striking "section 110(1)" and inserting "section 110(l)".

SEC. 14. NATIONAL TRAILS SYSTEM ACT.

The National Trails System Act (16 U.S.C. 1241 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 5—

(A) in subsection (c)—

- (i) in paragraph (19), by striking "Kissimme" and inserting "Kissimmee";
- (ii) in paragraph (40)(D) by striking "later that" and inserting "later than"; and
- (iii) by designating the undesignated paragraphs relating to the Metacoment-Monad-nock-Mattabesett Trail and The Long Walk Trail as paragraphs (41) and (42), respectively: and
- (B) in the first sentence of subsection (d), by striking "establishment."; and
- (2) in section 10(c)(1), by striking "The Ice Age" and inserting "the Ice Age".

SEC. 15. VICKSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK.

Section 3(b) of the Vicksburg National Military Park Boundary Modification Act of 2002 (16 U.S.C. 430h-11) is amended by striking "the Secretary add it" and inserting "the Secretary shall add the property".

SEC. 16. ALLEGHENY PORTAGE RAILROAD NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE.

Section 2(2) of the Allegheny Portage Railroad National Historic Site Boundary Revision Act (Public Law 107–369; 116 Stat. 3069) is amended by striking "NERO 423/80,014 and dated May 01" and inserting "NERO 423/80,014A and dated July 02".

SEC. 17. TALLGRASS PRAIRIE NATIONAL PRE-SERVE.

Section 1006(b) of division I of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (110 Stat.

4208) is amended by striking "subsection (a)(1)" and inserting "subsection (a)".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from California (Mr. POMBO) and the gentleman from Texas (Mr. RODRIGUEZ) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California (Mr. POMBO).

Mr. POMBO. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, S. 2178, introduced by Senator Domenici of New Mexico, simply makes technical corrections to 15 National Park-related laws passed during the 106th and 107th Congresses. The bill corrects errors in spelling and format, but does not make changes in any of the affected laws.

I urge adoption of the bill.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RODRIGUEZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume

Mr. Speaker, we have no objection to consideration of this measure.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. POMBO. Mr. Speaker, I have no additional requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. Pombo) that the House suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill, S. 2178.

The question was taken; and (twothirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the Senate bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

NORTHERN RIO GRANDE NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA ACT

Mr. POMBO. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill (S. 211) to establish the Northern Rio Grande National Heritage Area in the State of New Mexico, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read as follows:

S. 211

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

TITLE I—NORTHERN RIO GRANDE NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA

SECTION 101. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Northern Rio Grande National Heritage Area Act".

SEC. 102. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.

The Congress finds that-

- (1) northern New Mexico encompasses a mosaic of cultures and history, including eight Pueblos and the descendants of Spanish ancestors who settled in the area in 1598;
- (2) the combination of cultures, languages, folk arts, customs, and architecture make northern New Mexico unique;
- (3) the area includes spectacular natural, scenic, and recreational resources;
- (4) there is broad support from local governments and interested individuals to establish a National Heritage Area to coordinate and assist in the preservation and interpretation of these resources:
- (5) in 1991, the National Park Service study Alternative Concepts for Commemorating Spanish Colonization identified several alternatives consistent with the establishment of a National Heritage Area, including conducting a comprehensive archaeological and historical research program, coordinating a comprehensive interpretation program, and interpreting a cultural heritage scene; and
- (6) establishment of a National Heritage Area in northern New Mexico would assist local communities and residents in preserving these unique cultural, historical and natural resources.

SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Act-

- (1) the term "heritage area" means the Northern Rio Grande Heritage Area; and
- (2) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 104. NORTHERN RIO GRANDE NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established the Northern Rio Grande National Heritage Area in the State of New Mexico.
- (b) BOUNDARIES.—The heritage area shall include the counties of Santa Fe, Rio Arriba, and Taos.
- (c) Management Entity.—
- (1) The Northern Rio Grande National Heritage Area, Inc., a non-profit corporation chartered in the State of New Mexico, shall serve as the management entity for the heritage area.
- (2) The Board of Directors for the management entity shall include representatives of the State of New Mexico, the counties of Santa Fe, Rio Arriba and Taos, tribes and pueblos within the heritage area, the cities of Santa Fe, Espanola and Taos, and members of the general public. The total number of Board members and the number of Directors representing State, local and tribal governments and interested communities shall be established to ensure that all parties have appropriate representation on the Board.

SEC. 105. AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF THE MANAGEMENT ENTITY.

(a) Management Plan.—

(1) Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the management enti-

ty shall develop and forward to the Secretary a management plan for the heritage

- (2) The management entity shall develop and implement the management plan in cooperation with affected communities, tribal and local governments and shall provide for public involvement in the development and implementation of the management plan.
- (3) The management plan shall, at a minimum—
- (A) provide recommendations for the conservation, funding, management, and development of the resources of the heritage area;
- (B) identify sources of funding; (C) include an inventory of the cultural, historical, archaeological, natural, and recreational resources of the heritage area:
- (D) provide recommendations for educational and interpretive programs to inform the public about the resources of the heritage area; and
- (E) include an analysis of ways in which local, State, Federal, and tribal programs may best be coordinated to promote the purposes of this Act.
- (4) If the management entity fails to submit a management plan to the secretary as provided in paragraph (1), the heritage area shall no longer be eligible to receive Federal funding under this Act until such time as a plan is submitted to the Secretary.
- (5) The Secretary shall approve or disapprove the management plan within 90 days after the date of submission. If the Secretary disapproves the management plan, the Secretary shall advise the management entity in writing of the reasons therefore and shall make recommendations for revisions to the plan.
- (6) The management entity shall periodically review the management plan and submit to the Secretary any recommendations for proposed revisions to the management plan. Any major revisions to the management plan must be approved by the Secretary.
- (b) AUTHORITY.—The management entity may make grants and provide technical assistance to tribal and local governments, and other public and private entities to carry out the management plan.
- the management plan.
 (c) DUTIES.—The management entity shall—
- (1) give priority in implementing actions set forth in the management plan;
- (2) encourage by appropriate means economic viability in the heritage area consistent with the goals of the management plan; and
- (3) assist local and tribal governments and non-profit organizations in—
- (A) establishing and maintaining interpretive exhibits in the heritage area;
- (B) developing recreational resources in the heritage area;
- (C) increasing public awareness of, and appreciation for, the cultural, historical, archaeological and natural resources and sits in the heritage area;
- (D) the restoration of historic structures related to the heritage area; and
- (E) carrying out other actions that the management entity determines appropriate to fulfill the purposes of this Act, consistent with the management plan.
- (d) PROHIBITION ON ACQUIRING REAL PROP-ERTY.—The management entity may not use Federal funds received under this Act to acquire real property or an interest in real property.

 (e) PUBLIC MEETINGS.—The management
- (e) PUBLIC MEETINGS.—The management entity shall hold public meetings at least annually regarding the implementation of the management plan.
 - (f) ANNUAL REPORTS AND AUDITS.—
- (1) For any year in which the management entity receives Federal funds under this Act,

the management entity shall submit an annual report to the Secretary setting forth accomplishments, expenses and income, and each entity to which any grant was made by the management entity.

(2) The management entity shall make available to the Secretary for audit all records relating to the expenditure of Federal funds and any matching funds. The management entity shall also require, for all agreements authorizing expenditure of Federal funds by other organizations, that the receiving organization make available to the Secretary for audit all records concerning the expenditure of those funds.

SEC. 106. DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY.

- (a) TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL ASSIST-ANCE.—The Secretary may, upon request of the management entity, provide technical and financial assistance to develop and implement the management plan.
- (b) PRIORITY.—In providing assistance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to actions that facilitate—
- (1) the conservation of the significant natural, cultural, historical, archaeological, scenic, and recreational resources of the heritage area; and
- (2) the provision of educational, interpretive, and recreational opportunities consistent with the resources and associated values of the heritage area.

SEC. 107. PRIVATE PROPERTY PROTECTIONS; SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

- (a) PRIVATE PROPERTY PROTECTION.—
- (1) NOTIFICATION AND CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNERS REQUIRED.—No privately owned property shall be preserved, conserved, or promoted by the management plan for the Heritage Area until the owner of that private property has been notified in writing by the management entity and has given written consent for such preservation, conservation or promotion to the management entity.
- (2) LANDOWNER WITHDRAWAL.—Any owner of private property included within the boundary of the heritage area, shall have their property immediately removed from within the boundary by submitting a written request to the management entity.
- (3) ACCESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require any private property owner to permit public access (including Federal, State, or local government access) to such private property. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to modify any provision of Federal, State, or local law with regard to public access to or use of private lands.
- (4) LIABILITY.—Designation of the heritage area shall not be considered to create any liability, or to have any effect on any liability under any other law, of any private property owner with respect to any persons injured on such private property.
- (5) RECOGNITION OF AUTHORITY TO CONTROL LAND USE.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to modify any authority of Federal, State, or local governments to regulate land use.
- (6) PARTICIPATION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY OWNERS IN HERITAGE AREA.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require the owner of any private property located within the boundaries of the heritage area to participate in or be associated with the heritage area.
- (b) EFFECT OF ESTABLISHMENT.—The boundaries designated for the heritage area represent the area within which Federal funds appropriated for the purpose of this Act shall be expended. The establishment of the heritage area and its boundaries shall not be construed to provide any nonexisting regulatory authority on land use within the heritage area or its viewshed by the Secretary, the National Park Service, or the management entity.

- (c) TRIBAL LANDS.—Nothing in this Act shall restrict or limit a tribe from protecting cultural or religious sites on tribal lands.
- (d) TRUST RESPONSIBILITIES.—Nothing in this Act shall diminish the Federal Government's trust responsibilities or government-to-government obligations to any federally recognized Indian tribe.

SEC. 108. SUNSET.

The authority of the Secretary to provide assistance under this Act terminates on the date that is 15 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 109. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act \$10,000,000, of which not more than \$1,000,000 may be authorized to be appropriated for any fiscal year.
- (b) COST-SHARING REQUIREMENT.—The Federal share of the total cost of any activity assisted under this Act shall be not more than 50 percent.

TITLE II—NATIONAL AVIATION HERITAGE AREA

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "National Aviation Heritage Area Act".

SEC. 202. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) Few technological advances have transformed the world or our Nation's economy, society, culture, and national character as the development of powered flight.
- (2) The industrial, cultural, and natural heritage legacies of the aviation and aerospace industry in the State of Ohio are nationally significant.
- (3) Dayton, Ohio, and other defined areas where the development of the airplane and aerospace technology established our Nation's leadership in both civil and military aeronautics and astronautics set the foundation for the 20th Century to be an American Century.
- (4) Wright-Patterson Air Force Base in Dayton, Ohio, is the birthplace, the home, and an integral part of the future of aerospace.
- (5) The economic strength of our Nation is connected integrally to the vitality of the aviation and aerospace industry, which is responsible for an estimated 11,200,000 American jobs.
- (6) The industrial and cultural heritage of the aviation and aerospace industry in the State of Ohio includes the social history and living cultural traditions of several generations.
- (7) The Department of the Interior is responsible for protecting and interpreting the Nation's cultural and historic resources, and there are significant examples of these resources within Ohio to merit the involvement of the Federal Government to develop programs and projects in cooperation with the Aviation Heritage Foundation, Incorporated, the State of Ohio, and other local and governmental entities to adequately conserve, protect, and interpret this heritage for the educational and recreational benefit of this and future generations of Americans, while providing opportunities for education and revitalization.
- (8) Since the enactment of the Dayton Aviation Heritage Preservation Act of 1992 (Public Law 102-419), partnerships among the Federal, State, and local governments and the private sector have greatly assisted the development and preservation of the historic aviation resources in the Miami Valley.
- (9) An aviation heritage area centered in Southwest Ohio is a suitable and feasible management option to increase collaboration, promote heritage tourism, and build on

- the established partnerships among Ohio's historic aviation resources and related sites.
- (10) A critical level of collaboration among the historic aviation resources in Southwest Ohio cannot be achieved without a congressionally established national heritage area and the support of the National Park Service and other Federal agencies which own significant historic aviation-related sites in Ohio.
- (11) The Aviation Heritage Foundation, Incorporated, would be an appropriate management entity to oversee the development of the National Aviation Heritage Area.
- (12) Five National Park Service and Dayton Aviation Heritage Commission studies and planning documents: "Study of Alternatives: Dayton's Aviation Heritage", "Dayton Aviation Heritage National Historical Park Suitability/Feasibility Study", "Dayton Aviation Heritage General Management Plan", "Dayton Historic Resources Preservation and Development Plan", and Heritage Area Concept Study, demonstrated that sufficient historical resources exist to establish the National Aviation Heritage Area.
- (13) With the advent of the 100th anniversary of the first powered flight in 2003, it is recognized that the preservation of properties nationally significant in the history of aviation is an important goal for the future education of Americans.
- (14) Local governments, the State of Ohio, and private sector interests have embraced the heritage area concept and desire to enter into a partnership with the Federal government to preserve, protect, and develop the Heritage Area for public benefit.
- (15) The National Aviation Heritage Area would complement and enhance the aviation-related resources within the National Park Service, especially the Dayton Aviation Heritage National Historical Park, Ohio.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this title is to establish the Heritage Area to— $\,$
- (1) encourage and facilitate collaboration among the facilities, sites, organizations, governmental entities, and educational institutions within the Heritage Area to promote heritage tourism and to develop educational and cultural programs for the public:
- (2) preserve and interpret for the educational and inspirational benefit of present and future generations the unique and significant contributions to our national heritage of certain historic and cultural lands, structures, facilities, and sites within the National Aviation Heritage Area:
- (3) encourage within the National Aviation Heritage Area a broad range of economic opportunities enhancing the quality of life for present and future generations;
- (4) provide a management framework to assist the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, other areas, and private organizations, or combinations thereof, in preparing and implementing an integrated Management Plan to conserve their aviation heritage and in developing policies and programs that will preserve, enhance, and interpret the cultural, historical, natural, recreation, and scenic resources of the Heritage Area; and
- (5) authorize the Secretary to provide financial and technical assistance to the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, and private organizations, or combinations thereof, in preparing and implementing the private Management Plan.

SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this title:

- (1) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Foundation.
- (2) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—The term "financial assistance" means funds appropriated by Congress and made available to

- the management entity for the purpose of preparing and implementing the Management Plan
- (3) HERITAGE AREA.—The term "Heritage Area" means the National Aviation Heritage Area established by section 104 to receive, distribute, and account for Federal funds appropriated for the purpose of this title.
- (4) MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The term "Management Plan" means the management plan for the Heritage Area developed under section 106.
- (5) MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The term "management entity" means the Aviation Heritage Foundation, Incorporated (a nonprofit corporation established under the laws of the State of Ohio).
- (6) Partner.—The term "partner" means a Federal, State, or local governmental entity, organization, private industry, educational institution, or individual involved in promoting the conservation and preservation of the cultural and natural resources of the Heritage Area.
- (7) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (8) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The term "technical assistance" means any guidance, advice, help, or aid, other than financial assistance, provided by the Secretary.

SEC. 204. NATIONAL AVIATION HERITAGE AREA.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the States of Ohio and Indiana, the National Aviation Heritage Area.
- (b) BOUNDARIES.—The Heritage Area shall include the following:
- (1) A core area consisting of resources in Montgomery, Greene, Warren, Miami, Clark, Champaign, Shelby, and Auglaize Counties in Ohio.
- (2) The Neil Armstrong Air & Space Museum, Wapakoneta, Ohio.
- (3) Sites, buildings, and districts within the core area recommended by the Management Plan.
- (c) MAP.—A map of the Heritage Area shall be included in the Management Plan. The map shall be on file in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior.
- (d) Management Entity.—The management entity for the Heritage Area shall be the Aviation Heritage Foundation.

SEC. 205. AUTHORITIES AND DUTIES OF THE MANAGEMENT ENTITY.

- (a) AUTHORITIES.—For purposes of implementing the Management Plan, the management entity may use Federal funds made available through this title to—
- (1) make grants to, and enter into cooperative agreements with, the State of Ohio and political subdivisions of that State, private organizations, or any person;
 - (2) hire and compensate staff; and
- (3) enter into contracts for goods and services.
- (b) DUTIES.—The management entity shall— $\,$
- (1) develop and submit to the Secretary for approval the proposed Management Plan in accordance with section 106:
- (2) give priority to implementing actions set forth in the Management Plan, including taking steps to assist units of government and nonprofit organizations in preserving resources within the Heritage Area;
- (3) consider the interests of diverse governmental, business, and nonprofit groups within the Heritage Area in developing and implementing the Management Plan;
- (4) maintain a collaboration among the partners to promote heritage tourism and to assist partners to develop educational and cultural programs for the public;
- (5) encourage economic viability in the Heritage Area consistent with the goals of the Management Plan;

- (6) assist units of government and non-profit organizations in— $\,$
- (A) establishing and maintaining interpretive exhibits in the Heritage Area;
- (B) developing recreational resources in the Heritage Area;
- (C) increasing public awareness of and appreciation for the historical, natural, and architectural resources and sites in the Heritage Area; and
- (D) restoring historic buildings that relate to the purposes of the Heritage Area;
- (7) conduct public meetings at least quarterly regarding the implementation of the Management Plan:
- (8) submit substantial amendments to the Management Plan to the Secretary for the approval of the Secretary; and
- (9) for any year in which Federal funds have been received under this title—
- (A) submit an annual report to the Secretary that sets forth the accomplishments of the management entity and its expenses and income;
- (B) make available to the Secretary for audit all records relating to the expenditure of such funds and any matching funds; and
- (C) require, with respect to all agreements authorizing expenditure of Federal funds by other organizations, that the receiving organizations make available to the Secretary for audit all records concerning the expenditure of such funds.
 - (c) USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The management entity shall not use Federal funds received under this title to acquire real property or an interest in real property.
- (2) OTHER SOURCES.—Nothing in this title precludes the management entity from using Federal funds from other sources for authorized purposes.

SEC. 206. MANAGEMENT PLAN.

- (a) PREPARATION OF PLAN.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this title, the management entity shall submit to the Secretary for approval a proposed Management Plan that shall take into consideration State and local plans and involve residents, public agencies, and private organizations in the Heritage Area.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The Management Plan shall incorporate an integrated and cooperative approach for the protection, enhancement, and interpretation of the natural, cultural, historic, scenic, and recreational resources of the Heritage Area and shall include the following:
- (1) An inventory of the resources contained in the core area of the Heritage Area, including the Dayton Aviation Heritage Historical Park, the sites, buildings, and districts listed in section 202 of the Dayton Aviation Heritage Preservation Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–419), and any other property in the Heritage Area that is related to the themes of the Heritage Area and that should be preserved, restored, managed, or maintained because of its significance.
- (2) An assessment of cultural landscapes within the Heritage Area.
- (3) Provisions for the protection, interpretation, and enjoyment of the resources of the Heritage Area consistent with the purposes of this title.
- (4) An interpretation plan for the Heritage Area.
- (5) A program for implementation of the Management Plan by the management entity, including the following:
- (A) Facilitating ongoing collaboration among the partners to promote heritage tourism and to develop educational and cultural programs for the public.
- (B) Assisting partners planning for restoration and construction.
- (C) Specific commitments of the partners for the first 5 years of operation.

- (6) The identification of sources of funding for implementing the plan.
- (7) A description and evaluation of the management entity, including its membership and organizational structure.
- (c) DISQUALIFICATION FROM FUNDING.—If a proposed Management Plan is not submitted to the Secretary within 3 years of the date of the enactment of this title, the management entity shall be ineligible to receive additional funding under this title until the date on which the Secretary receives the proposed Management Plan.
- (d) APPROVAL AND DISAPPROVAL OF MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The Secretary, in consultation with the State of Ohio, shall approve or disapprove the proposed Management Plan submitted under this title not later than 90 days after receiving such proposed Management Plan
- (e) ACTION FOLLOWING DISAPPROVAL.—If the Secretary disapproves a proposed Management Plan, the Secretary shall advise the management entity in writing of the reasons for the disapproval and shall make recommendations for revisions to the proposed Management Plan. The Secretary shall approve or disapprove a proposed revision within 90 days after the date it is submitted.
- (f) APPROVAL OF AMENDMENTS.—The Secretary shall review and approve substantial amendments to the Management Plan. Funds appropriated under this title may not be expended to implement any changes made by such amendment until the Secretary approves the amendment.

SEC. 207. TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL ASSIST-ANCE; OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.

- (a) Technical and Financial Assistance.—Upon the request of the management entity, the Secretary may provide technical assistance, on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis, and financial assistance to the Heritage Area to develop and implement the management plan. The Secretary is authorized to enter into cooperative agreements with the management entity and other public or private entities for this purpose. In assisting the Heritage Area, the Secretary shall give priority to actions that in general assist in—
- (1) conserving the significant natural, historic, cultural, and scenic resources of the Heritage Area; and
- (2) providing educational, interpretive, and recreational opportunities consistent with the purposes of the Heritage Area.
- (b) DUTIES OF OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Any Federal agency conducting or supporting activities directly affecting the Heritage Area shall—
- (1) consult with the Secretary and the management entity with respect to such activities:
- (2) cooperate with the Secretary and the management entity in carrying out their duties under this title;
- (3) to the maximum extent practicable, coordinate such activities with the carrying out of such duties; and
- (4) to the maximum extent practicable, conduct or support such activities in a manner which the management entity determines will not have an adverse effect on the Heritage Area.

SEC. 208. COORDINATION BETWEEN THE SEC-RETARY AND THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE AND THE ADMINISTRATOR OF NASA.

The decisions concerning the execution of this title as it applies to properties under the control of the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall be made by such Secretary or such Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 209. REQUIREMENTS FOR INCLUSION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY.

- (a) NOTIFICATION AND CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNERS REQUIRED.—No privately owned property shall be preserved, conserved, or promoted by the management plan for the Heritage Area until the owner of that private property has been notified in writing by the management entity and has given written consent for such preservation, conservation, or promotion to the management entity.
- (b) LANDOWNER WITHDRAW.—Any owner of private property included within the boundary of the Heritage Area shall have their property immediately removed from the boundary by submitting a written request to the management entity.

SEC. 210. PRIVATE PROPERTY PROTECTION.

- (a) ACCESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to—
- (1) require any private property owner to allow public access (including Federal, State, or local government access) to such private property; or
- (2) modify any provision of Federal, State, or local law with regard to public access to or use of private property.
- (b) LIABILITY.—Designation of the Heritage Area shall not be considered to create any liability, or to have any effect on any liability under any other law, of any private property owner with respect to any persons injured on such private property.
- (c) RECOGNITION OF AUTHORITY TO CONTROL LAND USE.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to modify the authority of Federal, State, or local governments to regulate land use.
- (d) Participation of Private Property Owners in Heritage Area.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to require the owner of any private property located within the boundaries of the Heritage Area to participate in or be associated with the Heritage Area.
- (e) EFFECT OF ESTABLISHMENT.—The boundaries designated for the Heritage Area represent the area within which Federal funds appropriated for the purpose of this title may be expended. The establishment of the Heritage Area and its boundaries shall not be construed to provide any nonexisting regulatory authority on land use within the Heritage Area or its viewshed by the Secretary, the National Park Service, or the management entity.

SEC. 211. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—To carry out this title there is authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000, except that not more than \$1,000,000 may be appropriated to carry out this title for any fiscal year.
- (b) FIFTY PERCENT MATCH.—The Federal share of the cost of activities carried out using any assistance or grant under this title shall not exceed 50 percent.

SEC. 212. SUNSET PROVISION.

The authority of the Secretary to provide assistance under this title terminates on the date that is 15 years after the date that funds are first made available for this title.

TITLE III—WRIGHT COMPANY FACTORY STUDY

SEC. 301. STUDY AND REPORT.

- (a) STUDY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct a special resource study updating the study required under section 104 of the Dayton Aviation Heritage Preservation Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–419) and detailing alternatives for incorporating the Wright Company factory as a unit of Dayton Aviation Heritage National Historical Park.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The study shall include an analysis of alternatives for including the

- Wright Company factory as a unit of Dayton Aviation Heritage National Historical Park that detail management and development options and costs.
- (3) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the study, the Secretary shall consult with the Delphi Corporation, the Aviation Heritage Foundation, State and local agencies, and other interested parties in the area.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 3 years after funds are first made available for this section, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report describing the results of the study conducted under this section.

TITLE IV—STEEL INDUSTRY NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE

SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Steel Industry National Historic Site Act".

SEC. 402. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- (1) Certain sites and structures in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania symbolize in physical form the heritage of the steel industry of the United States.
- (2) Certain buildings and other structures in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are nationally significant historical resources, including the United States Steel Homestead Works, the Carrie Furnace complex, and the Hot Metal Bridge.
- (3) Despite substantial efforts for cultural preservation and historical interpretation by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and by individuals and public and private entities in the Commonwealth, these buildings and other structures may be lost without the assistance of the Federal Government.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this title are to ensure the preservation, interpretation, visitor enjoyment, and maintenance of the nationally significant historical and cultural sites and structures described in subsection (a) for the benefit and inspiration of present and future generations.

SEC. 403. STEEL INDUSTRY NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE, PENNSYLVANIA.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Steel Industry National Historic Site is hereby established as a unit of the National Park System in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
- (b) Description.—
- (1) INCLUSION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY.—Subject to paragraph (2), the historic site shall consist of the following properties, each of which relate to the former United States Steel Homestead Works, as depicted on the map entitled "Steel Industry National Historic Site", dated November 2003, and numbered 80.000:
- (A) The historic location of the Battle of Homestead site in the borough of Munhall, Pennsylvania, consisting of approximately 3 acres of land, including the pumphouse and water tower and related structures, within the property bounded by the Monongahela River, the CSX railroad, Waterfront Drive, and the Damascus-Marcegaglia Steel Mill.
- (B) The historic location of the Carrie Furnace complex in the boroughs of Swissvale and Rankin, Pennsylvania, consisting of approximately 35 acres of land, including blast furnaces 6 and 7, the ore yard, the cast house, the blowing engine house, the AC power house, and related structures, within the property bounded by the proposed southwesterly right-of-way line needed to accommodate the Mon/Fayette Expressway and the relocated CSX railroad right-of-way, the Monongahela River, and a property line drawn northeast to southwest approximately 100 yards east of the AC power house.
- (C) The historic location of the Hot Metal Bridge, consisting of the Union railroad

- bridge and its approaches, spanning the Monongahela River and connecting the mill sites in the boroughs of Rankin and Munhall, Pennsylvania.
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—The map referred to in paragraph (1) shall be available for public inspection in an appropriate office of the National Park Service.
- (c) ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY.—To further the purposes of this section, the Secretary of the Interior may acquire, only by donation, property for inclusion in the historic site as follows:
- (1) Any land or interest in land with respect to the property identified in subsection (b)(1).
- (2) Up to 10 acres of land adjacent to or in the general proximity of the property identified in such subsection, for the development of visitor, administrative, museum, curatorial, and maintenance facilities.
- (3) Personal property associated with, and appropriate for, the interpretation of the historic site.
- (d) PRIVATE PROPERTY PROTECTIONS.—Nothing in this title shall be construed.—
- (1) to require any private property owner to permit public access (including Federal, State, or local government access) to the private property; or
- (2) to modify any provision of Federal, State, or local law with regard to public access to or use of private property.
- (e) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary of the Interior shall administer the historic site in accordance with this title and the provisions of law generally applicable to units of the National Park System, including the Act of August 25, 1916 (16 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), and the Act of August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461 et seq.).
 - (f) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Until such time as the Secretary of the Interior has acquired the property identified in subsection (b)(1), as depicted on the map referred to in such subsection, the Secretary may enter into a cooperative agreement with any interested individual, public or private agency, organization, or institution to further the purposes of the historic site.
- (2) CONTRARY PURPOSES.—Any payment made by the Secretary pursuant to a cooperative agreement under this subsection shall be subject to an agreement that conversion, use, or disposal of the project so assisted for purposes contrary to the purpose of the historic site, as determined by the Secretary, shall result in a right of the United States to reimbursement of all funds made available to such a project or the proportion of the increased value of the project attributable to such funds as determined at the time of such conversion, use, or disposal, whichever is greater.
- (g) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of the Interior may provide technical assistance to any person for—
- (1) the preservation of historic structures within the historic site; and
- (2) the maintenance of the natural and cultural landscape of the historic site.
- (h) GENERAL MANAGEMENT PLAN.-
- (1) PREPARATION.—Not later than three years after the date on which funds are first made available to carry out this title, the Secretary of the Interior shall prepare a general management plan for the historic site that will incorporate or otherwise address substantive comments made during the consultation required by paragraph (2).
- (2) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall prepare the general management plan in consultation with—
- (A) an appropriate official of each appropriate political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that has jurisdiction over all or a portion of the lands included in the historic site;

- (B) an appropriate official of the Steel Industry Heritage Corporation; and
- (C) private property owners in the vicinity of the historic site.
- (3) SUBMISSION OF PLAN TO CONGRESS.— Upon the completion of the general management plan, the Secretary shall submit a copy of the plan to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 404. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. There is authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this title \$25,000,000.

TITLE V—ST. CROIX NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA STUDY

SEC. 501. ST. CROIX NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA STUDY.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "St. Croix National Heritage Area Study Act".
- (b) STUDY.—The Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with appropriate State historical preservation officers, States historical societies, and other appropriate organizations, shall conduct a study regarding the suitability and feasibility of designating the island of St. Croix as the St. Croix National Heritage Area. The study shall include analysis, documentation, and determination regarding whether the island of St. Croix—
- (1) has an assemblage of natural, historic, and cultural resources that together represent distinctive aspects of American heritage worthy of recognition, conservation, interpretation, and continuing use, and are best managed through partnerships among public and private entities and by combining diverse and sometimes noncontiguous resources and active communities:
- (2) provides outstanding opportunities to conserve natural, historic, cultural, or scenic features:
- (3) provides outstanding recreational and educational opportunities;
- (4) contains resources important to the identified theme or themes of the island of St. Croix that retain a degree of integrity capable of supporting interpretation;
- (5) includes residents, business interests, nonprofit organizations, and local and State governments that are involved in the planning, have developed a conceptual financial plan that outlines the roles of all participants (including the Federal Government), and have demonstrated support for the concept of a national heritage area;
- (6) has a potential management entity to work in partnership with residents, business interests, nonprofit organizations, and local and State governments to develop a national heritage area consistent with continued local and State economic activity; and
- (7) has a conceptual boundary map that is supported by the public.
- (c) PRIVATE PROPERTY.—In conducting the study required by this section, the Secretary of the Interior shall analyze the potential impact that designation of the area as a national heritage area is likely to have on land within the proposed area or bordering the proposed area that is privately owned at the time that the study is conducted.
- (d) REPORT.—Not later than 3 fiscal years after the date on which funds are first made available for this section, the Secretary of the Interior shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations as the Secretary deems appropriate.

TITLE VI—ARABIA MOUNTAIN NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA

SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Arabia Mountain National Heritage Area Act".

- SEC. 602. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) The Arabia Mountain area contains a variety of natural, cultural, historical, scenic, and recreational resources that together represent distinctive aspects of the heritage of the United States that are worthy of recognition, conservation, interpretation, and continuing use.
- (2) The best methods for managing the resources of the Arabia Mountain area would be through partnerships between public and private entities that combine diverse resources and active communities.
- (3) Davidson-Arabia Mountain Nature Preserve, a 535-acre park in DeKalb County, Georgia—
- (A) protects granite outcrop ecosystems, wetland, and pine and oak forests; and
- (B) includes federally-protected plant species.
- (4) Panola Mountain, a national natural landmark, located in the 860-acre Panola Mountain State Conservation Park, is a rare example of a pristine granite outcrop.
- (5) The archaeological site at Miners Creek Preserve along the South River contains documented evidence of early human activity.
- (6) The city of Lithonia, Georgia, and related sites of Arabia Mountain and Stone Mountain possess sites that display the history of granite mining as an industry and culture in Georgia, and the impact of that industry on the United States.
- (7) The community of Klondike is eligible for designation as a National Historic District
- (8) The city of Lithonia has 2 structures listed on the National Register of Historic
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this title are as follows:
- (1) To recognize, preserve, promote, interpret, and make available for the benefit of the public the natural, cultural, historical, scenic, and recreational resources in the area that includes Arabia Mountain, Panola Mountain, Miners Creek, and other significant sites and communities.
- (2) To assist the State of Georgia and the counties of DeKalb, Rockdale, and Henry in the State in developing and implementing an integrated cultural, historical, and land resource management program to protect, enhance, and interpret the significant resources within the heritage area.

SEC. 603. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this title, the following definitions apply:

- (1) HERITAGE AREA.—The term "heritage area" means the Arabia Mountain National Heritage Area established by section 504.
- (2) MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The term "management entity" means the Arabia Mountain Heritage Area Alliance or a successor of the Arabia Mountain Heritage Area Alliance.
- (3) Management plan.—The term "management plan" means the management plan for the heritage area developed under section 506
- (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (5) STATE.—The term "State" means the State of Georgia.

SEC. 604. ARABIA MOUNTAIN NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Arabia Mountain National Heritage Area in the State.
- (b) BOUNDARIES.—The heritage area shall consist of certain parcels of land in the counties of DeKalb, Rockdale, and Henry in the State, as generally depicted on the map entitled "Arabia Mountain National Heritage Area", numbered AMNHA/80,000, and dated October, 2003.

- (c) AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service.
- (d) Management Entity.—The Arabia Mountain Heritage Area Alliance shall be the management entity for the heritage

SEC. 605. AUTHORITIES AND DUTIES OF THE MANAGEMENT ENTITY.

- (a) AUTHORITIES.—For purposes of developing and implementing the management plan, the management entity may—
- (1) make grants to, and enter into cooperative agreements with, the State, political subdivisions of the State, and private organizations:
 - (2) hire and compensate staff; and
- (3) enter into contracts for goods and services.
 - (b) Duties.—
 - (1) MANAGEMENT PLAN.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The management entity shall develop and submit to the Secretary the management plan.
- (B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing and implementing the management plan, the management entity shall consider the interests of diverse governmental, business, and nonprofit groups within the heritage area.
- (2) PRIORITIES.—The management entity shall give priority to implementing actions described in the management plan, including assisting units of government and nonprofit organizations in preserving resources within the heritage area.
- (3) PUBLIC MEETINGS.—The management entity shall conduct public meetings at least quarterly on the implementation of the management plan.
- (4) ANNUAL REPORT.—For any year in which Federal funds have been made available under this title, the management entity shall submit to the Secretary an annual report that describes the following:
- (A) The accomplishments of the management entity.
- (B) The expenses and income of the management entity.
- agement entity. (5) AUDIT —The management entity shall—
- (A) make available to the Secretary for audit all records relating to the expenditure of Federal funds and any matching funds; and
- (B) require, with respect to all agreements authorizing expenditure of Federal funds by other organizations, that the receiving organizations make available to the Secretary for audit all records concerning the expenditure of those funds.
 - (c) USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The management entity shall not use Federal funds made available under this title to acquire real property or an interest in real property.
- (2) OTHER SOURCES.—Nothing in this title precludes the management entity from using Federal funds made available under other Federal laws for any purpose for which the funds are authorized to be used.

SEC. 606. MANAGEMENT PLAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The management entity shall develop a management plan for the heritage area that incorporates an integrated and cooperative approach to protect, interpret, and enhance the natural, cultural, historical, scenic, and recreational resources of the heritage area.
- (b) BASIS.—The management plan shall be based on the preferred concept in the document entitled "Arabia Mountain National Heritage Area Feasibility Study", dated February 28, 2001.
- (c) Consideration of Other Plans and Actions.—The management plan shall—
- (1) take into consideration State and local plans; and

- (2) involve residents, public agencies, and private organizations in the heritage area.
- (d) REQUIREMENTS.—The management plan shall include the following:
- (1) An inventory of the resources in the heritage area, including— $\,$
- (A) a list of property in the heritage area that—
- (i) relates to the purposes of the heritage area; and
- (ii) should be preserved, restored, managed, or maintained because of the significance of the property; and
- (B) an assessment of cultural landscapes within the heritage area.
- (2) Provisions for the protection, interpretation, and enjoyment of the resources of the heritage area consistent with the purposes of this title.
- (3) An interpretation plan for the heritage area.
- (4) A program for implementation of the management plan that includes—
- (A) actions to be carried out by units of government, private organizations, and public-private partnerships to protect the resources of the heritage area; and
- (B) the identification of existing and potential sources of funding for implementing the plan.
- (5) A description and evaluation of the management entity, including the membership and organizational structure of the management entity.
- (e) Submission to Secretary for Approval.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the management entity shall submit the management plan to the Secretary for approval.
- (2) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO SUBMIT.—If a management plan is not submitted to the Secretary by the date specified in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall not provide any additional funding under this title until such date as a management plan for the heritage area is submitted to the Secretary.
- (f) APPROVAL AND DISAPPROVAL OF MANAGEMENT PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after receiving the management plan submitted under subsection (e), the Secretary, in consultation with the State, shall approve or disapprove the management plan.
 - (2) ACTION FOLLOWING DISAPPROVAL.-
- (A) REVISION.—If the Secretary disapproves a management plan submitted under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—
- (i) advise the management entity in writing of the reasons for the disapproval;
- (ii) make recommendations for revisions to the management plan; and
- (iii) allow the management entity to submit to the Secretary revisions to the management plan.
- (B) DEADLINE FOR APPROVAL OF REVISION.— Not later than 90 days after the date on which a revision is submitted under subparagraph (A)(iii), the Secretary shall approve or disapprove the revision.
 - (g) REVISION OF MANAGEMENT PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—After approval by the Secretary of a management plan, the management entity shall periodically—
- (A) review the management plan; and
- (B) submit to the Secretary, for review and approval by the Secretary, the recommendations of the management entity for any revisions to the management plan that the management entity considers to be appropriate.
- (2) EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS.—No funds made available under this title shall be used to implement any revision proposed by the management entity under paragraph (1)(B) until the Secretary approves the revision.

SEC. 607. TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL ASSIST-ANCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—At the request of the management entity, the Secretary may provide technical and financial assistance to the heritage area to develop and implement the management plan.
- (b) PRIORITY.—In providing assistance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to actions that facilitate—
- (1) the conservation of the significant natural, cultural, historical, scenic, and recreational resources that support the purposes of the heritage area; and
- (2) the provision of educational, interpretive, and recreational opportunities that are consistent with the resources and associated values of the heritage area.

SEC. 608. EFFECT ON CERTAIN AUTHORITY.

- (a) OCCUPATIONAL, SAFETY, CONSERVATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION.—Nothing in this title—
- (1) imposes an occupational, safety, conservation, or environmental regulation on the heritage area that is more stringent than the regulations that would be applicable to the land described in section 504(b) but for the establishment of the heritage area by section 504; or
- (2) authorizes a Federal agency to promulgate an occupational, safety, conservation, or environmental regulation for the heritage area that is more stringent than the regulations applicable to the land described in section 504(b) as of the date of enactment of this Act, solely as a result of the establishment of the heritage area by section 504.
- (b) LAND USE REGULATION.—Nothing in this
- (1) modifies, enlarges, or diminishes any authority of the Federal Government or a State or local government to regulate any use of land as provided for by law (including regulations) in existence on the date of enactment of this Act; or
- (2) grants powers of zoning or land use to the management entity.

SEC. 609. REQUIREMENTS FOR INCLUSION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY.

- (a) NOTIFICATION AND CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNERS REQUIRED.—No privately owned property shall be preserved, conserved, or promoted by the management plan for the Heritage Area until the owner of that private property has been notified in writing by the management entity and has given written consent for such preservation, conservation, or promotion to the management entity.
- (b) LANDOWNER WITHDRAW.—Any owner of private property included within the boundary of the Heritage Area shall have their property immediately removed from the boundary by submitting a written request to the management entity.

SEC. 610. PRIVATE PROPERTY PROTECTION.

- (a) ACCESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to—
- (1) require any private property owner to allow public access (including Federal, State, or local government access) to such private property; or
- (2) modify any provision of Federal, State, or local law with regard to public access to or use of private property.
- (b) LIABILITY.—Designation of the Heritage Area shall not be considered to create any liability, or to have any effect on any liability under any other law, of any private property owner with respect to any persons injured on such private property.
- (c) RECOGNITION OF AUTHORITY TO CONTROL LAND USE.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to modify the authority of Federal, State, or local governments to regulate land use.
- (d) Participation of Private Property Owners in Heritage Area.—Nothing in this

- title shall be construed to require the owner of any private property located within the boundaries of the Heritage Area to participate in or be associated with the Heritage Area.
- (e) EFFECT OF ESTABLISHMENT.—The boundaries designated for the Heritage Area represent the area within which Federal funds appropriated for the purpose of this title may be expended. The establishment of the Heritage Area and its boundaries shall not be construed to provide any nonexisting regulatory authority on land use within the Heritage Area or its viewshed by the Secretary, the National Park Service, or the management entity.

SEC. 611. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title \$10,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which not more than \$1,000,000 may be used in any fiscal year.
- (b) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the cost of any project or activity carried out using funds made available under this title shall not exceed 50 percent.

SEC. 612. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.

The authority of the Secretary to provide assistance under this title terminates on the date that is 15 years after the date that funds are first made available for this title.

TITLE VII—UPPER HOUSATONIC VALLEY NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA

SEC. 701. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area Act".

SEC. 702. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) The upper Housatonic Valley, encompassing 29 towns in the hilly terrain of western Massachusetts and northwestern Connecticut, is a singular geographical and cultural region that has made significant national contributions through its literary, artistic, musical, and architectural achievements, its iron, paper, and electrical equipment industries, and its scenic beautification and environmental conservation efforts.
- (2) The upper Housatonic Valley has 139 properties and historic districts listed on the National Register of Historic Places including—
 - (A) five National Historic Landmarks—
- (i) Edith Wharton's home, The Mount, Lenox, Massachusetts;
- (ii) Herman Melville's home, Arrowhead, Pittsfield, Massachusetts;
- (iii) W.E.B. DuBois' Boyhood Homesite, Great Barrington, Massachusetts;
- (iv) Mission House, Stockbridge, Massachusetts; and
- (v) Crane and Company Old Stone Mill Rag Room, Dalton, Massachusetts; and
 - (B) four National Natural Landmarks-
- (i) Bartholomew's Cobble, Sheffield, Massachusetts, and Salisbury, Connecticut;
- (ii) Beckley Bog, Norfolk, Connecticut;
- (iii) Bingham Bog, Salisbury, Connecticut; and
- (iv) Cathedral Pines, Cornwall, Connecticut.
- (3) Writers, artists, musicians, and vacationers have visited the region for more than 150 years to enjoy its scenic wonders, making it one of the country's leading cultural resorts.
- (4) The upper Housatonic Valley has made significant national cultural contributions through such writers as Herman Melville, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Edith Wharton, and W.E.B. DuBois, artists Daniel Chester French and Norman Rockwell, and the performing arts centers of Tanglewood, Music

- Mountain, Norfolk (Connecticut) Chamber Music Festival, Jacob's Pillow, and Shakespeare & Company.
- (5) The upper Housatonic Valley is noted for its pioneering achievements in the iron, paper, and electrical generation industries and has cultural resources to interpret those industries.
- (6) The region became a national leader in scenic beautification and environmental conservation efforts following the era of industrialization and deforestation and maintains a fabric of significant conservation areas including the meandering Housatonic River.
- (7) Important historical events related to the American Revolution, Shays' Rebellion, and early civil rights took place in the upper Housatonic Valley.
- (8) The region had an American Indian presence going back 10,000 years and Mohicans had a formative role in contact with Europeans during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries.
- (9) The Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area has been proposed in order to heighten appreciation of the region, preserve its natural and historical resources, and improve the quality of life and economy of the
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this title are as follows:
- (1) To establish the Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area in the State of Connecticut and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
- (2) To implement the national heritage area alternative as described in the document entitled "Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area Feasibility Study, 2003".
- (3) To provide a management framework to foster a close working relationship with all levels of government, the private sector, and the local communities in the upper Housatonic Valley region to conserve the region's heritage while continuing to pursue compatible economic opportunities.
- (4) To assist communities, organizations, and citizens in the State of Connecticut and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in identifying, preserving, interpreting, and developing the historical, cultural, scenic, and natural resources of the region for the educational and inspirational benefit of current and future generations.

SEC. 703. DEFINITIONS.

- In this title:
- (1) HERITAGE AREA.—The term "Heritage Area" means the Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area, established in section 604.
- (2) MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The term "Management Entity" means the management entity for the Heritage Area designated by section 604(d)
- (3) MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The term "Management Plan" means the management plan for the Heritage Area specified in section 606.
- (4) MAP.—The term "map" means the map entitled "Boundary Map Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area", numbered P17/80,000, and dated February 2003.
- (5) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (6) STATE.—The term "State" means the State of Connecticut and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

SEC. 704. UPPER HOUSATONIC VALLEY NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area.
- (b) BOUNDARIES.—The Heritage Area shall be comprised of—
- (1) part of the Housatonic River's watershed, which extends 60 miles from Lanesboro, Massachusetts to Kent, Connecticut;

- (2) the towns of Canaan, Colebrook, Cornwall, Kent, Norfolk, North Canaan, Salisbury, Sharon, and Warren in Connecticut; and
- (3) the towns of Alford, Becket, Dalton, Egremont, Great Barrington, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesboro, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlboro, Pittsfield, Richmond, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, and West Stockbridge in Massachusetts.
- (c) AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior.
- (d) Management Entity.—The Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area, Inc. shall be the management entity for the Heritage Area.

SEC. 705. AUTHORITIES, PROHIBITIONS AND DUTIES OF THE MANAGEMENT ENTITY.

- (a) DUTIES OF THE MANAGEMENT ENTITY.— To further the purposes of the Heritage Area, the management entity shall—
- (1) prepare and submit a management plan for the Heritage Area to the Secretary in accordance with section 606;
- (2) assist units of local government, regional planning organizations, and nonprofit organizations in implementing the approved management plan by—
- (A) carrying out programs and projects that recognize, protect and enhance important resource values within the Heritage Area:
- (B) establishing and maintaining interpretive exhibits and programs within the Herit-
- age Area;
 (C) developing recreational and edu-
- cational opportunities in the Heritage Area; (D) increasing public awareness of and appreciation for natural, historical, scenic, and cultural resources of the Heritage Area;
- (E) protecting and restoring historic sites and buildings in the Heritage Area that are consistent with heritage area themes;
- (F) ensuring that signs identifying points of public access and sites of interest are posted throughout the Heritage Area; and
- (G) promoting a wide range of partnerships among governments, organizations and individuals to further the purposes of the Heritage Area:
- (3) consider the interests of diverse units of government, businesses, organizations and individuals in the Heritage Area in the preparation and implementation of the management plan:
- (4) conduct meetings open to the public at least semi-annually regarding the development and implementation of the management plan;
- (5) submit an annual report to the Secretary for any fiscal year in which the management entity receives Federal funds under this title, setting forth its accomplishments, expenses, and income, including grants to any other entities during the year for which the report is made:
- (6) make available for audit for any fiscal year in which it receives Federal funds under this title, all information pertaining to the expenditure of such funds and any matching funds, and require in all agreements authorizing expenditures of Federal funds by other organizations, that the receiving organizations make available for such audit all records and other information pertaining to the expenditure of such funds; and
- (7) encourage by appropriate means economic development that is consistent with the purposes of the Heritage Area.
- (b) AUTHORITIES.—The management entity may, for the purposes of preparing and implementing the management plan for the Heritage Area, use Federal funds made available through this title to—

- (1) make grants to the State of Connecticut and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, their political subdivisions, nonprofit organizations and other persons;
- (2) enter into cooperative agreements with or provide technical assistance to the State of Connecticut and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, their subdivisions, nonprofit organizations, and other interested parties;
- (3) hire and compensate staff, which shall include individuals with expertise in natural, cultural, and historical resources protection, and heritage programming;
- (4) obtain money or services from any source including any that are provided under any other Federal law or program;
 - (5) contract for goods or services; and
- (6) undertake to be a catalyst for any other activity that furthers the purposes of the Heritage Area and is consistent with the approved management plan.
- (c) Prohibitions on the Acquisition of Real Property.—The management entity may not use Federal funds received under this title to acquire real property, but may use any other source of funding, including other Federal funding outside this authority, intended for the acquisition of real property.

SEC. 706. MANAGEMENT PLAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The management plan for the Heritage Area shall—
- (1) include comprehensive policies, strategies and recommendations for conservation, funding, management and development of the Heritage Area;
- (2) take into consideration existing State, county, and local plans in the development of the management plan and its implementation:
- (3) include a description of actions that governments, private organizations, and individuals have agreed to take to protect the natural, historical and cultural resources of the Heritage Area;
- (4) specify the existing and potential sources of funding to protect, manage, and develop the Heritage Area in the first 5 years of implementation:
- (5) include an inventory of the natural, historical, cultural, educational, scenic, and recreational resources of the Heritage Area related to the themes of the Heritage Area that should be preserved, restored, managed, developed, or maintained:
- (6) describe a program of implementation for the management plan including plans for resource protection, restoration, construction, and specific commitments for implementation that have been made by the management entity or any government, organization, or individual for the first 5 years of implementation; and
- (7) include an interpretive plan for the Heritage Area.
- (b) DEADLINE AND TERMINATION OF FUNDING.—
- (1) DEADLINE.—The management entity shall submit the management plan to the Secretary for approval within 3 years after funds are made available for this title.
- (2) TERMINATION OF FUNDING.—If the management plan is not submitted to the Secretary in accordance with this subsection, the management entity shall not qualify for Federal funding under this title until such time as the management plan is submitted to the Secretary.

SEC. 707. DUTIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE SECRETARY.

(a) Technical and Financial Assistance.—The Secretary may, upon the request of the management entity, provide technical assistance on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis and financial assistance to the Heritage Area to develop and implement the approved management plan. The Secretary is authorized to enter into cooperative agreements with the management entity and

- other public or private entities for this purpose. In assisting the Heritage Area, the Secretary shall give priority to actions that in general assist in—
- (1) conserving the significant natural, historical, cultural, and scenic resources of the Heritage Area; and
- (2) providing educational, interpretive, and recreational opportunities consistent with the purposes of the Heritage Area.
- (b) APPROVAL AND DISAPPROVAL OF MANAGEMENT PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall approve or disapprove the management plan not later than 90 days after receiving the management plan.
- (2) CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL.—In determining the approval of the management plan, the Secretary shall consider whether—
- (A) the management entity is representative of the diverse interests of the Heritage Area including governments, natural and historic resource protection organizations, educational institutions, businesses, and recreational organizations;
- (B) the management entity has afforded adequate opportunity, including public hearings, for public and governmental involvement in the preparation of the management plan;
- (C) the resource protection and interpretation strategies contained in the management plan, if implemented, would adequately protect the natural, historical, and cultural resources of the Heritage Area; and
- (D) the management plan is supported by the appropriate State and local officials whose cooperation is needed to ensure the effective implementation of the State and local aspects of the management plan.
- (3) ACTION FOLLOWING DISAPPROVAL.—If the Secretary disapproves the management plan, the Secretary shall advise the management entity in writing of the reasons therefore and shall make recommendations for revisions to the management plan. The Secretary shall approve or disapprove a proposed revision within 60 days after the date it is submitted.
- (4) APPROVAL OF AMENDMENTS.—Substantial amendments to the management plan shall be reviewed by the Secretary and approved in the same manner as provided for the original management plan. The management entity shall not use Federal funds authorized by this title to implement any amendments until the Secretary has approved the amendments.

SEC. 708. DUTIES OF OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.

Any Federal agency conducting or supporting activities directly affecting the Heritage Area shall—

- (1) consult with the Secretary and the management entity with respect to such activities;
- (2) cooperate with the Secretary and the management entity in carrying out their duties under this title and, to the maximum extent practicable, coordinate such activities with the carrying out of such duties; and.
- (3) to the maximum extent practicable, conduct or support such activities in a manner which the management entity determines will not have an adverse effect on the Heritage Area.

SEC. 709. REQUIREMENTS FOR INCLUSION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY.

(a) NOTIFICATION AND CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNERS REQUIRED.—No privately owned property shall be preserved, conserved, or promoted by the management plan for the Heritage Area until the owner of that private property has been notified in writing by the management entity and has given written consent for such preservation, conservation, or promotion to the management entity.

(b) LANDOWNER WITHDRAW.—Any owner of private property included within the boundary of the Heritage Area shall have their property immediately removed from the boundary by submitting a written request to the management entity.

SEC. 710. PRIVATE PROPERTY PROTECTION.

- (a) ACCESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to—
- (1) require any private property owner to allow public access (including Federal, State, or local government access) to such private property; or
- (2) modify any provision of Federal, State, or local law with regard to public access to or use of private property.
- (b) LIABILITY.—Designation of the Heritage Area shall not be considered to create any liability, or to have any effect on any liability under any other law, of any private property owner with respect to any persons injured on such private property.
- (c) RECOGNITION OF AUTHORITY TO CONTROL LAND USE.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to modify the authority of Federal, State, or local governments to regulate land use.
- (d) Participation of Private Property Owners in Heritage Area.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to require the owner of any private property located within the boundaries of the Heritage Area to participate in or be associated with the Heritage Area.
- (e) EFFECT OF ESTABLISHMENT.—The boundaries designated for the Heritage Area represent the area within which Federal funds appropriated for the purpose of this title may be expended. The establishment of the Heritage Area and its boundaries shall not be construed to provide any nonexisting regulatory authority on land use within the Heritage Area or its viewshed by the Secretary, the National Park Service, or the management entity.

SEC. 711. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this title not more than \$1,000,000 for any fiscal year. Not more than a total of \$10,000,000 may be appropriated for the Heritage Area under this title.
- (b) MATCHING FUNDS.—Federal funding provided under this title may not exceed 50 percent of the total cost of any assistance or grant provided or authorized under this title. SEC. 712. SUNSET.

The authority of the Secretary to provide assistance under this title shall terminate on the day occurring 15 years after funds are first made available for this title.

TITLE VIII—OIL REGION NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA

SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the "Oil Region National Heritage Area Act".
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this title, the following definitions shall apply:
- (1) HERITAGE AREA.—The term "Heritage Area" means the Oil Region National Heritage Area established in section 703(a).
- (2) MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The term "management entity" means the Oil Heritage Region, Inc., or its successor entity.
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 802. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- (1) The Oil Region of Northwestern Pennsylvania, with numerous sites and districts listed on the National Register of Historic Places, and designated by the Governor of Pennsylvania as one of the State Heritage Park Areas, is a region with tremendous

- physical and natural resources and possesses a story of State, national, and international significance.
- (2) The single event of Colonel Edwin Drake's drilling of the world's first successful oil well in 1859 has affected the industrial, natural, social, and political structures of the modern world.
- (3) Six national historic districts are located within the State Heritage Park boundary, in Emlenton, Franklin, Oil City, and Titusville, as well as 17 separate National Register sites.
- (4) The Allegheny River, which was designated as a component of the national wild and scenic rivers system in 1992 by Public Law 102–271, traverses the Oil Region and connects several of its major sites, as do some of the river's tributaries such as Oil Creek, French Creek, and Sandy Creek.
- (5) The unspoiled rural character of the Oil Region provides many natural and recreational resources, scenic vistas, and excellent water quality for people throughout the United States to enjoy.
- (6) Remnants of the oil industry, visible on the landscape to this day, provide a direct link to the past for visitors, as do the historic valley settlements, riverbed settlements, plateau developments, farmlands, and industrial landscapes.
- (7) The Oil Region also represents a cross section of American history associated with Native Americans, frontier settlements, the French and Indian War, African Americans and the Underground Railroad, and immigration of Swedish and Polish individuals, among others.
- (8) Involvement by the Federal Government shall serve to enhance the efforts of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, local subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, volunteer organizations, and private businesses, to promote the cultural, national, and recreational resources of the region in order to fulfill their full potential.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this title is to enhance a cooperative management framework to assist the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, its units of local government, and area citizens in conserving, enhancing, and interpreting the significant features of the lands, water, and structures of the Oil Region, in a manner consistent with compatible economic development for the benefit and inspiration of present and future generations in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the United States.

SEC. 803. OIL REGION NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established the Oil Region National Heritage
- (b) BOUNDARIES.—The boundaries of the Heritage Area shall include all of those lands depicted on a map entitled "Oil Region National Heritage Area", numbered OIRE/20,000 and dated October, 2000. The map shall be on file in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service. The Secretary of the Interior shall publish in the Federal Register, as soon as practical after the date of the enactment of this Act, a detailed description and map of the boundaries established under this subsection.
- (c) Management Entity.—The management entity for the Heritage Area shall be the Oil Heritage Region, Inc., the locally based private, nonprofit management corporation which shall oversee the development of a management plan in accordance with section 705(b).

SEC. 804. COMPACT.

To carry out the purposes of this title, the Secretary shall enter into a compact with the management entity. The compact shall include information relating to the objectives and management of the area, including a discussion of the goals and objectives of the Heritage Area, including an explanation of the proposed approach to conservation and interpretation and a general outline of the protection measures committed to by the Secretary and management entity.

SEC. 805. AUTHORITIES AND DUTIES OF MANAGE-MENT ENTITY.

- (a) AUTHORITIES OF THE MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The management entity may use funds made available under this title for purposes of preparing, updating, and implementing the management plan developed under subsection (b). Such purposes may include—
- (1) making grants to, and entering into cooperative agreements with, States and their political subdivisions, private organizations, or any other person;
 - (2) hiring and compensating staff; and
- (3) undertaking initiatives that advance the purposes of the Heritage Area.
- (b) MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The management entity shall develop a management plan for the Heritage Area that—
- (1) presents comprehensive strategies and recommendations for conservation, funding, management, and development of the Heritage Area;
- (2) takes into consideration existing State, county, and local plans and involves residents, public agencies, and private organizations working in the Heritage Area;
- (3) includes a description of actions that units of government and private organizations have agreed to take to protect the resources of the Heritage Area:
- (4) specifies the existing and potential sources of funding to protect, manage, and develop the Heritage Area:
- (5) includes an inventory of the resources contained in the Heritage Area, including a list of any property in the Heritage Area that is related to the themes of the Heritage Area and that should be preserved, restored, managed, developed, or maintained because of its natural, cultural, historic, recreational, or scenic significance:
- (6) describes a program for implementation of the management plan by the management entity, including plans for restoration and construction, and specific commitments for that implementation that have been made by the management entity and any other persons for the first 5 years of implementation;
- (7) lists any revisions to the boundaries of the Heritage Area proposed by the management entity and requested by the affected local government: and
- (8) includes an interpretation plan for the Heritage Area.
- (c) DEADLINE; TERMINATION OF FUNDING.—
- (1) DEADLINE.—The management entity shall submit the management plan to the Secretary within 2 years after the funds are made available for this title.
- (2) TERMINATION OF FUNDING.—If a management plan is not submitted to the Secretary in accordance with this subsection, the management entity shall not qualify for Federal assistance under this title.
- (d) DUTIES OF MANAGEMENT ENTITY.—The management entity shall—
- (1) give priority to implementing actions set forth in the compact and management plan:
- (2) assist units of government, regional planning organizations, and nonprofit organizations in—
- (A) establishing and maintaining interpretive exhibits in the Heritage Area;
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} (B) & developing & recreational & resources & in \\ the & Heritage & Area; \\ \end{tabular}$
- (C) increasing public awareness of and appreciation for the natural, historical, and architectural resources and sites in the Heritage Area;
- (D) the restoration of any historic building relating to the themes of the Heritage Area;

- (E) ensuring that clear signs identifying access points and sites of interest are put in place throughout the Heritage Area; and
- (F) carrying out other actions that the management entity determines to be advisable to fulfill the purposes of this title;
- (3) encourage by appropriate means economic viability in the Heritage Area consistent with the goals of the management plan:
- (4) consider the interests of diverse governmental, business, and nonprofit groups within the Heritage Area; and
- (5) for any year in which Federal funds have been provided to implement the management plan under subsection (b)—
- (A) conduct public meetings at least annually regarding the implementation of the management plan;
- (B) submit an annual report to the Secretary setting forth accomplishments, expenses and income, and each person to which any grant was made by the management entity in the year for which the report is made; and
- (C) require, for all agreements entered into by the management entity authorizing expenditure of Federal funds by any other person, that the person making the expenditure make available to the management entity for audit all records pertaining to the expenditure of such funds. (e) PROHIBITION ON THE ACQUISITION OF
- (e) PROHIBITION ON THE ACQUISITION OF REAL PROPERTY.—The management entity may not use Federal funds received under this title to acquire real property or an interest in real property.

SEC. 806. DUTIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE SECRETARY.

- (a) TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL ASSIST-ANCE.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) OVERALL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary may, upon the request of the management entity, and subject to the availability of appropriations, provide technical and financial assistance to the management entity to carry out its duties under this title, including updating and implementing a management plan that is submitted under section 705(b) and approved by the Secretary and, prior to such approval, providing assistance for initiatives.
- (B) OTHER ASSISTANCE.—If the Secretary has the resources available to provide technical assistance to the management entity to carry out its duties under this title (including updating and implementing a management plan that is submitted under section 705(b) and approved by the Secretary and, prior to such approval, providing assistance for initiatives), upon the request of the management entity the Secretary shall provide such assistance on a reimbursable basis. This subparagraph does not preclude the Secretary from providing nonreimbursable assistance under subparagraph (A).
- (2) PRIORITY.—In assisting the management entity, the Secretary shall give priority to actions that assist in the—
- (A) implementation of the management plan;
- (B) provision of educational assistance and advice regarding land and water management techniques to conserve the significant natural resources of the region;
- (C) development and application of techniques promoting the preservation of cultural and historic properties;
- (D) preservation, restoration, and reuse of publicly and privately owned historic buildings;
- (E) design and fabrication of a wide range of interpretive materials based on the management plan, including guide brochures, visitor displays, audio-visual and interactive exhibits, and educational curriculum materials for public education; and

- (F) implementation of initiatives prior to approval of the management plan.
- (3) DOCUMENTATION OF STRUCTURES.—The Secretary, acting through the Historic American Building Survey and the Historic American Engineering Record, shall conduct studies necessary to document the industrial, engineering, building, and architectural history of the Heritage Area.
- (b) APPROVAL AND DISAPPROVAL OF MANAGEMENT PLANS.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Governor of Pennsylvania, shall approve or disapprove a management plan submitted under this title not later than 90 days after receiving such plan. In approving the plan, the Secretary shall take into consideration the following criteria:
- (1) The extent to which the management plan adequately preserves and protects the natural, cultural, and historical resources of the Heritage Area.
- (2) The level of public participation in the development of the management plan.
- (3) The extent to which the board of directors of the management entity is representative of the local government and a wide range of interested organizations and citizens
- (c) ACTION FOLLOWING DISAPPROVAL.—If the Secretary disapproves a management plan, the Secretary shall advise the management entity in writing of the reasons for the disapproval and shall make recommendations for revisions in the management plan. The Secretary shall approve or disapprove a proposed revision within 90 days after the date it is submitted.
- (d) APPROVING CHANGES.—The Secretary shall review and approve amendments to the management plan under section 705(b) that make substantial changes. Funds appropriated under this title may not be expended to implement such changes until the Secretary approves the amendments.
- (e) EFFECT OF INACTION.—If the Secretary does not approve or disapprove a management plan, revision, or change within 90 days after it is submitted to the Secretary, then such management plan, revision, or change shall be deemed to have been approved by the Secretary.

SEC. 807. DUTIES OF OTHER FEDERAL ENTITIES.

- Any Federal entity conducting or supporting activities directly affecting the Heritage Area shall—
- (1) consult with the Secretary and the management entity with respect to such activities;
- (2) cooperate with the Secretary and the management entity in carrying out their duties under this title and, to the maximum extent practicable, coordinate such activities with the carrying out of such duties; and
- (3) to the maximum extent practicable, conduct or support such activities in a manner that the management entity determines shall not have an adverse effect on the Heritage Area.

SEC. 808. SUNSET.

The Secretary may not make any grant or provide any assistance under this title after the expiration of the 15-year period beginning on the date that funds are first made available for this title.

SEC. 809. REQUIREMENTS FOR INCLUSION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY.

(a) NOTIFICATION AND CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNERS REQUIRED.—No privately owned property shall be preserved, conserved, or promoted by the management plan for the Heritage Area until the owner of that private property has been notified in writing by the management entity and has given written consent for such preservation, conservation, or promotion to the management entity.

(b) LANDOWNER WITHDRAW.—Any owner of private property included within the boundary of the Heritage Area shall have their property immediately removed from the boundary by submitting a written request to the management entity.

SEC. 810. PRIVATE PROPERTY PROTECTION.

- (a) ACCESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to—
- (1) require any private property owner to allow public access (including Federal, State, or local government access) to such private property; or
- (2) modify any provision of Federal, State, or local law with regard to public access to or use of private property.
- (b) LIABILITY.—Designation of the Heritage Area shall not be considered to create any liability, or to have any effect on any liability under any other law, of any private property owner with respect to any persons injured on such private property.
- (c) RECOGNITION OF AUTHORITY TO CONTROL LAND USE.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to modify the authority of Federal, State, or local governments to regulate land use.
- (d) Participation of Private Property Owners in Heritage Area.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to require the owner of any private property located within the boundaries of the Heritage Area to participate in or be associated with the Heritage Area.
- (e) EFFECT OF ESTABLISHMENT.—The boundaries designated for the Heritage Area represent the area within which Federal funds appropriated for the purpose of this title may be expended. The establishment of the Heritage Area and its boundaries shall not be construed to provide any nonexisting regulatory authority on land use within the Heritage Area or its viewshed by the Secretary, the National Park Service, or the management entity.

SEC. 811. USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS FROM OTHER SOURCES.

Nothing in this title shall preclude the management entity from using Federal funds available under Acts other than this title for the purposes for which those funds were authorized.

SEC. 812. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title—
- (1) not more than \$1,000,000 for any fiscal year; and
 - (2) not more than a total of \$10,000,000.
- (b) 50 PERCENT MATCH.—Financial assistance provided under this title may not be used to pay more than 50 percent of the total cost of any activity carried out with that assistance.

TITLE IX—WESTERN RESERVE HERITAGE AREAS STUDY

SEC. 901. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Western Reserve Heritage Areas Study Act".

SEC. 902. NATIONAL PARK SERVICE STUDY RE-GARDING THE WESTERN RESERVE, OHIO.

- (1) The area that encompasses the modernday counties of Trumbull, Mahoning, Ashtabula, Portage, Geagua, Lake, Cuyahoga, Summit, Medina, Huron, Lorain, Erie, Ottawa, and Ashland in Ohio with the rich history in what was once the Western Reserve, has made a unique contribution to the cultural, political and industrial development of the United States.
- (2) The Western Reserve is distinctive as the land settled by the people of Connecticut after the Revolutionary War. The Western Reserve holds a unique mark as the original

- wilderness land of the West that many settlers migrated to in order to begin life outside of the original 13 colonies.
- (3) The Western Reserve played a significant role in providing land to the people of Connecticut whose property and land was destroyed during the Revolution. These settlers were descendants of the brave immigrants who came to the Americas in the 17th century.
- (4) The Western Reserve offered a new destination for those who moved west in search of land and prosperity. The agricultural and industrial base that began in the Western Reserve still lives strong in these prosperous and historical counties.
- (5) The heritage of the Western Reserve remains transfixed in the counties of Trumbull, Mahoning, Ashtabula, Portage, Geagua, Lake, Cuyahoga, Summit, Medina, Huron, Lorain, Erie, Ottawa, and Ashland in Ohio. The people of these counties are proud of their heritage as shown through the unwavering attempts to preserve agricultural land and the industrial foundation that has been embedded in this region since the establishment of the Western Reserve. Throughout these counties, historical sites, and markers preserve the unique traditions and customs of its original heritage.
- (6) The counties that encompass the Western Reserve continue to maintain a strong connection to its historic past as seen through its preservation of its local heritage, including historic homes, buildings, and centers of public gatherings.
- (7) There is a need for assistance for the preservation and promotion of the significance of the Western Reserve as the natural, historic and cultural heritage of the counties of Trumbull, Mahoning, Ashtabula, Portage, Geagua, Lake, Cuyahoga, Summit, Medina, Huron, Lorain, Erie, Ottawa and Ashland in Ohio.
- (8) The Department of the Interior is responsible for protecting the Nation's cultural and historical resources. There are significant examples of such resources within these counties and what was once the Western Reserve to merit the involvement of the Federal Government in the development of programs and projects, in cooperation with the State of Ohio and other local governmental entities, to adequately conserve, protect, and interpret this heritage for future generations, while providing opportunities for education and revitalization.
 - (b) STUDY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with the State of Ohio, the counties of Trumbull, Mahoning, Ashtabula, Portage, Geagua, Lake, Cuyahoga, Summit, Medina, Huron, Lorain, Erie, Ottawa, and Ashland, and other appropriate organizations, carry out a study regarding the suitability and feasibility of establishing the Western Reserve Heritage Area in these counties in Ohio.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The study shall include analysis and documentation regarding whether the Study Area—
- (A) has an assemblage of natural, historic, and cultural resources that together represent distinctive aspects of American heritage worthy of recognition, conservation, interpretation, and continuing use, and are best managed through partnerships among public and private entities and by combining diverse and sometimes noncontiguous resources and active communities:
- (B) reflects traditions, customs, beliefs, and folklife that are a valuable part of the national story;
- (C) provides outstanding opportunities to conserve natural, historic, cultural, or scenic features;
- (D) provides outstanding recreational and educational opportunities;

- (E) contains resources important to the identified theme or themes of the Study Area that retain a degree of integrity capable of supporting interpretation;
- (F) includes residents, business interests, nonprofit organizations, and local and State governments that are involved in the planning, have developed a conceptual financial plan that outlines the roles for all participants, including the Federal Government, and have demonstrated support for the concept of a national heritage area;
- (G) has a potential management entity to work in partnership with residents, business interests, nonprofit organizations, and local and State governments to develop a national heritage area consistent with continued local and State economic activity;
- (H) has a conceptual boundary map that is supported by the public; and
- (I) has potential or actual impact on private property located within or abutting the Study Area.
- (c) BOUNDARIES OF THE STUDY AREA.—The Study Area shall be comprised of the counties of Trumbull, Mahoning, Ashtabula, Portage, Geagua, Lake, Cuyahoga, Summit, Medina, Huron, Lorain, Erie, Ottawa, and Ashland in Ohio.

TITLE X—GULLAH/GEECHEE CULTURAL HERITAGE

SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Gullah/Geechee Cultural Heritage Act".

SEC. 1002. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are to-

- (1) recognize the important contributions made to American culture and history by African-Americans known as the Gullah/ Geechee who settled in the coastal counties of South Carolina and Georgia:
- (2) assist State and local governments and public and private entities in the South Carolina and Georgia in interpreting the story of the Gullah/Geechee and preserving Gullah/Geechee folklore, arts, crafts, and music; and
- (3) assist in identifying and preserving sites, historical data, artifacts, and objects associated with the Gullah/Geechee for the benefit and education of the public.

SEC. 1003. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Act, the following definitions apply:

- (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Gullah/Geechee Cultural Heritage Corridor Commission established under this Act.
- (2) HERITAGE CORRIDOR.—The term "Heritage Corridor" means the Gullah/Geechee Cultural Heritage Corridor established by this Act.
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 1004. GULLAH/GEECHEE CULTURAL HERITAGE CORRIDOR.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Gullah/Geechee Cultural Heritage Corridor.
 - (b) Boundaries .-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Heritage Corridor shall be comprised of those lands and waters generally depicted on a map entitled "Gullah/Geechee Cultural Heritage Corridor" numbered GGCHC/80,000, and dated September 2004. The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service and in an appropriate State office in each of the States included in the Heritage Corridor. The Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register, as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act a detailed description and map of the boundaries established under this subsection.
- (2) REVISIONS.—The boundaries of the heritage corridor may be revised if the revision is— $\,$

- (A) proposed in the management plan developed for the Heritage Corridor;
- (B) approved by the Secretary in accordance with this Act; and
- (C) placed on file in accordance with paragraph (1).
- (c) ADMINISTRATION.—The Heritage Corridor shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 1005. GULLAH/GEECHEE CULTURAL HERIT-AGE CORRIDOR COMMISSION.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established a commission to be known as "Gullah/Geechee Cultural Heritage Corridor Commission" whose purpose shall be to assist Federal. State, and local authorities in the development and implementation of a management plan for those land and waters specified in section 4.
- (b) Membership.—The Commission shall be composed of nine members appointed by the Secretary as follows:
- (1) Four individuals nominated by the State Historic Preservation Officer of South Carolina and two individuals nominated by the State Historic Preservation Officer of Georgia and appointed by the Secretary.
- (2) Two individuals from South Carolina and one individual from Georgia who are recognized experts in historic preservation, anthropology, and folklore, appointed by the Secretary.
- (c) TERMS.—Members of the Commission shall be appointed to terms not to exceed 3 years. The Secretary may stagger the terms of the initial appointments to the Commission in order to assure continuity of operation. Any member of the Commission may serve after the expiration of their term until a successor is appointed. A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.
- TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1006. OPERATION OF THE COMMISSION.

- (a) DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION.—To further the purposes of the Heritage Corridor, the Commission shall-
- (1) prepare and submit a management plan to the Secretary in accordance with section
- (2) assist units of local government and other persons in implementing the Approved management plan by-
- (A) carry out programs and projects that recognize, protect, and enhance important resource values within the Heritage Corridor:
- (B) establishing and maintaining interpretive exhibits and programs within the Heritage Corridor:
- (C) developing recreational and educational opportunities in the Heritage Corridor:
- (D) increasing public awareness of and appreciation for the historical, cultural, natural, and scenic resources of the Heritage Corridor:
- (E) protecting and restoring historic sites and buildings in the Heritage Corridor that consistent with heritage corridor themes;
- (F) ensuring that clear, consistent, and appropriate signs identifying points of public access and sites of interest are posted throughout the Heritage Corridor; and
- (G) promoting a wide range of partnerships among governments, organizations, and individuals to further the purposes of the Heritage Corridor:
- (3) consider the interests of diverse units of government, business, organizations, and individuals in the Heritage Corridor in the preparation and implementation of the management plan;
- (4) conduct meetings open to the public at least quarterly regarding the development

- and implementation of the management plan;
- (5) submit an annual report to the Secretary for any fiscal year in which the Commission receives Federal funds under this Act, setting forth its accomplishments, expenses, and income, including grants made to any other entities during the year for which the report is made;
- (6) make available for audit for any fiscal vear in which it receives Federal funds under this Act, all information pertaining to the expenditure of such funds and any matching funds, and require all agreements authorizing expenditures of Federal funds by other organizations, that the receiving organization make available for audit all records and other information pertaining to the expenditure of such funds; and
- (7) encourage by appropriate means economic viability that is consistent with the purposes of the Heritage Corridor.
- (b) AUTHORITIES.—The Commission may. for the purposes of preparing and implementing the management plan, use funds made available under this Act to-
- (1) make grants to, and enter into cooperative agreements with the States of South Carolina and Georgia, political subdivisions of those States, a nonprofit organization, or any person;
 - (2) hire and compensate staff;
- (3) obtain funds from any source including any that are provided under any other Federal law or program; and
- (4) contract for goods and services.

SEC. 1007. MANAGEMENT PLAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The management plan for the Heritage Corridor shall-
- (1) include comprehensive policies, strategies, and recommendations for conservation. funding, management, and development of the Heritage Corridor:
- (2) take into consideration existing State. county, and local plans in the development of the management plan and its implementation:
- (3) include a description of actions that governments, private organizations, and individuals have agreed to take to protect the historical, cultural, and natural resources of the Heritage Corridor:
- (4) specify the existing and potential sources of funding to protect, manage, and develop the Heritage Corridor in the first 5 years of implementation;
- (5) include an inventory of the historical, cultural, natural, resources of the Heritage Corridor related to the themes of the Heritage Corridor that should be preserved, restored, managed, developed, or maintained;
- (6) recommend policies and strategies for resource management that consider and detail the application of appropriate land and water management techniques, including the development of intergovernmental and interagency cooperative agreements to protect the Heritage Corridor's historical, cultural, and natural resources;
- (7) describe a program for implementation of the management plan including plans for resources protection, restoration, construction, and specific commitments for implementation that have been made by the Commission or any government, organization, or individual for the first 5 years of implementation:
- (8) include an analysis and recommendations for the ways in which Federal. State. or local programs may best be coordinated to further the purposes of this Act; and
- (9) include an interpretive plan for the Heritage Corridor.
- (b) SUBMITTAL OF MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The Commission shall submit the management plan to the Secretary for approval not later than 3 years after funds are made available for this Act.

- (c) Failure to Submit.—If the Commission fails to submit the management plan to the Secretary in accordance with subsection (b), the Heritage Corridor shall not qualify for Federal funding until the management plan is submitted.
- (d) APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL OF MANAGE-MENT PLAN.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall approve or disapprove the management plan not later than 90 days after receiving the management plan.
- (2) CRITERIA.—In determining whether to approve the management plan, the Secretary shall consider whether-
- (A) the Commission has afforded adequate opportunity, including public hearings, for public and governmental involvement in the preparation of the management plan;
- (B) the resource preservation and interpretation strategies contained in the management plan would adequately protect the cultural and historic resources of the Heritage Corridor: and
- (C) the Secretary has received adequate assurances from appropriate State and local officials whose support is needed to ensure the effective implementation of the State and local aspects of the plan.
- (3) ACTION FOLLOWING DISAPPROVAL.—If the Secretary disapproves the management plan, the Secretary shall advise the Commission in writing of the reasons therefore and shall make recommendations for revisions to the management plan. The Secretary shall approve or disapprove a proposed revision not later than 60 days after the date it is submitted.
- (4) APPROVAL OF AMENDMENTS.—Substantial amendments to the management plan shall be reviewed and approved by the Secretary in the same manner as provided in the original management plan. The Commission shall not use Federal funds authorized by this Act to implement any amendments until the Secretary has approved the amendments.

SEC. 1008. TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL ASSIST-

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Upon a request of the Commission, the Secretary may provide technical and financial assistance for the development and implementation of the management plan.
- (b) PRIORITY FOR ASSISTANCE.—In providing assistance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to actions that assist in-
- (1) conserving the significant cultural, historical, and natural resources of the Heritage Corridor; and
- (2) providing educational and interpretive opportunities consistent with the purposes of the Heritage Corridor.
- (c) Spending for Non-Federal Prop-ERTY -
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may expend Federal funds made available under this Act on nonfederally owned property that is-
- (A) identified in the management plan; or (B) listed or eligible for listing on the Na-
- tional Register for Historic Places.
- (2) AGREEMENTS.—Any payment of Federal funds made pursuant to this Act shall be subject to an agreement that conversion, use, or disposal of a project so assisted for purposes contrary to the purposes of this Act, as determined by the Secretary, shall result in a right of the United States to compensation of all funds made available to that project or the proportion of the increased value of the project attributable to such funds as determined at the time of such conversion, use, or disposal, whichever is greater.

SEC. 1009. DUTIES OF OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.

Any Federal agency conducting or supporting activities directly affecting the Heritage Corridor shall—

- (1) consult with the Secretary and the Commission with respect to such activities;
- (2) cooperate with the Secretary and the Commission in carrying out their duties under this Act and, to the maximum extent practicable, coordinate such activities with the carrying out of such duties; and
- (3) to the maximum extent practicable, conduct or support such activities in a manner in which the Commission determines will not have an adverse effect on the Heritage Corridor.

SEC. 1010. COASTAL HERITAGE CENTERS.

In furtherance of the purposes of this Act and using the authorities made available under this Act, the Commission shall establish one or more Coastal Heritage Centers at appropriate locations within the Heritage Corridor in accordance with the preferred alternative identified in the Record of Decision for the Low Country Gullah Culture Special Resource Study and Environmental Impact Study, December 2003.

SEC. 1011. PRIVATE PROPERTY PROTECTION.

- (a) ACCESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require any private property owner to permit public access (including Federal, State, or local government access) to such private property. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to modify any provision of Federal, State, or local law with regard to public access to or use of private lands.
- (b) LIABILITY.—Designation of the Heritage Corridor shall not be considered to create any liability, or to have any effect on any liability under any other law, of any private property owner with respect to any persons injured on such private property.
- (c) RECOGNITION OF AUTHORITY TO CONTROL LAND USE.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to modify any authority of Federal, State, or local governments to regulate land
- (d) Participation of Private Property Owners in Heritage Corridor.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require the owner of any private property located within the boundaries of the Heritage Corridor to participate in or be associated with the Heritage Corridor.
- (e) EFFECT OF ESTABLISHMENT.—The boundaries designated for the Heritage Corridor represent the area within which Federal funds appropriated for the purpose of this Act shall be expended. The establishment of the Heritage Corridor and its boundaries shall not be construed to provide any non-existing regulatory authority on land use within the Heritage Corridor or its viewshed by the Secretary or the management entity.
- (f) NOTIFICATION AND CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNERS REQUIRED.—No privately owned property shall be preserved, conserved, or promoted by the management plan for the Heritage Corridor until the owner of that private property has been notified in writing by the management entity and has given written consent for such preservation, conservation, or promotion to the management entity.
- (g) LANDOWNER WITHDRAWAL.—Any owner of private property included within the boundary of the Heritage Corridor shall have their property immediately removed from within the boundary by submitting a written request to the management entity.

SEC. 1012. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this Act not more than \$1,000,000 for any fiscal year. Not more than a total of \$10,000,000 may be appro-

- priated for the Heritage Corridor under this Act.
- (b) COST SHARE.—Federal funding provided under this Act may not exceed 50 percent of the total cost of any activity for which assistance is provided under this Act.
- (c) IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS.—The Secretary may accept in-kind contributions as part of the non-Federal cost share of any activity for which assistance is provided under this Act.

SEC. 1013. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.

The authority of the Secretary to provide assistance under this Act shall terminate on the day occurring 15 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE XI—UTAH TEST AND TRAINING RANGE PROTECTION

SEC. 1101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Utah Test and Training Range Protection Act".

SEC. 1102. DEFINITIONS.

- In this title:
- (1) The term "covered wilderness" means the wilderness area designated by this title and wilderness study areas located near lands withdrawn for military use and beneath special use airspace critical to the support of military test and training missions at the Utah Test and Training Range, including the Deep Creek, Fish Springs, Swasey Mountain, Howell Peak, Notch Peak, King Top, Wah Wah Mountain, and Conger Mountain units designated by the Department of the Interior.
- (2) The term "Tribe" means the Skull Valley Band of Goshute Indians.
- (3) The term "Utah Test and Training Range" means those portions of the military operating area of the Utah Test and Training Area located solely in the State of Utah. The term includes the Dugway Proving Ground.
- (4) The term "Wilderness Act" means Public Law 88-577, approved September 3, 1964 (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.).

SEC. 1103. MILITARY OPERATIONS AND OVER-FLIGHTS, UTAH TEST AND TRAINING RANGE

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- (1) The testing and development of military weapons systems and the training of military forces are critical to ensuring the national security of the United States.
- (2) The Utah Test and Training Range in the State of Utah is a unique and irreplaceable national asset at the core of the test and training mission of the Department of Defense.
- (3) The Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area designated by section 1105, as well as several wilderness study areas, are located near lands withdrawn for military use or are beneath special use airspace critical to the support of military test and training missions at the Utah Test and Training Range.
- (4) The Utah Test and Training Range and special use airspace withdrawn for military uses create unique management circumstances for the covered wilderness in this title, and it is not the intent of Congress that passage of this title shall be construed as establishing a precedent with respect to any future national conservation area or wilderness designation.
- (5) Continued access to the special use airspace and lands that comprise the Utah Test and Training Range, under the terms and conditions described in this section, is a national security priority and is not incompatible with the protection and proper management of the natural, environmental, cultural, and other resources of such lands.
- (b) OVERFLIGHTS.—Nothing in this title or the Wilderness Act shall preclude low-level overflights and operations of military aircraft, helicopters, missiles, or unmanned

aerial vehicles over the covered wilderness, including military overflights and operations that can be seen or heard within the covered wilderness.

- (c) SPECIAL USE AIRSPACE AND TRAINING ROUTES.—Nothing in this title or the Wilderness Act shall preclude the designation of new units of special use airspace, the expansion of existing units of special use airspace, or the use or establishment of military training routes over the covered wilderness.
- (d) COMMUNICATIONS AND TRACKING SYS-TEMS.—Nothing in this title shall prevent any required maintenance of existing communications, instrumentation, or electronic tracking systems (or infrastructure supporting such systems) or prevent the installation of new communication, instrumentation, or other equipment necessary for effective testing and training to meet military requirements in wilderness study areas located beneath special use airspace comprising the Utah Test and Training Range, including the Deep Creek, Fish Springs, Swasey Mountain, Howell Peak, Notch Peak, King Top, Wah Wah Mountain, and Conger Mountain units designated by the Department of Interior, so long as the Secretary of the Interior, after consultation with the Secretary of the Air Force, determines that the installation and maintenance of such systems, when considered both individually and collectively, comply with section 603 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1782). (e) EMERGENCY ACCESS AND RESPONSE.-
- (e) EMERGENCY ACCESS AND RESPONSE.— Nothing in this title or the Wilderness Act shall preclude the continuation of the memorandum of understanding in existence as of the date of enactment of this title between the Department of the Interior and the Department of the Air Force with respect to emergency access and response.
- (f) PROHIBITION ON GROUND MILITARY OPERATIONS.—Except as provided in subsections (d) and (e), nothing in this section shall be construed to permit a military operation to be conducted on the ground in covered wilderness in the Utah Test and Training Range unless such ground operation is otherwise permissible under Federal law and consistent with the Wilderness Act.

SEC. 1104. PLANNING PROCESS FOR FEDERAL LANDS IN UTAH TEST AND TRAINING RANGE.

- (a) Analysis of Military Readiness and OPERATIONAL IMPACTS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall develop, maintain, and revise land use plans pursuant to section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S. C. 1712) for Federal lands located in the Utah Test and Training Range in consultation with the Secretary of Defense. As part of the required consultation in connection with a proposed revision of a land use plan, the Secretary of Defense shall prepare and transmit to the Secretary of the Interior an analysis of the military readiness and operational impacts of the proposed revision within six months of a request from the Secretary of Interior.
 (b) LIMITATION ON RIGHTS-OF-WAYS.—The
- (b) LIMITATION ON RIGHTS-OF-WAYS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall not grant or issue any authorizations for rights-of-way under section 501(a)(6) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1761(a)(6)) upon Federal lands identified as inventory units UTU-020-086, UTU-020-098, UTU-020-096, UTU-020-100, UTU-020-101, UTU-020-103, UTU-020-104, UTU-020-105, and UTU-020-110, as generally depicted on the map entitled "Wilderness Inventory, State of Utah" and dated August 1979, until the later of the following:
- (1) The completion of a full revision of the Pony Express Area Resource Management Plan, dated January 12, 1990, by the Salt Lake Field Office of the Bureau of Land Management.

(2) January 1, 2015.

SEC. 1105. DESIGNATION AND MANAGEMENT OF CEDAR MOUNTAIN WILDERNESS, UTAH.

(a) DESIGNATION.—Certain Federal lands in Tooele County, Utah, as generally depicted on the map entitled "Cedar Mountain Wilderness" and dated March 7, 2004, are hereby designated as wilderness and, therefore, as a component of the National Wilderness Preservation System to be known as the Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area.

(b) WITHDRAWAL.—Subject to valid existing rights, the Federal lands in the Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area are hereby withdrawn from all forms of entry, appropriation, or disposal under the public land laws, from location, entry, and patent under the United States mining laws, and from disposition under all laws pertaining to mineral and geothermal leasing, and mineral materials, and all amendments to such laws.

(c) MAP AND DESCRIPTION.—(1) As soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this title, the Secretary of the Interior shall transmit a map and legal description of the Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.

(2) The map and legal description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this title, except that the Secretary of the Interior may correct clerical and typographical errors in the map and legal description.

(3) The map and legal description shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Director of the Bureau of Land Management and the office of the State Director of the Bureau of Land Management in the State of Utah.

(d) ADMINISTRATION.—Subject to valid existing rights and this title, the Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the provisions of the Wilderness Act, except that any reference in such provisions to the effective date of the Wilderness Act (or any similar reference) shall be deemed to be a reference to the date of the enactment of this title.

(e) LAND ACQUISITION.—Any lands or interest in lands within the boundaries of the Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area acquired by the United States after the date of the enactment of this Act shall be added to and administered as part of the Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area.

(f) FISH AND WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT.—As provided in section 4(d)(7) of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1133(d)(7)), nothing in this title shall be construed as affecting the jurisdiction of the State of Utah with respect to fish and wildlife on the Federal lands located in that State.

(g) GRAZING.—Within the Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area, the grazing of livestock, where established before the date of the enactment of this title, shall be permitted to continue subject to such reasonable regulations, policies, and practices as the Secretary of the Interior considers necessary, as long as such regulations, policies, and practices fully conform with and implement the intent of Congress regarding grazing in such areas, as such intent is expressed in the Wilderness Act, section 101(f) of Public Law 101-628 (104 Stat. 4473), and appendix A of the Report of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs to accompany H.R. 2570 of the 101st Congress (H. Rept. 101-405).

(h) BUFFER ZONES.—Congress does not intend for the designation of the Cedar Mountain Wilderness Area to lead to the creation of protective perimeters or buffer zones around the wilderness area. The fact that nonwilderness activities or uses can be seen

or heard within the wilderness area shall not, of itself, preclude such activities or uses up to the boundary of the wilderness area.

(i) RELEASE FROM WILDERNESS STUDY AREA STATUS.—The lands identified as the Browns Spring Cherrystem on the map entitled "Proposed Browns Spring Cherrystem" and dated May 11, 2004, are released from their status as a wilderness study area, and shall no longer be subject to the requirements of section 603(c) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1782(c)) pertaining to the management of wilderness study areas in a manner that does not impair the suitability of those areas for preservation of wilderness.

SEC. 1106. IDENTIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL BU-REAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT LAND IN UTAH AS TRUST LAND FOR SKULL VALLEY BAND OF GOSHIITES.

(a) IDENTIFICATION OF TRUST LAND.—The Secretary of the Interior shall identify approximately 640 additional acres of Bureau of Land Management land in the State of Utah to be administered in trust for the benefit of the Skull Valley Band of Goshutes.

(b) SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS.—In identifying the land under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Interior shall—

(1) consult with leaders of the Tribe and the Governor of Utah; and

(2) ensure that the land has ready access to State or Federal highways and, in the judgment of the Secretary, provides the best opportunities for commercial economic development in closest proximity to other lands of the Tribe.

(c) PLACEMENT IN TRUST.—Not later than December 31, 2005, the Secretary of the Interior shall place the land identified pursuant to subsection (a) into trust for the purposes of economic development for the Tribe. At least 30 days before placing the land in trust for the Tribe, the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register legal descriptions of the land to be placed in trust.

(d) Management of Trust Land.—The land placed into trust for the Tribe under subsection (c) shall be administered in accordance with laws generally applicable to property held in trust by the United States for Indian Tribes, except that the land shall immediately revert to the administrative control of the Bureau of Land Management if the Tribe sells, or attempts to sell, any part of the land.

(e) Effect.—Nothing in this section—

(1) affects any valid right-of-way, lease, permit, mining claim, grazing permit, water right, or other right or interest of any person or entity (other than the United States) in or to the trust land that exists before the date on which the land is placed in trust for the Tribe under subsection (c);

(2) enlarges, impairs, or otherwise affects a right or claim of the Tribe to any land or interest in land based on Aboriginal or Indian title that exists before the date of the enactment of this title:

(3) constitutes an express or implied reservation of water or water right for any purpose with respect to the trust land; or

(4) affects any water right of the Tribe that exists before the date of the enactment of this title.

SEC. 1107. RELATION TO OTHER LANDS AND LAWS.

(a) OTHER LANDS.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to affect any Federal lands located outside of the covered wilderness or the management of such lands.

(b) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 2815 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106-65; 113 Stat. 852) is amended by striking subsection (d).

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from

California (Mr. POMBO) and the gentleman from Texas (Mr. RODRIGUEZ) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California (Mr. Pombo).

Mr. POMBO. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, S. 211, introduced by Senator BINGAMAN of New Mexico, and as amended by the Committee on Resources, contains 11 titles; however, eight of the 11 have already once passed this House. Therefore, in the interest of brevity, I will focus on the two titles that have not yet been considered by the full House, titles I and XI of the bill.

Title I would establish the Northern Rio Grande National Heritage Area across three counties within the State of New Mexico to commemorate the unique combination of cultures, languages, folk arts, customs, and architecture associated with the Spanish colonization of New Mexico beginning in 1598.

Finally, title XI contains language that would ensure the continued availability of the Utah Test and Training Range in northwestern Utah to support the readiness and training needs of the United States Armed Forces. That title takes advantage of the opportunity to make permanent the terms of military access and use, while also taking an important step towards resolving the outstanding Bureau of Land Management wilderness recommendations in Utah.

I urge adoption of the bill.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RODRIGUEZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, we have no objection to consideration of this measure.

This bill, S. 211, authorizes a single new National Heritage Area in New Mexico. Over the course of this Congress, however, a number of Heritage Area proposals have moved forward, but unfortunately, few have actually been enacted into law. Therefore, consideration of Senate bill 211 provides an opportunity to combine several of these proposals.

Mr. Speaker, we have no objection to the consideration of this measure.

Mr. UDALL of New Mexico. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of S. 211, which includes language to establish the Northern Rio Grande National Heritage Area. I am pleased to have sponsored H.R. 505, companion legislation to S. 211 as introduced and passed in the Senate. That version of the Senate legislation only provided for establishment of the Northern Rio Grande National Heritage Area. The bill before us today, however, includes an additional 100 pages of legislative language pertaining to other heritage area designations. Nevertheless, I am pleased that we will be moving one step closer to making the Northern Rio Grande Heritage Area a reality.

The establishment of the Northern Rio Grande National Heritage Area is a citizendriven effort to protect the remaining significant resources representative of the Spanish and Pueblo colonial era in north-central New Mexico. The bill identifies the northern New Mexico counties of Rio Arriba, Santa Fe and Taos as a National Heritage Area—an elite designation from Congress reserved for areas regarded as a significant resource.

Northern New Mexico boasts many sites of historic and cultural significance. Our State is a blend of Pueblo and Hispanic cultures, making it a very unique and special place in our country. This legislation would identify many of the sites that tell northern New Mexico's story, help preserve them and, in the process, allow them to be more thoroughly enjoyed by New Mexicans and visitors to our State. Preservation would directly led to economic development of this area through enhanced tourism.

The legislation creates a non-profit corporation governed by a 15- to 25-member board of trustees charged with developing a management plan for the heritage area. The board will consist of representatives from the State, affected counties, tribes, cities and others. The corporation's plan would consist of recommendations for identifying, conserving and preserving cultural, historical and natural resources within the heritage area, along with strategies to promote tourism of the region's natural and cultural assets.

The Northern Rio Grande Heritage Area is supported by the city of Española, the city of Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, Rio Arriba County, Taos County, La Jicarita Enterprise Community, the Chimayo Cultural Preservation Association, and the Eight Northern Pueblos. I urge my colleagues to join me and these communities and organizations in support of this legislation by voting for its passage today.

Mrs. CHRISTENSEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise in

Mrs. CHRISTENSEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of S. 211 to authorize a single new National Heritage Area in New Mexico. While the bill combines a number of Heritage Area in New Mexico. While the bill combines a number of Heritage Area proposals, I am particularly pleased to see my legislation, H.R. 1594, to provide for a study of the suitability and feasibility of establishing my home island of St. Croix as a National Heritage Area was also included in this package.

The island of St. Croix has a long, distinguished, and varied history, including being the site where Christopher Columbus first stepped onto what is now American soil. There is significant interest in preserving and enhancing the natural, historical and cultural resources of the island on a cooperative basis and such a study would provide guidance on how we can best achieve those purposes. Even though each of the U.S. Islands can

Even though each of the U.S. Islands can make a good case for designation as a National Heritage Area, the island of St. Croix with its two historic towns—Christiansted built in 1734 and Frederiksted built in 1752—is richly blessed with all of the attributes that would justify this designation.

The town's historic architecture matured over a 100-year period. The town of Christian-sted is one of the finest examples of Danish architectural designs in this hemisphere. Its history can be traced back some 4,000 years to 2500 B.C.

In 1493 Columbus arrived at what is now the Salt River National Historic Park and Ecological Preserve, making it the only site under the American flag where his men went ashore, as well as the first recorded hostile encounter between Europeans and Native Americans.

Frederiksted has the distinction of having been the first jurisdiction to have raised its flag in salute of the new Republic of the U.S.A., and indeed the first designed flag was done by a resident of that Island.

Mr. Speaker, S. 211 as amended, also includes important legislation to conserve and interpret important cultural and historical resources in Pennsylvania, Ohio and South Carolina. Many of our colleagues, including MIKE DOYLE of Pennsylvania, JIM CLYBURN of South Carolina and a new Member of this Congress, TIM RYAN of Ohio, have worked long and hard to shepherd these measures through the legislative process.

In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, I want to thank Full Committee Chairman POMBO, Ranking Member RAHALL, as well as Subcommittee Chairman RADANOVICH for their efforts in moving S. 211 to the floor of the House today.

I urge our colleagues to support S. 211.

Mr. RODRIGUEZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. POMBO. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. Pombo) that the House suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill, S. 211, as amended.

The question was taken; and (twothirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the Senate bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AMERICAN INDIAN PROBATE REFORM ACT OF 2004

Mr. POMBO. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill (S. 1721) to amend the Indian Land Consolidation Act to improve provisions relating to probate of trust and restricted land, and for other purposes.

The Clerk read as follows:

S 1721

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "American Indian Probate Reform Act of 2004".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that-

- (1) the Act of February 8, 1887 (commonly known as the "Indian General Allotment Act") (25 U.S.C. 331 et seq.), which authorized the allotment of Indian reservations, did not permit Indian allotment owners to provide for the testamentary disposition of the land that was allotted to them:
- (2) that Act provided that allotments would descend according to State law of intestate succession based on the location of the allotment;
- (3) the reliance of the Federal Government on the State law of intestate succession with respect to the descent of allotments has resulted in numerous problems affecting Indian tribes, members of Indian tribes, and the Federal Government, including—
- (A) the increasingly fractionated ownership of trust and restricted land as that land is inherited by successive generations of owners as tenants in common;
- (B) the application of different rules of intestate succession to each interest of a decedent in or to trust or restricted land if that land is located within the boundaries of more than 1 State, which application—

- (i) makes probate planning unnecessarily difficult; and
- (ii) impedes efforts to provide probate planning assistance or advice;
- (C) the absence of a uniform general probate code for trust and restricted land, which makes it difficult for Indian tribes to work cooperatively to develop tribal probate codes; and
- (D) the failure of Federal law to address or provide for many of the essential elements of general probate law, either directly or by reference, which—
- (i) is unfair to the owners of trust and restricted land (and heirs and devisees of owners); and
- (ii) makes probate planning more difficult; (4) a uniform Federal probate code would likely—
- (A) reduce the number of fractionated interests in trust or restricted land;
- (B) facilitate efforts to provide probate planning assistance and advice and create incentives for owners of trust and restricted land to engage in estate planning;
- (C) facilitate intertribal efforts to produce tribal probate codes in accordance with section 206 of the Indian Land Consolidation Act (25 U.S.C. 2205); and
- (D) provide essential elements of general probate law that are not applicable on the date of enactment of this Act to interests in trust or restricted land; and
- (5) the provisions of a uniform Federal probate code and other forth in this Act should operate to further the policy of the United States as stated in the Indian Land Consolidated Act Amendments of 2000, Public Law 106-462, 102, November 7, 2000, 114 Stat. 1992.
- (a) NONTESTAMENTARY DISPOSITION.—Section 207 of the Indian Land Consolidation Act (25 U.S.C. 2206) is amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:
 - "(a) NONTESTAMENTARY DISPOSITION.-
- "(1) RULES OF DESCENT.—Subject to any applicable Federal law relating to the devise or descent of trust or restricted property, any trust or restricted interest in land or interest in trust personalty that is not disposed of by a valid will—
- "(A) shall descend according to an applicable tribal probate code approved in accordance with section 206; or
- "(B) in the case of a trust or restricted interest in land or interest in trust personalty to which a tribal probate code does not apply, shall descend in accordance with—
 - "(i) paragraphs (2) through (5); and
- "(ii) other applicable Federal law.
- "(2) RULES GOVERNING DESCENT OF ESTATE.—
- "(A) SURVIVING SPOUSE.—If there is a surviving spouse of the decedent, such spouse shall receive trust and restricted land and trust personalty in the estate as follows:
- "(i) If the decedent is survived by 1 or more eligible heirs described in subparagraph (B) (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv), the surviving spouse shall receive ½ of the trust personalty of the decedent and a life estate without regard to waste in the interests in trust or restricted lands of the decedent.
- "(ii) If there are no eligible heirs described in subparagraph (B) (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv), the surviving spouse shall receive all of the trust personalty of the decedent and a life estate without regard to waste in the trust or restricted lands of the decedent.
- "(iii) The remainder shall pass as set forth in subparagraph (B).
- "(iv) Trust personalty passing to a surviving spouse under the provisions of this subparagraph shall be maintained by the Secretary in an account as trust personalty, but only if such spouse is Indian.
- "(B) INDIVIDUAL AND TRIBAL HEIRS.—Where there is no surviving spouse of the decedent,