

protections, environmental protections, and our work in the area of nuclear nonproliferation. But some of these provisions were improved in conference, and the addition of concurrent receipt provisions for our nation's veterans is critical. In view of these changes to the bill, added to my belief in the importance of supporting our men and women in uniform, I will support the conference report today.

TRIBUTE TO ANTHONY SOMOGYI

HON. SCOTT McINNIS

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, November 18, 2003

Mr. McINNIS. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pride that I pay tribute to Captain Anthony Somogyi from Palisade, Colorado. Anthony is a pilot in the United States Army who recently returned home from serving our country in Operation Iraqi Freedom. Our nation is proud of Anthony's extraordinary valor, and it is my honor today to pay tribute to his dedication and commitment before this body of Congress.

Anthony grew up in Palisade and attended Palisade High School. After graduating, he moved to the University of North Dakota where he earned his bachelors degree and graduated cum laude. Upon leaving college, Anthony decided to employ his considerable education and talents for the betterment of our nation. His patriotism and conviction is a shining example to all young Americans.

Anthony was assigned to the Army's 4th Infantry Division for a six-month deployment in Iraq. While there, he was an Air Mission Commander whose team flew over 80 combat missions. Anthony's unit participated in Task Force Iron Horse, the operation responsible for seizing numerous airfields and countless weapons throughout Iraq. In addition, he played a role in securing the border between Iran and Iraq.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to pay tribute to Captain Anthony Somogyi's courageous service. His selfless desire to protect the freedom of all Americans is a reflection of his unwavering love for our country. I am extremely proud of Anthony and his fellow servicemen and women. Thank you and welcome home.

RECOGNIZING JASON THOMAS HANSER FOR ACHIEVING THE RANK OF EAGLE SCOUT

HON. SAM GRAVES

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, November 18, 2003

Mr. GRAVES. Mr. Speaker, I proudly pause to recognize Jason Thomas Hanser, a very special young man who has exemplified the finest qualities of citizenship and leadership by taking an active part in the Boy Scouts of America, Troop 66, and in earning the most prestigious award of Eagle Scout.

Jason has been very active with his troop, participating in many Scout activities. Over the 7 years Jason has been involved with Scouting, he has earned 37 merit badges and has held numerous leadership positions, serving as assistant senior patrol leader, patrol leader,

librarian, and assistant scoutmaster in Troop 66. Jason is also a Brave in the Tribe of Mic-O-Say.

For his Eagle Scout project, Jason identified and mapped out the location of all veterans buried in the cemetery in Plattsburg, Missouri. He identified over 350 veterans dating back to the Civil War. His project aided the American Legion in placing flags on Memorial Day.

Mr. Speaker, I proudly ask you to join me in commending Jason Thomas Hanser for his accomplishments with the Boy Scouts of America and for his efforts put forth in achieving the highest distinction of Eagle Scout.

RECOGNIZING NATIONAL DISABILITY EMPLOYMENT AWARENESS MONTH

HON. DAVID SCOTT

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, November 18, 2003

Mr. SCOTT of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to recognize October as National Disability Employment Awareness Month (NDEAM). Congress designated each October as National Disability Employment Awareness Month in order to increase the public's awareness of the contributions and skills of American workers with disabilities. Various programs carried out throughout the month also highlight the specific employment barriers that still need to be addressed and removed. People with disabilities face many barriers to employment, including everything from transportation to contending with the prevailing attitude surrounding the disabled, but many of them want to work. They want the opportunity. The key is to focus on the abilities of the person, not the disabilities.

This effort to educate the American public about issues related to disability and employment actually began in 1945, when Congress enacted a law declaring the first week in October each year "National Employ the Physically Handicapped Week." In 1962, the word "physically" was removed to acknowledge the employment needs and contributions of individuals with all types of disabilities. In 1988, Congress expanded the week to a month and changed the name to "National Disability Employment Awareness Month." This year's theme for National Disability Employment Awareness Month was "America Works Best When All Americans Work."

I am also grateful to Wayne McMillon, CEO of the Bobby Dodd Institute, Lori Nipp, Board Member of the Bobby Dodd Institute, Megan Dakake of the Bobby Dodd Institute and Dorothy Cochran, CEO of Clayton County Worktec who work actively to prepare individuals with disabilities for employment, to expand employment opportunities available to them and to improve the quality of life for people with disabilities in Georgia. Each of these individuals work on behalf of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Program which provides employment opportunities for nearly 40,000 Americans who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

The Javits-Wagner-O'Day (JWOD) Program uses the purchasing power of the Federal Government to buy products and services from participating, community-based nonprofit agencies dedicated to training and employing individuals with disabilities. In the United

States, the program serves 40,000 people with disabilities and 972 Georgians with disabilities earned nearly \$3 million in wages last year as a result of JWOD.

A coordinated effort on behalf of the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled (the Federal agency that oversees the Program), National Industries for the Blind (NIB) and NISH-Creating Employment Opportunities for People with Severe Disabilities, the JWOD Program provides people who are blind or who have other severe disabilities the opportunity to acquire job skills and training, receive good wages and benefits and gain greater independence and quality of life. Through the JWOD Program, people with disabilities enjoy full participation in their community and can market their JWOD-learned skills into other public and private sector jobs. It is with great pleasure that I recognize the great contributions of American workers with disabilities and I encourage others to do the same every day of the year.

TRIBUTE TO JIM L. RIDLING FOR HIS TIRELESS COMMUNITY SERVICE TO MONTGOMERY, AL, AND MAXWELL AIR FORCE BASE

HON. TERRY EVERETT

OF ALABAMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, November 18, 2003

Mr. EVERETT. Mr. Speaker, Montgomery, Alabama, in my congressional district, is the home to Maxwell Air Force Base and the Air University. It is without a doubt the crown jewel in Air Force excellence and base operations. This didn't just happen by accident. Many people have played major roles in building the necessary synergy of local and federal support to transform Maxwell and Montgomery into the success stories they are today. One of those key players is Jim L. Ridling, who is retiring from Southern Guaranty Insurance.

As the Montgomery Area Chamber of Commerce points out, senior Air Force leaders continue to praise the excellent relationship between the Montgomery and Maxwell-Gunter as the best in the Air Force. No doubt, some of that praise goes to the man who twice presided over the "Wright Flyers", served as chairman of the Montgomery Area Chamber of Commerce's Military Council, and labored as a member of the Executive Committee of the Montgomery Air Force Association.

Jim Ridling has worked behind the scenes and sometimes out front to make sure the needs of Maxwell and other area defense activities were met both locally and in Washington. This is no small task and the rewards are big as Montgomery continues to enjoy a local defense economic impact of well over \$1 billion annually.

All I have mentioned really doesn't begin to scratch the surface of Jim's community service. He's also a member of the Board of Directors of the Business Council of Alabama, a member of Board of Directors of the Montgomery Area Chamber of Commerce, a member of the Board of Directors of the Montgomery Museum of Fine Arts, a member of the School of Business Advisory Council of Troy State University, and a member of the Board of Directors of the Boy Scouts of America. And this remarkable record doesn't even include his "real" job.

This week we pause to honor Jim Ridling as he retires from the post of President and CEO of Southern Guaranty Insurance Company in Montgomery. Jim was never content with building Southern Guaranty into a business success. He also focused his sights on making Montgomery a continued success. And we are ever grateful. I wish him and his wife Catherine all the best, but I somehow believe that Jim's days of service to Montgomery are far from over.

TRIBUTE TO COLONEL MITCHELL PAIGE

HON. MARY BONO

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, November 18, 2003

Mrs. BONO. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize and pay tribute to the life of one of our nation's greatest, and most decorated, war heroes Marine Colonel Mitchell Paige. Colonel Paige passed away this past weekend on November 15, 2003 in his home in La Quinta, California. He is survived by his wife Marilyn, his six children, fifteen grandchildren and six great-grandchildren. I want to extend my deepest condolences to Marilyn, who is a wonderful woman and whom I know Colonel Paige loved very deeply, as well as her entire family.

Colonel Paige served with distinction in the Marine Corps for nearly twenty-eight years with a career that spanned from the date of his enlistment on September 1, 1936 to his retirement on July 1, 1964. The numerous awards and medals bestowed upon Colonel Paige included the Medal of Honor, the Purple Heart, and the Presidential Unit Citation.

President Franklin D. Roosevelt bestowed the Medal of Honor, the highest award for valor given a member of the U.S. Armed Forces, on then Platoon Sergeant Paige for his heroic actions on October 26, 1942 during World War II's Battle of Guadalcanal. His career and service to our nation are so exemplary that the Commandant of the Marine Corps, Gen. Michael W. Hagee, added Colonel Paige's autobiography, "A Marine Named Mitch," to the U.S. Marine Reading Program. His actions are so legendary that the Hasbro Toy Company used his likeness for their 1998 Medal of Honor GI Joe model.

Words cannot justly describe the valor and steadfastness to duty that were displayed by Colonel Paige during the Battle of Guadalcanal. To understand his heroism, one must first understand the importance of the airstrip that his Marine Platoon fought to control during the fall of 1942. During that fall, the Japanese Army was building an airstrip in the Solomon Islands from which they would be able to disrupt communication and supply lines between the United States, Australia and Great Britain. On August 7, 1942, in a surprise attack, the Marines landed and quickly seized control of the field. The Marines completed construction and put the field into operation. In the battles that followed, the two sides continued to struggle for control of the island.

On October 26, 1942, Platoon Sergeant Paige led his platoon of thirty-three men in defending the critical ridge from which the opposing forces planned to launch their final assault against the airfield. During the fighting, each and every member of Paige's platoon

was wounded or killed. The only Marine able to fight, Paige moved up and down the line pulling the dead and wounded back into their foxholes. Sergeant Paige held the Japanese Army back by firing short bursts from each of the four water-cooled Browning machine guns that his platoon had been given to defend the critical ridge. His actions convinced the Japanese that the crest of the hill was well defended. In truth, it was, defended by a single Marine named Platoon Sergeant Mitchell Paige.

Sergeant Paige's heroism did not end there. In the morning mist, near the end of the fighting, Sergeant Paige grabbed one of the water-cooled Brownings, a job for which the weapon was never designed, and walked down the hill towards the location of the enemy who were preparing to outflank his position. Firing as he went, Sergeant Paige took out the remaining enemy forces on the ridge. Later, joined by a makeshift line consisting of communication personnel, riflemen, runners, cooks and messman, Sergeant Paige led a bayonet counterattack against the enemy. The counterattack was successful and the Japanese forces, having suffered staggering losses, retreated all because a single Marine fought with valor and distinction on a small island a little over sixty-one years ago.

After the Battle of Guadalcanal, Colonel Paige continued to serve in the Marines for another twenty-two years. His service and love of country can best be summed up in his own words: "I am proud to be a citizen of a nation whose objective is peace and goodwill for all mankind. A nation which has contributed so much for the benefit of peoples all over the world. A nation, under God, with liberty and justice for all. I am proud to be an American. I can never believe it is old fashioned to love our Flag and Country nor can I ever believe it is being square to stand in readiness behind our Flag to defend those ideals for which it stands against all enemies, foreign and domestic."

America owes Colonel Paige a debt of gratitude. His actions, the actions of a single Marine, most certainly turned the tide in the Pacific Conflict during World War II. His actions saved countless lives of American servicemen and his actions quite literally won the War. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize and pay tribute to the life of a man who lived with valor and honor, a man who loved his country and fought bravely defending her, a man who was a patriot and an American Hero, Marine Colonel Mitchell Paige.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. SUE WILKINS MYRICK

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, November 18, 2003

Mrs. MYRICK. Mr. Speaker, I was unable to participate in the following votes due to a personal matter that kept me at home. If I had been present, I would have voted as follows:

Rollcall vote 620, on S.J. Res. 22, recognizing the Agriculture Research Service of the Department of Agriculture, I would have voted "yes."

Rollcall vote 621, on S.J. Res. 18, commending the Inspectors General, I would have voted "yes."

Rollcall vote 622, on H. Con. Res. 299, honoring Mr. Sargent Shriver, I would have voted "yes."

Rollcall vote 623, on the motion to change the convening time, I would have voted "yes."

COMMENDING THE RECORDING ACADEMY ON THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF ITS CULTURAL POLICY INITIATIVE

HON. KAREN MCCARTHY

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, November 18, 2003

Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commend the National Academy of Recording Arts and Sciences, also known as the Recording Academy, on the announcement of the GRAMMY Cultural Policy Initiative.

The Recording Academy is dedicated to improving the quality of life and cultural condition for music and those who make it. An organization of 18,000 musicians, songwriters, producers and other recording professionals, the Recording Academy is internationally known for the GRAMMY Awards, and is responsible for numerous groundbreaking outreach, professional development, cultural enrichment, education and human services programs.

An outstanding example of the Recording Academy's commitment to music is the National Recording Registry at the Library of Congress. It was an honor for me to be a sponsor with Representative STENY HOYER of the National Recording Preservation Act of 2000 which established the registry. The Recording Academy now works with the Library of Congress to ensure the preservation of our national audio heritage for the enjoyment and education of generations to come. As a result of these efforts the National Recording Registry at the Library of Congress includes early recordings by ragtime composer Scott Joplin, inventor Thomas Edison, and singer Bessie Smith, plus more recent works by Bob Dylan, Aretha Franklin, and Frank Sinatra.

The first 50 recordings in the National Recording Registry truly represent the breadth and brilliance of our recorded heritage in both music and the spoken word, and each year more landmark recordings will be preserved and protected through their addition to the Registry.

To further advance its cultural mission, the Recording Academy unveiled its GRAMMY Cultural Policy Initiative on September 17 in Washington. Neil Portnow, President of the Recording Academy, launched this Initiative on behalf of NARAS to advance the rights of recording artists through advocacy, education and dialogue. Coordinated by Daryl Friedman, Senior Executive Director of the Washington office of the Recording Academy, the advocacy team will utilize its chapters and membership nationwide to educate the public through seminars and other grassroots events.

The Academy is also set to launch the GRAMMY Town Hall, a nationwide series of discussions with music industry leaders on critical issues such as file sharing, copyright protection, and intellectual property.

Mr. Speaker, the importance of music to my life and to the lives of people around the world cannot be overstated. Music transcends borders and breaks down cultural barriers. Young