

There being no objection, the biography and the joint resolution were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

ELI BROAD

Eli Broad is a renowned business leader who built two Fortune 500 companies from the ground up over a five-decade career in business. He is chairman of AIG Retirement Services Inc. (formerly SunAmerica Inc.) and founder-chairman of KB Home (formerly Kaufman and Broad Home Corporation).

Today, he is focused on philanthropy. The Broad family's commitment to philanthropy and community is both deep and wide-ranging. It includes ongoing leadership roles in art, education, science and civic development.

Avid supporters of contemporary art, Mr. Broad and his wife, Edythe, have created one of the world's finest collections. Since 1984, The Broad Art Foundation has operated an active "lending library" of its extensive collection to more than 400 museums and university galleries worldwide. In 2001-2003, an exhibition of the Broads' collection was shown at the Los Angeles County Museum of Art, the Corcoran Gallery of Art in Washington, DC, the Museum of Fine Arts in Boston, and the Guggenheim Museum in Bilbao, Spain. Mr. Broad was the founding chairman of the board of trustees of The Museum of Contemporary Art in Los Angeles, and is currently a trustee and member of the executive committee of the Los Angeles County Museum of Art, where the Broads recently announced a major gift to build The Broad Contemporary Art Museum.

In 1999, the Broads founded The Broad Foundation, whose mission is to dramatically improve urban public education through governance, management and labor relations. In its first five years, the Foundation has committed over \$400 million to support new ideas and innovative leadership in the nation's largest urban school systems. The Foundation also has launched four national flagship initiatives—The Broad Prize for Urban Education, The Broad Center for Superintendents, The Broad Residency in Urban Education and The Broad Institute for School Boards. Mr. Broad has said, "I can imagine no more important contribution to our country's future than a long-term commitment to improving urban K-12 public schools."

In 2001, The Eli and Edythe L. Broad Foundation created the Broad Medical Research Program, which seeks to stimulate innovative research that will lead to progress in the prevention, therapy or understanding of inflammatory bowel disease.

In June 2003, in an unprecedented partnership with the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Harvard University and Whitehead Institute, the Broads announced the founding gift to create The Eli and Edythe Broad Institute for biomedical research. The Institute's aim is to realize the promise of the human genome to revolutionize clinical medicine and to make knowledge freely available to scientists around the world.

The Broads have been tireless advocates of Los Angeles, their adopted hometown. Committed to the belief that all great cities need a vibrant center, Mr. Broad is currently leading the effort to turn Los Angeles' Grand Avenue into a truly "grand avenue," to rival the main boulevards of the world's greatest cities. In 1996, he and Mayor Richard Riordan took on the task of raising sufficient funds to build the Frank Gehry-designed Walt Disney Concert Hall, which opened to worldwide acclaim in October 2003.

Strong believers in higher education, the Broad Foundations have made a major contribution to the School of Arts and Architec-

ture at UCLA toward the construction of The Broad Art Center, designed by Richard Meier. Mr. Broad is a member of the board of trustees of CalTech, where the Broads gave the cornerstone gift to create the Broad Center for the Biological Sciences, designed by James Freed. Mr. Broad also served as chairman of the board of trustees of Pitzer College and vice chairman of the board of trustees of the California State University system. In 1991, the Broads endowed The Eli Broad College of Business and The Eli Broad Graduate School of Management at Michigan State University, from which Mr. Broad graduated cum laude in 1954.

S.J. RES. 38

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in accordance with section 5581 of the Revised Statutes (20 U.S.C. 43), the vacancy on the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, in the class other than Members of Congress, resulting from the death of Barber B. Conable, Jr., is filled by the appointment of Eli Broad of California. The appointment is for a term of 6 years, beginning upon the date of enactment of this joint resolution.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 114—CONCERNING THE IMPORTANCE OF THE DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD IN SCHOOLS TO HUNGRY OR MALNOURISHED CHILDREN AROUND THE WORLD

Mrs. DOLE (for herself and Mr. HARKIN) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 114

Whereas there are more than 300,000,000 chronically hungry and malnourished children in the world;

Whereas more than half of these children go to school on an empty stomach, and almost as many do not attend school at all, but might if food were available;

Whereas the distribution of food in schools is one of the simplest and most effective strategies to fight hunger and malnourishment among children;

Whereas when school meals are offered to hungry or malnourished children, attendance rates increase significantly, particularly for girls;

Whereas the distribution of food in schools encourages better school attendance, thereby improving literacy rates and fighting poverty;

Whereas improvement in the education of girls is one of the most important factors in reducing child malnutrition in developing countries;

Whereas girls who attend schools tend to marry later in life and have fewer children, thereby helping them escape a life of poverty;

Whereas by improving literacy rates and increasing job opportunities, education addresses several of the root causes of terrorism;

Whereas the distribution of food in schools increases attendance of children who might otherwise be susceptible to recruitment by groups that offer them food in return for their attendance at extremist schools or participation in terrorist training camps;

Whereas the Global Food for Education Initiative pilot program, established in 2001, donated surplus United States agricultural

commodities to the United Nations World Food Program and other recipients for distribution to nearly 7,000,000 hungry and malnourished children in 38 countries;

Whereas a recent Department of Agriculture evaluation found that the pilot program created measurable improvements in school attendance (particularly for girls), increased local employment and economic activity, produced greater involvement in local infrastructure and community improvement projects, and increased participation by parents in the schools and in the education of their children;

Whereas the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-171, 116 Stat. 134) replaced the pilot program with the McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program, which was named after former Senators George McGovern and Robert Dole for their distinguished work to eradicate hunger and poverty around the world; and

Whereas the McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program provides food to nearly 2,000,000 hungry or malnourished children in 21 countries: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress—

(1) expresses its grave concern about the continuing problem of hunger and the desperate need to feed hungry and malnourished children around the world;

(2) recognizes that the global distribution of food in schools to children around the world increases attendance, particularly for girls, improves literacy rates, and increases job opportunities, thereby helping to fight poverty;

(3) recognizes that education of children around the world addresses several of the root causes of international terrorism;

(4) recognizes that the world will be safer and more promising for children as a result of better school attendance;

(5) expresses its gratitude to former Senators George McGovern and Robert Dole for supporting the distribution of food in schools around the world to children and for working to eradicate hunger and poverty around the world;

(6) commends the Department of Agriculture, the Agency for International Development, the Department of State, the United Nations World Food Program, private voluntary organizations, non-governmental organizations, and cooperatives for facilitating the distribution of food in schools around the world;

(7) expresses its continued support for the distribution of food in schools around the world;

(8) supports expansion of the McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program; and

(9) requests the President to work with the United Nations and its member states to expand international contributions for the distribution of food in schools around the world.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 3261. Mr. CANTWELL (for herself, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mrs. MURRAY, Mrs. CLINTON, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. LAUTENBERG, and Mr. SCHUMER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2400, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2005 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Services, and for other purposes.

SA 3262. Mr. CRAPO (for himself, Mr. CRAIG, Mr. ALEXANDER, and Mr. GRAHAM, of

South Carolina) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3263. Mr. KENNEDY (for himself, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. REED, Mr. LAUTENBERG, and Mr. FEINGOLD) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2400, *supra*.

SA 3264. Mr. PRYOR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3265. Ms. SNOWE (for herself, Mr. ALLEN, and Mr. COLEMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3266. Ms. SNOWE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3267. Ms. SNOWE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3268. Ms. SNOWE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3269. Ms. SNOWE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3270. Ms. SNOWE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3271. Ms. SNOWE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3272. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3273. Ms. SNOWE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3274. Mrs. DOLE (for Mr. ROBERTS) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2400, *supra*.

SA 3275. Mrs. DOLE (for Mr. LEVIN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2400, *supra*.

SA 3276. Mrs. DOLE (for Mr. LIEBERMAN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2400, *supra*.

SA 3277. Mrs. DOLE (for Mr. MILLER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2400, *supra*.

SA 3278. Mrs. DOLE (for Mr. STEVENS (for himself and Mr. INOUE)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2400, *supra*.

SA 3279. Mr. NELSON, of Florida submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3280. Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mr. BINGAMAN, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. DORGAN, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. KOHL, and Mr. COLEMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2400, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 3261. Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mrs. MURRAY, Mrs. CLINTON, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. LAUTENBERG, and Mr. SCHUMER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2400, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2005 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the De-

partment of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Services, and for other purposes; as follows:

Beginning on page 384, strike line 3 and all that follows through page 391, line 7, and insert the following:

SEC. 3117. ANNUAL REPORT ON EXPENDITURES FOR SAFEGUARDS AND SECURITY.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED.—Subtitle C of title XLVII of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2771 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 4732. ANNUAL REPORT ON EXPENDITURES FOR SAFEGUARDS AND SECURITY.

“The Secretary of Energy shall submit to Congress each year, in the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the President for the fiscal year beginning in such year (as submitted under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code), the following:

“(1) A detailed description and accounting of the proposed obligations and expenditures by the Department of Energy for safeguards and security in carrying out programs necessary for the national security for the fiscal year covered by such budget, including any technologies on safeguards and security proposed to be deployed or implemented during such fiscal year.

“(2) With respect to the fiscal year ending in the year before the year in which such budget is submitted, a detailed description and accounting of—

“(A) the policy on safeguards and security, including any modifications in such policy adopted or implemented during such fiscal year;

“(B) any initiatives on safeguards and security in effect or implemented during such fiscal year;

“(C) the amount obligated and expended for safeguards and security during such fiscal year, set forth by total amount, by amount per program, and by amount per facility; and

“(D) the technologies on safeguards and security deployed or implemented during such fiscal year.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for that Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 4731 the following new item:

“Sec. 4732. Annual report on expenditures for safeguards and security.”.

SEC. 3118. AUTHORITY TO CONSOLIDATE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE OFFICES OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION WITHIN NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Energy may consolidate the counterintelligence programs and functions referred to in subsection (b) within the Office of Defense Nuclear Counterintelligence of the National Nuclear Security Administration and provide for their discharge by that Office.

(b) COVERED PROGRAMS AND FUNCTIONS.—The programs and functions referred to in this subsection are as follows:

(1) The functions and programs of the Office of Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy under section 215 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7144b).

(2) The functions and programs of the Office of Defense Nuclear Counterintelligence of the National Nuclear Security Administration under section 3232 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2422), including the counterintelligence programs under section 3233 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 2423).

(c) ESTABLISHMENT OF POLICY.—The Secretary shall have the responsibility to estab-

lish policy for the discharge of the counterintelligence programs and functions consolidated within the National Nuclear Security Administration under subsection (a) as provided for under section 213 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7144).

(d) PRESERVATION OF COUNTERINTELLIGENCE CAPABILITY.—In consolidating counterintelligence programs and functions within the National Nuclear Security Administration under subsection (a), the Secretary shall ensure that the counterintelligence capabilities of the Department of Energy and the National Nuclear Security Administration are in no way degraded or compromised.

(e) REPORT ON EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—In the event the Secretary exercises the authority in subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the exercise of the authority. The report shall include—

(1) a description of the manner in which the counterintelligence programs and functions referred to in subsection (b) shall be consolidated within the Office of Defense Nuclear Counterintelligence of the National Nuclear Security Administration and discharged by that Office;

(2) a notice of the date on which that Office shall commence the discharge of such programs and functions, as so consolidated; and

(3) a proposal for such legislative action as the Secretary considers appropriate to effectuate the discharge of such programs and functions, as so consolidated, by that Office.

(f) DEADLINE FOR EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—The authority in subsection (a) may be exercised, if at all, not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 3119. ON-SITE TREATMENT AND STORAGE OF WASTES FROM REPROCESSING ACTIVITIES AND RELATED WASTE.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law the Department of Energy shall continue all activities related to the storage, retrieval, treatment, and separation of tank wastes currently managed as high level radioactive waste in accordance with treatment and closure plans approved by the state in which the activities are taking place as part of a program to clean up and dispose of waste from reprocessing spent nuclear fuel at the sites referred to in subsection (c).

(b) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 3102(a)(1) for defense site acceleration completion, \$350,000,000 shall be available for the activities to be undertaken pursuant to subsection (a)."

(b) SITES.—The sites referred to in this subsection are as follows:

(1) The Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory, Idaho.

(2) The Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.

(3) The Hanford Site, Richland, Washington.

SA 3262. Mr. CRAPO (for himself, Mr. CRAIG, Mr. ALEXANDER, and Mr. GRAHAM of South Carolina) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2400, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2005 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Services, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 384, line 15, strike "by rule in consultation" and all that follows through page 385, line 21, and insert "by rule approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission;