

Mr. REID, Mr. DAYTON, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, and Mr. COLEMAN):

S. 585. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to repeal the requirement for reduction of SBP survivor annuities by dependency and indemnity compensation; to the Committee on Armed Services.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 2

At the request of Mr. NICKLES, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SANTORUM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide additional tax incentives to encourage economic growth.

S. 50

At the request of Mr. JOHNSON, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. SARBANES) was added as a cosponsor of S. 50, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for a guaranteed adequate level of funding for veterans health care, and for other purposes.

S. 98

At the request of Mr. ALLARD, the name of the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. LIEBERMAN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 98, a bill to amend the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, and the Revised Statutes of the United States, to prohibit financial holding companies and national banks from engaging, directly or indirectly, in real estate brokerage or real estate management activities, and for other purposes.

S. 215

At the request of Mrs. FEINSTEIN, the name of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. CHAMBLISS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 215, a bill to authorize funding assistance for the States for the discharge of homeland security activities by the National Guard.

S. 287

At the request of Mr. BENNETT, the name of the Senator from Alaska (Mr. STEVENS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 287, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that a deduction equal to fair market value shall be allowed for charitable contributions of literary, musical, artistic, or scholarly compositions created by the donor.

S. 321

At the request of Mr. MCCAIN, the name of the Senator from Kansas (Mr. BROWNBACK) was added as a cosponsor of S. 321, a bill to provide for the establishment of a scientific basis for new firefighting technology standards, improve coordination among Federal, State, and local fire officials in training for and responding to terrorist attacks and other national emergencies, and for other purposes.

S. 324

At the request of Mr. LEVIN, the name of the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. KOHL) was added as a cosponsor of S. 324, a bill to amend the National Trails System Act to clarify Federal

authority relating to land acquisition from willing sellers for certain trails in the National Trails System.

S. 330

At the request of Mr. CAMPBELL, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. VOINOVICH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 330, a bill to further the protection and recognition of veterans' memorials, and for other purposes.

S. 338

At the request of Mr. LAUTENBERG, the name of the Senator from New York (Mr. SCHUMER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 338, a bill to protect the flying public's safety and security by requiring that the air traffic control system remain a Government function.

S. 363

At the request of Ms. MIKULSKI, the name of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KERRY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 363, a bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to provide that the reductions in social security benefits which are required in the case of spouses and surviving spouses who are also receiving certain Government pensions shall be equal to the amount by which two-thirds of the total amount of the combined monthly benefit (before reduction) and monthly pension exceeds \$1,200, adjusted for inflation.

S. 457

At the request of Mr. LEAHY, the names of the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. CHAFEE) and the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. HOLLINGS) were added as cosponsors of S. 457, a bill to remove the limitation on the use of funds to require a farm to feed livestock with organically produced feed to be certified as an organic farm.

S. 501

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. DASCHLE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 501, a bill to provide a grant program for gifted and talented students, and for other purposes.

S. 509

At the request of Mrs. FEINSTEIN, the name of the Senator from Illinois (Mr. DURBIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 509, a bill to modify the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to conduct investigations, to increase the penalties for violations of the Federal Power Act and Natural Gas Act, to authorize the Chairman of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to contract for consultant services, and for other purposes.

S. 512

At the request of Mr. VOINOVICH, the names of the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. AKAKA) and the Senator from Georgia (Mr. MILLER) were added as cosponsors of S. 512, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude from gross income amounts paid on behalf of Federal employees under Federal student loan repayment programs.

S. 518

At the request of Ms. COLLINS, the name of the Senator from Mississippi

(Mr. LOTT) was added as a cosponsor of S. 518, a bill to increase the supply of pancreatic islet cells for research, to provide better coordination of Federal efforts and information on islet cell transplantation, and to collect the data necessary to move islet cell transplantation from an experimental procedure to a standard therapy.

S. 546

At the request of Mr. AKAKA, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. WYDEN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 546, a bill to provide for the protection of paleontological resources on Federal lands, and for other purposes.

S. 558

At the request of Mr. MCCAIN, the name of the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. INOUE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 558, a bill to elevate the position of the Director of the Indian Health Service within the Department of Health and Human Services to Assistant Secretary for Indian Health, and for other purposes.

S. 569

At the request of Mr. ENSIGN, the names of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. CHAMBLISS) and the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. CORZINE) were added as cosponsors of S. 569, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to repeal the medicare outpatient rehabilitation therapy caps.

S.J. RES. 6

At the request of Mr. LIEBERMAN, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. BAYH) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 6, a joint resolution expressing the sense of Congress with respect to planning the reconstruction of Iraq.

S.J. RES. 7

At the request of Ms. LANDRIEU, the name of the Senator from Alaska (Mr. STEVENS) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 7, a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to the reference to God in the Pledge of Allegiance and on United States currency.

S. CON. RES. 8

At the request of Ms. COLLINS, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SPECTER) was added as a cosponsor of S. Con. Res. 8, a concurrent resolution designating the second week in May each year as "National Visiting Nurse Association Week."

S. RES. 48

At the request of Mr. AKAKA, the name of the Senator from New York (Mrs. CLINTON) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 48, a resolution designating April 2003 as "Financial Literacy for Youth Month."

S. RES. 74

At the request of Mrs. FEINSTEIN, the name of the Senator from California (Mrs. BOXER) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 74, a resolution to amend rule XLII of the Standing Rules of the Senate to prohibit employment discrimination in the Senate based on sexual orientation.

S. RES. 78

At the request of Mr. SPECTER, the names of the Senator from Louisiana

(Ms. LANDRIEU), the Senator from Virginia (Mr. ALLEN) and the Senator from Florida (Mr. GRAHAM) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 78, a resolution designating March 25, 2003, as "Greek Independence Day: A National Day of Celebration of Greek and American Democracy."

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. LUGAR:

S. 580. A bill to authorize the extension of nondiscriminatory treatment (normal trade relations treatment) to the products of Russia; to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, I rise today to offer legislation to repeal the Jackson-Vanik amendment to Title IV of the 1974 Trade Act as it relates to Russia and to authorize the President to grant permanent normal trade relations to Russia.

Congress passed the 1974 Jackson-Vanik amendment to deny permanent normal trade relations to communist countries that restricted emigration rights. Over the years, it has been an effective tool to promote free emigration, but its continuing applicability to Russia no longer makes sense in the context of the many changes that have occurred since the fall of the Soviet Union.

Since 1994, successive Administrations have found Russia in full compliance with the requirements of freedom of emigration. Because Russia continues to be subject to Jackson-Vanik, the Administration must submit a semi-annual report to the Congress on Russia's continued compliance with freedom of emigration requirements. Since 1991, Congress has authorized the removal of Jackson-Vanik restrictions from Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, the Czech Republic, the Slovak Republic, Hungary, Bulgaria, Romania, Kyrgyzstan, Albania, and Georgia. The conditions that have warranted these countries' removal from Title IV reporting apply equally to Russia.

For more than 8 years, Russia has satisfied the requirements of the Jackson-Vanik legislation. It has supported free emigration and it has signed a bilateral trade agreement with the United States allowing the application of normal trade relations status. Last year, the United States declared that Russia would no longer be considered a nonmarket economy for the purposes of trade remedies laws. Russia has made tremendous strides in the last decade. While Russia currently receives normal trade relations treatment with respect to its exports to the U.S., repealing Jackson-Vanik will remove the requirement of semi-annual reports that have been an irritant in U.S.-Russia relations. Granting permanent normal trade relations also will provide certainty that will improve the investment climate and promote enhanced economic relations between the U.S. and Russia. I urge my colleagues to support this legislation.

By Mr. BUNNING:

S. 582. A bill to authorize the Department of Energy to develop and implement an accelerated research and development program for advanced clean coal technologies for use in coal-based electricity generating facilities and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide financial incentives to encourage the retrofitting, repowering, or replacement of coal-based electricity generating facilities to protect the environment and improve efficiency and encourage the early commercial application of advanced clean coal technologies, so as to allow coal to help meet the growing need of the United States for the generation of reliable and affordable electricity; to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. BUNNING. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 582

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Coal Energy Research Development and Demonstration Act of 2003".

SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

TITLE I.—ACCELERATED TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY

Sec. 101. Definitions.

Sec. 102. Cost and performance goals.

Sec. 103. Study.

Sec. 104. Technology research and development program.

Sec. 105. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE II.—CLEAN COAL POWER INITIATIVE

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 202. Clean coal power initiative criteria.

Sec. 203. Report.

Sec. 204. Clean coal centers of excellence.

TITLE III.—CLEAN COAL INCENTIVES

Subtitle A—Credit for Emission Reductions and Efficiency Improvements in Existing Coal-Based Electricity Generation Facilities

Sec. 301. Credit for production from a qualifying clean coal technology unit.

Subtitle B—Incentives for Early Commercial Applications of Advanced Clean Coal Technologies

Sec. 302. Credit for investment in qualifying advanced clean coal technology.

Sec. 303. Credit for production from a qualifying advanced clean coal technology unit.

Subtitle C—Treatment of persons Not Able To Use Entire Credit

Sec. 304. Treatment of persons not able to use entire credit.

TITLE I.—ACCELERATED TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY

SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(a) COST AND PERFORMANCE GOALS.—The term "cost and performance goals" means the cost and performance goals established under section 102.

(b) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.

SEC. 102. COST AND PERFORMANCE GOALS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall perform an assessment that identifies cost and performance goals of technologies that would permit the continued cost-competitive use of coal for electricity generation, as chemical feedstocks, and as transportation fuel in 2007, 2015 and the years after 2020.

(b) CONSULTATION.—In establishing the cost and performance goals, the Secretary shall—

(1) consider activities and studies undertaken to date by industry in cooperation with the Department of Energy in support of such assessment; and

(2) consult with interested entities, including coal producers, industries using coal, organizations to promote coal and advanced coal technologies, environmental organizations and organizations representing workers.

(c) TIMING.—The Secretary shall—

(1) Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, issue a set of draft cost and performance goals for public comment; and

(2) not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, after taking into consideration any public comments received, submit to Congress the final cost and performance goals.

SEC. 103. STUDY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and once every 2 years thereafter through 2016, the Secretary, in cooperation with other appropriate federal agencies, shall conduct a study to—

(1) identify technologies that, by themselves or in combination with other technologies, may be capable of achieving the cost and performance goals;

(2) assess the costs that would be incurred by, and the period of time that would be required for, the development and demonstration of technologies that, by themselves or in combination with other technologies, contribute to the achievement of the cost and performance goals;

(3) develop recommendations for technology development programs, which the Department of Energy could carry out in cooperation with industry, to develop and demonstrate technologies that, by themselves or in combination with other technologies, achieves the cost and performance goals; and

(4) develop recommendations for additional authorities required to achieve the cost and performance goals, and review and recommend changes, if any, to those cost and performance goals if the Secretary determines that such changes are necessary as a result of ongoing research, development and demonstration of technologies.

(b) COOPERATION.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall give due weight to the expert advice of representatives of the entities described in section 102(b)(2).

SEC. 104. TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a technology research, development and demonstration program to facilitate production and generation of coal-based power through methods and equipment under—

(1) this Title;

(2) the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5901 et seq.);

(3) the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5801 et seq.); and