

in fact, fund some of the critical things that America needs. NIH research has been on hold for the last 5 months. Extramural grants have not been given. But this is the worst process I have seen an appropriation bill put to in my 22 years in this House.

Mr. FROST. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the remaining time.

People listening to this proceeding, watching this proceeding may be kind of scratching their heads and saying, well, why are the Republicans not saying anything about this bill? Why are they just sitting over there? Could it be that they are ashamed of this process? Could it be that they have no way of defending what has happened here?

Normally, on a major piece of legislation, each side takes its 30 minutes. Apparently the Republicans simply want this to slip as quietly through as possible, knowing that this is an indefensible process and that they have done things that no one has done in the past, and I hope that even they will not do in the future.

Mr. Speaker, I urge Members to vote against the rule. I will join Members on our side who will be voting "yes" on final passage, because we do need to make sure the government can operate, and there are important things in this bill. It is just regrettable that the House was denied the opportunity to work its will on so many pieces of the appropriations legislation during this fiscal year.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of the time.

Mr. Speaker, I find that the arguments that my colleagues on the other side of the aisle were using were interesting arguments. They were based on the whole process of what we are supposed to do here in the House, or in the Congress. They, of course, only mentioned what they wanted to mention that would enhance, presumably, their position; but they forgot one very, very important part, step in this whole process, and that is the adoption of a budget which, of course, is a blueprint that all of our appropriators have to go through on all of the 13 spending bills.

Now, by law, by law, that budget has to be passed by both Houses in the spring, which meant that the budget should have been passed last spring. We did pass it in the House. The other body, with the same majority here as our minority, did not pass the budget. So we had no blueprint. And we know that we have to give and take as we go through this whole thing. So that was never mentioned whatsoever on the other side about the process. That made it very difficult; it would have made it very difficult had we passed appropriation bills over to the other body to try to reconcile when we have no blueprint as to where we are supposed to be spending.

So that was left out conveniently by my colleagues when they were talking.

So, Mr. Speaker, as I said in my opening remarks, this has been a long, difficult process. I said in my opening remarks that there are some good things in it, a lot of good things in it; and there are a lot of bad things, and we will hear about that. But in the end, we have to get on with the business of the people; we have to put '03 behind us so that we can start with '04. And I am certainly going to be one Member who is going to work as hard as I can with both sides of the aisle to make sure that we have a budget this year. I hope the other body has a budget. And I hope that we can pass the appropriation bills in a timely manner, because we do not know what is going to be ahead of us in this year with all of the challenges that face us.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time, and I move the previous question on the resolution.

The previous question was ordered.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on H.J. Res. 2, and that I may include tabular and extraneous material.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON H.J. RES. 2, CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS RESOLUTION, 2003

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to the rule just adopted, I call up the conference report on the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 2) making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2003, and for other purposes, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 71, the conference report is considered as having been read.

(For conference report and statement, see proceedings of the House of February 12, 2002, Part II.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Florida (Mr. YOUNG) and the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida (Mr. YOUNG).

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I want to start my brief comments on this bill to say, "wow." We are finally here. And some of the complaints that we heard about how we got here are very legitimate, and the process was not the best, but we are finally here, and it is important

that we get this bill off the deck, because fiscal year '04 is already descending upon us.

Secondly, Mr. Speaker, I want to pay a strong compliment and tribute to the members of the Committee on Appropriations on both sides of the aisle who really worked hard to get us where we are today, and so we can conclude our work for fiscal year '03. All of the members of the subcommittees were involved at their levels, we had a very open process, we exchanged information and ideas and facts and details with each other as we went through the process. I would compliment the staff who worked many, many long hours; and as it was suggested, some of this bill was not written until 5 o'clock this morning, and I know that, because I was here at 6 o'clock this morning to file the bill, and joined my colleagues on the Committee on Rules at 7 o'clock to get a rule on this bill.

So what led us up to here, we should all be happy that it is behind us. Now we are in a position to close out fiscal year 2003, and I hope that is what we will do.

Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to bring this conference report on the consolidated appropriations bill for fiscal year 2003 to the House. This is an important appropriations bill. It not only includes 11 appropriations bills, and that is why the stack is so high and it weighs so much, but it also adds additional funding for national defense, national security, homeland security, intelligence activities, and support of our troops in Afghanistan.

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It is an important defense bill, a homeland defense bill, and an antiterrorism bill. It is a must-pass bill. It includes funds for our troops in Afghanistan, our intelligence agencies, homeland security, law enforcement, first responders, education programs and many other important operations of our government. It includes money for election reform, something that has been very important to the Members of the House.

I am sure this bill will not please everyone in all respects, and I do not know of any bill that we bring to the floor that does. But it does address many important needs of our country. Most importantly for the Congress, it preserves one of our most basic and important responsibilities under the Constitution: to appropriate funds from the Treasury. The passage of this bill will allow us to focus on the year ahead as we begin to provide funds for the government for the next fiscal year.

We have already received the President's budget request for fiscal year 2004, and we expect that very shortly, within the next 10 days to 2 weeks, we will receive a supplemental appropriations request dealing with national security, national defense. I think we have done a good job in holding down spending to appropriate levels.

When the chairman of the Senate committee and myself met with the

President and we discussed what the top number should be, we agreed on a top number. We have stuck to that top number with the only exception being when the President either agreed with, or requested additional funding for important matters. This bill includes \$397.4 billion in discretionary funding. This is discretionary money that pales in comparison to how much money is spent through mandatory programs; and that is something you will hear me say often, that the biggest spending for the government comes from mandatory spending programs, not the discretionary accounts that we are dealing with today. This is a fiscally responsible bill and it does comply with the fiscal parameters described by the President.

Let me highlight just a few items that I think should be of interest to the Members. On homeland security, the bill provides record levels of resources to defend our homeland, something that we have all sworn that we would do with whatever resources were necessary. This bill includes \$3.5 billion in assistance to State and local first responders. It includes \$6.1 billion for the Coast Guard and \$4.3 billion for the FBI, including new investments in information technology, something that many of us have discussed here on the floor numerous times as a serious requirement.

In the global war on terrorism there is \$10 billion in this bill included to support our military and intelligence activities. For the veterans, Veterans Administration and veterans medical care, we have included a \$2.5 billion increase for medical care over last year and \$1.1 billion over the President's budget request.

On education funding, we provided educational assistance to needy and disadvantaged students through the

Title I program. It has been increased by \$1.4 billion. Special education State grants are increased \$1.4 billion over last year and \$400 million over the President's request.

On funding for space programs, something that has been called to our attention in our minds and in our hearts since the disaster with the shuttle *Columbia*, NASA funding is increased by \$513 million over last year bringing the fiscal year 2003 funding to \$15.4 billion; that is \$414 million above the President's budget request. \$50 million is provided to NASA to investigate the recent *Columbia* tragedy, so that we can do everything possible to prevent any further or future tragedies of a like nature. Additional flexibility is provided to the administrator of NASA to utilize resources where they are most needed.

Election reform is funded at \$1.5 billion, something that has been very important to the Members of this House. There is \$1.5 billion to help the States meet new standards under the Help America Vote Act, including over \$1.4 billion in direct assistance to our States for the improvements of administration, the buy-out of antiquated equipment and new safeguards for voting rights. Also there is funding for programs to ensure that disabled voters have access and programs to encourage young Americans to participate in the electoral process.

I think we have reached a point of no return on this bill, Mr. Speaker. This is a must-pass bill. I hope we can get this important bill on the President's desk as soon as possible so that our soldiers, diplomats, law enforcement, intelligence officers can have the resources they need to protect our country.

While some may complain that potential operations in Iraq have diverted our attention from the threat of ter-

rorism, funding in this bill for the intelligence activities proves that we will not and have not directed our attention away from that important subject.

The bill includes about \$4 billion in funding for intelligence-related activities in support of the war on terrorism. This \$4 billion, among other things, funds ongoing counterterrorism operations of the Central Intelligence Agency, funds the intelligence community's Counter-Terrorism Center, directly supports the intelligence requirements of counterterrorism activities of the Central Command and the Special Operations Command, funds the increased cost of maintaining 24-hour operations of intelligence collection and processing system, funds overtime costs for analysts and dissemination of imagery and signals intelligence.

Mr. Speaker, I think if anyone wants to look at this bill and find a reason why they should vote against it, they can do that. They can do that with any bill that is put on this floor, I believe. But this is a national defense bill. It provides for needs of our country and it provides some fiscal restraints that I think that most all of us have talked about and promised our constituents we would deal with over the years. So this is a good bill. It could have been really worse, but it is a good bill.

Many people worked long and hard to get us where we are so I just hope we can pass it so that our Committee on Appropriations can begin its 2004 responsibilities.

Mr. Speaker, at this point I would like to insert into the RECORD a series of tables that provide more detail on this bill.

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I - AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS						
Production, Processing, and Marketing						
Office of the Secretary.....	2,992	36,667	31,629	3,412	3,412	+420
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	80,919	---	---	---	---	-80,919
Total, Office of the Secretary.....	83,911	36,667	31,629	3,412	3,412	-80,499
Executive Operations:						
Chief Economist.....	7,704	12,117	8,566	12,016	8,566	+862
National Appeals Division.....	12,869	14,334	13,759	13,759	13,759	+890
Office of Budget and Program Analysis.....	7,041	7,358	7,358	7,358	7,358	+317
Office of the Chief Information Officer.....	10,029	31,277	15,251	31,275	15,251	+5,222
Common computing environment.....	59,369	133,155	133,155	133,155	133,155	+73,786
Office of the Chief Financial Officer.....	5,384	7,918	5,572	7,877	5,572	+188
Working capital fund.....	---	21,000	41,000	---	12,000	+12,000
Total, Executive Operations.....	102,396	227,159	224,661	205,440	195,661	+93,265
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights.....	---	---	---	400	400	+400
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration..	647	780	664	780	664	+17
Agriculture buildings and facilities and rental payments.....	(187,647)	(70,499)	(195,900)	(197,662)	(196,781)	(+9,134)
Payments to GSA.....	130,266	---	130,266	130,266	130,266	---
Building operations and maintenance.....	31,438	36,522	31,657	33,419	32,538	+1,100
Repairs, renovations, and construction.....	25,943	33,977	33,977	33,977	33,977	+8,034
Hazardous materials management.....	15,665	15,685	15,685	15,685	15,685	+20
Departmental administration.....	37,079	46,398	38,095	42,479	38,095	+1,016
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations.....	3,718	4,157	3,821	4,157	3,821	+103
Office of Communications.....	8,894	9,637	9,140	9,637	9,140	+246
Office of the Inspector General.....	70,839	82,231	74,097	78,127	74,097	+3,258
Office of the General Counsel.....	32,627	37,287	34,446	35,588	35,017	+2,390
Office of the Under Secretary for Research, Education and Economics.....	573	780	588	780	588	+15
Economic Research Service.....	67,200	79,243	73,329	65,123	69,123	+1,923
National Agricultural Statistics Service.....	113,786	143,659	137,858	140,854	139,354	+25,568
Census of Agriculture.....	(25,350)	(41,274)	(41,274)	(41,274)	(41,274)	(+15,924)
Agricultural Research Service:						
Salaries and expenses.....	979,464	971,445	1,002,193	1,053,597	1,052,770	+73,306
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	40,000	---	---	---	---	-40,000
Buildings and facilities.....	118,987	16,580	95,280	100,955	119,480	+493
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	73,000	---	---	---	---	-73,000
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	25,000	---	---	---	---	-25,000
Total, Agricultural Research Service.....	1,236,451	988,025	1,097,473	1,154,552	1,172,250	-64,201

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service:						
Research and education activities.....	542,062	552,549	572,616	651,411	620,827	+78,765
Native American Institutions Endowment Fund.....	(7,100)	(7,100)	(9,000)	(7,100)	(7,100)	---
Extension activities.....	439,473	419,989	441,821	452,767	453,468	+13,995
Integrated activities.....	42,853	44,865	47,868	48,218	46,743	+3,890
Outreach for socially disadvantaged farmers.....	3,243	3,243	8,243	3,493	3,493	+250
Total, Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service.....	1,027,631	1,020,646	1,070,548	1,155,889	1,124,531	+36,900
Office of the Under Secretary for Marketing and Regulatory Programs.....	654	780	730	780	730	+76
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service:						
Salaries and expenses.....	620,490	767,119	735,937	735,673	725,502	+105,012
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	105,000	---	---	---	---	-105,000
AQI user fees.....	(84,813)	(275,000)	(275,000)	---	---	(-84,813)
Animal welfare user fees (proposed).....	---	-5,000	---	---	---	---
Buildings and facilities.....	7,189	13,189	13,189	13,189	9,989	+2,800
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	14,081	---	---	---	---	-14,081
Total, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.....	746,760	775,308	749,126	748,862	735,491	-11,269
Agricultural Marketing Service:						
Marketing Services.....	71,430	75,411	75,702	75,411	75,702	+4,272
Standardization user fees.....	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	---
(Limitation on administrative expenses, from fees collected).....	(60,596)	(61,619)	(61,619)	(61,619)	(61,619)	(-1,023)
Funds for strengthening markets, income, and supply (transfer from section 32).....	13,995	14,910	14,910	14,910	14,910	+915
Payments to states and possessions.....	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	1,347	---
Total, Agricultural Marketing Service.....	86,772	91,668	91,959	91,668	91,959	+5,187
Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration:						
Salaries and expenses.....	33,117	41,164	44,746	44,475	39,950	+6,833
Limitation on inspection and weighing services.....	(42,463)	(42,463)	(42,463)	(42,463)	(42,463)	---
Inspection and licensing user fees (proposed).....	---	-29,000	---	---	---	---
Total, Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards.....	33,117	12,164	44,746	44,475	39,950	+6,833
Office of the Under Secretary for Food Safety.....	476	780	603	780	603	+127
Food Safety and Inspection Service.....	715,642	763,049	755,793	759,759	759,759	+44,117
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	15,000	---	---	---	---	-15,000
Lab accreditation fees 1/.....	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	---
Total, Production, Processing, and Marketing.....	4,587,485	4,406,602	4,650,891	4,756,889	4,707,111	+119,626

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Farm Assistance Programs						
Office of the Under Secretary for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services.....	606	899	622	899	622	+16
Farm Service Agency:						
Salaries and expenses.....	939,030	993,620	976,738	986,913	976,738	+37,708
(Transfer from export loans).....	(790)	(834)	(834)	(834)	(834)	(+44)
(Transfer from P.L. 480).....	(972)	(1,026)	(1,026)	(1,026)	(1,026)	(+54)
(Transfer from ACIF).....	(272,595)	(279,176)	(279,176)	(279,176)	(279,176)	(+6,581)
Subtotal, transfers from program accounts.....	(274,357)	(281,036)	(281,036)	(281,036)	(281,036)	(+6,679)
Total, Salaries and expenses.....	(1,213,387)	(1,274,656)	(1,257,774)	(1,267,949)	(1,257,774)	(+44,387)
Emergency conservation program.....	---	48,700	---	---	---	---
State mediation grants.....	3,493	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	+507
Dairy indemnity program.....	100	100	100	100	100	---
Subtotal, Farm Service Agency.....	942,623	1,046,420	980,838	991,013	980,838	+38,215
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund Program						
Account:						
Loan authorizations:						
Farm ownership loans:						
Direct.....	(146,996)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(146,996)	(130,000)	(-16,996)
Guaranteed.....	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	---
Subtotal.....	(1,146,996)	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)	(1,146,996)	(1,130,000)	(-16,996)
Farm operating loans:						
Direct.....	(611,198)	(600,000)	(600,000)	(611,198)	(605,000)	(-6,198)
Unsubsidized guaranteed.....	(1,500,000)	(1,700,000)	(1,700,000)	(1,700,000)	(1,700,000)	(+200,000)
Subsidized guaranteed.....	(505,531)	(300,000)	(300,000)	(505,531)	(400,000)	(-105,531)
Subtotal.....	(2,616,729)	(2,600,000)	(2,600,000)	(2,816,729)	(2,705,000)	(+88,271)
Indian tribe land acquisition loans.....	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	---
Emergency disaster loans.....	(25,000)	---	---	---	---	(-25,000)
Boll weevil eradication loans.....	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	---
Total, Loan authorizations.....	(3,890,725)	(3,802,000)	(3,802,000)	(4,065,725)	(3,937,000)	(+46,275)
Loan subsidies:						
Farm ownership loans:						
Direct.....	3,866	11,610	11,610	17,066	15,093	+11,227
Guaranteed.....	4,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	+3,000
Subtotal.....	8,366	19,110	19,110	24,566	22,593	+14,227

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Farm operating loans:						
Direct.....	54,580	103,560	103,560	105,493	104,423	+9,843
Unsubsidized guaranteed.....	52,650	53,890	53,890	53,890	53,890	+1,240
Subsidized guaranteed.....	68,550	35,400	35,400	59,653	47,200	-21,350
Subtotal.....	175,780	192,850	192,850	219,036	205,513	+29,733
Indian tribe land acquisition.....						
Emergency disaster loans.....	118	179	179	179	179	+61
	3,363	---	---	---	---	-3,363
Total, Loan subsidies.....	187,627	212,139	212,139	243,781	228,285	+40,658
ACIF expenses:						
Salaries and expense (transfer to FSA).....	272,595	279,176	279,176	279,176	279,176	+6,581
Administrative expenses.....	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	---
Total, ACIF expenses.....	280,595	287,176	287,176	287,176	287,176	+6,581
Total, Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund... (Loan authorization).....						
	468,222	499,315	499,315	530,957	515,461	+47,239
	(3,890,725)	(3,802,000)	(3,802,000)	(4,065,725)	(3,937,000)	(+46,275)
Total, Farm Service Agency.....	1,410,845	1,545,735	1,480,153	1,521,970	1,496,299	+85,454
Risk Management Agency.....						
	74,752	72,771	70,726	70,708	70,708	-4,044
Total, Farm Assistance Programs.....	1,486,203	1,619,405	1,551,501	1,593,577	1,567,629	+81,426
Corporations						
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation:						
Federal crop insurance corporation fund.....	2,900,000	2,886,000	2,886,000	2,886,000	2,886,000	-14,000
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund:						
Reimbursement for net realized losses.....	20,279,000	16,285,000	16,285,000	16,285,000	16,285,000	-3,994,000
Hazardous waste management (limitation on administrative expenses).....	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	---
Total, Corporations.....	23,179,000	19,171,000	19,171,000	19,171,000	19,171,000	-4,008,000
Total, title I, Agricultural Programs.....						
(By transfer).....	29,252,688	25,197,007	25,373,392	25,521,466	25,445,740	-3,806,948
(Loan authorization).....	(274,357)	(281,036)	(281,036)	(281,036)	(281,036)	(+6,679)
(Limitation on administrative expenses).....	(3,890,725)	(3,802,000)	(3,802,000)	(4,065,725)	(3,937,000)	(+46,275)
	(108,059)	(109,082)	(109,082)	(109,082)	(109,082)	(+1,023)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE II - CONSERVATION PROGRAMS						
Office of the Under Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment.....	730	902	750	902	750	+20
Natural Resources Conservation Service:						
Conservation operations.....	779,000	840,963	843,553	840,002	825,004	+46,004
Watershed surveys and planning.....	10,960	---	11,197	10,960	11,197	+237
Watershed and flood prevention operations.....	106,590	---	110,000	105,000	110,000	+3,410
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	94,000	---	---	---	---	-94,000
Emergency watershed protection.....	---	110,000	---	---	---	---
Watershed rehabilitation program.....	10,000	---	---	30,000	30,000	+20,000
Resource conservation and development.....	48,048	49,079	55,079	50,000	51,000	+2,952
Forestry incentives program.....	6,811	---	---	---	---	-6,811
Total, Natural Resources Conservation Service...	1,055,409	1,000,042	1,019,829	1,035,962	1,027,201	-28,208
Total, title II, Conservation Programs.....	1,056,139	1,000,944	1,020,579	1,036,864	1,027,951	-28,188
TITLE III - RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS						
Office of the Under Secretary for Rural Development...	623	898	640	898	640	+17
Rural Development:						
Rural community advancement program.....	806,557	791,499	950,198	867,176	907,737	+101,180
(Transfer out).....	(-24,000)	---	---	(-30,000)	(-30,000)	(-6,000)
RD expenses:						
Salaries and expenses.....	133,722	145,736	145,736	127,502	145,736	+12,014
(Transfer from RHIF).....	(422,241)	(455,630)	(434,980)	(455,630)	(432,374)	(+10,133)
(Transfer from RDLFP).....	(3,733)	(4,290)	(4,190)	(4,290)	(4,190)	(+457)
(Transfer from RETLP).....	(36,000)	(38,035)	(37,833)	(38,035)	(37,833)	(+1,833)
(Transfer from RTB).....	(3,082)	(3,082)	(3,082)	(3,082)	(3,082)	---
(Transfer from TLP).....	(2,000)	---	---	---	---	(-2,000)
Subtotal, Transfers from program accounts.	(467,056)	(501,037)	(480,085)	(501,037)	(477,479)	(+10,423)
Total, RD expenses.....	(600,778)	(646,773)	(625,821)	(628,539)	(623,215)	(+22,437)
Total, Rural Development.....	940,279	937,235	1,096,034	994,678	1,053,473	+113,194

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Rural Housing Service:						
Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Account:						
Loan authorizations:						
Single family (sec. 502).....	(1,079,848)	(957,300)	(1,084,151)	(1,005,152)	(1,044,000)	(-35,848)
Unsubsidized guaranteed.....	(3,137,968)	(2,750,000)	(3,194,444)	(2,750,000)	(4,528,000)	(+1,390,032)
Subtotal, Single family.....	(4,217,816)	(3,707,300)	(4,278,595)	(3,755,152)	(5,572,000)	(+1,354,184)
Housing repair (sec. 504).....	(32,324)	(35,000)	(35,000)	(35,000)	(35,000)	(+2,676)
Rental housing (sec. 515).....	(114,068)	(60,000)	(115,805)	(120,000)	(115,805)	(+1,737)
Site loans (sec. 524).....	(5,090)	(5,000)	(5,046)	(5,000)	(5,046)	(-44)
Multi-family housing guarantees (sec. 538)	(99,770)	(100,000)	(100,000)	---	(100,000)	(+230)
Multi-family housing credit sales.....	(1,778)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(+222)
Single family housing credit sales.....	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	---
Self-help housing land development fund...	(5,000)	(5,011)	(5,011)	(5,011)	(5,011)	(+11)
Total, Loan authorizations.....	(4,485,846)	(3,924,311)	(4,551,457)	(3,932,173)	(5,844,862)	(+1,359,016)
Loan subsidies:						
Single family (sec. 502).....	142,108	185,429	210,000	194,700	202,350	+60,242
Unsubsidized guaranteed.....	40,166	19,800	23,000	19,800	32,600	-7,566
Subtotal, Single family.....	182,274	205,229	233,000	214,500	234,950	+52,676
Housing repair (sec. 504).....	10,386	10,857	10,857	10,857	10,857	+471
Rental housing (sec. 515).....	48,274	27,978	54,000	55,956	54,000	+5,726
Site loans (sec. 524).....	28	55	55	55	55	+27
Multi-family housing guarantees (sec. 538)	3,921	4,500	4,500	---	4,500	+579
Multi-family housing credit sales.....	750	934	934	934	934	+184
Single family housing credit sales.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Self-help housing land development fund...	254	221	221	221	221	-33
Total, Loan subsidies.....	245,887	249,774	303,567	282,523	305,517	+59,630
RHIF administrative expenses (transfer to RD).	422,241	455,630	434,980	455,630	432,374	+10,133
Rental assistance program:						
(Sec. 521).....	695,104	706,100	716,100	724,100	720,100	+24,996
(Sec. 502(c)(5)(D)).....	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,900	---
Total, Rental assistance program.....	701,004	712,000	722,000	730,000	726,000	+24,996
Total, Rural Housing Insurance Fund.....	1,369,132	1,417,404	1,460,547	1,468,153	1,463,891	+94,759
(Loan authorization).....	(4,485,846)	(3,924,311)	(4,551,457)	(3,932,173)	(5,844,862)	(+1,359,016)
Mutual and self-help housing grants.....	35,000	34,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	---
Rural housing assistance grants.....	38,914	42,498	42,498	47,498	42,498	+3,584

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Farm labor program account.....	31,431	34,615	38,000	34,615	36,307	+4,876
Subtotal, grants and payments.....	105,345	111,113	115,498	117,113	113,805	+8,460
Total, Rural Housing Service.....	1,474,477	1,528,517	1,576,045	1,585,266	1,577,696	+103,219
(Loan authorization).....	(4,485,846)	(3,924,311)	(4,551,457)	(3,932,173)	(5,844,862)	(+1,359,016)
Rural Business-Cooperative Service:						
Rural Development Loan Fund Program Account:						
(Loan authorization).....	(38,171)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(+1,829)
Loan subsidy.....	16,494	19,304	19,304	19,304	19,304	+2,810
Administrative expenses (transfer to RD).....	3,733	4,290	4,190	4,290	4,190	+457
Total, Rural Development Loan Fund.....	20,227	23,594	23,494	23,594	23,494	+3,267
Rural Economic Development Loans Program Account:						
(Loan authorization).....	(14,966)	(14,967)	(14,967)	(14,967)	(14,967)	(+1)
Direct subsidy.....	3,616	3,197	3,197	3,197	3,197	-419
Rural cooperative development grants.....	7,750	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000	+1,250
Rural empowerment zones and enterprise communities grants.....	14,967	--	14,967	14,967	14,967	--
Total, Rural Business-Cooperative Service.....	46,560	35,791	50,658	50,758	50,658	+4,098
(Loan authorization).....	(53,137)	(54,967)	(54,967)	(54,967)	(54,967)	(+1,830)
Rural Utilities Service:						
Rural Electrification and Telecommunications Loans Program Account:						
Loan authorizations:						
Electric:						
Direct, 5%.....	(121,107)	(121,103)	(121,107)	(121,103)	(121,103)	(-4)
Direct, Municipal rate.....	(500,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(-400,000)
Direct, FFB.....	(2,600,000)	(1,600,000)	(2,600,000)	(2,600,000)	(2,600,000)	--
Direct, Treasury rate.....	(750,000)	(700,000)	(1,100,000)	(1,150,000)	(1,150,000)	(+400,000)
Guaranteed electric.....	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	--
Guaranteed underwriting.....	--	--	--	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(+1,000,000)
Subtotal, Electric.....	(4,071,107)	(2,621,103)	(4,021,107)	(5,071,103)	(5,071,103)	(+999,996)
Telecommunications:						
Direct, 5%.....	(74,827)	(75,029)	(75,029)	(75,029)	(75,029)	(+202)
Direct, Treasury rate.....	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	--
Direct, FFB.....	(120,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)	--
Subtotal, Telecommunications.....	(494,827)	(495,029)	(495,029)	(495,029)	(495,029)	(+202)
Total, Loan authorizations.....	(4,565,934)	(3,116,132)	(4,516,136)	(5,566,132)	(5,566,132)	(+1,000,198)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Loan subsidies:						
Electric:						
Direct, 5%.....	3,609	6,915	6,915	6,915	6,915	+3,306
Direct, Municipal rate.....	---	4,030	4,030	4,030	4,030	+4,030
Guaranteed electric.....	80	80	80	80	80	---
Subtotal, Electric.....	3,689	11,025	11,025	11,025	11,025	+7,336
Telecommunications:						
Direct, 5%.....	1,736	1,283	1,283	1,283	1,283	-453
Direct, Treasury rate.....	300	150	150	150	150	-150
Subtotal, Telecommunications.....	2,036	1,433	1,433	1,433	1,433	-603
Total, Loan subsidies.....	5,725	12,458	12,458	12,458	12,458	+6,733
RETLP administrative expenses (transfer to RD)	36,000	38,035	37,833	38,035	37,833	+1,833
Total, Rural Electrification and Telecommunications Loans Program Account.. (Loan authorization).....	41,725 (4,565,934)	50,493 (3,116,132)	50,291 (4,516,136)	50,493 (5,566,132)	50,291 (5,566,132)	+8,566 (+1,000,198)
Rural Telephone Bank Program Account:						
(Loan authorization).....	(174,615)	---	(174,615)	(174,615)	(174,615)	---
Direct loan subsidy.....	3,737	---	2,410	2,410	2,410	-1,327
RTB administrative expenses (transfer to RD).. Total, Rural Telephone Bank Program Account.	3,082 6,819	3,082 3,082	3,082 5,492	3,082 5,492	3,082 5,492	---
High energy costs grants (by transfer).....	(24,000)	---	---	(30,000)	(30,000)	(+6,000)
Distance learning and telemedicine program:						
(Loan authorization).....	(380,000)	(156,480)	(380,000)	(129,535)	(380,000)	---
Grants/loans subsidy costs.....	49,441	31,049	44,128	51,941	56,941	+7,500
Local Television Loan Guarantee Program Account:						
(Loan authorization).....	(258,065)	---	---	---	---	(-258,065)
Direct loan subsidy.....	20,000	---	---	---	---	-20,000
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	8,000	---	---	---	---	-8,000
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-20,000	---	---	---	---	+20,000
LTLP administration expenses (transfer to RD). Total, Local Television Loan Program Account	2,000 10,000	---	---	---	---	-2,000 -10,000
Total, Rural Utilities Service..... (Loan authorization).....	107,985 (5,378,614)	84,624 (3,272,612)	99,911 (5,070,774)	107,926 (5,870,282)	112,724 (6,120,747)	+4,739 (+742,133)

AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Total, title III, Rural Economic and Community Development Programs.....	2,569,924	2,587,065	2,823,288	2,739,526	2,795,191	+225,267
(By transfer).....	(491,056)	(501,037)	(480,085)	(531,037)	(507,479)	(+16,423)
(Loan authorization).....	(9,917,597)	(7,251,890)	(9,677,198)	(9,857,422)	(12,020,576)	(+2,102,979)
TITLE IV - DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS						
Office of the Under Secretary for Food, Nutrition and Consumer Services.....	587	774	603	774	603	+16
Food and Nutrition Service:						
Child nutrition programs.....	4,914,288	5,382,179	5,830,506	5,830,506	5,830,506	+916,218
Transfer from section 32.....	5,172,458	5,193,990	4,745,663	4,745,663	4,745,663	-426,795
Discretionary spending.....	500	--	--	4,000	4,000	+3,500
Total, Child nutrition programs.....	10,087,246	10,576,169	10,576,169	10,580,169	10,580,169	+492,923
Special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children (WIC).....	4,348,000	4,751,000	4,776,000	4,751,000	4,696,000	+348,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	39,000	--	--	--	--	-39,000
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	75,000	--	--	--	--	-75,000
Food stamp program:						
Expenses.....	19,556,436	22,772,692	22,772,692	22,772,692	22,772,692	+3,216,256
Reserve.....	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	--
Nutrition assistance for Puerto Rico and Samoa	1,335,550	1,377,000	1,401,000	1,377,000	1,401,000	+65,450
The emergency food assistance program.....	100,000	100,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	+40,000
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-24,000	--	--	--	--	+24,000
Total, Food stamp program.....	22,967,986	26,249,692	26,313,692	26,289,692	26,313,692	+3,345,706
Commodity assistance program.....	152,813	144,991	170,000	167,000	164,500	+11,687
Rescission.....	-3,300	--	--	--	--	+3,300
Total, Commodity assistance program.....	149,513	144,991	170,000	167,000	164,500	+14,987
Food donations programs:						
Needy family program.....	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	--
Elderly feeding program.....	149,668	--	--	--	--	-149,668
Total, Food donations programs.....	150,749	1,081	1,081	1,081	1,081	-149,668
Food program administration.....	127,546	147,944	134,397	136,865	136,560	+9,014
Total, Food and Nutrition Service.....	37,945,040	41,870,877	41,971,339	41,925,807	41,892,002	+3,946,962
Total, title IV, Domestic Food Programs.....	37,945,627	41,871,651	41,971,942	41,926,581	41,892,605	+3,946,978

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(Amounts in thousands)

TITLE V - FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND
RELATED PROGRAMS

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Foreign Agricultural Service:						
Salaries and expenses, direct appropriation.....	121,813	131,570	129,964	131,198	129,948	+8,135
(Transfer from export loans).....	(3,224)	(3,224)	(3,224)	(3,224)	(3,224)	---
(Transfer from P.L. 480).....	(1,033)	(1,033)	(1,033)	(1,033)	(1,033)	---
Total, Salaries and expenses program level.....	(126,070)	(135,827)	(134,221)	(135,455)	(134,205)	(+8,135)
Public Law 480 Program and Grant Accounts:						
Program account:						
Loan authorization, direct.....	(154,664)	(131,676)	(169,085)	(154,664)	(154,664)	---
Loan subsidies.....	126,409	98,904	127,000	116,171	116,171	-10,238
Ocean freight differential grants.....	20,277	28,000	28,000	25,159	25,159	+4,882
Title II - Commodities for disposition abroad:						
Program level.....	(850,000)	(1,185,000)	(1,200,000)	(1,185,000)	(1,200,000)	(+350,000)
Appropriation.....	850,000	1,185,000	1,200,000	1,185,000	1,200,000	+350,000
Salaries and expenses:						
Foreign Agricultural Service (transfer to FAS)	1,033	1,033	1,033	1,033	1,033	---
Farm Service Agency (transfer to FSA).....	972	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,026	+54
Subtotal.....	2,005	2,059	2,059	2,059	2,059	+54
Total, Public Law 480:						
Program level.....	(850,000)	(1,185,000)	(1,200,000)	(1,185,000)	(1,200,000)	(+350,000)
Appropriation.....	998,691	1,313,963	1,357,059	1,328,389	1,343,389	+344,698
CCC Export Loans Program Account (administrative expenses):						
Salaries and expenses (Export Loans):						
General Sales Manager (transfer to FAS).....	3,224	3,224	3,224	3,224	3,224	---
Farm Service Agency (transfer to FSA).....	790	834	834	834	834	+44
Total, CCC Export Loans Program Account.....	4,014	4,058	4,058	4,058	4,058	+44
Total, title V, Foreign Assistance and Related Programs.....	1,124,518	1,449,591	1,491,081	1,463,645	1,477,395	+352,877
(By transfer).....	(4,257)	(4,257)	(4,257)	(4,257)	(4,257)	---

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	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE VI - RELATED AGENCIES AND FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION						
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Food and Drug Administration						
Salaries and expenses, direct appropriation.....	1,183,670	1,369,385	1,376,702	1,383,505	1,382,702	+199,032
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	151,100	---	---	---	---	-151,100
Prescription drug user fee act.....	(161,716)	(264,220)	(222,900)	(222,900)	(222,900)	(+61,184)
Medical device user fee act.....	---	---	---	(25,125)	(25,125)	(+25,125)
Subtotal.....	(1,496,486)	(1,633,605)	(1,599,602)	(1,631,530)	(1,630,727)	(+134,241)
Mammography clinics user fee (outlay savings).....	(15,590)	(16,612)	(16,612)	(16,112)	(16,112)	(+522)
Export certification.....	(6,181)	(6,378)	(6,378)	(6,378)	(6,378)	(+197)
Payments to GSA.....	(105,116)	(98,556)	(106,678)	(98,556)	(108,269)	(+3,153)
Buildings and facilities.....	34,281	8,000	8,000	11,000	8,000	-26,281
Total, Food and Drug Administration.....	1,369,051	1,377,385	1,384,702	1,394,505	1,390,702	+21,651
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES						
Commodity Futures Trading Commission.....	70,700	79,884	79,884	93,985	85,985	+15,285
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	16,900	---	---	---	---	-16,900
Transaction fee (proposed).....	---	-33,000	---	---	---	---
Total, Commodity Futures Trading Commission.....	87,600	46,884	79,884	93,985	85,985	-1,615
Farm Credit Administration (limitation on administrative expenses).....	(36,700)	(36,700)	(38,400)	(38,404)	(38,400)	(+1,700)
Total, title VI, Related Agencies and Food and Drug Administration.....	1,456,651	1,424,269	1,454,586	1,488,490	1,476,687	+20,036
TITLE VII - GENERAL PROVISIONS						
Hunger fellowships.....	2,496	---	4,000	2,496	3,000	+504
National Sheep Industry Improvement Center revolving fund.....	1,000	---	1,000	---	499	-501
Limit crop insurance education.....	-6,000	---	---	---	---	+6,000
Mallard Pointe conservation.....	150	---	---	---	---	-150
Jamestown conservation.....	250	---	---	---	---	-250
Child and adult care feeding program.....	10,000	---	---	22,000	22,000	+12,000
CCC Apple market loss.....	75,000	---	---	---	---	-75,000
Dairy price support extension.....	15,000	---	---	---	---	-15,000
Sugar beets.....	5,000	---	---	---	---	-5,000
Tobacco.....	5,000	---	---	---	---	-5,000
Citrus canker compensation.....	---	---	18,200	---	---	---

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Livestock assistance program.....	---	---	100,000	---	---	---
Rural clean water program (rescission).....	---	---	-5,000	---	---	---
Export enhancement program (sec. 101) (P.L. 107-206)...	-445,000	---	---	---	---	+445,000
Agriculture assistance (P.L. 107-206).....	10,000	---	---	---	---	-10,000
P.L. 480 Title II.....	---	---	---	500,000	250,000	+250,000
Total, title VII, General provisions.....	-327,104	---	118,200	524,496	275,499	+602,603
Grand total:						
New budget (obligational) authority.....	73,078,443	73,530,527	74,263,068	74,701,068	74,391,068	+1,312,625
Appropriations.....	(72,590,743)	(73,530,527)	(74,268,068)	(74,701,068)	(74,391,068)	(+1,800,325)
Rescission.....	(-47,300)	---	(-5,000)	---	---	(+47,300)
Emergency appropriations.....	535,000	---	---	---	---	-535,000
(By transfer).....	(769,670)	(786,330)	(765,378)	(816,330)	(792,772)	(+23,102)
(Loan authorization).....	(13,962,986)	(11,185,566)	(13,648,283)	(14,077,811)	(16,112,240)	(+2,149,254)
(Limitation on administrative expenses).....	(144,759)	(145,782)	(147,482)	(147,486)	(147,482)	(+2,723)
1/ In addition to appropriation.						

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE					
General Administration					
Salaries and expenses.....	91,668	114,579	103,579	99,696	100,579
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	5,750	---	---	---	---
USA Patriot Act activities (emergency).....	5,000	---	---	---	---
Anti-terrorism task forces.....	---	---	---	63,700	---
Joint terrorism task forces.....	---	---	---	158,547	---
Foreign terrorist tracking task force.....	---	---	---	62,000	---
Joint automated booking system.....	---	---	---	15,973	---
Automated Biometric Identification System-Integrated	1,000	---	---	---	15,973
Identification system integration.....	---	---	---	9,000	9,000
Chimera.....	---	---	---	83,400	---
Identification systems integration.....	---	24,478	24,478	---	---
Narrowband communications.....	94,615	149,254	81,354	149,254	81,354
Deputy Attorney General for Combating Terrorism.....	1,000	---	---	---	---
Counterterrorism fund.....	4,989	---	4,100	---	1,000
Administrative review and appeals:					
Direct appropriation.....	173,647	193,535	193,535	180,466	191,535
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	3,500	---	---	---	---
Subtotal.....	177,147	193,535	193,535	180,466	191,535
Detention trustee.....	1,000	1,388,566	1,347,216	1,385,966	1,366,591
Office of Inspector General.....	50,735	63,937	59,937	54,825	57,937
Total, General administration.....	432,904	1,934,349	1,814,199	2,262,827	1,823,969
United States Parole Commission					
Salaries and expenses.....	9,876	10,862	10,862	10,114	10,488
Legal Activities					
General legal activities:					
Direct appropriation.....	549,176	645,299	612,849	537,502	609,329
Radiation exposure compensation act.....	---	---	1,996	---	1,996
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	12,500	---	---	---	---
Subtotal.....	561,676	645,299	614,845	537,502	611,325
Vaccine injury compensation trust fund (permanent).....	4,028	4,028	4,028	4,028	---
Legal activities office automation.....	15,765	15,942	15,942	77,127	15,942
Antitrust Division.....	130,791	137,799	134,295	133,133	133,133
Offsetting fee collections - carryover.....	---	---	---	---	---
Offsetting fee collections - current year.....	-130,791	-137,799	-134,295	-133,133	-133,133
Direct appropriation.....	---	---	---	---	---

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
United States Attorneys:						
Direct appropriation.....	1,353,968	1,506,373	1,502,767	1,320,160	1,503,767	+149,799
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	56,370	---	---	---	---	-56,370
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-7,000	---	---	---	---	+7,000
Subtotal.....	1,403,338	1,506,373	1,502,767	1,320,160	1,503,767	+100,429
United States Trustee System Fund.....	147,000	167,510	159,161	150,381	155,736	+8,736
Offsetting fee collections.....	-140,000	-161,510	-153,161	-144,381	-149,736	-9,736
Interest on U.S. securities.....	-7,000	-6,000	-6,000	-6,000	-6,000	+1,000
Direct appropriation.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Foreign Claims Settlement Commission.....	1,136	1,136	1,136	1,136	1,136	---
United States Marshals Service:						
Salaries and expenses (non-CSE).....	619,429	691,343	684,174	661,085	680,474	+61,045
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	10,200	---	---	---	---	-10,200
Courthouse security equipment.....	14,267	---	---	12,061	---	-14,267
Construction.....	15,000	15,126	15,126	17,378	15,126	+126
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	9,125	---	---	---	---	-9,125
Justice Prisoner & Alien Transportation system.....	---	---	---	77,694	---	---
Total, United States Marshals Service.....	668,021	706,469	699,300	768,218	695,600	+27,579
Federal prisoner detention.....	706,182	---	---	---	---	-706,182
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-30,000	---	---	---	---	+30,000
Fees and expenses of witnesses.....	156,145	156,145	156,145	156,145	175,645	+19,500
Community Relations Service.....	9,269	9,364	9,364	9,474	9,474	+205
Assets forfeiture fund.....	22,949	22,949	22,949	22,949	21,901	-1,048
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-5,000	---	---	---	---	+5,000
Total, Legal activities.....	3,513,509	3,067,705	3,026,476	2,896,739	3,038,818	-474,691
Radiation Exposure Compensation						
Radiation exposure compensation act.....	1,996	1,996	---	---	---	-1,996
Interagency Law Enforcement						
Interagency crime and drug enforcement.....	338,577	362,131	365,131	400,102	372,131	+33,554
Federal Bureau of Investigation						
Salaries and expenses.....	3,031,830	3,778,838	3,823,838	3,452,287	3,759,287	+727,457
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	745,000	---	---	---	---	-745,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	10,000	---	---	---	---	-10,000
Counterintelligence and national security.....	459,243	472,749	472,749	475,300	475,300	+16,057
Direct appropriation.....	4,246,073	4,251,587	4,296,587	3,927,587	4,234,587	-11,486

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Foreign terrorist tracking task force.....	---	---	---	---	62,000	+62,000
Construction.....	33,791	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	-32,541
Total, Federal Bureau of Investigation.....	4,279,864	4,252,837	4,297,837	3,928,837	4,237,837	+17,973
Drug Enforcement Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	1,567,804	1,659,564	1,704,564	1,566,491	1,649,948	+82,144
Diversion control fund.....	-86,021	-113,645	-113,645	-89,021	-89,029	-3,008
Total, Drug Enforcement Administration.....	1,481,783	1,545,919	1,590,919	1,477,470	1,560,919	+79,136
Immigration and Naturalization Service						
Salaries and expenses.....	3,371,440	3,241,787	3,049,929	3,241,787	3,589,819	+218,379
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	449,800	---	---	---	---	-449,800
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	35,000	---	---	---	---	-35,000
Immigration enforcement and border affairs.....	(2,739,595)	(3,153,183)	(2,961,325)	---	(2,880,819)	(+141,124)
Immigration services.....	(631,745)	(88,604)	(88,604)	---	(709,000)	(+77,255)
Fee accounts:						
Immigration user fee.....	(591,866)	(658,295)	(658,295)	(658,295)	(658,295)	(+66,429)
Land border inspection fund.....	(4,490)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(21,700)	(+17,210)
Immigration examinations fund.....	(1,376,871)	(1,462,803)	(1,462,803)	(1,462,803)	(1,443,803)	(+56,932)
Breached bond fund.....	(120,763)	(171,275)	(171,275)	(171,275)	(171,275)	(+50,512)
Immigration enforcement fines.....	(22,564)	(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)	(-16,664)
H-1b Visa fees.....	(26,272)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(-16,272)
Subtotal, Fee accounts.....	2,142,926	2,311,073	2,311,073	2,311,073	2,311,073	+168,147
Construction.....	128,454	---	267,137	267,138	258,637	+130,183
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	99,600	---	---	---	---	-99,600
Support and administration.....	---	785,598	681,072	---	---	---
Total, Immigration and Naturalization Service...	(6,227,220)	(6,338,458)	(6,309,211)	(5,819,998)	(6,159,529)	(-67,691)
Appropriations.....	(3,499,894)	(4,027,385)	(3,998,138)	(3,508,925)	(3,848,456)	(+348,562)
Emergency appropriations.....	(584,400)	---	---	---	---	(-584,400)
(Fee accounts).....	(2,142,926)	(2,311,073)	(2,311,073)	(2,311,073)	(2,311,073)	(+168,147)
Federal Prison System						
Salaries and expenses.....	3,808,600	4,081,765	4,074,265	4,068,237	4,071,251	+262,651
Buildings and facilities.....	813,552	395,243	395,243	460,221	399,227	-414,325
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-5,000	---	---	---	---	+5,000
Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated (limitation on administrative expenses).....	3,429	3,429	3,429	3,429	3,429	---
Total, Federal Prison System.....	4,620,581	4,480,437	4,472,937	4,531,887	4,473,907	-146,674

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Office of Justice Programs						
Justice assistance.....	437,008	214,024	210,049	2,232,057	201,291	-235,717
(By transfer).....	(6,632)	(6,632)	(6,632)	(6,632)	(6,632)	---
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	400,000	---	---	---	---	-400,000
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-600	---	---	---	---	+600
Domestic preparedness.....	---	---	307,610	---	1,000,000	+1,000,000
Communications and interoperability.....	---	---	200,000	---	---	---
Total, Office of Justice Programs.....	836,408	214,024	717,659	2,232,057	1,201,291	+364,883
State and local law enforcement assistance:						
Local law enforcement block grant.....	400,000	---	400,000	400,000	400,000	---
Boys and Girls clubs (earmark).....	(70,000)	---	(70,000)	(90,000)	(80,000)	(+10,000)
National Institute of Justice (earmark).....	(19,956)	---	(19,956)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(+44)
Citizen corps (earmark).....	---	---	(7,500)	---	(3,000)	(+3,000)
Indian assistance.....	48,162	12,971	12,971	48,000	18,000	-30,162
Tribal prison construction.....	(35,191)	---	---	(35,000)	(5,000)	(-30,191)
Indian tribal courts program.....	(7,982)	(7,982)	(7,982)	(8,000)	(8,000)	(+18)
Indian grants.....	(4,989)	(4,989)	(4,989)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(+11)
State criminal alien assistance program.....	565,000	---	500,000	---	250,000	-315,000
Cooperative agreement program.....	20,000	---	5,000	20,000	5,000	-15,000
Byrne grants (formula).....	500,000	---	500,000	---	500,000	---
Byrne grants (discretionary).....	94,489	---	94,489	134,700	150,914	+56,425
Juvenile crime block grant.....	249,450	215,000	215,000	249,450	190,000	-59,450
Drug courts.....	50,000	52,000	50,000	50,000	45,000	-5,000
Violence Against Women grants.....	390,565	390,165	390,565	390,565	390,165	-400
State prison drug treatment.....	70,000	77,000	70,000	70,000	65,000	-5,000
Other crime control programs.....	5,688	4,742	5,000	5,700	5,690	+2
Assistance for victims of trafficking.....	10,000	---	10,000	---	10,000	---
Prescription drug monitoring.....	---	---	10,000	---	7,500	+7,500
Prison rape prevention.....	---	---	18,000	---	13,000	+13,000
Terrorism prevention and response training.....	---	---	---	---	15,000	+15,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	251,100	---	---	---	---	-251,100
Prior year unobligated balances.....	---	---	---	---	-20,990	-20,990
Total, State and local law enforcement.....	2,654,454	751,878	2,281,025	1,368,415	2,044,279	-610,175
Weed and seed program fund.....						
Community oriented policing services:	58,925	58,925	58,925	58,925	58,925	---
Public safety and community policing grants.....	496,014	126,106	376,106	492,000	353,238	-142,776
Hiring.....	(330,000)	---	(200,000)	(330,000)	(200,000)	(-130,000)
Methamphetamine.....	(70,473)	(20,000)	(75,000)	(50,000)	(57,132)	(-13,341)
Management administration.....	32,812	25,685	32,812	35,000	33,000	+188

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Crime fighting technologies.....	351,632	282,500	357,287	426,215	400,567	+48,935
Safe schools initiative.....	(17,000)	(17,000)	(17,000)	(17,000)	(17,000)	---
Upgrade criminal history records.....	(35,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(35,000)	(40,000)	(+5,000)
DNA identification/crime lab.....	(75,000)	(75,000)	(80,000)	(80,000)	(81,538)	(+6,538)
COPS technology.....	(154,345)	(50,000)	(130,000)	(158,815)	(189,954)	(+35,609)
COPS interoperability.....	---	---	---	(100,000)	(20,000)	(+20,000)
Community prosecutors.....	99,780	99,780	59,780	100,000	85,000	-14,780
Crime prevention.....	70,202	46,963	70,235	67,013	57,107	-13,095
Justice assistance grants program.....	---	800,000	---	---	---	---
Total, Community oriented policing services.....	1,050,440	1,381,034	896,220	1,120,228	928,912	-121,528
Juvenile justice programs.....	305,860	257,801	257,801	315,425	275,306	-30,554
(Transfer out).....	(-6,632)	(-6,632)	(-6,632)	(-6,632)	(-6,632)	---
Election reform grants.....	---	400,000	---	31,000	---	---
Public safety officers benefits:						
Death benefits.....	33,224	49,054	49,054	49,054	49,054	+15,830
Disability benefits.....	4,500	4,000	---	4,000	4,000	-500
Education benefits.....	---	---	2,500	---	---	---
Total, Public safety officers benefits program..	37,724	53,054	51,554	53,054	53,054	+15,330
Total, Office of Justice Programs.....	4,943,811	3,116,716	4,263,184	5,179,104	4,561,767	-382,044
Crime free rural state program (sec. 110).....	---	---	---	10,000	---	---
Total, title I, Department of Justice.....	23,707,195	22,800,337	23,839,683	24,206,005	23,988,292	+281,097
(Transfer out).....	(-6,632)	(-6,632)	(-6,632)	(-6,632)	(-6,632)	---
(By transfer).....	(6,632)	(6,632)	(6,632)	(6,632)	(6,632)	---
TITLE II - DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND RELATED AGENCIES						
TRADE AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT						
RELATED AGENCIES						
Office of the United States Trade Representative						
Salaries and expenses.....	30,097	32,299	32,000	33,000	34,999	+4,902
International Trade Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	51,440	54,000	53,000	54,600	54,000	+2,560
Total, Related agencies.....	81,537	86,299	85,000	87,600	88,999	+7,462

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE						
International Trade Administration						
Operations and administration.....	347,547	376,678	373,807	353,242	370,192	+22,645
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	1,000	---	---	---	---	-1,000
Offsetting fee collections.....	-3,000	-13,000	-13,000	-3,000	-8,000	-5,000
Direct appropriation.....	345,547	363,678	360,807	350,242	362,192	+16,645
Bureau of Industry and Security						
Operations and administration.....	61,643	100,198	62,643	100,198	67,403	+5,760
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	1,756	---	---	---	---	-1,756
CWC enforcement.....	7,250	---	7,250	---	7,250	---
Total, Bureau of Industry and Security.....	70,649	100,198	69,893	100,198	74,653	+4,004
Economic Development Administration						
Economic development assistance programs.....	335,000	317,235	317,235	257,886	290,000	-45,000
Salaries and expenses.....	30,557	30,765	30,765	30,765	30,765	+208
Total, Economic Development Administration.....	365,557	348,000	348,000	288,651	320,765	-44,792
Minority Business Development Agency						
Minority business development.....	28,381	28,906	28,906	28,906	28,906	+525
Total, Trade and Infrastructure Development.....	891,671	927,081	892,606	855,597	875,515	-16,156
ECONOMIC AND INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE						
Economic and Statistical Analysis						
Salaries and expenses.....	62,515	73,220	73,220	72,158	72,158	+9,643
Bureau of the Census						
Salaries and expenses.....	169,424	204,996	189,181	173,223	183,000	+13,576
Periodic censuses and programs.....	321,376	500,320	368,482	385,696	371,482	+50,106
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-11,300	---	---	---	---	+11,300
Total, Bureau of the Census.....	479,500	705,316	557,663	558,919	554,482	+74,982
National Telecommunications and Information Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	14,054	16,581	16,153	14,352	14,700	+646

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(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Public telecommunications facilities, planning and construction.....	43,466	43,556	43,556	43,616	43,556	+90
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	8,250	---	---	---	---	-8,250
Information infrastructure grants.....	15,503	212	15,503	15,560	15,503	---
Total, National Telecommunications and Information Administration.....	81,273	60,349	75,212	73,528	73,759	-7,514
United States Patent and Trademark Office						
Current year fee funding.....	843,701	1,204,357	1,156,000	1,038,800	1,015,229	+171,528
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	1,500	---	---	---	---	-1,500
Prior year carryover.....	282,300	100,000	100,000	166,771	166,771	-115,529
Total, Patent and Trademark Office.....	1,127,501	1,304,357	1,256,000	1,205,571	1,182,000	+54,499
Offsetting fee collections.....	-843,701	-1,204,357	-1,156,000	-1,038,800	-1,015,229	-171,528
Total, Economic and Information Infrastructure..	907,088	938,885	806,095	871,376	867,170	-39,918
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY						
Technology Administration						
Office of Technology Policy						
Salaries and expenses.....	8,238	7,886	7,886	7,886	9,886	+1,648
National Institute of Standards and Technology						
Scientific and technical research and services.....	321,111	384,809	351,296	363,433	359,411	+38,300
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	5,000	---	---	---	---	-5,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	4,000	---	---	---	---	-4,000
Industrial technology services.....	291,022	119,607	110,000	291,976	286,623	+4,399
Construction of research facilities.....	62,393	54,212	54,212	65,460	66,100	+3,707
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	1,225	---	---	---	---	-1,225
Working capital fund.....	---	4,482	---	281	---	---
Total, National Institute of Standards and Technology.....	684,751	563,110	515,508	721,150	712,134	+27,383
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration						
Operations, research, and facilities.....	2,027,424	1,991,722	1,832,598	2,349,301	2,040,497	+13,073
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	2,750	---	---	---	---	-2,750
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	2,000	---	---	---	---	-2,000
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	8,100	---	---	---	---	+8,100
Conservation.....	223,273	219,360	305,016	---	273,022	+49,749

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
(By transfer from Promote and Develop Fund).....	(68,000)	(75,000)	(75,000)	(55,000)	(65,000)	(-3,000)
(By transfer from Coastal zone management).....	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	---
Total, Operations, research, and facilities.....	2,250,347	2,214,082	2,140,614	2,352,301	2,316,519	+66,172
Procurement, acquisition and construction.....	778,065	791,375	656,298	903,410	682,851	-95,214
Conservation.....	58,487	20,012	44,984	---	76,179	+17,692
Total, Procurement, acquisition and construction	836,552	811,387	701,282	903,410	759,030	-77,522
Pacific coastal salmon recovery.....	---	---	---	98,650	---	---
Conservation.....	157,419	110,000	130,000	---	130,000	-27,419
Coastal zone management fund.....	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	---
Fishermen's contingency fund.....	952	954	---	954	1	-951
Foreign fishing observer fund.....	---	191	---	191	1	-190
Fisheries finance program account.....	287	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	-8,000	+8,287
Negative subsidy (P.L. 107-206).....	-3,000	---	---	---	---	+3,000
Environmental improvement and restoration fund.....	10,000	---	---	---	---	-10,000
Total, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.....	3,249,748	3,130,614	2,965,896	3,349,506	3,194,551	-55,197
Total, Science and Technology.....	3,942,737	3,701,610	3,489,290	4,078,542	3,916,571	-26,166
Appropriations.....	(3,498,683)	(3,352,238)	(3,009,290)	(4,078,542)	(3,437,370)	(-61,313)
Conservation.....	(439,179)	(349,372)	(480,000)	---	(479,201)	(+40,022)
Emergency appropriations.....	(12,975)	---	---	---	---	(-12,975)
Departmental Management	---	---	---	---	---	---
Salaries and expenses.....	37,652	48,254	46,254	41,494	44,954	+7,302
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	4,776	---	---	---	---	-4,776
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	400	---	---	---	---	-400
Office of Inspector General.....	20,176	22,670	22,670	20,635	20,635	+459
Total, Departmental management.....	63,004	70,924	68,924	62,129	65,589	+2,585
Tourism promotion (sec. 210).....	---	---	---	50,000	50,000	+50,000
Total, Department of Commerce.....	5,722,963	5,552,201	5,171,915	5,830,044	5,685,846	-37,117
Total, title II, Department of Commerce and related agencies.....	5,804,500	5,638,500	5,256,915	5,917,644	5,774,845	-29,655
Appropriations.....	(5,354,064)	(5,289,128)	(4,776,915)	(5,917,644)	(5,295,644)	(-58,420)
Conservation.....	(439,179)	(349,372)	(480,000)	---	(479,201)	(+40,022)
Emergency appropriations.....	(30,657)	---	---	---	---	(-30,657)
(By transfer).....	(68,000)	(75,000)	(75,000)	(55,000)	(65,000)	(-3,000)

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE III - THE JUDICIARY						
Supreme Court of the United States						
Salaries and expenses:						
Salaries of justices.....	1,808	1,872	1,872	1,872	1,872	+64
Other salaries and expenses.....	38,180	44,452	43,871	42,527	43,871	+5,691
Total, Salaries and expenses.....	39,988	46,324	45,743	44,399	45,743	+5,755
Care of the building and grounds.....	37,530	53,626	41,626	53,304	41,626	+4,096
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	30,000	---	---	---	---	-30,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	10,000	---	---	---	---	-10,000
Total, Supreme Court of the United States.....	117,518	99,950	87,369	97,703	87,369	-30,149
United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit						
Salaries and expenses:						
Salaries of judges.....	2,079	2,225	2,225	2,225	2,225	+146
Other salaries and expenses.....	17,208	19,668	18,265	17,911	18,088	+880
Total, Salaries and expenses.....	19,287	21,893	20,490	20,136	20,313	+1,026
United States Court of International Trade						
Salaries and expenses:						
Salaries of judges.....	1,633	1,678	1,678	1,678	1,678	+45
Other salaries and expenses.....	11,431	12,099	12,009	11,851	12,009	+578
Total, Salaries and expenses.....	13,064	13,777	13,687	13,529	13,687	+623
Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services						
Salaries and expenses:						
Salaries of judges and bankruptcy judges.....	250,434	263,854	263,854	---	263,854	+13,420
Other salaries and expenses.....	3,340,682	3,750,253	3,555,265	---	3,536,146	+195,464
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	5,000	---	---	---	---	-5,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	3,143	---	---	---	---	-3,143
Direct appropriation.....	3,599,259	4,014,107	3,819,119	---	3,800,000	+200,741

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Courts of Appeals, District, Magistrate, and Bankruptcy Court Judges and Staff						
Salaries and expenses:						
Salaries of judges and bankruptcy judges.....	---	---	---	263,854	---	---
Other salaries and expenses.....	---	---	---	454,882	---	---
Total, Salaries and expenses.....	---	---	---	718,736	---	---
Court Support						
Salaries and expenses.....	---	---	---	1,048,877	---	---
Court Services						
Salaries and expenses.....	---	---	---	1,394,039	---	---
Probation and Pretrial Services						
Salaries and expenses.....	---	---	---	717,214	---	---
Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund.....	2,692	2,784	2,784	2,784	2,784	+92
Defender services.....	500,671	588,741	545,129	531,792	538,461	+37,790
Fees of jurors and commissioners.....	48,131	57,826	54,636	54,636	54,636	+6,505
Court security.....	220,677	298,235	286,200	276,342	268,400	+47,723
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	57,521	---	---	---	---	-57,521
Total, Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services.....	4,428,951	4,961,693	4,707,868	4,744,420	4,664,281	+235,330
Administrative Office of the United States Courts						
Salaries and expenses.....	61,664	66,912	64,913	---	63,500	+1,836
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	2,879	---	---	---	---	-2,879
Federal Judicial Center						
Salaries and expenses.....	19,735	21,885	20,856	20,156	20,856	+1,121
Judicial Retirement Funds						
Payment to Judiciary Trust Funds.....	37,000	35,300	35,300	35,300	35,300	-1,700
United States Sentencing Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	11,575	13,200	12,344	11,835	12,090	+515

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
General Provisions						
Judges pay raise (sec. 304).....	8,625	7,000	7,878	7,972	---	-8,625
Total, title III, the Judiciary.....	4,720,298	5,241,610	4,970,705	4,951,051	4,917,396	+197,098
TITLE IV - DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND RELATED AGENCY						
Administration of Foreign Affairs						
Diplomatic and consular programs.....	3,142,277	3,384,179	3,269,258	3,042,096	3,269,258	+126,981
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	47,450	---	---	---	---	-47,450
(Transfer out).....	(-4,000)	(-4,000)	(-4,000)	(-4,000)	(-4,000)	---
Worldwide security upgrades.....	487,735	553,000	553,000	579,086	553,000	+65,265
Total, Diplomatic and consular programs.....	3,677,462	3,937,179	3,822,258	3,621,182	3,822,258	+144,796
Capital investment fund.....	203,000	177,000	177,000	210,000	183,311	-19,689
Office of Inspector General.....	29,000	29,264	29,264	30,844	29,264	+264
Educational and cultural exchange programs.....	237,000	245,306	250,306	237,881	245,306	+8,306
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	10,000	---	---	---	---	-10,000
Representation allowances.....	6,485	9,000	6,485	6,485	6,485	---
Protection of foreign missions and officials.....	9,400	11,000	11,000	9,400	11,000	+1,600
Embassy security, construction, and maintenance.....	458,000	550,000	500,000	523,000	508,500	+50,500
Worldwide security upgrades.....	815,960	755,000	755,000	732,700	755,000	-60,960
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	200,516	---	---	---	---	-200,516
Emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service.....	6,500	15,000	10,500	6,500	6,500	---
(By transfer).....	(4,000)	(4,000)	(4,000)	(4,000)	(4,000)	---
(Transfer out).....	(-1,000)	(-1,000)	(-1,000)	(-1,000)	(-1,000)	---
Repatriation Loans Program Account:						
Direct loans subsidy.....	612	612	612	612	612	---
Administrative expenses.....	607	607	607	607	607	---
(By transfer).....	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	---
Total, Repatriation loans program account.....	1,219	1,219	1,219	1,219	1,219	---
Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan.....	17,044	18,817	18,450	17,044	18,450	+1,406
Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund.....	135,629	138,200	138,200	138,200	138,200	+2,571
Total, Administration of Foreign Affairs.....	5,807,215	5,886,985	5,719,682	5,534,455	5,725,493	-81,722
International Organizations and Conferences						
Contributions to international organizations, current year assessment.....	850,000	891,378	858,000	866,000	866,000	+16,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	7,000	---	---	---	---	-7,000

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Contributions for international peacekeeping activities, current year.....	844,139	725,981	725,981	673,710	673,710	-170,429
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	23,034	---	---	---	---	-23,034
Total, International Organizations and Conferences.....	1,724,173	1,617,359	1,583,981	1,539,710	1,539,710	-184,463
International Commissions						
International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico:						
Salaries and expenses.....	24,705	27,404	25,808	25,155	25,482	+777
Construction.....	5,450	9,401	5,450	5,488	5,450	---
American sections, international commissions.....	9,911	10,682	9,472	10,023	9,472	-439
International fisheries commissions.....	20,480	19,780	16,348	20,480	17,100	-3,380
Total, International commissions.....	60,546	67,267	57,078	61,146	57,504	-3,042
Other						
Payment to the Asia Foundation.....	9,250	9,444	10,444	10,250	10,444	+1,194
Eisenhower Exchange Fellowship program.....	500	500	500	500	500	---
Israeli Arab scholarship program.....	375	375	375	375	375	---
East-West Center.....	14,000	14,280	6,000	18,000	18,000	+4,000
National Endowment for Democracy.....	33,500	36,000	36,000	46,500	42,000	+8,500
Total, Department of State.....	7,649,559	7,632,210	7,414,060	7,210,936	7,394,026	-255,533
RELATED AGENCY						
Broadcasting Board of Governors						
International Broadcasting Operations.....	428,234	467,898	495,760	431,456	468,898	+40,664
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	9,200	---	---	---	---	-9,200
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	7,400	---	---	---	---	-7,400
Broadcasting to Cuba.....	24,872	25,362	---	24,996	24,996	+124
Broadcasting capital improvements.....	25,900	13,740	13,740	13,740	12,740	-13,160
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	10,000	---	---	---	---	-10,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	7,700	---	---	---	---	-7,700
Total, Broadcasting Board of Governors.....	513,306	507,000	509,500	470,192	506,634	-6,672
Total, title IV, Department of State.....	8,162,865	8,139,210	7,923,560	7,681,128	7,900,660	-262,205
(Transfer out).....	(-5,000)	(-5,000)	(-5,000)	(-5,000)	(-5,000)	---
(By transfer).....	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	---

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE V - RELATED AGENCIES						
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
Maritime Administration						
Maritime security program.....	98,700	98,700	98,700	98,700	98,700	---
Operations and training.....	89,054	93,133	92,696	89,904	92,696	+3,642
Ship disposal.....	---	11,161	11,161	---	11,161	+11,161
Maritime Guaranteed Loan (Title XI) Program Account:						
Guaranteed loans subsidy.....	33,000	---	---	32,852	---	-33,000
Administrative expenses.....	3,978	4,126	4,126	4,144	4,126	+148
Total, Maritime guaranteed loan program account.	36,978	4,126	4,126	36,996	4,126	-32,852
Total, Maritime Administration.....	224,732	207,120	206,683	225,600	206,683	-18,049
Commission for the Preservation of America's Heritage Abroad						
Salaries and expenses.....	489	499	499	659	499	+10
Commission on Civil Rights						
Salaries and expenses.....	9,096	9,096	9,096	9,096	9,096	---
Commission on International Religious Freedom						
Salaries and expenses.....	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	2,884	-116
Commission on Ocean Policy						
Salaries and expenses.....	3,000	---	---	3,000	2,000	-1,000
Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe						
Salaries and expenses.....	1,499	1,607	1,582	1,550	1,582	+83
Congressional-Executive Commission on the People's Republic of China						
Salaries and expenses.....	1,000	1,700	1,380	1,000	1,380	+380
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	310,406	320,436	308,822	320,436	308,822	-1,584
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	1,301	---	---	---	---	-1,301

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Federal Communications Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	245,071	268,327	256,376	275,400	271,000	+25,929
Offsetting fee collections - current year.....	-218,757	-248,194	-248,194	-275,400	-269,000	-50,243
Direct appropriation.....	26,314	20,133	8,182	---	2,000	-24,314
Federal Maritime Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	16,458	17,440	16,458	16,795	16,700	+242
Federal Trade Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	155,982	184,599	174,508	175,148	176,608	+20,626
Offsetting fee collections - current year.....	-155,982	-150,000	-150,000	-150,000	-150,000	+5,982
Offsetting fee collections, telephone database....	---	-16,000	-16,000	-16,000	-18,100	-18,100
Direct appropriation.....	---	18,599	8,508	9,148	8,508	+8,508
Legal Services Corporation						
Payment to the Legal Services Corporation.....	329,300	329,300	329,300	348,397	338,848	+9,548
Marine Mammal Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	1,957	1,856	1,856	2,050	3,050	+1,093
National Veterans Business Development Corporation						
Salaries and expenses.....	4,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	-2,000
Pacific Charter Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	1,500	---	---	---	---	-1,500
Securities and Exchange Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	437,900	566,900	776,000	656,700	745,789	+307,889
Prior year unobligated balances.....	---	---	---	---	-29,439	-29,439
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	20,705	---	---	---	---	-20,705
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	30,900	---	---	---	---	-30,900
Direct appropriation.....	489,505	566,900	776,000	656,700	716,350	+226,845
Small Business Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	308,476	352,968	317,357	364,357	314,457	+5,981
Office of Inspector General.....	11,464	14,500	12,626	11,600	12,422	+958

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Business Loans Program Account:						
Direct loans subsidy.....	1,860	3,726	3,726	3,726	3,726	+1,866
Guaranteed loans subsidy.....	78,000	85,360	85,360	85,360	85,360	+7,360
Administrative expenses.....	129,000	129,000	129,000	129,000	129,000	---
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	75,000	---	---	---	---	-75,000
Total, Business loans program account.....	283,860	218,086	218,086	218,086	218,086	-65,774
Disaster Loans Program Account:						
Direct loans subsidy.....	87,360	76,140	76,140	76,140	73,140	-14,220
Administrative expenses.....	122,354	118,354	118,354	118,354	118,354	-4,000
Gainsharing.....	---	3,000	---	---	---	---
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	75,000	---	---	---	---	-75,000
Total, Disaster loans program account.....	284,714	197,494	194,494	194,494	191,494	-93,220
Total, Small Business Administration.....	888,514	783,048	742,563	788,537	736,459	-152,055
State Justice Institute						
Salaries and expenses 1/.....	3,000	13,550	3,000	3,100	3,000	---
United States - Canada Alaska Rail Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	2,000	---	---	---	---	-2,000
Total, title V, Related agencies.....	2,317,071	2,296,284	2,418,929	2,391,068	2,359,861	+42,790
TITLE VII - RESCISSIONS						
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE						
General Administration						
Working Capital fund (rescission).....	---	---	---	-36,230	-78,000	-78,000
Legal Activities						
Assets forfeiture fund (rescission).....	-40,000	---	---	-50,874	-50,874	-10,874
Immigration and Naturalization Service						
Immigration emergency fund (rescission).....	---	---	---	---	-580	-580
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE						
United States Patent and Trademark Office						
Salaries and expenses (rescission).....	---	---	---	-120,000	---	---

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration						
Coastal impact assistance (rescission).....	---	---	-7,000	---	-7,000	-7,000
Departmental Management						
Emergency oil and gas guaranteed loan program account (rescission).....	-5,200	-920	-920	---	-920	+4,280
Emergency steel guaranteed loan program account (rescission).....	---	-96,000	-49,000	---	---	---
RELATED AGENCIES						
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
Maritime Administration						
Maritime Guaranteed Loan (Title XI) Program Account: Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-5,000	---	---	---	---	+5,000
Ship construction (rescission).....	-4,400	---	---	---	---	+4,400
Federal Communications Commission						
Salaries and expenses (rescission).....	---	---	---	---	-5,700	-5,700
Securities and Exchange Commission						
Salaries and expenses (rescission).....	-50,000	---	---	---	---	+50,000
Small Business Administration						
Salaries and expenses (rescission).....	---	---	---	---	-13,750	-13,750
Business Loans Program Account: Guaranteed loans subsidy (rescission).....	-5,500	---	---	---	-10,500	-5,000
Total, title VII, Rescissions.....	-110,100	-96,920	-56,920	-207,104	-167,324	-57,224
Grand total:						
New budget (obligational) authority.....	44,601,829	44,019,021	44,352,872	44,939,792	44,773,730	+171,901
Appropriations.....	(41,613,299)	(43,766,569)	(43,929,792)	(45,146,896)	(44,461,853)	(+2,848,554)
Conservation.....	(439,179)	(349,372)	(480,000)	---	(479,201)	(+40,022)
Emergency appropriations.....	(2,726,451)	---	---	---	---	(-2,726,451)
Rescissions.....	(-177,100)	(-96,920)	(-56,920)	(-207,104)	(-167,324)	(+9,776)
(Transfer out).....	(-11,632)	(-11,632)	(-11,632)	(-11,632)	(-11,632)	---
(By transfer).....	(79,632)	(86,632)	(86,632)	(66,632)	(76,632)	(-3,000)

1/ The President's budget proposed nothing for the State Justice Institute.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
Federal payment for Resident Tuition Support.....	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	---
Federal payment for Emergency Planning and Security Costs in the District of Columbia.....	16,058	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	-1,058
Federal payment for Hospital Bioterrorism Preparedness in the District of Columbia.....	---	---	---	10,000	10,000	+10,000
Federal payment to the District of Columbia Courts....	112,180	159,045	160,545	166,193	161,943	+49,763
Defender Services in District of Columbia Courts.....	34,311	32,000	32,000	34,000	17,100	-17,211
Unobligated Balance	---	---	---	---	(16,400)	(+16,400)
Defender Services program level.....	---	---	---	---	(33,500)	(+33,500)
Federal payment to the Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency for the District of Columbia.....	147,300	154,707	154,707	154,707	154,707	+7,407
the District of Columbia.						
Federal payment to the District of Columbia Department of Transportation.....	---	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	+1,000
Federal Payment to the Chief Financial Officer of the District of Columbia.....	8,300	---	23,450	15,000	40,300	+32,000
Federal payment for Waterfront Improvements.....	---	---	1,000	---	2,800	+2,800
Federal payment for Asbestos Remediation.....	---	---	1,000	---	1,000	+1,000
Federal payment to the Fire and Emergency Medical Services Department.....	---	---	2,000	---	2,000	+2,000
Federal payment for Special Education.....	---	---	14,000	---	3,000	+3,000
Federal payment for the Family Literacy Program.....	---	---	5,000	4,000	4,000	+4,000
Federal payment to the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority 1/.....	---	---	50,000	50,000	50,000	+50,000
Federal payment for the Anacostia Waterfront Initiative in the District of Columbia.....	---	---	---	5,000	5,000	+5,000
Federal payment to the District of Columbia for Capital Development.....	---	---	24,298	13,100	10,150	+10,150
Federal payment to the District of Columbia for Public Charter School Facilities.....	---	---	---	20,000	17,000	+17,000
Federal payment to the Credit Enhancement Revolving Fund 2/.....	---	---	16,000	---	---	---

1/ The Senate bill includes \$50 million under Federal payment for the Anacostia Waterfront Initiative in the District of Columbia

2/ The Senate bill includes \$5 million under Federal payment to the District of Columbia for Public Charter School Facilities. The conference agreement includes \$8 million for this program.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Federal payment to the Children's National Medical Medical Center 3/.....	5,500	---	---	5,000	---	-5,500
St. Coletta of Greater Washington 3/.....	2,000	---	---	2,000	---	-2,000
Federal payment to the District of Columbia for Schools.....	2,500	---	---	---	---	-2,500
Federal payment to the Capitol City Career Development and Job Training Partnership.....	500	---	---	---	---	-500
Federal payment to the Capitol Education Fund.....	500	---	---	---	---	-500
Federal payment to the Metropolitan Kappa Youth Development Foundation, Inc.....	450	---	---	---	---	-450
Federal payment to the Fire and Emergency Medical Services Department.....	500	---	---	---	---	-500
Federal payment to the Youth Life Foundation.....	250	---	---	---	---	-250
Federal payment to Food and Friends.....	2,000	---	---	---	---	-2,000
Federal payment to the City Administrator.....	300	---	---	---	---	-300
Federal payment to Southeastern University.....	500	---	---	---	---	-500
Federal payments for District of Columbia and Federal Law Enforcement Mobile Wireless Interoperability Project.....	1,400	---	---	---	---	-1,400
Federal payment to the District of Columbia Corrections Trustee Operations.....	30,200	---	---	---	---	-30,200
Federal payment for Family Court Act.....	24,016	---	---	---	---	-24,016
Federal payment to Faith and Politics Institute.....	50	---	---	---	---	-50
Federal payment to the Thurgood Marshall Academy Charter School.....	1,000	---	---	---	---	-1,000
Federal payment to the George Washington University Center for Excellence in Municipal Management.....	250	---	---	---	---	-250
Court Appointed Special Advocates.....	250	---	---	---	---	-250
Federal Contribution for Enforcement of Law Banning Possession of Tobacco Products by Minors (sec. 130). Supplemental appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	100 200,000	---	---	---	---	-100 -200,000
Total, Federal funds to the District of Columbia	607,415	378,752	517,000	512,000	512,000	-95,415

3/ The House and the confereene report includes \$5 million and \$2 million, respectively, for these programs under Federal payment to the Chief Financial Officer of the District of Columbia.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FUNDS						
Operating Expenses						
Governmental direction and support.....	(286,138)	(262,873)	(303,586)	(295,136)	(307,173)	(+21,035)
Economic development and regulation.....	(230,878)	(244,358)	(258,539)	(258,539)	(244,358)	(+13,480)
Public safety and justice.....	(633,853)	(622,531)	(639,892)	(639,892)	(622,531)	(-11,322)
Public education system.....	(1,108,665)	(1,159,169)	(1,257,201)	(1,220,201)	(1,206,169)	(+97,504)
Human support services.....	(1,803,923)	(2,478,818)	(2,474,297)	(2,500,297)	(2,451,818)	(+647,895)
Public works.....	(300,151)	(319,357)	(324,828)	(324,828)	(320,357)	(+20,206)
Reserve.....	(120,000)	(70,000)	(70,000)	(70,000)	(70,000)	(-50,000)
Reserve Relief.....	(30,000)	---	---	---	---	(-30,000)
Repayment of Loans and Interest.....	(247,902)	(260,951)	(267,451)	(267,451)	(260,951)	(+13,049)
Repayment of General Fund Recovery Debt.....	(39,300)	(39,300)	(39,300)	(39,300)	(39,300)	---
Payment of Interest on Short-Term Borrowing.....	(500)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(+500)
Certificates of Participation.....	---	(7,950)	(7,950)	(7,950)	(7,950)	(+7,950)
Settlements and Judgments.....	---	(22,822)	(22,822)	(22,822)	(22,822)	(+22,822)
Wilson Building.....	(8,859)	(4,194)	(4,194)	(4,194)	(4,194)	(-4,665)
Workforce Investments.....	(42,896)	(48,186)	(54,186)	(54,186)	(48,186)	(+5,290)
Tobacco Settlement Trust Fund Transfer.....	---	---	(10,000)	(10,000)	---	---
Non-Departmental Agency.....	(5,799)	(5,799)	(5,799)	(5,799)	(5,799)	---
Emergency Planning and Security Costs.....	(16,058)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(-1,058)
Pay-As-You-Go Capital.....	---	---	(16,750)	(16,750)	---	---
Capital Infrastructure development.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Emergency Reserve Fund Transfer.....	(33,254)	---	---	(13,100)	---	(-33,254)
Receivership Program.....	(403,868)	---	---	---	---	(-403,868)
Total, operating expenses, general fund.....	(5,312,044)	(5,562,308)	(5,772,795)	(5,766,445)	(5,627,608)	(+315,564)
Enterprise and Other Funds						
Water and Sewer Authority.....	(244,978)	(253,743)	(253,743)	(253,743)	(253,743)	(+8,765)
Washington Aqueduct.....	(46,510)	(57,847)	(57,847)	(57,847)	(57,847)	(+11,337)
Stormwater Permit Compliance enterprise fund.....	(3,100)	(3,100)	(3,100)	(3,100)	(3,100)	---
Lottery and Charitable Games enterprise fund.....	(229,688)	(232,881)	(232,881)	(232,881)	(232,881)	(+3,193)
Sports and Entertainment Commission.....	(9,627)	(15,510)	(15,510)	(20,510)	(20,510)	(+10,883)
District of Columbia Retirement Board.....	(13,388)	(13,388)	(13,388)	(13,388)	(13,388)	---
Washington Convention Center enterprise fund.....	(57,278)	(78,700)	(78,700)	(78,700)	(78,700)	(+21,422)
National Capital Revitalization Corporation.....	(2,673)	(6,745)	(6,745)	(6,745)	(6,745)	(+4,072)
Housing Finance Agency.....	(4,711)	---	---	---	---	(-4,711)
Total, Enterprise Funds.....	(611,953)	(661,914)	(661,914)	(666,914)	(666,914)	(+54,961)
Total, operating expenses.....	(5,923,997)	(6,224,222)	(6,434,709)	(6,433,359)	(6,294,522)	(+370,525)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted

Capital Outlay						
General fund 4/.....	(1,074,605)	(656,070)	(666,368)	(666,368)	(671,020)	(-403,585)
Water and Sewer Fund.....	(152,114)	(292,458)	(342,458)	(342,458)	(392,458)	(+240,344)
Total, Capital Outlay.....	(1,226,719)	(948,528)	(1,008,826)	(1,008,826)	(1,063,478)	(-163,241)
Emergency supplemental.....	(155,900)	---	---	---	---	(-155,900)
=====						
Total, District of Columbia funds.....	(7,306,616)	(7,172,750)	(7,443,535)	(7,442,185)	(7,358,000)	(+51,384)
=====						
Grand total:						
Federal Funds to the District of Columbia...	607,415	378,752	517,000	512,000	512,000	-95,415
District of Columbia funds.....	(7,306,616)	(7,172,750)	(7,443,535)	(7,442,185)	(7,358,000)	(+51,384)
=====						

4/ Rounded

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - CIVIL						
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY						
Corps of Engineers - Civil						
General investigations.....	154,350	102,483	143,680	148,304	135,019	-19,331
Construction, general.....	1,715,951	1,415,612	1,831,030	1,636,602	1,756,012	+40,061
Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries, Arkansas, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee.....	345,992	280,671	342,071	346,437	344,574	-1,418
Operation and maintenance, general.....	1,874,803	1,913,760	1,990,280	1,956,182	1,940,167	+65,364
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	139,000	---	---	---	---	-139,000
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	32,000	---	---	---	---	-32,000
Regulatory program.....	127,000	144,252	134,000	144,252	139,000	+12,000
FUSRAP.....	140,000	140,298	150,000	140,298	145,000	+5,000
Flood control and coastal emergencies.....	---	20,227	20,000	20,227	15,000	+15,000
Rescission.....	-25,000	---	---	---	---	+25,000
General expenses.....	153,000	155,651	154,651	155,651	155,151	+2,151
Total, title I, Department of Defense - Civil...	4,657,096	4,172,954	4,765,712	4,547,953	4,629,923	-27,173
TITLE II - DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR						
Central Utah Project Completion Account						
Central Utah project construction.....	24,169	23,643	23,643	23,643	23,643	-526
Fish, wildlife, and recreation mitigation and conservation.....	10,749	11,259	11,259	11,259	11,259	+510
Subtotal.....	34,918	34,902	34,902	34,902	34,902	-16
Program oversight and administration.....	1,310	1,326	1,326	1,326	1,326	+16
Total, Central Utah project completion account...	36,228	36,228	36,228	36,228	36,228	---
Bureau of Reclamation						
Water and related resources.....	762,531	726,147	807,518	816,147	813,491	+50,960
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	30,259	---	---	---	---	-30,259
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	7,000	---	---	---	---	-7,000
Loan program.....	7,495	---	---	---	---	-7,495
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(26,000)	---	---	---	---	-(26,000)

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Central Valley project restoration fund.....	55,039	48,904	48,904	48,904	48,904	-6,135
California Bay-Delta restoration.....	---	15,000	---	---	---	---
Policy and administration.....	52,968	54,870	54,870	54,870	54,870	+1,902
Total, Bureau of Reclamation.....	915,292	844,921	911,292	919,921	917,265	+1,973
Total, title II, Department of the Interior.....	951,520	881,149	947,520	956,149	953,493	+1,973
TITLE III - DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY						
Energy supply.....	666,726	693,934	633,909	815,306	701,477	+34,751
Non-defense environmental management.....	236,372	166,000	213,259	176,000	215,100	-21,272
Uranium facilities maintenance and remediation.....	418,425	382,154	382,154	471,154	456,539	+38,114
Science.....	3,233,100	3,279,456	3,271,233	3,329,456	3,305,894	+72,794
Nuclear Waste Disposal.....	95,000	275,802	209,702	56,000	145,000	+50,000
Departmental administration.....	210,853	299,220	208,672	235,000	207,404	-3,449
Miscellaneous revenues.....	-137,810	-137,524	-80,000	-137,524	-120,000	+17,810
Net appropriation.....	73,043	161,696	128,672	97,476	87,404	+14,361
Office of the Inspector General.....	32,430	37,671	37,671	37,671	37,671	+5,241
Atomic Energy Defense Activities						
National Nuclear Security Administration:						
Weapons activities.....	5,429,238	5,867,000	5,772,068	6,108,959	5,954,204	+524,966
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	131,000	---	---	---	---	-131,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	19,400	---	---	---	---	-19,400
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-14,460	---	---	---	---	+14,460
Defense nuclear nonproliferation.....	803,586	1,113,630	1,167,630	1,115,630	1,113,630	+310,044
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	226,000	---	---	---	---	-226,000
Regular appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	100,000	---	---	---	---	-100,000
Naval reactors.....	688,045	706,790	706,790	706,790	706,790	+18,745
Office of the Administrator.....	312,596	335,929	261,929	335,929	330,929	+18,333
Subtotal, National Nuclear Security Administration.....	7,695,405	8,023,349	7,908,417	8,267,308	8,105,553	+410,148
Defense environmental restoration and waste management						
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	5,234,576	4,544,133	4,543,661	5,370,532	5,470,180	+235,604
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	8,200	---	---	---	---	-8,200
Defense environmental management cleanup reform.....	-15,540	---	---	---	---	+15,540
Defense facilities closure projects.....	---	1,100,000	1,100,000	---	---	---
Defense environmental management privatization.....	1,092,878	1,091,314	1,091,314	1,125,314	1,138,314	+45,436
Subtotal, Defense environmental management.....	153,537	158,399	158,399	158,399	158,399	+4,862
Subtotal, Defense environmental management.....	6,473,651	6,893,846	6,893,374	6,654,245	6,766,893	+293,242

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Other defense activities.....	544,044	468,664	485,076	537,664	546,554	+2,510
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	3,500	---	---	---	---	-3,500
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	7,000	---	---	---	---	-7,000
Defense nuclear waste disposal.....	280,000	315,000	315,000	280,000	315,000	+35,000
Total, Atomic Energy Defense Activities.....	15,003,600	15,700,859	15,601,867	15,739,217	15,734,000	+730,400
Power Marketing Administrations						
Operation and maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration.....	4,891	4,534	4,534	4,534	4,534	-357
Operation and maintenance, Southwestern Power Administration.....	28,038	27,378	27,378	27,378	27,378	-660
Construction, rehabilitation, operation and maintenance, Western Area Power Administration.....	171,938	162,758	162,758	168,858	168,858	-3,080
Falcon and Amistad operating and maintenance fund.....	2,663	2,734	2,734	2,734	2,734	+71
Total, Power Marketing Administrations.....	207,530	197,404	197,404	203,504	203,504	-4,026
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	184,155	192,000	192,000	192,000	192,000	+7,845
Revenues applied.....	-184,155	-192,000	-192,000	-192,000	-192,000	-7,845
Total, title III, Department of Energy.....	19,966,226	20,894,976	20,675,871	20,925,784	20,886,589	+920,363
TITLE IV - INDEPENDENT AGENCIES						
Appalachian Regional Commission.....	71,290	66,290	71,290	74,400	71,290	---
Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board.....	18,500	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000	+500
Delta Regional Authority.....	10,000	10,000	---	15,000	8,000	-2,000
Denali Commission.....	38,000	29,939	---	50,000	48,000	+10,000
Nuclear Regulatory Commission:						
Salaries and expenses.....	516,900	578,184	578,184	578,184	578,184	+61,284
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	36,000	---	---	---	---	-36,000
Revenues.....	-473,520	-492,545	-520,087	-520,087	-520,087	-46,567
Subtotal.....	79,380	85,639	58,097	58,097	58,097	-21,283
Office of Inspector General.....	6,180	6,800	6,800	6,800	6,800	+620
Revenues.....	-5,933	-6,392	-6,392	-6,392	-6,392	-459
Subtotal.....	247	408	408	408	408	+161
Total, Nuclear Regulatory Commission.....	79,627	86,047	58,505	58,505	58,505	-21,122

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board.....	3,100	3,102	3,102	3,200	3,200	+100
Total, title IV, Independent agencies.....	220,517	214,378	151,897	220,105	207,995	-12,522
Grand total:						
New budget (obligational) authority.....	25,795,359	26,163,457	26,541,000	26,649,991	26,678,000	+882,641
Appropriations.....	(25,250,000)	(26,163,457)	(26,541,000)	(26,649,991)	(26,678,000)	(+1,428,000)
Emergency appropriations.....	(600,359)	---	---	---	---	(-600,359)
Rescissions.....	(-55,000)	---	---	---	---	(+55,000)

FOREIGN OPERATIONS, EXPORT FINANCING, AND RELATED PROGRAMS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I - EXPORT AND INVESTMENT ASSISTANCE					
EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES					
Subsidy appropriation.....	727,323	541,400	541,400	541,400	-214,423
Administrative expenses.....	63,000	68,372	68,300	68,300	+5,300
Negative subsidy.....	-11,000	-13,000	-13,000	-13,000	-2,000
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-50,000	---	---	---	+50,000
Total, Export-Import Bank of the United States..	729,323	596,772	596,700	596,200	-161,123
OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION					
Noncredit account:					
Administrative expenses.....	38,608	39,885	39,885	39,885	+1,277
Insurance fees and other offsetting collections...	-290,000	-306,000	-306,000	-306,000	-16,000
Subsidy appropriation.....	---	24,000	24,000	24,000	+24,000
Total, Overseas Private Investment Corporation..	-251,392	-242,115	-242,115	-242,115	+9,277
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT					
Trade and development agency.....	50,024	44,512	49,512	44,696	-3,012
Total, title I, Export and investment assistance	527,955	399,169	404,097	399,281	-154,858
TITLE II - BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE					
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT					
United States Agency for International Development					
Child survival and health programs fund.....	1,433,500	---	1,710,000	1,836,500	+403,000
UNICEF.....	(120,000)	---	(120,000)	(120,000)	---
(Transfer out).....	---	---	(-6,000)	(-6,000)	(-6,000)
Development assistance.....	1,178,000	2,839,500	1,398,000	1,389,000	+211,000
(Transfer out).....	(-18,500)	---	---	---	(+18,500)
International disaster assistance.....	235,500	285,500	315,500	290,000	+54,500
Emergency supplemental.....	50,000	---	---	---	-50,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	40,000	---	---	---	-40,000
Transition initiatives.....	50,000	55,000	40,000	50,000	---
Development Credit Program:					
(By transfer).....	(18,500)	---	---	---	(-18,500)
(Guaranteed loan authorization).....	(267,500)	---	---	---	(-267,500)
Administrative expenses.....	7,500	7,591	7,591	7,591	+91
Subtotal, development assistance.....	2,994,500	3,187,591	3,471,091	3,688,091	+578,591

FOREIGN OPERATIONS, EXPORT FINANCING, AND RELATED PROGRAMS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund.....	44,880	45,200	45,200	45,200	45,200	+320
Operating expenses of the U.S. Agency for International Development.....	549,000	572,200	572,200	571,087	572,000	+23,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206) (By transfer).....	7,000 (3,500)	---	---	---	---	-7,000
Capital Investment Fund.....	---	95,000	(6,000) 43,000	---	(6,000) 43,000	(+2,500) +43,000
Operating expenses of the U.S. Agency for Inter- national Development Office of Inspector General....	31,500	32,700	33,700	33,046	33,300	+1,800
Total, U.S. Agency for International Development	3,626,880	3,932,691	4,165,191	4,402,424	4,266,591	+639,711
Other Bilateral Economic Assistance						
Economic support fund:						
Camp David countries.....	1,375,000	1,415,000	1,415,000	1,215,000	1,215,000	-160,000
Other.....	824,000	1,075,000	1,030,000	1,045,000	1,055,000	+231,000
(Transfer out).....	(-3,500)	---	(-200,000)	---	---	(+3,500)
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	465,000	---	---	---	---	-465,000
Subtotal, Economic support fund.....	2,664,000	2,490,000	2,445,000	2,260,000	2,270,000	-394,000
International Fund for Ireland.....	25,000	---	25,000	---	25,000	---
Assistance for Eastern Europe and the Baltic States...	621,000	495,000	520,000	530,000	525,000	-96,000
Assistance for the Independent States of the former Soviet Union.....	784,000	755,000	755,000	765,000	760,000	-24,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	110,000	---	---	---	---	-110,000
Total, Other Bilateral Economic Assistance.....	4,204,000	3,740,000	3,745,000	3,555,000	3,580,000	-624,000
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES						
Inter-American Foundation						
Appropriation.....	13,107	14,000	16,000	16,385	16,200	+3,093
African Development Foundation						
Appropriation.....	16,542	16,689	19,689	17,689	18,689	+2,147
Peace Corps						
Appropriation.....	275,000	317,000	317,000	285,000	297,000	+22,000

FOREIGN OPERATIONS, EXPORT FINANCING, AND RELATED PROGRAMS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference vs. Enacted
Department of State					
International narcotics control and law enforcement...	217,000	197,000	197,000	196,713	197,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	114,000	---	---	---	-20,000
(By transfer).....	---	---	---	---	-114,000
Andean Counterdrug Initiative.....	625,000	731,000	731,000	650,000	700,000
(By transfer).....	---	---	---	(88,000)	(93,000)
Migration and refugee assistance.....	705,000	705,000	800,000	787,000	787,000
United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund.....	15,000	15,000	20,000	32,000	26,000
Nonproliferation, anti-terrorism, demining and related programs.....	313,500	372,400	347,400	306,400	306,400
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	83,000	---	---	---	---
(By transfer).....	---	---	(200,000)	---	---
Subtotal, Department of State.....	2,072,500	2,020,400	2,095,400	1,972,113	2,016,400
Department of the Treasury					
International Affairs Technical Assistance.....	6,500	10,000	11,000	10,500	10,800
Debt restructuring.....	229,000	---	---	---	---
Subtotal, Department of the Treasury.....	235,500	10,000	11,000	10,500	10,800
Total, title II, Bilateral economic assistance..	10,443,529	10,050,780	10,369,280	10,259,111	10,205,680
Appropriations.....	(9,574,529)	(10,050,780)	(10,369,280)	(10,259,111)	(10,205,680)
Emergency appropriations.....	(869,000)	---	---	---	---
(By transfer).....	(22,000)	---	(304,000)	(88,000)	(99,000)
(Transfer out).....	(-22,000)	---	(-206,000)	---	(-6,000)
TITLE III - MILITARY ASSISTANCE					
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT					
International Military Education and Training.....	70,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
Foreign Military Financing Program:					
Grants:					
Camp David countries.....	3,340,000	3,400,000	3,400,000	3,400,000	3,400,000
Other.....	310,000	707,200	680,200	672,000	672,000
Subtotal, grants.....	3,650,000	4,107,200	4,080,200	4,072,000	4,072,000
					+10,000
					+60,000
					+362,000
					+422,000

FOREIGN OPERATIONS, EXPORT FINANCING, AND RELATED PROGRAMS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
(Limitation on administrative expenses).....	(35,000)	(37,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(+3,000)
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	357,000	---	---	---	---	-357,000
(Transfer out).....	---	---	(-98,000)	(-88,000)	(-93,000)	(-93,000)
Total, Foreign Military Financing.....	4,007,000	4,107,200	4,080,200	4,072,000	4,072,000	+65,000
Peacekeeping operations.....	135,000	108,250	125,000	120,250	115,000	-20,000
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-206).....	20,000	---	---	---	---	-20,000
Total, title III, Military assistance.....	4,232,000	4,295,450	4,285,200	4,272,250	4,267,000	+35,000
Appropriations.....	(3,855,000)	(4,295,450)	(4,285,200)	(4,272,250)	(4,267,000)	(+412,000)
Emergency appropriations.....	(377,000)	---	---	---	---	(-377,000)
(Limitation on administrative expenses).....	(35,000)	(37,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(+3,000)
=====						
TITLE IV - MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE						
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT						
International Financial Institutions						
World Bank Group						
Contribution to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development:						
Global Environment Facility.....	100,500	177,813	147,813	177,813	147,813	+47,313
Contribution to the International Development Association.....	792,400	874,338	874,338	837,338	850,000	+57,600
Contribution to Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency.....	5,000	3,631	1,631	1,631	1,631	-3,369
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)....	(25,000)	(14,825)	(14,825)	(14,825)	(7,610)	(-17,390)
Total, World Bank Group.....	897,900	1,055,782	1,023,782	1,016,782	999,444	+101,544
Contribution to the Inter-American Development Bank:						
Contribution to the Inter-American Investment Corporation.....	18,000	30,352	30,352	18,352	18,352	+352
Contribution to the Enterprise for the Americas Multilateral Investment Fund.....	---	29,591	24,591	29,591	24,591	+24,591
Total, Inter-American Development Bank.....	18,000	59,943	54,943	47,943	42,943	+24,943
Contribution to the Asian Development Bank:						
Contribution to the Asian Development Fund.....	98,017	147,386	97,886	100,386	97,886	-131

FOREIGN OPERATIONS, EXPORT FINANCING, AND RELATED PROGRAMS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Contribution to the African Development Bank:						
Paid-in capital.....	5,100	5,104	5,104	5,104	5,104	+4
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)....	(79,992)	(79,603)	(79,603)	(79,603)	(79,603)	(-389)
Contribution to the African Development Fund.....	100,000	118,073	113,073	108,073	108,073	+8,073
Total, African Development Bank.....	105,100	123,177	118,177	113,177	113,177	+8,077
Contribution to the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development:						
Paid-in capital.....	35,779	35,805	35,805	35,805	35,805	+26
(Limitation on callable capital subscriptions)....	(123,238)	(123,328)	(123,328)	(123,328)	(123,328)	(+90)
Contribution to the International Fund for Agricultural Development.....	20,000	15,004	15,004	15,004	15,004	-4,996
Total, International Financial Institutions.....	1,174,796	1,437,097	1,345,597	1,329,097	1,304,259	+129,463
International Organizations and Programs						
Appropriation.....	208,500	310,400	190,400	215,000	195,150	-13,350
Total, title IV, Multilateral economic assistance.....	1,383,296	1,747,497	1,535,997	1,544,097	1,499,409	+116,113
(Limitation on callable capital subscripts).....	(238,230)	(217,756)	(217,756)	(217,756)	(210,541)	(-17,689)
Grand total.....	16,586,780	16,492,896	16,594,574	16,474,739	16,345,186	-241,594
Appropriations.....	(15,390,780)	(16,492,896)	(16,594,574)	(16,474,739)	(16,345,186)	(+954,406)
Rescissions.....	(-50,000)	---	---	---	---	(+50,000)
Emergency appropriations.....	(1,246,000)	---	---	---	---	(-1,246,000)
(By transfer).....	(22,000)	---	(304,000)	(88,000)	(99,000)	(+77,000)
(Transfer out).....	(-22,000)	---	(-304,000)	(-88,000)	(-99,000)	(-77,000)
(Limitation on administrative expenses).....	(35,000)	(37,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(+3,000)
(Limitation on callable capital subscripts).....	(238,230)	(217,756)	(217,756)	(217,756)	(210,541)	(-17,689)

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR						
Bureau of Land Management						
Management of lands and resources.....	746,632	772,962	782,904	816,062	825,712	+79,080
Conservation.....	29,000	40,028	44,028	---	---	-29,000
Subtotal.....	775,632	812,990	826,932	816,062	825,712	+50,080
Wildland fire management:						
Preparedness.....	280,807	277,213	278,639	277,213	277,213	-3,594
Fire suppression operations.....	127,424	160,351	160,351	160,351	160,351	+32,927
Other operations.....	216,190	216,190	216,342	216,690	216,842	+652
Suppression (contingent emergency appropriations). Fiscal year 2002 supplemental.....	34,000	---	---	---	---	-34,000
Other operations (contingent emergency appropriations).....	20,000	---	---	---	---	---
Subtotal.....	678,421	653,754	855,332	654,254	654,406	-24,015
Central hazardous materials fund.....	9,978	9,978	9,978	9,978	9,978	---
Construction.....	13,076	10,976	10,976	12,976	11,976	-1,100
Payments in lieu of taxes.....	160,000	150,000	160,000	210,000	220,000	+60,000
Conservation.....	50,000	15,000	70,000	---	---	-50,000
Subtotal.....	210,000	165,000	230,000	210,000	220,000	+10,000
Land acquisition.....	---	---	---	30,150	33,450	+33,450
Conservation.....	49,920	44,686	47,486	---	---	-49,920
Oregon and California grant lands.....	105,165	105,633	105,633	105,633	105,633	+468
Range improvements (indefinite).....	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	---
Service charges, deposits, & forfeitures (indefinite). Offsetting fee collections.....	8,000	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	-100
Miscellaneous trust funds (indefinite).....	---	-7,900	-7,900	-7,900	-7,900	-7,900
Subtotal.....	12,405	12,405	12,405	12,405	12,405	---
Total, Bureau of Land Management.....	1,872,597	1,825,422	2,108,742	1,861,458	1,883,560	+10,963
Appropriations.....	(1,689,677)	(1,725,708)	(1,747,228)	(1,861,458)	(1,883,560)	(+193,883)
Conservation.....	(128,920)	(99,714)	(161,514)	---	---	(-128,920)
Contingent emergency appropriations.....	(54,000)	---	(200,000)	---	---	(-54,000)
United States Fish and Wildlife Service						
Resource management.....	819,597	825,598	847,353	902,697	917,429	+97,832
Conservation.....	31,000	78,006	71,006	---	---	-31,000
Subtotal.....	850,597	903,604	918,359	902,697	917,429	+66,832
Construction.....	55,543	35,402	53,108	42,882	54,427	-1,116
Land acquisition.....	---	---	---	81,555	73,370	+73,370
Conservation.....	99,135	70,384	82,250	---	---	-99,135

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Landowner incentive program.....						
Conservation.....	---	---	---	600	40,000	+40,000
Rescission.....	40,000	50,000	40,000	---	---	-40,000
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	-40,000
Private stewardship grants.....						
Conservation.....	---	---	---	200	10,000	+10,000
Rescission.....	10,000	10,000	10,000	---	---	-10,000
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	-10,000
Cooperative endangered species conservation fund.....						
Conservation.....	10,000	10,000	10,000	200	---	-10,000
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	-10,000
National wildlife refuge fund.....						
Conservation.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
North American wetlands conservation fund.....						
Conservation.....	14,414	14,414	14,414	14,414	14,414	---
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Neotropical migratory birds conservation fund.....						
Conservation.....	14,414	14,414	14,414	14,414	14,414	---
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Multinational species conservation fund.....						
Conservation.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
State wildlife grants						
Conservation.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Rescission.....	85,000	60,000	100,000	---	---	+65,000
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	-85,000
Total, United States Fish and Wildlife Service..	60,000	60,000	100,000	45,000	65,000	+5,000
Appropriations.....	1,276,424	1,283,364	1,397,891	1,213,108	1,252,000	-24,424
Conservation.....	(896,554)	(880,414)	(914,875)	(1,213,108)	(1,302,000)	(+405,446)
Rescission.....	(404,870)	(402,950)	(483,016)	---	---	(-404,870)
Subtotal.....	---	---	---	---	---	---
National Park Service						
Operation of the national park system.....						
Conservation.....	1,474,977	1,560,565	1,596,593	1,571,065	1,565,565	+90,588
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	2,000	24,000	9,000	---	---	-2,000
Subtotal.....	10,098	---	---	---	---	-10,098
Subtotal.....	1,487,075	1,584,565	1,605,593	1,571,065	1,565,565	+78,490

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
United States Park Police.....	65,260	78,431	78,431	78,431	78,431	+13,171
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	25,295	---	---	---	---	-25,295
Subtotal.....	90,555	78,431	78,431	78,431	78,431	-12,124
National recreation and preservation.....	66,159	46,824	56,330	62,978	61,667	-4,492
Urban park and recreation fund.....	---	---	---	10,000	300	+300
Conservation.....	30,000	300	30,000	---	---	-30,000
Historic preservation fund.....	---	---	---	67,000	69,000	+69,000
Conservation.....	74,500	67,000	76,500	---	---	-74,500
Construction.....	299,193	240,182	271,450	322,826	327,843	+28,650
Conservation.....	66,851	82,202	53,736	---	---	-66,851
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	21,624	---	---	---	---	-21,624
Subtotal.....	387,668	322,384	325,186	322,826	327,843	-59,825
Land and water conservation fund (rescission of contract authority).....	-30,000	-30,000	-30,000	-30,000	-30,000	---
Land acquisition and state assistance.....	---	---	---	204,005	172,468	+172,468
Conservation.....	274,117	286,057	253,099	---	---	-274,117
Total, National Park Service (net).....	2,380,074	2,355,561	2,395,139	2,286,305	2,245,274	-134,800
Appropriations.....	(1,905,589)	(1,926,002)	(2,002,804)	(2,316,305)	(2,275,274)	(+369,685)
Conservation.....	(447,468)	(459,559)	(422,335)	---	---	(-447,468)
Emergency appropriations.....	(57,017)	---	---	---	---	(-57,017)
Rescission.....	(-30,000)	(-30,000)	(-30,000)	(-30,000)	(-30,000)	---
United States Geological Survey	---	---	---	---	---	---
Surveys, investigations, and research.....	889,002	853,760	903,405	914,617	925,287	+36,285
Conservation.....	25,000	13,578	25,000	---	---	-25,000
Total, United States Geological Survey.....	914,002	867,338	928,405	914,617	925,287	+11,285
Minerals Management Service	---	---	---	---	---	---
Royalty and offshore minerals management.....	253,397	264,452	264,951	264,552	265,551	+12,154
Use of receipts.....	-102,730	-100,230	-100,230	-100,230	-100,230	+2,500
Oil spill research.....	6,105	6,105	6,105	6,105	6,105	---
Total, Minerals Management Service.....	156,772	170,327	170,826	170,427	171,426	+14,654
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement	---	---	---	---	---	---
Regulation and technology.....	102,800	105,092	105,092	105,092	105,092	+2,292
Receipts from performance bond forfeitures (indefinite).....	275	275	275	275	275	---
Subtotal.....	103,075	105,367	105,367	105,367	105,367	+2,292

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Abandoned mine reclamation fund (definite, trust fund)	203,455	174,035	184,745	191,745	191,745	-11,710
Total, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement	306,530	279,402	290,112	297,112	297,112	-9,418
Bureau of Indian Affairs						
Operation of Indian programs	1,799,809	1,837,110	1,859,064	1,855,635	1,857,319	+57,510
Rescission (P.L. 107-206)	-10,000	---	---	---	---	+10,000
Construction	357,132	345,252	345,252	348,252	348,252	-8,880
Indian land and water claim settlements and miscellaneous payments to Indians	60,949	57,949	60,949	57,949	60,949	---
Indian guaranteed loan program account	4,986	5,493	5,493	5,493	5,493	+507
(Limitation on guaranteed loans)	(75,000)	(72,424)	(72,424)	(72,424)	---	(-75,000)
Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs	2,212,876	2,245,804	2,270,758	2,267,329	2,272,013	+59,137
Departmental Offices						
Insular Affairs:						
Assistance to Territories	51,230	42,497	45,497	47,497	48,497	-2,733
Northern Marianas	27,720	27,720	27,720	27,720	27,720	---
Subtotal	78,950	70,217	73,217	75,217	76,217	-2,733
Compact of Free Association	8,745	8,745	9,045	8,925	8,985	+240
Mandatory payments	14,500	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	-2,500
Subtotal	23,245	20,745	21,045	20,925	20,985	-2,260
Total, Insular Affairs	102,195	90,962	94,262	96,142	97,202	-4,993
Departmental management	67,741	78,596	57,533	72,427	72,427	+4,686
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117)	2,205	---	---	---	---	-2,205
Subtotal	69,946	78,596	57,533	72,427	72,427	+2,481
Office of the Solicitor	45,000	47,773	47,473	47,773	47,773	+2,773
Office of Inspector General	34,302	36,659	36,239	36,239	36,239	+1,937
National Indian Gaming Commission	---	2,000	2,000	---	---	---
Office of Special Trustee for American Indians						
Federal trust programs	99,224	151,027	141,277	151,027	141,277	+42,053
Indian land consolidation	10,980	7,980	7,980	10,980	7,980	-3,000
Total, Office of Special Trustee for American Indians	110,204	159,007	149,257	162,007	149,257	+39,053

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Natural resource damage assessment fund.....	5,497	5,538	5,538	5,538	5,538	+41
Federal priority land acquisitions and exchanges.....	---	3,000	---	---	---	---
Total, Departmental Offices.....	367,144	423,535	392,302	420,126	408,436	+41,292
Total, title I, Department of the Interior:						
New budget (obligational) authority (net)...						
Appropriations.....	9,486,419	9,450,753	9,954,175	9,430,482	9,455,108	-31,311
Conservation.....	(8,431,939)	(8,501,952)	(8,692,310)	(9,460,482)	(9,535,108)	(+1,103,169)
Emergency appropriations.....	(1,006,258)	(978,801)	(1,091,865)	---	---	(-1,006,258)
Contingent emergency appropriations.....	(59,222)	---	---	---	---	(-59,222)
Rescissions.....	(54,000)	---	(200,000)	---	---	(-54,000)
Rescissions.....	(-65,000)	(-30,000)	(-30,000)	(-30,000)	(-80,000)	(-15,000)
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(75,000)	(72,424)	(72,424)	(72,424)	---	(-75,000)
TITLE II - RELATED AGENCIES						
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Forest Service						
Forest and rangeland research.....	241,304	242,798	252,000	247,804	251,685	+10,381
State and private forestry.....	190,221	121,805	146,695	297,472	286,574	+96,353
Conservation.....	101,000	155,558	133,133	---	---	-101,000
Subtotal.....	291,221	277,363	279,828	297,472	286,574	-4,647
National forest system.....	1,331,439	1,366,475	1,370,567	1,352,999	1,362,299	+30,860
Wildland fire management:						
Preparedness.....	622,618	600,703	640,000	600,703	616,000	-6,618
Fire suppression operations.....	255,321	420,699	420,699	420,699	420,699	+165,378
Other operations.....	336,410	347,736	452,750	330,389	343,239	+6,829
Suppression (contingent emergency appropriations).	266,000	---	---	---	---	-266,000
Fiscal year 2002 supplemental.....	---	---	500,000	---	---	---
Other operations (contingent emergency appropriations).....	80,000	---	---	---	---	-80,000
Subtotal.....	1,560,349	1,369,138	2,013,449	1,351,791	1,379,938	-180,411
Capital improvement and maintenance.....	485,188	501,222	507,865	543,656	552,039	+66,851
Conservation.....	61,000	50,866	64,866	---	---	-61,000
Subtotal.....	546,188	552,088	572,731	543,656	552,039	+5,851
Land acquisition.....	---	---	---	145,763	133,815	+133,815
Conservation.....	149,742	130,510	146,336	---	---	-149,742
Acquisition of lands for national forests, special acts.....	1,069	1,069	1,069	1,069	1,069	---
Acquisition of lands to complete land exchanges (indefinite).....	234	234	234	234	234	---

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference vs. Enacted
Range betterment fund (indefinite).....	3,290	3,402	3,402	3,402	+112
Gifts, donations and bequests for forest and rangeland research.....	92	92	92	92	---
Management of national forest lands for subsistence uses.....	5,488	5,542	5,542	5,542	+54
Reduction for non-conservation funding.....	-2,000	-2,000	-2,000	---	+2,000
Conservation (Youth Conservation Corps).....	2,000	2,000	2,000	---	-2,000
Total, Forest Service.....	4,130,416	3,948,711	4,645,250	3,949,824	-153,727
Appropriations.....	(3,470,674)	(3,609,777)	(3,798,915)	(3,949,824)	(+506,015)
Conservation.....	(313,742)	(338,934)	(346,335)	---	(-313,742)
Contingent emergency appropriations.....	(346,000)	---	(500,000)	---	(-346,000)
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY					
Clean coal technology:					
Deferral.....	-40,000	---	-50,000	-70,000	-47,000
(Transfer out).....	(-33,700)	(-40,000)	---	---	(+33,700)
Fossil energy research and development.....	582,790	489,305	664,205	625,665	+42,110
Clean coal technology (by transfer).....	(33,700)	(40,000)	---	---	(-33,700)
Alternative fuels production (rescission).....	-2,000	---	---	---	+2,000
Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves.....	17,371	20,831	20,831	20,831	17,831
Elk Hills School lands fund.....	---	36,000	---	---	+460
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	36,000	---	36,000	36,000	---
Energy conservation.....	912,805	901,651	984,653	884,293	-15,202
Economic regulation.....	1,996	1,487	1,487	1,487	-509
Strategic petroleum reserve.....	179,009	168,856	175,856	172,856	-6,153
SPR petroleum account.....	---	11,000	7,000	7,000	+7,000
Rescission.....	---	---	---	---	-5,000
Subtotal.....	---	11,000	7,000	7,000	+2,000
Northeast home heating oil reserve.....	---	8,000	8,000	6,000	+6,000
Energy Information Administration.....	78,499	80,111	80,611	80,111	+2,112
Total, Department of Energy:					
New budget (obligational) authority (net)...	1,766,470	1,717,241	1,928,643	1,764,243	-14,182
Appropriations.....	(1,772,470)	(1,717,241)	(1,942,643)	(1,798,243)	(+35,818)
Advance appropriations.....	(36,000)	---	(36,000)	(36,000)	---
Rescissions.....	(-2,000)	---	---	---	(-3,000)
Deferral.....	(-40,000)	---	(-50,000)	(-70,000)	(-47,000)
(Transfer out).....	(-33,700)	(-40,000)	---	---	(+33,700)
(By transfer).....	(33,700)	(40,000)	---	---	(-33,700)

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Indian Health Service						
Indian health services.....	2,389,614	2,452,997	2,508,756	2,455,881	2,492,115	+102,501
Indian health facilities.....	369,487	362,571	391,865	365,390	376,190	+6,703
Total, Indian Health Service.....	2,759,101	2,815,568	2,900,621	2,821,271	2,868,305	+109,204
OTHER RELATED AGENCIES						
Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation						
Salaries and expenses.....	15,148	14,491	14,491	14,491	14,491	-657
Institute of American Indian and Alaska Native Culture and Arts Development						
Payment to the Institute.....	4,490	5,130	5,130	5,130	5,490	+1,000
Smithsonian Institution						
Salaries and expenses.....	399,253	448,760	450,760	450,760	463,205	+63,952
Rescission.....	---	-14,100	-14,100	-14,100	-14,100	-14,100
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	21,707	---	---	---	---	-21,707
Subtotal.....	420,960	434,660	436,660	436,660	449,105	+28,145
Repair, restoration and alteration of facilities.....	67,900	81,300	81,300	78,300	83,425	+15,525
Construction.....	30,000	12,000	10,000	16,000	16,000	-14,000
Total, Smithsonian Institution.....	518,860	527,960	527,960	530,960	548,530	+29,670
National Gallery of Art						
Salaries and expenses.....	68,967	78,219	78,219	77,219	77,219	+8,252
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	2,148	---	---	---	---	-2,148
Subtotal.....	71,115	78,219	78,219	77,219	77,219	+6,104
Repair, restoration and renovation of buildings.....	14,220	16,230	16,230	16,230	16,230	+2,010
Total, National Gallery of Art.....	85,335	94,449	94,449	93,449	93,449	+8,114

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts						
Operations and maintenance.....	15,000	16,310	16,310	16,310	16,310	+1,310
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	4,310	---	---	---	---	-4,310
Subtotal.....	19,310	16,310	16,310	16,310	16,310	-3,000
Construction.....	19,000	17,600	17,600	17,600	17,600	-1,400
Total, John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts.....	38,310	33,910	33,910	33,910	33,910	-4,400
Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars						
Salaries and expenses.....	7,796	8,488	8,488	8,488	8,488	+692
National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities						
National Endowment for the Arts						
Grants and administration.....	98,234	99,489	99,489	116,489	116,489	+18,255
National Endowment for the Humanities						
Grants and administration.....	108,382	109,632	114,932	109,632	109,632	+1,250
Matching grants.....	16,122	16,122	16,122	16,122	16,122	---
Total, National Endowment for the Humanities....	124,504	125,754	131,054	125,754	125,754	+1,250
Institute of Museum and Library Services/ Office of Museum Services						
Grants and administration 1/.....	26,899	---	---	---	---	-26,899
Challenge America Arts Fund						
Challenge America grants.....	17,000	17,000	27,000	---	---	-17,000
Total, National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities.....	266,637	242,243	257,543	242,243	242,243	-24,394
Commission of Fine Arts						
Salaries and expenses.....	1,224	1,224	1,255	1,224	1,224	---
National Capital Arts and Cultural Affairs						
Grants.....	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	---

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation						
Salaries and expenses.....	3,400	3,667	3,667	3,667	3,667	+267
National Capital Planning Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	7,253	7,253	7,553	7,253	7,253	---
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	758	---	---	---	---	-758
Total, National Capital Planning Commission.....	8,011	7,253	7,553	7,253	7,253	-758
United States Holocaust Memorial Museum						
Holocaust Memorial Museum.....	36,028	38,663	38,663	38,663	38,663	+2,635
Presidio Trust						
Presidio trust fund.....	23,125	21,327	21,327	21,327	21,327	-1,798
Total, title II, related agencies:						
New budget (obligational) authority (net)....						
Appropriations.....	9,671,351	9,487,325	10,495,950	9,543,143	9,623,017	-48,334
Conservation.....	(8,988,686)	(9,162,491)	(9,677,715)	(9,591,243)	(9,693,117)	(+704,431)
Advance appropriations.....	(313,742)	(338,934)	(346,335)	---	---	(-313,742)
Emergency appropriations.....	(36,000)	---	(36,000)	(36,000)	(36,000)	---
Contingent emergency appropriations.....	(28,923)	---	---	---	---	(-28,923)
Rescissions.....	(346,000)	---	(500,000)	---	---	(-346,000)
Deferral.....	(-2,000)	(-14,100)	(-14,100)	(-14,100)	(-19,100)	(-17,100)
(Transfer out).....	(-40,000)	---	(-50,000)	(-70,000)	(-87,000)	(-47,000)
(By transfer).....	(-33,700)	(-40,000)	---	---	---	(+33,700)
(By transfer).....	(33,700)	(40,000)	---	---	---	(-33,700)
Grand total:						
New budget (obligational) authority (net)....	19,157,770	18,938,078	20,450,125	18,973,625	19,078,125	-79,645
Fiscal year 2002 (contingent emergency).....	---	---	(700,000)	---	---	---
Fiscal year 2003 (net).....	(19,157,770)	(18,938,078)	(19,750,125)	(18,973,625)	(19,078,125)	(-79,645)
Appropriations.....	(17,420,625)	(17,664,443)	(18,370,025)	(19,051,725)	(19,228,225)	(+1,807,600)
Conservation.....	(1,320,000)	(1,317,735)	(1,438,200)	---	---	(-1,320,000)
Advance appropriations.....	(36,000)	---	(36,000)	(36,000)	(36,000)	---
Emergency appropriations.....	(88,145)	---	---	---	---	(-88,145)
Contingent emergency appropriations.....	(400,000)	---	---	---	---	(-400,000)
Rescissions.....	(-67,000)	(-44,100)	(-44,100)	(-44,100)	(-99,100)	(-32,100)
Deferral.....	(-40,000)	---	(-50,000)	(-70,000)	(-87,000)	(-47,000)
(Transfer out).....	(-33,700)	(-40,000)	---	---	---	(+33,700)
(By transfer).....	(33,700)	(40,000)	---	---	---	(-33,700)
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(75,000)	(72,424)	(72,424)	(72,424)	---	(-75,000)

1/ Funded in the Labor HHS bill for FY 2003.

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
...						

Employment and Training Administration

Training and employment services.....	3,021,814	2,573,228	2,675,513	2,657,084	2,755,070	-266,744
Advance appropriation, FY 2004.....	2,463,000	2,463,000	2,463,000	2,463,000	2,463,000	---
Total.....	5,484,814	5,036,228	5,138,513	5,120,084	5,218,070	-266,744
Community service employment for older Americans.....	445,100	440,200	440,200	440,200	445,200	+100
Workers compensation programs.....	175,000	---	---	---	---	-175,000
Federal unemployment benefits and allowances (indefinite).....	415,650	871,250	972,200	972,200	972,200	+556,550
State unemployment insurance and employment service operations.....	167,552	156,452	143,452	143,452	143,452	-24,100
Trust funds.....	3,237,282	3,470,691	3,475,451	3,475,451	3,475,451	+238,169
Total.....	3,404,834	3,627,143	3,618,903	3,618,903	3,618,903	+214,069
Advances to the Unemployment Trust Fund and other funds.....	464,000	463,000	463,000	463,000	463,000	-1,000
Program administration.....	112,381	115,921	121,451	121,032	121,424	+9,043
Trust funds.....	48,507	55,075	50,610	56,610	54,228	+5,721
Total.....	160,888	170,996	172,061	177,642	175,652	+14,764
Total, Employment and Training Administration...	10,550,286	10,608,817	10,804,877	10,792,029	10,893,025	+342,739
Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	110,470	117,044	117,044	117,044	117,044	+6,574
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation						
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund:						
Trust funds.....	11,567	13,050	13,050	13,050	13,050	+1,483
Employment Standards Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	367,811	292,286	378,728	383,428	381,578	+13,767
Trust funds.....	1,970	2,029	2,029	2,029	2,029	+59
Total.....	369,781	294,315	380,757	385,457	383,607	+13,826
Special benefits.....	121,000	163,000	163,000	163,000	163,000	+42,000
Energy employees occupational illness compensation fund.....	130,665	104,867	104,867	104,867	104,867	-25,798

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Black Lung Disability Trust Fund:						
Definite.....	1,035,522	1,034,644	1,034,644	1,034,644	1,034,644	-878
Indefinite.....	356	356	356	356	356	---
Total.....	1,035,878	1,035,000	1,035,000	1,035,000	1,035,000	-878
Total, Employment Standards Administration.....	1,657,324	1,597,182	1,683,624	1,688,324	1,686,474	+29,150
Occupational Safety and Health Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	443,498	437,019	444,194	462,314	453,256	+9,758
Mine Safety and Health Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	252,976	254,323	254,323	271,841	274,741	+21,765
Bureau of Labor Statistics						
Salaries and expenses.....	405,349	426,135	426,135	425,025	423,425	+18,076
Trust funds.....	69,132	72,029	72,029	72,029	72,029	+2,897
Total.....	474,481	498,164	498,164	497,054	495,454	+20,973
Office of Disability Employment Policy.....	37,688	47,015	42,500	47,015	47,487	+9,799
Departmental Management						
Salaries and expenses.....	384,233	317,624	294,103	396,313	390,069	+5,836
Trust funds.....	310	310	310	310	310	---
Total.....	384,543	317,934	294,413	396,623	390,379	+5,836
Veterans Employment and Training.....	25,800	24,800	24,800	26,550	25,675	-125
Trust funds.....	186,716	185,537	185,537	191,537	188,537	+1,821
Total.....	212,516	210,337	210,337	218,087	214,212	+1,696
Office of Inspector General.....	51,807	56,659	56,659	56,659	56,659	+4,852
Trust funds.....	4,951	5,597	5,597	5,597	5,597	+646
Total.....	56,758	62,256	62,256	62,256	62,256	+5,498
Total, Departmental Management.....	653,817	590,527	567,006	676,966	666,847	+13,030
Total, Title I, Department of Labor.....	14,192,107	14,163,141	14,424,782	14,565,637	14,647,378	+455,271
Appropriations, fiscal year 2003.....	(11,729,107)	(11,700,141)	(11,961,782)	(12,102,637)	(12,184,378)	(+455,271)
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	(2,463,000)	(2,463,000)	(2,463,000)	(2,463,000)	(2,463,000)	---

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE II - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Health Resources and Services Administration						
Health resources and services.....	6,075,449	5,365,404	5,885,497	6,255,681	6,472,630	+397,181
Health education assistance loans program:						
Administrative expenses.....	3,791	3,914	3,914	3,914	3,914	+123
Vaccine injury compensation program trust fund.....	81,704	85,918	85,918	85,918	85,918	+4,214
HRSA administration.....	2,992	2,991	2,991	2,991	2,991	-1
Total, HRSA.....	6,163,936	5,458,227	5,978,320	6,348,504	6,565,453	+401,517
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention						
Disease control, research, and training.....	4,364,089	3,974,444	4,288,857	4,317,749	4,296,566	-67,523
Evaluation tap funding (non-add).....	(23,286)	(46,982)	(46,982)	(84,500)	(210,399)	(+187,113)
National Institutes of Health						
National Cancer Institute.....	4,176,709	5,071,116	4,299,493	4,642,394	4,622,394	+445,685
National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute.....	2,569,885	2,726,830	2,698,391	2,820,011	2,812,011	+242,126
National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research	342,293	362,029	360,528	374,067	374,067	+31,774
National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and						
Kidney Diseases.....	1,463,560	1,573,847	1,532,394	1,637,347	1,633,347	+169,787
National Institute of Neurological Disorders and						
Stroke.....	1,325,232	1,405,693	1,372,256	1,466,005	1,466,005	+140,773
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases.	2,528,279	3,943,368	2,674,213	3,727,473	3,730,973	+1,202,694
National Institute of General Medical Sciences.....	1,722,936	1,835,269	1,742,596	1,853,584	1,859,084	+136,148
National Institute of Child Health and Human						
Development.....	1,110,472	1,169,412	1,159,405	1,213,817	1,213,817	+103,345
National Eye Institute.....	580,085	613,931	600,796	634,290	637,290	+57,205
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences...	564,086	596,898	589,701	617,258	618,258	+54,172
National Institute on Aging.....	891,302	939,606	939,608	1,000,099	1,000,099	+108,797
National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal						
and Skin Diseases.....	447,763	475,708	474,392	489,324	489,324	+41,561
National Institute on Deafness and Other Communication						
Disorders.....	341,306	358,164	351,376	372,805	372,805	+31,499
National Institute of Nursing Research.....	120,236	127,117	130,044	131,438	131,438	+11,202
National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism....	383,200	406,783	401,933	418,773	418,773	+35,573
National Institute on Drug Abuse.....	885,759	941,136	912,489	968,013	968,013	+82,254
National Institute of Mental Health.....	1,245,292	1,316,885	1,290,274	1,350,788	1,349,788	+104,496
National Human Genome Research Institute.....	428,294	448,519	431,985	468,037	468,037	+39,743
National Institute for Biomedical Imaging and						
Bioengineering.....	111,740	117,966	140,973	283,100	280,100	+168,360
National Center for Research Resources.....	1,010,169	1,071,424	1,015,395	1,161,272	1,146,272	+136,103
National Center for Complementary and Alternative						
Medicine.....	104,338	110,218	105,212	114,149	114,149	+9,811
National Center on Minority Health and Health						
Disparities.....	157,393	177,285	151,062	186,929	186,929	+29,536

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
John E. Fogarty International Center.....	56,798	62,188	57,064	60,880	63,880	+7,082
National Library of Medicine.....	275,792	301,380	277,273	302,099	302,099	+26,307
Evaluation tap funding (non-add).....	---	---	---	(8,200)	(8,200)	(+8,200)
Office of the Director.....	234,859	247,957	2,476,111	257,974	267,974	+33,115
Buildings and facilities.....	295,879	769,100	296,100	607,800	632,800	+336,921
Total, N.I.H.....	23,373,657	27,169,829	26,481,064	27,159,726	27,159,726	+3,786,069
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration						
Substance abuse and mental health services.....	3,134,174	3,193,086	3,167,897	3,129,717	3,158,068	+23,894
Evaluation tap funding (non-add).....	---	---	---	(74,200)	(74,200)	(+74,200)
Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality						
Healthcare research and quality.....	2,585	---	2,600	308,645	---	-2,585
Evaluation tap funding (non-add).....	(296,145)	(250,000)	(296,145)	---	(303,695)	(+7,550)
Total, Public Health Service.....	37,038,441	39,795,586	39,918,738	41,264,341	41,179,813	+4,141,372
Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services						
Grants to States for Medicaid.....	143,396,949	158,692,155	158,692,155	158,692,155	158,692,155	+15,295,206
Medicare transfer (P.L. 105-33).....	-70,000	---	---	---	---	+70,000
Appropriation available from prior year advance...	-36,207,551	-46,601,937	-46,601,937	-46,601,937	-46,601,937	-10,394,386
Total, adjusted appropriation.....	107,119,398	112,090,218	112,090,218	112,090,218	112,090,218	+4,970,820
New advance, 1st quarter, FY 2004.....	46,601,937	51,861,386	51,861,386	51,861,386	51,861,386	+5,259,449
Total, grants to States for Medicaid.....	153,721,335	163,951,604	163,951,604	163,951,604	163,951,604	+10,230,269
Payments to health care trust funds.....	81,979,200	81,462,700	81,462,700	81,462,700	81,462,700	-516,500
Program management (trust funds).....	2,427,248	2,507,914	2,550,488	2,559,664	2,581,672	+154,424
Total, Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services..	238,127,783	247,922,218	247,964,792	247,973,968	247,995,976	+9,868,193
Appropriations, fiscal year 2003.....	191,525,846	196,060,832	196,103,406	196,112,582	196,134,590	+4,608,744
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	46,601,937	51,861,386	51,861,386	51,861,386	51,861,386	+5,259,449

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Administration for Children and Families						
Payments to States for Child Support Enforcement and Family Support Programs.....	3,996,313	4,036,800	4,036,800	4,036,800	4,036,800	+40,487
Less funds advanced in previous years.....	-1,000,000	-1,100,000	-1,100,000	-1,100,000	-1,100,000	-100,000
Total, adjusted appropriation.....	2,996,313	2,936,800	2,936,800	2,936,800	2,936,800	-59,513
New advance, 1st quarter, FY 2004.....	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	---
Total.....	4,096,313	4,036,800	4,036,800	4,036,800	4,036,800	-59,513
Low income home energy assistance:						
Emergency allocation:	---	300,000	---	---	---	---
Non-emergency funding.....	300,000	---	---	---	---	---
Contingent emergency funding.....	1,700,000	1,400,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	-300,000
Current appropriation.....	2,000,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	-300,000
Total.....	460,155	452,724	446,724	442,724	446,724	-13,431
Refugee and entrant assistance.....	2,099,942	2,099,994	2,099,994	2,099,994	2,099,994	+52
Payments to States for the Child Care and Development Block Grant.....	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	---
Social Services Block Grant.....	7,025,911	7,133,364	7,067,062	7,248,884	7,243,117	+217,206
Children and families services programs.....	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	---
Advance appropriation, FY 2004.....	---	---	---	(6,000)	(6,000)	(+6,000)
Evaluation tap funding (non-add).....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total.....	8,425,911	8,593,364	8,467,062	8,648,884	8,643,117	+217,206
Rescission of permanent appropriations.....	-21,000	---	---	---	---	+21,000
Promoting Safe and Stable Families.....	304,989	305,000	305,000	305,000	305,000	+11
Discretionary portion.....	69,997	200,000	70,000	200,000	100,000	+30,003
Payments to States for foster care and adoption assistance.....	6,621,492	6,609,000	6,609,000	6,609,000	6,609,000	-12,492
Less funds advanced in previous years.....	-1,735,900	-1,754,000	-1,754,000	-1,754,000	-1,754,000	-18,100
Total, adjusted appropriation.....	4,885,592	4,855,000	4,855,000	4,855,000	4,855,000	-30,592
New advance, 1st quarter, FY 2004.....	1,754,000	1,745,600	1,745,600	1,745,600	1,745,600	-8,400
Total, Payments to States for foster care.....	6,639,592	6,600,600	6,600,600	6,600,600	6,600,600	-38,992
Total, Administration for Children and Families.	25,775,899	25,688,482	25,426,180	25,734,002	25,632,235	-143,664

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Administration on Aging						
Aging services program.....	1,347,395	1,341,344	1,355,844	1,369,290	1,376,001	+28,606
Office of the Secretary						
General departmental management.....	367,512	378,544	352,600	368,535	361,364	-6,148
Trust funds.....	5,851	5,851	5,851	5,851	5,851	---
Total.....	373,363	384,395	358,451	374,386	367,215	-6,148
Office of Inspector General.....	35,558	39,747	37,300	39,747	37,300	+1,742
Office for Civil Rights.....	28,492	30,328	30,328	30,328	30,328	+1,836
Trust funds.....	3,314	3,314	3,314	3,314	3,314	---
Total.....	31,806	33,642	33,642	33,642	33,642	+1,836
Policy research.....	2,494	2,499	2,499	2,499	2,499	+5
Medical Benefits for Commissioned Officers: Expenses (indefinite).....	262,075	251,039	251,039	251,039	251,039	-11,036
Health facilities construction and management fund.....	---	184,000	---	---	---	---
Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund.....	242,643	2,295,184	2,507,184	2,255,980	2,246,680	+2,004,037
Additional authorization required.....	2,418,314	---	---	---	---	-2,418,314
Total.....	2,660,957	2,295,184	2,507,184	2,255,980	2,246,680	-414,277
Total, Office of the Secretary.....						
Net total, Title II, Department of Health and Human Services.....	3,366,253	3,190,506	3,190,115	2,957,293	2,938,375	-427,878
Appropriations, fiscal year 2003.....	305,655,771	317,938,136	317,855,669	319,298,894	319,122,400	+13,466,629
Appropriations.....	(254,799,834)	(261,831,150)	(261,748,683)	(263,191,908)	(263,015,414)	(+8,215,580)
Rescission.....	(252,084,421)	(259,314,071)	(259,189,030)	(260,623,079)	(260,424,577)	(+8,340,156)
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	(-21,000)	---	---	---	---	(+21,000)
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	(50,855,937)	(56,106,986)	(56,106,986)	(56,106,986)	(56,106,986)	(+5,251,049)
Total, discretionary FY 2003.....	55,470,563	58,144,475	58,062,008	59,505,233	59,328,739	+3,858,176

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE III - DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Education for the disadvantaged.....	4,963,599	6,002,099	6,053,599	9,551,099	4,826,099	-137,500
Funding for Innovative Programs.....	---	---	---	(5,000,000)	---	---
Advance appropriation, FY 2004.....	7,383,301	7,383,301	6,883,301	8,627,301	9,027,301	+1,644,000
Total.....	12,346,900	13,385,400	12,936,900	18,178,400	13,853,400	+1,506,500
Impact aid.....	1,143,500	1,140,500	1,185,000	1,176,500	1,196,000	+52,500
School improvement programs.....	6,072,473	5,019,484	5,082,584	6,023,329	6,287,957	+215,484
Advance appropriation, FY 2004.....	1,765,000	1,765,000	2,265,000	1,765,000	1,765,000	---
Total.....	7,837,473	6,784,484	7,347,584	7,788,329	8,052,957	+215,484
Indian education.....	120,368	122,368	122,368	122,368	122,368	+2,000
English language acquisition.....	665,000	665,000	665,000	690,000	690,000	+25,000
Special education.....	3,600,804	4,615,804	4,115,804	3,619,424	4,423,639	+822,835
Advance appropriation, FY 2004.....	5,072,000	5,072,000	5,072,000	7,572,000	5,672,000	+600,000
Total.....	8,672,804	9,687,804	9,187,804	11,191,424	10,095,639	+1,422,835
Rehabilitation services and disability research.....	464,430	468,348	423,184	426,346	422,890	-41,540
Mandatory.....	2,481,383	2,533,492	2,533,492	2,533,492	2,533,492	+52,109
Total.....	2,945,813	3,001,840	2,956,676	2,959,838	2,956,382	+10,569
Special Institutions for Persons With Disabilities:						
American Printing House for the Blind.....	14,000	14,000	15,500	15,500	15,500	+1,500
National Technical Institute for the Deaf.....	55,376	52,014	53,500	54,600	54,050	-1,326
Gallaudet University.....	96,938	94,446	95,000	98,438	98,438	+1,500
Total.....	166,314	160,460	164,000	168,538	167,988	+1,674
Vocational and adult education.....	1,143,060	1,106,560	1,128,560	1,147,060	1,165,060	+22,000
Advance appropriation, FY 2004.....	791,000	791,000	791,000	791,000	791,000	---
Total.....	1,934,060	1,897,560	1,919,560	1,938,060	1,956,060	+22,000

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Student financial assistance.....	13,285,500	12,767,500	13,171,610	13,151,500	13,450,500	+165,000
Federal family education loan program account.....	48,836	---	---	---	---	-48,836
Higher education.....	2,031,048	1,883,053	1,903,553	2,047,640	2,100,701	+69,653
Howard University.....	237,474	237,474	240,000	239,974	240,000	+2,526
College housing and academic facilities loans program.	762	762	762	762	762	---
Historically Black College and University capital financing, program account.....	208	208	208	208	208	---
Institute of Education Sciences.....	443,870	432,887	397,887	397,387	450,887	+7,017
Departmental Management:						
Program administration.....	418,798	411,795	411,795	412,093	412,545	-6,253
Office for Civil Rights.....	79,666	86,276	86,276	86,276	86,276	+6,610
Office of the Inspector General.....	38,588	41,000	41,000	41,000	41,000	+2,412
Total.....	537,052	539,071	539,071	539,369	539,821	+2,769
Student aid administration.....	---	932,000	105,388	105,388	105,388	+105,388
FDSL reclassification.....	---	-795,000	---	---	---	---
Total, Title III, Department of Education.....	52,416,982	52,843,371	52,843,371	60,695,685	55,979,061	+3,562,079
Appropriations, fiscal year 2003.....	(37,405,681)	(37,832,070)	(37,832,070)	(41,940,384)	(38,723,760)	(+1,318,079)
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	(15,011,301)	(15,011,301)	(15,011,301)	(18,755,301)	(17,255,301)	(+2,244,000)
Total, discretionary FY 2003.....	49,935,599	50,309,879	50,309,879	58,162,193	53,445,569	+3,509,970

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

TITLE IV - RELATED AGENCIES

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Armed Forces Retirement Home: Operation and maintenance.....	61,628	61,628	61,628	61,628	62,244	+616
Capital program.....	9,812	5,712	5,712	5,712	5,769	-4,043
Total, AFSS.....	71,440	67,340	67,340	67,340	68,013	-3,427
Corporation for National and Community Service: Domestic Volunteer Service Programs, operating expenses.....	328,895	396,063	350,331	351,063	356,205	+27,310
Corporation for Public Broadcasting: Advance appropriation, fiscal year 2005.....	380,000	---	380,000	395,000	390,000	+10,000
Digitalization.....	25,000	25,000	25,000	48,744	48,744	+23,744
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.....	39,982	40,718	40,718	40,718	41,425	+1,443
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission.....	6,939	7,127	7,127	7,127	7,178	+239
Institute of Museum and Library Services.....	224,501	210,000	210,000	203,000	245,485	+20,984
Medicare payment advisory commission (trust funds).....	8,250	8,500	8,250	8,250	8,585	+335
National Commission on Libraries & Information Science.....	1,000	---	1,000	1,000	1,010	+10
National Council on Disability.....	2,830	2,830	2,830	2,830	2,858	+28
National Education Goals Panel.....	400	---	---	---	---	-400
National Labor Relations Board.....	226,618	233,223	226,618	238,223	238,982	+12,364
National Mediation Board.....	10,635	11,203	11,203	11,203	11,315	+680
Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission.....	8,964	9,577	9,577	9,577	9,673	+709
Railroad Retirement Board: Dual benefits payments account.....	137,000	124,000	124,000	124,000	124,000	-13,000
Federal payments to the Railroad Retirement Accounts.....	150	150	150	150	150	---
Limitation on trust fund transfer: Administrative expenses.....	97,700	97,720	100,000	97,720	100,000	+2,300
Office of Inspector General.....	6,261	6,300	6,300	6,300	6,363	+102
Total.....	241,111	228,170	230,450	228,170	230,513	-10,598
Social Security Administration Payments to social security trust funds.....	434,400	20,400	20,400	20,400	20,400	-414,000
Special benefits for disabled coal miners: Direct appropriation.....	446,840	408,177	408,177	408,177	408,177	-38,663
Appropriation available from prior year advance....	-114,000	-108,000	-108,000	-108,000	-108,000	+6,000
Total, fiscal year 2003 appropriation.....	332,840	300,177	300,177	300,177	300,177	-32,663
New advance, 1st quarter, FY 2004.....	108,000	97,000	97,000	97,000	97,000	-11,000
Total, special benefits for disabled coal miners	440,840	397,177	397,177	397,177	397,177	-43,663

DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Supplemental security income program:						
Mandatory.....	29,120,412	31,871,392	31,871,392	31,879,392	31,879,392	+2,758,980
Discretionary.....	2,627,000	2,825,000	2,825,000	2,825,000	2,825,000	+198,000
Subtotal.....	31,747,412	34,696,392	34,696,392	34,704,392	34,704,392	+2,956,980
Appropriation available from prior year advance...	-10,470,000	-10,790,000	-10,790,000	-10,790,000	-10,790,000	-320,000
Total, fiscal year 2003 appropriation.....	21,277,412	23,906,392	23,906,392	23,914,392	23,914,392	+2,636,980
Additional CDR funding.....	200,000	---	---	---	---	-200,000
User fee activities.....	100,000	111,000	111,000	111,000	111,000	+11,000
New advance, 1st quarter, FY 2003.....	10,790,000	11,080,000	11,080,000	11,080,000	11,080,000	+290,000
Total, supplemental security income program.....	32,367,412	35,097,392	35,097,392	35,105,392	35,105,392	+2,737,980
Limitation on administrative expenses: Trust funds....	7,575,500	7,936,000	7,936,000	7,936,000	7,936,000	+360,500
Office of Inspector General.....	19,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	+2,000
Trust funds.....	56,000	62,000	62,000	62,000	62,000	+6,000
Total.....	75,000	83,000	83,000	83,000	83,000	+8,000
Adjustment: Trust fund transfers from general revenues	-2,927,000	-2,936,000	-2,936,000	-2,936,000	-2,936,000	-9,000
Total, Social Security Administration.....	37,966,152	40,597,969	40,597,969	40,605,969	40,605,969	+2,639,817
Appropriations, fiscal year 2003.....	(27,068,152)	(29,420,969)	(29,420,969)	(29,428,969)	(29,428,969)	(+2,360,817)
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	(10,898,000)	(11,177,000)	(11,177,000)	(11,177,000)	(11,177,000)	(+279,000)
United States Institute of Peace: Operating expenses..	15,104	16,200	15,104	16,200	16,362	+1,258
Total, Title IV, Related agencies.....	39,557,821	41,853,920	42,183,517	42,234,414	42,282,317	+2,724,496
Appropriations, fiscal year 2003.....	(28,279,821)	(30,676,920)	(30,626,517)	(30,662,414)	(30,715,317)	(+2,435,496)
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	(10,898,000)	(11,177,000)	(11,177,000)	(11,177,000)	(11,177,000)	(+279,000)
Advance appropriations, FY 2005.....	(380,000)	---	(380,000)	(395,000)	(390,000)	(+10,000)
Total, discretionary FY 2003.....	9,242,019	9,274,801	9,604,398	9,647,295	9,695,198	+453,179
Grand total.....	411,822,681	426,798,568	427,307,339	436,794,630	432,031,156	+20,208,475
Appropriations, fiscal year 2003.....	(321,121,884)	(330,544,364)	(330,628,236)	(336,337,631)	(333,059,853)	(+11,937,969)
Emergency appropriations.....	(300,000)	---	---	---	---	(-300,000)
Rescission.....	(-21,000)	---	---	---	---	(+21,000)
Total, fiscal year 2003.....	(321,400,884)	(330,544,364)	(330,628,236)	(336,337,631)	(333,059,853)	(+11,658,969)
Advance appropriations, FY 2004.....	(79,228,238)	(84,758,287)	(84,758,287)	(85,502,287)	(87,002,287)	(+7,774,049)
Advance appropriations, FY 2005.....	(380,000)	---	(380,000)	(395,000)	(390,000)	(+10,000)

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I - LEGISLATIVE BRANCH						
SENATE						
Payments to Widows and Heirs of Deceased Members of Congress						
Gratuities, deceased Members.....	---	---	---	150	150	+150
Expense allowances:						
Vice President.....	10	10	---	20	20	+10
President Pro Tempore of the Senate.....	10	10	---	20	20	+10
Majority Leader of the Senate.....	10	10	---	20	20	+10
Minority Leader of the Senate.....	10	10	---	20	20	+10
Majority Whip of the Senate.....	5	5	---	10	10	+5
Minority Whip of the Senate.....	5	5	---	10	10	+5
President Pro Tempore Emeritus of the Senate.....	---	---	---	8	8	+8
Chairman of the Majority Conference Committee.....	3	3	---	5	5	+2
Chairman of the Minority Conference Committee.....	3	3	---	5	5	+2
Chairman of the Majority Policy Committee.....	3	3	---	5	5	+2
Chairman of the Minority Policy Committee.....	3	3	---	5	5	+2
Subtotal, expense allowances.....	62	62	---	128	128	+66
Representation allowances for the Majority and Minority Leaders.....	30	30	---	30	30	---
Total, Expense allowances and representation....	92	92	---	158	158	+66
Salaries, Officers and Employees						
Office of the Vice President.....	1,867	1,949	---	1,949	1,949	+82
Office of the President Pro Tempore.....	473	518	---	518	518	+45
Office of the President Pro Tempore Emeritus.....	---	---	---	150	150	+150
Offices of the Majority and Minority Leaders.....	2,868	3,094	---	3,094	3,094	+226
Offices of the Majority and Minority Whips.....	1,912	2,042	---	2,042	2,042	+130
Committee on Appropriations.....	9,875	11,266	---	11,266	11,266	+1,391
Conference committees.....	2,500	2,610	---	2,610	2,610	+110
Offices of the Secretaries of the Conference of the Majority and the Conference of the Minority.....	618	648	---	648	648	+30
Policy Committees.....	2,550	2,724	---	2,724	2,724	+174
Office of the Chaplain.....	301	315	---	315	315	+14
Office of the Secretary.....	15,424	17,079	---	17,079	17,079	+1,655
Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper.....	39,082	45,941	---	43,161	43,161	+4,079
Offices of the Secretaries for the Majority and Minority.....	1,350	1,410	---	1,410	1,410	+60
Agency contributions and related expenses.....	25,219	30,075	---	30,075	30,075	+4,856
Total, Salaries, officers and employees.....	104,039	119,671	---	117,041	117,041	+13,002

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate						
Salaries and expenses.....	4,306	4,581	---	4,581	4,581	+275
Office of Senate Legal Counsel						
Salaries and expenses.....	1,109	1,176	---	1,176	1,176	+67
Expense Allowances of the Secretary of the Senate, Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, and Secretaries for the Majority and Minority of the Senate: Expenses allowances.....	12	12	---	12	12	---
Contingent Expenses of the Senate						
Inquiries and investigations.....	107,264	109,450	---	109,450	109,450	+2,186
Expenses of United States Senate Caucus on International Narcotics Control.....	520	520	---	520	520	---
Secretary of the Senate.....	8,571	7,077	---	7,077	7,077	-1,494
Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate.....	95,904	117,133	---	114,423	114,423	+18,519
Emergency supplemental.....	34,500	---	---	---	---	-34,500
Miscellaneous items.....	14,274	19,409	---	18,355	18,355	+4,081
Senators' Official Personnel and Office Expense Account.....	270,494	303,879	---	294,545	294,545	+24,051
Official Mail Costs						
Expenses.....	300	300	---	300	300	---
Total, Contingent expenses of the Senate.....	531,827	557,768	---	544,670	544,670	+12,843
Total, Senate.....	641,385	683,300	---	667,788	667,788	+26,403
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES						
Payments to Widows and Heirs of Deceased Members of Congress						
Gratuities, deceased Members.....	145	---	---	---	---	-145
Salaries and Expenses						
House Leadership Offices						
Office of the Speaker.....	1,866	1,979	1,979	1,979	1,979	+113
Office of the Majority Floor Leader.....	1,830	1,899	1,899	1,899	1,899	+69
Office of the Minority Floor Leader.....	2,224	2,309	2,309	2,309	2,309	+85
Office of the Majority Whip.....	1,562	1,624	1,624	1,624	1,624	+62
Office of the Minority Whip.....	1,168	1,214	1,214	1,214	1,214	+46
Speaker's Office for Legislative Floor Activities.....	431	446	446	446	446	+15

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Republican Steering Committee.....	806	834	834	834	834	+28
Republican Conference.....	1,342	1,397	1,397	1,397	1,397	+55
Democratic Steering and Policy Committee.....	1,435	1,490	1,490	1,490	1,490	+55
Democratic Caucus.....	713	741	741	741	741	+28
Nine minority employees.....	1,293	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337	+44
Training and Program Development:						
Majority.....	290	290	290	290	290	---
Minority.....	290	290	290	290	290	---
Cloakroom Personnel:						
Majority.....	330	340	340	340	340	+10
Minority.....	330	340	340	340	340	+10
Subtotal, House Leadership Offices.....	15,910	16,530	16,530	16,530	16,530	+620
Members' Representational Allowances Including Members' Clerk Hire, Official Expenses of Members, and Official Mail						
Expenses.....	479,472	483,536	476,536	476,536	476,536	-2,936
Committee Employees						
Standing Committees, Special and Select (except Appropriations).....	104,514	108,741	108,741	103,421	103,421	-1,093
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	1,600	---	---	---	---	-1,600
Committee on Appropriations (including studies and investigations).....	23,002	24,200	24,200	24,200	24,200	+1,198
Subtotal, Committee employees.....	129,116	132,941	132,941	127,621	127,621	-1,495
Salaries, Officers and Employees						
Office of the Clerk.....	15,408	17,530	20,032	20,032	20,032	+4,624
Office of the Sergeant at Arms.....	4,139	4,732	5,097	5,097	5,097	+958
Office of the Chief Administrative Officer.....	67,495	99,863	104,363	104,363	105,363	+37,868
By Transfer - Legislative Branch Emergency Response Fund (P.L. 107-117).....	41,712	---	---	---	---	-41,712
Office of Inspector General.....	3,756	3,947	3,947	3,947	3,947	+191
Office for Emergency Planning, Preparedness and Operations.....	---	2,603	6,000	6,000	6,000	+6,000
Office of General Counsel.....	894	894	894	894	894	---
Office of the Chaplain.....	144	149	149	149	149	+5
Office of the Parliamentarian.....	1,344	1,464	1,464	1,464	1,464	+120
Office of the Parliamentarian.....	(1,168)	(1,279)	(1,279)	(1,279)	(1,279)	(+111)
Compilation of precedents of the House of Representatives.....	(176)	(185)	(185)	(185)	(185)	(+9)
Office of the Law Revision Counsel of the House.....	2,107	2,168	2,168	2,168	2,168	+61
Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House.....	5,456	5,852	5,852	5,852	5,852	+396

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Corrections Calendar Office.....	883	915	915	915	915	+32
Other authorized employees.....	140	146	146	146	146	+6
Technical Assistants, Office of the Attending Physician.....	(140)	(146)	(146)	(146)	(146)	(+6)
Subtotal, Salaries, officers and employees.....	143,478	140,263	151,027	151,027	152,027	+8,549
Allowances and Expenses						
Supplies, materials, administrative costs and Federal tort claims.....	3,379	3,384	3,384	3,384	3,384	+5
Official mail for committees, leadership offices, and administrative offices of the House.....	410	410	410	410	410	---
Government contributions.....	152,957	171,888	178,888	178,888	178,888	+25,931
Miscellaneous items.....	690	690	690	690	690	---
Subtotal, Allowances and expenses.....	157,436	176,372	183,372	183,372	183,372	+25,936
Undistributed reduction.....	-4,050	---	---	---	---	+4,050
Total, Salaries and expenses.....	921,362	949,642	960,406	955,086	956,086	+34,724
Total, House of Representatives.....	921,507	949,642	960,406	955,086	956,086	+34,579
JOINT ITEMS						
Joint Economic Committee.....	3,424	3,658	3,658	3,658	3,658	+234
Joint Committee on Taxation.....	6,733	7,323	7,323	7,323	7,643	+910
Office of the Attending Physician						
Medical supplies, equipment, expenses, and allowances.	1,865	1,947	3,000	3,000	3,000	+1,135
Capitol Guide Service and Special Services Office.....	2,512	3,035	3,035	3,035	3,035	+523
By Transfer - Legislative Branch Emergency Response Fund (P.L. 107-117).....	350	---	---	---	---	-350
Total, Capitol Guide Service and Special Services Office.....	2,862	3,035	3,035	3,035	3,035	+173
Statements of Appropriations.....	30	30	30	30	30	---
Total, Joint items.....	14,914	15,993	17,046	17,046	17,366	+2,452

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
CAPITOL POLICE						
Salaries:						
Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives...	55,239	---	---	---	---	-55,239
Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate.....	57,805	---	---	---	---	-57,805
Capitol Police salaries.....	---	184,526	175,675	175,675	175,675	+175,675
Subtotal, salaries.....	113,044	184,526	175,675	175,675	175,675	+62,531
General expenses.....	13,146	28,100	43,000	28,100	28,100	+14,954
By Transfer - Legislative Branch Emergency						
Response Fund (P.L. 107-117).....	31,000	---	---	---	---	-31,000
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	16,100	---	---	---	---	-16,100
Subtotal, General expenses.....	60,246	28,100	43,000	28,100	28,100	-32,146
Total, Capitol Police.....	173,290	212,626	218,675	203,775	203,775	+30,485
OFFICE OF COMPLIANCE						
Salaries and expenses.....	2,059	2,224	2,059	2,059	2,059	---
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE						
Salaries and expenses.....	30,780	32,390	32,390	32,101	32,101	+1,321
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL						
Capitol Buildings and Grounds						
General administration.....	51,371	64,151	61,927	59,343	59,343	+7,972
Capitol building.....	15,194	46,789	32,062	32,094	32,094	+16,900
By Transfer - Legislative Branch Emergency						
Response Fund (P.L. 107-117).....	106,304	---	---	---	---	-106,304
Capitol grounds.....	6,009	7,711	8,125	8,356	8,356	+2,347
Senate office buildings.....	42,126	55,103	---	64,871	64,871	+22,745
House office buildings.....	54,006	46,650	58,460	61,960	60,960	+6,954
Capitol Power Plant.....	56,983	148,003	111,573	106,686	106,686	+49,703
Offsetting collections.....	-4,400	-4,400	-4,400	-4,400	-4,400	---
Net subtotal, Capitol Power Plant.....	52,583	143,603	107,173	102,286	102,286	+49,703
Library buildings and grounds.....	21,753	40,284	35,319	37,521	37,521	+15,768
Capitol police buildings and grounds.....	---	---	37,500	23,900	23,900	+23,900
Botanic gardens.....	5,646	5,661	5,936	6,103	6,103	+457
Total, Architect of the Capitol.....	354,992	409,952	346,502	396,434	395,434	+40,442

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
UNITED STATES CAPITOL HISTORICAL SOCIETY						
Grant - By Transfer - Legislative Branch Emergency Response Fund (P.L. 107-117).....	1,000	---	---	---	---	-1,000
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS						
Salaries and expenses.....	306,692	357,121	358,797	358,474	358,474	+51,782
Authority to spend receipts.....	-6,850	-6,850	-6,850	-6,850	-6,850	---
By Transfer - Legislative Branch Emergency Response Fund (P.L. 107-117).....	29,615	---	---	---	---	-29,615
Subtotal, Salaries and expenses.....	329,457	350,271	351,947	351,624	351,624	+22,167
Copyright Office, salaries and expenses.....	40,896	44,321	44,876	39,226	39,226	-1,670
Authority to spend receipts.....	-27,864	-29,527	-31,102	-29,512	-29,512	-1,648
Subtotal, Copyright Office.....	13,032	14,794	13,774	9,714	9,714	-3,318
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	7,500	---	---	---	---	-7,500
Congressional Research Service, salaries and expenses. Books for the blind and physically handicapped, salaries and expenses.....	81,454	87,646	86,241	86,952	86,952	+5,498
Furniture and furnishings.....	49,788	51,020	56,522	50,963	50,963	+1,175
	7,932	8,003	---	---	---	-7,932
Total, Library of Congress.....	489,163	511,734	508,484	499,253	499,253	+10,090
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL						
Capitol Visitors Center.....	70,000	---	---	---	---	-70,000
Congressional Cemetery						
Congressional Cemetery.....	1,250	---	---	---	---	-1,250
Total, Architect of the Capitol.....	71,250	---	---	---	---	-71,250
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE						
Congressional printing and binding.....	81,000	90,143	90,143	90,143	90,143	+9,143

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Office of Superintendent of Documents						
Salaries and expenses.....	29,639	32,302	29,661	29,661	29,661	+22
Government Printing Office Revolving Fund						
By Transfer - Legislative Branch Emergency Response Fund (P.L. 107-117).....	4,000	---	---	---	---	-4,000
Total, Government Printing Office.....	114,639	122,445	119,804	119,804	119,804	+5,165
GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE						
Salaries and expenses.....	424,345	457,802	456,534	454,134	454,134	+29,789
Offsetting collections.....	-2,501	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	-499
By Transfer - Legislative Branch Emergency Response Fund (P.L. 107-117).....	7,600	---	---	---	---	-7,600
Total, General Accounting Office.....	429,444	454,802	453,534	451,134	451,134	+21,690
OPEN WORLD LEADERSHIP CENTER						
Payment to the Open World Leadership Center Trust Fund.....	8,000	10,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	+5,000
TITLE II - GENERAL PROVISIONS						
John Stennis Center.....	---	---	---	300	300	+300
Congressional Award Act.....	---	---	---	250	250	+250
United States-China Security Review Commission.....	---	---	---	1,800	---	---
Grand total.....	3,252,423	3,405,108	2,671,900	3,359,830	3,358,350	+105,927

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
Office of the Secretary						
Salaries and expenses.....	67,778	92,460	82,474	83,069	89,447	+21,669
Immediate Office of the Secretary.....	(1,929)	---	---	(2,201)	(2,211)	(+282)
Immediate Office of the Deputy Secretary.....	(619)	---	---	(799)	(809)	(+190)
Immediate Office of the Secretary and Deputy Secretary.....	---	(4,410)	(4,355)	---	---	---
Office of the General Counsel.....	(13,355)	(15,657)	(14,950)	(15,507)	(15,657)	(+2,302)
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Policy.....	(3,058)	---	---	---	---	(-3,058)
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Aviation and International Affairs.....	(7,421)	---	---	---	---	(-7,421)
Office of the Under Secretary for Transportation Policy.....	---	(12,452)	(12,024)	(11,123)	(12,452)	(+12,452)
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Budget and Programs.....	(7,728)	(8,375)	(7,415)	(8,375)	(8,375)	(+647)
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Governmental Affairs.....	(2,282)	(2,453)	(2,453)	(2,282)	(2,453)	(+171)
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration.....	(19,250)	(29,285)	(27,686)	(26,070)	(29,071)	(+9,821)
Office of Public Affairs.....	(1,723)	(1,926)	(1,926)	(1,920)	(1,926)	(+203)
Executive Secretariat.....	(1,204)	---	---	(1,390)	(1,391)	(+187)
Board of Contract Appeals.....	(507)	(611)	(611)	(611)	(611)	(+104)
Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization.....	(1,240)	(1,304)	(1,304)	(1,304)	(1,304)	(+64)
Office of Intelligence and Security.....	(1,321)	---	---	---	---	(-1,321)
Office of the Chief Information Officer.....	(6,141)	(15,987)	(9,750)	(11,487)	(13,187)	(+7,046)
Subtotal.....	(67,778)	(92,460)	(82,474)	(83,069)	(89,447)	(+21,669)
Office of civil rights.....						
Transportation security administration.....	8,500	8,700	8,500	8,700	8,700	+200
Offsetting collections.....	1,250,000	---	---	---	---	-1,250,000
Transportation planning, research, and development.....	-1,250,000	---	---	---	---	+1,250,000
Transportation Administrative Service Center.....	11,993	10,700	11,157	21,000	21,000	+9,007
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206).....	(125,323)	---	(131,766)	(131,779)	(131,766)	(+6,443)
Subtotal, TASC.....	(2,800)	---	---	---	---	(-2,800)
Subtotal.....	(128,123)	---	(131,766)	(131,779)	(131,766)	(+3,643)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Minority business resource center program.....	900	900	900	900	900	---
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(18,367)	(18,367)	(18,367)	(18,367)	(18,367)	---
Minority business outreach.....	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	---
New headquarters building.....	---	25,000	25,000	---	---	---
Payments to air carriers (Airport & Airway Trust Fund)	13,000	---	50,000	65,000	52,100	+39,100
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	50,000	---	---	---	---	-50,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Total, Office of the Secretary.....	1,405,171	140,760	181,031	181,669	175,147	-1,230,024
Offsetting collections.....	-1,250,000	---	---	---	---	+1,250,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Net total.....	155,171	140,760	181,031	181,669	175,147	+19,976
Transportation Security Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	---	5,346,000	5,146,000	5,346,000	5,180,000	+5,180,000
Aviation Security.....	---	---	(4,355,726)	---	(4,516,300)	(+4,516,300)
Maritime and Land Security.....	---	---	(206,864)	---	(244,800)	(+244,800)
Research and Development.....	---	---	(129,519)	---	(110,200)	(+110,200)
Support Services.....	---	---	(453,891)	---	---	---
Administration.....	---	---	---	---	(308,700)	(+308,700)
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Subtotal.....	---	---	(5,146,000)	---	(5,180,000)	(+5,180,000)
Facilities and equipment (reimbursement).....	---	-124,000	-176,691	-55,000	-144,000	-144,000
Offsetting collections.....	---	-2,650,000	-2,650,000	-2,650,000	-2,650,000	-2,650,000
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	94,800	---	---	---	---	-94,800
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (emergency).....	3,370,000	---	---	---	---	-3,370,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Total, Transportation Security Administration...	3,464,800	2,572,000	2,319,309	2,641,000	2,386,000	-1,078,800
Coast Guard						
Operating expenses.....	2,942,000	3,978,456	3,005,456	3,978,456	3,982,122	+1,040,122
Defense function.....	440,000	340,000	1,300,000	340,000	340,000	-100,000
Offset for new user fees.....	---	-165,000	---	---	---	---
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	209,150	---	---	---	---	-209,150
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (emergency).....	189,000	---	---	---	---	-189,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Subtotal, OE.....	3,780,150	4,153,456	4,305,456	4,318,456	4,322,122	+541,972

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Acquisition, construction, and improvements.....	636,354	725,000	725,000	752,000	742,100	+105,746
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (emergency).....	66,000	---	---	---	---	-66,000
AC&I rescission.....	---	---	---	---	---	-17,000
Vessels.....	(115,740)	(13,600)	(11,715)	(25,600)	(25,600)	(-90,140)
Aircraft.....	(9,500)	---	(2,700)	---	(4,000)	(-5,500)
Other equipment.....	(107,022)	(117,700)	(114,200)	(132,700)	(121,300)	(+14,278)
Shore facilities & aids to navigation facilities..	(85,271)	(28,700)	(31,385)	(48,700)	(50,200)	(-35,071)
Personnel and related support.....	(64,631)	(65,000)	(65,000)	(65,000)	(63,000)	(-1,631)
Integrated Deepwater Systems.....	(320,190)	(500,000)	(500,000)	(480,000)	(478,000)	(+157,810)
Subtotal, A C & I.....	(702,354)	(725,000)	(725,000)	(752,000)	(742,100)	(+39,746)
Environmental compliance and restoration.....	16,927	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	+73
Alteration of bridges.....	15,466	---	17,000	14,000	17,200	+1,734
Retired pay.....	876,346	889,000	889,000	889,000	889,000	+12,654
Reserve training.....	83,194	86,522	86,522	86,522	86,495	+3,301
Research, development, test, and evaluation.....	20,222	22,000	21,000	22,000	22,000	+1,778
Total, Coast Guard.....	5,494,659	6,057,978	6,060,978	6,098,978	6,095,917	+601,258
Rescissions.....	---	---	---	---	-17,000	-17,000
Offset for new user fees.....	---	-165,000	---	---	---	---
Net total, CG.....	5,494,659	5,892,978	6,060,978	6,098,978	6,078,917	+584,258
Federal Aviation Administration						
Operations.....	6,886,000	7,077,203	7,060,203	7,047,203	7,069,019	+183,019
Air traffic services.....	(5,452,871)	---	---	(5,662,037)	---	(-5,452,871)
Aviation regulation and certification.....	(768,769)	---	---	(839,467)	---	(-768,769)
Civil aviation security.....	(150,154)	---	---	---	---	(-150,154)
Research and acquisition.....	(195,799)	---	---	(207,600)	---	(-195,799)
Commercial space transportation.....	(12,456)	---	---	(12,325)	---	(-12,456)
Financial services.....	(50,284)	---	---	(48,782)	---	(-50,284)
Human resources.....	(69,516)	---	---	(80,260)	---	(-69,516)
Regional coordination.....	(85,943)	---	---	(82,192)	---	(-85,943)
Staff offices.....	(109,208)	---	---	(84,890)	---	(-109,208)
Information services.....	---	---	---	(29,650)	---	---
Undistributed.....	(-9,000)	---	---	---	---	(+9,000)
Subtotal, Operations.....	(6,886,000)	---	---	(7,047,203)	---	(-6,886,000)
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	200,000	---	---	---	---	-200,000
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (Transfer authority).....	(33,000)	---	---	---	---	(-33,000)
Subtotal, Operations (incl supplemental).....	7,119,000	7,077,203	7,060,203	7,047,203	7,069,019	-49,981

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Facilities & equipment (Airport & Airway Trust Fund)...	2,914,000	2,981,022	2,981,022	2,981,022	2,981,022	+67,022
Rescission (Airport and Airway Trust Fund).....	-15,000	---	---	---	-20,000	-5,000
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	108,500	---	---	---	---	-108,500
Subtotal, F&E (incl supplemental).....	3,007,500	2,981,022	2,981,022	2,981,022	2,961,022	-46,478
Research, engineering, and development (Airport and Airway Trust Fund).....	195,000	124,000	138,000	124,000	148,450	-46,550
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	50,000	---	---	---	---	-50,000
Subtotal, RE&D.....	245,000	124,000	138,000	124,000	148,450	-96,550
Grants-in-aid for airports (Airport and Airway Trust Fund):						
(Liquidation of contract authorization).....	(1,800,000)	(3,100,000)	(3,100,000)	(3,100,000)	(3,100,000)	(+1,300,000)
(Limitation on obligations).....	(3,300,000)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(+100,000)
(Small community air service pilot program)...	(20,000)	---	---	(20,000)	(20,000)	---
Rescission of contract authority.....	-301,720	---	---	---	---	+301,720
Essential air service (by transfer).....	---	---	---	---	---	---
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	175,000	---	---	---	---	-175,000
Subtotal, Grants-in-aid.....	(3,173,280)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(+226,720)
Small community air service development.....	---	---	20,000	---	---	---
Total, Federal Aviation Administration.....	10,528,500	10,182,225	10,199,225	10,152,225	10,198,491	-330,009
(Limitations on obligations).....	(3,300,000)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)	(+100,000)
Total budgetary resources.....	(13,828,500)	(13,582,225)	(13,599,225)	(13,552,225)	(13,598,491)	(-230,009)
Rescissions.....	-15,000	---	---	---	-20,000	-5,000
Rescissions of contract authority.....	-301,720	---	---	---	---	+301,720
Net total, FAA.....	(13,511,780)	(13,582,225)	(13,599,225)	(13,552,225)	(13,578,491)	(+66,711)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Federal Highway Administration						
Limitation on administrative expenses.....	(311,000)	(317,732)	(370,042)	(317,732)	(316,126)	(+5,126)
(Border enforcement program).....	---	---	---	(106,967)	(106,967)	(+106,967)
Federal-aid highways (Highway Trust Fund):						
(Limitation on obligations).....	(27,280,000)	(27,573,787)	(32,022,143)	(31,800,000)	(31,800,000)	(+4,520,000)
Revenue aligned budget authority (RABA).....	(4,543,000)	(-4,369,000)	(-4,369,000)	---	---	(-4,543,000)
RABA transfer to FMCSA.....	(-23,896)	---	---	---	---	(+23,896)
Subtotal, limitation on obligations.....	(31,799,104)	(23,204,787)	(27,653,143)	(31,800,000)	(31,800,000)	(+896)
(Exempt obligations).....	(965,308)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(-72,541)
(Liquidation of contract authorization).....	(30,000,000)	(29,000,000)	(30,000,000)	(32,000,000)	(32,000,000)	(+2,000,000)
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (Rescission of contract authority).....	-320,000	---	---	---	---	+320,000
Miscellaneous appropriations (rescission).....	---	---	-5,609	---	-5,609	-5,609
Miscellaneous (rescission of contract authority)...	---	---	---	---	-250,000	-250,000
Appalachian development highway system.....	200,000	---	100,000	200,000	188,000	-12,000
State infrastructure banks (rescission).....	-5,750	---	---	---	---	+5,750
Value pricing project (rescission) (Highway Trust Fund (Sec. 364).....	-9,231	---	---	---	-8,000	+1,231
TIFIA (rescission) (Highway Trust Fund).....	-43,742	---	---	---	---	+43,742
Miscellaneous appropriations (Highway Trust Fund (emergency supplemental) (PL 107-117).....	100,000	---	---	---	---	-100,000
Emergency Relief (Highway Trust Fund).....	---	---	55,000	---	---	---
Emergency relief program (emergency sup) (PL 107-117)...	75,000	---	---	---	---	-75,000
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (emergency).....	167,000	---	---	---	---	-167,000
Total, Federal Highway Administration.....						
(Limitations on obligations).....	542,000	---	155,000	200,000	188,000	-354,000
(Exempt obligations).....	(31,799,104)	(23,204,787)	(27,653,143)	(31,800,000)	(31,800,000)	(+896)
Total budgetary resources.....	(33,306,412)	(24,097,554)	(28,700,910)	(32,892,767)	(32,880,767)	(-425,645)
Rescissions.....	-58,723	---	-5,609	---	-13,609	+45,114
Rescissions of contract authority.....	-320,000	---	---	---	-250,000	+70,000
Net total, FHWA.....	(32,927,689)	(24,097,554)	(28,695,301)	(32,892,767)	(32,617,158)	(-310,531)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference vs. Enacted
Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration					
Motor carrier safety (limitation on administrative expenses) (limitation on obligations).....	(110,000)	(117,464)	(92,857)	(117,464)	(+7,464)
Rescission.....	-6,665	---	---	---	+6,665
Additional admin/safety/research program funds....	---	---	24,587	---	---
National motor carrier safety program (Highway Trust Fund):					
(Liquidation of contract authorization).....	(205,896)	(190,000)	(190,000)	(190,000)	(-15,896)
(Limitation on obligations).....	(182,000)	(190,000)	(190,000)	(190,000)	(+8,000)
RABA transfer from FHWA:					
Border-State grants.....	(18,000)	---	---	---	(-18,000)
State commercial driver's license.....	(5,896)	---	---	---	(-5,896)
Subtotal, RABA.....	(23,896)	---	---	---	(-23,896)
Subtotal, limitation on obligations.....	(205,896)	(190,000)	(190,000)	(190,000)	(-15,896)
Border enforcement program (Highway Trust Fund).....	25,866	59,967	59,967	---	-25,866
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (emergency).....	19,300	---	---	---	-19,300
=====					
Total, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Admin.....	45,166	59,967	84,554	---	-45,166
(Limitations on obligations).....	(315,896)	(307,464)	(282,857)	(307,464)	(-8,432)
Total budgetary resources.....	(361,062)	(367,431)	(367,411)	(307,464)	(-53,598)
Rescissions.....	-6,665	---	---	---	+6,665
Net total, FMCSA.....	(354,397)	(367,431)	(367,411)	(307,464)	(-46,933)
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration					
Operations and research.....	127,780	126,445	131,433	141,000	+10,508
Operations and research (Highway trust fund):					
(Liquidation of contract authorization).....	(72,000)	(72,000)	(72,000)	(72,000)	---
(Limitation on obligations).....	(72,000)	(72,000)	(72,000)	(72,000)	---
Rescission of contract authority.....	-1,516	---	---	---	+1,516
National Driver Register (Highway trust fund).....	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	---
Subtotal, Operations and research.....	(200,264)	(200,445)	(205,433)	(215,000)	(+12,024)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Highway traffic safety grants (Highway Trust Fund):						
(Liquidation of contract authorization).....	(223,000)	(225,000)	(225,000)	(225,000)	(225,000)	(+2,000)
(Limitation on obligations):						
Highway safety programs (Sec. 402).....	(160,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(165,000)	(+5,000)
Occupant protection incentive grants						
(Sec. 405).....	(15,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(+5,000)
Alcohol-impaired driving countermeasures						
grants (Sec. 410).....	(38,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(+2,000)
State highway safety data grants (Sec. 411)...	(10,000)	---	---	---	---	(-10,000)
Subtotal, limitation on obligations.....	(223,000)	(225,000)	(225,000)	(225,000)	(225,000)	(+2,000)
Total, National Highway Traffic Safety Admin..	129,780	128,445	133,433	143,000	140,288	+10,508
(Limitations on obligations).....	(295,000)	(297,000)	(297,000)	(297,000)	(297,000)	(+2,000)
Total budgetary resources.....	(424,780)	(425,445)	(430,433)	(440,000)	(437,288)	(+12,508)
Rescissions of contract authority.....	-1,516	---	---	---	---	+1,516
Net total, NHTSA.....	(423,264)	(425,445)	(430,433)	(440,000)	(437,288)	(+14,024)
Federal Railroad Administration						
Safety and operations.....	110,857	118,264	117,363	118,264	117,363	+6,506
Offset for new user fees.....	---	-45,000	---	---	---	---
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	6,000	---	---	---	---	-6,000
Railroad research and development.....	29,000	28,325	27,325	29,325	29,325	+325
Offset for new user fees.....	---	-14,000	---	---	---	---
Pennsylvania Station Redevelopment project (advance						
appropriations, FY 2001, FY 2002, FY 2003) 1/.....	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	---
Next generation high-speed rail.....	32,300	23,200	30,450	30,000	30,450	-1,850
Alaska Railroad rehabilitation.....	20,000	---	---	25,000	22,000	+2,000
Grants to the National Railroad Passenger						
Corporation.....	521,476	521,476	762,476	1,200,000	1,050,000	+528,524
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	100,000	---	---	---	---	-100,000
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (emergency).....	205,000	---	---	---	---	-205,000
Subtotal, Amtrak.....	826,476	521,476	762,476	1,200,000	1,050,000	+223,524
Total, Federal Railroad Administration.....	1,044,633	711,265	957,614	1,422,589	1,269,138	+224,505
Offset for new user fees.....	---	-59,000	---	---	---	---
Net total, FRA.....	1,044,633	652,265	957,614	1,422,589	1,269,138	+224,505

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference vs. Enacted
Federal Transit Administration					
Administrative expenses.....	13,400	14,600	14,600	14,600	+1,200
Administrative expenses (Highway Trust Fund, Mass Transit Account) (limitation on obligations).....	(53,600)	(58,400)	(58,400)	(58,400)	(+4,800)
Subtotal, Administrative expenses.....	(67,000)	(73,000)	(73,000)	(73,000)	(+6,000)
Formula grants.....	718,400	767,800	767,800	767,800	+49,400
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	23,500	---	---	---	-23,500
Formula grants (Highway Trust Fund) (limitation on obligations).....	(2,873,600)	(3,071,200)	(3,071,200)	(3,071,200)	(+197,600)
Subtotal, Formula grants.....	(3,615,500)	(3,839,000)	(3,839,000)	(3,839,000)	(+223,500)
University transportation research.....	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	---
University transportation research (Highway Trust Fund, Mass Transit Acct) (limitation on obligations)	(4,800)	(4,800)	(4,800)	(4,800)	---
Subtotal, University transportation research....	(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)	(6,000)	---
Transit planning and research.....	23,000	24,200	24,200	24,200	+1,200
Transit planning and research (Highway Trust Fund, Mass Transit Account) (limitation on obligations)...	(93,000)	(97,800)	(97,800)	(97,800)	(+4,800)
Subtotal, Transit planning and research.....	(116,000)	(122,000)	(122,000)	(122,000)	(+6,000)
Rural transportation assistance.....	(5,250)	(5,250)	(5,250)	(5,250)	---
National transit institute.....	(4,000)	(4,000)	(4,000)	(4,000)	---
Transit cooperative research.....	(8,250)	(8,250)	(8,250)	(8,250)	---
Metropolitan planning.....	(55,422)	(60,386)	(60,386)	(60,386)	(+4,964)
State planning.....	(11,578)	(12,614)	(12,614)	(12,614)	(+1,036)
National planning and research.....	(31,500)	(31,500)	(31,500)	(31,500)	---
Subtotal, Transit planning and research.....	(116,000)	(122,000)	(122,000)	(122,000)	(+6,000)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference vs. Enacted
Trust fund share of expenses (Highway Trust Fund)					
(liquidation of contract authorization).....	(5,397,800)	(5,781,000)	(5,781,000)	(5,781,000)	(+383,200)
Capital investment grants.....	568,200	607,200	607,200	607,200	+39,000
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	100,000	---	---	---	-100,000
2002 Supplemental (PL 107-206) (emergency).....	1,800,000	---	---	---	-1,800,000
Capital investment grants (Highway Trust Fund, Mass Transit Account) (limitation on obligations).....	(2,272,800)	(2,428,800)	(2,428,800)	(2,428,800)	(+156,000)
Subtotal, Capital investment grants.....	(4,741,000)	(3,036,000)	(3,036,000)	(3,036,000)	(-1,705,000)
Fixed guideway modernization.....	(1,136,400)	(1,214,400)	(1,214,400)	(1,214,400)	(+78,000)
Buses and bus-related facilities.....	(568,200)	(607,200)	(607,200)	(607,200)	(+39,000)
New starts.....	(1,136,400)	(1,214,400)	(1,214,400)	(1,214,400)	(+78,000)
Subtotal.....	(2,841,000)	(3,036,000)	(3,036,000)	(3,036,000)	(+195,000)
Job access and reverse commute grants.....	25,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	+5,000
(Highway Trust Fund, Mass Transit Account)					
(limitation on obligations).....	(100,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)	(+20,000)
Subtotal, Job access and reverse commute grants.	(125,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(+25,000)
Total, Federal Transit Administration.....	3,272,700	1,445,000	1,445,000	1,445,000	-1,827,700
(Limitations on obligations).....	(5,397,800)	(5,781,000)	(5,781,000)	(5,781,000)	(+383,200)
Total budgetary resources, FTA.....	(8,670,500)	(7,226,000)	(7,226,000)	(7,226,000)	(-1,444,500)
Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation					
Operations and maintenance (Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund).....	13,345	14,086	15,486	13,345	+741

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Research and Special Programs Administration						
Research and special programs:						
Hazardous materials safety.....	21,217	23,079	22,998	23,079	23,301	+2,084
Offset for new user fees.....	---	-6,000	---	---	---	---
Emergency transportation.....	1,897	2,058	1,951	2,058	1,951	+54
Research and technology.....	2,784	2,854	2,846	2,854	2,846	+62
Program and administrative support.....	11,381	16,387	12,882	15,734	12,882	+1,501
Subtotal, Research and special programs.....	37,279	38,378	40,677	43,725	40,980	+3,701
Emergency supp (emergency trans) (PL 107-117).....	2,500	---	---	---	---	-2,500
Pipeline safety:						
Pipeline Safety Fund.....	50,386	56,385	51,225	56,385	56,370	+5,984
Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund.....	7,864	7,472	7,472	7,472	7,472	-392
Subtotal, Pipeline safety program (incl reserve)	58,250	63,857	58,697	63,857	63,842	+5,592
Emergency preparedness grants:						
Emergency preparedness fund.....	200	200	200	200	200	---
Limitation on emergency preparedness fund.....	(14,300)	(14,300)	(14,300)	(14,300)	(14,300)	---
Total, Research and Special Programs Admin....	98,229	108,435	99,574	107,782	105,022	+6,793
Offset for new user fees.....	---	(-6,000)	---	---	---	---
Net total.....	98,229	102,435	99,574	107,782	105,022	+6,793

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Office of Inspector General						
Salaries and expenses.....	50,614	57,421	57,421	57,421	57,421	+6,807
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	1,300	---	---	---	---	-1,300
Total, Office of Inspector General.....	51,914	57,421	57,421	57,421	57,421	+5,507
Surface Transportation Board						
Salaries and expenses.....	18,457	19,459	19,450	19,459	19,450	+993
Offsetting collections.....	-950	-1,000	-1,000	-1,000	-1,000	-50
Total, Surface Transportation Board.....	17,507	18,459	18,450	18,459	18,450	+943
Bureau of Transportation Statistics						
Office of airline information (Airport & Airway Trust Fund).....	---	3,965	---	---	---	---
General Provisions						
Amtrak Reform Council.....	225	---	---	---	---	-225
Surface transportation projects (Sec. 330).....	148,300	---	---	90,600	90,600	-57,700
Excess stabilization resources (rescission) (Sec. 333)	---	---	---	-77,100	-90,000	-90,000
LRFA program (rescission) (Sec. 343).....	---	---	---	---	-690	-690
Iowa rail infrastructure rehab project (Sec. 343).....	---	---	---	---	690	+690
Misc. highway projects (Highway Trust Fund) (Sec. 344)	---	---	---	---	285,000	+285,000
Aviation ops sustainment-Midway Island (Sec. 371).....	---	---	---	3,500	3,500	+3,500
Total, General provisions.....	148,525	---	---	17,000	289,100	+140,575
Net total, title I, Department of Transportation						
Appropriations.....	24,303,305	21,270,006	21,721,466	22,498,468	22,081,451	-2,221,854
Emergency.....	(17,894,879)	(21,270,006)	(21,727,075)	(22,575,568)	(22,472,750)	(+4,577,871)
Offsets for new user fees.....	(7,112,050)	---	---	---	---	(-7,112,050)
Rescissions.....	(-1,250,000)	(-230,000)	---	---	---	(+1,250,000)
Rescission of contract authority.....	(-80,388)	---	---	(-77,100)	(-141,299)	(-60,911)
(By transfer).....	(-623,236)	---	---	---	(-250,000)	(+373,236)
(Transfer authority).....	(33,000)	---	---	---	---	---
(Limitations on obligations).....	(41,107,800)	(32,990,251)	(37,414,000)	(41,585,464)	(41,585,464)	(+477,664)
(Exempt obligations).....	(965,308)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(-72,541)
Net total budgetary resources.....	(66,376,413)	(55,153,024)	(60,028,233)	(64,976,699)	(64,559,682)	(-1,816,731)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE II - RELATED AGENCIES						
Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board						
Salaries and expenses.....	5,015	5,194	5,194	5,194	5,194	+179
National Transportation Safety Board						
Salaries and expenses.....	68,000	70,480	71,270	72,500	72,450	+4,450
Emergency supplemental (PL 107-117).....	650	---	---	---	---	-650
Total, National Transportation Safety Board.....	68,650	70,480	71,270	72,500	72,450	+3,800
Total, title II, Related Agencies.....	73,665	75,674	76,464	77,694	77,644	+3,979
Grand total.....						
Appropriations.....	24,376,970	21,345,680	21,797,930	22,576,162	22,159,095	-2,217,875
Emergency.....	(17,967,894)	(21,345,680)	(21,803,539)	(22,653,262)	(22,550,394)	(+4,582,500)
Offset for new user fees.....	(7,112,700)	---	---	---	---	(-7,112,700)
Rescissions.....	(-1,250,000)	(-230,000)	---	---	---	(+1,250,000)
Rescission of contract authority.....	(-80,388)	---	(-5,609)	(-77,100)	(-141,299)	(-60,911)
(By transfer).....	(-623,236)	---	---	---	(-250,000)	(+373,236)
(Transfer authority).....	(33,000)	---	---	---	---	(-33,000)
(Limitation on obligations).....	(41,107,800)	(32,990,251)	(37,414,000)	(41,585,464)	(41,585,464)	(+477,664)
(Exempt obligations).....	(965,308)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(892,767)	(-72,541)
Net total budgetary resources.....	(66,450,078)	(55,228,698)	(60,104,697)	(65,054,393)	(64,637,326)	(-1,812,752)

TREASURY AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

TITLE I - DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Departmental Offices.....	177,142	191,914	187,241	191,887	189,201	+12,059
Department-wide systems and capital investments programs.....	68,828	68,828	68,828	68,828	65,628	-3,200
Office of Inspector General.....	35,424	35,428	35,424	35,424	35,736	+312
Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration.....	123,746	123,962	123,962	123,962	125,011	+1,265
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	2,032	---	---	---	---	-2,032
Subtotal.....	125,778	123,962	123,962	123,962	125,011	-767
Air Transportation Stabilization Program Account.....	---	6,041	6,041	6,041	6,041	+6,041
Treasury Building and Annex Repair and Restoration.....	28,932	32,932	32,932	30,932	28,932	---
Expanded Access to Financial Services.....	2,000	2,000	4,000	2,000	2,000	---
Counterterrorism Fund.....	40,000	40,000	33,000	20,000	10,000	-30,000
Financial Crimes Enforcement Network.....	45,837	50,517	51,444	50,517	51,752	+5,915
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	1,700	---	---	---	---	-1,700
Subtotal.....	47,537	50,517	51,444	50,517	51,752	+4,215
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center:						
Salaries and Expenses.....	105,680	122,393	152,951	126,660	134,986	+29,306
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	23,000	---	---	---	---	-23,000
Subtotal.....	128,680	122,393	152,951	126,660	134,986	+6,306
Acquisition, Construction, Improvements, & Related Expenses.....	33,434	23,329	31,800	32,029	36,000	+2,566
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	8,500	---	---	---	---	-8,500
Subtotal.....	41,934	23,329	31,800	32,029	36,000	-5,934
Total.....	170,614	145,722	184,751	158,689	170,986	+372
Interagency Law Enforcement:						
Interagency crime and drug enforcement.....	107,576	107,576	110,594	107,576	107,576	---
Financial Management Service.....	212,850	220,712	220,664	220,664	222,078	+9,228
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206) (rescission).....	-14,000	---	---	---	---	+14,000
Subtotal.....	198,850	220,712	220,664	220,664	222,078	+23,228

TREASURY AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms.....	810,316	870,775	878,034	875,430	873,430	+63,114
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	31,431	---	---	---	---	-31,431
Subtotal.....	841,747	870,775	878,034	875,430	873,430	+31,683
GREAT grants.....	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	---
Total.....	854,747	883,775	891,034	888,430	886,430	+31,683
United States Customs Service:						
Salaries and Expenses.....	2,079,357	2,391,952	2,496,865	2,501,488	2,527,155	+447,798
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	392,603	---	---	---	---	-392,603
Subtotal.....	2,471,960	2,391,952	2,496,865	2,501,488	2,527,155	+55,195
Users fees, conveyance/passenger/other.....	---	-167,000	---	---	---	---
Harbor Maintenance Fee Collection.....	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	---
Operation, Maintenance and Procurement, Air and Marine Interdiction Programs.....	177,860	170,829	190,000	177,829	181,829	+3,969
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	6,700	---	---	---	---	-6,700
Subtotal.....	184,560	170,829	190,000	177,829	181,829	-2,731
Automation modernization:						
Automated Commercial System.....	122,432	122,432	122,432	122,432	122,432	---
International Trade Data System.....	5,400	---	---	---	---	-5,400
Automated Commercial Environment.....	300,000	312,900	316,900	312,900	312,900	+12,900
Subtotal.....	427,832	435,332	439,332	435,332	435,332	+7,500
Customs Services at Small Airports (to be derived from fees collected).....	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	---
Offsetting receipts.....	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000	---
Total.....	3,087,352	2,834,113	3,129,197	3,117,649	3,147,316	+59,964
Bureau of the Public Debt.....	186,953	191,119	168,673	191,073	190,068	+3,115
Payment of government losses in shipment.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	---
Internal Revenue Service:						
Processing, Assistance, and Management.....	3,797,890	3,958,337	3,955,077	3,955,777	3,955,777	+157,887
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	12,990	---	---	---	---	-12,990
Subtotal.....	3,810,880	3,958,337	3,955,077	3,955,777	3,955,777	+144,897

TREASURY AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Tax Law Enforcement.....	3,538,347	3,729,072	3,729,072	3,729,072	3,729,072	+190,725
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	4,544	---	---	---	---	-4,544
Subtotal.....	3,542,891	3,729,072	3,729,072	3,729,072	3,729,072	+186,181
Earned Income Tax Credit Compliance Initiative.....	146,000	146,000	146,000	146,000	146,000	---
Information Systems.....	1,563,249	1,632,444	1,632,444	1,632,444	1,632,444	+69,195
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	15,991	---	---	---	---	-15,991
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206) (rescission).....	-10,000	---	---	---	---	+10,000
Subtotal.....	1,569,240	1,632,444	1,632,444	1,632,444	1,632,444	+63,204
Business systems modernization.....	391,593	380,000	436,000	436,000	366,000	-25,593
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	14,000	---	---	---	---	-14,000
Subtotal.....	405,593	380,000	436,000	436,000	366,000	-39,593
Health Insurance Tax Credit Administration.....	---	70,000	---	---	70,000	+70,000
Total (net).....	9,474,604	9,915,853	9,898,593	9,899,293	9,899,293	+424,689
United States Secret Service:						
Salaries and Expenses.....	920,615	1,010,435	1,017,892	1,010,817	1,029,150	+108,535
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	104,769	---	---	---	---	-104,769
Subtotal.....	1,025,384	1,010,435	1,017,892	1,010,817	1,029,150	+3,766
Acquisition, Construction, Improvements, & Related Expenses.....	3,457	3,519	3,519	3,519	3,519	+62
Total.....	1,028,841	1,013,954	1,021,411	1,014,336	1,032,669	+3,828
Total, title I, Department of the Treasury.....	15,636,178	15,865,446	16,168,789	16,128,301	16,171,717	+535,539
Appropriations.....	15,055,918	15,865,446	16,168,789	16,128,301	16,171,717	+1,115,799
Emergency funding.....	604,260	---	---	---	---	-604,260
Rescissions.....	-24,000	---	---	---	---	+24,000

TREASURY AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE II - POSTAL SERVICE						
Payment to the Postal Service Fund.....	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	---
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	500,000	---	---	---	---	-500,000
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	87,000	---	---	---	---	-87,000
Subtotal.....	616,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	-587,000
Advance appropriation, FY 2002/2003.....	67,093	47,619	47,619	47,619	47,619	-19,474
Advance appropriation, FY 2004.....	---	31,014	31,014	31,014	31,014	+31,014
Total, title II, Postal Service:						
Fiscal year 2002/2003.....	683,093	76,619	76,619	76,619	76,619	-606,474
Fiscal year 2004.....	---	31,014	31,014	31,014	31,014	+31,014
=====						
TITLE III - EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT						
Compensation of the President and the White House						
Office:						
Compensation of the President.....	450	450	450	450	450	---
Salaries and Expenses.....	54,651	84,595	50,715	59,735	50,715	-3,936
Office of Homeland Security.....	---	---	24,061	24,844	19,398	+19,398
Executive Residence at the White House:						
Operating Expenses.....	11,695	12,228	12,228	12,228	12,228	+533
White House Repair and Restoration.....	8,625	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	-7,425
Special Assistance to the President and the Official Residence of the Vice President:						
Salaries and Expenses.....	3,925	4,066	3,160	4,066	4,066	+141
Operating expenses.....	318	324	324	324	324	+6
Council of Economic Advisers.....	4,211	4,405	3,763	4,405	3,763	-448
Office of Policy Development.....	4,142	4,221	3,251	4,221	3,251	-891
National Security Council.....	7,494	9,525	7,803	9,525	7,821	+327
Office of Administration.....	46,955	70,128	92,681	70,128	91,505	+44,550
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	50,040	---	---	---	---	-50,040
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	3,800	---	---	---	---	-3,800
Subtotal.....	100,795	70,128	92,681	70,128	91,505	-9,290
Office of Management and Budget.....	70,752	70,752	61,492	70,752	62,394	-8,358
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206) (rescission).....	-100	---	---	---	---	+100
Subtotal.....	70,652	70,752	61,492	70,752	62,394	-8,258
Electronic Government (E-Gov) Fund.....	---	---	5,000	---	---	---
Election Administration Reform.....	---	---	200,000	---	---	---

TREASURY AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Office of National Drug Control Policy:						
Salaries and expenses.....	25,263	25,458	24,458	26,456	26,456	+1,193
Counterdrug Technology Assessment Center.....	42,300	40,000	55,800	40,000	48,000	+5,700
Subtotal.....	67,563	65,458	80,258	66,456	74,456	+6,893
Federal Drug Control Programs:						
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program.....	226,350	206,350	246,350	226,350	226,350	---
Special Forfeiture Fund.....	239,400	251,300	240,800	172,700	223,200	-16,200
Unanticipated Needs.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	---
Total, title III, Executive Office of the President and Funds Appropriated to the President..	801,271	786,002	1,034,536	728,384	782,121	-19,150
TITLE IV - INDEPENDENT AGENCIES						
Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.....	4,629	4,629	4,629	4,629	4,658	+29
Federal Election Commission.....	43,689	45,244	49,426	45,244	49,866	+6,177
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	750	---	---	---	---	-750
Subtotal.....	44,439	45,244	49,426	45,244	49,866	+5,427
Federal Labor Relations Authority.....	26,524	28,684	28,677	28,677	28,950	+2,426
General Services Administration:						
Federal Buildings Fund:						
Appropriations.....	284,400	276,400	325,711	363,299	375,711	+91,311
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	126,512	---	---	---	---	-126,512
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	21,800	---	---	---	---	-21,800
Subtotal.....	432,712	276,400	325,711	363,299	375,711	-57,001
Limitations on availability of revenue:						
Construction and acquisition of facilities	(662,680)	(556,574)	(646,385)	(631,663)	(717,488)	(+54,808)
Repairs and alterations.....	(826,676)	(986,029)	(978,529)	(997,839)	(951,529)	(+124,853)
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	(42,700)	---	---	---	---	(-42,700)
Subtotal.....	(869,376)	(986,029)	(978,529)	(997,839)	(951,529)	(+82,153)
Installment acquisition payments.....	(186,427)	(178,960)	(178,960)	(178,960)	(178,960)	(-7,467)
Rental of space.....	(2,952,050)	(3,153,211)	(3,153,211)	(3,153,211)	(3,113,211)	(+161,161)

TREASURY AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Building Operations.....	(1,748,949)	(1,965,160)	(1,925,160)	(1,965,160)	(1,965,160)	(+216,211)
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	(83,812)	---	---	---	---	(-83,812)
Subtotal.....	(1,832,761)	(1,965,160)	(1,925,160)	(1,965,160)	(1,965,160)	(+132,399)
Subtotal, limitations.....	6,503,294	6,839,934	6,882,245	6,926,833	6,926,348	+423,054
Repayment of Debt.....	(72,000)	(79,685)	(79,685)	(79,685)	(79,685)	(+7,685)
Total, Federal Buildings Fund.....	432,712	276,400	325,711	363,299	375,711	-57,001
(Limitations).....	(6,575,294)	(6,919,619)	(6,961,930)	(7,006,518)	(7,006,033)	(+430,739)
Policy and Operations.....	143,139	---	---	---	---	-143,139
Policy and Citizen Services.....	---	65,995	65,995	65,995	66,304	+66,304
Operating Expenses.....	---	88,263	77,904	94,640	83,663	+83,663
Office of Inspector General.....	36,346	37,617	37,617	37,617	37,916	+1,570
Electronic Government Fund.....	5,000	45,000	---	5,000	5,000	---
Allowances and Office Staff for Former Presidents.....	3,196	3,339	3,339	3,339	3,339	+143
Election Reform Reimbursements.....	---	---	---	---	15,000	+15,000
Total, General Services Administration.....	620,393	516,614	510,566	569,890	586,933	-33,460
Merit Systems Protection Board:						
Salaries and Expenses.....	30,555	31,790	31,788	31,788	32,027	+1,472
Limitation on administrative expenses.....	2,520	2,594	2,594	2,594	2,626	+106
Morris K. Udall Foundation:						
Morris K. Udall Trust Fund.....	1,996	1,996	1,996	1,996	1,996	---
Environmental Dispute Resolution Fund.....	1,309	1,309	1,309	1,309	1,309	---
National Archives and Records Administration:						
Operating expenses.....	244,247	256,731	249,731	249,731	249,875	+5,628
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	1,600	---	---	---	---	-1,600
Subtotal.....	245,847	256,731	249,731	249,731	249,875	+4,028
Reduction of debt.....	-6,612	-7,186	-7,186	-7,186	-7,186	-574
Repairs and Restoration.....	39,143	10,458	10,458	14,208	14,208	-24,935
9/11 Supplemental (P.L. 107-117).....	1,000	---	---	---	---	-1,000
Subtotal.....	40,143	10,458	10,458	14,208	14,208	-25,935

TREASURY AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
National Historical Publications and Records Commission: Grants program.....	6,436	5,000	7,000		6,500	+64
Total.....	285,814	265,003	260,003	263,753	263,397	-22,417
Office of Government Ethics.....	10,117	10,488	10,486	10,486	10,557	+440
Office of Personnel Management:						
Salaries and Expenses.....	99,636	128,804	128,986	128,736	129,486	+29,850
Limitation on administrative expenses.....	115,928	120,791	120,791	120,791	120,791	+4,863
Office of Inspector General.....	1,498	1,498	1,498	1,498	1,519	+21
Limitation on administrative expenses.....	10,016	10,766	10,766	10,766	10,886	+870
Government Payment for Annuitants, Employees Health Benefits.....	6,129,000	6,853,000	6,853,000	6,853,000	6,853,000	+724,000
Government Payment for Annuitants, Employee Life Insurance.....	34,000	34,000	34,000	34,000	34,000	---
Payment to Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund.....	9,229,000	9,410,000	9,410,000	9,410,000	9,410,000	+181,000
Subtotal.....	15,619,078	16,558,859	16,559,041	16,558,791	16,559,682	+940,604
Office of Special Counsel.....	11,891	12,434	12,432	12,434	12,449	+558
United States Tax Court.....	37,305	37,305	37,305	37,305	37,305	---
White House Commission on the National Moment of Remembrance.....	---	250	250	250	250	+250
Total, title IV, Independent Agencies.....	16,696,570	17,517,199	17,510,502	17,569,146	17,592,005	+895,435
Grand total (net).....	33,817,112	34,276,280	34,821,460	34,533,464	34,653,476	+836,364
Current year, FY 2003.....	33,750,019	34,197,647	34,742,827	34,454,831	34,574,843	+824,824
Appropriations.....	(32,378,107)	(34,197,647)	(34,742,827)	(34,454,831)	(34,574,843)	(+2,196,736)
Emergency funding.....	(1,396,012)	---	---	---	---	(-1,396,012)
Rescissions.....	(-24,100)	---	---	---	---	(+24,100)
Advance appropriations, FY 2003 / FY 2004... (Limitations).....	67,093 (6,575,294)	78,633 (6,919,619)	78,633 (6,961,930)	78,633 (7,006,518)	78,633 (7,006,033)	+11,540 (+430,739)

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
TITLE I						
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS						
Veterans Benefits Administration						
Compensation and pensions.....	24,944,288	28,949,000	28,949,000	28,949,000	28,949,000	+4,004,712
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	1,100,000	---	---	---	---	-1,100,000
Readjustment benefits.....	2,135,000	2,264,808	2,264,808	2,264,808	2,264,808	+129,808
Veterans insurance and indemnities.....	26,200	27,530	27,530	27,530	27,530	+1,330
Veterans housing benefit program fund program account (indefinite).....	203,278	437,522	437,522	339,000	437,522	+234,244
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(300)	---	(300)	---	(300)	---
Credit subsidy.....	---	-98,000	-98,000	---	-98,000	-98,000
Administrative expenses.....	164,497	168,207	168,207	168,207	168,207	+3,710
Education loan fund program account.....	1	1	1	1	1	---
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	---
Administrative expenses.....	64	70	70	70	70	+6
Vocational rehabilitation loans program account.....	72	55	55	55	55	-17
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(3,301)	(3,626)	(3,626)	(3,626)	(3,626)	(+325)
Administrative expenses.....	274	289	289	289	289	+15
Native American Veteran Housing Loan Program Account..	544	558	558	558	558	+14
Total, Veterans Benefits Administration.....	28,574,218	31,750,040	31,750,040	31,749,518	31,750,040	+3,175,822
Veterans Health Administration						
Medical care.....	20,656,164	22,243,761	23,639,304	23,389,304	23,889,304	+3,233,140
2002 Supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	142,000	---	---	---	---	-142,000
Delayed equipment obligation.....	675,000	500,000	250,000	500,000	---	-675,000
Total.....	21,473,164	22,743,761	23,889,304	23,889,304	23,889,304	+2,416,140
Medical care cost recovery collections:						
Offsetting receipts.....	-691,000	-752,000	-1,386,000	-1,386,000	-1,386,000	-695,000
Appropriations (indefinite).....	691,000	752,000	1,386,000	1,386,000	1,386,000	+695,000
Total available (excludes offsetting receipts)...	22,164,164	23,495,761	25,275,304	25,275,304	25,275,304	+3,111,140
Medical and prosthetic research.....	371,000	394,373	405,000	400,000	400,000	+29,000
Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses.....	66,731	69,716	74,716	69,716	74,716	+7,985
Total, Veterans Health Administration.....	21,910,895	23,207,850	24,369,020	24,359,020	24,364,020	+2,453,125
Departmental Administration						
General operating expenses.....	1,195,728	1,256,418	1,251,418	1,256,418	1,254,000	+58,272
Emergency supplemental.....	2,000	---	---	---	---	-2,000

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
National Cemetery Administration.....	121,169	133,149	133,149	133,149	133,149	+11,980
Office of Inspector General.....	52,308	55,000	61,000	55,000	58,000	+5,692
Construction, major projects.....	183,180	193,740	193,740	144,740	99,777	-83,403
Construction, minor projects.....	210,900	210,700	240,700	210,700	226,000	+15,100
Grants for construction of State extended care facilities.....	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	---
Parking Revolving Fund.....	4,000	---	---	---	---	-4,000
Grants for the construction of State veterans cemeteries.....	25,000	32,000	32,000	32,000	32,000	+7,000
Total, Departmental Administration.....	1,894,285	1,981,007	2,012,007	1,932,007	1,902,926	+8,641
Total, title I, Department of Veterans Affairs.. (Limitation on direct loans).....	52,379,398 (3,604)	56,938,897 (3,629)	58,131,067 (3,929)	58,040,545 (3,629)	58,016,986 (3,929)	+5,637,588 (+325)
Consisting of:						
Mandatory.....	(28,408,766)	(31,580,860)	(31,580,860)	(31,580,338)	(31,580,860)	(+3,172,094)
Discretionary.....	(23,970,632)	(25,358,037)	(26,550,207)	(26,460,207)	(26,436,126)	(+2,465,494)
TITLE II						
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT						
Public and Indian Housing						
Housing Certificate Fund:						
Direct appropriation.....	11,440,975	13,326,559	12,386,987	12,728,697	13,023,566	+1,582,591
Advance appropriations provided in previous acts..	4,200,000	4,200,000	4,200,000	4,200,000	4,200,000	---
Subtotal, discretionary.....	15,640,975	17,526,559	16,586,987	16,928,697	17,223,566	+1,582,591
(Advance appropriation).....	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	---
Rescission of unobligated balances.....	-1,200,000	-1,100,000	-1,300,000	-1,400,000	-1,600,000	-400,000
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-388,500	---	---	---	---	+388,500
Public housing capital fund.....	2,843,400	2,425,900	2,843,400	2,683,400	2,730,000	-113,400
Public housing operating fund.....	3,494,868	3,530,000	3,600,000	3,530,000	3,600,000	+105,132
Operation Safe Home (rescission).....	-11,000	---	---	---	---	+11,000
Revitalization of severely distressed public housing.. Native American housing block grants.....	573,735	574,000	574,000	574,000	574,000	+265
Indian housing loan guarantee fund program account.... (Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	648,570	646,594	649,000	648,570	649,000	+430
Native Hawaiian housing block grant.....	5,987	5,200	5,300	5,000	5,300	-687
Native Hawaiian housing loan guarantee fund..... (Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(234,283)	(197,243)	(197,243)	(197,243)	(197,243)	(-37,040)
Native Hawaiian housing block grant.....	---	10,000	---	---	---	---
Native Hawaiian housing loan guarantee fund.....	1,000	1,035	1,035	1,000	1,035	+35
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(40,000)	(39,712)	(39,712)	(39,712)	(39,712)	(-288)
Total, Public and Indian Housing.....	22,008,535	23,619,288	22,959,722	22,970,667	23,182,901	+1,174,366

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Community Planning and Development						
Housing opportunities for persons with AIDS.....	277,432	292,000	292,000	292,000	292,000	+14,568
Rural housing and economic development.....	25,000	---	25,000	25,000	25,000	---
Empowerment zones / enterprise communities.....	45,000	---	30,000	30,000	30,000	-15,000
Community development fund.....	5,000,000	4,715,500	5,000,000	5,000,000	4,937,000	-63,000
Emergency supplemental.....	2,000,000	---	---	---	---	-2,000,000
Emergency supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	783,000	---	---	---	---	-783,000
Section 108 loan guarantees:						
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(608,696)	(275,000)	(275,000)	(608,696)	(275,000)	(-333,696)
Credit subsidy.....	14,000	6,325	6,325	14,000	6,325	-7,675
Administrative expenses.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	---
Brownfields redevelopment.....	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	---
HOME investment partnerships program.....	1,846,040	2,084,100	2,221,040	1,950,000	2,000,000	+153,960
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-50,000	---	---	---	---	+50,000
Homeless assistance grants.....	1,122,525	1,129,500	1,250,000	1,215,025	1,225,000	+102,475
Total, Community planning and development.....	8,355,997	8,253,425	8,850,365	8,552,025	8,541,325	+185,328
Housing Programs						
Housing for special populations.....	1,024,151	1,024,151	1,100,000	1,033,801	1,033,801	+9,650
Housing for the elderly.....	(783,286)	(773,636)	(840,903)	(783,286)	(783,286)	---
Housing for the disabled.....	(240,865)	(250,515)	(259,097)	(250,515)	(250,515)	(+9,650)
Housing counseling assistance.....	---	35,000	---	---	---	---
Rental Housing assistance.....	---	---	---	100,000	---	---
Rescission.....	---	-100,000	-100,000	-100,000	-100,000	-100,000
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-300,000	---	---	---	---	+300,000
Manufactured housing fees trust fund.....	13,566	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	-566
Offsetting collections.....	-13,566	-13,000	-13,000	-13,000	-13,000	+566
Savings from canceling S.1029.....	-8,000	---	---	---	---	+8,000
Federal Housing Administration						
FHA - Mutual mortgage insurance program account:						
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(160,000,000)	(160,000,000)	(165,000,000)	(160,000,000)	(165,000,000)	(+5,000,000)
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(250,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(250,000)	(100,000)	(-150,000)
Administrative expenses.....	336,700	347,829	347,829	347,829	347,829	+11,129
Negative subsidy 1/.....	-2,323,000	-2,753,000	-2,753,000	-2,753,000	-2,753,000	-430,000
Administrative contract expenses.....	160,000	85,720	85,720	85,720	85,720	-74,280
Additional contract expenses.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	---
FHA - General and special risk program account:						
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(21,000,000)	(21,000,000)	(23,000,000)	(21,000,000)	(23,000,000)	(+2,000,000)
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	---
Administrative expenses.....	216,100	223,716	223,716	223,716	223,716	+7,616
Negative subsidy.....	-225,000	-225,000	-225,000	-225,000	-225,000	---
Subsidy.....	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	---
Non-overhead administrative expenses.....	144,000	93,780	93,780	93,780	93,780	-50,220
Additional contract expenses.....	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	---

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Total, Federal Housing Administration.....	-1,671,200	-2,206,955	-2,206,955	-2,206,955	-2,206,955	-535,755
Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)						
Guarantees of mortgage-backed securities loan guarantee program account:						
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(200,000,000)	(200,000,000)	(200,000,000)	(200,000,000)	(200,000,000)	---
Administrative expenses.....	9,383	10,343	10,343	10,343	10,343	+960
Offsetting receipts.....	-382,000	-358,000	-358,000	-358,000	-358,000	+24,000
Policy Development and Research						
Research and technology.....	50,250	47,000	47,000	47,000	47,000	-3,250
Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity						
Fair housing activities.....	45,899	45,899	45,899	45,899	45,899	---
Office of Lead Hazard Control						
Lead hazard reduction.....	109,758	126,000	126,000	201,000	176,000	+66,242
Management and Administration						
Salaries and expenses.....	556,067	510,299	530,299	510,299	530,299	-25,768
Transfer from:						
Limitation on FHA corporate funds.....	(530,457)	(548,202)	(548,202)	(548,202)	(548,202)	(+17,745)
GNMA.....	(9,383)	(10,343)	(10,343)	(10,343)	(10,343)	---
Community Development Loan Guarantees Program.....	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	---
Native American Housing Block Grants.....	(150)	(150)	(150)	(150)	(150)	---
Indian Housing Loan Guarantee Fund Program.....	(200)	(200)	(200)	(200)	(200)	---
Native Hawaiian Housing Loan Guarantees.....	(35)	(35)	(35)	(35)	(35)	---
Total, Salaries and expenses.....	(1,097,292)	(1,070,229)	(1,090,229)	(1,070,229)	(1,090,229)	(-7,063)
Working capital fund.....	---	276,300	276,300	276,737	276,300	+276,300
Office of Inspector General.....	66,555	74,341	73,341	74,341	74,156	+7,601
(By transfer, limitation on FHA corporate funds).....	(22,343)	(23,343)	(23,343)	(23,343)	(23,343)	(+1,000)
(By transfer from Public Housing Oper Subsidy)....	(5,000)	---	---	---	---	(-5,000)
Total, Office of Inspector General.....	(93,898)	(97,684)	(96,684)	(97,684)	(97,499)	(+3,601)
Emergency supplemental.....	1,000	---	---	---	---	-1,000
Consolidated fee fund (rescission).....	-6,700	-8,000	-8,000	-8,000	-8,000	-1,300
Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight.....	27,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	+3,000
Offsetting receipts.....	-27,000	-30,000	-30,000	-30,000	-30,000	-3,000

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Total, title II, Department of Housing and Urban Development.....	30,147,695	31,349,091	31,346,314	31,149,157	31,245,069	+1,097,374
2002 Emergency Supplementals and Recissions.....	2,045,500	---	---	---	---	-2,045,500
Total, title II, Department of Housing and Urban Development (net).....	32,193,195	31,349,091	31,346,314	31,149,157	31,245,069	-948,126
Appropriations.....	(27,165,395)	(28,357,091)	(28,554,314)	(28,457,157)	(28,753,069)	(+1,587,674)
Rescissions.....	(-1,956,200)	(-1,208,000)	(-1,408,000)	(-1,508,000)	(-1,708,000)	(+248,200)
Emergency appropriations.....	(2,784,000)	---	---	---	---	(-2,784,000)
Advance provided in previous acts.....	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	---
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(300,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(300,000)	(150,000)	(-150,000)
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(381,882,979)	(381,511,955)	(388,511,955)	(381,845,651)	(388,511,955)	(+6,628,976)
(Limitation on corporate funds).....	(563,568)	(583,273)	(583,273)	(583,273)	(583,273)	(+19,705)
TITLE III						
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES						
American Battle Monuments Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	35,466	30,400	35,246	30,400	35,246	-220
Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board						
Salaries and expenses.....	7,850	7,850	6,500	7,850	6,450	-1,400
Department of the Treasury						
Community Development Financial Institutions						
Community development financial institutions fund program account.....	80,000	68,000	80,000	73,000	75,000	-5,000
Interagency Council on the Homeless						
Operating expenses.....	---	---	---	1,500	1,500	+1,500
Consumer Product Safety Commission						
Salaries and expenses.....	55,200	56,767	57,117	56,767	57,000	+1,800
Corporation for National and Community Service						
National and community service programs operating expenses.....	401,980	631,342	---	405,842	429,000	+27,020
Rescission.....	---	---	---	---	-48,000	-48,000
Office of Inspector General.....	5,000	5,000	5,000	6,900	6,000	+1,000
Total.....	406,980	636,342	5,000	412,742	387,000	-19,980

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
U.S. Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims						
Salaries and expenses.....	13,221	14,994	14,326	14,612	14,326	+1,105
Department of Defense - Civil						
Cemeterial Expenses, Army						
Salaries and expenses.....	22,537	24,445	32,445	24,445	32,445	+9,908
Department of Health and Human Services						
National Institute of Health						
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences...	70,228	74,471	84,074	76,074	84,074	+13,846
Emergency supplemental.....	10,500	---	---	---	---	-10,500
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention						
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry						
Toxic substances and environmental public health.....	78,235	77,388	88,688	81,000	82,800	+4,565
Total, Department of Health and Human Services..	158,963	151,859	172,762	157,074	166,874	+7,911
=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Environmental Protection Agency						
Science and Technology.....	698,089	670,008	714,578	707,203	720,261	+22,172
Transfer from Hazardous Substance Superfund.....	36,891	111,168	86,168	86,168	86,168	+49,277
Subtotal, Science and Technology.....	734,980	781,176	800,746	793,371	806,429	+71,449
Emergency supplemental.....	90,308	---	---	---	---	-90,308
Environmental Programs and Management.....	2,054,511	2,047,704	2,111,677	2,136,569	2,111,604	+57,093
Emergency supplemental.....	39,000	---	---	---	---	-39,000
Office of Inspector General.....	34,019	35,325	35,325	37,325	36,000	+1,981
Transfer from Hazardous Substance Superfund.....	11,867	12,742	12,742	12,742	12,742	+875
Subtotal, OIG.....	45,886	48,067	48,067	50,067	48,742	+2,856
Buildings and facilities.....	25,318	42,918	42,918	42,918	42,918	+17,600
Hazardous Substance Superfund.....	1,170,000	1,272,888	1,422,888	1,272,888	1,272,888	+102,888
Delay of obligation.....	100,000	---	---	---	---	-100,000
Transfer to Office of Inspector General.....	-11,867	-12,742	-12,742	-12,742	-12,742	-875
Transfer to Science and Technology.....	-36,891	-111,168	-86,168	-86,168	-86,168	-49,277
Subtotal, Hazardous Substance Superfund.....	1,221,242	1,148,978	1,323,978	1,173,978	1,173,978	-47,264

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Emergency supplemental.....	41,292	---	---	---	---	-41,292
Leaking Underground Storage Tank Program.....	73,000	72,313	72,313	72,313	72,313	-687
Oil spill response.....	15,000	15,581	15,581	15,581	15,581	+581
State and Tribal Assistance Grants.....	2,658,900	2,305,500	2,616,303	2,796,804	2,709,612	+50,712
Categorical grants.....	1,074,376	1,158,276	1,172,882	1,123,835	1,150,382	+76,006
Subtotal, STAG.....	3,733,276	3,463,776	3,789,185	3,920,639	3,859,994	+126,718
Emergency supplemental.....	5,000	---	---	---	---	-5,000
Total, EPA.....	8,078,813	7,620,513	8,204,465	8,205,436	8,131,559	+52,746
Executive Office of the President						
Office of Science and Technology Policy.....	5,267	5,368	5,750	5,368	5,368	+101
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality.....	2,974	3,031	3,031	3,031	3,031	+57
Total.....	8,241	8,399	8,781	8,399	8,399	+158
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation						
Office of Inspector General (transfer).....	(33,660)	(31,388)	(30,848)	(30,848)	(30,848)	(-2,812)
Federal Emergency Management Agency						
Disaster relief.....	664,000	1,842,843	1,820,000	842,843	800,000	+136,000
(Transfer to EMPA).....	(-2,900)	(-2,900)	(-2,900)	(-2,900)	(-2,900)	---
(Transfer to OIG).....	---	(-21,577)	(-21,577)	(-21,577)	(-21,577)	(-21,577)
Contingent emergency appropriations.....	1,500,000	---	---	---	---	-1,500,000
Emergency supplemental.....	4,356,871	---	---	---	---	-4,356,871
Emergency supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	2,650,700	---	---	---	---	-2,650,700
Subtotal.....	9,171,571	1,842,843	1,820,000	842,843	800,000	-8,371,571
National pre-disaster mitigation fund.....	---	300,000	250,000	25,000	150,000	+150,000
Disaster assistance direct loan program account:						
State share loan.....	405	---	---	---	---	-405
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(-25,000)	(-50,000)
Administrative expenses.....	543	557	557	557	557	+14
Salaries and expenses.....	203,801	209,163	219,690	209,163	214,690	+10,889
Defense function.....	30,000	30,527	31,000	30,527	31,000	+1,000
Subtotal.....	233,801	239,690	250,690	239,690	245,690	+11,889

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Emergency supplemental.....	25,000	---	---	---	---	-25,000
Office of Inspector General.....	10,303	11,549	11,549	17,754	14,000	+3,697
(Transfer from Disaster relief).....	---	(21,577)	(21,577)	(21,577)	(21,577)	(+21,577)
Emergency management planning and assistance.....	384,623	3,727,914	348,040	696,214	369,299	-15,324
Defense function.....	20,000	19,300	19,000	19,000	19,000	-1,000
Subtotal.....	404,623	3,747,214	367,040	715,214	388,299	-16,324
(Transfer from Disaster relief).....	(2,900)	(2,900)	(2,900)	(2,900)	(2,900)	---
Emergency supplemental.....	220,000	---	---	---	---	-220,000
Emergency supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	225,400	---	---	---	---	-225,400
Fire Act.....	---	---	450,000	900,000	750,000	+750,000
Radiological emergency preparedness fund.....	-1,000	-1,000	-1,000	-1,000	-1,000	---
Cerro Grande Fire Claims.....	---	---	---	100,000	90,000	+90,000
Emergency food and shelter program.....	140,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	153,000	+13,000
Flood map modernization fund.....	---	300,000	200,000	100,000	150,000	+150,000
National Flood Insurance Fund: (Limitation on administrative expenses):						
Salaries and expenses.....	28,798	32,393	32,393	32,393	32,393	+3,595
Flood mitigation.....	76,381	77,666	77,666	77,666	77,666	+1,285
(Transfer out).....	(-20,000)	(-20,000)	(-20,000)	(-20,000)	(-20,000)	---
National Flood Migration Fund (by transfer).....	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	---
Total, Federal Emergency Management Agency.....	10,535,825	6,703,912	3,611,895	3,203,117	2,850,605	-7,685,220
Appropriations.....	(1,557,854)	(6,703,912)	(3,611,895)	(3,203,117)	(2,850,605)	(+1,292,751)
Emergency appropriations.....	(8,977,971)	---	---	---	---	(-8,977,971)
(By transfer).....	(22,900)	(44,477)	(44,477)	(44,477)	(44,477)	(+21,577)
General Services Administration						
Federal Consumer Information Center Fund.....	7,276	12,541	11,541	12,541	11,541	+4,265
National Aeronautics and Space Administration						
Human space flight.....	6,912,400	6,130,900	6,130,900	6,095,900	6,180,900	-731,500
Emergency supplemental.....	76,000	---	---	---	---	-76,000
Science, aeronautics and technology.....	7,857,100	8,844,500	9,144,500	9,003,000	9,207,665	+1,350,565
Emergency supplemental.....	32,500	---	---	---	---	-32,500
Office of Inspector General.....	23,700	24,600	24,600	26,600	25,600	+1,900
Total, NASA.....	14,901,700	15,000,000	15,300,000	15,125,500	15,414,165	+512,465

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
National Credit Union Administration						
Central liquidity facility:						
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	---
(Limitation on administrative expenses, corporate funds).....	(309)	(309)	(309)	(309)	(309)	---
Community Development Revolving Loan Fund.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	---
National Science Foundation						
Research and related activities.....	3,530,270	3,715,200	4,082,000	4,013,580	4,015,000	+484,730
Defense function.....	68,070	68,000	68,000	68,070	68,000	-70
Subtotal.....	3,598,340	3,783,200	4,150,000	4,081,650	4,083,000	+484,660
Emergency supplemental.....	300	---	---	---	---	-300
Major research equipment and facilities construction..	138,800	126,280	159,510	59,280	149,510	+10,710
Education and human resources.....	875,000	908,080	910,580	932,730	909,080	+34,080
Emergency supplemental (P.L. 107-206).....	19,300	---	---	---	---	-19,300
Salaries and expenses.....	170,040	202,950	193,852	182,160	190,352	+20,312
National Science Board.....	---	---	---	3,500	3,500	+3,500
Office of Inspector General.....	6,760	7,700	9,000	9,660	9,250	+2,490
Total, NSF.....	4,808,540	5,028,210	5,422,942	5,268,980	5,344,692	+536,152
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation						
Payment to the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation..	105,000	105,000	105,000	110,000	105,000	---
Selective Service System						
Salaries and expenses.....	25,003	26,480	26,480	26,480	26,480	+1,477
Total, title III, Independent agencies.....						
Appropriations.....	39,251,615	35,496,712	33,095,500	32,739,843	32,669,282	-6,582,333
(Transfer out).....	(29,959,444)	(35,496,712)	(33,095,500)	(32,739,843)	(32,717,282)	(+2,757,838)
(By transfer).....	(22,900)	(-44,477)	(-44,477)	(-44,477)	(-44,477)	(-21,577)
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(56,560)	(75,865)	(75,325)	(75,325)	(75,325)	(+18,765)
(Limitation on corporate funds).....	(1,525,000)	(1,525,000)	(1,525,000)	(1,525,000)	(1,475,000)	(-50,000)
Grand total (net).....	123,824,208	123,784,700	122,572,881	121,929,545	121,931,337	-1,892,871
Appropriations.....	(109,502,237)	(120,792,700)	(119,780,881)	(119,237,545)	(119,487,337)	(+9,985,100)
Rescissions.....	(-1,956,200)	(-1,208,000)	(-1,408,000)	(-1,508,000)	(-1,756,000)	(+200,200)
Emergency appropriations.....	(12,078,171)	---	---	---	---	(-12,078,171)
Advance provided in previous acts.....	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	---
(By transfer).....	(61,560)	(75,865)	(75,325)	(75,325)	(75,325)	(+13,765)
(Transfer out).....	(-22,900)	(-44,477)	(-44,477)	(-44,477)	(-44,477)	(-21,577)
(Limitation on direct loans).....	(1,828,604)	(1,628,629)	(1,628,929)	(1,828,629)	(1,628,929)	(-199,675)
(Limitation on guaranteed loans).....	(381,882,979)	(381,511,955)	(388,511,955)	(381,845,651)	(388,511,955)	(+6,628,976)
(Limitation on corporate funds).....	(563,877)	(583,582)	(583,582)	(583,582)	(583,582)	(+19,705)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET RECAP						
Scorekeeping adjustments:						
FSLRC resolution fund (mandatory).....	-4,000	-4,000	-4,000	-4,000	-4,000	--
FHA Administrative Provision.....	--	--	--	--	--	--
Use of misc. receipts in NASA WCF Sec. 419.....	--	--	3,000	--	--	--
NASA enhanced-use lease Sec. 420.....	--	--	20,000	--	--	--
Extension of NASA early buyout provision.....	--	--	5,000	--	--	--
OMB retirement accruals.....	--	1,199,000	--	--	--	--
Total, adjustments.....	-4,000	1,195,000	24,000	-4,000	-4,000	--
Total (including adjustments).....	123,820,208	124,979,700	122,596,881	121,925,545	121,927,337	-1,852,871
Amounts in this bill.....	(123,824,208)	(123,784,700)	(122,572,881)	(121,929,545)	(121,931,337)	(-1,892,871)
Scorekeeping adjustments.....	(-4,000)	(1,195,000)	(24,000)	(-4,000)	(-4,000)	--
Total mandatory and discretionary.....	123,820,208	124,979,700	122,596,881	121,925,545	121,927,337	-1,892,871
Mandatory.....	28,404,766	31,576,860	31,576,860	31,576,338	31,576,860	+3,172,094
Discretionary.....	95,415,442	93,402,840	91,020,021	90,349,207	90,350,477	-5,064,965

DEPARTMENTS OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
(Amounts in thousands)

RECAP BY FUNCTION

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	House	Senate	Conference	Conference vs. Enacted
Mandatory.....	28,404,766	31,576,860	31,576,860	31,576,338	31,576,860	+3,172,094
Discretionary:						
General purpose discretionary:						
Defense discretionary.....	143,073	144,307	144,480	144,077	144,480	+1,407
Nondefense discretionary.....	95,272,369	93,258,533	90,875,541	90,205,130	90,205,997	-5,066,372
Total, Discretionary.....	95,415,442	93,402,840	91,020,021	90,349,207	90,350,477	-5,064,965
Grand total, Mandatory and Discretionary....	123,820,208	124,979,700	122,596,881	121,925,545	121,927,337	-1,892,871

MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS IN CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS RESOLUTION, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	House	Senate	Conference

DIVISION M - OTHER MATTERS			
TITLE I - DEFENSE RELATED TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS			
Military construction, Air Force (rescission).....	---	-18,600	-18,600
Military construction, Air Force Reserve.....	---	18,600	18,600
Intelligence activities.....	---	3,894,929	10,000,000
Additional transfer authority (sec. 8005).....	(2,500,000)	---	(500,000)
	=====	=====	=====
Total, title I:			
New budget (obligational) authority).....	---	3,894,929	10,000,000
Appropriations.....	---	(3,913,529)	(10,018,600)
Rescission.....	---	(-18,600)	(-18,600)
	=====	=====	=====
DIVISION N - EMERGENCY RELIEF AND OFFSETS			
TITLE I - ELECTION REFORM			
HELP AMERICA VOTE ACT OF 2002			
Election administration reform.....	---	1,500,000	---
Election Assistance Commission			
Salaries and expenses.....	---	---	2,000
Election reform programs.....	---	---	833,000
	-----	-----	-----
Total, Election Assistance Commission.....	---	---	835,000
General Services Administration			
Election reform payments.....	---	---	650,000
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Disabled voter services.....	---	---	15,000
	=====	=====	=====
Total, title I:			
New budget (obligational) authority).....	---	1,500,000	1,500,000
	=====	=====	=====

MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS IN CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS RESOLUTION, 2003
(Amounts in thousands)

	House	Senate	Conference

TITLE III - WILDLAND FIRE EMERGENCY			
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
Bureau of Land Management			
Wildland fire management.....	---	189,000	189,000
RELATED AGENCY			
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Forest Service			
Wildland fire management.....	---	636,000	636,000
Total, title III:			
New budget (obligational) authority).....	---	825,000	825,000
TITLE V - FISHERIES DISASTERS			
Fisheries disasters.....	---	100,000	100,000
TITLE VI - OFFSETS			
Across-the-board rescissions.....	---	-11,392,000	-2,647,000
Total, Division N:			
New budget (obligational) authority).....	---	-8,967,000	-222,000
DIVISION P - UNITED STATES-CHINA ECONOMIC AND SECURITY REVIEW COMMISSION			
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH			
General Provisions			
United States-China Economic and Security Review Commission.....	---	---	1,800
Grand total, all titles:			
New budget (obligational) authority).....	---	-5,072,071	9,779,800
Appropriations.....	---	(6,338,529)	(12,445,400)
Rescissions.....	---	(-11,410,600)	(-2,665,600)

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 10 minutes.

Mr. Speaker, I cannot ask people to vote against their bill because it does some things which any piece of legislation would do which came to the floor at this point. It does provide needed funds for Medicare. It does provide funding for a number of programs which, if we did not pass the bill, would be limited to last year's level; and that would cripple a good number of programs, including education. But before Members decide how they want to vote, I think they need to understand that this legislation is a god-awful mess brought to the floor by a god-awful process.

About \$360 billion, or 90 percent, of the \$400 billion in spending contained in this bill, never came before the House of Representatives until it arrived in this one huge take-it-or-leave-it package today. That means 90 percent of the domestic budget involving hundreds of individual programs was never subjected to debate or amendment in the United States House of Representatives.

What you have here, as I said earlier, is the biggest back-room deal in terms of spending in the Nation's history. And when you have a back-room deal which is not ever aired in public, that means a lot of people are going to get hurt, and a lot of people are going to get things that they should not get. And I want to walk through some examples.

The most urgent need in this country is to ensure that we can track down and stop people who would commit acts of terror against our citizenry. This bill leaves huge gaps in our defenses. Once again, we are delaying the ability of funds that are required to protect American lives.

I would say to everyone who would listen that this is not the fault of our good friend, the chairman of the committee; he has done his duty, and he understands the need for action in this area. But there are many others in this Chamber and there are some on the other end of Pennsylvania Avenue who are not being helpful and who are blocking the resources that are critically needed at the moment. This Nation is in serious peril and here are some examples:

The head of the Customs Service says we need to greatly beef up the inspections of cargo containers used in worldwide shipping. He and others have warned that these containers offer terrorists with significant opportunities to get bombs, chemicals, missiles and other dangerous weapons into this country. He has asked for \$57 million right now to do that job, \$57 million. This bill contains \$12 million, less than 25 percent of what is needed. We have \$392 million in spending for new court-houses in this bill, but the committee could not find the other \$45 million to fully fund the container security ini-

tiative that was asked for by our own administration.

In addition to the containers themselves, we have huge security issues with respect to ports. We have ships arriving in this country every day containing millions of gallons of highly flammable and toxic chemicals. They are bombs waiting to be detonated. The Coast Guard says the costs of upgrading security at these ports is \$1 billion. This bill contains only \$150 million or 15 percent of the amount that ought to be in the bill.

Now, we have known since we saw the pictures of those brave police and fire fighters on September 11 that the next attack might put them in even more dangerous situations. Very few police departments have the equipment necessary to allow first responders to enter an area that has been hit by chemical, biological or radiological weapons. We have been trying to get that money out for more than a year, and we have hit roadblocks time after time after time.

The White House is playing a flim-flam game with respect to this issue. A year ago, the President blocked the inclusion of significant first responder funds in the supplemental. Last summer, he vetoed first responder funds in the second supplemental. He has also refused since last October to release the first responder funds made available by the continuing resolutions. But he spends a lot of time going around the country being photographed with firemen and policemen and talking about the \$3.5 billion in funds for first responders in his 2003 budget.

He does not mention, however, where he got the bulk of the money to pay for that \$3.5 billion increase. He got it by eliminating a series of ongoing programs that also provide grants to local policemen and firemen. That is like the boss offering to double your pay next month if you will agree to take no pay this month. It does not help a heck of a lot.

This bill restores those basic cuts, but it does so by slashing the President's first responder initiative. When all grants to fire and police are combined, this conference report is \$466 million below the President's request for first responders. For the first time, Congress will have a worse record on first responders than the White House, and that is outrageous. So I guess the answer is, let them use duct tape.

There are deficiencies in other areas. The Department of Energy, the committee could not find \$108 million identified last spring by the Army Corps of Engineers as being absolutely essential for physical security upgrades to waterway navigation and dams around the Nation. And none of the \$254 million identified by the Secretary of Energy last spring as necessary to secure radioactive material, nuclear weapons and other highly toxic substances at U.S. nuclear weapons plants and laboratories is provided in this bill.

Education is a mixed bag. Now, for the last 6 years, on average, we have

been able to provide about a 14 percent increase in education.

□ 1730

The good news in this bill is that we have been able in this bill to raise the funding for education above the real dollar freeze that the President presented, or 3 percent in nominal terms.

This bill is about \$3 billion above the President's for education. It means that we will have about a 10 percent increase. That is still a cut in the rate of increase that we have had for education on average over the last 6 years, but it is some progress and I am pleased to see it; but it is still funded at such limited levels that we will be leaving an additional 628,000 children behind who would not have been left behind if we had funded this bill at the Senate levels.

We are also turning a blind eye to what is happening on college campuses. State and local budget crunches are hitting, and tuition is skyrocketing in some places by as much as 36 percent. This bill holds Pell grants to a 1½ percent increase over last year. That simply means college will not be affordable to tens of thousands of young people who want to better themselves by getting a college education.

We have an ugly product with respect to both homeland security and a mixed bag with respect to education. I save the worst for last.

This bill is sad with respect to both funding and legislative language that will damage the environment and damage our forests and wilderness areas. This bill is a wholesale attack on environmental protection. The interior section of this bill is one of the worst appropriation measures to come to the floor of this House in many years. The park service is cut by \$110 million below the President's request. The committee has trampled on a commitment made by the Republican and Democratic leadership of both bodies to provide a specific level of funding for key conservation programs, an agreement that was entered into in order to prevent the creation of yet a new entitlement in this area, and yet the committee has walked away from a solemn commitment that it made.

Then we have the environmental riders, or I should say the antienvironmental riders. This bill will exempt the Tongass from any review whatsoever once the regulations are out, and they have not even been completed yet; but this bill will prevent any review of whatever regulations are produced by either administrative challenge or challenge in courts. That is outrageous.

It also includes language which again allows funds in this bill to be used for preliminary activities, preliminary to drilling in ANWR. The worst provision involves an innocuous-sounding program called the Forest Stewardship Pilot Program. Currently, there are 80 projects around the country in which noncommercial organizations work at

thinning growth in forests that are considered vulnerable to fire.

These small projects are not required to get the normal environmental waivers. The House bill proposed to expand the number of projects by 12. The Senate bill would expand the project by 28. Reasonable people can disagree on what ought to happen here, but the conference agreement provides no limits whatsoever. You might as well turn our national forests over lock, stock and barrel to the timber companies. That is what this provision does.

There are no longer any legal limits to what can be cut under this provision. Whatever the administration wants, by all means, go ahead.

Then, as I said earlier, we have some special provisions. I have mentioned the provision in this bill which is here on behalf of a company that operates three chicken plants in Georgia. This provision says that the USDA shall certify chickens as being organic even if they are not fed organic meal. That provision may boost the profits of one company, but it undermines the integrity of the entire organic certification process.

Then there is another nifty little provision that arrived in the Committee on Appropriations last night. It involves the bank accounts of 10 Texas dairy farmers. As we all know, and I know a lot of you like dairy farmers. I do, too. I have a lot of them in my district. They are not getting this kind of treatment.

I was stunned to see what was being done in this bill. It seems that these 10 dairy farmers have herds close to the Mexican border. There have been concerns that the herds might be exposed to bovine tuberculosis, and USDA decided that they ought to be slaughtered. The problem is that if the cows had already been infected the farmers would be able to defer tax payments on the money received from the government; but because the cattle had not yet become infected, that deferral option is not allowed under Tax Code. So somebody decided the only fair thing to do was to have the government pay the taxes in full up front. So this bill contains 15 million bucks to be distributed to 10 farmers to cover their tax liability. Had they received the deferral, their benefit would have only been a fraction of that amount.

So I guess moral of the story is, there is no limit to how rich you can become if you have certain friends on the Committee on Appropriations.

So, Mr. Speaker, I am going to offer a motion to recommit to try to improve this bill in the most egregious area of the bill, and that motion to recommit would negate the language in this bill which allows funds to be used for activities preparatory to drilling in the ANWR. It would also provide funds that eliminate the special rider that abuses the pilot stewardship forest thinning contracting program. We would eliminate the rider that says that Tongass is exempt from all envi-

ronmental review in court or in administrative activities, and we would raise the first responder funds in this bill to the amount requested by the President. That is what the recommittal motion will do.

There are many other provisions I would like to reach. In a recommittal motion we cannot do it under the rules under which we operate, but we are going to try to at least correct the most egregious antienvironmental provisions in this bill and try to put enough money in for first responders so that you can all go home and look at your firemen and policemen with a straight face.

I would urge support for the recommittal motion when it comes, and I would urge you to use your own judgment in terms of how to vote on final passage.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 1 minute, and I do so to restate my earlier comment that if one looks really hard, one can find a few things in this bill not to like, and the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY), in his usual, skillful approach to his legislative responsibilities, has done just that.

He has identified a few things he does not like, but I wanted to comment on his comments about the ANWR, and there is no money in this bill for the Bureau of Land Management to develop or predevelop the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, ANWR. The President did not request funding for oil and gas development in ANWR, and the interior bill does not include funding for ANWR. So that really is not an issue, and we will address the other issues in the motion to recommit when we get to that point.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. FLAKE).

Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me the time.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to the bill today. The bill and conference report beside me, I would lift it but it is tough. It is about a foot and a half tall. We were given this document around noon today, if we could get a hard copy. That indeed was difficult as it was. So we have that amount of time to go through this.

I disagree that if one flips through this bill a person can find a few things wrong. It is tough to find much right about this bill. I object to the process as well as the product.

We had a House rule which says that we ought to have 3 days to review any omnibus bill like this. We are given a couple of hours. We waived that provision. We should not have.

I would say that this bill in many ways is a work of art. It is kind of a Hall of Fame bill, because if my colleagues look at it, I will just name a couple of the provisions in it. These are elements in the bill. We usually find the more objectionable earmarks or

pork in the conference report, but we have not had time to leaf through that.

In the bill we will find, if one is a baseball fan, we will find \$750,000 earmarked for the Baseball Hall of Fame. If we look a little further, if one is not a baseball fan, we can find \$350,000 for the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame. Why we have that as an omnibus bill from the Federal Government I do not know. If one still is not a rock and roll fan or baseball fan, we can look further in the bill and find an earmark for \$90,000 for the National Cowgirl Hall of Fame. I did not even know there is a Cowgirl Hall of Fame. Perhaps there is not, but now there will be. Who knows what else is in this bill and report. We will be discovering it for months.

We should not do business like this. It should not be done.

I would have thought, given the hall of fame element, that I ought to nominate some of my colleagues, both Democrats and Republicans, for the hall of fame for pork, but I am afraid that they would fund it.

I urge my colleagues to reject this bill. Let us start over.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 30 seconds.

The gentleman who just spoke said it was hard to find something good in this bill, but let me tell my colleagues, Mr. Speaker, there is money in this bill to take care of our soldiers in Afghanistan who are fighting the war against terrorism. There is money in this bill to upgrade our ability to perform intelligence activities, to know what the enemy might be planning to do against us. There is money in this bill to protect our homeland. There is money in this bill to provide funding and training and equipment for first responders, police and firemen, medical technicians, other people on the scene.

There is plenty in this bill that is good, and that is the reason it is going to be passed.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. ROGERS), chairman of one of our very important subcommittees on homeland security.

Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky. Mr. Speaker, I thank the chairman for yielding me the time, and let me say at the outset how much we appreciate the work of our great chairman.

This has been a long, tortuous path that he has had to lead us through. He has got us here against all odds, and we owe a great debt of gratitude to the gentleman from Florida (Mr. YOUNG) for the fine work that he has done in bringing this bill to us.

The gentleman who spoke just before the chairman, we have got to be sure that we come here with clean hands when we speak. Yes, this bill is big and we would like to have had it in a different form here, but we had to work with what we had to work with.

The gentleman from Arizona who says he is against the bill because he does not like all the spending in it, well, he requested 10 items in the defense bill. I do not know whether they

were granted or not, but he requested spending in the sum of \$160 million, and now he says he is against the bill.

Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky. I yield to the gentleman from Arizona.

Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Speaker, would the gentleman name what that is?

Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky. Well, there are 10 of them. Would the gentleman like to read them?

Mr. FLAKE. Sure.

Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky. Mr. Speaker, here they are. While the gentleman is reading, I will proceed.

Mr. Speaker, this is an excellent conference report. It has significant benefits for homeland security and transportation activities in this country. I would like to take a minute, if I could, to highlight some of the aspects of the bill that I have just referred to.

Homeland security. We include \$5.2 billion for the Transportation Security Administration, slightly more than the House figure, but it is \$400 million more than what the President's asking in next fiscal year 2004. So TSA is going to have to slim down over the next few months to hit the President's target. They will also have to begin addressing security needs outside the aviation sector, and the bill funds several programs in port security and land security and other areas to help provide that focus.

Within this \$5.2 billion for transportation security, we have \$440 million to procure more of the airport bomb detection systems and install them with inline systems with baggage handling systems at the airports so we can get these systems out of the lobbies of our airports.

There is \$100 million to reimburse the airlines to armor the cockpit doors to prevent another 9-11, and there is \$8 million for commercial pilots to receive firearms training so that they can carry the weapons into the cockpit.

□ 1745

There is \$150 million for port security grants and \$10 million more for port security research and development.

There is \$35 million to improve the security of commercial trucking and intercity passenger buses.

And then the Coast Guard, very important to our homeland security, we include \$4.3 billion for their operating needs. That is higher than either the House level or the Senate-passed level as we went into conference. We increased them above either one of our levels and well above the administration request.

It includes significant new funding for homeland security activities, including new maritime safety and security teams at the Nation's larger ports and upgraded infrared sensors so the Coast Guard can patrol more effectively after dark.

Now, in transportation we include \$31.8 billion for Federal-aid highways.

That is \$8.6 billion above the administration's request and \$4.1 billion above the level guaranteed in authorizing legislation. Let me repeat that. We are above the level stipulated in the authorization. According to the Federal Highway Administration, under this bill every State will receive more formula highway money in 2003 than they got in 2002.

The conferees deserve a lot of credit for placing such a high priority on highway spending. This will be a significant boost for the economy and a huge boost for communities around the country who are mired in traffic congestion problems.

The bill also includes high-priority projects in response to the thousands of requests we had from Members of this body. No one knows the needs of our districts better than the Members of this House who are elected from those districts, and we have tried to be as responsive to those requests as we could.

Mr. Speaker, we should all be pleased about the Amtrak provisions of this bill. For the first time in at least a decade, this bill forces some real reforms on Amtrak. It allows the Secretary of Transportation to take a much more active and authoritative role.

Mr. Speaker, I urge the adoption of the conference report.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield 4 minutes to the gentleman from Washington (Mr. DICKS).

Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. DICKS. I yield to the gentleman from Arizona.

Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding to me.

I just wanted to point out that it was not noted by the gentleman who spoke before me that all 11 items that I requested have a "DEF" right next to them. That means defense.

I think all of us recognize that the proper role and function of the Federal Government is to fund our armed services, and I am proud of that. But we do not see anything else there. None at all. There is a difference between the National Cowgirls Hall of Fame and funding aviator night vision imaging systems for our helicopters.

Mr. DICKS. Mr. Speaker, reclaiming my time, and I appreciate the gentleman's comments, I just want to point out on the Interior appropriations bill, as the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) pointed out and I did as we discussed the rule, our only major concern is the fact that on the conservation spending category we, for 2 years, kept a commitment that was made by the Republican and Democratic leadership of the Committee on Appropriations; and this year we did not get a good allocation in the conference, and we had to cut approximately \$700 million out of our bill.

A lot of the most important conservation spending categories were substantially reduced, which I deeply regret, because we had made a commit-

ment to people outside of the Congress that we were going to stay with this trust fund and increase the level of conservation spending by about \$160 million each year until we got up to \$2.4 billion. Of course, this year we did not make our goal.

I just would point out to my colleagues that the League of Conservation Voters urges us to support a motion to recommit, which the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) will offer, on the fiscal year 2003 omnibus appropriations bill. They say, "We strongly oppose the numerous antienvironmental riders that were added in conference and by the Senate, and we are concerned about the substantial funding cut the bill makes to the conservation trust fund."

I would also point out to my colleagues, many on both sides supported a very modest amendment to create increased funding for the National Endowment for the Arts and Humanities. Both sides put an increase in, but when we got to conference, it was stripped out at the direction of the leadership on the Republican side. I think the Endowment for the Arts and Humanities does wonderful things for our country, and I was really kind of shaken by the fact that after this was cut in half during the Reagan administration and we were starting to move in the right direction, giving modest increases for both the arts and the humanities, that that money was, that increase was, stripped out.

So I wish I could tell my colleagues that this bill, when it left the House this year, was a very good bill. But now that we get the conference report, we are now \$800 million below where we were when this bill was before the House.

I must point out also there are a whole series of categories within the Forest Service where we borrowed money last year to fight forest fires, and much of that money has not been repaid. So I hope, as we go through the year, if we have a supplemental appropriations bill, that we can go and readdress some of these important issues and do a better job.

The fact that we are below the President's request on the Park Service, or the House level on the Park Service, is also of concern to me.

I am going to vote for this bill. We have to preserve the prerogatives of the Congress. And I see the Speaker here on the floor. When the Speaker was elected he made a speech and he said, we are going to run these railroads on time. Well, I am confident this year we are going to go back to the regular order and pass our 13 appropriation bills in time, and I support that endeavor.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I would like to inquire as to the time remaining on both sides.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. THORNBERRY). The gentleman from Florida (Mr. YOUNG) and the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) each have 12 minutes remaining.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the distinguished gentleman from Virginia (Mr. WOLF), chairman of the Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, State and Judiciary.

(Mr. WOLF asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WOLF. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the chairman for yielding me this time, and I congratulate the chairman and all the people, the leadership and everyone else involved in this bill. I rise in strong support of the 2003 bill.

I will be very brief, but there is \$4.3 billion for the FBI, an increase of \$773 million above last year to help stop what we are concerned of, what may very well happen to this country, counterterrorism, counterintelligence. There is additional money for the DEA. There is \$6.16 billion for INS, for Entry-Exit, funding additional border patrol, land patrol, immigration, and so many other very, very positive things.

With regard to local law enforcement, \$1.4 billion to prevent violent crimes and acts of terrorism, including \$500 million for the Byrne formula grant, \$400 million for the Local Law Enforcement Block Grant program.

With regard to domestic preparedness for equipment, training, and exercises for fire, EMS, HAZMAT, and law enforcement, all of that is in this bill.

There is \$2.1 billion for crime control. Again, very important.

Also, the body should know the conference report includes \$716 million for the Securities and Exchange Commission, \$150 million above the request and \$248 million above fiscal year 2002 to provide the necessary resources for corporate abuse.

For the State Department, we have adequately funded embassy security and diplomatic readiness.

There are a lot of positive things in here with regard to the Supreme Court and others.

I want to close, Mr. Speaker, by one, commending the chairman and the full committee staff for an outstanding job, and also to personally thank the Subcommittee on Commerce, Justice, State and Judiciary staff for their tireless efforts, requiring long nights away from their families while preparing this legislation.

Mike Ringle, clerk of the subcommittee, Christine Ryan Kojac, John Martens, Leslie Albright, Butch Davisson, and Nisha Kumar have worked night and day to finish the CJS portion. And Rob, on the other side, and many others have been involved.

I think this is good legislation that will save a lot of lives and good for the country.

Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to finally bring to the House Floor the conference report on the fiscal year 2003 Commerce, Justice, State and Judiciary Appropriations. Within a very tight allocation, we were able to provide funding for a variety of critical national priorities.

For Federal law enforcement, the Senate bill was over \$700 million below the House. We

were able to restore those funds in the conference report, including; \$4.3 billion for the FBI, an increase of \$773 million above last year and \$45 million above the request, to continue efforts to modernize the FBI's IT infrastructure, and to improve the FBI's counterterrorism and counterintelligence capabilities; \$1.65 billion for the DEA, an increase of \$15 million above the request, and \$80 million above last year to continue to fight the scourge of illegal drugs; 6.16 billion for the INS, including \$362 million for Entry Exit, and funding to hire an additional 570 border patrol agents, 460 land border immigration inspectors, and 760 additional airport and seaport inspectors and support personnel.

The conference agreement provides \$4.6 billion for State and Local law enforcement, including: \$1.4 billion to prevent violent crime and acts of terrorism, including \$500 million for the Byrne formula program, \$400 million for the Local Law Enforcement Block Grant program, and \$515 million for law enforcement hiring, overtime, equipment, training, and technologies; \$1 billion for the Office of Domestic Preparedness for equipment, training, and exercises for all types of first responders, fire, EMS, hazmat, and law enforcement; and \$2.1 billion for other crime control programs, including \$391 million to prevent violence against women, \$57 million for methamphetamine enforcement and clean-up, \$7.5 million for a prescription drug monitoring program to combat the abuse of prescription drugs such as OxyContin, and \$465 million for juvenile delinquency and accountability programs.

The conference report includes \$716 million for the Securities and Exchange Commission, \$150 million above the request and \$248 million above fiscal year 2002, to provide the necessary resources to protect investors from corporate abuse.

For the State Department, we have maintained the higher House funding level of \$7.8 billion to fully fund the request for embassy security, to provide second year funding for the Department's Diplomatic Readiness Initiative, and to fully fund estimated current year assessments for the United Nations and United Nations Peacekeeping.

For the Department of Commerce, the Conference Report provides \$5.73 billion for the Department of Commerce and other trade agencies, over \$400 billion above the level in the House bill. This funding will allow the Department to generate timely and accurate economic statistics, negotiate and verify fair trade agreements, improve weather forecasting, and manage the Nation's fisheries.

For the Federal Judiciary, the conference report provides \$4.9 billion, \$199 million above fiscal year 2002. This includes funding to process an all-time-high number of criminal and bankruptcy cases, to continue the renovation of the Supreme Court building, and to fund the Judiciary's security requirements.

Overall, Mr. Speaker, this conference agreement represents a sound and fair resolution of the multitude of issues that we faced in conference, and it does so in a fiscally responsible manner.

We have come a long way toward constructing an acceptable bill, and I urge my colleagues to support this conference report.

I would like to thank the Commerce-Justice-State subcommittee staff for their tireless efforts and long nights away from their families while preparing this legislation. Mike Ringle,

clerk of the subcommittee, Christine Ryan Kojac, John Martens, Leslie Albright, Butch Davisson, and Nisha Kumar have worked night and day to finish the CJS portion of the Omnibus Bill and I want to personally thank them for their work and efforts.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, how much time do I have remaining?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Wisconsin has 12 minutes remaining.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from California (Mr. GEORGE MILLER), the ranking Democrat on the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

(Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me this time, and I want to recognize and commend the appropriators for the difficult task that they had over this past year in coming together on this legislation.

I also want to express my very serious disappointment on what happened in the conservation accounts in the Interior appropriations portion of this legislation, that we were not able to fund the commitments that we had made that so many local communities and conservation organizations rely on, where we have partnerships with business and civic organizations and individuals coming together to try and provide for the conservation of our lands and our open spaces, which have been terribly successful.

The urban parks being zeroed out is a major disappointment to so many urban areas where we have, again, put together coalitions from the NBA, from women's sports to neighborhood organizations, from the Urban League and so many to rebuild these recreational facilities and opportunities for young people. It is a major disappointment.

I also must tell my colleagues that the forest stewardship contracts now simply open up the forest in a most unregulated fashion.

The disappointment is really this, and it is not the fault of these appropriators, it is the process. Because with this process it is not a fact that I did not get to be heard on this bill at one particular time or another, but my constituents did not. So many millions of Americans that are deeply concerned about the health of our environment, about the health of our forest, about the activities on our public lands are shut out from this process because those decisions were made last night or this morning or the night before, and they have had no time to respond to them. The vote will be taken about it, and they will read about it in the newspapers over the coming weeks.

That is a major affront to democracy. That is a major affront to the basic principles of this institution, to the basic principles of representative government, that the people in this country have been closed out of this process.

Yes, the process has gone on a lot longer than it should have, but it was far more closed than at any time in the history of the House of Representatives. And that is a major, major disappointment for those of us, as we sit here on the brink of war talking about freedom and we think about bringing freedom and democracy to other countries and we see it shut down in the people's House.

Legislation sits here and nobody has the ability to read it. Nobody knows what is in it, but we are going to be asked to vote for it. That is not the democracy we should be exporting. That is not the process we should be exporting.

It is a process that denies our constituents. Whether they are interested in education or the environment or public health or aerospace, it denies them the opportunity to be heard; and it is a corruption, an outright corruption of the basic and fundamental principles of our government, of our constitution, and of this institution, and it ought to be stopped.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the distinguished gentleman from Ohio (Mr. BOEHNER), who is chairman of the Committee on Education and the Workforce and author of No Child Left Behind.

Mr. BOEHNER. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me this time, and let me congratulate the gentleman from Florida (Mr. YOUNG), his staff, the committee members, along with the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) and his staff, for a product well done, considering the handicaps of never having a budget and never having appropriation bills from the Senate.

Mr. Speaker, this Congress has promised to do its part on behalf of America's school children, and the spending bill we debate today more than delivers on those promises. Much like the President's budget itself, this agreement is particularly generous towards education. It will provide yet another large increase in Federal education funding on top of record increases provided last year and the years before. This means that more than enough is being provided for States and public schools to carry out the reforms in the bipartisan No Child Left Behind Act.

Not only are we providing enough money, we are providing more than enough. For 35 years, this Congress spent billions of dollars in education without ever insisting on results for the children that it was meant to serve. Just over a year ago, on this very floor, Democrats and Republicans stood proudly together to bring that era to an end. And as my colleagues rightly pointed out, we made a commitment to our children on that day.

But maybe some of us need to be reminded of what that commitment was. What No Child Left Behind promised was that politicians would stop using money as an excuse for a 35-year failure to close the achievement gap. Thirty-five years and \$150 billion later, the achievement gap has not changed at all over that period of time. We have now significantly increased our funding for education, twice since the bill was signed into law, and there are no more excuses. Our children need results.

Let us look at title I. Under this agreement, aid to needy and disadvantaged schools through title I is increased by another \$1.4 billion. And this is on top of the \$1.5 billion increase provided as a result of last year's spending bills.

□ 1800

In other words, title I has virtually doubled since fiscal year 1995. Are we spending too little? I do not think so.

Let me look at the second chart which is even more striking, and this is on special education, IDEA. As the chart shows, we have increased IDEA in this agreement by \$1.4 billion. That is on top of the \$1.2 billion that we increased it last year. Since fiscal year 1995, we have increased funding for IDEA 400 percent. That quadruples the amount of money that we are spending for our special-needs children.

In addition to that, we put another \$100 billion increase in the Teacher Quality Program. We increased Pell grants and pay off the shortfall from the prior year, and we increased Head Start funding by another \$131 million.

Mr. Speaker, if money alone can solve the problems in education, they would have been solved a long time ago. What we need to do is work to change attitudes in America that says that all of our children deserve a chance at a decent education.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 10 seconds.

Mr. Speaker, I must say, I am amused by the prior speech. I would simply observe with respect to title I, the Republican Party in this House had to be dragged kicking and screaming into supporting the very funds which the gentleman so proudly now pointed to on his chart.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Washington (Mr. INSLEE).

(Mr. INSLEE asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. INSLEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of the motion to recommit which would remove the corrupt, dirty little disgusting antienvironmental riders that were picked up on this bill as it went through this process that simply are wrong. We ought to remove them. We ought to be ashamed of the antienvironmental riders that were added like leaches on the body politic.

We should have good, honest debates about money around here; but we should be ashamed of the leaches that get added to legislation in the dark of night that are against the environmental values of this country, and there are three of them that ought to be removed that will be in the motion to recommit, and I will tell Members what they are.

Antienvironmental leach number one: we in Congress pass environmental laws, and they ought to pertain to everywhere in America, in all 50 States in America. But in an unprecedented antienvironmental rider, the majority party, unless Members vote for this motion to recommit, says that the environmental laws of the United States passed by this Congress do not apply in one of the most beautiful places in America, the Tongass National Forest in the State of Alaska.

What possible excuse is there for telling Americans that in one of the pristine spots in this country the laws of the United States of America do not apply? What excuse is there? Members have said in this wilderness designation there is no judicial review.

What kind of Congress passes laws and then says we let the executive ignore the law by not having a judicial review? That is not a Congress that I know or should be proud of. We should get rid of this antienvironment rider.

Leach number two: the other side in this bill has attempted to simply say we are going to salvage logging, essentially without meaningful protection or laws. We have to remove it.

Leach number three: there is a dirty little secret of a back-door deal to try to open up the Arctic wilderness to oil drilling, and that is wrong. It should not be done in the dead of night. Join us to pass this motion and get rid of the antienvironmental riders.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. REGULA), chairman of the Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services and Education.

(Mr. REGULA asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, today I rise in strong support of this omnibus appropriations conference report. I want to share with my colleagues some of the things that are covered by this conference report.

Our subcommittee section totals \$133.4 billion, and I would emphasize this is the amount of the President's budget request. It includes funding for programs that touch the lives of all Americans from newborn health screening, Head Start, dozens of education programs, health research and prevention programs, training for dislocated workers to older Americans programs and the efficient administration of our Social Security and Medicare programs. All of these are encompassed in the bill.

And for the education portion, it brings funding to title I to \$1.4 billion, an increase overall in education funding of 7 percent. I think as was pointed out by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. BOEHNER), this is a record. I think it is something we can all take pride in supporting on behalf of the people of this Nation.

Mr. Speaker, today I rise in support of this omnibus appropriations conference report and to share with my colleagues the important programs we are funding within the Labor, Health

and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies title.

Mr. Speaker, this portion of the bill totals \$133.4 billion, the amount of the President's budget request. It includes funding for programs that touch the lives of all Americans from newborn health screening, Head Start, dozens of education programs, health research and prevention programs, training for dislocated workers to older American programs and the efficient administration of our Social Security and Medicare programs. All these programs and more encompass this bill.

As my colleagues know, students, parents and teachers are working together to see real gains in student achievement as established in the No Child Left Behind Act passed by this Congress a year ago. This bill provides the vital funding to bring the goals of the new law to fruition, including a \$1.4 billion increase in Title I funding, aiding disadvantaged students.

In the area of special education, we have also included an increase of \$1.4 billion over fiscal year 2002 as we continue to increase the federal portion of special education dollars. And to assist those seeking to improve their skills through higher education, we have increased the maximum Pell grant to \$4,050 while also addressing a shortfall in the program that has resulted from a larger than expected number of students returning to school by providing more than half a billion dollars over the President's request for the program.

I am pleased to report that the bill includes the fifth and final year of a commitment to double biomedical research funding for the National Institutes of Health with funding set at \$27.2 billion. At this level NIH will be able to fund more than 38,000 research project grants, the highest number ever funded. These grants span countless areas including basic research as well as that for specific diseases that are the leading causes of death and disability—Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, diabetes, cancer, AIDS and hundreds of others, including rare diseases.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) have been key in bringing new health research into practice through health promotion programs. Now, as we face continued threats to our homeland we call upon the CDC to act as our first line of defense against bioterrorism as well. We have provided \$4.3 billion to the CDC for these important activities.

Within the Health Resources and Services Administration we have included \$1.5 billion for Community Health Centers, access points to those who have no health care, and \$2 billion for Ryan White Aids program, a \$96 million increase.

The bill provides funding for services for our neediest people, including \$1.8 billion for the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) and \$1.376 billion for programs for older Americans, including nutrition programs such as Meals on Wheels and totaling nearly \$719 million.

This bill funds the Department of Labor at \$11.9 billion, \$116 million below last year. However, within the account for the Workforce Investment Act, we have tried to focus our resources on the needs of the many people in our country who have been dislocated from their jobs by boosting support for dislocated workers by \$92 million overall. We are hopeful that the many good people in our local communities working to provide job placement as-

sistance to these unemployed workers will use this funding to assist these workers in regaining employment as quickly as possible. Finally, Job Corps, an outstanding program that partners with so many businesses to train our nation's youth for productive employment is increased by \$60 million. Job Corps provides a needed second chance to many of our youth who had not found initial success in school or work.

Mr. Speaker, these programs serve the people of our great nation well and help to strengthen the educational, health and job opportunities for all Americans. I urge the support of the Members of this body in passing the bill today.

In closing, Mr. Speaker, I would like to commend the members of my staff and that of Mr. OBEY in the endless hours of work they have provided to bringing this bill before us today. Craig Higgins, Sue Quantius, Susan Firth, Meg Thompson, Nicole Kunko, Francine Mack-Salvador, and Elizabeth Bowles, as well as David Reich, Cheryl Smith and Linda Pagelsen have done a terrific job in producing the product before us. Thank you to each of them.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1½ minutes to the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. HARRIS) for the purpose of a colloquy.

Ms. HARRIS. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Florida (Mr. YOUNG), the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, for the opportunity to briefly discuss the importance of ensuring that Miami, Florida, is selected as the location of the Permanent Secretariat for the Free Trade of Americas.

Due to its role as the headquarters of the FTAA, the Permanent Secretariat will operate as the critical nerve center of an unprecedented economic colossus twice the size of the European Union.

The Permanent Secretariat will provide vital administrative services for FTAA member nations, while providing the situs for dispute resolution and other critical proceedings established under the FTAA agreements.

Although the FTAA will not be established until 2005, the site selection process for the Permanent Secretariat is currently ongoing. I wish to bring to the committee's attention the fact that should the FTAA become a reality, its success as well as the effective promotion of our national interests will depend significantly upon the placement of the FTAA's Permanent Secretariat in Miami, Florida.

The Permanent Secretariat's ability to effectively discharge its crucial functions will depend upon its geographical proximity to member nations, the reliability of the communications, the security of its facilities, and the quality of the transportation infrastructure.

Only a location in the United States can meet all of these criteria, and Miami is uniquely qualified. Miami is also universally recognized as the top of three prenegotiated candidates for the Permanent Secretariat, which also includes Panama City and Mexico City.

Due to the Bush administration's drive to accelerate negotiations, the beginning of negotiations next week, and the occurrence of a ministerial meeting in November, the committee's attention to this issue could not be more timely.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, will the gentlewoman yield?

Ms. HARRIS. I yield to the gentleman from Florida.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I would say to the gentlewoman that throughout the 2004 process, we will continue to work with the gentlewoman and the Florida delegation for this purpose.

Ms. HARRIS. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for his acknowledgment of my request and his support.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself 4 minutes.

Mr. Speaker, I want to take this time, and so does the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. MURTHA), in order to express the House's appreciation to Greg Dahlberg, who has served this institution so ably and for so long. For over 20 years he served on the Committee on Appropriations on the Subcommittee on Transportation, on the full committee central staff, and on the Subcommittee on Defense. Since 1994, he was a senior Democratic staffer for defense appropriations which covers virtually all of the military operations in the government.

He was appointed Under Secretary of the Army the last 6 months of the Clinton administration. He volunteered to help the new administration get started, and stayed a few extra months. He has been a personal adviser and great friend to the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. MURTHA) and myself. He has served over 200 Democratic members to help them understand defense issues and to deal with those issues in their districts. He has a deep concern for the soldiers, sailors, airmen and marines deployed throughout the world. He loves this institution, and he has given help many times to both Democratic and Republican Members of this institution.

In the defense world there are many opportunities for qualified staff to leave the Hill for more lucrative jobs. Greg has resisted that temptation for many years, and for that we are grateful. We certainly wish him well in his future endeavors. He has been the institutional memory of this House on the budget process and on defense intelligence. He is one of the finest, most dedicated public servants, and one of the most decent human beings I have ever had the privilege to work with.

Mr. MURTHA. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. OBEY. I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURTHA. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from California (Chairman LEWIS) reminded me that Greg Dahlberg was still here. I thought he was gone.

Yesterday we praised him in a closed briefing. Not only did the gentleman

from California (Mr. LEWIS) and I praise him, but the Secretary of Defense praised him because not only was he Under Secretary, he was Acting Secretary of the Army for a period of time.

I was shocked when he came back. This guy went over there, he had an office as big as this room here. He had a bathroom, car, an airplane, and he came back to the cubbyhole where we share a little room 12 by 12 with six other people.

Greg Dahlberg is a dedicated staffer. I have never seen a guy so dedicated. This guy is one of the finest people I know. It is completely bipartisan. He tries to get things done. He wants to take care of not only the military, but every other job he has been involved in. We are going to miss the honorable Greg Dahlberg. This is his last day.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, whether it is within the rules of the House or not, I think this institution owes Mr. Dahlberg a round of applause for his service.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from California (Mr. LEWIS), the chairman of the Subcommittee on Defense.

(Mr. LEWIS of California asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks, and include extraneous material.)

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me this time, and it is very appropriate that I should follow with my remarks those of my friend and colleague and partner in this business, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. MURTHA). The gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) was very kind to begin his remarks with a tribute to Greg Dahlberg.

I wanted to mention that the work of our subcommittee, that is the Subcommittee on Defense, along with MILCON, got their work done last year for the 2003 year; and it is largely because of the very fine relationship we have with our professional staff and with the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY), the ranking member.

Just the day before yesterday in our meeting, the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, responding to the needs that are within this bill, and this bill includes a \$10 billion package which is an additive to the 2003 bill which was not included in that budget relative to some of the costs carrying forward the war on terrorism. It is costing us over \$1.5 billion a month, and we are very cognizant of the importance of this legislation in connection with that defense effort. Indeed, I want to have in the RECORD a copy of the letter from the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff that reflects his support for this legislation.

But probably this piece would not be a part of this package or would not be effectively here if it were not for the work of our very fine staff.

□ 1815

Greg Dahlberg reflects the finest of those professionals that we have

around this place. We have them on both sides of the aisle, and especially among those committees that deal with the work on behalf of defense.

I think the Members know that, year in and year out, we come to the floor with a major portion of our discretionary money in the defense arena and we carry those bills forward with almost no rancor, taking usually very little time on the floor. And I think, generally speaking, those who are watching the action on the floor today should know that a significant reason for this bill going forward, so important that it go forward now, is that we do have this rather sizable piece of money that is critical to our being able to be consistent in moving forward with the war on terrorism.

And so while Greg leaves us officially in the near term, shortly, sometime, I am not sure when, I am sorry to see him leave. I am proud to be a friend of his; I expect to work with him in the months and years ahead, but in turn, I want to thank him for helping us get the kind of bipartisan support we expect to have for this bill as it passes.

CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT
CHIEFS OF STAFF,
Washington, DC.

Hon. C.W. BILL YOUNG,
Chairman, Committee on Appropriations,
House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: During our meeting yesterday you asked Secretary Rumsfeld and me how significant the \$6.1B for Defense currently in the FY2003 Omnibus Appropriations Bill is to the Armed Services. The following elaborates on our answer of yesterday.

The Global War on Terrorism is costing about \$1.6B per month. This expense is not part of the Services' FY 2003 budgets. As a result, the Services are dipping into their budgeted 4th quarter operating accounts—we are in fact dipping into Service 3rd quarter operating accounts now—to fund first and second quarter FY 2003 expenses associated with the war. Without the \$6.1B funding in the FY 2003 Omnibus, we will need to take immediate actions to reduce spending. These actions will negatively impact readiness.

I offer my support for your efforts in passing the Omnibus (H.J. Res. 2) before the President's Day recess. The package you have worked includes essential funding for the Defense Department; that is important to our national security.

The men and women of our Armed Forces deeply appreciate the support of your Committee and that of the entire Congress.

Sincerely,

RICHARD B. MYERS,
Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

Mr. Speaker, I just want to remind the Members of the House what the content of the recommittal motion will be. We will simply strike the antienvironmental riders exempting the Tongass National Forest plan from administrative and judicial review, expanding the Forest Service stewardship contracting demonstration program throughout the United States, turning over the forests of the country to the timber companies lock, stock and barrel if they choose.

It would also reconsider language in the conference agreement which re-

moves the restriction in the House-passed Interior bill which prohibited the use of fiscal 2003 BLM funding for activity related to oil drilling in ANWR, the Arctic National Wildlife Reserve.

It would add funding for critical conservation resource programs at not less than 2002 levels. That is consistent with an agreement that was made and should be abided by until the year 2006.

And it also would add up to \$500 million above the current conference levels to fund training, equipment and assistance for first responders; in other words, bringing it up to the presidential request.

Mr. Speaker, I full well recognize that there are many good things in this bill. Even a stopped clock is right twice a day. There are many things that we have to provide. And so I am certainly not going to ask Members to vote against the bill, but I am going to ask them to vote for the recommittal motion if you care about our environmental stewardship and if you really care about providing the equipment and the support necessary to our first responders, our policemen and firemen.

If indeed you want to send them the resources they need rather than duct tape, vote for the motion to recommit.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield 15 seconds to the distinguished gentleman from Virginia (Mr. GOODLATTE), chairman of the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Chairman, included in this legislation is \$1.1 million for the Roanoke River Upper Basin Project. Is it the gentleman from Ohio's intention and expectation that the contract for construction will be awarded only on an open and competitive bidding process?

Mr. HOBSON. If the gentleman will yield, yes, I agree.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

I do so, Mr. Speaker, to say also a sad good-bye to Greg Dahlberg, who was not only a trusted staff but a trusted friend.

Greg, you know that we are going to miss you.

I want to thank the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) for spirit of cooperation that we have enjoyed with each other working through this process. And I also want to say, please vote against his motion to recommit. I want to thank the Speaker of the House for the strong leadership that he gave us in trying to come to a conclusion on some very thorny issues, as well as the distinguished majority leader of the Senate. As for Senator STEVENS, I tell you he worked miracles, because he had to come down \$9 billion more than we had to come down in order to meet this number.

I want to pay a special tribute to Vice President CHENEY. The Vice President weighed in as we were trying to solve some very difficult issues. He was

extremely effective. I just really appreciate the fact that he helped us get to where we are today, where we can finally pass this bill out of here, conclude the work of fiscal year 2003 and begin the work of fiscal year 2004.

And, yes, by the way, again, please vote against the gentleman from Wisconsin's motion to recommit.

Mr. STARK. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in opposition to this omnibus appropriations bill. It is unfortunate that Republicans felt it necessary to use this legislation as a vehicle to peddle their anti-environment agenda while forcing cuts in basic priorities. I would have liked to support many provisions included in this bill.

This bill contains funding I have worked for to fund two Army Corps of Engineers flood control studies that will help communities in my district to evaluate flood problems. It will also provide money for a pilot program in Alameda County to protect children at risk from entering the long-term foster care system. I strongly support these vital programs. However, I have no choice but to oppose the legislation before us today.

I cannot in good conscience support this Republican bill because it will open the door to an unprecedented assault on our environment. It grants logging companies unfettered access to public lands to devastate and degrade our national forests. It specifically invites the timber industry to invade Alaska's Tongass Rainforest and reduce the splendor of this wilderness to a patchwork of clear cuts. It opens the pristine landscape of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge for the gas industry to make another oil field. An it leaves little money for the upkeep of our national parks and conservation efforts.

Beyond assaulting our environment, this bill continues to shortchange education and will leave our children behind regardless of the President's rhetoric to the contrary. It calls for an across-the-board cut in federal investment in our schools, a cut of over \$300 million this school year. This bill also makes it more difficult for parents and students to pay for college. The meager increase for Pell grants doesn't even keep pace with the rising cost of inflation.

The bill makes a drastic cut in housing subsidies for poor families. In this tough economy, there is little reason to make times harder for those who have already been hardest hit by this tough economy.

Finally, this bill makes a mockery of homeland security and public safety. While the President continues to raise fears about impending terrorist attacks, his Republican cronies aren't funding the first responders who will be on the front lines if such an attack occurs. This bill also contains cuts in security at our ports, dams, and nuclear facilities that if breached could have a catastrophic impact.

I urge President Bush and Congressional Republicans to end their assault on our basic priorities. I ask my colleagues to support Representative OBEY's motion to recommit, which would remove the disastrous anti-environmental riders from this bill. And, if that motion does not pass—which it won't—I urge my colleagues to vote against the entire bill.

Mr. UDALL of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, I would like to be able to vote for this conference report, because it does include some things that I support and that are very impor-

tant for Colorado and the country. If those items, or even the parts of this omnibus bill that included them, were being considered separately, I well could vote for them.

But that is not the situation today. Instead, today Members of the House are presented with a more difficult choice. We must vote yes or no on this entire conference report, which rolls into one enormous package no fewer than 11 of the regular 13 appropriations bills that together cover all of the government except the Department of Defense.

This is not the way the House should do its work. It is an embarrassment for all of us. But the responsibility lies solely upon the Republican leadership. They are the ones who refused to allow the House to consider only a few of the regular appropriations bills last year, either before the November elections or in the subsequent lame duck session. They are the ones who have brought this embarrassment, this shame, even, upon the House.

Nonetheless, each of us has had to try to review the results, weighing its good and bad features, without adequate information and in undue haste—haste now, after months and months of delay—and decide, on balance whether to support it. So I have done my best to review and understand what is before the House. And, on balance, with some regret, I must vote against it.

Let me briefly explain how I reached that decision, weighing the good parts of the bill against its serious defects.

GOOD ASPECTS OF THE BILL

Here are some of the good things in the bill:

COLORADO FUNDING ITEMS

The omnibus bill provides funding for several important activities in Colorado. I want to highlight just a few:

Rocky Flats Cleanup Funds—I am very glad that the omnibus bill includes \$664 million to continue the ongoing cleanup of the Rocky Flats Site. This is a matter of the highest priority to all Coloradans, because this former nuclear-weapons production site, with its large quantities of radioactive materials, toxic chemicals, and other dangers is just 15 miles from the heart of our largest metropolitan area. The Department of Energy, through its contract with Kaiser-Hill, is working hard to have it cleaned up so it can be closed and transferred to the Department of the Interior for management as a National Wildlife Refuge. The funding included in the omnibus bill will enable that effort to continue, so this is definitely a good part of the overall package.

NIST laboratory repairs—I am particularly glad that these include more than \$11 million to enable the National Institute of Standards and Technology, NIST, to begin what the conferees very accurately describe as "urgently needed construction and renovation" work at NIST's laboratory in Boulder. The condition of this laboratory has been of great concern to me, and I want to express my thanks to Chairman FRANK WOLF and Ranking Member JOSE SERRANO for making sure that these funds were included. I look forward to continue working with them and the rest of the appropriations committee so we can complete this important task.

Beaver Brook acquisition—The conference report includes \$2.5 million for the Forest Service to continue with acquisition of lands in the Beaver Brook watershed, in Clear Creek County, now owned by the City of Golden. I am glad that this is included, but regret that

the amount is significantly less than the \$4 million for this purpose that was included in the Interior appropriations bill passed by the House. I will seek to have sufficient funds included in the appropriations bill for fiscal 2004 to enable the Forest Service to stay on schedule for completion of this acquisition.

Great Sand Dunes—The bill includes \$7 million to acquire lands slated to be included in this National Park System unit, and another \$5 million for acquisition of lands that will be included in the adjacent unit of the National Wildlife Refuge system. I support these acquisitions.

Other good aspects of the bill include the following:

MEDICARE PROVISIONS

The omnibus bill includes increased payments for Medicare physicians and rolls back a scheduled March 1 pay cut that could result in serious health care access issues for our nation's seniors. I have long supported increased Medicare payments for providers and have cosponsored legislation to roll back the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services physician payment cuts scheduled for 2002 and 2003, and to devise a formula that better reflects the cost of care. So my vote against the omnibus bill should not be perceived as a vote against increasing payments for Medicare doctors. My record proves otherwise.

DROUGHT ASSISTANCE

The drought Colorado and other states are suffering from has devastated many farmers and ranchers. Some of us in Congress have been asking for drought relief for almost a year. I am encouraged to see that there is some relief in the omnibus appropriation bill, but I am concerned that for many people it may be coming too late. It would have been appropriate for drought assistance funds to have been included in the supplemental appropriation passed last year, but the resistance of the Administration meant that didn't happen. And the refusal of the Republican leadership to act in a more timely fashion on the regular appropriations bills has compounded the problem.

LIMITS ON INFORMATION PROGRAM

I am very glad that the conference report retains the Senate's provision limiting the Defense Department's "Total Information Awareness" program. I thought the potential for abuse of this program outweighed its purported advantages, and think the restrictions included in the conference report are most appropriate.

INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE

The conference report includes \$295 million for humanitarian assistance to Afghanistan and \$800 million for international HIV/AIDS programs. Both are needed.

NASA

The conference report includes \$50 million for NASA to investigate the cause of the Columbia shuttle tragedy, which is very important. It also provides that the general funds provided for the shuttle program will be exempt from the across-the-board rescission made by the bill—something that I support.

ELECTION REFORM FUNDING

The conference report includes funding to implement the Help America Vote Act, including funds to help Colorado and the other states to modernize their voting equipment. I strongly supported that election-reform law, and regretted that the President chose not to

spend the funds provided last year for its implementation. So I am glad these funds are included in this omnibus bill.

BAD ASPECTS OF THE BILL

If those are some of the good things, what are the bad? Here is a partial list:

SHORTCHANGING FIRST RESPONDERS

I have strongly supported efforts to improve our homeland security against terrorism. I supported establishment of a Homeland Security Department, as recommended by former Senators Gary Hart of Colorado and Warren Rudman of New Hampshire, and did so even while the Bush Administration was opposing the idea. Central to those efforts will be the ability of our first responders, police, firefighters, and others, to meet the challenges they are facing. Unfortunately, in my opinion, the Administration's attitude toward them has been nothing short of shameful, and the Republican leadership of the House has slavishly followed the Administration's lead. The President and Homeland Security Director Tom Ridge have repeatedly promised the nation's police and fire departments \$3.5 billion in "new" first responder grants. The President first pledged this "new money" in a February 25, 2002 speech to the nation's governors. However, last year, he threatened to veto the post-9/11 Homeland Security Bill if it included additional homeland security money. And in August, the President refused to spend the \$5.1 billion homeland security package, which included \$150 million in emergency first responder grants and which was developed on a bipartisan basis. Then, in December of 2002, the Justice Department announced that it would "suspend awarding grants to aid first responders to terrorist attacks" even though Congress had provided stopgap funding for first responders in continuing resolutions. And just last month, our Republican colleagues, following the lead of the Administration, voted down legislation to immediately fund the promised \$3.5 billion in new money for first responders.

Now some of our colleagues are saying that this conference report funds the President's supposed request for \$3.5 billion in "new" money for first responders. However, the fact is they are counting previously existing law enforcement and firefighting grants, as well as the new first responder initiative. For comparison, in 2002 those existing programs actually received roughly \$2.3 billion. So, in reality the conference report includes only \$1.2 billion in "new" money—far less than the \$3.5 billion in "new" money that was promised.

UNDERMINING ORGANIC FOOD STANDARDS

Organic food products have become a \$10 billion dollar industry in America—and Colorado is the number-two producer in the nation. The success of this segment of agriculture is built on consumer confidence in the USDA's standards represented by the "organic" label. Yet, this omnibus appropriation bill undermines some of the integrity of those standards by allowing meat to carry the "organic" label even though the livestock were fed on non-organic feed. The USDA took years to develop the organic standards working with a states and private entities.

WEAKENING ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

As others have pointed out, the bill includes many provisions contrary to good environmental policy. Not only are these bad in themselves, their inclusion in an omnibus appropriations measure makes them doubly objectionable.

This is particularly important to me because I was a member of the Resources Committee during the 107th Congress, and am looking forward to membership on both that Committee and the Agriculture Committee in this Congress. Many of the provisions in this omnibus bill are legislative in nature, and should properly be dealt with in legislation originating in one or both of those Committees. Particularly notable in this regard are the provisions related to "stewardship contracting" as an aspect of forest management. While I understand why some of its proponents find it attractive, it is a subject that needs careful review and consideration, and should not be dealt with as a minor part of an omnibus appropriations measure.

If the motion to recommit had been adopted, many of my concerns regarding this conference report would have been resolved. That the motion did not succeed adds a great deal to my reluctance to support this conference report.

INADEQUATE FUNDING IN MANY AREAS

Overall, the conference report reflects the fact that the Republican leadership, not the appropriators, but their leadership, acted as agents of the Administration by imposing arbitrary and unrealistic constraints on funding for vital functions of government.

CONCLUSION—NO WAY TO DO BUSINESS

This bill is a textbook example of how we should not legislate, behind closed doors, without meaningful participation by more than a small number of Members, and under "crisis" conditions resulting from deliberate strategy. This along is a major reason that I cannot support the conference report.

So, Mr. Speaker, as I said, while it was not an easy decision, I have decided I cannot support this conference report.

Mr. KIND. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of the Obey motion to recommit because this massive piece of legislation falls short in some issues critical to our nation, and includes certain controversial provisions that need to be debated and considered through the legislative process, not in closed conference.

I agree with my colleague from Wisconsin that there are homeland security priorities that we can and must fund that are not adequately addressed in this 1,100 page bill. For example, this legislation funds only one-fifth of what the U.S. Customs Commissioner says is needed to effectively inspect the thousands of cargo containers that enter our nation every day. This presents our nation with an unfortunate vulnerability to terrorism and Congress must fund this priority.

In addition, as a member of the House Resources Committee, I feel provisions included in this legislation, such as a rider potentially allowing significant commercial logging in some of our most ecologically sensitive areas, and the funding of preliminary work for opening up the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to drilling, are uncalled for. These important and controversial issues should be fully debated and open to amendment through the normal legislative process. In addition, the cutting of important conservation program funding by \$200 million dollars will set our nation further back in protecting our most important resources. These programs are supported by the states, and especially important to my home state of Wisconsin.

Further, thanks to an 11th hour provision inserted into the fiscal year 2003 omnibus appropriations bill, consumers of some organic food products may not know if their food is

truly organic. This provision seriously undermines both consumer confidence in organic food labels and the USDA standards. The provision will permit some livestock to be labeled "organic" even though the livestock products do not meet the strict criteria established by USDA. Most significantly, producers of select livestock (chicken and other poultry products) would not have to meet the requirement that the animals be fed organically grown feed.

The recently enacted organic standard was the result of many years of careful deliberation and public input. Overwhelmingly, organic producers and consumers have supported the new standards. Due to this outrageous omnibus provision, organic producers and consumers will no longer have confidence in the organic labeling process.

Such a massive omnibus bill incorporating 11 spending bills and totaling nearly \$400 billion, also lends itself to abuse through the inclusion of numerous pet projects that are not based on necessity and would not be justifiable to the public if considered in the light of day.

Mr. Speaker, we must have priorities in our funding. We must confront the threats facing our land while ensuring our children have access to quality education and our most needy have access to healthcare.

This legislation does meet many of the obligations of our government, and on their own merits, I would have supported them. However, the inclusion of funding for countless projects and programs that were never debated or considered on the House floor makes this bill unsupportable in its current form.

I urge my colleagues to support the motion to recommit so that we can address some of the most damaging aspects of this bill.

Mr. RADANOVICH. Mr. Speaker, the Conference Committee for the FY 2003 Omnibus Appropriations Bill has included language relating to the funding of the installment due on or before September 30, 2003 under the Consent Judgment entered on February 7, 2003 in Sumner Peck Ranch, Inc. v. Bureau of Reclamation. By including this language it is not Congress' intent that the United States default in the payment of that installment. Creating such a default would be unwise. Instead, the intent of the language is to indicate that funds under the Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act are not authorized to pay such installment. By so indicating, it is further intended that payment of the Peck judgment installments is "not otherwise provided for" as that phrase is used in Section 1304 of Title 31 of the United States Code. Appropriations exist and are available under Section 1304 for payment of such installment, and it is intended that such appropriations be so utilized.

Mr. DOOLEY of California. Mr. Speaker, the Conference Committee for the FY 2003 Omnibus Appropriation Bill has included language relating to the funding of the installment due on or before September 30, 2003 under the Consent Judgment entered on February 7, 2003 in Sumner Peck Ranch, Inc. v. Bureau of Reclamation. By including this language it is not Congress' intent that the United States default in the payment of that installment. Creating such a default would be unwise. Instead, the intent of the language is to indicate that funds under the Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act are not authorized to

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Mr. VAN HOLLEN. Mr. Speaker, today the House passed the Omnibus Appropriations bill, to fund federal government operations for the remainder of Fiscal Year 2003.

This Omnibus package combines 11 of 13 separate funding bills that should have been completed months ago. But rather than conduct hearings and encourage thoughtful debate on America's budget priorities, the Republican leadership in this Congress has cobbled together a 3000 page, \$400 billion megaspending bill in mostly back room deals. And now they ask for a simple yes or no vote on this huge package.

Mr. Speaker, I am a new Member of Congress and I am extremely disappointed by the process. The American people have been shut out of the process. I wish, Mr. Speaker, that I could use this vote as a lesson for my three children and children throughout my district, to teach them how the great democratic institutions of our land reflect the will of American people.

But today, Mr. Speaker, the democratic and deliberative process have been hijacked. The Committee system of this Congress has been bypassed. No hearings. No testimony from impartial experts. No debate. No markup. Nothing.

Mr. Speaker, this is no way to begin this new session of Congress. The full House has been given little opportunity to debate, and no opportunity to amend this huge bill. This is a dreadfully flawed backroom process that has allowed logging and oil interests to attach riders that are harmful to our environment. These riders, which have nothing to do with the appropriations process, allow for clear-cutting in national forests, prevent Forest Service administration decisions from being challenged in court, and remove a House-passed provision that would have barred preliminary work on a drilling program in the Alaska National Wildlife Refuge.

But at the same time, this omnibus spending bill does include certain provisions that I strongly support. Among them are the full 4.1 percent cost-of-living pay raise for federal employees that the Administration had so strongly opposed, and a desperately needed adjustment to the Medicare reimbursement formula for doctors, hospitals and other health care providers that will improve access to care for thousands of patients. This matter should have been addressed months ago; it should not have been necessary to include it in this bill.

Although I support the federal pay raise and the Medicare formula fix, I am angered that they are being held hostage by the disastrous, short-sighted riders that wreak havoc on our environment. I object to this kind of back-room political extortion, a cynical abuse of the legislative process to advance the interests of a few over the needs of many.

That is why I voted in favor of the Motion to Recommit this bill and consider an alternative that better reflects our needs and priorities.

But since the motion to recommit did not pass, I was forced to cast a yes-or-no vote on

the final package. Even with the terrible riders, I could not vote to deny our federal employees the pay raise they deserve, or to deny seniors access to Medicare by failing to adjust the reimbursement formula, or to deny funding for schools or homeland security or the many other needs that are funded in this bill.

But, Mr. Speaker, those of us who support progressive environmental and conservation policies will persevere. We will keep fighting these short-sighted policies. The American people do not support them and they will not stand.

Mr. Speaker, the American people deserve better so we can do better. We can do so much better.

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, in the past, I have often been reluctant to support omnibus bills, which package multiple pieces of legislation into one. It is poor policy to legislate in this manner. This particular omnibus appropriations bill, combining eleven appropriations bills totaling \$397.4 billion is the worst example of this that I have seen.

Many of the individual bills were never brought before the relevant committees and we are barred from offering amendments on the floor. The final draft of more than 1,000 pages were first made available to the full Congress less than 12 hours before we are being asked to vote on it. Nobody knows the extent of the riders, earmarks and provisions that have been added to this bill. What we do know is in here includes some of the most egregious environmental riders imaginable: allowing nearly unlimited clear-cutting of our national forests; exempting the Administration's Tongass National Forest management plan from all judicial or administrative appeals; and, allowing preliminary work for drilling for oil in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge—despite the fact that it is currently illegal to drill there.

Many of my constituents have expressed concern about the process that has taken place to get us to this point. I am not able to defend the process to them and, therefore, cannot support final passage of this bill. It is not fair to legislators or the people they represent to conduct Congress in this manner. I look ahead with promise to a new fiscal year when Congress can again return to legislating.

Mr. HOLT. Mr. Speaker, I will vote for final passage of the FY 03 Omnibus Bill, but I will hold my nose as I do so.

Let me first note one positive aspect of the omnibus—the increase in Medicare provider payments. I'm very pleased that the conferees approved a 1.6 percent increase this year, to prevent the drastic payment cuts that threatened seniors' access to healthcare.

But all is not well, unfortunately. I believe, as do so many of my colleagues, that these are unusual and dangerous times that require urgent action. We cannot continue to leave this government limping along with frozen budgets, trying to meet the challenges of a new world. So I find myself compelled to vote for this bill, to protect my constituents and the people of the United States. Our federal agencies need to have appropriate funding to deal with the threats and challenges of the world as we see it today.

Mr. Speaker, the House leadership did not think it necessary to give our local first responders the funding they need to deal with emergencies. We've heard so much rhetoric about the need for this country to be prepared for the dangers around us. So why have we

shortchanged the police, firefighters, and emergency medical personnel who are so crucial to these preparedness efforts? I voted for the motion to recommit because it added \$500 million above the conference-approved levels for training, equipment, and assistance for first responders.

What I also cannot condone is the senseless assault on our environment contained in this bill, including language that removes oversight of public land management in areas like the Tongass National Forest. I also cannot condone a decrease in funding for conservation programs, which are so crucial as we consider how to end our dependence on foreign oil.

These are only two of the things I can find wrong in this bill, because we had less than one day to work on it. Who knows what else have been slipped in? I will vote for this bill, Mr. Speaker, but I do so with great reservation.

Mr. DREIER. Mr. Speaker, the Conference Committee for the FY 2003 Omnibus Appropriations Bill has included language relating to the funding of the installment due on or before September 30, 2003 under the Consent Judgment entered on February 7, 2003 in *Sumner Peck Ranch, Inc. v. Bureau of Reclamation*. By including this language it is not Congress' intent that the United States default in the payment of that installment. Creating such a default would be unwise. Instead, the intent of the language is to indicate that funds under the Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act are not authorized to pay such installment. By so indicating, it is further intended that payment of the Peck judgment installment is "not otherwise provided for" as that phrase is used in Section 1304 of Title 31 of the United States Code. Appropriations exist and are available under Section 1304 for payment of such installment, and it is intended that such appropriations be so utilized.

Mr. KOLBE. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support for the conference report.

This omnibus act includes the fiscal year 2003 appropriations act for foreign operations, exporting financing, and related programs. As chairman of the Subcommittee, I'm pleased we'll finally enact into law important funding provisions and policy language that the Appropriations Committee considered last fall. It is vital that the Congress maintain a partnership with the Administration, both in funding for foreign assistance and in the development of the policy that accompanies and guides that assistance. Failure to enact foreign aid appropriations bills in a timely manner erodes and compromises the constitutional role of Congress in both these important areas.

The foreign operations division of this conference report totals \$16.3 billion in discretionary budget authority. It is \$250 million below the level approved last year by the House Appropriations Committee, \$130 million below the Senate level, and \$171 million below the President's request. However, despite these reductions we have managed to fund important initiatives in funding for HIV/AIDS, assistance for Afghanistan, and in the War on Terrorism.

Assistance to combat HIV/AIDS in the foreign operations division of this conference report totals \$800 million. That compares to \$475 million in the fiscal year 2002 appropriations act. As part of this funding, \$250 million is a contribution to the Global Fund to fight

AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria, bringing the total United States contribution to date to \$725 million.

In the two years since I became chairman of the subcommittee, we've raised funding to combat HIV/AIDS from \$300 million to \$800 million, an increase of over 250 percent. I know everyone would like more, and the President recommends major increases in future budgets. However, I think we can take some satisfaction in the way this Congress has responded to the needs in this area.

The conference report also includes the recommendation from the House bill that provides a minimum funding level for Afghanistan of \$295.5 million. The President's budget stated that final funding levels for Afghanistan were yet to be determined, but I believe it is necessary to maintain an emphasis on reconstruction of the physical infrastructure as well as building institutions of democracy in Afghanistan. For that reason funding in this bill for disaster assistance and refugee assistance is increased above the levels recommended by the President.

Total refugee assistance in this conference report is \$813 million, compared to the President's request of \$720 million. Many members of the House wrote to us last year to support as high a level as possible for refugee assistance, and we have responded.

We also have a new focus in this conference report on economic growth, including trade capacity building, basic education, and clean water. We include bill language providing that not less \$452,000,000 should be provided for trade capacity building in the developing world. This is an issue close to my heart, because I believe that without the ability to participate in the international trading system, developing countries will be left behind in the global economy.

We also maintain and enhance assistance for our allies in the War on Terrorism. Israel will receive almost \$2.8 billion in assistance, including an increase of \$60 million in military assistance. Jordan will receive \$250 million in economic assistance, an increase of \$100 million. In addition, Jordan will receive \$198 million in military assistance, an increase of \$123 million. Anti-terrorism training for the security forces of our allies will increase from \$38 million to \$64 million.

I am disappointed we were not able to fund \$200 million for additional anti-terrorism assistance for Israel as I recommended twice last year—once in the supplemental and once in the regular fiscal year 2003 bill. In this conference agreement, we were forced to reduce the overall level of the House bill by \$250 million, and the Senate bill did not contain this funding. Therefore it was impossible to accommodate this increase without damaging cuts to other programs. However, it is my expectation we will be addressing this matter as part of the supplemental appropriations request we should be receiving from the Administration in the next month.

It should come as no surprise to learn that we do not continue funding for the heavy fuel oil costs of the Korean Peninsula Energy Development Organization, or KEDO, since North Korea has abrogated the Agreed Framework. This results in a reduction of \$70 million from the President's request.

This conference report continues assistance to Eastern Europe and to Eurasia through out regional accounts. Funding for the Former So-

viet Union and Eurasia is provided at a level of \$760 million while assistance for Eastern Europe is funded at \$525 million. However, we include language similar to that contained in the House bill prohibiting funding for the Government of Ukraine unless the President certifies that it has not provided arms to Iraq. We do not want to reward governments that are aiding Saddam Hussein.

We also retain important language initiatives from the House bill, including language that tightens oversight on both the West Bank and Gaza assistance program of AID and on our funding to the United National Relief and Works Agency. In neither case do we prevent funding for the important humanitarian work done by these agencies; we only ask for oversight by the USAID Inspector General in the case of the West Bank and Gaza Program, and a report by the GAO on whether current law is being followed by the State Department in providing assistance to the UN Relief and Works Agency.

After long negotiations with the Senate, the Committee came to a compromise on the Andean Counterdrug Initiative. The conference report funds this account at a level of \$700 million, which is \$75 million more than last year and \$31 million less than the request. The conference report includes a permissive transfer of \$31 million from the regular International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement account from this or previous Acts, therefore if the authority is exercised, the Andean Counterdrug Initiative will be fully funded.

While I am a strong advocate of properly managed United States foreign assistance programs, the Committee learned last year that some foreign governments have assessed taxes against our aid programs. This is unacceptable, and we owe it to the American people to ensure that tax dollars intended for programs to help people are not transferred to the treasuries of foreign governments. Therefore, we include language from the House bill mandating that the Department of State take definite action to halt this practice. We further require that any tax that is collected and not properly reimbursed to the United States government will be deducted at a level of 200 percent from the aid that would be provided to that country in fiscal year 2004. Half of these funds will be returned in a rebate to the Treasury, thereby providing the first "tax relief" Congress will consider this year.

Finally, we have recommended language for the U.N. Population Fund that almost no one likes, but which almost everyone is prepared to live with. This bill respects the concerns of the majority in the House who insist that U.S. funds going to the UNFPA are contingent on that organization's commitment, action, and adherence to a policy of opposing coercive abortions in China in compliance with the so-called "Kemp-Kasten" amendment. I have also tried to recognize our common belief that it is imperative that U.S. maintain and continue to project positive leadership in international affairs in a way that helps us secure our very broad foreign policy interests. That is why both the fiscal year 2002 funds of \$34 million, and \$34 million in fiscal year 2003 will be available to UNFPA if they are in compliance with Kemp-Kasten.

Mr. Speaker, I have highlighted only the most important provisions of the foreign operations appropriations act. I think we have done

a good job responding to the President's needs in this area while protecting programs important to the Congress. I strongly support this conference report and urge its adoption.

Ms. MCCARTHY. Mr. Speaker, I am deeply disappointed that we were given less than twenty-four hours to evaluate this critical and massive omnibus appropriations bill. I object to this flawed process.

This bill includes a number of anti-environmental provisions that significantly endanger our nation's public lands, forests, wildlife, clean water, endangered species and other national treasures. These are environmentally harmful and fiscally wasteful projects. H.J. Res. 2 makes deep cuts to the Conservation Trust Fund. Congress established this fund to address the chronic underfunding of our nation's parks, refuges, wildlife protections, open space, and historic and cultural resources. The Conservation Trust Fund has responded to the concerns of thousands of conservation, environmental, preservation and recreation interests and a broad array of state and local interests. This proposal cuts this funding by more than \$200 million. This proposal will also authorize unlimited private contracts for logging in national forests. This will open the doors of our nation's forests to the timber industry, allowing widespread logging under the guise of forest management.

H.J. Res. 2 will allow the Department of the Interior to conduct preleasing activities in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, even though Congress recently rejected oil and gas leasing in the Refuge. This will potentially open up the area to environmentally hazardous oil exploration. H.J. Res. 2 does not provide adequate funds to our homeland security which is needed to protect our nation from potential threats. The safety of individuals within our nation is a high priority and we must do everything we can to adequately fund projects that protect our citizens, as well as uphold our democratic principles.

Representative OBEY's motion to recommit will strike the anti-environmental riders. It will exempt the Tongass National Forest Plan from administrative or judicial review. His motion to recommit will add funding for critical conservation resource programs at not less than 2002 levels; and add up to \$500 million above the current conference levels to fund training, equipment, and assistance for first responders. I will support Representative OBEY's motion to recommit because it will protect our environment while addressing concerns over our homeland security.

Not only do we need to protect our nation from potential threats from outside nations but we must also protect our citizens from environmental damage that will impact our health, land, and natural resources. The environment and health of our nation is not something I am willing to gamble with. I strongly urge my colleagues to support Representative OBEY's Motion to Recommit.

Mr. DOOLITTLE. Mr. Speaker, the Conference Committee for the FY 2003 Omnibus Appropriations Bill has included language relating to the funding of the installment due on or before September 30, 2003 under the Consent Judgment entered on February 7, 2003 in *Sumner Peck Ranch, Inc. v. Bureau of Reclamation*. By including this language it is not Congress' intent that the United States default in the payment of that installment. Creating such a default would be unwise. Instead, the

intent of the language is to indicate that funds under the Energy and Water Development Appropriation Act are not authorized to pay such installment. By so indicating, it is further intended that payment of the Peck judgment installment is "not otherwise provided for" as that phrase is used in Section 1304 of Title 31 of the United States Code. Appropriations exist and are available under Section 1304 for payment of such installment, and it is intended that such appropriations be so utilized.

Mr. MICHAUD. Mr. Speaker, today, the House considered the Omnibus appropriations measure for Fiscal Year 2003. It is the legal duty of the Congress to fund the government, and the time to vote on this funding was long overdue.

As is often the case, the majority decided to use this desperately-needed bill as a vehicle to insert "riders" and other language that would be unlikely to pass on its own. In this bill, there was language that would open the way to preliminary studies of the feasibility of oil drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. There was language that would increase logging in national forests. There was a cut to conservation programs, and a severe underfunding of border security and first responders money.

I object to these provisions in the strongest terms. This is a sneaky, underhanded way of creating policy. At a time when funding for so many valuable programs in Maine and across the country is desperately needed, it is wrong to extort the Members of Congress into voting on these highly controversial measures. The majority is saying: vote in favor of this bill, with these odious measures included, or lose the entire bill.

So when the Motion to Recommit was offered, I gladly voted in favor of it. This motion would have instructed the Appropriations Committee to remove this offensive language, and pass a clean bill to fund the government. I would welcome the idea of a short delay in passing the omnibus if it were to mean removing these environmental sneak-attacks.

However, when that motion failed, I felt that the remainder of the bill was too important for Maine to be allowed to fail. The omnibus includes millions of dollars in direct aid to Maine. I have worked hard to obtain funding for projects in agriculture, health, transportation, construction, science, and labor. This includes \$900,000 that I was able to convince my colleagues to include to help the workers in Millinocket and East Millinocket who have lost their health care in the wake of the Great Northern Paper Bankruptcy. This includes language that I was able to insert prohibiting the Department of Labor from consolidating the Bangor and Portland OSHA offices without further consultation with Congress. This includes Medicare payments to physicians and support to rural hospitals in Maine, money to develop the East-West Highways, money for education, federal housing loans, and small business loans.

I voted in favor of the omnibus so that Maine would not be deprived of all of these vital resources. I am extremely disappointed that this bill contained such detrimental, misguided environmental policy as well. I will continue to oppose measures such as these. I have already worked hard in my first month in Congress to oppose drilling in ANWR, to safeguard our environment, and to promote energy efficiency and alternative fuel sources. I have

written letters, cosponsored bills, and worked with my colleagues already on these issues, and my determination to advance these causes will not diminish.

I am pleased that we could pass this bill, and bring important funding to programs in Maine and around the nation, and I wish that the majority party had not exacted such a high price.

Mr. PETRI. Mr. Speaker, I want to commend the Committee for setting an obligation limit of \$31.6 billion for the federal highway program in 2003. As we are facing a struggling economy and overwhelming transportation challenges, it is essential that we continue to invest now to preserve jobs, save lives, and provide the basic infrastructure we need to get back on the road to economic growth. The Trust Fund can support this spending as we have a \$16 billion balance and, at a time when we are looking at an economic stimulus package, it does not make sense to shortchange a program that helps grow the economy and provide good, well-paying jobs.

That being said, I am disappointed that once again the Committee has changed the way the program functions and, in essence, amended TEA 21 in the process. Once again funds—\$269 million worth—which would otherwise go to the states are held back in order to expand earmarking opportunities, and at a 100% federal share. In addition, \$285 million is appropriated from the Highway Trust Fund and \$90 million is appropriated from the General Fund for further earmarking. And it appears that obligation authority is distributed in a way that favors program earmarked by appropriators at the expense of other appropriated or allocated programs. As last year, contract authority distributed to the states under the core programs is rescinded. It is only in the last two years that these types of activities have been approved by the appropriators, and it is a trend that should end with this bill.

I again want to praise the overall level of highway spending provided in this conference report. Now that we are finally finished with fiscal year 2003, and begin the 2004 appropriations process, I hope we can return to a process that respects the jurisdiction of the authorizing committees, that does not take funds away from the states, and that we can work together to advance the transportation agenda of our nation.

Mr. SMITH of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I commend the Leadership and Members of the Appropriations Committee for bringing this legislation to the House floor and in concluding the FY 2003 funding process.

This bill provides critical resources for essential and much needed scientific, research and advanced technology initiatives.

As a member of the Research Subcommittee of the House Science Committee, I would like to express appreciation for the continued funding of many valuable research programs, both within the government and for the commercial sector.

Funding continues for the many federal research programs, including NIH, NSF, NOAA, NASA and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

Within NIST, funding for the Advanced Technology Program is provided. ATP assists in the commercialization of promising technologies and provides federal resources that

are much needed and scarce in the current economy and investment climate.

I would like to recommend an additional category for consideration in the use and awards of ATP funds for FY 2002–03 grants. Important advances in digital holographic technology are being developed, with broad applications for commercial as well as governmental uses, both defense and non-defense.

This important scientific work by mostly small companies has been funded through private capital, which is now largely unavailable at this critical period of technology development. With uses of this three-dimensional visualization technology pending in a number of critical areas, capital is needed to accelerate the R&D programs.

I urge NIST to include within the areas under consideration for ATP funding this emerging field of digital holographic technology and its great commercial potential.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of this House Joint Resolution 2, the Omnibus Appropriations bill for Fiscal 2003.

At the outset, I'd like to recognize the valiant efforts of the Chairman of our full Appropriations Committee, the gentleman from Florida, Mr. YOUNG. The Chairman has provided energetic and stalwart leadership throughout this unusually long appropriations cycle and this House owes him a debt of gratitude. The Conference Report before us is a better piece of legislation today for his efforts and those of the rest of the Subcommittee Chairmen. I want to thank our House Conferees and thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Speaker, I will support this Conference Report. In doing so, I echo the comments of many of my Colleagues. There is much to be proud of in this bill.

We provide:

Another \$10 billion for intelligence and defense activities, the immediate need of which is self-evident;

\$825 million for our first-responders—those on the homefront we task to help our citizens in time of need;

An additional \$3.1 billion over the President's request for education—to keep our commitment to the No Child Left Behind Act;

And the single largest program increase in the bill goes to NIH—the agency on the cutting edge of medical research and thus better support the collaborative efforts for basic research with our colleges and universities;

No, this bill is not perfect. Given sole responsibility to draft this \$397 billion package, we all would have rearranged priorities a bit, taken out some of the legislative riders and re-drafted others.

But, my colleagues, we cannot let "the perfect" be the enemy of "the good."

We have a responsibility to govern. We have a responsibility to lead.

And at a time when this nation is waging a war on terror, defending our homeland and possibly preparing to send our young soldiers into harm's way, we should pass this bill and get on with the business of governing and reviewing the President's new proposal for FY 2004.

Once again, I thank Chairman YOUNG for his leadership. I urge adoption of the Conference Report.

Mr. HOBSON. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to support the conference report on H.J. Res. 2, which includes the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act for the fiscal year 2003.

We were able to work out the differences between the House and Senate bills in such a way that the critical priorities of the House and Senate were protected. The product of our deliberations is a package that will help strengthen our defense, rebuild our critical infrastructure, and increase our scientific knowledge.

The total amount included in the conference agreement for energy and water programs is \$26 billion. This is \$858 million over fiscal year 2002 and about \$287 million over the budget request.

I am pleased with the level of funding we have recommended for the Civil Works program of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. At \$4.6 billion, the recommended funding is \$456 million higher than the Administration's inadequate budget request. While that may sound like a large increase, the amount we have recommended is actually \$27 million less than the Corps spent in fiscal year 2002. If we had funded the Corps' program at the level requested by the Administration, the result would have been schedule delays, increased project costs, and the loss of project benefits. In addition to providing more funds for ongoing projects, the conference agreement includes funding for a number of new construction starts.

For the Bureau of Reclamation, we have provided \$953 million, which is \$72 million above the budget request. This includes \$23 million for the Bay-Delta Ecosystem Restoration Program in California.

For the non-defense programs of the Department of Energy, we were able to provide modest increases over last year for several programs. The basic research performed by the Department of Energy has led to many of the technological breakthroughs that have helped our economy grow. These programs will be even more important as we move into the 21st Century.

For the atomic energy defense programs of the Department of Energy, the conference agreement includes \$15.7 billion, a slight increase of \$33 million over the budget request. These funds will ensure that we have a reliable and safe nuclear weapons stockpile, continue to fund important nuclear nonproliferation programs to secure nuclear materials in Russia, and meet our commitments to communities throughout the United States to clean up the damage done to the environment over the past forty years.

I want to thank my Senate counterpart, Chairman PETE DOMENICI, and his Ranking Minority Member, Senator HARRY REID, for their cooperation and hard work. I am especially grateful to my good friend and the Ranking Minority Member of the House subcommittee, the Honorable PETE VISCLOSKEY, for his tremendous efforts on behalf of this conference report. I also want to thank our full committee chairman, Mr. YOUNG, and the full committee ranking member, Mr. OBEY.

Finally, I would like to express my appreciation to the Subcommittee staff for Energy and Water Development—Bob Schmidt, Jeanne Wilson, Kevin Cook, Dennis Kern, Tracey LaTurner, Dave Kilian, Rich Kaelin, and Chris Altendorf. Their expertise, knowledge, and negotiating skills have been invaluable throughout this process.

I urge the unanimous support of the House for adoption of this conference report. I would hope we could quickly conclude action on this conference report so that we can get this bill to the White House for signature.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. THORNBERRY). All time for debate on the conference report has expired.

Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the conference report.

There was no objection.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT OFFERED BY MR. OBEY

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the conference report?

Mr. OBEY. At this stage, I certainly am, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. OBEY moves to recommit the conference report on the joint resolution, H.J. Res. 2, to the committee of conference with instructions to the managers on the part of the House to:

(1) disagree to section 323 in Division F of the conference report (expanding logging in Federal forests);

(2) disagree to section 335 in Division F of the conference report (preventing any administrative or judicial review of the Tongass Land Management Plan);

(3) reconsider its decisions on the Bureau of Land Management, Energy and Minerals program;

(4) fund, within the scope of conference, conservation spending category items in Division F (including National Park Service grants to States and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service programs) at no less than current rate; and

(5) increasing funding for training, equipment, and assistance for first responders provided through the Office of Domestic Preparedness to levels as close to the levels requested by the President as is possible within the scope of conference.

Mr. KIND. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to speak against a provision in the FY2003 Omnibus Appropriations Bill that weakens the organic label standards related to livestock production. This 11th hour provision weakens national organic standards by no longer requiring organic poultry producers to feed their birds only organically raised feed grains. This language, hidden in the Congressional Appropriations Bill, is contrary to the intent of organic livestock production and would severely undermine the organic standards that we currently have in place.

Organic foods have been one of the fastest growing components of the agriculture consumer marketplace, a market that is built upon trust. Millions of American consumers have grown to trust the quality, wholesomeness and integrity of organically labeled meats and vegetables. Should this provision prevail, the American consumers will no longer be able to trust organic labeled meat as truly organic. This provision will undermine both consumer confidence in organic labeling and the existing USDA standards.

Select livestock producers, specifically chicken and poultry product farmers in Georgia, would be able to market their products as organic without raising the birds on organically grown feeds. This provision is inconsistent with organic consumers perceptions of the origin of organic poultry and the intent and regulations of organic producers.

The recently enacted organic standards was the result of many years of careful deliberation

and public input. Overwhelmingly, organic producers and consumers have supported the new standards. Due to this outrageous omnibus provision, organic producers and consumers will no longer have confidence in the organic labeling process.

I strongly urge you to vote for the motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Sergeant at Arms will notify absent Members.

Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of adoption of the conference report.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 193, nays 226, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 31]

YEAS—193

Abercrombie	Eshoo	Majette
Ackerman	Etheridge	Maloney
Alexander	Evans	Markey
Andrews	Farr	Marshall
Baca	Fattah	Matheson
Baird	Filner	Matsui
Baldwin	Ford	McCarthy (MO)
Ballance	Frank (MA)	McCarthy (NY)
Becerra	Frost	McCollum
Bell	Gephardt	McDermott
Berkley	Gonzalez	McGovern
Berman	Gordon	McIntyre
Berry	Green (TX)	McNulty
Bishop (GA)	Grijalva	Meehan
Bishop (NY)	Gutierrez	Meek (FL)
Blumenauer	Harman	Meeks (NY)
Boswell	Hastings (FL)	Menendez
Boucher	Hill	Michaud
Boyd	Hinchee	Millender-
Brady (PA)	Hinojosa	McDonald
Brown (OH)	Hoeffel	Miller (NC)
Brown, Corrine	Holden	Miller, George
Capps	Holt	Moore
Cardin	Honda	Moran (VA)
Cardoza	Hoolley (OR)	Nadler
Carson (IN)	Hoyer	Napolitano
Carson (OK)	Inslee	Neal (MA)
Case	Israel	Oberstar
Clay	Jackson (IL)	Obey
Clyburn	Jackson-Lee	Olver
Conyers	(TX)	Ortiz
Cooper	Jefferson	Owens
Costello	Johnson, E. B.	Pallone
Cramer	Jones (OH)	Pastor
Crowley	Kanjorski	Pelosi
Cummings	Kaptur	Peterson (MN)
Davis (AL)	Kennedy (RI)	Pomeroy
Davis (CA)	Kildee	Price (NC)
Davis (FL)	Kilpatrick	Rahall
Davis (IL)	Kind	Ramstad
Davis (TN)	Kleczka	Rangel
DeFazio	Kucinich	Reyes
DeGette	Lampson	Rodriguez
Delahunt	Langevin	Ross
DeLauro	Lantos	Rothman
Deutsch	Larsen (WA)	Roybal-Allard
Dicks	Larson (CT)	Ruppersberger
Dingell	Lee	Rush
Doggett	Levin	Ryan (OH)
Dooley (CA)	Lewis (GA)	Sabo
Doyle	Lofgren	Sanchez, Linda
Edwards	Lowey	T.
Emanuel	Lucas (KY)	Sanders
Engel	Lynch	Sandlin

Schakowsky
Schiff
Scott (GA)
Scott (VA)
Serrano
Sherman
Skelton
Smith (WA)
Snyder
Solis
Spratt
Stark

Strickland
Stupak
Tanner
Tauscher
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Tierney
Towns
Udall (CO)
Udall (NM)
Van Hollen
Velazquez

Visclosky
Waters
Watson
Watt
Waxman
Weiner
Wexler
Woolsey
Wu
Wynn

NAYS—226

Aderholt
Akin
Bachus
Baker
Ballenger
Barrett (SC)
Bartlett (MD)
Barton (TX)
Bass
Beauprez
Bereuter
Biggart
Bilirakis
Bishop (UT)
Blackburn
Blunt
Boehlert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bonner
Bono
Boozman
Bradley (NH)
Brady (TX)
Brown (SC)
Brown-Waite,
Ginny
Burgess
Burns
Burr
Burton (IN)
Buyer
Calvert
Camp
Cannon
Cantor
Capito
Carter
Castle
Chabot
Chocola
Coble
Cole
Cox
Crane
Crenshaw
Culberson
Cunningham
Davis, Jo Ann
Davis, Tom
Deal (GA)
DeLay
DeMint
Diaz-Balart, L.
Diaz-Balart, M.
Doolittle
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Ehlers
Emerson
English
Feeney
Flake
Fletcher
Foley
Forbes
Fossella
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Garrett (NJ)
Gerlach
Gibbons
Gilchrest
Gillmor

Gingrey
Goode
Goodlatte
Goss
Granger
Graves
Green (WI)
Greenwood
Gutknecht
Hall
Harris
Hart
Hastert
Hastings (WA)
Hayes
Hayworth
Hefley
Hensarling
Herger
Hobson
Hoekstra
Hostettler
Houghton
Hulshof
Hunter
Hyde
Isakson
Issa
Istook
Janklow
Jenkins
John
Johnson (CT)
Johnson (IL)
Johnson, Sam
Jones (NC)
Keller
Kelly
Kennedy (MN)
King (IA)
King (NY)
Kingston
Kirk
Kline
Knollenberg
Kolbe
LaHood
Latham
LaTourette
Leach
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (KY)
LoBiondo
Lucas (OK)
Manzullo
McCotter
McCrery
McHugh
McInnis
McKeon
Mica
Miller (FL)
Miller (MI)
Miller, Gary
Mollohan
Moran (KS)
Murphy
Murtha
Musgrave
Myrick
Nethercutt
Ney
Northup
Norwood
Nunes
Nussle

Osborne
Ose
Otter
Oxley
Paul
Pearce
Pence
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Pickering
Pitts
Platts
Pombo
Porter
Portman
Pryce (OH)
Putnam
Quinn
Radanovich
Regula
Rehberg
Renzi
Reynolds
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rogers (MI)
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Royce
Ryan (WI)
Ryun (KS)
Saxton
Schrock
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Sherwood
Shimkus
Shuster
Simmons
Simpson
Smith (MI)
Smith (TX)
Souders
Stearns
Stenholm
Sullivan
Sweeney
Tancred
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Terry
Thomas
Thornberry
Tiahrt
Toomey
Turner (OH)
Turner (TX)
Upton
Vitter
Walden (OR)
Walsh
Wamp
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Whitfield
Wicker
Wilson (NM)
Wolf
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—16

Allen
Capuano
Collins
Combest
Cubin
Everett

Ferguson
Linder
Lipinski
Pascarell
Payne
Sanchez, Loretta

Slaughter
Smith (NJ)
Tiberi
Wilson (SC)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. THORNBERRY) (during the vote). The Chair reminds Members there are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1839

Messrs. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, TURNER of Texas, and HALL changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, I was unable to be present for rollcall vote 31. Had I been present, I would have voted “aye” on rollcall vote 31.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the conference report.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 338, noes 83, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 32]

AYES—338

Abercrombie
Aderholt
Alexander
Andrews
Baca
Bachus
Ballenger
Barrett (SC)
Barton (TX)
Bass
Beauprez
Berkley
Berman
Berry
Biggart
Bilirakis
Bishop (GA)
Bishop (NY)
Bishop (UT)
Blackburn
Blunt
Boehlert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bonner
Bono
Boozman
Boswell
Boucher
Boyd
Bradley (NH)
Brady (PA)
Brady (TX)
Brown (SC)
Brown, Corrine
Brown-Waite,
Ginny
Burgess
Burns
Burr
Burton (IN)
Buyer
Calvert
Cannon
Cantor
Capito
Capps
Cardin

Cardozo
Carson (IN)
Carson (OK)
Carter
Case
Castle
Chocola
Clyburn
Coble
Cole
Cramer
Crane
Crenshaw
Crowley
Culberson
Cummings
Cunningham
Davis (AL)
Davis (CA)
Davis (FL)
Davis (TN)
Davis, Jo Ann
Davis, Tom
Deal (GA)
DeLauro
DeLay
DeMint
Diaz-Balart, L.
Diaz-Balart, M.
Dicks
Dingell
Dooley (CA)
Doolittle
Doyle
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Edwards
Ehlers
Emanuel
Emerson
Engel
English
Fattah
Feeney
Fletcher
Foley
Forbes
Ford
Fossella
Frelinghuysen

Frost
Gallegly
Garrett (NJ)
Gerlach
Gilchrest
Gillmor
Gingrey
Gonzalez
Goode
Goodlatte
Gordon
Goss
Granger
Graves
Green (TX)
Greenwood
Gutierrez
Hall
Harman
Harris
Hart
Hastert
Hastings (WA)
Hayes
Hayworth
Herger
Hill
Hinojosa
Hobson
Hoeffel
Holden
Holt
Honda
Hooley (OR)
Houghton
Hoyer
Hulshof
Hunter
Hyde
Inlee
Isakson
Israel
Issa
Istook
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Janklow
Jenkins
John
Johnson (CT)
Johnson (IL)

Johnson, E. B.
Johnson, Sam
Jones (OH)
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Keller
Kelly
Kennedy (MN)
Kennedy (RI)
Kildee
Kilpatrick
King (IA)
King (NY)
Kingston
Kirk
Klecza
Kline
Knollenberg
Kolbe
LaHood
Lampson
Langevin
Lantos
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latham
LaTourette
Leach
Lee
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (KY)
LoBiondo
Lowey
Lucas (KY)
Lucas (OK)
Lynch
Majette
Maloney
Manzullo
Marshall
Matheson
Matsui
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McCotter
McCrery
McGovern
McHugh
McInnis
McIntyre
McKeon
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Menendez
Mica
Michaud
Millender
McDonald
Miller (MI)

Miller (NC)
Miller, Gary
Mollohan
Moore
Moran (KS)
Moran (VA)
Murphy
Murtha
Myrick
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal (MA)
Nethercutt
Ney
Northup
Norwood
Nunes
Nussle
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Osborne
Ose
Otter
Owens
Pallone
Pastor
Pearce
Pelosi
Pence
Peterson (MN)
Peterson (PA)
Pickering
Platts
Pombo
Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Putnam
Quinn
Radanovich
Rahall
Rangel
Regula
Rehberg
Renzi
Reyes
Reynolds
Rodriguez
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rogers (MI)
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Ross
Rothman
Roybal-Allard
Ruppersberger
Ryan (OH)
Sabo

NOES—83

Frank (MA)
Franks (AZ)
Gephardt
Gibbons
Green (WI)
Grijalva
Gutknecht
Hastings (FL)
Hefley
Hensarling
Hinchey
Hoekstra
Hostettler
Jackson (IL)
Jefferson
Jones (NC)
Kind
Kucinich
Lewis (GA)
Lofgren
Markey
McDermott
Miller (FL)
Miller, George
Musgrave
Oxley
Paul
Petri

Sanchez, Linda
T.
Sandlin
Saxton
Schiff
Schrock
Scott (GA)
Scott (VA)
Serrano
Sessions
Shaw
Shays
Sherman
Sherwood
Shimkus
Shuster
Simmons
Simpson
Skelton
Slaughter
Smith (NJ)
Smith (TX)
Snyder
Solis
Souder
Spratt
Stearns
Stenholm
Strickland
Stupak
Sullivan
Sweeney
Tauzin
Taylor (NC)
Terry
Thomas
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thornberry
Tiahrt
Turner (OH)
Turner (TX)
Udall (NM)
Upton
Van Hollen
Velazquez
Visclosky
Vitter
Walden (OR)
Walsh
Wamp
Waters
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Whitfield
Wicker
Wilson (NM)
Wolf
Wu
Wynn
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—14

Allen
Capuano
Collins

Combest
Cubin
Everett

Ferguson
Linder

Lipinski Payne Tiberi
Pascrell Sanchez, Loretta Wilson (SC)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). Members have 2 minutes remaining to record their votes.

□ 1900

Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. MENENDEZ, and Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

So the conference report was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California. Mr. Speaker, on Thursday, February, I was unavoidably detained due to a prior obligation in my district.

I request that the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD reflect that had I been present and voting, I would have voted "no" on rollcall No. 27, "yea" on rollcall No. 28, "yea" on rollcall No. 29, "no" on rollcall No. 30, "yea" on rollcall No. 31, and "yea" on rollcall No. 32.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. EVERETT. Mr. Speaker, I will be unable to vote during the following rollcall votes this afternoon because I am departing on the Speaker's CODEL to visit our troops in the Middle East. However, if I had been present, I would have voted as indicated below.

Rollcall No. 29 (Motion to recommit H.R. 4, the Personal Responsibility, Work and Family Promotion Act of 2003, with instructions)—"nay"; rollcall No. 30 (Final Passage of H.R. 4)—"yea"; rollcall No. 31 (Motion to recommit H.J. Res. 2, Making Further Continuing Appropriations For The Fiscal Year 2003)—"nay"; rollcall No. 32 (Final Passage of H.J. Res. 2)—"yea".

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. COLLINS. Mr. Speaker, for security reasons our delegation trip departed prior to the conclusion of legislative business. Had I been present for the conclusion of legislative business, I would have voted "nay" on the Motion to Recommit (rollcall No. 29), and "yea" on Final Passage (rollcall No. 30) of H.R. 4—Personal Responsibility, Work and Family Promotion Act of 2003.

In addition, Mr. Speaker, I would have voted "nay" on the Motion to Recommit (rollcall No. 31), and "yea" on Final Passage (rollcall No. 32) of H.J. Res. 2—the Fiscal Year 2003 appropriations Conference Report.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. CAPUANO. Mr. Speaker, due to an official congressional delegation trip to Afghanistan, I was unable to cast votes on rollcall Votes 29, 30, 31, and 32. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall 29, "nay" on rollcall 30, and "yea" on rollcall 31, and "nay" on rollcall 32.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. THORNBERRY). Pursuant to House Resolution 71, the House is considered to

have adopted House Concurrent Resolution 35.

The text of House Concurrent Resolution 35 is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 35

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring). That, in the enrollment of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 2) making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2003, and for other purposes, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following correction:

Amend the title so as to read: "Joint Resolution making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2003, and for other purposes."

REQUEST TO DISCHARGE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FROM FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 23, CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, FISCAL YEAR 2003

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, in order to allow ample time for the House to move this bill now to the Senate and for the Senate to debate it, pass it, and to engross the bills and get them to the President and give him a little time to review this bill, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Appropriations be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution, (H.J. Res. 23), making further appropriations for the fiscal year 2003, and for other purposes, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to consideration of the joint resolution?

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Wisconsin is recognized under his reservation.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, in a democratic institution, when we have nothing else, the only protections that remain for individual Members and for the constituents that we represent lie in the normal processes of the House. We have just passed a bill in which 90 percent of the dollars contained in that bill were dollars that were never debated on their merits on the House floor. For the last year, this House has engaged in a process of refusing to allow the democratic process that is fundamental to this Nation to manifest itself on the floor of this institution. And as a result, we have never had an opportunity to debate the wisdom of, for instance, cutting the first responders below the President's budget or doing a number of other outrageous things that happened in this bill tonight.

Because I take my institutional responsibilities seriously, I, in the end, most reluctantly voted for the bill that just passed, despite the fact that I am outraged by the process that produced it; I am outraged by the rigidity with which the White House has dealt with these issues; I am outraged that the

White House, especially the Office of Management and Budget, have seemed to have determined that it is their way or the highway on all occasions.

I am used to give-and-take and I have had a cooperative relationship, not necessarily a loving relationship, but a cooperative relationship with virtually every President I have served under, including this President's father, and I want to have the same kind of relationship with the White House under these circumstances. But now we are being asked to provide for consideration of a motion tonight which, under the Rules of the House, ought to be brought up tomorrow; and we are being asked to pass a continuing resolution which gives the President more time to consider the very items that we were given no time whatsoever to consider on this floor today. I find that double standard both interesting and quaint and outrageous.

And so I have great respect for the job the gentleman has tried to do, but there are two ways to handle massive legislation like this on the House floor. One is to try to work out differences; and in working out those differences, it is important that one keeps to his or her word. Secondly, the other way to deal with it is just to ram the other side. And in too many instances, including the conference that took place, the full conference that took place the night before last, issues were rammed rather than working out an honest give-and-take arrangement.

So, in my view, if this body believes that the President needs more time to continue to study the document which we were not allowed to study before we voted on it, I am only the ranking Democrat on the committee and I have no idea of the impact of dozens of provisions in this bill; and I simply want to say that because of that, I think that the White House ought to have to exist under the same conditions that we have been forced to exist under. If we have to consider legislation without having an understanding of what is in it, and incidentally I know that Mr. Daniels, the OMB director, told his staff that he was going to be in charge of the conference.

Now, if he has not told the President of the United States what is in this bill, it is a little late, because they have imposed this product on us. So with all due respect, if the House wants to consider a continuing resolution, then it ought to do so under the regular processes of the House by bringing it up tomorrow.

Now, that is going to inconvenience me in a major way. I know it is going to inconvenience a number of my colleagues. But once in a while we have to put duty ahead of convenience, and I intend to do so in this instance.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. OBEY. Now, under my reservation, I am happy to yield to the gentleman from Florida.

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding; and