

I offered legislation which conveyed only surface rights of the property to the landowners now awaiting resolution. At that time, there was some debate as to the value of these mineral rights to the United States Government. Pursuant to the intervening decade, there is now a geological survey determination that any such value would be so minimal in effect as to not adversely affect any taxpayer interest by transferring these unquestioned mineral rights to the rightful owner.

I respectfully request that the House do now consider and adopt H.R. 542 in order to restore the property rights with mineral rights to those who have been waiting 200 years for resolution.

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. RENZI. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BOOZMAN). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. RENZI) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 542.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2003

Mr. RENZI. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2048) to extend the period for reimbursement under the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967, and to reauthorize the Yukon River Restoration and Enhancement Fund, as amended.

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 2048

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "International Fisheries Reauthorization Act of 2003".

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF PERIOD FOR REIMBURSEMENT UNDER FISHERMEN'S PROTECTIVE ACT OF 1967.

Section 7(e) of the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1977(e)) is amended by striking "2003" and inserting "2008".

SEC. 3. REAUTHORIZATION OF YUKON RIVER SALMON ACT OF 2000.

Section 208 of the Yukon River Salmon Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 5727) is amended by striking "2000" and all that follows through "2003" and inserting "2004 through 2008".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. RENZI) and the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PALLONE) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. RENZI).

Mr. RENZI. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 2048 reauthorizes two important laws dealing with international fisheries: the Fishermen's

Protective Act and the Yukon River Salmon Act.

At the hearing the Fisheries Conservation, Wildlife and Oceans Subcommittee held on May 22, 2003, we heard from the Departments of State, Interior, and Commerce on the significance of these two laws. Without going into any of the details about the successes of these two laws, let me state that reauthorizing these laws will provide Federal assistance to important conservation work being done on the shared salmon stocks of the Yukon River. Without a new agreement on the shared Yukon River stocks, we are not able to work together with Canada on research, restoration, and management of these unique salmon stocks.

In addition, this legislation will continue an important self-funded insurance program for U.S. fishermen who fish outside of U.S. waters as well as maintain a critical provision in the Fishermen's Protective Act that allows the United States to take action against nations that are not in compliance with international fishery conservation and management agreements.

At a time when there has been much media attention on the status of our marine fisheries and in particular those large, highly-migratory species, the Pelly Amendment allows the United States to hold our trading partners accountable if they are not in compliance with internationally-agreed-upon management regimes.

This legislation is a critical component to continuing the process we are making on sustainable international fishery agreements, and I urge Members to support this important legislation.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support H.R. 2048.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

(Mr. PALLONE asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of the bill.

Effective international fisheries agreements are critical for both economic and ecological reasons. Improper or unfair management of international fisheries costs our constituents millions of dollars in lost revenue each year. And our oceans are a global resource: fish and habitats on which they depend do not respect national boundaries. This bill, H.R. 2048, would reauthorize two important fisheries laws: the Fishermen's Protective Act and the Yukon River Salmon Act.

Congress has both a right and a duty to protect our fishermen's interests in the global resources market. It remains vital that our fishermen are able to work harmoniously with fishermen from neighboring countries, and reauthorization of these acts will ensure future cooperation.

Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the gentleman from Maryland (Mr.

GILCHREST), chairman of the Subcommittee on Fisheries Conservation, Wildlife and Oceans, for introducing this legislation and in expediting its consideration by the committee. And I also want to commend the gentleman from California (Mr. POMBO), chairman of the Committee on Resources, and his staff for their cooperation in working with Democratic Members to clear this noncontroversial legislation for the floor. I urge the House to adopt the bill.

Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. RENZI. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. RENZI) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 2048, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: "A bill to extend the period for reimbursement under the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967, and to reauthorize the Yukon River Salmon Act of 2000."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. RENZI. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the bills, H.R. 1446, H.R. 542, and H.R. 2048.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Arizona?

There was no objection.

EDWARD O'GRADY, WAVERLY BROWN, PETER PAIGE POST OFFICE BUILDING

Mr. SHAYS. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill (S. 1591) to redesignate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 48 South Broadway, Nyack, New York, as the "Edward O'Grady, Waverly Brown, Peter Paige Post Office Building."

The Clerk read as follows:

S. 1591

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. DESIGNATION OF BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 48 South Broadway, Nyack, New York, and known as the "Nyack Post Office" shall be known as the "Edward O'Grady, Waverly Brown, Peter Paige Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to shall be deemed to be a reference to

the "Edward O'Grady, Waverly Brown, Peter Paige Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. SHAYS) and the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DAVIS) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. SHAYS).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SHAYS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on the bill under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Connecticut?

There was no objection.

Mr. SHAYS. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, S. 1591 introduced by Senator CHARLES SCHUMER of New York, designates this postal service facility in Nyack, New York as the "Edward O'Grady, Waverly Brown, Peter Paige Post Office Building." The three namesakes of this post office designation were tragically killed during a malicious robbery of a Brinks Corporation armored vehicle on October 20, 1981, 22 years ago today. This bill has already passed the other body, and I am pleased the House is taking it up today.

On that dreadful October day in 1981, a gang attacked a Brinks armored car in broad daylight outside a shopping mall in the New York City suburb of Nyack. The two guards, Peter Paige and Joseph Trombino, were both shot, and Paige died from his wounds. The ruthless gang also shot and killed Nyack police officers Edward O'Grady and Waverly Brown, who courageously responded to the robbery.

Mr. Speaker, this senseless, wicked crime ended the lives of these three men who were each carrying out their daily duties 22 years ago today. With the enactment of S. 1591, this post office in Nyack will forever carry the names of these three slain heroes.

Peter Paige dutifully served the Brinks Corporation for 25 years as a security guard prior to the 1981 robbery. He was a gentle, yet diligent man, who was known by his colleagues, friends, and family for his selflessness.

Waverly Brown was a caring and disciplined Nyack police officer who earned a reputation as a no-nonsense law enforcer. In addition, Officer Brown was known for his aptitude in the kitchen, as he regularly prepared meals for his fellow officers at his station.

Edward O'Grady also served with the police force in the Village of Nyack. Prior to his police service, Mr. O'Grady was a Marine who served two tours, two tours, in Vietnam. He also selflessly worked with the Volunteer Fire Department in his hometown of Nyack.

Mr. Speaker, I commend the Senator from New York for helping us all to remember the wonderful lives as well as the sacrifices of Edward O'Grady, Wa-

verly Brown, and Peter Paige. I also congratulate the Senator for having S. 1591 considered by the House, and I want to recognize the gentleman from New York (Mr. ENGEL) for introducing an identical piece of legislation, H.R. 3167, in this body. He, certainly, also should be commended for his work to commemorate the lives of these three men.

Mr. Speaker, I strongly urge all Members to support the passage of S. 1591.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

As a member of the Committee on Government Reform, I rise in support of S. 1591, legislation naming a postal facility in Nyack, New York, after Edward O'Grady, Waverly Brown, and Peter Paige. This measure was introduced by Senator CHARLES SCHUMER on September 8, 2003. S. 1591 was unanimously passed by the Senate and unanimously approved by the Committee on Government Reform. The gentleman from New York (Mr. ENGEL) has an identical bill, H.R. 3167, that has met the committee cosponsorship policy and has the support of the entire New York delegation.

Twenty-two years ago on October 20, 1981, members of a radical group, the Weather Underground, killed two police officers and a Brinks guard in two separate but deadly incidents. On that Wednesday, gunmen held up an armored vehicle just outside the Nanuet National Bank and killed Brinks guard Peter Paige. Minutes later, while on the run, the killers opened fire and mortally wounded two Nyack policemen, Edward O'Grady and Waverly Brown. These men paid the ultimate sacrifice for doing their job and died in the line of duty.

Mr. Speaker, I commend Senator SCHUMER and the gentleman from New York (Mr. ENGEL) for seeking to honor the memory of these slain individuals by naming a postal facility in their honor. I am indeed pleased to join with the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. SHAYS) in consideration of this measure and urge its swift passage.

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Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from New York (Mr. ENGEL), the sponsor of this legislation.

Mr. ENGEL. Mr. Speaker, I thank my friend from Illinois for yielding time, as well as my friend from Connecticut.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of S. 1591, legislation I have worked on with our Senator, Senator SCHUMER, to name the United States Postal Service facility at 48 South Broadway in Nyack, New York, in my district, after three heroes: Nyack Police Officers Edward O'Grady and Waverly Brown, and Brinks Guard Peter Paige.

I am proud to have introduced H.R. 3167, the House version of this bill, that

has the support of the entire 29-member New York State delegation in the House. It is a true testament to those three brave men who helped prevent the deaths of countless others 22 years ago today when an armed gang attempted to rob a Brinks armored truck in the middle of the day at a crowded mall with no regard for the lives that would fall in their wake. The naming of this Federal building will serve as a living memorial to these fine men who made the ultimate sacrifice while serving their community.

Mr. Speaker, there are few events that rock a community such as this. To this day, the people of Rockland County can recount the events of October 20, 1981, as if it were yesterday. This wonderful, tranquil community was awakened by the stark gunfire of a gang of heavily armed murderers and thieves who struck at the heart of the community, the Nanuet Mall, where children and families shop, eat, and spend time throughout the year. This brazen act forever changed Rockland County and the families of those gunned down.

It is reassuring to know that Peter Paige, Edward O'Grady, and Waverly Brown did not die in vain. After this horrific incident, Rockland County implemented new training measures and policies that have saved the lives of many officers over the last 22 years.

In addition to better coordination with State and Federal agencies, the Rockland County Police Department also began rigorous new training programs designed to deal with these types of crises. These new policies undoubtedly enhanced the Rockland PD's response to September 11 and the subsequent war on terror.

Also, every year on October 20, and as we are speaking now this is happening at this moment, the community gathers at a park on the Hudson River dedicated to their memory to honor their lives and their heroism. Today, the loved ones of these fine men are there remembering their son, their father, their friend. I am honored and humbled to inform them that the House of Representatives is recognizing them as well, and that the memory will be forever imprinted on Rockland County and, indeed, on our entire Nation.

This honor comes at a difficult time for the families of the victims as a participant in the robbery, Kathy Boudin, was recently paroled. Although she has regained her freedom, the lives of Edward O'Grady, Waverly Brown, and Peter Paige can never be replaced and the wounds their families and friends and the community still feel can never be healed. So, again, this is a fitting tribute to the memory of those lost and the lives of those still with us who grieved for their loved ones.

Mr. Speaker, I want to thank both the chairman of the Committee on Government Reform, the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. TOM DAVIS), and the ranking member, the gentleman from California (Mr. WAXMAN), for moving

this legislation quickly through the committee and to the floor so it can be considered today, the exact anniversary of that tragic day.

I also want to thank the majority leader, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. DELAY), for his help and cooperation in facilitating this process, and the minority leader, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PELOSI), for her support today. In addition, today would not be possible without the tireless work of our Senator, CHUCK SCHUMER, and the entire New York delegation, who have come together as New Yorkers do in a time of need and have unanimously supported this legislation.

Mr. ENGEL. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of S. 1591, legislation I am working on together with Senator SCHUMER, to name the United States Postal Service facility at 48 South Broadway in Nyack after three heroes, Nyack Police Officers Edward O'Grady and Waverly Brown, and Brinks Guard Peter Paige. I am proud to have introduced H.R. 3167, the House version of this bill that has the support of the entire New York delegation. It is a true testament to these brave men who helped prevent the deaths of countless others 22 years ago when an armed gang attempted to rob a Brinks Armored Truck in the middle of the day at a crowded mall with no regard for the lives that would fall in their wake. The naming of this federal building will serve as a living memorial to these fine men who made the ultimate sacrifice while serving their community.

Mr. Speaker, there are few events that rock a community such as this. To this day, the people of Rockland County can recount the events of October 20, 1981, as if it were yesterday. This wonderful, tranquil community was awakened by the stark gunfire of a gang of heavily armed murderers and thieves who struck at the heart of the community, the Nanuet Mall, where children and families, shop, eat, and spend time throughout the year. This brazen act forever changed Rockland County and the families of those gunned down.

It is reassuring to know that Peter Paige, Edward O'Grady, and Waverly Brown did not die in vain. After this horrific incident, Rockland County implemented new training measures and policies that have saved the lives of many officers over the last 22 years. In addition to better coordination with state and federal agencies, the Rockland County Police Departments also began rigorous new training programs designed to deal with these types of crisis. These new policies undoubtedly enhanced the Rockland PD's response to September 11th and the subsequent war on terror. Also, every year on October 20th, the community gathers at a park on the Hudson River dedicated to their memory to honor their lives and their heroism. Today, the loved ones of these fine men are there—remembering their son, their father, their friend. I am honored and humbled to inform them that the House of Representatives is recognizing them as well, and that their memory will be forever imprinted on Rockland County, and our entire Nation.

This honor comes at a difficult time for the families of the victims as a participant in the robbery, Kathy Boudin, was recently paroled. Although she has regained her freedom, the lives of Edward O'Grady, Waverly Brown, and

Peter Paige can never be replaced and the wounds their families and friends still feel can never be healed. So again, this is a fitting tribute to the memory of those lost and the lives of those still with us who grieve for their loved ones.

Mr. Speaker, I want to thank both Chairman TOM DAVIS and Ranking Member HENRY WAXMAN for moving this legislation quickly through the Committee and to the floor so it could be considered today on the anniversary of that tragic day. I also want to thank Majority Leader TOM DELAY for his help and cooperation in facilitating this process and Minority Leader NANCY PELOSI for her support. In addition, today would not be possible without the tireless work of Senator CHUCK SCHUMER, and the entire New York delegation who have come together as New Yorkers do in a time of need and have unanimously supported this legislation.

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. SHAYS. Mr. Speaker, thanking Members for their cooperation, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BOOZMAN). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. SHAYS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill, S. 1591.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the Senate bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

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BRIGADIER GENERAL (AUS-RET.)
JOHN H. MCLAIN POST OFFICE

Mr. SHAYS. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3068) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2055 Siesta Drive in Sarasota, Florida, as the "Brigadier General (AUS-Ret.) John H. McLain Post Office".

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 3068

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. BRIGADIER GENERAL (AUS-RET.)
JOHN H. MCLAIN POST OFFICE.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2055 Siesta Drive in Sarasota, Florida, shall be known and designated as the "Brigadier General (AUS-Ret.) John H. McLain Post Office".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the Brigadier General (AUS-Ret.) John H. McLain Post Office.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. SHAYS) and the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DAVIS) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. SHAYS).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SHAYS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may

have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on H.R. 3068.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Connecticut?

There was no objection.

Mr. SHAYS. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I am happy to join with the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DAVIS) to introduce H.R. 3068, which was introduced by my colleague, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. HARRIS), which designates this U.S. Postal Service facility in Sarasota, Florida, as the Brigadier General John H. McLain Post Office. The entire delegation from the State of Florida has signed on as cosponsors to this legislation.

Mr. Speaker, Brigadier General John McLain was a national hero who this body appropriately recognizes today. A veteran of both World War II and the Korean War, General McLain served his Nation in the U.S. Army for 37 years. He earned countless honors during his career, including the Bronze Star, Meritorious Service Medal, and the Legion of Merit.

John McLain was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on January 21, 1919. After finishing high school, he enlisted in the Army in 1940. His very enlistment at this time exhibited bravery and a love of country, as Hitler's Nazi Germany had already invaded several countries in Europe by this time at the outbreak of World War II. Sure enough, McLain was soon sent to Europe as part of General George Patton's Third Army. He fought bravely during the infamous Battle of the Bulge that began in December 1944 and was promoted to the rank of captain for his valor.

When he returned to his hometown following World War II, McLain enrolled at the University of Pittsburgh, where he graduated with honors in 1947. As war erupted in Korea, Captain McLain volunteered for active duty, despite being a Reserve in the Army. During the war, he served as a senior advisor with the Korean Military Advisory Group. After he returned safely home from his second war in 1953, he returned to the University of Pittsburgh, where he earned his second degree, this time a master of arts.

The Korean War concluded General McLain's distinguished combat service, but he remained in the Army Reserves until his retirement in 1977. He deservedly earned the rank of brigadier general in 1972. It is important to note that the general spent much of his years following his active duty teaching. He taught English classes at Florida State University in Tallahassee, Admiral Farragut Academy in St. Petersburg, Florida, and St. Petersburg High School in Edgewood, Pennsylvania. He also returned to his alma mater to teach English history classes at the University of Pittsburgh.

From the time of his retirement until his death, General McLain lived in Sarasota with his wife of 50 years,