and Space Administration to examine all possible options for safely carrying out the planned servicing mission to the Hubble Space Telescope and assess alternative servicing methods; and

(3) expresses its strong sentiment that the National Aeronautics and Space Administration should continue all planning, preparation, and astronaut training activities for the SM-4 servicing mission without interruption until the expert panel issues its report and until the National Aeronautics and Space Administration provides a timetable of compliance with recommendation R6.4-1 of the Columbia Accident Investigation Board report, which calls for "a fully autonomous capability for all missions to address the possibility that an International Space Station mission fails to achieve the correct orbit, fails to dock successfully, or is damaged during or after undocking", since National Aeronautics and Space Administration compliance with the recommendation will allow both a Hubble servicing mission and missions to the International Space Station to be carried out safely.

Ms. MIKULSKI. Mr. President, I rise to submit a Senate Resolution with my distinguished colleague from Kansas, Senator Brownback. This Resolution expresses the desire of the Senate for NASA to undertake a comprehensive independent review of the decision to terminate the final servicing mission for the Hubble Space Telescope and that all planning and preparation activities continue during this period.

On January 14, 2004, the NASA Administrator announced that he was terminating the final servicing mission for the Hubble Telescope that was scheduled to be launched in 2007.

When the NASA Administrator announced his decision, I was shocked. Hubble has been the most successful NASA program since Apollo. In fact, it is arguably the greatest scientific instrument since Galileo's telescope.

Pictures from Hubble have helped scientists prove that the universe is expanding, that black holes exist, and how stars are born and how stars die.

Earlier this month, the Space Telescope Science Institute released what may be considered the greatest photograph ever taken of the universe. It is a picture showing what the universe was like almost 12 billion years ago. Galaxies and stars never seen before are shown in extraordinary detail that will usher in a new era of discovery for years to come.

With the scientific value of Hubble undisputed, I was shocked that there was no report, analysis or study that supported the Administrator's decision.

It is imperative that we have a full understanding of all the issues, including the potential risks, scientific benefits and alternative servicing methods for a Hubble servicing mission. This decision is too important to be left to just one person. We need the best advice from the best minds to determine Hubble's future.

Let me be clear. I want to stand up for Hubble. I will always stand up for the safety of our astronauts. We must do everything possible to ensure the safety of our astronauts, whether they are traveling to the Space Station or fixing Hubble. Putting safety first means that NASA must fully implement all of the recommendations of the Columbia Accident Investigation Board as soon as possible. As the Ranking Member of the Appropriations Subcommittee that funds NASA, working on a bi-partisan basis with my distinguished colleague from Missouri, Senator BOND, we are committed to providing whatever resources are needed to ensure that safety of our astronauts and the safety of the Space Shuttle.

Before an irrevocable decision is made about Hubble's future, I want the best minds in science and engineering to tell us what are the risks and how can we reduce them.

I know many of my colleagues share these concerns. That's why Senator Brownback and I are submitting this resolution today. The decision to terminate the Hubble servicing mission represents a major change in our science and space policies. Congress, the American people and the world deserve nothing less than a rigorous and independent review so we can fully understand all of the issues surrounding a servicing mission.

Finally, I want to thank the outstanding employees of the Goddard Space Flight Center and Space Telescope Science Institute. Without their hard work and dedication to the cause of science, exploration and discovery, Hubble would not be what it is today, the greatest scientific instrument mankind has ever created.

Mr. BROWNBACK. Mr. President, I recognize the significant scientific accomplishments of the Hubble Space Telescope. Space telescopes such as Hubble are an important part of our future space program and the President's vision for revitalized human exploration of space.

Several months ago NASA made a decision to forego planned Space Shuttle servicing missions for the Hubble Space Telescope. This is a difficult and complicated issue and technical experts reasonably differ on the best approach. I believe that NASA might benefit from the counsel of the best experts the nation can muster inside and outside of the Government. Correspondingly, I've joined my colleague Senator MIKULSKI in urging NASA to sponsor a comprehensive study on the full range of options and risks associated with various approaches for maintaining the Hubble Space Telescope and its capabilities. I would also hope that this study would include imaginative new concepts for robotic servicing.

As we fulfill the promise of space exploration the President has outlined, the enormous success of the Hubble Space Telescope and other NASA successes such as the recent Mars Rover Program provide us with a sound basis upon which to build. NASA can count on my continued support of their endeavors to provide unlimited opportunity to future generations of Americans

# AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 2936. Mr. LEVIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1637, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to comply with the World Trade Organization rulings on the FSC/ETI benefit in a manner that preserves jobs and production activities in the United States, to reform and simplify the international taxation rules of the United States, and for other purposes: which was ordered to lie on the table.

#### TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2936. Mr. LEVIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1637, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to comply with the World Trade Organization rulings on the FSC/ETI benefit in a manner that preserves jobs and production activities in the United States, to reform and simplify the international taxation rules of the United States, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title IV add the following:

Subtitle G—Provisions Designed To Restrict Use of Abusive Tax Shelters and Offshore Tax Havens

# SEC. 499. PENALTY FOR PROMOTING ABUSIVE TAX SHELTERS.

- (a) PENALTY FOR PROMOTING ABUSIVE TAX SHELTERS.—Section 6700 (relating to promoting abusive tax shelters, etc.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively,
- (2) by striking "a penalty" and all that follows through the period in the first sentence of subsection (a) and inserting "a penalty determined under subsection (b)", and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsections:
- "(b) AMOUNT OF PENALTY; CALCULATION OF PENALTY; LIABILITY FOR PENALTY.—
- "(1) AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—The amount of the penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall not exceed 150 percent of the gross income derived (or to be derived) from such activity by the person or persons subject to such penalty.
- "(2) CALCULATION OF PENALTY.—The penalty amount determined under paragraph (1) shall be calculated with respect to each instance of an activity described in subsection (a), each instance in which income was derived by the person or persons subject to such penalty, and each person who participated in such an activity.
- "(3) LIABILITY FOR PENALTY.—If more than 1 person is liable under subsection (a) with respect to such activity, all such persons shall be jointly and severally liable for the penalty under such subsection.
- "(c) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—The payment of any penalty imposed under this section or the payment of any amount to settle or avoid the imposition of such penalty shall not be considered an ordinary and necessary expense in carrying on a trade or business for purposes of this title and shall not be deductible by the person who is subject to such penalty or who makes such payment."
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to activities after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (c) PRIOR SECTION TO HAVE NO EFFECT.— Notwithstanding section 415(b) of this Act, such section, and the amendment made by such section, shall not take effect.

#### SEC. 499A. PENALTY FOR AIDING AND ABETTING THE UNDERSTATEMENT OF TAX LI-ABILITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6701(a) (relating to imposition of penalty) is amended-
- (1) by inserting "the tax liability or" after "respect to," in paragraph (1),
- (2) by inserting "aid, assistance, procurement, or advice with respect to such" before 'portion' both places it appears in paragraphs (2) and (3), and

(3) by inserting "instance of aid, assistance, procurement, or advice or each such' before "document" in the matter following

paragraph (3).

- (b) AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—Subsection (b) of section 6701 (relating to penalties for aiding and abetting understatement of tax liability) is amended to read as follows:
- (b) Amount of Penalty; Calculation of PENALTY; LIABILITY FOR PENALTY.-
- "(1) AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—The amount of the penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall not exceed 150 percent of the gross income derived (or to be derived) from such aid, assistance, procurement, or advice provided by the person or persons subject to such penalty.
- "(2) CALCULATION OF PENALTY.—The penalty amount determined under paragraph (1) shall be calculated with respect to each instance of aid, assistance, procurement, or advice described in subsection (a), each instance in which income was derived by the person or persons subject to such penalty, and each person who made such an understatement of the liability for tax.
- (3) LIABILITY FOR PENALTY.—If more than 1 person is liable under subsection (a) with respect to providing such aid, assistance, procurement, or advice, all such persons shall be jointly and severally liable for the penalty under such subsection.

(c) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—Section 6701 is amended by adding at the end the fol-

lowing new subsection:

- (g) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—The payment of any penalty imposed under this section or the payment of any amount to settle or avoid the imposition of such penalty shall not be considered an ordinary and necessary expense in carrying on a trade or business for purposes of this title and shall not be deductible by the person who is subject to such penalty or who makes such payment.
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to activities after the date of the enactment of this Act. SEC. 499B. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REGISTER TAX SHELTER.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6707 (relating to failure to furnish information regarding tax shelters) is amended to read as follows:

## "SEC. 6707. FAILURE TO FURNISH INFORMATION ON POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTER OR LISTED TRANSACTION.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.-If a person who is required to file a return under section 6111 with respect to any potentially abusive tax shelter-
- '(1) fails to file such return on or before the date prescribed therefor, or
- (2) files false or incomplete information with the Secretary with respect to such shel-

such person shall pay a penalty with respect to such return in the amount determined under subsection (b).

(b) AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the penalty imposed under subsection (a) with respect to any failure shall be not less than \$50,000 and not more than \$100,000.
- (2) LISTED TRANSACTIONS.—The penalty imposed under subsection (a) with respect to any listed transaction shall be an amount equal to the greater of-

(A) \$200,000, or

"(B) 100 percent of the gross income derived by such person for providing aid, assistance, procurement, advice, or other services with respect to the listed transaction before the date the return including the transaction is filed under section 6111.

Subparagraph (B) shall be applied by substituting '150 percent' for '100 percent' in the case of an intentional failure or act described in subsection (a).

- (c) CERTAIN RULES TO APPLY.—The provisions of section 6707A(d) allowing the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to rescind a penalty under certain circumstances shall apply to any penalty imposed under this sec-
- "(d) POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTERS AND LISTED TRANSACTIONS.—The terms 'potentially abusive tax shelter' and 'listed transaction' have the respective meanings
- given to such terms by section 6707A(c).

  "(e) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—The payment of any penalty imposed under this section or the payment of any amount to settle or avoid the imposition of such penalty shall not be considered an ordinary and necessary expense in carrying on a trade or business for purposes of this title and shall not be deductible by the person who is subject to such penalty or who makes such payment.
- (b) ČLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating to section 6707 in the table of sections for part I of subchapter B of chapter 68 is amended by striking "regarding tax shelters" and inserting "on potentially abusive tax shelter or listed transaction".

  (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments
- made by this section shall apply to returns the due date for which is after the date of
- the enactment of this Act.
  (d) PRIOR SECTION TO HAVE NO EFFECT.-Notwithstanding section 408(c) of this Act, such section, and the amendments made by such section, shall not take effect.

#### SEC. 499C. PENALTY FOR FAILING TO MAINTAIN CLIENT LIST.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 6708 (relating to failure to maintain lists of investors in potentially abusive tax shelters) is amended to read as follows:
  - (a) IMPOSITION OF PENALTY.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If any person who is required to maintain a list under section 6112(a) fails to make such list available upon written request to the Secretary in accordance with section 6112(b)(1)(A) within 20 business days after the date of the Secretary's request, such person shall pay a penalty of \$10,000 for each day of such failure after such 20th day. If such person makes available an incomplete list upon such request, such person shall pay a penalty of \$100 per each omitted name for each day of such omission after such 20th day.
- '(2) GOOD CAUSE EXCEPTION.—No penalty shall be imposed by paragraph (1) with respect to the failure on any day if, in the judgment of the Secretary, such failure is due to good cause.''.

  (b) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—Section

6708 is amended by adding at the end the fol-

lowing new subsection:
"(c) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—The payment of any penalty imposed under this section or the payment of any amount to settle or avoid the imposition of such penalty shall not be considered an ordinary and necessary expense in carrying on a trade or business for purposes of this title and shall not be deductible by the person who is subject to such penalty or who makes such payment.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments

made by this section shall apply to requests made by the Secretary of the Treasury after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) PRIOR SECTION TO HAVE NO EFFECT.-Notwithstanding section 409(b) of this Act,

such section, and the amendment made by such section, shall not take effect.

SEC. 499D. PENALTY FOR FAILING TO DISCLOSE POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHEL-TER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part I of subchapter B of chapter 68 (relating to assessable penalties) is amended by inserting after section 6707 the following new section:

## "SEC. 6707A. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO INCLUDE POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTER INFORMATION WITH RETURN OR STATEMENT.

- "(a) Imposition of Penalty.—Any person who fails to include on any return or statement any information with respect to a potentially abusive tax shelter which is required under section 6011 to be included with such return or statement shall pay a penalty in the amount determined under subsection
- (b).
  "(b) AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—
  Except
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the amount of the penalty under subsection (a) shall be \$50,000.
- '(2) LISTED TRANSACTION.—Except as provided in paragraph 3, the amount of the penalty under subsection (a) with respect to a listed transaction shall be \$100,000.
- "(3) INCREASE IN PENALTY FOR INTENTIONAL NONDISCLOSURE.-In the case of an intentional failure by any person under subsection (a), the penalty under paragraph (1) shall be \$100,000 and the penalty under paragraph (2) shall be \$200,000.
- "(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this sec-
- "(1) POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTER.-The term 'potentially abusive tax shelter' means any transaction with respect to which information is required to be included with a return or statement, because the Secretary has determined by regulation or otherwise that such transaction has a potential for tax avoidance or evasion.
- (2) LISTED TRANSACTION.—Except as provided in regulations, the term 'listed transaction' means a potentially abusive tax shelter which is the same as, or substantially similar to, a transaction specifically identified by the Secretary as a tax avoidance transaction for purposes of section 6011.
  - (d) AUTHORITY TO RESCIND PENALTY.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue may rescind all or any portion of a penalty imposed by this section with respect to any violation if-
- '(A) the violation is with respect to a potentially abusive tax shelter other than a listed transaction.
- '(B) the person on whom the penalty is imposed has a history of complying with the requirements of this title,
- '(C) it is shown that the violation is due to an unintentional mistake of fact,
- (D) imposing the penalty would be against equity and good conscience, and
- '(E) rescinding the penalty would promote compliance with the requirements of this title and effective tax administration.
- '(2) DISCRETION.—The exercise of authority under paragraph (1) shall be at the sole discretion of the Commissioner and may be delegated only to the head of the Office of Tax Shelter Analysis. The Commissioner, in the Commissioner's sole discretion, may establish a procedure to determine if a penalty should be referred to the Commissioner or the head of such Office for a determination under paragraph (1).
- APPEAL.—Notwithstanding any No other provision of law, any determination under this subsection may not be reviewed in any administrative or judicial proceeding.
- (4) RECORDS.—If a penalty is rescinded under paragraph (1), the Commissioner shall place in the file in the Office of the Commissioner the opinion of the Commissioner or

the head of the Office of Tax Shelter Analysis with respect to the determination, including—

"(A) the facts and circumstances of the transaction,

"(B) the reasons for the rescission, and

"(C) the amount of the penalty rescinded. A copy of such opinion shall be provided upon written request to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Finance of the Senate, the Joint Committee on Taxation, or the General Accounting Office.

"(5) REPORT.—The Commissioner shall each year report to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Sen-

ate-

- "(A) a summary of the total number and aggregate amount of penalties imposed, and rescinded, under this section, and
- $\lq\lq(B)$  a description of each penalty rescinded under this subsection and the reasons therefor.

"(e) PENALTY REPORTED TO SEC.—In the case of a person—

"(1) which is required to file periodic reports under section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or is required to be consolidated with another person for purposes of such reports, and

"(2) which-

"(A) is required to pay a penalty under this section with respect to a listed transaction,

"(B) is required to pay a penalty under section 6662A with respect to any potentially abusive tax shelter at a rate prescribed under section 6662A(c), or

"(C) is required to pay a penalty under section 6662B with respect to any noneconomic substance transaction

the requirement to pay such penalty shall be disclosed in such reports filed by such person for such periods as the Secretary shall specify. Failure to make a disclosure in accordance with the preceding sentence shall be treated as a failure to which the penalty under subsection (b)(2) applies.

"(f) PENALTY IN ADDITION TO OTHER PEN-ALTIES.—The penalty imposed by this section shall be in addition to any other penalty pro-

vided by law.

"(g) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—The payment of any penalty imposed under this section or the payment of any amount to settle or avoid the imposition of such penalty shall not be considered an ordinary and necessary expense in carrying on a trade or business for purposes of this title and shall not be deductible by the person who is subject to such penalty or who makes such payment.".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for part I of subchapter B of chapter 68 is amended by inserting after the item re-

lating to section 6707 the following:

"Sec. 6707A. Penalty for failure to include potentially abusive tax shelter information with return or statement.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to returns and statements the due date for which is after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) PRIOR SECTION TO HAVE NO EFFECT.— Notwithstanding section 402(c) of this Act, such section, and the amendments made by such section, shall not take effect.

# SEC. 499E. IMPROVED DISCLOSURE OF POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6111 (relating to registration of tax shelters) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 6111. DISCLOSURE OF POTENTIALLY ABU-SIVE TAX SHELTERS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Each material advisor with respect to any potentially abusive tax shelter shall make a return (in such form as the Secretary may prescribe) setting forth—

- "(1) information identifying and describing such shelter.
- "(2) information describing any potential tax benefits expected to result from the shelter, and
- "(3) such other information as the Secretary may prescribe.

Such return shall be filed not later than the date which is 30 days before the date on which the first sale of such shelter occurs or on any other date specified by the Secretary.

''(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—  $\,$ 

"(1) MATERIAL ADVISOR.—

''(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'material advisor' means any person—

"(i) who provides any material aid, assistance, or advice with respect to designing, organizing, managing, promoting, selling, implementing, or carrying out any potentially abusive tax shelter, and

"(ii) who directly or indirectly derives gross income in excess of the threshold amount for such aid, assistance, or advice.

"(B) THRESHOLD AMOUNT.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the threshold amount is—

"(i) \$50,000 in the case of a potentially abusive tax shelter substantially all of the tax benefits from which are provided to natural persons, and

"(ii) \$100,000 in any other case.

"(2) POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTER.— The term 'potentially abusive tax shelter' has the meaning given to such term by section 6707A(c).

"(c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may prescribe regulations which provide—

- "(1) that only 1 person shall be required to meet the requirements of subsection (a) in cases in which 2 or more persons would otherwise be required to meet such requirements.
- $\mbox{``(2)}$  exemptions from the requirements of this section, and
- "(3) such rules as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section.".
  - (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) The item relating to section 6111 in the table of sections for subchapter B of chapter 61 is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 6111. Disclosure of potentially abusive tax shelters.".

(2)(A) So much of section 6112 as precedes subsection (c) thereof is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 6112. MATERIAL ADVISORS OF POTEN-TIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTERS MUST KEEP CLIENT LISTS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Each material advisor (as defined in section 6111) with respect to any potentially abusive tax shelter (as defined in section 6707A(c)) shall maintain, in such manner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe, a list—

"(1) identifying each person with respect to whom such advisor acted as such a material advisor with respect to such shelter, and

"(2) containing such other information as the Secretary may by regulations require.

This section shall apply without regard to whether a material advisor is required to file a return under section 6111 with respect to such transaction.".

- (B) Section 6112 is amended by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b).
- (C) Section 6112(b), as redesignated by sub-paragraph (B), is amended—
- (i) by inserting "written" before "request" in paragraph (1)(A), and
- (ii) by striking "shall prescribe" in paragraph (2) and inserting "may prescribe".
- (D) The item relating to section 6112 in the table of sections for subchapter B of chapter 61 is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 6112. Material advisors of potentially abusive tax shelters must keep client lists.".

(3)(A) The heading for section 6708 is amended to read as follows:

# "SEC. 6708. FAILURE TO MAINTAIN CLIENT LISTS WITH RESPECT TO POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTERS.".

(B) The item relating to section 6708 in the table of sections for part I of subchapter B of chapter 68 is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 6708. Failure to maintain client lists with respect to potentially abusive tax shelters.".

(c) REQUIRED DISCLOSURE NOT SUBJECT TO CLAIM OF CONFIDENTIALITY.—Section 6112(b)(1), as redesignated by subsection (b)(2)(B), is amended by adding at the end the following new flush sentence:

"For purposes of this section, the identity of any person on such list shall not be privileged.".

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply to transactions with respect to which material aid, assistance, or advice referred to in section 6111(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section) is provided after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) NO CLAIM OF CONFIDENTIALITY AGAINST DISCLOSURE.—The amendment made by subsection (c) shall take effect as if included in the amendments made by section 142 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984.

(e) PRIOR SECTION TO HAVE NO EFFECT.— Notwithstanding section 407(d) of this Act, such section, and the amendments made by such section, shall not take effect.

#### SEC. 499F. EXTENSION OF STATUTE OF LIMITA-TIONS FOR UNDISCLOSED TAX SHEL-TER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6501(c) (relating to exceptions) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(10) POTENTIALLY ABUSIVE TAX SHELTERS.—If a taxpayer fails to include on any return or statement for any taxable year any information with respect to a potentially abusive tax shelter (as defined in section 6707A(c)) which is required under section 6011 to be included with such return or statement, the time for assessment of any tax imposed by this title with respect to such transaction shall not expire before the date which is 2 years after the earlier of—

"(A) the date on which the Secretary is furnished the information so required; or

"(B) the date that a material advisor (as defined in section 6111) meets the requirements of section 6112 with respect to a request by the Secretary under section 6112(b) relating to such transaction with respect to such taxpayer."

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to taxable years with respect to which the period for assessing a deficiency did not expire before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) PRIOR SECTION TO HAVE NO EFFECT.— Notwithstanding section 416(b) of this Act, such section, and the amendment made by such section, shall not take effect.

#### SEC. 499G. PENALTY FOR FAILING TO REPORT IN-TERESTS IN FOREIGN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5321(a)(5) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- "(5) FOREIGN FINANCIAL AGENCY TRANSACTION VIOLATION.—
- "(A) PENALTY AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Treasury may impose a civil money penalty on any person who violates, or causes any violation of, any provision of section 5314.

- "(B) AMOUNT OF PENALTY .-
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the amount of any civil penalty imposed under subparagraph (A) shall not exceed \$10,000.
- ''(ii) REASONABLE CAUSE EXCEPTION.—No penalty shall be imposed under subparagraph (A) with respect to any violation if—
- $\lq\lq(I)$  such violation was due to reasonable cause, and
- "(II) the amount of the transaction or the balance in the account at the time of the transaction was properly reported.
- "(C) WILLFUL VIOLATIONS.—In the case of any person willfully violating, or willfully causing any violation of, any provision of section 5314, the amount of the civil penalty imposed under subparagraph (A) shall be—
  - "(i) not less than \$5,000.
- "(ii) not more than 50 percent of the amount determined under subparagraph (D), and
- "(iii) subparagraph (B)(ii) shall not apply.
  "(D) AMOUNT.—The amount determined
- under this subparagraph is—
- "(i) in the case of a violation involving a transaction, the amount of the transaction, or
- "(ii) in the case of a violation involving a failure to report the existence of an account or any identifying information required to be provided with respect to an account, the balance in the account at the time of the violation."
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to violations occurring after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (c) PRIOR SECTION TO HAVE NO EFFECT.—Notwithstanding section 412(b) of this Act, such section, and the amendment made by such section, shall not take effect.

# SEC. 499H. CENSURE, CIVIL FINES, AND TAX OPINION STANDARDS FOR TAX PRACTITIONERS.

- (a) CENSURE; IMPOSITION OF MONETARY PENALTY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 330(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) by inserting ", or censure," after "De-
- partment", and
  (B) by adding at the end the following new flush sentence:
- "The Secretary may impose a monetary penalty on any representative described in the preceding sentence. If the representative was acting on behalf of an employer or any firm or other entity in connection with the conduct giving rise to such penalty, the Secretary may impose a monetary penalty on such employer, firm, or entity if it knew, or reasonably should have known, of such conduct. Such penalty may be in addition to, or in lieu of, any suspension, disbarment, or censure of the representative."
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this subsection shall apply to actions taken after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) TAX OPINION STANDARDS.—Section 330 of such title 31 is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(d) The Secretary of the Treasury shall impose standards applicable to the rendering of written advice with respect to any potentially abusive tax shelter or any entity, plan, arrangement, or transaction which has a potential for tax avoidance or evasion. Such standards shall address, but not be limited to, the following issues:
- "(1) Independence of the practitioner issuing such written advice from persons promoting, marketing, or recommending the subject of the advice.
- "(2) Collaboration among practitioners, or between a practitioner and other party, which could result in such collaborating par-

- ties having a joint financial interest in the subject of the advice.
- "(3) Avoidance of conflicts of interest which would impair auditor independence.
- "(4) For written advice issued by a firm, standards for reviewing the advice and ensuring the consensus support of the firm for positions taken.
- "(5) Reliance on reasonable factual representations by the taxpayer and other parties.
- "(6) Appropriateness of the fees charged by the practitioner for the written advice.".
- (c) PRIOR SECTION TO HAVE NO EFFECT.— Notwithstanding section 414(a)(2) of this Act, such section, and the amendments made by such section, shall not take effect.

# SEC. 499I. INFORMATION SHARING FOR ENFORCEMENT PURPOSES.

- (a) PROMOTION OF PROHIBITED TAX SHELTERS OR TAX AVOIDANCE SCHEMES.—Section 6103(h) (relating to disclosure to certain Federal officers and employees for purposes of tax administration, etc.) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(7) DISCLOSURE OF RETURNS AND RETURN INFORMATION RELATED TO PROMOTION OF PRO-HIBITED TAX SHELTERS OR TAX AVOIDANCE SCHEMES.—
- (A) WRITTEN REQUEST.—Upon receipt by the Secretary of a written request which meets the requirements of subparagraph (B) from the head of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, an appropriate Federal banking agency as defined under section 1813(q) of title 12, United States Code, or the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, a return or return information shall be disclosed to such requestor's officers and employees who are personally and directly engaged in an investigation, examination, or proceeding by such requestor to evaluate, determine, penalize, or deter conduct by a financial institution, issuer, or public accounting firm, or associated person, in connection with a potential or actual violation of section 6700 (promotion of abusive tax shelters), 6701 (aiding and abetting understatement of tax liability), or activities related to promoting or facilitating inappropriate tax avoidance or tax evasion. Such disclosure shall be solely for use by such officers and employees in such investigation, examination, or proceeding.
- "(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A request meets the requirements of this subparagraph if it sets forth—
- "(i) the nature of the investigation, examination, or proceeding,
- "(ii) the statutory authority under which such investigation, examination, or proceeding is being conducted,
- "(iii) the name or names of the financial institution, issuer, or public accounting firm to which such return information relates,
- $\lq\lq$ (iv) the taxable period or periods to which such return information relates, and
- "(v) the specific reason or reasons why such disclosure is, or may be, relevant to such investigation, examination or proceeding.
- "(C) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 'financial institution' means a depository institution, foreign bank, insured institution, industrial loan company, broker, dealer, investment company, investment advisor, or other entity subject to regulation or oversight by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or an appropriate Federal banking
- agency.".

  (b) FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING FRAUD INVESTIGATIONS.—Section 6103(i) (relating to disclosure to Federal officers or employees for administration of Federal laws not relating to tax administration) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

- "(9) DISCLOSURE OF RETURNS AND RETURN INFORMATION FOR USE IN FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING FRAUD INVESTIGATIONS.—
- "(A) WRITTEN REQUEST.—Upon receipt by the Secretary of a written request which meets the requirements of subparagraph (B) from the head of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, a return or return information shall be disclosed to such requestor's officers and employees who are personally and directly engaged in an investigation, examination, or proceeding by such requester to evaluate the accuracy of a financial statement or report or to determine, require a restatement, penalize, or deter conduct by an issuer, investment company, or public accounting firm, or associated person, in connection with a potential or actual violation of auditing standards or prohibitions against false or misleading statements or omissions in financial statements or reports. Such disclosure shall be solely for use by such officers and employees in such investigation, examination or proceeding.
- "(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A request meets the requirements of this subparagraph if it sets forth—
- $\lq\lq$ (i) the nature of the investigation, examination, or proceeding,
- "(ii) the statutory authority under which such investigation, examination, or proceeding is being conducted,
- "(iii) the name or names of the issuer, investment company, or public accounting firm to which such return information relates.
- "(iv) the taxable period or periods to which such return information relates, and
- "(v) the specific reason or reasons why such disclosure is, or may be, relevant to such investigation, examination or proceeding.".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to disclosures and to information and document requests made after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 499J. CERTAIN DISCLOSURES BY SUBPOENA NOT SUBJECT TO PENALTY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7216(b)(1) (relating to disclosure) is amended by striking "or"at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting ", or", and by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(C) pursuant to a subpoena which is issued in the performance of its duties by any Federal agency or Congress (including any committee or subcommittee thereof)."
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to disclosures made after the date of the enactment of this Act.

## SEC. 499K. CONTINGENT FEE PROHIBITION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6701, as amended by this Act, is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as subsections (g) and (h), respectively,
- (2) by striking "subsection (a)." in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (g) (as redesignated by paragraph (1)) and inserting "subsection (a) or (f).", and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection:
  - "(f) CONTINGENT FEE PROHIBITION.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person who makes an agreement for, charges, or collects a fee which is for services provided in connection with the internal revenue laws, and which is contingent upon the actual or projected achievement of—
  - "(A) Federal tax savings or benefits, or
- "(B) losses which can be used to offset other taxable income,

shall pay a penalty with respect to each such fee activity in the amount determined under subsection (b).

- "(2) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may issue rules to carry out the purposes of this subsection and may provide for exceptions for fee arrangements that are in the public interest.'
- EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to fee agreements, charges, and collections made after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 499L. DISCLOSING PAYMENTS TO PERSONS IN UNCOOPERATIVE TAX HAVENS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 is amended by inserting after section 6038C the following new section:

## "SEC. 6038D. DETERRING UNCOOPERATIVE TAX HAVENS THROUGH LISTING AND RE-PORTING REQUIREMENTS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Each United States person who transfers money or other property directly or indirectly to any uncooperative tax haven, to any financial institution licensed by or operating in any uncooperative tax haven, or to any person who is a resident of any uncooperative tax haven shall furnish to the Secretary, at such time and in such manner as the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe, such information with respect to such transfer as the Secretary may require.

(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to a transfer by a United States person if the amount of money (and the fair market value of property) transferred is less than \$10,000. Related transfers shall be treated as 1 transfer for purposes of this subsection.

(c) UNCOOPERATIVE TAX HAVEN.—For purposes of this section-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'uncooperative tax haven' means any foreign jurisdiction which is identified on a list maintained by the Secretary under paragraph (2) as being a jurisdiction-

(A) which imposes no or nominal taxation either generally or on specified classes of income, and

"(B) has corporate, business, bank, or tax secrecy or confidentiality rules and practices, or has ineffective information exchange practices which, in the judgment of the Secretary, effectively limit or restrict the ability of the United States to obtain information relevant to the enforcement of this title.

(2) MAINTENANCE OF LIST —Not later than November 1 of each calendar year, the Secretary shall issue a list of foreign jurisdictions which the Secretary determines qualify as uncooperative tax havens under paragraph

(1).

"(3) INEFFECTIVE INFORMATION EXCHANGE
and a paragraph (1), a PRACTICES.-For purposes of paragraph (1), a jurisdiction shall be deemed to have ineffective information exchange practices if the Secretary determines that during any taxable year ending in the 12-month period preceding the issuance of the list under para-

(A) the exchange of information between the United States and such jurisdiction was inadequate to prevent evasion or avoidance of United States income tax by United States persons or to enable the United States effectively to enforce this title, or

(B) such jurisdiction was identified by an intergovernmental group or organization of which the United States is a member as uncooperative with international tax enforcement or information exchange and the United States concurs in the determination.

(d) PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE INFOR-MATION.-If a United States person fails to furnish the information required by subsection (a) with respect to any transfer within the time prescribed therefor (including extensions), such United States person shall

pay (upon notice and demand by the Secretary and in the same manner as tax) an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of such transfer.

"(e) SIMPLIFIED REPORTING.—The Secretary may by regulations provide for simreporting under this section for United States persons making large volumes of similar payments.

"(f) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section.'

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for such subpart A is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 6038C the following new item:

'Sec. 6038D. Deterring uncooperative havens through listing and reporting requirements.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to transfers after the date which is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 499M. DETERRING UNCOOPERATIVE TAX HA-VENS BY RESTRICTING ALLOWABLE TAX BENEFITS.

(a) LIMITATION ON DEFERRAL.-

(1) IN GENERAL —Subsection (a) of section 952 (defining subpart F income) is amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (4), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (5) and inserting ", and", and by inserting after paragraph (5) the following new paragraph:

"(6) an amount equal to the applicable fraction (as defined in subsection (e)) of the income of such corporation other than income which-

(A) is attributable to earnings and profits of the foreign corporation included in the gross income of a United States person under section 951 (other than by reason of this paragraph or paragraph (3)(A)(i)), or

('(B) is described in subsection (b).''

(2) APPLICABLE FRACTION.—Section 952 is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(e) IDENTIFIED TAX HAVEN INCOME WHICH IS SUBPART F INCOME.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (a)(6), the term 'applicable fraction' means the fraction-

(A) the numerator of which is the aggregate identified tax haven income for the taxable year, and

"(B) the denominator of which is the aggregate income for the taxable year which is from sources outside the United States.

"(2) IDENTIFIED TAX HAVEN INCOME.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'identified tax haven income' means income for the taxable year which is attributable to a foreign jurisdiction for any period during which such jurisdiction has been identified as an uncooperative tax haven under section 6038D(c).

"(3) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations similar to the regulations issued under section 999(c) to carry out the purposes of this subsection.

(b) DENIAL OF FOREIGN TAX CREDIT.—Section 901 (relating to taxes of foreign countries and of possessions of United States) is amended by redesignating subsection (l) as subsection (m) and by inserting after subsection (k) the following new subsection:

(I) REDUCTION OF FOREIGN TAX CREDIT, ETC., FOR IDENTIFIED TAX HAVEN INCOME.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part-

"(A) no credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any income, war profits, or excess profits taxes paid or accrued (or deemed paid under section 902 or 960) to any foreign jurisdiction if such taxes are with respect to income attributable to a period during which

such jurisdiction has been identified as an uncooperative tax haven under section 6038D(c), and

(B) subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of section 904 and sections 902 and 960 shall be applied separately with respect to all income of a taxpayer attributable to periods described in subparagraph (A) with respect to all such jurisdictions.

"(2) TAXES ALLOWED AS A DEDUCTION, ETC.-Sections 275 and 78 shall not apply to any tax which is not allowable as a credit under subsection (a) by reason of this subsection.

(3) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this subsection, including regulations which treat income paid through 1 or more entities as derived from a foreign jurisdiction to which this subsection applies if such income was, without regard to such entities, derived from such jurisdiction.'

EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the date of the enact-

ment of this Act.

### NOTICES OF HEARINGS/MEETINGS

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the Senate and the public that the following hearing has been scheduled before the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources:

The hearing will be held on Tuesday, April 27, at 10 a.m. in Room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in

Washington, DC.

The purpose of the hearing is to receive testimony regarding sustainable, low emission, electricity generation.

Because of the limited time available for the hearing, witnesses may testify by invitation only. However, those wishing to submit written testimony for the hearing record should send two copies of their testimony to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, United States Senate, SD-364 Dirksen Senate Office Building, Washington, DC 20510-6150.

For further information, please contact Dr. Pete Lyons at 202-224-5861 or Shane Perkins at 202-224-7555.

## AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. DEWINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 25, 2004, at 9:30 a.m., in open and closed session to receive testimony on the role of U.S. Northern Command and U.S. Special Operations Command in defending the homeland and in the global war on terrorism, in review of the defense authorization request for fiscal year 2005.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

Mr. DEWINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing,