SENATE RESOLUTION 131—EX-PRESSING THE SENSE OF THE SENATE THAT THE PRESIDENT SHOULD AWARD THE PRESI-DENTIAL MEDAL OF FREEDOM TO GENERAL RAYMOND G. DAVIS, USMC (RETIRED)

Mr. MILLER (for himself, Mr. Burns, Mr. Warner, Mr. Chambliss, and Mr. Roberts) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 131

Whereas General Raymond G. Davis courageously served his country as a Marine in World War II, Korea, and Vietnam during 33 years of highly distinguished service;

Whereas General Davis was presented with the Medal of Honor by President Harry Truman for his heroic action in Korea:

Whereas General Davis culminated his extraordinary career in the Marines by serving as Assistant Commandant to the Marine Corps in 1972:

Whereas General Davis has worked tirelessly on behalf of military veterans since his retirement;

Whereas General Davis' determination and initiative led to the approval of the Korean War Veterans Memorial design, construction, and dedication in July of 1995;

Whereas General Davis has devoted a significant amount of time and energy to the ongoing construction of a Georgia War Veterans Memorial Park in Rockdale County, Georgia; and

Whereas General Davis, as an active duty Marine and as a private citizen, has demonstrated exemplary courage, unwavering devotion to duty, inspiring leadership, and sound judgment: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that the President should award the Presidential Medal of Freedom to General Raymond G. Davis, USMC (retired).

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED & PROPOSED

SA 533. Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. Lugar) proposed an amendment to the joint resolution S.J. Res. 3, expressing the sense of Congress with respect to human rights in Central Asia.

SA 534. Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. Lugar) proposed an amendment to the joint resolution S.J. Res. 3, supra.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 533. Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. Lugar) proposed an amendment to the joint resolution S.J. Res. 3, expressing the sense of Congress with respect to human rights in Central Asia; as follows:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

That it is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) the governments of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan should accelerate democratic reforms and fulfill their human rights obligations, including, where appropriate, by—
- (A) releasing from prison anyone jailed for peaceful political activism or the nonviolent expression of their political or religious beliefs;
- (B) fully investigating any credible allegations of torture and prosecuting those responsible;
- (C) permitting the free and unfettered functioning of independent media outlets,

independent political parties, and nongovernmental organizations, including by easing registration processes;

- (D) permitting the free exercise of religious beliefs and ceasing the persecution of members of religious groups and denominations that do not engage in violence or political change through violence;
- (E) holding free, competitive, and fair elections; and
- (F) making publicly available documentation of their revenues and punishing those engaged in official corruption;
- (2) the President, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Defense should—
- (A) continue to raise at the highest levels with the governments of the nations of Central Asia specific cases of political and religious persecution, and to urge greater respect for human rights and democratic freedoms at every diplomatic opportunity;
- (B) take progress in meeting the goals specified in paragraph (1) into account when determining the scope and nature of our diplomatic and military relations and assistance with each of such governments;
- (C) ensure that the provisions of foreign operations appropriations Acts are fully implemented to ensure that no United States assistance benefits security forces in Central Asia that are implicated in violations of human rights:
- (D) press the Government of Turkmenistan to implement the helpful recommendations contained in the so-called "Moscow Mechanism" Report of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) respect the right of all prisoners to due process and a fair trial and release democratic activists and their family members from prison;
- (E) urge the Government of Russia not to extradite to Turkmenistan members of the political opposition of Turkmenistan;
- (F) work with the Government of Kazakhstan to create a political climate free of intimidation and harassment, including releasing political prisoners and permitting the return of political exiles, and to reduce official corruption, including by urging the Government of Kazakhstan to cooperate with the ongoing Department of Justice investigation;
- (G) support through United States assistance programs individuals, nongovernmental organizations, and media outlets in Central Asia working to build more open societies, to support the victims of human rights abuses, and to expose official corruption; and
- (H) press the Government of Uzbekistan to implement fully the recommendations made to the Government of Uzbekistan by the United Nation's Special Rapporteur on Torture: and
- (3) increased levels of United States assistance to the governments of the nations of Central Asia made possible by their cooperation in the war in Afghanistan can be sustained only if there is substantial and continuing progress towards meeting the goals specified in paragraph (1).

SA 534. Mr. McCONNELL (for Mr. Lugar) proposed an amendment to the joint resolution S.J. Res. 3, expressing the sense of Congress with respect to human rights in Central Asia; as follows:

Strike the preamble and insert the following:

Whereas the Central Asian nations of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan are providing the United States with assistance in the war in Afghanistan, from military basing and overflight rights to the facilitation of humanitarian relief;

Whereas in turn the United States victory over the Taliban in Afghanistan provides important benefits to the Central Asian nations by removing a regime that threatened their security and by significantly weakening the Islamic Movement of Uzbekistan, a terrorist organization that had previously staged armed raids from Afghanistan into the region:

Whereas the United States has consistently urged the nations of Central Asia to open their political systems and economies and to respect human rights, both before and since the attacks of September 11, 2001;

Whereas Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan are members of the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), both of which confer a range of obligations with respect to human rights on their members;

Whereas while the United States recognizes marked differences among the social structures and commitments to democratic and economic reform of the Central Asian nations, the United States notes nevertheless, according to the State Department Country Reports on Human Rights Practices, that all five governments of such nations, to differing degrees, restrict freedom of speech and association, restrict or ban the activities of human rights organizations and other non-governmental organizations, harass or prohibit independent media, imprison political opponents, practice arbitrary detention and arrest, and engage in torture and extrajudical executions;

Whereas by continuing to suppress human rights and to deny citizens peaceful, democratic means of expressing their convictions, the nations of Central Asia risk fueling popular support for violent and extremist movements, thus undermining the goals of the war on terrorism;

Whereas President George W. Bush has made the defense of human dignity, the rule of law, limits on the power of the state, respect for women and private property, free speech, equal justice, religious tolerance strategic goals of United States foreign policy in the Islamic world, arguing that "a truly strong nation will permit legal avenues of dissent for all groups that pursue their aspirations without violence"; and

Whereas Congress has expressed its desire to see deeper reform in Central Asia in past resolutions and other legislation, most recently conditioning assistance to Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan on their progress in meeting commitments to the United States on human rights and democracy: Now, therefore, be it

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to meet on Thursday, May 1, 2003, at 9:30 a.m. in SR-253 on pending committee business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to meet on Thursday, May 1, 2003, at 2:30 p.m. in SR-253 on Nanotechnology.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL} \\ \text{RESOURCES} \end{array}$

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate, on Thursday, May 1, at 10:00 a.m. to consider Comprehensive Energy Legislation.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, May 1, 2003 at 10:00 a.m. to hold a Nomination Hearing.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Governmental Affairs be authorized to meet on Thursday, May 1,

2003 at 10:00 a.m. for a hearing entitled "Investing in Homeland Security: Streamlining and Enhancing Homeland Security Grant Programs."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet to conduct a hearing on "Judicial Nominations" on Thursday, May 1, 2003, at 10:30 a.m. in Dirksen Room 226.

I. Nominations: Carolyn B. Kuhl to be US Circuit Judge for the Ninth Circuit, John G. Roberts, Jr. to be US Circuit Judge for the District of Columbia Circuit, J. Leon Holmes to be US District Judge for the Eastern District of Arkansas, and Patricia Head Minaldi to be United States District Judge for the Western District of Louisiana.

II. Bills: S. Res. 75, A resolution commemorating and acknowledging the dedication and sacrifice made by the men and women who have lost their lives while serving as law enforcement officers [CAMPBELL, LEAHY, HATCH, BIDEN, DURBIN].

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate for a roundtable entitled "SBA Re-Authorization: Credit Programs (Part II)" and other matters on Thursday, May 1, 2003, beginning at 9:30 a.m. in room 428A of the Russell Senate Office Building.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, May 1, 2003 at 2:30 p.m. to hold a closed mark-up.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

FOREIGN CURRENCY REPORTS

In accordance with the appropriate provisions of law, the Secretary of the Senate herewith submits the following reports for standing committees of the Senate, certain joint committees of the Congress, delegations and groups, and select and special committees of the Senate, relating to expenses incurred in the performance of authorized foreign travel:

AMENDED FROM 2002 4TH QUARTER—CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95–384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FOR TRAVEL FROM OCT. 1, TO DEC. 31, 2002

Name and country	Name of currency	Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Jon Kamarck: Japan Total	Dollar		1,356.00 1,356.00		7,155.21 7,155.21				8,511.21 8,511.21

TED STEVENS, Chairman, Committee on Appropriations, Apr. 2, 2003.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95–384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2003

Name and country		Per	Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency							
enator Bill Nelson:										
Haiti	Dollar		46.00						46.0	
aren Cully: Haiti	Dollar						110.00		110.0	
enator John McCain:										
Germany	Euro		518.00						518.0	
enator Joseph I. Lieberman:			600.00						600.0	
Germany enator Jack Reed:	Euro		000.00						600.0	
Germany	Euro		476.95						476.9	
enator Lindsey Graham:			., 0.00						.,	
Germany	Euro		650.00						650.0	
rederick M. Downey:										
Germany	Euro		632.00						632.0	
laniel C. Twining:	Fire		720.00						720.0	
Germany enator John Warner:	Euro		720.00						/20.0	
Italy	Dollar		109.00						109.0	
Qatar			305.00						305.0	
Pakistan	Dollar		46.00						46.0	
Kuwait	Dollar		258.00						258.0	
United Kingdom			223.00						223.0	
enator Carl Levin:										
Qatar	Dollar		290.00						290.0	
Pakistan	Dollar		46.00						46.0	
Kuwait	Dollar		258.00						258.0	
United Kingdom			449.00						449.0	
enator Pat Roberts:										
Italy	Dollar		189.00						189.0	
Qatar			568.00						568.0	
Pakistan	Dollar		320.00						320.0	
Kuwait			439.00						439.0	