency, as well as programmatic actions to carry out such goals and priorities over the next 20 years. The plan may be prepared as part of the research plan required by section 301 or may be prepared separately and shall—

(1) set forth the Administration's goals, priorities, and programmatic activities for ocean education in 5-year phases;

(2) identify linkages between NOAA ocean education activities and NOAA programs and missions;

(3) consider the recommendations of ocean science and education experts, as well as those of professional education associations or organizations;

(4) be developed in consultation with programmatic offices, ocean science and education experts, and interested members of the public; and

(5) be revised or updated every 5-to-7 years.

#### **SEC. 304. AMENDMENT TO THE NATIONAL SEA GRANT COLLEGE PROGRAM ACT.**

Section 212(a) of the National Sea Grant College Program Act (33 U.S.C 1131(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) **MARINE AND AQUATIC SCIENCE EDUCATION.**—In addition to the amounts authorized for each fiscal year under paragraphs (1) and (2), there are authorized to be appropriated for marine and aquatic science education in each of fiscal years 2005 through 2010—

“(A) \$6,000,000 in increased funding for the educational activities of sea grant programs;

“(B) \$4,000,000 for competitive grants for projects and research that target national and regional marine and aquatic science literacy;

“(C) \$4,000,000 for competitive grants to support educational partnerships under the national Coastal and Ocean Education Program to be funded through the National Ocean Partners Program or other appropriate mechanism; and

“(D) \$3,000,000 in increased funding for enhanced outreach and communications activities of sea grant programs.

#### **TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATIONS**

##### **SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

(a) **PARTNERS PROGRAM PROJECTS AND ADMINISTRATION.**—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated annually to the Department of the Navy, the National Science Foundation, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for fiscal year 2005 through fiscal year 2010—

(1) up to \$25,000,000 from each agency may be made available for National Ocean Partners Program projects under section 202; and

(2) at least \$600,000 or 3 percent of the amount appropriated for the National Oceanographic Partners Program, whichever is greater, shall be available for operations of the partners program office established under section 202(d).

(b) **NATIONAL OCEAN AND COASTAL EDUCATION PROGRAM.**—Of the amounts authorized annually to the Department of the Navy, the National Science Foundation, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for fiscal year 2005 through fiscal year 2010, up to \$25,000,000 from each agency may be made available for the National Ocean and Coastal Education Program under section 203.

(c) **SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.**—Of the amounts authorized annually to the Department of the Navy, the National Science Foundation, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for fiscal year 2005 through fiscal year 2010, up to \$15,000,000 may be made available for National Ocean Science and Technology Scholarships under section 204.

(d) **NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION.**—

(1) **MARINE ECOSYSTEM RESEARCH.**—For development and implementation of the research program under section 302, there are authorized to be appropriated to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2005 through 2010.

(2) **OCEAN EDUCATION.**—In addition to the amounts authorized under subsection (a), (b), and (c) and under the National Sea Grant College Program Act, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration—

(A) \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2005 through 2010 for education activities under section 303(a); and

(B) \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2005 through 2010 for education activities under section 303(c).

(e) **AVAILABILITY.**—Sums appropriated pursuant to this section shall remain available until expended.

#### **SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS**

##### **SENATE RESOLUTION 404—DESIGNATING AUGUST 9, 2004, AS “SMOKEY BEAR’S 60TH ANNIVERSARY”**

Mr. SMITH (for himself and Mrs. FEINSTEIN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 404

Whereas Smokey Bear's service to the United States for 60 years has protected the Nation's forests above and beyond the call of duty;

Whereas Smokey Bear has been dedicated to educating Americans of all ages and particularly America's youth, the future stewards of our forests, about the need for vigilance concerning forest health and wildfires;

Whereas Smokey Bear's message of vigilance can also be applied to the need (1) to remove unnatural accumulations of hazardous fuels from the public forests of the United States; (2) to clear defensible space around homes and escape routes in the wildland-urban interface; and (3) to suppress forest fires that threaten communities or valuable natural resources;

Whereas the Smokey Bear campaign is the longest running public service campaign in the history of the United States;

Whereas Smokey Bear was the first individual animal ever to be honored on a postage stamp;

Whereas the Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture is committed to increasing public information and awareness about wildfires and forest protection;

Whereas the Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture is devoted to changing the public's behavior concerning wildfires in an effort to maintain and protect the natural resources and wildlife of the United States; and

Whereas the Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture, the National Association of State Foresters, and the Advertising Council have provided extraordinary support and dedication to the purpose and efforts of Smokey Bear: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) designates August 9, 2004, as “Smokey Bear's 60th Anniversary”; and

(2) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

##### **SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 124—DECLARING GENOCIDE IN DARFUR, SUDAN**

Mr. BROWNBACK (for Himself, Mr. CORZINE, Mrs. DOLE, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. DEWINE, and Mr. FITZGERALD) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. CON. RES. 124

Whereas Article 1 of the 1948 United Nations Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide states that “the contracting parties confirm that genocide, whether committed in time of peace or in time of war, is a crime under international law which they undertake to prevent and to punish”;

Whereas Article 2 of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide declares that “in the present Convention, genocide means any of the following acts committed with the intent to destroy, in whole or in part, a national, ethnical, racial or religious group, as such: (a) killing members of the group; (b) causing serious bodily or mental harm to members of the group; (c) deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction in whole or in part; (d) imposing measures intended to prevent births within the group; and (e) forcibly transferring children of the group to another group”;

Whereas Article 3 of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide affirms that the “following acts shall be punishable: (a) genocide; (b) conspiracy to commit genocide; (c) direct and public incitement to commit genocide; (d) attempt to committed genocide; and (e) complicity in genocide”;

Whereas in Darfur, Sudan, an estimated 30,000 innocent civilians have been brutally murdered, more than 130,000 people have been forced from their homes and have fled to neighboring Chad, and more than 1,000,000 people have been internally displaced;

Whereas Andrew Natsios, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, has predicted that 300,000 civilians in Darfur will die within the year under “optimal conditions” in which humanitarian assistance is provided, and that as many as 1,000,000 civilians in Darfur are at risk; and

Whereas in March 2004 the United Nations Resident Humanitarian Coordinator stated:

"[T]he war in Darfur started off in a small way last year but it has progressively gotten worse. A predominant feature of this is that the brunt is being borne by civilians. This includes vulnerable women and children . . . The violence in Darfur appears to be particularly directed at a specific group based on their ethnic identity and appears to be systemized." Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress—*

(1) declares that the atrocities unfolding in Darfur, Sudan, are genocide;

(2) reminds the President and the international community of their international legal obligations, as affirmed in the 1948 United Nations Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide;

(3) urges the President to call the atrocities being committed in Darfur, Sudan by their rightful name: "genocide";

(4) commends the leadership of the President in seeking a peaceful resolution to the conflict in Darfur, Sudan and in addressing the humanitarian crisis caused by that conflict, including the provision of assistance to meet immediate humanitarian needs in Darfur, Sudan and Eastern Chad;

(5) urges the President to seek a United Nations Security Council resolution under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter that directs the Member States of the United Nations to impose targeted sanctions against those responsible for the atrocities committed in Darfur, Sudan, authorizes a multinational force to guarantee humanitarian access and security for foreign aid workers and internally displaced persons, urges a halt to violence committed by armed militias and by the armed forces of Sudan and the safe, secure, and the sustainable return of internally displaced persons and refugees to their homes, creates a Commission of Inquiry to investigate the unfolding genocide, recommends measures to create accountability in Darfur, Sudan, and calls for the establishment of a formal peace process for permanent resolution of grievances between Darfurians and the Government of Sudan;

(6) calls on the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development to establish a Darfur Resettlement, Rehabilitation, and Reconstruction Fund to fund assistance for those driven off their land so that they may return and begin to rebuild their communities; and

(7) urges the President to provide political and financial support to the African Union to promote its effective intervention in Darfur, Sudan to achieve security, humanitarian assistance, and accountability.

## NOTICES OF HEARINGS/MEETINGS

### SUBCOMMITTEE ON PUBLIC LANDS AND FORESTS

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I announce for the information of the Senate and the public that S. 2622, a bill to provide for a land exchange to benefit the Pecos National Historical Park in New Mexico, has been added to the agenda for the hearing previously scheduled before the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Forests of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, on Wednesday, July 21, at 2:30 p.m. in Room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

For further information, please contact Frank Gladics at 202-224-2878 or Amy Millet at 202-224-8276.

## AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

### COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, July 13, 2004, at 10 a.m. to conduct a hearing on "Examination of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act Five Years After Its Passage."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to meet on Tuesday, July 13, 2004, at 9:30 a.m. on Reauthorization of the Corporation for Public Broadcasting.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to meet on Tuesday, July 13, 2004, at 3 p.m. on the nomination of David Stone to be Assistant Secretary of Homeland Security and Albert Frink to be Assistant Secretary for Manufacturing and Services of the Department of Commerce.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, July 13 at 10 a.m. to receive testimony regarding the role of nuclear power in national energy policy.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, July 13, 2004 at 3 p.m. to hold a hearing on Human Trafficking.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet to conduct a hearing on Tuesday, July 13, 2004, at 10 a.m. on "Blakely v. Washington and the Future of the Federal Sentencing Guidelines" in the Dirksen Senate Office Building Room 226.

### Witness List

Panel I; Hon. Bill Mercer, U.S. Attorney, District of Montana, Helena, MT; Hon. John Steer, Vice Chair and Com-

missioner, U.S. Sentencing Commission, Washington, DC; Hon. William Sessions, Chief U.S. District Judge, District of Vermont, Burlington, VT and Vice Chair and Commissioner, U.S. Sentencing Commission, Washington, DC; Hon. Lawrence L. Piersol, Chief U.S. District Judge, District of South Dakota, Sioux Falls, SD; and Hon. Paul G. Cassell, U.S. District Court Judge, District of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT.

Panel II: Frank Bowman, Professor of Law, Indiana University Law School, Indianapolis, IN; Rachel Barkow, Assistant Professor of Law, New York University School of Law, New York, NY; Ronald Weich, Esq., Zuckerman, Spaeder LLP, Washington, DC; and Alan Vinegrad, Esq., Former U.S. Attorney, Covington & Burling, New York, NY.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet to conduct a hearing on Tuesday, July 13, 2004, at 2 p.m. on "An Examination of Section 211 of the Omnibus Appropriations Act of 1998" in the Dirksen Senate Office Building Room 226.

### Witness List

Nancie Marzulla, President, Defender of Property Rights, Washington, DC; William Reinsch, President, National Foreign Trade Council, Inc., Washington, DC; Ramon Arechabala, Miami, FL; Kenneth Germain, Attorney at Law, Adjunct Law Professor, University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, OH; and Bruce Lehman, Former Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, DC.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on July 13, 2004, at 2:30 p.m., to hold a closed hearing on intelligence matters.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR

Mr. HARKIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Tim Castelli and Carolina Gutierrez of my staff be granted the privilege of the floor during today's session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. CORNYN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent a member of my staff, Mary Alice Hamby, be granted the privilege of the floor during the duration of the debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. FEINGOLD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Amanda Beaumont and Katie Kimpel on my Judiciary Committee staff be granted floor