

Awareness Week, February 2 to 8. This week provides an opportunity to educate children and families about the risks that lead to unfortunate and tragic accidents.

Unfortunately our most vulnerable, infants and young children, face greater risks from burn injuries than adults or older children. They rely on the adults around them to ensure their environment is safe and free from potential burn-causing hazards. That is why in addition to treating over 20 percent of all pediatric burns in the Nation at their four national burn centers in Boston, Galveston, Cincinnati, and Sacramento, Shriners Hospitals focus on education and prevention of burn injuries.

The Shriners Hospitals for Children is a unique charitable organization that has never sought nor received Federal, State, local, or third-party funding of any kind. Additionally, Shriners Hospitals are distinctive in that they offer full physical, psychological, and emotional care to all the children they treat.

The annual budget for the 22 orthopedic and burn hospitals totals over half a billion dollars and has an active patient roster of over 156,000 children. It is obvious how important the Shriners Hospitals are to the health of our children. The Shriners Hospitals are completely free to victims, despite the fact that they will spend \$1.5 million on children every day this year.

In recognition of Burn Awareness Week, I ask my colleagues to commend such charitable organizations as the Shriners Hospitals that contribute to the care, education, and research necessary to treat and work to prevent children's burn accidents.●

CARROLL COLLEGE WINS NATIONAL FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

● Mr. BURNS. Mr. President, I rise today to pay tribute to a great bunch of college athletes from one of the best colleges in the Northwest. On December 21, the Carroll College Fighting Saints from Helena, MT, defeated the Georgetown Tigers of Georgetown, KY, to win Carroll's first NAIA national football championship.

The Fighting Saints scored 21 points in the first half, leading the Tigers 21 to 7. These 21 points were the most the Tiger defense had given up all season. Additionally, this was the first time they had trailed at halftime all season. During the second half, the Saints scored their fourth touchdown. This touchdown went unanswered by the Tigers, and the Fighting Saints won their first NAIA title by a score of 28 to 7.

The 2002 Carroll team is truly one of the best to play in the Frontier Conference, and I can personally attest to that since I had the pleasure of watching this fine team play last year. However, this is not by any means the first time this school has had an outstanding football team. Carroll College

has a long tradition of outstanding coaches and student athletes. One noteworthy team was the 1931 Mount Saint Charles College football squad. It wasn't until the next year that Mount Saint Charles became Carroll College. This 1931 team went 6 and 0, beating Montana State University twice. Incidentally, these football players were unscored upon during that year. This team was the Carroll College team of the 20th century, and the 2002 Fighting Saints are truly the team of the 21st century.

The 2002 national championship team had four players named to the NAIA All American football team, a great honor for any program. While these are outstanding athletes, they are not alone. Every member of this team played an important role in winning this national championship. That is why, at this time, I would like to submit a full Fighting Saints roster to be printed in the RECORD of the Senate following my statement. I would also like to commend Coach Mike Van Diest and his coaching staff for putting together and leading such a fine team.

Carroll College has long been known for quality athletic programs, but its academic reputation is one that receives national attention year after year. In the fall of 2002, U.S. News and World Report ranked Carroll as the fourth best comprehensive college in the West. This is Carroll's ninth year in the top 10 in this category. The pre-med class of 2002 had a 100-percent acceptance rate at prestigious medical schools all across the country. Carroll's accounting students achieve a first-time CPA exam passage rate three times the national average. The Carroll College Talking Saints forensics team ranks among the best in the Nation year after year. In 1999, the Talking Saints won the National Parliamentary Debate Associations national championship.

Today, I congratulate the student athletes and coaches of the 2002 NAIA national championship football team, but would also like to commend the many fine accomplishments of the students and faculty of Carroll College.

The roster follows:

Bryan Chase, Mike Miller, Heath Wall, Zach Bumgarner, Matt Garreffa, Nick Garreffa, Bryce Doak, Cory Perzinski, Dustin Michaelis, John Klaboe, Mark Esponda, Travis Bradshaw, Marcus Atkinson, Jeremy Pantoja, Tom Boyle, Devin Wolf, Mike Maddox, Sheridan Jones, Kyle Baker, Buck Bower, D.J. Dearcorn, Dustin Barber, Arnie Bloomquist, Jason Ostler, Regan Mack, Matt Slingsby, Nate Chiovaro, Rhett Crites, Joey Stuart, Darold Debolt, Mike Pancich, Chris Ramstead, Casey Glenn, Shawn Wanderaas, Jarrod Wirt, A.J. Porrini, Chris Jones, Gary Cooper, Jared Petrino, Matt Thomas, Nick Porrini, Quinn Erwin, Scott Wunderlich, Tyler Emmert, Brett Bermingham, John Forba, Justin Wigen, Spencer Schmitz, Tyler Maxwell, Kevin McCutcheon, Paul Barnett, Jeff Pasha, Curtis Lineweaver, Matt Peterson, James Grimes, Tim Bowman, Luke Lagomasino, Shane Larson, Nick Hammond, Robb Latrielle, Brad Grutsch, Matt Ventresca,

Jeremy Grove, Mike Ward, Pat Womac, Kyle East, Nick Colasurdo, Zack Zawacki, Gary Hiner, Casey FitzSimmons, Sam Morton, Brandon Sheahan, Josh Schmidt, Mark Gallik, Jeff Shirley, Mike Donovan, Andrew Hunter, Ben Shapiro, Jeff Michelson, Zac Titus, Mike Kuhnly, Jessie King, Phillip Wilson ●

HONORING DR. JOSETTE LINDAHL

● Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. President, I rise today to publicly commend Dr. Josette Lindahl of Vermillion, SD, for being named one of six National Institute of Mental Health Outstanding Psychiatry Residents and South Dakota's first recipient of a National Institute of Health grant.

A third-year psychiatry resident at the University of South Dakota School of Medicine, Josette will use the 3-year National Institute of Health grant, which is awarded to physicians who have the desire to perform research, to study glutamate receptor subunit function and schizophrenia. Josette hopes her research will lead to a better understanding of schizophrenia and more effective treatments. She has also received a grant from Avera McKennan Hospital to study brain receptors and their role in the etiology of schizophrenia.

In 1982, Josette received her bachelor's degree from the University of South Dakota where she was a Presidential Alumni Scholar. Three years after graduating, she opened her own business in Vermillion and performed veterinary diagnostic tests. Josette's company became the first joint venture between a State agency and a private high-tech corporation. In 1996, she received a Ph.D., from the University of South Dakota, and in 2000 earned her medical degree. Today, Josette sees patients 2 days a week at Lewis and Clark Mental Health Center in Yankton, as well as being on call at hospitals in Sioux Falls.

Josette's medical and research talents have enhanced the lives of countless South Dakotans and will lead to important developments in the future care of mental health patients. Her hard work and determination serves as a model for other talented health care professionals to emulate. I am pleased to be able to share her accomplishments with my colleagues and to be able to publicly commend her work.●

REPORT ON A LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL TO ESTABLISH THE MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE ACCOUNT AND THE MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CORPORATION—PM 12

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

To the Congress of the United States:

I am pleased to transmit a legislative proposal to establish the Millennium

Challenge Account and the Millennium Challenge Corporation. Also transmitted is a section-by-section analysis.

The Millennium Challenge Account (MCA) represents a new approach to providing and delivering development assistance. This new compact for development breaks with the past by tying increased assistance to performance and creating new accountability for all nations. This proposal implements my commitment to increase current levels of core development assistance by 50 percent over the next 3 years, thus providing an annual increase of \$5 billion by fiscal year 2006. To be eligible for this new assistance, countries must demonstrate commitment to three standards—ruling justly, investing in their people, and encouraging economic freedom. Given this commitment, and the link between financial accountability and development success, special attention will be given to fighting corruption.

The goal of the Millennium Challenge Account initiative is to reduce poverty by significantly increasing economic growth in recipient countries through a variety of targeted investments. The MCA will be administered by a new, small Government corporation, called the Millennium Challenge Corporation, designed to support innovative strategies and to ensure accountability for measurable results. The Corporation will be supervised by a Board of Directors chaired by the Secretary of State and composed of other Cabinet-level officials. The Corporation will be led by a Chief Executive Officer appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. This proposal provides the Corporation with flexible authorities to optimize program implementation, contracting, and personnel selection while pursuing innovative strategies.

The Millennium Challenge Account initiative recognizes the need for country ownership, financial oversight, and accountability for results to ensure effective assistance. We cannot accept permanent poverty in a world of progress. The MCA will provide people in developing nations the tools they need to seize the opportunities of the global economy. I urge the prompt and favorable consideration of this legislation.

GEORGE W. BUSH.
THE WHITE HOUSE, February 5, 2003.

REPORT OF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE KINGDOM OF NORWAY ON SOCIAL SECURITY, WITH RELATED ADMINISTRATIVE AGREEMENTS, INTENDED TO MODIFY CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE AGREEMENT THAT WAS SIGNED ON JANUARY 13, 1983—PM 13

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Finance:

To the Congress of the United States:

Pursuant to section 233(e)(1) of the Social Security Act, as amended by the Social Security Amendments of 1977 (Public Law 95-216, 42 U.S.C. 433(e)(1)), I transmit herewith the Agreement Between the United States of America and the Kingdom of Norway on Social Security, with a related administrative agreement, both signed at Oslo on November 30, 2001. This revised Agreement is intended to modify certain provisions of the original United States and Norwegian Agreement, which was signed in Washington on January 13, 1983, and, upon its entry into force, will replace the 1983 Agreement.

The revised United States-Norwegian Agreement is similar in objective to the other social security agreements already in force with Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Korea, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom. Such bilateral agreements provide for limited coordination between the United States and foreign social security systems to eliminate dual social security coverage and taxation, and to help prevent the lost benefit protection that can occur when workers divide their careers between two countries. The revised United States-Norwegian Agreement contains all provisions mandated by section 233 and other provisions, which I deem appropriate to carry out the purposes of section 233, pursuant to section 233(c)(4).

I also transmit for the information of the Congress a report prepared by the Social Security Administration explaining the key points of the Agreement, along with a paragraph-by-para-

graph explanation of the provisions of the principal agreement and the administrative agreement. Annexed to this report is the report required by section 233(e)(1) of the Social Security Act, a report on the effect of the Agreement on income and expenditures of the United States Social Security program and the number of individuals affected by the Agreement. The Department of State and the Social Security Administration have recommended the Agreement and related documents to me.

I commend the United States-Norwegian Social Security Agreement and related documents.

GEORGE W. BUSH.
THE WHITE HOUSE, February 5, 2003.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 3:54 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker appoints the following Members as additional conferees in the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 2) entitled "Joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2003, and for other purposes"; Mr. LEWIS of California and Mr. HOYER of Maryland.

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

At 5:39 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Hays, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bill:

H.R. 16. To authorize salary adjustments for Justices and judges of the United States for fiscal year 2003.

At 7:06 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Hays, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following joint resolution, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.J. Res. 18. A joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2003, and for other purposes.

NOTICE

Incomplete record of Senate proceedings. Except for concluding business which follows, today's Senate proceedings will be continued in the next issue of the Record.

ORDERS FOR THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 2003

Mr. HATCH. I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand in adjournment until 9:30 a.m. Thursday, February 6. I further ask unanimous con-

sent that on Thursday, following the prayer and the pledge, the morning hour be deemed expired, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and the Senate then return to executive session to resume the consideration of the nomi-

nation of Miguel Estrada to be a circuit judge for the DC Circuit.

Mr. REID. Reserving the right to object, I say for the information of all Members, the unanimous consent request that was granted a brief minute ago was the continuing resolution for another week, a week and a half.