

was honored by The American Heart Association and received its Lifetime Achievement Award.

Dr. Marvin Kirsh is also an accomplished writer and has authored and co-authored more than 200 published articles on cardiology and cardiothoracic surgery and contributed to the works of nearly two dozen other authors. One of his best-known works is "Blunt Chest Trauma", published in 1997.

Because of the dedication, devotion and skill of Dr. Marvin Kirsh, the lives of hundreds of military veterans have been touched.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that you and all my colleagues rise and join me in honoring Dr. Marvin Kirsh and his legacy of surgical excellence.

TRIBUTE TO MARTIN J. "HOOT"
MCINERNEY

HON. JOE KNOLLENBERG

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, December 6, 2004

Mr. KNOLLENBERG. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Martin J. "Hoot" McInerney, recipient of the St. Joseph Mercy Oakland Hospital Man of the Year Award and Distinguished Community Service Award.

Known for his kindness and infectious personality, Martin J. "Hoot" McInerney is also known throughout the metro-Detroit area as a successful car dealer and philanthropist, supporting numerous charities on a local, national and international level.

Hoot was born and raised in Detroit. He began his career in the automobile industry as a young boy working for an auto dealership, being paid fifty cents a week to keep the coal furnace stoked over cold weekends. In 1963, Chrysler offered Hoot his first dealership. Forty-one years later Hoot has become a successful businessman owning numerous car dealerships in the metro-Detroit area. The former U.S. Marine is still known to "hang out" at his Star Lincoln Mercury dealership in Southfield, Michigan.

Hoot helped to establish the St. Joseph Mercy Men of Mercy in 1974. He is also one of the founders of the J.P. McCarthy Foundation, in honor of the late and renowned radio personality who was diagnosed with and succumbed to myelodysplastic syndrome. He is also a generous donor to several Catholic churches and schools in the metro-Detroit area as well as churches and schools in Honduras, Nicaragua and the Sisters of Mary in Omaha, Nebraska.

In addition, Hoot supports Focus: HOPE, Operation Read, the Dave Thomas Foundation for Adoption, Purple Rose Theater, Friends of Golf, St. John's Men's Guild, Angel's Place, the National Football Fund and Stewards of Tomorrow.

Mr. Speaker, Hoot McInerney is deserving of this recognition for his humanitarian and volunteer efforts. His dedication to helping others has made a significant difference in the lives of many people.

RECOGNIZING SPENCER COPE FOR
ACHIEVING THE RANK OF EAGLE
SCOUT

HON. SAM GRAVES

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, December 6, 2004

Mr. GRAVES. Mr. Speaker, I proudly pause to recognize Spencer Cope, a very special young man who has exemplified the finest qualities of citizenship and leadership by taking an active part in the Boy Scouts of America, Troop 180, and in earning the most prestigious award of Eagle Scout.

Spencer has been very active with his troop, participating in many scout activities. Over the many years Spencer has been involved with scouting, he has not only earned numerous merit badges, but the respect of his family, peers, and community.

Mr. Speaker, I proudly ask you to join me in commending Spencer Cope for his accomplishments with the Boy Scouts of America and for his efforts put forth in achieving the highest distinction of Eagle Scout.

HONORING JENNIFER HAMMER

HON. TOM DAVIS

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, December 6, 2004

Mr. TOM DAVIS of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Jennifer Hammer of Northern Virginia, a friend and neighbor who passed away after succumbing to a three-year battle with Ovarian Cancer in November 2004.

Mrs. Hammer's courage and resilience should serve as an inspiration to us all. Despite her health, she remained an active member in her community. She volunteered at her children's schools and participated in the 350-mile AIDS bicycle ride from North Carolina to the National Mall. Mrs. Hammer worked hard to train, but was most concerned about the criteria to raise \$1,700 in order to participate. In the end, she raised over \$4,000 and finished the four-day ride with energy to spare.

On Election Day, Mrs. Hammer voted on the way to what would be her final surgery. She was so weak that the voting officials had to bring a voting machine to the car for her. She thanked them and then left for the hospital.

Mrs. Hammer touched many lives and is survived by her beloved husband Tom and children Adam and Samantha. Over Thanksgiving weekend, when many friends were out of town for the holiday, almost 600 people came to a memorial service to celebrate her life.

Mrs. Hammer showed us how to enjoy life in the good times and be positive and full of abundant grace in the worst of times. She was at peace in the end because of her faith in God and because she knew that she lived fully while on earth. Jennifer made a huge impact on many and was loved by all. Our lives were better for having known her, and we will continue to draw inspiration from her strength and compassion.

Mr. Speaker, in closing, I would like to pay tribute to the life and work Mrs. Hammer, and express my deepest condolences to all who knew and loved her.

H.R. 5107, THE JUSTICE FOR ALL
ACT

HON. TOM DELAY

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, December 6, 2004

Mr. DELAY. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of myself and Representatives SMITH and CARTER of Texas, I would like to include the attached letter from the Texas Task Force on Indigent Defense regarding H.R. 5107, the Justice For All Act (P.L. 108-405), into the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD. This letter responds directly to a statement found on page S11609 of the November 19, 2004 CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

The mission of the Texas Task Force on Indigent Defense is to promote justice and fairness to all indigent persons accused of criminal conduct, including juvenile respondents, as provided by the laws and constitutions of the United States and Texas. The Task Force was created by state law, the Fair Defense Act of 2001, and took effect on January 1, 2002. Since its implementation, the Task Force has awarded over \$30 million to 250 counties in Texas in furtherance of its mission to improve legal representation for indigent persons accused of crimes.

TEXAS TASK FORCE
ON INDIGENT DEFENSE,

Austin, Texas, December 1, 2004.

Re H.R. 5107, the "Justice For All Act"—
Congressional Record page S11613.

Hon. TOM DELAY,
U.S. House Majority Leader,
The Capitol, Washington, DC.

Hon. LAMAR SMITH,
Rayburn House Office Building,
Washington, DC.

Hon. JOHN CARTER,
Cannon House Office Building,
Washington, DC.

DEAR REPRESENTATIVES DELAY, SMITH, & CARTER: In response to an inquiry last week regarding the statements made by Mr. Leahy in his statement on November 19, 2004, I am offering the following for clarification of what I believe is the current state of indigent defense in Texas.

I commend the goals of this bill and the willingness of Congress to provide States much needed money in the criminal justice arena. Since the reforms to Texas indigent defense laws known as the Texas Fair Defense Act were originally enacted in 2001, the Task Force on Indigent Defense, the Texas judiciary, and local government have worked diligently to meet and exceed the mandates of this reform. This reform was hailed by Robert Spangenberg, a leading national expert on indigent defense as, "the most significant piece of indigent defense legislation passed by any state in the last twenty years."

Nevertheless, the key to meaningful reform lies in implementation. In that regard, Mr. Bill Beardall, Director of the Equal Justice Center, and leading advocate of indigent reform in Texas recently said that, "[S]ignificant indigent defense improvements were implemented both at the state level and in most of Texas's 254 counties in response to the new law."

Worth noting is that Mr. Spangenberg served as the primary author of the Fair Defense Report, which influenced the passage of the Fair Defense Act. In response to the progress made by Texas, he states: "In three short years, the Task Force has used the limited funding provided to mandate that each county has an indigent defense plan on file. Moreover, these plans are posted electronically and viewable by anyone. This in

itself is significant in that what was formerly a closed process is now open to public scrutiny. Also significant is the fact that these are countywide plans, thus providing greater uniformity than before when practices varied from judge to judge. From what I've seen, the Task Force has successfully built bridges with county government and leading advocate and public interest groups for meaningful collaboration and significant reform."

The following are some of the highlights of what Texas's courts, counties, and Task Force have accomplished.

More Indigent Defendants Receiving Court Appointed Counsel—In 2002, 278,479 persons received court appointed counsel. In 2004, 371,167 persons received court appointed counsel. This represents a 33% increase while all criminal case filings are up only 8%. Courts and local government are taking their responsibilities seriously.

Public Access—Every indigent defense plan (adult and juvenile) and every county's indigent defense expenditures are posted electronically and available to anyone with access to the Internet. In addition, all model forms, procedures, and rules promulgated by the Task Force are available online at www.courts.state.tx.us/tfjd.

In response to Task Force recommendations, judges across the state have submitted amendments to bring indigent defense plans into compliance with the law. Also, every indigent defense plan has been reviewed by the Task Force and is in accordance with the law.

Accountability—Because of centralized oversight of plan submission, the judiciary is accountable to the Task Force. County officials are accountable to the Task Force through expenditure reporting and because of receipt of state grants. Prior to this act each county and court in Texas was left to its own means on how to provide these services.

Training and Outreach—Each year since 2001, the Task Force and staff have provided presentations across the state to 1,200 or more judges, county commissioners, defense attorneys, county employees, and other criminal justice stakeholders on their responsibilities and on the responsibilities of the State regarding effective indigent defense representation. One program of particular interest was designed specifically for State district trial judges who hear capital offenses. This program was sponsored by the Center for American and International Law in Plano, Texas on August 19-20, 2004.

Spending Up Almost 50% Since 2001—The State and counties have significantly increased expenditures for indigent defense services statewide to improve the quality of counsel appointed to represent the poor.

In 2001, counties expended approximately \$92 million on indigent defense services without any state assistance. In 2002, county and state spending together reached approximately \$107 million—\$15 million more than was spent in 2001. In 2003, county and state spending together amounted to approximately \$130—\$38 million more than was spent in 2001. And, the most recent reports for FY04 reveal county and state spending together totaled approximately \$137 million—\$45 million more than 2001. All in all since the Fair Defense Act passed the State and counties are expending almost 50% more than they did prior to the Fair Defense Act. Neither the State nor the counties are abdicating their responsibilities—to the contrary, the State and counties are providing their best efforts to secure additional revenue sources as well as implementing process changes to ensure tax payers receive the most value possible for their tax dollars.

Nine Administrative Judicial Regions Working Collaboratively with Task Force—

The Nine Administrative Judicial Regions are responsible for the development of qualifications and standards for counsel in death penalty cases. Notwithstanding the Texas Defender Service report referenced by Mr. Leahy in his testimony, the nine administrative presiding judges take very seriously their responsibilities under Texas law. Through officially published standards and qualifications and a thorough screening process, they ensure that only the most capable and competent attorneys are appointed in death penalty cases.

The report that Mr. Leahy relies on was criticized by many criminal justice stakeholders in Texas. I was disappointed with the secretive and surprise tactics utilized by the authors in its preparation. No Task Force members or staff were consulted prior to the report's publication. More significantly, the nine administrative judges were not consulted regarding its preparation or its findings prior to its release. For a Dallas Morning News article regarding this report, I noted the report's lack of methodology and stated that the report's conclusions "may be a matter more of form over substance." John Dahill, general counsel for the Texas Conference of Urban Counties and a former Dallas County prosecutor, was more blunt. "It just riles me to no end that the Texas Defender Service and the Equal Justice Center didn't bother to inquire of people with knowledge in each of these counties," he said. Counties generally follow the regional plan for appointment of counsel in capital cases, he said, and Dallas County follows the plan of the first administrative judicial region. That region covers 34 counties in northeast Texas.

Judge John Ovard of Dallas, who presides over the 1st administrative region, said he had not had a chance to read the report but said the county's failing grade surprised him. "We're in compliance with the task force . . . which is the primary state agency we report to," he said. "I certainly am interested in looking at it and see why they came to those conclusions."

Task Force staff meets quarterly with the 9 Administrative Presiding judges. The Task Force provides administrative assistance to the 9 Administrative Judicial Regions in posting the lists of standards and attorneys qualified for appointments in electronic format readily available to anyone in Texas. This collaborative effort is not mandated by State law but is being done at the request of the 9 Administrative Presiding judges to ensure that this process is open to the public and administered consistently across the State.

Summary—For the first time in Texas history the State is providing oversight, fiscal assistance, and technical support to local government and courts to improve the delivery of indigent defense services. All 254 counties in Texas are in compliance with the state reporting requirements. Each indigent defense plan in Texas has been reviewed by the Task Force to ensure it provides for prompt appointment of qualified counsel and reasonable compensation for appointed counsel. Since the passage of the Fair Defense Act, staff has provided presentations across the state to more than 4000 judges, county commissioners, defense attorneys, county employees, and other criminal justice stakeholders on their responsibilities and the responsibilities of State regarding effective indigent defense representation. The key criminal justice stakeholders in Texas are being trained and the Texas system has improved dramatically since the passage of this law. Furthermore, in what may be its greatest achievement, the Task Force has created an efficient and collaborative infrastructure for continuing implementation of the Fair

Defense Act and for future improvements to indigent defense procedures statewide.

Thank you for considering my views. If you need any further information, feel free to contact me or any member of the Task Force. We are at your disposal to build on the successes all Texans have experienced since the passage of the Fair Defense Act.

Sincerely,

JAMES D. BETHKE,

Director, Task Force on Indigent Defense.

RECOGNIZING LUKAS JOHNSON FOR ACHIEVING THE RANK OF EAGLE SCOUT

HON. SAM GRAVES

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, December 6, 2004

Mr. GRAVES. Mr. Speaker, I proudly pause to recognize Lukas Johnson, a very special young man who has exemplified the finest qualities of citizenship and leadership by taking an active part in the Boy Scouts of America, Troop 180, and in earning the most prestigious award of Eagle Scout.

Lukas has been very active with his troop, participating in many Scout activities. Over the many years Lukas has been involved with Scouting, he has not only earned numerous merit badges, but the respect of his family, peers, and community.

Mr. Speaker, I proudly ask you to join me in commending Lukas Johnson for his accomplishments with the Boy Scouts of America and for his efforts put forth in achieving the highest distinction of Eagle Scout.

HONORING CHRISTIAN BROTHERS ACADEMY'S CLASS AA FOOT- BALL STATE TITLE

HON. JAMES T. WALSH

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, December 6, 2004

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to an extraordinary group of athletes, the Christian Brothers Academy's football team. CBAS captured its first State title in Class AA, the state's largest classification for any Section 3 team in the history of the tournament.

The 41 to 35 victory was a nail biting, come-from-behind win lead by Coach Joe Casamento, senior Greg Paulus, senior Lavar Lobdell, senior Bruce Williams, senior Brian Bojko and senior Erik Estabrook. While these individuals paved the way to victory in the final game of the season, the entire CBA football roster is responsible for the 2004 flawless success. They and their families who offer daily support deserve special recognition.

Lavar Lobdell, Erik Estabrook, Bruce Williams, Matt Kinnan, Greg Paulus, Max Greenky, Peter Giordano, Joe Nicoletti, Mike Paulus, Jim Chapman, Matt Halliday, Greg Khanzadian, Jovon Miller, Steve Peltz, Joe Losurdo, Adam Drescher, Mike Kenien, Alfonso Merola, Ricardo Donalson, McKenzie Mathews, Jim Brennan, Austin Merola, Brian Bojko, Greg Hadley, Dario Arezzo, Mike Suits, Pat McNamara, Tim Bobbett, Evan Mazur, Jon Knaust, Dan Delluomo, Andy Bongiovanni,