Africa in November 1942, Operation Overlord (D-Day) on June 6, 1944, the capture of Iwo Jima on February 23, 1945, and the Tokyo bombing raids of March 1945;

Whereas on that day, veterans and their families from North Dakota will honor the heroism and sacrifice of the approximately 69,000 North Dakota veterans who served in World War II, including 1,569 who made the ultimate sacrifice, and recognize the hardships and sacrifices of the 164th Regiment of the American Division, a unit of the North Dakota Army National Guard, who were the first unit of the United States Army to land on Guadalcanal on October 13, 1942, in the campaign to recapture that island;

Whereas on that day, America will acknowledge the supreme sacrifice of the more than 400,000 Army, Army Air Corps, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, and Merchant Marine personnel who were killed in action in World War II;

Whereas 12 distinguished Senators and Members of Congress serving in the 108th Congress, including Senator Daniel K. Akaka, Senator Ernest F. Hollings, Senator Daniel K. Inouye, Senator Frank R. Lautenberg, Senator Ted Stevens, Senator John W. Warner, Congressman Cass Ballenger, Congressman John D. Dingell, Congressman Ralph M. Hall, Congressman Amo Houghton, Congressman Henry J. Hyde, and Congressman Ralph Regula, served in World War II;

Whereas World War II veterans, members of the generation known as "the Greatest Generation", through their sacrifice and hard work over more than 50 years, have enabled millions of Americans to enjoy unparalleled prosperity and the blessings of freedom: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That May 29, 2004, is hereby designated as Remembrance of World War II Veterans Day, and the President is urged to call upon the people of the United States to celebrate the day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

ORDERS FOR THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 2004

Mr. FRIST. I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it adjourn until 9:30 a.m. on Thursday, May 6th. I further ask that following the prayer and pledge, the morning hour be deemed expired, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, and following the time of the two leaders, the Senate then begin a period of morning business for up to 90 minutes, with the first half of the time under the control of the majority leader or his designee, and the second half under the control of the Democratic leader or his designee; provided that following morning business, the Senate resume consideration of Calendar 381, S. 1637, the FSC/ ETI JOBS bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, tomorrow, following morning business, the Senate will resume consideration of the FSC/ ETI JOBS bill. We made excellent progress on the bill today, disposing of four amendments. I hope we can con-

tinue that process and that progress tomorrow with respect to relevant amendments to the bill. Senators should expect rollcall votes on amendments throughout the afternoon. The Senate may also act on executive nominations during tomorrow's session; therefore, additional votes are possible.

In particular, I look forward and hope we would be able to act on one very important nominee, John D. Negroponte of New York, to be Ambas-Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Iraq. Many members have had the opportunity to get to know this particular nominee, to discuss his plans for the future, and it is critical we act as soon as we possibly can on this nominee who will be our ambassador to Iraq. It is critical we do that as soon as possible. It is my hope and expectation to do that tomorrow.

ORDER FOR ADJOURNMENT

Mr. FRIST. If there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand in adjournment under the previous order, following the remarks of Senator DAYTON for up to 10 minutes and Senator MURRAY for up to 60 minutes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The Senator from Minnesota.

IRAQ PRISONER ATROCITIES

Mr. DAYTON. Mr. President, I was present for the concluding remarks of the majority leader regarding the atrocities committed in Iraq against the prisoners there. I certainly share his sentiments. A number of my colleagues have spoken today from both sides of the aisle expressing their horror, their outrage, and their deep regret. I join with them as well.

I also am deeply disturbed as a Senator and as a Member of the Senate Armed Services Committee at the lack of communication from the military and the civilian command to those Members of the Senate about these incidents-in fact, right up to the moment they were disclosed to the American people through, fortunately, a free and vigilant press.

According to the information I have been able to obtain, a copy of the most recently referenced classified internal military report, and other news reports about that and other information, many of these incidents that have been under investigation occurred last October, last November-in other words, over half a year ago. They are horrible events. The report said that Iraqi prisoners had been victims of sadistic, blatant, and wanton criminal abuses. They were beaten with broom handles and chairs and threatened with rape. One prisoner was sodomized with a chemical light stick or with a broomstick. Military dogs were also used to

frighten and intimidate detainees. One graphic description in the New York Times today talks about the experience of a particular Iraqi male, the deep humiliation and shame he still feels, the utter degradation, the sadistic and disgusting abuse of him night after night by his American captors.

I agree with the remarks of the majority leader that these people carrying out these terrible deeds were few in number, but tragically their impact is enormous. They are going to make life a lot more difficult and a lot more dangerous for the 134,000 incredibly brave, patriotic Americans who are over there putting their lives on the line every

day and night.

A story in the New York Times gives a sense of how this is affecting the way the United States is viewed in the Arab world, saying in the Arab world and beyond, the tormenting of Iraqi prisoners by their American guards shredded already thin support for Washington's invasion of Iraq and its vow to install democratic values and respect for human rights.

The outrage over the abuse shown in pictures flashed across front pages and television screens drew emotional comparisons, asking how the American occupation of the country could be distinguished from the way Saddam Hussein's government oppressed the ordinary Iraqis. This kind of outrage will lead to more attacks against our forces, greater intensity of attacks, more bombing and assassination attempts against our forces and other representatives, more casualties, more men and women from America dying, shedding blood as a result of this immoral and illegal misconduct.

The U.S. military, according to this report, first became aware of these incidents, or some of them, as early as January of this year; in fact, maybe even sooner than that. It was January 19 that LTG Ricardo Sanchez, the commander of the joint task force in Iraq, requested that these incidents of last October, November, and December be investigated. There was a preliminary report which indicated systemic problems within the prison brigade and suggested a lack of clear standards, proficiency, and leadership.
That investigation began then on

January 24. It was carried out through interviews and other investigations of both Iraqi prisoners, former prisoners, and U.S. military personnel who had

witnessed these incidents.

On February 29, the executive summary was presented to the military command; on March 19, the final written report. The outbrief to the appointing authority took place on March 3, 2004. That is 2 months ago, and actually the 2 months preceding that, various people in the chain of command were aware of these incidents.

They must have recognized the enormous impact they would have, the devastating effect they would have upon our situation in that country, militarily, diplomatically, and in our relations with other countries throughout

the world. Yet as far as I have been told, not one word-not one word, literally, was communicated to anyone in the Senate. Democrat or Republican.

We had, in fact, a briefing last Thursday afternoon, a top-secret classified briefing, which was attended, as I recall, by about 40 to 45 Members of the Senate with the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. That briefing occurred 2, 3 hours before the "60 Minutes II" report which disclosed these incidents and this report. Not one word—not one word—was mentioned to any of us.

I have been in briefings as a member of the Senate Armed Services Committee through the last weeks and months where we have asked, time after time: What is going on? What is the progress? What is the lack of progress? Where are the problems? What is occurring? Not a word about this. Not a word, until it occurred, of the eruption of violence, the intensification of violence, in key areas of Iraq over the last several weeks, which caused, in April, the highest level of casualties since the war began. We ask, again and again: What is going on? And we are told: Everything is fine. We are making great progress.

As early as last August, we were told 95 percent of the country is peacefully progressing. Everything is going well. And we find out, through news reports or through the reality of events, that is

not the case.

There is no credibility. The American people are not being told the facts and the truth. The U.S. Congress is not being told the facts and the truth. We deserve the facts and the truth.

I do not know who knew what at what point in time up through this chain of command. But I believe we have the responsibility and the right to find out. We are going to have, I am told, the opportunity, in the Senate Armed Services Committee, to meet with Secretary of Defense Rumsfeld this Friday morning. I certainly—and I know others, too-will be asking for that sequence of events and asking why it is that we are not told relevant information, crucial information that affects the conditions over there, the progress or lack thereof, that then, in turn, affects the lives, the safety, the well-being of the men and women who are serving over there heroically, and whose families are waiting back in my State of Minnesota and across this country, frantically, anxiously, wondering what their future is going to be, wondering if they are going to return home alive safely.

We were elected in a democratic process by those men and women, their families, to be here to look out for them, to ask questions about what is going on, to be given the information about what is occurring, so we can participate in decisions that are going to affect U.S. policies that are going to determine the outcome of their liveswhen they will be home, whether they will come home.

I think the people at various levels who participated in this investigation—I am not going to call it a coverup because there was an ongoing investigation, but, my goodness, for the last 2 months, when it was completed, and we were not informed, it was not being reported. If not covered up, it was being hidden from Congress.

I am going to ask those individuals to read or reread the United States Constitution and refresh their understanding of what it means to be in a constitutionally established democracy where the executive branch and the legislative branch have coequal responsibilities.

I certainly would like to work with Members of both sides of the aisle in regard to the authorization of militarv-

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator's time has expired.

Mr. DAYTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent for 1 minute to conclude my remarks.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without

objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. DAYTON. Mr. President, I would like to work with Members of both sides of the aisle to put in place language, in the military authorization and in any supplemental requests that are going to be made, that we be given full and necessary disclosure, the same way we require corporations that are making stock offerings to inform their investors, the same way we require corporations and those running them to inform their boards of directors of relevant, critically important information that has a material bearing on the information that is being presented so they can make informed decisions. We are getting far less than that. We are being asked to make informed decisions when we are not being given the information, we are not being told the truth. We are having vital, important information withheld. That has to stop. We need to disclose what has occurred in these incidents.

We need to make sure they never happen again. And we need to make sure that we in Congress are given the opportunity that we deserve, the right that we have, to look out on behalf of the American people to make sure they never occur again.
Thank you, Mr. President.
I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Washington.

Mrs. MURRAY. Thank you, Mr. President.

THE AEROSPACE INDUSTRY

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, will the last aerospace worker leaving America turn out the lights? I ask that question to sound an alarm for every American who cares about our economy and our security.

We are about to surrender our global aerospace leadership because we are sitting on our hands while Europe is doing everything it can to dismantle our aerospace industry.

Today, I am sounding the alarm. Unless we wake up to this threat, we are going to lose an industry that Americans created and that has brought innovation to every corner of our economy.

We Americans led the first century of flight, but we might not even have a role in the second century if we keep sleepwalking down this dangerous road.

I am here on the Senate floor tonight to say: Wake up. Wake up to this threat before we lose another American industry. Wake up to this threat before we lose more high-wage, high-skill American jobs. Wake up to this threat before it is too late.

Too many Americans, especially in our Government, are not aware of what Europe is doing to kill off our aerospace industry. I want to expose the unlimited assault that Europe and Airbus are leveling at America's aerospace workers

As my colleagues know, I have been troubled by Europe's market-distorting actions in commercial aerospace for many years. I have raised my concern with Senators, with foreign leaders. and with administrations of both par-

Tonight, I am detailing my concerns before the full Senate because EADS and Airbus have launched a deceptive PR and lobbying campaign to convince the U.S. Government that it is essentially an American company. The Airbus campaign of half-truths is on full display as the company works overtime in Washington, DC, to recreate a competition they already lost to build the next generation refueling tanker for the Air Force.

I have come to the Senate floor tonight to set the record straight and to show how Europe's broader plan to dominate aerospace threatens our fu-

Tonight, I am going to focus on five issues.

First, I want to explain why this is so important for our country.

Secondly, I want to explain how the European view of aerospace as a social program to create jobs is helping Europe beat out our more traditional business perspective.

Third, I want to expose, in detail, the underhanded things that Airbus is doing to dismantle our aerospace industry, from providing subsidies for launch aid, research, facilities and suppliers, to selling planes below cost, guaranteeing the future value of aircraft, tying sales to landing rights, and linking plane sales to other trade issues.

Fourth, I want to expose the deceptive lobbying and PR campaign Airbus is using to reopen a competition it lost and the dangers that poses for American security. Finally, I want to talk about the steps we must take to retain our leadership of this critical industry.

Let me explain the title of my speech, "Will the Last Aerospace Worker Leaving America Turn Out the