to the bill H.R. 5005, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4749. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4750. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4751. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4752. Mr. HOLLINGS (for Mr. GRAHAM) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2506, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2005 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, the Community Management Account, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 4732. Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself, Mr. Kennedy, and Mr. Corzine) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ___. STANDARDS FOR CLOSING REMOVAL HEARINGS.

Section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:
- "(e) STANDARDS FOR CLOSING REMOVAL HEARINGS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a removal proceeding under this section shall be open to the public.
- "(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Portions of a removal proceeding under this section may be closed to the public, on a case by case basis, when necessary—
- "(A) and with the consent of the alien, to preserve the confidentiality of applications for—
- "(i) asylum;
- "(ii) withholding of removal;
- "(iii) relief under the Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, done at New York December 10, 1984;
- "(iv) relief under the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322; 108 Stat. 1902); or
- "(v) other applications for relief involving confidential personal information or where portions of the removal hearing involve minors or issues relating to domestic violence; or
- "(B) to protect the national security by preventing the disclosure of—
- "(i) classified information; or
- "(ii) the identity of a confidential informant.".

SA 4733. Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself and Mr. KENNEDY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

On page $_$, strike line $_$ and all that follows through page $_$, line $_$, and insert the following:

SEC. . CIVIL RIGHTS OFFICER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Civil Rights Officer, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Civil Rights Officer shall be responsible for—
- (1) ensuring compliance with all civil rights and related laws and regulations applicable to Department employees and participants in Department programs;
- (2) coordinating administration of all civil rights and related laws and regulations within the Department for Department employees and participants in Department programs:
- (3) assisting the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that civil rights considerations are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities;
- (4) overseeing compliance with statutory and constitutional requirements related to the civil rights of individuals affected by the programs and activities of the Department; and
- (5) notifying the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Civil Rights Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. . PRIVACY OFFICER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Privacy Officer, who shall be appointed by the Secretary.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Privacy Officer shall—
- (1) oversee compliance with section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Privacy Act of 1974) and all other applicable laws relating to the privacy of personal information;
- (2) assist the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that—
- (A) privacy considerations and safeguards are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities; and
- (B) any information received by the Department is used or disclosed in a manner that minimizes the risk of harm to individuals from the inappropriate disclosure or use of such materials;
- (3) assist Department personnel with the preparation of privacy impact assessments when required by law or considered appropriate by the Secretary; and
- (4) notify the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Privacy Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. . INSPECTOR GENERAL.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Inspector General. The Inspector General and the Office of Inspector General shall be subject to the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 11 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services,"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services."
- (c) ASSISTANT INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Office of Inspector General an Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (in this section referred to as the "Assistant Inspector General"), who shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of demonstrated ability in civil rights and civil lib-

- erties, law, management analysis, investigations, and public relations.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT IN-SPECTOR GENERAL.—The Assistant Inspector General shall—
- (A) review information and receive complaints from any source alleging abuses of civil rights and civil liberties by—
- (i) employees and officials of the Department;
- (ii) independent contractors retained by the Department; or
 - (iii) grantees of the Department;
- (B) conduct such investigations as the Assistant Inspector General considers necessary, either self-initiated or in response to complaints, to determine the policies and practices to protect civil rights and civil liberties of—
 - (i) the Department;
 - (ii) any unit of the Department;
- (iii) independent contractors employed by the Department; or
 - (iv) grantees of the Department;
- (C) conduct investigations of the programs and operations of the Department to determine whether the Department's civil rights and civil liberties policies are being effectively implemented, except that the Assistant Inspector General shall not have any responsibility for the enforcement of the Equal Employment Opportunities Act:
- (D) inform the Secretary and Congress of weaknesses, problems, and deficiencies within the Department relating to civil rights and civil liberties:
- (E) provide prompt notification to the Civil Rights Officer of any complaints of violations of civil rights or civil liberties, and consult with the Civil Rights Officer regarding the investigation of such complaints, upon request or as appropriate:
- (F) publicize, in multiple languages, through the Internet, radio, television, and newspaper advertisements—
- (i) information on the responsibilities and functions of the Assistant Inspector General; and
- (ii) instructions on how to contact the Assistant Inspector General; and
- (G) on a semi-annual basis, submit to Congress, for referral to the appropriate committee or committees, a report—
- (i) describing the implementation of this subsection, including the number of complaints received and a general description of any complaints received and investigations undertaken either in response to a complaint or on the initiative of the Assistant Inspector General;
- (ii) detailing any civil rights abuses under subparagraph (A); and
- (iii) accounting for the expenditure of funds to carry out this subsection.
- (d) Additional Provisions With Respect To the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating section 8I as section 8J; and
- (2) by inserting after section 8H the following:

SPECIAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec. 8I. (a)(1) Notwithstanding the last 2 sentences of section 3(a), the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Inspector General") shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") with respect to audits or investigations, or the issuance of subpoenas, which require access to sensitive information concerning—

"(A) intelligence or counterintelligence matters;

- "(B) ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings:
 - "(C) undercover operations;

"(D) the identity of confidential sources, including protected witnesses;

"(E) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to the protection of any person or property authorized protection by—

"(i) section 3056 of title 18, United States Code;

"(ii) section 202 of title 3, United States Code; or

"(iii) any provision of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976 (18 U.S.C. 3056 note); or

"(F) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to national security.

"(2) With respect to the information described under paragraph (1), the Secretary may prohibit the Inspector General from carrying out or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena, after such Inspector General has decided to initiate, carry out, or complete such audit or investigation or to issue such subpoena, if the Secretary determines that such prohibition is necessary to—

"(A) prevent the disclosure of any information described under paragraph (1);

"(B) preserve vital national security interests: or

"(C) prevent significant impairment to the national interests of the United States.

"(3)(A) If the Secretary exercises any power under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary shall notify the Inspector General or, with respect to investigations relating to civil rights or civil liberties, the Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (in this section referred to as the 'Assistant Inspector General'), in writing (appropriately classified, if necessary) within 7 calendar days stating the reasons for such

"(B) Within 30 days after receipt of any notice under subparagraph (A), the Inspector General or Assistant Inspector General, as appropriate, shall prepare a copy of such notice and a written response that states whether the Inspector General or Assistant Inspector General, as appropriate, agrees or disagrees with the Secretary's exercise of a power under paragraph (1) and describes the reasons for any disagreement, to—

"(i) the President of the Senate;

"(ii) the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

"(iii) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate:

"(iv) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives; and

"(v) other appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress.

"(b)(1) In carrying out the duties and responsibilities under this Act, the Inspector General shall have oversight responsibility for the internal investigations and audits performed by any other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in any subdivision of the Department of Homeland Security. With respect to investigations relating to civil rights or civil liberties, the Inspector General's responsibilities under this section shall be exercised by the Assistant Inspector General.

"(2) The head of each other office described under paragraph (1) shall promptly report to the Inspector General the significant activities being carried out by such office.

"(3)(A) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the Inspector General may initiate, conduct, and supervise such audits and investigations in the Department (including in any subdivision referred to in paragraph (1)) as the Inspector General considers appropriate.

"(B) If the Inspector General initiates an audit or investigation under subparagraph (A) concerning a subdivision referred to in paragraph (1), the Inspector General may provide the head of the other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in the subdivision with written notice that the Inspector General has initiated such an audit or investigation.

"(C) If the Inspector General issues a notice under subparagraph (B), no other audit or investigation shall be initiated into the matter under audit or investigation by the Inspector General, and any other audit or investigation of such matter shall cease.

"(c) Any report required to be transmitted by the Secretary to the appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress under section 5(d) shall also be transmitted, within the 7-day period specified under that subsection, to—

"(1) the President of the Senate;

"(2) the Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"(3) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and

"(4) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives.

"(d)(1) The Assistant Inspector General shall inform the complainant regarding what actions were taken in response to a complaint.

"(2) With respect to any complaints received or investigations undertaken by the Assistant Inspector General, any person employed by an independent contractor, or grantee, of the Department shall be entitled to the same protections as are provided to employees of the Department under section ""

(e) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. appendix) is amended—

(1) in section 4(b), by striking "8F" each place it appears and inserting "8G"; and

(2) in section 8J (as redesignated by subsection (d)(1)), by striking "or 8H" and inserting ", 8H, or 8I".

(f) DEFINITION.—In this Act, the term "civil rights and civil liberties" means rights and liberties, which—

(1) are or may be protected by the Constitution or implementing legislation; or

(2) are analogous to the rights and liberties under paragraph (1), whether or not secured by treaty, statute, regulation or executive order.

SEC. ___. REPEAL OF IMMUNITY FOR CUSTOMS OFFICERS IN CONDUCTING CERTAIN SEARCHES.

- (a) In General.—Section 3061 of the Revised Statutes is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "(a)"; and (2) by striking subsection (b).
- (b) TRADE ACT OF 2002.—The Trade Act of 2002 is amended—
 - (1) by striking section 341; and

(2) in the table of contents, by striking the item relating to section 341.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect as if included in chapter 4 of title III of the Trade Act of 2002.

SEC. ___. STANDARDS FOR CLOSING REMOVAL HEARINGS.

Section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:

"(e) STANDARDS FOR CLOSING REMOVAL HEARINGS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a removal proceeding under this section shall be open to the public.

"(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Portions of a removal proceeding under this section may be closed

to the public, on a case by case basis, when necessary—

"(A) and with the consent of the alien, to preserve the confidentiality of applications for—

"(i) asylum;

"(ii) withholding of removal;

"(iii) relief under the Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, done at New York December 10, 1984;

"(iv) relief under the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322; 108 Stat. 1902): or

"(v) other applications for relief involving confidential personal information or where portions of the removal hearing involve minors or issues relating to domestic violence; or

"(B) to protect the national security by preventing the disclosure of—

"(i) classified information; or

"(ii) the identity of a confidential informant.".

SA 4734. Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself and Mr. Kennedy) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page $_$, strike line $_$ and all that follows through page $_$, line $_$, and insert the following:

SEC. . CIVIL RIGHTS OFFICER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Civil Rights Officer, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Civil Rights Officer shall be responsible for—

icer shall be responsible for—
(1) ensuring compliance with all civil

rights and related laws and regulations applicable to Department employees and participants in Department programs;

(2) coordinating administration of all civil rights and related laws and regulations within the Department for Department employees and participants in Department programs;

(3) assisting the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that civil rights considerations are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities;

(4) overseeing compliance with statutory and constitutional requirements related to the civil rights of individuals affected by the programs and activities of the Department; and

(5) notifying the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Civil Rights Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. ___. PRIVACY OFFICER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Privacy Officer, who shall be appointed by the Secretary.

(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Privacy Officer shall—

(1) oversee compliance with section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Privacy Act of 1974) and all other applicable laws relating to the privacy of personal information;

(2) assist the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that—

(A) privacy considerations and safeguards are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities; and

(B) any information received by the Department is used or disclosed in a manner

that minimizes the risk of harm to individuals from the inappropriate disclosure or use of such materials:

- (3) assist Department personnel with the preparation of privacy impact assessments when required by law or considered appropriate by the Secretary; and
- (4) notify the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Privacy Officer, warrants further investigation.

 SEC. INSPECTOR GENERAL.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Inspector General. The Inspector General and the Office of Inspector General shall be subject to the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 11 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services," and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services,".
- (c) ASSISTANT INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Office of Inspector General an Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (in this section referred to as the "Assistant Inspector General"), who shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of demonstrated ability in civil rights and civil liberties, law, management analysis, investigations, and public relations.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT INSPECTOR GENERAL.—The Assistant Inspector General shall—
- (A) review information and receive complaints from any source alleging abuses of civil rights and civil liberties by—
- (i) employees and officials of the Department;
- (ii) independent contractors retained by the Department; or
 - (iii) grantees of the Department;
- (B) conduct such investigations as the Assistant Inspector General considers necessary, either self-initiated or in response to complaints, to determine the policies and practices to protect civil rights and civil liberties of—
 - (i) the Department;
- (ii) any unit of the Department;
- (iii) independent contractors employed by the Department; or
 - (iv) grantees of the Department;
- (C) conduct investigations of the programs and operations of the Department to determine whether the Department's civil rights and civil liberties policies are being effectively implemented, except that the Assistant Inspector General shall not have any responsibility for the enforcement of the Equal Employment Opportunities Act;
- (D) inform the Secretary and Congress of weaknesses, problems, and deficiencies within the Department relating to civil rights and civil liberties;
- (E) provide prompt notification to the Civil Rights Officer of any complaints of violations of civil rights or civil liberties, and consult with the Civil Rights Officer regarding the investigation of such complaints, upon request or as appropriate;
- (F) publicize, in multiple languages, through the Internet, radio, television, and newspaper advertisements—
- (i) information on the responsibilities and functions of the Assistant Inspector General; and
- $\ensuremath{\text{(ii)}}$ instructions on how to contact the Assistant Inspector General; and
- (G) on a semi-annual basis, submit to Congress, for referral to the appropriate committee or committees, a report—

- (i) describing the implementation of this subsection, including the number of complaints received and a general description of any complaints received and investigations undertaken either in response to a complaint or on the initiative of the Assistant Inspector General;
- (ii) detailing any civil rights abuses under subparagraph (A); and
- (iii) accounting for the expenditure of funds to carry out this subsection.
- (d) Additional Provisions With Respect To the Inspector General of the Depart-Ment of Homeland Security.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating section 8I as section 8J; and
- (2) by inserting after section 8H the following:

SPECIAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec. 8I. (a)(1) Notwithstanding the last 2 sentences of section 3(a), the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Inspector General") shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") with respect to audits or investigations, or the issuance of subpoenas, which require access to sensitive information concerning—

- "(A) intelligence or counterintelligence matters;
- "(B) ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings;
 - "(C) undercover operations;
- "(D) the identity of confidential sources, including protected witnesses;
- "(E) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to the protection of any person or property authorized protection by—
- "(i) section 3056 of title 18, United States Code:
- "(ii) section 202 of title 3, United States Code: or
- "(iii) any provision of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976 (18 U.S.C. 3056 note); or
- "(F) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to national security
- "(2) With respect to the information described under paragraph (1), the Secretary may prohibit the Inspector General from carrying out or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena, after such Inspector General has decided to initiate, carry out, or complete such audit or investigation or to issue such subpoena, if the Secretary determines that such prohibition is necessary to—
- "(A) prevent the disclosure of any information described under paragraph (1);
- "(B) preserve vital national security interests; or
- "(C) prevent significant impairment to the national interests of the United States.
- "(3)(A) If the Secretary exercises any power under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary shall notify the Inspector General or, with respect to investigations relating to civil rights or civil liberties, the Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (in this section referred to as the 'Assistant Inspector General'), in writing (appropriately classified, if necessary) within 7 calendar days stating the reasons for such exercise.
- "(B) Within 30 days after receipt of any notice under subparagraph (A), the Inspector General or Assistant Inspector General, as appropriate, shall prepare a copy of such notice and a written response that states whether the Inspector General or Assistant

Inspector General, as appropriate, agrees or disagrees with the Secretary's exercise of a power under paragraph (1) and describes the reasons for any disagreement, to—

- "(i) the President of the Senate;
- "(ii) the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- "(iii) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate:
- "(iv) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives; and
- "(v) other appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress.
- "(b)(1) In carrying out the duties and responsibilities under this Act, the Inspector General shall have oversight responsibility for the internal investigations and audits performed by any other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in any subdivision of the Department of Homeland Security. With respect to investigations relating to civil rights or civil liberties, the Inspector General's responsibilities under this section shall be exercised by the Assistant Inspector General

"(2) The head of each other office described under paragraph (1) shall promptly report to the Inspector General the significant activities being carried out by such office.

"(3)(A) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the Inspector General may initiate, conduct, and supervise such audits and investigations in the Department (including in any subdivision referred to in paragraph (1)) as the Inspector General considers appropriate.

"(B) If the Inspector General initiates an audit or investigation under subparagraph (A) concerning a subdivision referred to in paragraph (1), the Inspector General may provide the head of the other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in the subdivision with written notice that the Inspector General has initiated such an audit or investigation.

"(C) If the Inspector General issues a notice under subparagraph (B), no other audit or investigation shall be initiated into the matter under audit or investigation by the Inspector General, and any other audit or investigation of such matter shall cease.

"(c) Any report required to be transmitted by the Secretary to the appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress under section 5(d) shall also be transmitted, within the 7-day period specified under that subsection, to—

- "(1) the President of the Senate;
- "(2) the Speaker of the House of Representatives:
- "(3) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- "(4) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives.
- "(d)(1) The Assistant Inspector General shall inform the complainant regarding what actions were taken in response to a complaint
- plaint.

 "(2) With respect to any complaints received or investigations undertaken by the Assistant Inspector General, any person employed by an independent contractor, or grantee, of the Department shall be entitled to the same protections as are provided to employees of the Department under section 7."
- (e) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. appendix) is amended—
- (1) in section 4(b), by striking "8F" each place it appears and inserting "8G"; and
- (2) in section 8J (as redesignated by subsection (d)(1)), by striking "or 8H" and inserting ".8H. or 8I".
- (f) DEFINITION.—In this Act, the term "civil rights and civil liberties" means rights and liberties, which—
- (1) are or may be protected by the Constitution or implementing legislation; or

(2) are analogous to the rights and liberties under paragraph (1), whether or not secured by treaty, statute, regulation or executive order.

SEC. ___. REPEAL OF IMMUNITY FOR CUSTOMS OFFICERS IN CONDUCTING CERTAIN SEARCHES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3061 of the Revised Statutes is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "(a)"; and
- (2) by striking subsection (b).
- (b) TRADE ACT OF 2002.—The Trade Act of 2002 is amended—
 - (1) by striking section 341; and
- (2) in the table of contents, by striking the item relating to section 341.
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect as if included in chapter 4 of title III of the Trade Act of 2002.
- SA 4735. Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself and Mr. KENNEDY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

On page ___, strike line ___ and all that follows through page ___, line ___, and insert the following:

SEC. ___. CIVIL RIGHTS OFFICER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Civil Rights Officer, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Civil Rights Officer shall be responsible for—
- (1) ensuring compliance with all civil rights and related laws and regulations applicable to Department employees and participants in Department programs;
- (2) coordinating administration of all civil rights and related laws and regulations within the Department for Department employees and participants in Department programs:
- (3) assisting the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that civil rights considerations are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities:
- (4) overseeing compliance with statutory and constitutional requirements related to the civil rights of individuals affected by the programs and activities of the Department; and
- (5) notifying the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Civil Rights Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. ___. PRIVACY OFFICER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Privacy Officer, who shall be appointed by the Secretary.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Privacy Officer shall—
- (1) oversee compliance with section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Privacy Act of 1974) and all other applicable laws relating to the privacy of personal information;
- (2) assist the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that—
- (A) privacy considerations and safeguards are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities; and
- (B) any information received by the Department is used or disclosed in a manner that minimizes the risk of harm to individuals from the inappropriate disclosure or use of such materials;

- (3) assist Department personnel with the preparation of privacy impact assessments when required by law or considered appropriate by the Secretary; and
- (4) notify the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Privacy Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. . INSPECTOR GENERAL.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Inspector General. The Inspector General and the Office of Inspector General shall be subject to the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 11 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services,"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services,".
- (c) Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Office of Inspector General an Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (in this section referred to as the "Assistant Inspector General"), who shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of demonstrated ability in civil rights and civil liberties, law, management analysis, investigations, and public relations.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT IN-SPECTOR GENERAL.—The Assistant Inspector General shall—
- (A) review information and receive complaints from any source alleging abuses of civil rights and civil liberties by—
- (i) employees and officials of the Department:
- (ii) independent contractors retained by the Department; or
 - (iii) grantees of the Department;
- (B) conduct such investigations as the Assistant Inspector General considers necessary, either self-initiated or in response to complaints, to determine the policies and practices to protect civil rights and civil liberties of—
- (i) the Department;
- (ii) any unit of the Department;
- (iii) independent contractors employed by the Department; or
- (iv) grantees of the Department;
- (C) conduct investigations of the programs and operations of the Department to determine whether the Department's civil rights and civil liberties policies are being effectively implemented, except that the Assistant Inspector General shall not have any responsibility for the enforcement of the Equal Employment Opportunities Act;
- (D) inform the Secretary and Congress of weaknesses, problems, and deficiencies within the Department relating to civil rights and civil liberties;
- (E) provide prompt notification to the Civil Rights Officer of any complaints of violations of civil rights or civil liberties, and consult with the Civil Rights Officer regarding the investigation of such complaints, upon request or as appropriate;
- (F) publicize, in multiple languages, through the Internet, radio, television, and newspaper advertisements—
- (i) information on the responsibilities and functions of the Assistant Inspector General; and
- (ii) instructions on how to contact the Assistant Inspector General; and
- (G) on a semi-annual basis, submit to Congress, for referral to the appropriate committee or committees, a report—
- (i) describing the implementation of this subsection, including the number of com-

plaints received and a general description of any complaints received and investigations undertaken either in response to a complaint or on the initiative of the Assistant Inspector General:

- (ii) detailing any civil rights abuses under subparagraph (A); and
- $\left(\text{iii} \right)$ accounting for the expenditure of funds to carry out this subsection.
- (d) ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating section 8I as section 8J; and
- (2) by inserting after section 8H the following:

SPECIAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec. 8I. (a)(1) Notwithstanding the last 2 sentences of section 3(a), the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Inspector General") shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") with respect to audits or investigations, or the issuance of subpoenas, which require access to sensitive information concerning—

- ``(A) intelligence or counterintelligence matters:
- "(B) ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings;
 - "(C) undercover operations;
- "(D) the identity of confidential sources, including protected witnesses;
- "(E) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to the protection of any person or property authorized protection by—
- "(i) section 3056 of title 18, United States Code:
- $\lq\lq(ii)$ section 202 of title 3, United States Code: or
- "(iii) any provision of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976 (18 U.S.C. 3056 note); or
- "(F) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to national security.
- "(2) With respect to the information described under paragraph (1), the Secretary may prohibit the Inspector General from carrying out or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena, after such Inspector General has decided to initiate, carry out, or complete such audit or investigation or to issue such subpoena, if the Secretary determines that such prohibition is necessary to—
- "(A) prevent the disclosure of any information described under paragraph (1);
- "(B) preserve vital national security interests; or
- "(C) prevent significant impairment to the national interests of the United States.
- "(3)(A) If the Secretary exercises any power under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary shall notify the Inspector General or, with respect to investigations relating to civil rights or civil liberties, the Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (in this section referred to as the 'Assistant Inspector General'), in writing (appropriately classified, if necessary) within 7 calendar days stating the reasons for such exercise.
- "(B) Within 30 days after receipt of any notice under subparagraph (A), the Inspector General or Assistant Inspector General, as appropriate, shall prepare a copy of such notice and a written response that states whether the Inspector General or Assistant Inspector General, as appropriate, agrees or disagrees with the Secretary's exercise of a

power under paragraph (1) and describes the reasons for any disagreement, to—

"(i) the President of the Senate;

- "(ii) the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- "(iii) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
- "(iv) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives; and "(v) other appropriate committees or sub-

committees of Congress.

- "(b)(1) In carrying out the duties and responsibilities under this Act, the Inspector General shall have oversight responsibility for the internal investigations and audits performed by any other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in any subdivision of the Department of Homeland Security. With respect to investigations relating to civil rights or civil liberties, the Inspector General's responsibilities under this section shall be exercised by the Assistant Inspector General.
- "(2) The head of each other office described under paragraph (1) shall promptly report to the Inspector General the significant activities being carried out by such office.
- "(3)(A) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the Inspector General may initiate, conduct, and supervise such audits and investigations in the Department (including in any subdivision referred to in paragraph (1)) as the Inspector General considers appropriate.
- "(B) If the Inspector General initiates an audit or investigation under subparagraph (A) concerning a subdivision referred to in paragraph (1), the Inspector General may provide the head of the other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in the subdivision with written notice that the Inspector General has initiated such an audit or investigation.
- "(C) If the Inspector General issues a notice under subparagraph (B), no other audit or investigation shall be initiated into the matter under audit or investigation by the Inspector General, and any other audit or investigation of such matter shall cease.
- "(c) Any report required to be transmitted by the Secretary to the appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress under section 5(d) shall also be transmitted, within the 7-day period specified under that subsection, to—
 - "(1) the President of the Senate;

of the House of Representatives.

- "(2) the Speaker of the House of Represent-
- "(3) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate: and
- fairs of the Senate; and "(4) the Committee on Government Reform
- "(d)(1) The Assistant Inspector General shall inform the complainant regarding what actions were taken in response to a complaint
- plaint.
 "(2) With respect to any complaints received or investigations undertaken by the Assistant Inspector General, any person employed by an independent contractor, or grantee, of the Department shall be entitled to the same protections as are provided to employees of the Department under section 7."
- (e) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. appendix) is amended—
- (1) in section 4(b), by striking "8F" each place it appears and inserting "8G"; and
- (2) in section 8J (as redesignated by subsection (d)(1)), by striking "or 8H" and inserting ".8H. or 8I".
- (f) DEFINITION.—In this Act, the term "civil rights and civil liberties" means rights and liberties, which—
- (1) are or may be protected by the Constitution or implementing legislation; or
- (2) are analogous to the rights and liberties under paragraph (1), whether or not secured

by treaty, statute, regulation or executive order.

SA 4736. Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself and Mr. KENNEDY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

On page ____, strike line ____ and all that follows through page ____, line ____, and insert the following:

SEC. ___. CIVIL RIGHTS OFFICER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Civil Rights Officer, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Civil Rights Officer shall be responsible for—
- (1) ensuring compliance with all civil rights and related laws and regulations applicable to Department employees and participants in Department programs:
- (2) coordinating administration of all civil rights and related laws and regulations within the Department for Department employees and participants in Department programs:
- (3) assisting the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that civil rights considerations are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities:
- (4) overseeing compliance with statutory and constitutional requirements related to the civil rights of individuals affected by the programs and activities of the Department; and
- (5) notifying the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Civil Rights Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. . PRIVACY OFFICER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Privacy Officer, who shall be appointed by the Secretary.

 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Privacy Officer
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Privacy Officer shall—
- (1) oversee compliance with section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Privacy Act of 1974) and all other applicable laws relating to the privacy of personal information;
- (2) assist the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that—
- (A) privacy considerations and safeguards are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities; and
- (B) any information received by the Department is used or disclosed in a manner that minimizes the risk of harm to individuals from the inappropriate disclosure or use of such materials:
- (3) assist Department personnel with the preparation of privacy impact assessments when required by law or considered appropriate by the Secretary; and
- (4) notify the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Privacy Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. . INSPECTOR GENERAL.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Inspector General. The Inspector General and the Office of Inspector General shall be subject to the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 IJ S C App.)
- Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).
 (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 11 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services,"; and

- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services.".
- (c) REVIEW OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HOME-LAND SECURITY.—The Inspector General shall designate 1 official who shall—
- (1) review information and receive complaints alleging abuses of civil rights and civil liberties by employees and officials of the Department;
- (2) publicize, through the Internet, radio, television, and newspaper advertisements—
- (A) information on the responsibilities and functions of the official; and
- (B) instructions on how to contact the official; and
- (3) on a semi-annual basis, submit to Congress, for referral to the appropriate committee or committees, a report—
- (A) describing the implementation of this subsection;
- (B) detailing any civil rights abuses under paragraph (1); and
- (C) accounting for the expenditure of funds to carry out this subsection.
- (d) ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating section 8I as section 8J; and
- (2) by inserting after section 8H the following:

SPECIAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"SEC. 8I. (a)(1) Notwithstanding the last 2 sentences of section 3(a), the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Inspector General") shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") with respect to audits or investigations, or the issuance of subpoenas, which require access to sensitive information concerning—

- "(A) intelligence or counterintelligence matters;
- "(B) ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings;
 - "(C) undercover operations;
- "(D) the identity of confidential sources, including protected witnesses;
- "(E) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to the protection of any person or property authorized protection by—
- "(i) section 3056 of title 18, United States Code;
- "(ii) section 202 of title 3, United States Code; or
- "(iii) any provision of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976 (18 U.S.C. 3056 note); or
- "(F) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to national security.
- "(2) With respect to the information described under paragraph (1), the Secretary may prohibit the Inspector General from carrying out or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena, after such Inspector General has decided to initiate, carry out, or complete such audit or investigation or to issue such subpoena, if the Secretary determines that such prohibition is necessary to—
- "(A) prevent the disclosure of any information described under paragraph (1);
- "(B) preserve the national security; or
- "(C) prevent significant impairment to the national interests of the United States.
- "(3) If the Secretary exercises any power under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary shall notify the Inspector General in writing (appropriately classified, if necessary) within

- 7 calendar days stating the reasons for such exercise. Within 30 days after receipt of any such notice, the Inspector General shall transmit a copy of such notice, together with such comments concerning the exercise of such power as the Inspector General considers appropriate, to—
 - "(A) the President of the Senate;
- "(B) the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- "(C) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
- "(D) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives; and
- "(E) other appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress.
- "(b)(1) In carrying out the duties and responsibilities under this Act, the Inspector General shall have oversight responsibility for the internal investigations and audits performed by any other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in any subdivision of the Department of Homeland Security
- "(2) The head of each other office described under paragraph (1) shall promptly report to the Inspector General the significant activities being carried out by such office.
- "(3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the Inspector General may initiate, conduct, and supervise such audits and investigations in the Department (including in any subdivision referred to in paragraph (1)) as the Inspector General considers appropriate.
- "(4) If the Inspector General initiates an audit or investigation under paragraph (3) concerning a subdivision referred to in paragraph (1), the Inspector General may provide the head of the other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in the subdivision with written notice that the Inspector General has initiated such an audit or investigation. If the Inspector General issues such a notice, no other audit or investigation shall be initiated into the matter under audit or investigation by the Inspector General, and any other audit or investigation of such matter shall cease.
- "(c) Any report required to be transmitted by the Secretary to the appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress under section 5(d) shall also be transmitted, within the 7-day period specified under that subsection. to—
- "(1) the President of the Senate:
- "(2) the Speaker of the House of Representatives:
- "(3) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- "(4) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives.".
- (e) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. appendix) is amended—
- (1) in section 4(b), by striking "8F" each place it appears and inserting "8G"; and
- (2) in section 8J (as redesignated by subsection (c)(1)), by striking "or 8H" and inserting ", 8H, or 8I".
- SA 4737. Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself and Mr. KENNEDY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page ____, strike line ____ and all that follows through page ____, line ____, and insert the following:

SEC. ___. CIVIL RIGHTS OFFICER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Civil Rights Officer, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Civil Rights Officer shall be responsible for—
- (1) ensuring compliance with all civil rights and related laws and regulations applicable to Department employees and participants in Department programs;
- (2) coordinating administration of all civil rights and related laws and regulations within the Department for Department employees and participants in Department programs;
- (3) assisting the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that civil rights considerations are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities;
- (4) overseeing compliance with statutory and constitutional requirements related to the civil rights of individuals affected by the programs and activities of the Department; and
- (5) notifying the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Civil Rights Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. . PRIVACY OFFICER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Privacy Officer, who shall be appointed by the Secretary.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Privacy Officer shall—
- (1) oversee compliance with section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Privacy Act of 1974) and all other applicable laws relating to the privacy of personal information;
- (2) assist the Secretary, directorates, and offices with the development and implementation of policies and procedures that ensure that—
- (A) privacy considerations and safeguards are appropriately incorporated and implemented in Department programs and activities; and
- (B) any information received by the Department is used or disclosed in a manner that minimizes the risk of harm to individuals from the inappropriate disclosure or use of such materials;
- (3) assist Department personnel with the preparation of privacy impact assessments when required by law or considered appropriate by the Secretary; and
- (4) notify the Inspector General of any matter that, in the opinion of the Privacy Officer, warrants further investigation.

SEC. . INSPECTOR GENERAL.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department an Inspector General. The Inspector General and the Office of Inspector General shall be subject to the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Section 11 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services,"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Health and Human Services,".
- (c) Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Office of Inspector General an Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (in this section referred to as the "Assistant Inspector General"), who shall be appointed without regard to political affiliation and solely on the basis of demonstrated ability in civil rights and civil liberties, law, management analysis, investigations, and public relations.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT INSPECTOR GENERAL.—The Assistant Inspector General shall—

- (A) review information and receive complaints from any source alleging abuses of civil rights and civil liberties by—
- (i) employees and officials of the Department;
- (ii) independent contractors retained by the Department; or
 - (iii) grantees of the Department;
- (B) conduct such investigations as the Assistant Inspector General considers necessary, either self-initiated or in response to complaints, to determine the policies and practices to protect civil rights and civil liberties of—
 - (i) the Department;
 - (ii) any unit of the Department;
- (iii) independent contractors employed by the Department; or
- (iv) grantees of the Department;
- (C) conduct investigations of the programs and operations of the Department to determine whether the Department's civil rights and civil liberties policies are being effectively implemented, except that the Assistant Inspector General shall not have any responsibility for the enforcement of the Equal Employment Opportunities Act:
- (D) inform the Secretary and Congress of weaknesses, problems, and deficiencies within the Department relating to civil rights and civil liberties:
- (E) provide prompt notification to the Civil Rights Officer of any complaints of violations of civil rights or civil liberties, and consult with the Civil Rights Officer regarding the investigation of such complaints, upon request or as appropriate;
- (F) publicize, in multiple languages, through the Internet, radio, television, and newspaper advertisements—
- (i) information on the responsibilities and functions of the Assistant Inspector General; and
- (ii) instructions on how to contact the Assistant Inspector General; and
- (G) on a semi-annual basis, submit to Congress, for referral to the appropriate committee or committees, a report—
- (i) describing the implementation of this subsection, including the number of complaints received and a general description of any complaints received and investigations undertaken either in response to a complaint or on the initiative of the Assistant Inspector General;
- (ii) detailing any civil rights abuses under subparagraph (A); and
- (iii) accounting for the expenditure of funds to carry out this subsection.
- (d) ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating section 8I as section 8J; and
- (2) by inserting after section 8H the following:

SPECIAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

- "Sec. 8I. (a)(1) Notwithstanding the last 2 sentences of section 3(a), the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Inspector General") shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Homeland Security (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") with respect to audits or investigations, or the issuance of subpoenas, which require access to sensitive information concerning—
- "(A) intelligence or counterintelligence matters:
- "(B) ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings;
 - "(C) undercover operations;
- "(D) the identity of confidential sources, including protected witnesses;

- "(E) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to the protection of any person or property authorized protection by—
- "(i) section 3056 of title 18, United States Code;
- "(ii) section 202 of title 3, United States Code; or
- "(iii) any provision of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976 (18 U.S.C. 3056 note); or
- "(F) other matters the disclosure of which would constitute a serious threat to national security.
- "(2) With respect to the information described under paragraph (1), the Secretary may prohibit the Inspector General from carrying out or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena, after such Inspector General has decided to initiate, carry out, or complete such audit or investigation or to issue such subpoena, if the Secretary determines that such prohibition is necessary to—
- "(A) prevent the disclosure of any information described under paragraph (1);
- "(B) preserve vital national security interests: or
- $\lq\lq(C)$ prevent significant impairment to the national interests of the United States.
- "(3)(A) If the Secretary exercises any power under paragraph (1) or (2), the Secretary shall notify the Inspector General or, with respect to investigations relating to civil rights or civil liberties, the Assistant Inspector General for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (in this section referred to as the 'Assistant Inspector General'), in writing (appropriately classified, if necessary) within 7 calendar days stating the reasons for such exercise.
- "(B) Within 30 days after receipt of any notice under subparagraph (A), the Inspector General or Assistant Inspector General, as appropriate, shall prepare a copy of such notice and a written response that states whether the Inspector General or Assistant Inspector General, as appropriate, agrees or disagrees with the Secretary's exercise of a power under paragraph (1) and describes the reasons for any disagreement, to—
 - "(i) the President of the Senate;
- "(ii) the Speaker of the House of Representatives:
- "(iii) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate:
- "(iv) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives; and
- "(v) other appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress.
- "(b)(1) In carrying out the duties and responsibilities under this Act, the Inspector General shall have oversight responsibility for the internal investigations and audits performed by any other office performing internal investigatory or audit functions in any subdivision of the Department of Homeland Security. With respect to investigations relating to civil rights or civil liberties, the Inspector General's responsibilities under this section shall be exercised by the Assistant Inspector General.
- "(2) The head of each other office described under paragraph (1) shall promptly report to the Inspector General the significant activities being carried out by such office.
- "(3)(A) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the Inspector General may initiate, conduct, and supervise such audits and investigations in the Department (including in any subdivision referred to in paragraph (1)) as the Inspector General considers appropriate.
- "(B) If the Inspector General initiates an audit or investigation under subparagraph (A) concerning a subdivision referred to in paragraph (1), the Inspector General may provide the head of the other office per-

forming internal investigatory or audit functions in the subdivision with written notice that the Inspector General has initiated such an audit or investigation.

"(C) If the Inspector General issues a notice under subparagraph (B), no other audit or investigation shall be initiated into the matter under audit or investigation by the Inspector General, and any other audit or investigation of such matter shall cease.

"(c) Any report required to be transmitted by the Secretary to the appropriate committees or subcommittees of Congress under section 5(d) shall also be transmitted, within the 7-day period specified under that subsection, to—

- "(1) the President of the Senate;
- "(2) the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- "(3) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- "(4) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives.
- "(d)(1) The Assistant Inspector General shall inform the complainant regarding what actions were taken in response to a complaint.
- "(2) With respect to any complaints received or investigations undertaken by the Assistant Inspector General, any person employed by an independent contractor, or grantee, of the Department shall be entitled to the same protections as are provided to employees of the Department under section 7"
- (e) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—The Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. appendix) is amended—
- (1) in section 4(b), by striking "8F" each place it appears and inserting "8G"; and
- (2) in section 8J (as redesignated by subsection (d)(1)), by striking "or 8H" and inserting ", 8H, or 8I".
- (f) DEFINITION.—In this Act, the term "civil rights and civil liberties" means rights and liberties, which—
- (1) are or may be protected by the Constitution or implementing legislation; or
- (2) are analogous to the rights and liberties under paragraph (1), whether or not secured by treaty, statute, regulation or executive order.

SEC. ___. STANDARDS FOR CLOSING REMOVAL HEARINGS.

- Section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:
- "(e) STANDARDS FOR CLOSING REMOVAL HEARINGS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a removal proceeding under this section shall be open to the public.
- "(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Portions of a removal proceeding under this section may be closed to the public, on a case by case basis, when necessary—
- "(A) and with the consent of the alien, to preserve the confidentiality of applications for—
 - "(i) asylum;
- "(ii) withholding of removal;
- "(iii) relief under the Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, done at New York December 10, 1984;
- "(iv) relief under the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322; 108 Stat. 1902); or
- "(v) other applications for relief involving confidential personal information or where portions of the removal hearing involve minors or issues relating to domestic violence; or
- "(B) to protect the national security by preventing the disclosure of—

- "(i) classified information; or
- "(ii) the identity of a confidential informant.".

SA 4738. Mr. GRAMM (for himself, Mr. MILLER, Mr. MCCONNELL, Mr. THOMPSON, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. HUTCHINSON, and Mr. BUNNING) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 4471 proposed by Mr. LIEBERMAN to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the first word in amendment #4471 and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Homeland Security Act of 2002".
- (b) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:
- (1) DIVISION A.—Homeland Security.
- (2) DIVISION B.—Immigration Reform, Accountability, and Security Enhancement Act of 2002.
- (3) DIVISION C.—Federal Workforce Improvement.
- (c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Construction; severability.
- Sec. 4. Effective date.

DIVISION A—HOMELAND SECURITY TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

- Sec. 101. Executive department; mission.
- Sec. 102. Secretary; functions.
- Sec. 103. Other officers.
- Sec. 104. Office of International Affairs.

TITLE II—INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION

- Sec. 201. Directorate for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- Sec. 202. Access to information.
- Sec. 203. Protection of voluntarily furnished confidential information.

TITLE III—SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

- Sec. 301. Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- Sec. 302. Responsibilities and authorities of the Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- Sec. 303. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 304. Conduct of certain public health-related activities.
- Sec. 305. Research in conjunction with the Department of Health and Human Services and other departments.
- Sec. 306. Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency.
- Sec. 307. Miscellaneous authorities relating to national laboratories.
- Sec. 308. Homeland Security Institute.
- Sec. 309. Utilization of Department of Energy national laboratories and sites in support of homeland security activities.
- Sec. 310. Transfer of Plum Island Animal Disease Center, Department of Agriculture.
- Sec. 311. Clearinghouse.

TITLE IV—BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

- Sec. 401. Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- Sec. 402. Responsibilities.
- Sec. 403. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 404. Transfer of certain agricultural inspection functions of the Department of Agriculture.
- Sec. 405. Coordination of information and information technology.

- Sec. 406. Visa issuance.
- Sec. 407. Border security and immigration working group.
- Sec. 408. Information on visa denials required to be entered into electronic data system.
- Sec. 409. Study on use of foreign national personnel in visa processing.

TITLE V—EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

- Sec. 501. Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response.
- Sec. 502. Responsibilities.
- Sec. 503. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 504. Nuclear incident response.
- Sec. 505. Conduct of certain public healthrelated activities.
- Sec. 506. Definition.

TITLE VI—MANAGEMENT

- Sec. 601. Under Secretary for Management.
- Sec. 602. Responsibilities.
- Sec. 603. Chief Financial Officer.
- Sec. 604. Chief Information Officer.
- Sec. 605. Chief Human Capital Officer.
- TITLE VII—COORDINATION WITH NON-FEDERAL ENTITIES; INSPECTOR GEN-ERAL; UNITED STATES SECRET SERV-ICE; COAST GUARD; GENERAL PROVI-SIONS
- Subtitle A—Coordination with Non-Federal Entities
- Sec. 701. Responsibilities.

Subtitle B—Inspector General

- Sec. 710. Authority of the Secretary.
- Sec. 711. Law enforcement powers of Inspector General Agents.

Subtitle C-United States Secret Service

Sec. 720. Functions transferred.

Subtitle D—General Provisions

- Sec. 730. Establishment of Human Resources Management System.
- Sec. 731. Labor-management relations.
- Sec. 732. Advisory committees.
- Sec. 733. Acquisitions.
- Sec. 734. Reorganization authority.
- Sec. 735. Miscellaneous provisions.
- Sec. 736. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 737. Regulatory authority.
- Sec. 738. Use of appropriated funds.
- Sec. 739. Future Year Homeland Security Program.
- Sec. 739A. Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Division.
- Sec. 739B. Coordination with the Department of Health and Human Services under the Public Health Service Act.
- Subtitle E—Risk Sharing and Indemnification for Contractors Supplying Anti-Terrorism Technology and Services
- Sec. 741. Application of indemnification authority.
- Sec. 742. Application of indemnification authority to State and local government contractors.
- Sec. 743. Procurements of anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services by State and local governments through Federal contracts
- Sec. 744. Congressional notification.
- Sec. 745. Definitions.

Subtitle F—Federal Emergency Procurement Flexibility

- Sec. 751. Definition.
- Sec. 752. Procurements for defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack.
- Sec. 753. Increased simplified acquisition threshold for procurements in support of humanitarian or peacekeeping operations or contingency operations.

- Sec. 754. Increased micro-purchase threshold for certain procurements.
- Sec. 755. Application of certain commercial items authorities to certain procurements.
- Sec. 756. Use of streamlined procedures.
- Sec. 757. Review and report by Comptroller General.
- Sec. 758. Identification of new entrants into the Federal marketplace.

Subtitle G-Coast Guard

Sec. 761. Preserving Coast Guard mission performance.

TITLE VIII—TRANSITION

- Sec. 801. Definitions.
- Sec. 802. Transfer of agencies.
- Sec. 803. Transitional authorities.
- Sec. 804. Savings provisions.
- Sec. 805. Terminations.
- Sec. 806. Incidental transfers.

TITLE IX—CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

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- Sec. 1121. Funding adjudication and naturalization services.
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- Sec. 1123. Alternatives to detention of asylum seekers.

Subtitle D—Effective Date

Sec. 1131. Effective date.

TITLE XII—UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE PROTECTION

Sec. 1201. Unaccompanied alien juveniles.

TITLE XIII—EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW

- Sec. 1301. Legal status of EOIR.
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DIVISION C—FEDERAL WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENT

TITLE XXI—CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

- Sec. 2101. Short title.
- Sec. 2102. Agency Chief Human Capital Officers.
- Sec. 2103. Chief Human Capital Officers Council.
- Sec. 2104. Strategic human capital management.
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- TITLE XXII—REFORMS RELATING TO FEDERAL HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT
- Sec. 2201. Inclusion of agency human capital strategic planning in performance plans and programs performance reports.
- Sec. 2202. Reform of the competitive service hiring process.
- Sec. 2203. Permanent extension, revision, and expansion of authorities for use of voluntary separation incentive pay and voluntary early retirement.
- Sec. 2204. Student volunteer transit subsidy.

TITLE XXIII—REFORMS RELATING TO

- Sec. 2301. Repeal of recertification requirements of senior executives.
- Sec. 2302. Adjustment of limitation on total annual compensation.

TITLE XXIV—ACADEMIC TRAINING

- Sec. 2401. Academic training.
- Sec. 2402. Modifications to National Security Education Program.
- Sec. 2403. Compensation time off for travel.

Sec. 2404. Customs User Fees Extension DIVISION D—NATIONAL COMMISSION

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following shall apply for purposes

- of this Act:
 (1) AMERICAN HOMELAND OR HOMELAND.—
 Each of the terms "American homeland" or "homeland" mean the United States, in a geographic sense.
- (2) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" means systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, so vital to the United States that the incapacitation or destruction of such systems or assets would have a debilitating impact on security, national economic security, national public health or safety, or any combination
- of those matters.
 (3) ASSETS.—The term "assets" includes contracts, facilities, property, records, unobligated or unexpended balances of appropriations, and other funds or resources (other than personnel).
- (4) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Homeland Security.
- (5) EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS.—The term "emergency response providers" includes Federal, State, and local government emergency public safety, law enforcement, emergency response, emergency medical, and related personnel, agencies, and authorities.
- (6) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "Executive agency" means an executive agency and a military department, as defined, respectively, in sections 105 and 102 of title 5, United States Code.
- (7) Functions.—The term "functions" includes authorities, powers, rights, privileges, immunities, programs, projects, activities, duties, responsibilities, and obligations.

- (8) KEY RESOURCES.—The term "key resources" means structures, monuments or items of exceptional historical, social, cultural, or symbolic significance to the United States.
- (9) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "local government" has the meaning given in section 102(6) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93-288).
- (10) MAJOR DISASTER.—The term "major disaster" has the meaning given in section 102(2) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93–288).
- (11) PERSONNEL.—The term "personnel" means officers and employees.
- (12) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- (13) UNITED STATES.—The term "United States", when used in a geographic sense, means any State (within the meaning of section 102(4) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93–288)), any possession of the United States, and any waters within the jurisdiction of the United States.

SEC. 3. CONSTRUCTION; SEVERABILITY.

Any provision of this Act held to be invalid or unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or circumstance, shall be construed so as to give it the maximum effect permitted by law, unless such holding shall be one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event such provision shall be deemed severable from this Act and shall not affect the remainder thereof, or the application of such provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar circumstances.

SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect thirty days after the date of enactment or, if enacted within thirty days before January 1, 2003, on January 1, 2003.

DIVISION A—HOMELAND SECURITY TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

SEC. 101. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT; MISSION.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Department of Homeland Security, as an executive department of the United States within the meaning of title 5, United States Code.
- (b) PRIMARY MISSION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The primary mission of the Department is to—
- (A) prevent terrorist attacks within the United States;
- (B) reduce the vulnerability of the United States to terrorism; and
- (C) minimize the damage, and assist in the recovery, from terrorist attacks that do occur within the United States.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out the mission described in paragraph (1), and as further described in this Act, the Department's primary responsibilities shall include—
- (A) information analysis and infrastructure protection;
- (B) research and development, including efforts to counter chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and other emerging threats;
- (C) border and transportation security;
- (D) emergency preparedness and response; and
- (E) coordination (including the provision of training and equipment) with other executive agencies, with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, with the private sector, and with other entities.
- (3) OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Department shall also be responsible for carrying out other functions of entities transferred to

the Department as provided by law, and the enumeration of the primary homeland security missions and responsibilities in this section does not impair or diminish the Department's non-homeland security missions and responsibilities.

SEC. 102. SECRETARY; FUNCTIONS.

- (a) SECRETARY.—
- (1) APPOINTMENT.—There is a Secretary of Homeland Security, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (2) HEAD OF DEPARTMENT.—The Secretary is the head of the Department and shall have direction, authority, and control over it.
- (3) VESTED FUNCTIONS.—All functions of all officers, employees, and organizational units of the Department are vested in the Secretary.
 - (b) Functions.—The Secretary—
- (1) may, except as otherwise provided in this Act, delegate any of his functions to any officer, employee, or organizational unit of the Department:
- (2) shall have such functions, including the authority to make contracts, grants, and cooperative agreements, and to enter into agreements with other executive agencies, as may be necessary and proper to carry out his responsibilities under this Act or otherwise provided by law; and
- (3) may, subject to the direction of the President, attend and participate in meetings of the National Security Council.

SEC. 103. OTHER OFFICERS.

- (a) DEPUTY SECRETARY; UNDER SECRETARIES.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there are the following officers, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate:
- (1) A Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security, who shall be the Secretary's first assistant for purposes of chapter 33, subchapter 3, of title 5, United States Code.
- (2) An Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- (3) An Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- (4) An Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- (5) An Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response
- (6) An Under Secretary for Management.
- (7) An Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs.
- (8) Not more than 16 Assistant Secretaries.
 (9) A General Counsel, who shall be the chief legal officer of the Department.
- (b) CHIEF OF IMMIGRATION POLICY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the office of the Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security a Chief of Immigration Policy, who, under the authority of the Secretary, shall be responsible for—
- (A) establishing national immigration policy and priorities; and
- (B) coordinating immigration policy between the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security.
- (2) WITHIN THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE.— The position of Chief of Immigration Policy shall be a Senior Executive Service position under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code.
- (c) INSPECTOR GENERAL.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there is an Inspector General, who shall be appointed as provided in section 3(a) of the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- (d) COMMANDANT OF THE COAST GUARD.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there is a Commandant of the Coast Guard, who shall be appointed as provided in section 44 of title 14, United States Code.

- (e) OTHER OFFICERS.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there are the following officers, appointed by the President:
- (1) A Director of the Secret Service.
- (2) A Chief Financial Officer.
- (3) A Chief Information Officer.
- (4) A Chief Human Capital Officer. (f) PERFORMANCE OF SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS.— Subject to the provisions of this Act, every

Subject to the provisions of this Act, every officer of the Department shall perform the functions specified by law for his office or prescribed by the Secretary.

SEC. 104. OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Secretary, an Office of International Affairs. The Office shall be headed by a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTOR.— The Director shall have the following responsibilities:
- (1) To promote information and education exchange with foreign nations in order to promote sharing of best practices and technologies relating to homeland security. Such information exchange shall include—
- (A) joint research and development on countermeasures;
- (B) joint training exercises of first responders; and
- (C) exchange of expertise on terrorism prevention, response, and crisis management.
- (2) To identify areas for homeland security information and training exchange.
- (3) To plan and undertake international conferences, exchange programs, and training activities.
- (4) To manage activities under this section and other international activities within the Department in consultation with the Department of State and other relevant Federal officials.
- (5) To initially concentrate on fostering cooperation with countries that are already highly focused on homeland security issues and that have demonstrated the capability for fruitful cooperation with the United States in the area of counterterrorism.

TITLE II—INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION

SEC. 201. DIRECTORATE FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.

- (a) UNDER SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECURITY FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection headed by an Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Under Secretary shall assist the Secretary in discharging the responsibilities under section 101 (b)(2)(A) and (d).
- (b) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS; ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—
- (1) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS.—There shall be in the Department an Assistant Secretary for Information Analysis, who shall be appointed by the President.
- (2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—There shall be in the Department an Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, who shall be appointed by the President.
- (3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Assistant Secretary for Information Analysis and the Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection shall assist the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection in discharging the responsibilities of the Under Secretary under this section.

- (c) DISCHARGE OF INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the responsibilities of the Department regarding information analysis and infrastructure protection are carried out through the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF UNDER SECRETARY.—Subject to the direction and control of the Secretary, the responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection shall be as follows:
- (1) To access, receive, and analyze law enforcement information, intelligence information, intelligence-related information, and other information from agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies (including law enforcement agencies), and private sector entities, and to integrate such information in order to—
- (A) identify and assess the nature and scope of threats to the homeland;
- (B) detect and identify threats of terrorism against the United States and other threats to homeland security; and
- (C) understand such threats in light of actual and potential vulnerabilities of the homeland.
- (2) To carry out comprehensive assessments of the vulnerabilities of the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States, including the performance of risk assessments to determine the risks posed by particular types of terrorist attacks within the United States (including an assessment of the probability of success of such attacks and the feasibility and potential efficacy of various countermeasures to such attacks).
- (3) To integrate relevant information, analyses, and vulnerability assessments (whether such information, analyses, or assessments are provided or produced by the Department or others) in order to identify priorities for protective measures and to support protective measures by the Department, other agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, and other entities.
- (4) To ensure, pursuant to section 202, the timely and efficient access by the Department to all information necessary to discharge the responsibilities under this section, including obtaining such information from other agencies of the Federal Government agencies, and from State and local governments and private sector entities (pursuant to memoranda of understanding or other agreements entered into for that purpose).
- (5) To develop a comprehensive national plan for securing the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States.
- (6) To take or seek to effect measures necessary to protect the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States in coordination with other agencies of the Federal Government and in cooperation with State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, and other entities.
- (7) To administer the Homeland Security Advisory System, including—
- (A) exercising primary responsibility for public threat advisories; and
- (B) in coordination with other agencies of the Federal Government, providing specific warning information, and advice about appropriate protective measures and countermeasures, to State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, other entities, and the public.
- (8) To review, analyze, and make recommendations for improvements in the policies and procedures governing the sharing of law enforcement information, intelligence

- information, intelligence-related information, and other information relating to homeland security within the Federal Government and between the Federal Government and State and local government agencies and authorities.
- (9) To disseminate, as appropriate, information analyzed by the Department within the Department, to other agencies of the Federal Government with responsibilities relating to homeland security, and to agencies of State and local governments and private sector entities with such responsibilities in order to assist in the deterrence, prevention, preemption of, or response to, terrorist attacks against the United States.
- (10) To consult with the Director of Central Intelligence and other appropriate intelligence, law enforcement, or other elements of the Federal Government to establish collection priorities and strategies for information, including law enforcement-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States through such means as the representation of the Department in discussions regarding requirements and priorities in the collection of such information
- (11) To consult with State and local governments and private sector entities to ensure appropriate exchanges of information, including law enforcement-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States.
 - (12) To ensure that—
- (A) any material received pursuant to this section is protected from unauthorized disclosure and handled and used only for the performance of official duties; and
- (B) any intelligence information shared under this section is transmitted, retained, and disseminated consistent with the authority of the Director of Central Intelligence to protect intelligence sources and methods under the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) and related procedures and, as appropriate, similar authorities of the Attorney General concerning sensitive law enforcement information.
- (13) To request and obtain additional information from other agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies, and the private sector relating to threats of terrorism in the United States, or relating to other areas of responsibility under section 101, including the entry into cooperative agreements through the Secretary to obtain such information.
- (14) To establish and utilize, in conjunction with the chief information officer of the Department, a secure communications and information technology infrastructure, including data-mining and other advanced analytical tools, in order to access, receive, and analyze data and information in furtherance of the responsibilities under this section, and to disseminate information acquired and analyzed by the Department, as appropriate.
- (15) To ensure, in conjunction with the chief information officer of the Department, that any information databases and analytical tools developed or utilized by the Department—
- (A) are compatible with one another and with relevant information databases of other agencies of the Federal Government; and
- (B) treat information in such databases in a manner that complies with applicable Federal law on privacy.
- (16) To coordinate training and other support to the elements and personnel of the Department, other agencies of the Federal Government, and State and local governments that provide information to the Department, or are consumers of information provided by the Department, in order to facilitate the identification and sharing of information revealed in their ordinary duties and the opti-

- mal utilization of information received from the Department.
- (17) To coordinate with elements of the intelligence community and with Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies, and the private sector, as appropriate.
- (18) To provide intelligence and information analysis and support to other elements of the Department.
- (19) To perform such other duties relating to such responsibilities as the Secretary may provide.
 - (e) STAFF.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide the Directorate with a staff of analysts having appropriate expertise and experience to assist the Directorate in discharging responsibilities under this section.
- (2) PRIVATE SECTOR ANALYSTS.—Analysts under this subsection may include analysts from the private sector.
- (3) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—Analysts under this subsection shall possess security clearances appropriate for their work under this section.
 - (f) DETAIL OF PERSONNEL.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In order to assist the Directorate in discharging responsibilities under this section, personnel of the agencies referred to in paragraph (2) may be detailed to the Department for the performance of analytic functions and related duties.
- (2) COVERED AGENCIES.—The agencies referred to in this paragraph are as follows:
 - (A) The Department of State.
 - (B) The Central Intelligence Agency.
 - (C) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
 - (D) The National Security Agency.
- (E) The National Imagery and Mapping Agency.
 - (F) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
- (G) Any other agency of the Federal Government that the President considers appropriate.
- (3) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary and the head of the agency concerned may enter into cooperative agreements for the purpose of detailing personnel under this subsection.
- (4) BASIS.—The detail of personnel under this subsection may be on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis.
- (g) FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.—In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary, for assignment to the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection under this section, the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following:
- (1) The National Infrastructure Protection Center of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (other than the Computer Investigations and Operations Section), including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (2) The National Communications System of the Department of Defense, including the functions of the Secretary of Defense relating thereto.
- (3) The Critical Infrastructure Assurance Office of the Department of Commerce, including the functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating thereto.
- (4) The Computer Security Division of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, including the functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating thereto.
- (5) The National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center of the Department of Energy and the energy security and assurance program and activities of the Department, including the functions of the Secretary of Energy relating thereto.
- (6) The Federal Computer Incident Response Center of the General Services Administration, including the functions of the Administrator of General Services relating thereto.

- (h) STUDY OF PLACEMENT WITHIN INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this Act, the President shall submit to the Committee on Governmental Affairs and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report assessing the advisability of the following:
- (1) Placing the elements of the Department concerned with the analysis of foreign intelligence information within the intelligence community under section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).
- (2) Placing such elements within the National Foreign Intelligence Program for budgetary purposes.

SEC. 202. ACCESS TO INFORMATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) Threat and vulnerability informa-TION.—Except as otherwise directed by the President, the Secretary shall have such access as the Secretary considers necessary to all information, including reports, assessments, analyses, and unevaluated intelligence and intelligence-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States and to other areas of responsibility described in section 101 and to all information concerning infrastructure or other vulnerabilities of the United States to terrorism, whether or not such information has been analyzed, that may be collected, possessed, or prepared by any agency of the Federal Government.
- (2) OTHER INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall also have access to other information relating to matters under the responsibility of the Secretary that may be collected, possessed, or prepared by an agency of the Federal Government as the President may further provide.
- (b) MANNER OF ACCESS.—Except as otherwise directed by the President, with respect to information to which the Secretary has access pursuant to this section—
- (1) the Secretary may obtain such material upon request, and may enter into cooperative arrangements with other executive agencies to provide such material or provide Department officials with access to it on a regular or routine basis, including requests or arrangements involving broad categories of material, access to electronic databases, or both; and
- (2) regardless of whether the Secretary has made any request or entered into any cooperative arrangement pursuant to paragraph (1), all agencies of the Federal Government shall promptly provide to the Secretary—
- (A) all reports (including information reports containing intelligence which has not been fully evaluated), assessments, and analytical information relating to threats of terrorism against the United States and to other areas of responsibility under section 101;
- (B) all information concerning the vulnerability of the infrastructure of the United States, or other vulnerabilities of the United States, to terrorism, whether or not such information has been analyzed:
- (C) all other information relating to significant and credible threats of terrorism against the United States, whether or not such information has been analyzed; and
- (D) such other information or material as the President may direct.
- (c) TREATMENT UNDER CERTAIN LAWS.—The Secretary shall be deemed to be a Federal law enforcement, intelligence, protective, national defense, immigration, or national security official, and shall be provided with all information from law enforcement agencies that is required to be given to the Director of Central Intelligence, under any provision of the following:

- (1) The USA PATRIOT Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-56).
- (2) Section 2517(6) of title 18, United States Code.
- (3) Rule 6(e)(3)(C) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (d) Access to Intelligence and Other Information.—
- (1) ACCESS BY ELEMENTS OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—Nothing in this title shall preclude any element of the intelligence community (as that term is defined in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)), or other any element of the Federal Government with responsibility for analyzing terrorist threat information, from receiving any intelligence or other information relating to terrorism.
- (2) SHARING OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Director of Central Intelligence, shall work to ensure that intelligence or other information relating to terrorism to which the Department has access is appropriately shared with the elements of the Federal Government referred to in paragraph (1), as well as with State and local governments, as appropriate.

SEC. 203. PROTECTION OF VOLUNTARILY FURNISHED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.

- (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning given that term in section 1016(e) of the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195(e)).
 - (2) FURNISHED VOLUNTARILY.—
- (A) DEFINITION.—The term "furnished voluntarily" means a submission of a record that—
- (i) is made to the Department in the absence of authority of the Department requiring that record to be submitted; and
- (ii) is not submitted or used to satisfy any legal requirement or obligation or to obtain any grant, permit, benefit (such as agency forbearance, loans, or reduction or modifications of agency penalties or rulings), or other approval from the Government.
- (B) BENEFIT.—In this paragraph, the term "benefit" does not include any warning, alert, or other risk analysis by the Department.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a record pertaining to the vulnerability of and threats to critical infrastructure (such as attacks, response, and recovery efforts) that is furnished voluntarily to the Department shall not be made available under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, if—
- (1) the provider would not customarily make the record available to the public; and
- (2) the record is designated and certified by the provider, in a manner specified by the Department, as confidential and not customarily made available to the public.
- (c) RECORDS SHARED WITH OTHER AGENCIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) RESPONSE TO REQUEST.—An agency in receipt of a record that was furnished voluntarily to the Department and subsequently shared with the agency shall, upon receipt of a request under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, for the record—
- (i) not make the record available; and
- (ii) refer the request to the Department for processing and response in accordance with this section.
- (B) SEGREGABLE PORTION OF RECORD.—Any reasonably segregable portion of a record shall be provided to the person requesting the record after deletion of any portion which is exempt under this section.
- (2) DISCLOSURE OF INDEPENDENTLY FURNISHED RECORDS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), nothing in this section shall prohibit an agency from making available under

- section 552 of title 5, United States Code, any record that the agency receives independently of the Department, regardless of whether or not the Department has a similar or identical record.
- (d) WITHDRAWAL OF CONFIDENTIAL DESIGNATION.—The provider of a record that is furnished voluntarily to the Department under subsection (b) may at any time withdraw, in a manner specified by the Department, the confidential designation.
- (e) PROCEDURES.—The Secretary shall prescribe procedures for—
- (1) the acknowledgement of receipt of records furnished voluntarily;
- (2) the designation, certification, and marking of records furnished voluntarily as confidential and not customarily made available to the public;
- (3) the care and storage of records furnished voluntarily;
- (4) the protection and maintenance of the confidentiality of records furnished voluntarily; and
- (5) the withdrawal of the confidential designation of records under subsection (d).
- (f) EFFECT ON STATE AND LOCAL LAW.— Nothing in this section shall be construed as preempting or otherwise modifying State or local law concerning the disclosure of any information that a State or local government receives independently of the Department.
 - (g) Report.
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the committees of Congress specified in paragraph (2) a report on the implementation and use of this section, including—
- (A) the number of persons in the private sector, and the number of State and local agencies, that furnished voluntarily records to the Department under this section:
- (B) the number of requests for access to records granted or denied under this section; and
- (C) such recommendations as the Comptroller General considers appropriate regarding improvements in the collection and analysis of sensitive information held by persons in the private sector, or by State and local agencies, relating to vulnerabilities of and threats to critical infrastructure, including the response to such vulnerabilities and threats.
- (2) COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The committees of Congress specified in this paragraph are—
- (A) the Committees on the Judiciary and Governmental Affairs of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committees on the Judiciary and Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives.
- (3) FORM.—The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

TITLE III—SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

SEC. 301. UNDER SECRETARY FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate of Science and Technology headed by an Under Secretary for Science and Technology.

SEC. 302. RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

In assisting the Secretary with the responsibility specified in section 101(b)(2)(B), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Science and Technology shall include—

(1) advising the Secretary regarding research and development efforts and priorities in support of the Department's missions;

- (2) supporting all elements of the Department in research, development, testing, evaluation and deployment of science and technology that is applicable in the detection of, prevention of, protection against, response to, attribution of, and recovery from homeland security threats, particularly acts of terrorism.
- (3) to support the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection, by assessing and testing homeland security vulnerabilities and possible threats;
- (4) conducting a national scientific research and development program to support the mission of the Department, including developing national policy for and coordinating the Federal Government's civilian efforts to identify, devise, and implement scientific, technological, and other countermeasures to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and other emerging terrorist threats, including directing, funding and conducting research and development relating to the same;
- (5) establishing priorities for, directing, funding, and conducting national research, development, test and evaluation, and procurement of technology and systems—
- (A) for preventing the importation of chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and related weapons and material; and
- (B) for detecting, preventing, protecting against, and responding to terrorist attacks;
- (6) establishing a system for transferring homeland security developments or technologies to federal, state, local government, and private sector entities;
- (7) entering into joint sponsorship agreements with the Department of Energy regarding the use of the national laboratories or sites and support of the science and technology base at those facilities;
- (8) collaborating with the Secretary of Agriculture in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be included on the list of biological agents and toxins required under section 212(a) of the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401);
- (9) collaborating with the Secretary of Health and Human Services in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be listed as "select agents" in Appendix A of part 72 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, pursuant to section 351A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262a); and
- (10) supporting United States leadership in science and technology.

SEC. 303. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following entities:

- (1) The following programs and activities of the Department of Energy, including the functions of the Secretary of Energy relating thereto (but not including programs and activities relating to the strategic nuclear defense posture of the United States):
- (A) The chemical and biological national security and supporting programs and activities of the nonproliferation and verification research and development program.
- (B) The nuclear smuggling programs and activities within the proliferation detection program of the nonproliferation and verification research and development program. The programs and activities described in this subparagraph may be designated by the President either for transfer to the Department or for joint operation by the Secretary and the Secretary of Energy.
- (C) The nuclear assessment program and activities of the assessment, detection, and cooperation program of the international materials protection and cooperation program.

- (D) Such life sciences activities of the biological and environmental research program related to microbial pathogens as may be designated by the President for transfer to the Department.
- (E) The Environmental Measurements Laboratory.
- (F) The advanced scientific computing research program and activities at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory.
- (2) The National Bio-Weapons Defense Analysis Center of the Department of Defense, including the functions of the Secretary of Defense related thereto.
- (3) The Plum Island Animal Disease Center of the Department of Agriculture, including the functions of the Secretary of Agriculture relating thereto, as provided in section 310.
- (4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph
- (i) the functions of the Select Agent Registration Program of the Department of Health and Human Services, including all functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services under title II of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–188); and
- (ii) the functions of the Department of Agriculture under the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401 et seq.)
- (B)(i) The Secretary shall collaborate with the Secretary of Health and Human Services in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be listed as "select agents" in Appendix A of part 72 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, pursuant to section 351A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262a).
- (ii) The Secretary shall collaborate with the Secretary of Agriculture in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be included on the list of biological agents and toxins required under section 212(a) of the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401).
- (C) In promulgating regulations pursuant to the functions described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall act in collaboration with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Agriculture.

SEC. 304. CONDUCT OF CERTAIN PUBLIC HEALTH-RELATED ACTIVITIES.

- (a) In General.—Except as the President may otherwise direct, the Secretary shall carry out his civilian human health-related biological, biomedical, and infectious disease defense research and development (including vaccine research and development) responsibilities through the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public Health Service), under agreements with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and may transfer funds to him in connection with such agreements.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—With respect to any responsibilities carried out through the Department of Health and Human Services under this subsection, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall have the authority to establish the research and development program, including the setting of priorities.

SEC. 305. RESEARCH IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

With respect to such other research and development responsibilities under this title, including health-related chemical, radiological, and nuclear defense research and development responsibilities, as the Secretary may elect to carry out through the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public Health Service) (under agreements with the Secretary of Health and

Human Services) or through other Federal agencies (under agreements with their respective heads), the Secretary may transfer funds to the Secretary of Health and Human Services, or to such heads, as the case may be.

SEC. 306. HOMELAND SECURITY ADVANCED RE-SEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) FUND.—The term "Fund" means the Acceleration Fund for Research and Development of Homeland Security Technologies established under this section.
- (2) HOMELAND SECURITY RESEARCH AND DE-VELOPMENT.—The term "homeland security research and development" means research and development of technologies that are applicable in the detection of, prevention of, protection against, response to, attribution of, and recovery from homeland security threats, particularly acts of terrorism.
- (3) HSARPA.—The term "HSARPA" means the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency established under this section.
- (4) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Science and Technology or the designee of that Under Secretary.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are to—
- (1) establish the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency to prioritize and fund homeland security research and development using the acceleration fund; and
- (2) establish a fund to leverage existing research and development and accelerate the deployment of technology that will serve to enhance homeland defense.
 - (c) Fund.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Acceleration Fund for Research and Development of Homeland Security Technologies.
- (2) USE OF FUND.—The Fund may be used to—
- (A) accelerate research, development, testing and evaluation, and deployment of critical homeland security technologies; and
- (B) support homeland security research and development.
- (3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated \$500,000,000 to the Fund for fiscal year 2003, and such sums as may be necessary in subsequent years.
- (4) TRANSITION OF FUNDS.—With respect to such research, development, testing, and evaluation responsibilities under this section as the Secretary may elect to carry out through agencies other than the Department (under agreements with their respective heads), the Secretary may transfer funds to such heads. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (3) for the Fund, not less than 10 percent of such funds for each fiscal year through fiscal year 2005 shall be authorized only for the Under Secretary, through joint agreement with the Commandant of the Coast Guard, to carry out research and development of improved ports. waterways, and coastal security surveillance and perimeter protection capabilities for the purpose of minimizing the possibility that Coast Guard cutters, aircraft, helicopters. and personnel will be diverted from nonhomeland security missions to the ports, waterways, and coastal security mission.
- (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE HOMELAND SECURITY ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY.—The Homeland Security Advance Research Project Agency shall have the following responsibilities:

- (1) To facilitate effective communication among departments, agencies, and other entities of the Federal Government, with respect to the conduct of research and development related to homeland security.
- (2) To identify, by consensus and on a yearly basis, specific technology areas for which the Fund shall be used to rapidly transition homeland security research and development into deployed technology and reduce identified homeland security vulnerabilities. The identified technology areas shall, as determined by the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency, be areas in which exist research and development there projects that address identified homeland security vulnerabilities and can be accelerated to the stage of prototyping, evaluating, transitioning, or deploying.
- (3) To administer the Fund, including-
- (A) issuing an annual multiagency program announcement soliciting proposals from government entities, federally funded research and development centers, industry, and academia:
- (B) competitively selecting, on the basis of a merit-based review, proposals that advance the state of deployed technologies in the areas identified for that year;
- (C) at the discretion of the HSARPA, assigning 1 or more program managers to oversee, administer, and execute a Fund project as the agent of HSARPA; and
- (D) providing methods of funding, including grants, cooperative agreements, joint sponsorship agreements, or any other transaction.
- (4) With respect to expenditures from the Fund, exercise acquisition authority consistent with the authority described under section 2371 of title 10, United States Code, relating to authorizing cooperative agreements and other transactions.
- (5) In hiring personnel to assist in the administration of the HSARPA, have the authority to exercise the personnel hiring and management authorities described in section 1101 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (5 U.S.C. 3104 note: Public Law 105-261) with the stipulation that the Secretary shall exercise such authority for a period of 7 years commencing on the date of enactment of this Act, that a maximum of 100 persons may be hired under such authority, and that the term of appointments for employees under subsection (c)(1) of that section may not exceed 5 years before the granting of any extension under subsection (c)(2) of that section
- (6) Develop and oversee the implementation of periodic homeland security technology demonstrations, held at least annually, for the purpose of improving contact between technology developers, vendors, and acquisition personnel associated with related industries.

SEC. 307. MISCELLANEOUS AUTHORITIES RELATING TO NATIONAL LABORATORIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The limitation of the number of employees of the Department of Energy national laboratories assigned to Washington, D.C. shall not apply to those employees who, at the request of the Secretary, are assigned, on a temporary basis, to assist in the establishment of the Department.
- (b) DIRECT TASKING.—Notwithstanding any other law governing the administration, mission, use, or operations of any of the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites, such laboratories and sites are authorized to accept direct tasking from the Secretary or his designee, consistent with resources provided, and perform such tasking on an equal basis to other missions at the laboratory and not on a noninterference

basis with other missions of such laboratory or site. $\,$

SEC. 308. HOMELAND SECURITY INSTITUTE.

Within the Directorate of Science and Technology there shall be established a Homeland Security Institute as a separate federally funded research and development center under the direction of the Under Secretary to perform policy and systems analysis, assist in the definition of standards and metrics, assist agencies with evaluating technologies for deployment, proposing risk management strategies based on technology developments, and performing other appropriate research and analysis to improve policy and decisionmaking as it relates to the mission of the Department. The Homeland Security Institute shall utilize the capabilities of the National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center.

SEC. 309. UTILIZATION OF DEPARTMENT OF EN-ERGY NATIONAL LABORATORIES AND SITES IN SUPPORT OF HOME-LAND SECURITY ACTIVITIES.

- (a) OFFICE FOR NATIONAL LABORATORIES.— There is established within the Directorate of Science and Technology an Office for National Laboratories, which shall be responsible for the coordination and utilization of the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites in a manner to create a networked laboratory system for the purpose of supporting the missions of the Department.
- (b) JOINT SPONSORSHIP.—The Department may be a joint sponsor, under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement with the Department of Energy, of 1 or more Department of Energy national laboratories in the performance of work.
- (c) Arrangements.—The Department may be a joint sponsor of a Department of Energy site in the performance of work as if such site were a federally funded research and development center and the work were performed under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement with the Department.
- (d) PRIMARY SPONSOR.—The Department of Energy shall be the primary sponsor under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement entered into under subsection (a) or (b).
 - (e) LEAD AGENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall act as the lead agent in coordinating the formation and performance of a joint sponsorship agreement between the Department and a Department of Energy national laboratory or site for work on homeland security.
- (2) FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.—Any work performed by a national laboratory or site under this section shall comply with the policy on the use of federally funded research and development centers under section 35.017(a) (4) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation
- lation.

 (f) FUNDING.—The Department shall provide funds for work at the Department of Energy national laboratories or sites, as the case may be, under this section under the same terms and conditions as apply to the primary sponsor of such national laboratory under section 303(b)(1)(C) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253 (b)(1)(C)) or of such site to the extent such section applies to such site as a federally funded research and development center by reason of subsection (b).
- (g) AUTHORITIES OF SECRETARY AND UNDER SECRETARY.—In connection with work involving the Department of Energy national laboratories or sites, the Secretary or Under Secretary for Science and Technology—
- (1) may enter into joint sponsorship agreements with Department of Energy national laboratories or sites;
- (2) may directly fund, task, and manage work at the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites; and

(3) may permit the director of any Department of Energy national laboratory or site to enter into cooperative research and development agreements or to negotiate licensing agreements with any person, any agency or instrumentality, of the United States, any unit of State or local government, and any other entity under the authority granted by section 12 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a). Technology may be transferred to a non-Federal party to such an agreement consistent with the provisions of sections 11 and 12 of such Act (15 U.S.C. 3710, 3710a).

SEC. 310. TRANSFER OF PLUM ISLAND ANIMAL DISEASE CENTER, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with title VIII, the Secretary of Agriculture shall transfer to the Secretary of Homeland Security the Plum Island Animal Disease Center of the Department of Agriculture, including the assets and liabilities of the Center.
- (b) CONTINUED DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ACCESS.—On completion of the transfer of the Plum Island Animal Disease Center under subsection (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Agriculture shall enter into an agreement to ensure that the Department of Agriculture is able to carry out research, diagnostic, and other activities of the Department of Agriculture at the Center.
- (c) DIRECTION OF ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall continue to direct the research, diagnostic, and other activities of the Department of Agriculture at the Center described in subsection (b).
 - (d) NOTIFICATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—At least 180 days before any change in the biosafety level at the Plum Island Animal Disease Center, the President shall notify Congress of the change and describe the reasons for the change.
- (2) LIMITATION.—No change described in paragraph (1) may be made earlier than 180 days after the completion of the transition period (as defined in section 801(2)).

SEC. 311. CLEARINGHOUSE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science and Technology, shall provide for a clearing-house as a central, national point of entry for individuals or companies seeking guidance on how to pursue proposals to develop or deploy products that would contribute to homeland security. Such clearinghouse shall refer those seeking guidance on Federal funding, regulation, acquisition, or other matters to the appropriate unit of the Department or to other appropriate Federal agencies.
- (b) SCREENINGS AND ASSESSMENTS.—The Under Secretary for Science and Technology shall work in conjunction with the Technical Support Working Group (organized under the April 1982, National Security Decision Directive Numbered 30) to—
- screen proposals described in subsection
 as appropriate;
- (2) assess the feasibility, scientific and technical merits, and estimated cost of proposals screened under paragraph (1), as appropriate; and
- (3) identify areas where existing technologies may be easily adapted and deployed to meet the homeland security agenda of the Federal Government.

TITLE IV—BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

SEC. 401. UNDER SECRETARY FOR BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Border and Transportation Security headed by an Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.

SEC. 402. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In assisting the Secretary with the responsibilities specified in section 101(b)(2)(C), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security shall include—

- (1) preventing the entry of terrorists and the instruments of terrorism into the United States:
- (2) securing the borders, territorial waters, ports, terminals, waterways, and air, land, and sea transportation systems of the United States, including managing and coordinating governmental activities at ports of entry:
- (3) administering the immigration and naturalization laws of the United States, including the establishment of rules, in accordance with section 406, governing the granting of visas or other forms of permission, including parole, to enter the United States to individuals who are not citizens or lawful permanent residents thereof:
- (4) administering the customs laws of the United States:
- (5) in carrying out the foregoing responsibilities, ensuring the speedy, orderly, and efficient flow of lawful traffic and commerce:
- (6) carrying out the border patrol function;
- (7) administering and enforcing the functions of the Department under the immigration laws of the United States with respect to the inspection of aliens arriving at ports of entry of the United States.

SEC. 403. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of—
- (1) the United States Customs Service of the Department of the Treasury, including the functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto:
- (2) the Transportation Security Administration of the Department of Transportation, including the functions of the Secretary of Transportation, and of the Under Secretary of Transportation for Security, relating thereto:
- (3) the Federal Protective Service of the General Services Administration, including the functions of the Administrator of General Services relating thereto; and
- (4) the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center of the Department of the Treasury.
- (b) EXERCISE OF CUSTOMS REVENUE AUTHORITIES.—
- (1) In general.—
- (A) AUTHORITIES NOT TRANSFERRED.—Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1), authority that was vested in the Secretary of the Treasury by law to issue regulations related to customs revenue functions before the effective date of this section under the provisions of law set forth under paragraph (2) shall not be transferred to the Secretary by reason of this Act. The Secretary of the Treasury, with the concurrence of the Secretary, shall exercise this authority. The Commissioner of Customs is authorized to engage in activities to develop and support the issuance of the regulations described in this paragraph. The Secretary shall be responsible for the implementation and enforcement of regulations issued under this section.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit a report to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives of proposed conforming amendments to the statutes set forth under paragraph (2) in order to determine the appropriate allocation of legal authorities described under this subsection. The Secretary of the Treasury shall also

- identify those authorities vested in the Secretary of the Treasury that are exercised by the Commissioner of Customs on or before the effective date of this section.
- (C) LIABILITY.—Neither the Secretary of the Treasury nor the Department of the Treasury shall be liable for or named in any legal action concerning the implementation and enforcement of regulations issued under this paragraph after the effective date of this Act.
- (2) APPLICABLE LAWS.—The provisions of law referred to under paragraph (1) are those sections of the following statutes that relate to customs revenue functions:
 - (A) The Tariff Act of 1930.
- (B) Section 249 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (19 U.S.C. 3).
- (C) Section 2 of the Act of March 4, 1923 (19 U.S.C. 6).
- (D) Section 13031 of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c).
- (E) Section 251 of the Revised States of the United States (19 U.S.C. 66).
- (F) Section 1 of the Act of June 26, 1930 (19 U.S.C. 68).
- (G) The Foreign Trade Zones Act (19 U.S.C. $81a\ et\ seq.$).
- (H) Section 1 of the Act of March 2, 1911 (19 U.S.C. 198).
- (I) The Trade Act of 1974.
- (J) The Trade Agreement Act of 1979.
- (K) The North American Free Trade Area Implementation Act.
- $\left(L\right)$ The Uruguay Round Agreements Act.
- (M) The Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.
- (N) The Andean Growth and Opportunity Act.
- (O) Any other provision of law vesting customs revenue functions in the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (3) DEFINITIONS OF CUSTOMS REVENUE FUNCTIONS.—In this subsection, the term "customs revenue functions" means—
- (A) assessing, collecting, and refunding duties (including any special duties), excise taxes, fees, and any liquidated damages or penalties due on imported merchandise, including classifying and valuing merchandist and the procedures for "entry" as that term is defined in the United States Customs laws:
- (B) administering section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 and provisions relating to import quotas and the marking of imported merchandise, and providing Customs Recordation for copyrights, patents, and trademarks;
- (C) collecting accurate import data for compilation of international trade statistics;and
- (D) administering reciprocal trade agreements and trade preference legislation.

SEC. 404. TRANSFER OF CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL INSPECTION FUNCTIONS OF THE DE-PARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

- (a) TRANSFER OF AGRICULTURAL IMPORT AND ENTRY INSPECTION FUNCTIONS.—There shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions of the Secretary of Agriculture relating to agricultural import and entry inspection activities under the laws specified in subsection (b).
- (b) COVERED ANIMAL AND PLANT PROTECTION LAWS.—The laws referred to in subsection (a) are the following:
- (1) The Act commonly known as the Virus-Serum-Toxin Act (the eighth paragraph under the heading "Bureau of Animal Industry" in the Act of March 4, 1913; 21 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).
- (2) The first section of the Act of August 31, 1922 (commonly known as the Honeybee Act; 7 U.S.C. 281).
- (3) Title III of the Federal Seed Act (7 U.S.C. 1581 et seq.).
- (4) The Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.).

- (5) The Animal Health Protection Act (subtitle E of title X of Public Law 107-171; 7 U.S.C. 8301 et seq.).
- (6) The Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.).
- (7) Section 11 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1540).
- (c) EXCLUSION OF QUARANTINE ACTIVITIES.— For purposes of this section, the term "functions" does not include any quarantine activities carried out under the laws specified in subsection (b).
 - (d) EFFECT OF TRANSFER.-
- (1) COMPLIANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE REGULATIONS.—The authority transferred pursuant to subsection (a) shall be exercised by the Secretary in accordance with the regulations, policies, and procedures issued by the Secretary of Agriculture regarding the administration of the laws specified in subsection (b).
- (2) RULEMAKING COORDINATION.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall coordinate with the Secretary whenever the Secretary of Agriculture prescribes regulations, policies, or procedures for administering the laws specified in subsection (b) at the locations referred to in subsection (a).
- (3) EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, may issue such directives and guidelines as are necessary to ensure the effective use of personnel of the Department to carry out the functions transferred pursuant to subsection (a).
 - (e) TRANSFER AGREEMENT.—
- (1) AGREEMENT REQUIRED; REVISION.—Before the end of the transition period, as defined in section 801(2), the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary shall enter into an agreement to effectuate the transfer of functions required by subsection (a). The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary may jointly revise the agreement as necessary thereafter.
- (2) REQUIRED TERMS.—The agreements required by this subsection shall provide for the following:
- (A) The supervision by the Secretary of Agriculture of the training of employees of the Department to carry out the functions transferred pursuant to subsection (a).
- (B) The transfer of funds to the Secretary under subsection (f).
- (C) Authority under which the Secretary may perform functions that are delegated to the Animal and Plant Inspection Service of the Department of Agriculture regarding the protection of domestic livestock and plants, but not transferred to the Secretary pursuant to subsection (a).
- (D) Authority under which the Secretary of Agriculture may use employees of the Department to carry out authorities delegated to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service regarding the protection of domestic livestock and plants.
- (f) PERIODIC TRANSFER OF FUNDS TO DE-PARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—
- (1) Transfer of funds.—Subject to paragraph (2), out of any funds collected as fees under sections 2508 and 2509 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136, 136a), the Secretary of Agriculture shall periodically transfer to the Secretary, in accordance with the agreement under subsection (e), funds for activities carried out by the Secretary for which the fees were collected.
- (2) LIMITATION.—The proportion of fees collected under sections 2508 and 2509 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136, 136a) that are transferred to the Secretary under paragraph (1) may not exceed the proportion that—
- (A) the costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out activities funded by those fees; bears to

- (B) the costs incurred by the Federal Government to carry out activities funded by those fees
- (g) TRANSFER OF DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE EMPLOYEES.—Not later than the completion of the transition period (as defined in section 801(2)), the Secretary of Agriculture shall transfer to the Department not more than 3,200 full-time equivalent positions of the Department of Agriculture.
- (h) PROTECTION OF INSPECTION ANIMALS.— Title V of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 2279e, 2279f) is amended—
 - (1) in section 501(a)—
- (A) by inserting "or the Department of Homeland Security" after "Department of Agriculture"; and
- (B) by inserting "or the Secretary of Homeland Security" after "Secretary of Agriculture";
- (2) by striking "Secretary" each place it appears (other than in sections 501(a) and 501(e)) and inserting "Secretary concerned"; and
- (3) by adding at the end of section 501 the following:
- "(i) Secretary Concerned Defined.—In this title, the term 'Secretary concerned' means—
- "(1) the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to an animal used for purposes of official inspections by the Department of Agriculture; and
- "(2) the Secretary of Homeland Security, with respect to an animal used for purposes of official inspections by the Department of Homeland Security."
- (j) Conforming Amendments.-
- (1) Section 501 of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 2279e) is amended—
 - (A) in subsection (a)—
- (i) by inserting "or the Department of Homeland Security" after "Department of Agriculture"; and
- (ii) by inserting "or the Secretary of Homeland Security" after "Secretary of Agriculture"; and
- (B) by striking "Secretary" each place it appears (other than in subsections (a) and (e)) and inserting "Secretary concerned".
- (2) Section 221 of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8411) is repealed. SEC. 405. COORDINATION OF INFORMATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.
- (a) DEFINITION OF AFFECTED AGENCY.—In this section, the term "affected agency" means—
 - (1) the Department;
- (2) the Department of Agriculture;
- (3) the Department of Health and Human Services; and
- (4) any other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary.
- (b) COORDINATION.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the head of each other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, shall ensure that appropriate information (as determined by the Secretary) concerning inspections of articles that are imported or entered into the United States, and are inspected or regulated by 1 or more affected agencies, is timely and efficiently exchanged between the affected agencies
- (c) REPORT AND PLAN.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the head of each other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, shall submit to Congress—
- (1) a report on the progress made in implementing this section; and

(2) a plan to complete implementation of this section.

SEC. 406. VISA ISSUANCE.

- (a) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "consular office" has the meaning given that term under section 101(a)(9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(9)).
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 104(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104(a)) or any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the Secretary—
- (1) shall be vested exclusively with all authorities to issue regulations with respect to, administer, and enforce the provisions of such Act, and of all other immigration and nationality laws, relating to the functions of consular officers of the United States in connection with the granting or refusal of visas which authorities shall be exercised through the Secretary of State, except that the Secretary shall not have authority to alter or reverse the decision of a consular officer to refuse a visa to an alien;
- (2) may delegate in whole or part the authority under subparagraph (A) to the Secretary of State; and
- (3) shall have authority to confer or impose upon any officer or employee of the United States, with the consent of the head of the executive agency under whose jurisdiction such officer or employee is serving, any of the functions specified in paragraph (1).
- (c) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary of State may direct a consular officer to refuse a visa to an alien if the Secretary of State deems such refusal necessary or advisable in the foreign policy or security interests of the United States
- (2) CONSTRUCTION REGARDING AUTHORITY.— Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the authorities of the Secretary of State under the following provisions of law:
- (A) Section 101(a)(15)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(A)).
- (B) Section 204(d)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1154) (as it will take effect upon the entry into force of the Convention on Protection of Children and Cooperation in Respect to Inter-Country adoption).
- (C) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV)(bb) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV)(bb)).
- (D) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI)).
- (E) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II)).
- (F) Section 212(a)(3(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(C)).
- (G) Section 212(a)(10)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(10)(C)).
- (H) Section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)).
- (I) Section 219(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189(a)).
- (J) Section 237(a)(4)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(C)).
- (K) Section 401 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6034; Public Law 104-114).
- (L) Section 613 of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (as contained in section 101(b) of division A of Public Law 105–277) (Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999); 112 Stat. 2681; H.R. 4328 (originally H.R. 4276) as amended by section 617 of Public Law 106–553.

- (M) Section 103(f) of the Chemical Weapon Convention Implementation Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 2681–865).
- (N) Section 801 of H.R. 3427, the Admiral James W. Nance and Meg Donovan Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2000 and 2001, as enacted by reference in Public Law 106-113
- (O) Section 568 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2002 (Public Law 107–115).
- (P) Section 51 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2723).
- (d) Consular Officers and Chiefs of Missions.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to alter or affect—
- (A) the employment status of consular officers as employees of the Department of State; or
- (B) the authority of a chief of mission under section 207 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3927).
- (2) CONSTRUCTION REGARDING DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any delegation of authority to the Secretary of State by the President pursuant to any proclamation issued under section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)).
- (e) ASSIGNMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY EMPLOYEES TO DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR POSTS —
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to assign employees of the Department to each diplomatic and consular post at which visas are issued, unless the Secretary determines that such an assignment at a particular post would not promote homeland security.
- (2) FUNCTIONS.—Employees assigned under paragraph (1) shall perform the following functions:
- (i) Provide expert advice to consular officers regarding specific security threats relating to the adjudication of individual visa applications or classes of applications.
- (ii) Review any such applications, either on the initiative of the employee of the Department or upon request by a consular officer or other person charged with adjudicating such applications.
- (iii) Conduct investigations with respect to consular matters under the jurisdiction of the Secretary.
- (3) EVALUATION OF CONSULAR OFFICERS.— The Secretary of State shall evaluate, in consultation with the Secretary, as deemed appropriate by the Secretary, the performance of consular officers with respect to the processing and adjudication of applications for visas in accordance with performance standards developed by the Secretary for these procedures.
- (4) REPORT.—The Secretary shall, on an annual basis, submit a report to Congress that describes the basis for each determination under paragraph (1) that the assignment of an employee of the Department at a particular diplomatic post would not promote homeland security.
- (5) PERMANENT ASSIGNMENT; PARTICIPATION IN TERRORIST LOOKOUT COMMITTEE.—When appropriate, employees of the Department assigned to perform functions described in paragraph (2) may be assigned permanently to overseas diplomatic or consular posts with country-specific or regional responsibility. If the Secretary so directs, any such employee, when present at an overseas post, shall participate in the terrorist lookout committee established under section 304 of the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1733).
- (6) Training and hiring.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure, to the extent possible, that any employees of the Department assigned to perform functions under paragraph (2) and, as appropriate, consular officers, shall be provided the necessary training to enable them to carry out such functions, including training in foreign languages, in conditions in the particular country where each employee is assigned, and in other appropriate areas of study.
- (B) USE OF CENTER.—The Secretary is authorized to use the National Foreign Affairs Training Center, on a reimbursable basis, to obtain the training described in subparagraph (A).
- (7) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Secretary of State shall submit to Congress—
- (A) a report on the implementation of this subsection: and
- (B) any legislative proposals necessary to further the objectives of this subsection.
- (8) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall take effect on the earlier of—
- (A) the date on which the President publishes notice in the Federal Register that the President has submitted a report to Congress setting forth a memorandum of understanding between the Secretary and the Secretary of State governing the implementation of this section; or
- (B) the date occurring 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (f) No CREATION OF PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to create or authorize a private right of action to challenge a decision of a consular officer or other United States official or employee to grant or deny a visa.

SEC. 407. BORDER SECURITY AND IMMIGRATION WORKING GROUP.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a border security and immigration working group (in this section referred to as the "Working Group"), composed of the Secretary or the designee of the Secretary, the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs, and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation protection.
- (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Working Group shall meet not less frequently than once every 3 months and shall—
- (1) with respect to border security functions, develop coordinated budget requests, allocations of appropriations, staffing requirements, communication, use of equipment, transportation, facilities, and other infrastructure:
- (2) coordinate joint and cross-training programs for personnel performing border security functions;
- (3) monitor, evaluate and make improvements in the coverage and geographic distributions of border security programs and personnel;
- (4) develop and implement policies and technologies to ensure the speedy, orderly, and efficient flow of lawful traffic, travel and commerce, and enhanced security for high-risk traffic, travel, and commerce;
- (5) identify systemic problems in coordination encountered by border security agencies and programs and propose administrative, regulatory, or statutory changes to mitigate such problems; and
- (6) coordinate the enforcement of all immigration laws.
- (c) RELEVANT AGENCIES.—The Secretary shall consult with representatives of relevant agencies with respect to deliberations under subsection (b), and may include representative of such agencies in working group deliberations, as appropriate.

SEC. 408. INFORMATION ON VISA DENIALS RE-QUIRED TO BE ENTERED INTO ELEC-TRONIC DATA SYSTEM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever a consular officer of the United States denies a visa to an applicant, the consular officer shall enter the fact and the basis of the denial and the name of the applicant into the interoperable electronic data system implemented under section 202(a) of the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1722(a)).
- (b) PROHIBITION.—In the case of any alien with respect to whom a visa has been denied under subsection (a)—
- (1) no subsequent visa may be issued to the alien unless the consular officer considering the alien's visa application has reviewed the information concerning the alien placed in the interoperable electronic data system, has indicated on the alien's application that the information has been reviewed, and has stated for the record why the visa is being issued or a waiver of visa ineligibility recommended in spite of that information: and
- (2) the alien may not be admitted to the United States without a visa issued in accordance with the procedures described in paragraph (1).

SEC. 409. STUDY ON USE OF FOREIGN NATIONAL PERSONNEL IN VISA PROCESSING.

The Secretary shall conduct a study on the use of foreign national personnel in visa processing to determine whether such uses are consistent with secure visa processing. The study shall review and make recommendations with respect to—

- (1) the effects or possible effects on national security of the use of foreign national personnel in individual countries to perform data entry, process visas or visa applications, or in any way handle visas or visa application documents; and
- (2) each United States mission abroad to determine whether United States consular services performed at the United States mission require different regulations on the use of foreign national personnel.

TITLE V—EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

SEC. 501. UNDER SECRETARY FOR EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate of Emergency Preparedness and Response headed by an Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response.

SEC. 502. RESPONSIBILITIES.

- In assisting the Secretary with the responsibilities specified in section 101(b)(2)(D), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response shall include—
- (1) helping to ensure the preparedness of emergency response providers for terrorist attacks, major disasters, and other emergencies:
- (2) with respect to the Nuclear Incident Response Team (regardless of whether it is operating as an organizational unit of the Department pursuant to this title)—
- (A) establishing standards and certifying when those standards have been met;
- (B) conducting joint and other exercises and training and evaluating performance; and
- (C) providing funds to the Department of Energy and the Environmental Protection Agency, as appropriate, for homeland security planning, exercises and training, and equipment:
- (3) providing the Federal Government's response to terrorist attacks and major disasters, including—
- (A) managing such response;
- (B) directing the Domestic Emergency Support Team, the Strategic National Stockpile, the National Disaster Medical

- System, and (when operating as an organizational unit of the Department pursuant to this title) the Nuclear Incident Response Team:
- (C) overseeing the Metropolitan Medical Response System; and
- (D) coordinating other Federal response resources in the event of a terrorist attack or major disaster:
- (4) aiding the recovery from terrorist attacks and major disasters;
- (5) building a comprehensive national incident management system with Federal, State, and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, to respond to such attacks and disasters:
- (6) consolidating existing Federal Government emergency response plans into a single, coordinated national response plan; and
- (7) developing comprehensive programs for developing interoperative communications technology, and helping to ensure that emergency response providers acquire such technology.

SEC. 503. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following entities:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency, including the functions of the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency relating thereto.
- (2) The Office for Domestic Preparedness of the Office of Justice Programs, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (3) The National Domestic Preparedness Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (4) The Domestic Emergency Support Teams of the Department of Justice, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (5) The Office of the Assistant Secretary for Public Health Emergency Preparedness (including the Office of Emergency Preparedness, the National Disaster Medical System, and the Metropolitan Medical Response System) of the Department of Health and Human Services, including the functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services relating thereto.
- (6) The Strategic National Stockpile of the Department of Health and Human Services, including the functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services relating thereto. SEC. 504. NUCLEAR INCIDENT RESPONSE.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—At the direction of the Secretary (in connection with an actual or threatened terrorist attack, major disaster, or other emergency), the Nuclear Incident Response Team shall operate as an organizational unit of the Department. While so operating, the Nuclear Incident Response Team shall be subject to the direction, authority, and control of the Secretary.
- (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to limit the ordinary responsibility of the Secretary of Energy and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency for organizing, training, equipping, and utilizing their respective entities in the Nuclear Incident Response Team, or (subject to the provisions of this title) from exercising direction, authority, and control over them when they are not operating as a unit of the Department.

SEC. 505. CONDUCT OF CERTAIN PUBLIC HEALTH-RELATED ACTIVITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to all public health-related activities to improve State, local, and hospital preparedness and response to chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear and other emerging terrorist threats carried out by the Department of Health and

Human Services (including the Public Health Service), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall set priorities and preparedness goals and further develop a coordinated strategy for such activities in collaboration with the Secretary.

(b) EVALUATION OF PROGRESS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall collaborate with the Secretary in developing specific benchmarks and outcome measurements for evaluating progress toward achieving the priorities and goals described in such subsection.

SEC, 506, DEFINITION.

In this title, the term "Nuclear Incident Response Team" means a resource that includes—

- (1) those entities of the Department of Energy that perform nuclear or radiological emergency support functions (including accident response, search response, advisory, and technical operations functions), radiation exposure functions at the medical assistance facility known as the Radiation Emergency Assistance Center/Training Site (REAC/TS), radiological assistance functions, and related functions; and
- (2) those entities of the Environmental Protection Agency that perform such support functions (including radiological emergency response functions) and related functions.

TITLE VI—MANAGEMENT

SEC. 601. UNDER SECRETARY FOR MANAGEMENT.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Management, headed by an Under Secretary for Management.

SEC. 602. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In assisting the Secretary with the management and administration of the Department, the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Management shall include, for the Department—

- (1) the budget, appropriations, expenditures of funds, accounting, and finance;
 - (2) procurement;
 - (3) human resources and personnel;
- (4) information technology and communications systems;
- (5) facilities, property, equipment, and other material resources;
- (6) security for personnel, information technology and communications systems, facilities, property, equipment, and other material resources; and
- (7) identification and tracking of performance measures relating to the responsibilities of the Department.

SEC. 603. CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.

The Chief Financial Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct.

SEC. 604. CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.

The Chief Information Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct.

SEC. 605. CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICER.

The Chief Human Capital Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct and shall ensure that all employees of the Department are informed of their rights and remedies under chapters 12 and 23 of title 5, United States Code, by—

- (1) participating in the 2302(c) Certification Program of the Office of Special Counsel;
- (2) achieving certification from the Office of Special Counsel of the Department's compliance with section 2302(c) of title 5, United States Code; and
- (3) informing Congress of such certification not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

TITLE VII—COORDINATION WITH NON-FEDERAL ENTITIES; INSPECTOR GEN-ERAL; UNITED STATES SECRET SERV-ICE; COAST GUARD; GENERAL PROVI-SIONS

Subtitle A—Coordination with Non-Federal Entities

SEC. 701. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In discharging his responsibilities relating to coordination (including the provision of training and equipment) with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, with the private sector, and with other entities, the responsibilities of the Secretary shall include—

- (1) coordinating with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, and with the private sector, to ensure adequate planning, equipment, training, and exercise activities;
- (2) coordinating and, as appropriate, consolidating the Federal Government's communications and systems of communications relating to homeland security with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, the private sector, other entities, and the public;
- (3) directing and supervising grant programs of the Federal Government for State and local government emergency response providers; and
- (4) distributing or, as appropriate, coordinating the distribution of, warnings and information to State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities and to the public.

Subtitle B—Inspector General SEC. 710. AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the last two sentences of section 3(a) of the Inspector General Act of 1978, the Inspector General shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary with respect to audits or investigations, or the issuance of subpoenas, that require access to information concerning—
- (1) intelligence, counterintelligence, or counterterrorism matters;
- (2) ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings;
- (3) undercover operations;
- (4) the identity of confidential sources, including protected witnesses;
- (5) other matters the disclosure of which would, in the Secretary's judgment, constitute a serious threat to the protection of any person or property authorized protection by section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, section 202 of title 3 of such Code, or any provision of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976; or
- (6) other matters the disclosure of which would, in the Secretary's judgment, constitute a serious threat to national security.
- (b) Prohibition of Completion of Audit or Investigation.—With respect to the information described in subsection (a), the Secretary may prohibit the Inspector General from carrying out or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena, after such Inspector General has decided to initiate, carry out, or complete such audit or investigation or to issue such subpoena, if the Secretary determines that such prohibition is necessary to prevent the disclosure of any information described in subsection (a), to preserve the national security, or to prevent a significant impairment to the interests of the United States.
- (c) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall notify in writing the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and other appropriate committees of Congress

within thirty days of any exercise of his authority under this section stating the reasons for such exercise.

SEC. 711. LAW ENFORCEMENT POWERS OF IN-SPECTOR GENERAL AGENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e)(1) In addition to the authority otherwise provided by this Act, each Inspector General appointed under section 3, any Assistant Inspector General for Investigations under such an Inspector General, and any special agent supervised by such an Assistant Inspector General may be authorized by the Attorney General to—

- "(A) carry a firearm while engaged in official duties as authorized under this Act or other statute, or as expressly authorized by the Attorney General"
- "(B) make an arrest without a warrant while engaged in official duties as authorized under this Act or other statute, or as expressly authorized by the Attorney General, for any offense against the United States committed in the presence of such Inspector General, Assistant Inspector General, or agent, or for any felony cognizable under the laws of the United States if such Inspector General, Assistant Inspector General, or agent has reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony; and
- "(C) seek and execute warrants for arrest, search of a premises, or seizures of evidence issued under the authority of the United States upon probable cause to believe that a violation has been committed.
- "(2) The Attorney General may authorize exercise of the powers under this subsection only upon an initial determination that—
- "(A) the affected Office of Inspector General is significantly hampered in the performance of responsibilities established by this Act as a result of the lack of such powers:
- "(B) available assistance from other law enforcement agencies is insufficient to meet the need for such powers; and

"(C) adequate internal safeguards and management procedures exist to ensure proper exercise of such powers.

- "(3) The Inspector General offices of the Department of Commerce, Department of Education, Department of Energy, Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Homeland Security, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Department of the Interior, Department of Justice, Department of Labor, Department of State, Department of Transportation, Department of the Treasury, Department of Veterans Affairs, Agency for International Development, Environmental Protection Agency, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Emergency Management Agency, General Services Administration, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Office of Personnel Management, Railroad Retirement Board, Small Business Administration, Social Security Administration, and the Tennessee Vallev Authority are exempt from the requirement of paragraph (2) of an initial determination of eligibility by the Attorney General.
- "(4) The Attorney General shall promulgate, and revise as appropriate, guidelines which shall govern the exercise of the law enforcement powers established under paragraph (1).
- "(5) Powers authorized for an Office of Inspector General under paragraph (1) shall be rescinded or suspended upon a determination by the Attorney General that any of the requirements under paragraph (2) is no longer satisfied or that the exercise of authorized powers by that Office of Inspector General

has not complied with the guidelines promulgated by the Attorney General under paragraph (4).

"(6) A determination by the Attorney General under paragraph (2) or (5) shall not be reviewable in or by any court.

"(7) To ensure the proper exercise of the law enforcement powers authorized by this subsection, the Offices of Inspector General described under paragraph (3) shall, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, collectively enter into a memorandum of understanding to establish an external review process for ensuring that adequate internal safeguards and management procedures continue to exist within each Office and within any Office that later receives an authorization under paragraph (2). The review process shall be established in consultation with the Attorney General, who shall be provided with a copy of the memorandum of understanding that establishes the review process. Under the review process, the exercise of the law enforcement powers by each Office of Inspector General shall be reviewed periodically by another Office of Inspector General or by a committee of Inspectors General. The results of each review shall be communicated in writing to the applicable Inspector General and to the Attorney General.

- "(8) No provision of this subsection shall limit the exercise of law enforcement powers established under any other statutory authority, including United States Marshals Service special deputation.".
- (b) PROMULGATION OF INITIAL GUIDELINES.-
- (1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "memoranda of understanding" means the agreements between the Department of Justice and the Inspector General offices described under section 6(e)(3) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) (as added by subsection (a) of this section) that—
- $\left(A\right)$ are in effect on the date of enactment of this Act; and
- (B) authorize such offices to exercise authority that is the same or similar to the authority under section 6(e)(1) of such Act.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall promulgate guidelines under section 6(e)(4) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) (as added by subsection (a) of this section) applicable to the Inspector General offices described under section 6(e)(3) of that Act.
- (3) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—The guidelines promulgated under this subsection shall include, at a minimum, the operational and training requirements in the memoranda of understanding.
- (4) No LAPSE OF AUTHORITY.—The memoranda of understanding in effect on the date of enactment of this Act shall remain in effect until the guidelines promulgated under this subsection take effect.
 - (c) Effective Dates.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- $\ensuremath{\text{(2)}}$ Initial guidelines.—Subsection (b) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

Subtitle C—United States Secret Service SEC. 720. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the United States Secret Service, which shall be maintained as a distinct entity within the Department, including the functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto.

Subtitle D—General Provisions SEC. 730. ESTABLISHMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

(a) AUTHORITY.—

- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (A) it is extremely important that employees of the Department be allowed to participate in a meaningful way in the creation of any human resources management system affecting them;
- (B) such employees have the most direct knowledge of the demands of their jobs and have a direct interest in ensuring that their human resources management system is conducive to achieving optimal operational efficiencies;
- (C) the 21st century human resources management system envisioned for the Department should be one that benefits from the input of its employees; and
- (D) this collaborative effort will help secure our homeland.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Subpart I of part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 97—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec.

"9701. Establishment of human resources management system.

"\$ 9701. Establishment of human resources management system

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the Secretary may, in regulations prescribed jointly with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, establish, and from time to time adjust, a human resources management system for some or all of the organizational units of the Department.
- "(b) System Requirements.—Any system established under subsection (a) shall—
- "(1) be flexible;
- "(2) be contemporary;
- "(3) not waive, modify, or otherwise affect—
- "(A) the public employment principles of merit and fitness set forth in section 2301, including the principles of hiring based on merit, fair treatment without regard to political affiliation or other nonmerit considerations, equal pay for equal work, and protection of employees against reprisal for whistleblowing:
- "(B) any provision of section 2302, relating to prohibited personnel practices:
- "(C)(i) any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1); or
- "(ii) any provision of law implementing any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1) by—
- "(I) providing for equal employment opportunity through affirmative action; or
- "(II) providing any right or remedy available to any employee or applicant for employment in the civil service;
- $\mbox{``(D)}$ any other provision of this part (as described in subsection (c)); or
- "(E) any rule or regulation prescribed under any provision of law referred to in any of the preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph.
- "(4) ensure that employees may organize, bargain collectively, and participate through labor organizations of their own choosing in decisions which affect them, subject to any exclusion from coverage or limitation on negotiability established by law; and
- "(5) permit the use of a category rating system for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service.
- "(c) OTHER NONWAIVABLE PROVISIONS.—The other provisions of this part as referred to in subsection (b)(3)(D), are (to the extent not otherwise specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subsection (b)(3))—
- "(1) subparts A, B, E, G, and H of this part; and
- "(2) chapters 41, 45, 47, 55, 57, 59, 72, 73, and 79, and this chapter.

- "(d) LIMITATIONS RELATING TO PAY.—Nothing in this section shall constitute authority—
- "(1) to modify the pay of any employee who serves in—
- "(A) an Executive Schedule position under subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code; or
- "(B) a position for which the rate of basic pay is fixed in statute by reference to a section or level under subchapter II of chapter 53 of such title 5;
- "(2) to fix pay for any employee or position at an annual rate greater than the maximum amount of cash compensation allowable under section 5307 of such title 5 in a year; or
- "(3) to exempt any employee from the application of such section 5307.
- "(e) PROVISIONS TO ENSURE COLLABORATION WITH EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to ensure that the authority of this section is exercised in collaboration with, and in a manner that ensures the direct participation of employee representatives in the planning development, and implementation of any human resources management system or adjustments under this section, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall provide for the following:
- "(A) NOTICE OF PROPOSAL.— The Secretary and the Director shall, with respect to any proposed system or adjustment—
- "(i) provide to each employee representative representing any employees who might be affected, a written description of the proposed system or adjustment (including the reasons why it is considered necessary):
- "(ii) give each representative at least 60 days (unless extraordinary circumstances require earlier action) to review and make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give any recommendations received from any such representatives under clause (ii) full and fair consideration in deciding whether or how to proceed with the proposal.
- "(B) PREIMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS.—
 If the Secretary and the Director decide to implement a proposal described in subparagraph (A), they shall before implementation—
- "(i) give each representative details of the decision to implement the proposal, together with the information upon which the decision is based:
- "(ii) give each representative an opportunity to make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give such recommendation full and fair consideration, including the providing of reasons to an employee representative if any of its recommendations are rejected.
- "(C) CONTINUING COLLABORATION.—If a proposal described in subparagraph (A) is implemented, the Secretary and the Director shall—
- "(i) develop a method for each employee representative to participate in any further planning or development which might become necessary; and
- "(ii) give each employee representative adequate access to information to make that participation productive.
- "(2) PROCEDURES.—Any procedures necessary to carry out this subsection shall be established by the Secretary and the Director jointly. Such procedures shall include measures to ensure—
- "(A) in the case of employees within a unit with respect to which a labor organization is accorded exclusive recognition, representation by individuals designated or from among individuals nominated by such organization:
- "(B) in the case of any employees who are not within such a unit, representation by

any appropriate organization which represents a substantial percentage of those employees or, if none, in such other manner as may be appropriate, consistent with the purposes of the subsection; and

- "(C) the selection of representatives in a manner consistent with the relative number of employees represented by the organizations or other representatives involved.
- "(f) Provisions Relating to Appellate Procedures.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- "(A) employees of the Department are entitled to fair treatment in any appeals that they bring in decisions relating to their employment; and
- "(B) in prescribing regulations for any such appeals procedures, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management—
- "(i) should ensure that employees of the Department are afforded the protections of due process; and
- "(ii) toward that end, should be required to consult with the Merit Systems Protection Board before issuing any such regulations.
- "(2) REQUIREMENTS.—Any regulations under this section which relate to any matters within the purview of chapter 77—
- "(A) shall be issued only after consultation with the Merit Systems Protection Board;
- ``(B) shall ensure the availability of procedures which shall—
- ``(i) be consistent with requirements of due process; and
- "(ii) provide, to the maximum extent practicable, for the expeditious handling of any matters involving the Department; and
- "(C) shall modify procedures under chapter 77 only insofar as such modifications are designed to further the fair, efficient, and expeditious resolution of matters involving the employees of the Department.
- "(g) SUNSET PROVISION.—Effective 5 years after the conclusion of the transition period defined under section 801 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, all authority to issue regulations under this section (including regulations which would modify, supersede, or terminate any regulations previously issued under this section) shall cease to be available."
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of the following:

- (b) Effect on Personnel.—
- (1) Nonseparation or nonreduction in grade or compensation of full-time personnel and part-time personnel and part-time personnel holding permanent positions.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the transfer pursuant to this act of full-time personnel (except special Government employees) and part-time personnel holding permanent positions shall not cause any such employee to be separated or reduced in grade or compensation for one year after the date of transfer to the Department.
- (2) Positions compensated in accordance with executive schedule.—Any person who, on the day preceding such person's date of transfer pursuant to this Act, held a position compensated in accordance with the Executive Schedule prescribed in chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, and who, without a break in service, is appointed in the Department to a position having duties comparable to the duties performed immediately preceding such appointment shall continue to be compensated in such new position at not less than the rate provided for such position, for the duration of the service of such person in such new position.

(3) COORDINATION RULE.—Any exercise of authority under chapter 97 of title 5, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)), including under any system established under such chapter, shall be in conformance with the requirements of this subsection.

SEC. 731. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

- (a) Limitation on Exclusionary Authority.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—No agency or subdivision of an agency which is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act shall be excluded from the coverage of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as a result of any order issued under section 7103(b)(1) of such title 5 after June 18, 2002, unless—
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of the agency (or subdivision) materially change;
- (B) a majority of the employees within such agency (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) EXCLUSIONS ALLOWABLE.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall affect the effectiveness of any order to the extent that such order excludes any portion of an agency or subdivision of an agency as to which—
- (A) recognition as an appropriate unit has never been conferred for purposes of chapter 71 of such title 5: or
- (B) any such recognition has been revoked or otherwise terminated as a result of a determination under subsection (b)(1).
- (b) Provisions Relating to Bargaining Units.—
- (1) LIMITATION RELATING TO APPROPRIATE UNITS.—Each unit which is recognized as an appropriate unit for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as of the day before the effective date of this Act (and any subdivision of any such unit) shall, if such unit (or subdivision) is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, continue to be so recognized for such purposes, unless—
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of such unit (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such unit (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) LIMITATION RELATING TO POSITIONS OR EMPLOYEES.—No position or employee within a unit (or subdivision of a unit) as to which continued recognition is given in accordance with paragraph (1) shall be excluded from such unit (or subdivision), for purposes of chapter 71 of such title 5, unless the primary job duty of such position or employee—
 - (A) materially changes; and
- (B) consists of intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.

In the case of any positions within a unit (or subdivision) which are first established on or after the effective date of this Act and any employee first appointed on or after such date, the preceding sentence shall be applied disregarding subparagraph (A).

- (c) HOMELAND SECURITY.—Subsection (a), (b), and (d) of this section shall not apply in circumstances where the President determines in writing that such application would have a substantial adverse impact on the Department's ability to protect homeland security. Whenever the President makes a determination specified under this subsection, the President shall notify the Senate and the House of Representatives of the reasons for such determination not less than 10 days prior to its issuance.
- (d) COORDINATION RULE.—No other provision of this Act or of any amendment made by this Act may be construed or applied in a manner so as to limit, supersede, or other-

wise affect the provisions of this section, except to the extent that it does so by specific reference to this section.

SEC. 732. ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

The Secretary may establish, appoint members of, and use the services of, advisory committees, as the Secretary may deem necessary. An advisory committee established under this section may be exempted by the Secretary from Public Law 92-463, but the Secretary shall publish notice in the Federal Register announcing the establishment of such a committee and identifying its purpose and membership. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, members of an advisory committee that is exempted by the Secretary under the preceding sentence who are special Government employees (as that term is defined in section 202 of title 18. United States Code) shall be eligible for certifications under subsection (b)(3) of section 208 of title 18. United States Code, for official actions taken as a member of such advisory committee.

SEC. 733. ACQUISITIONS.

- (a) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—When the Secretary carries out basic, applied, and advanced research and development projects, he may exercise the same authority (subject to the same limitations and conditions) with respect to such research and projects as the Secretary of Defense may exercise under section 2371 of title 10, United States Code (except for subsections (b) and (f)), after making a determination that the use of a contract. grant, or cooperative agreement for such project is not feasible or appropriate. The annual report required under subsection (h) of such section, as applied to the Secretary by this paragraph, shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (2) PROTOTYPE PROJECTS.—The Secretary may, under the authority of paragraph (1), carry out prototype projects in accordance with the requirements and conditions provided for carrying out prototype projects under section 845 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103–160). In applying the authorities of that section 845, subsection (c) of that section shall apply with respect to prototype projects under this paragraph, and the Secretary shall perform the functions of the Secretary of Defense under subsection (d) thereof.
- (b) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTERMITTENT SERVICES.—The Secretary may—
- (1) procure the temporary or intermittent services of experts or consultants (or organizations thereof) in accordance with section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code; and
- (2) whenever necessary due to an urgent homeland security need, procure temporary (not to exceed 1 year) or intermittent personal services, including the services of experts or consultants (or organizations thereof), without regard to the pay limitations of such section 3109.

SEC. 734. REORGANIZATION AUTHORITY.

- (a) REORGANIZATION PLAN.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Whenever the President determines that changes in the organization of the Department are necessary to carry out any policy set forth in this Act, the President shall prepare a reorganization plan specifying the reorganizations that the President determines are necessary. Any such plan may provide for—
- (A) the transfer of the whole or a part of an agency, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, to the jurisdiction and control of the Department;

- (B) the transfer of the whole or a part of an agency, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, from the Department;
- (C) the abolition of all or a part of an agency within the Department;
- (D) the creation of a new agency or a new part of an agency within the Department; or
- (E) the consolidation or coordination of the whole or a part of an agency within the Department, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, with the whole or a part of another agency within the Department.
- (2) Transmittal.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall transmit the reorganization plan to Congress together with the declaration that, with respect to each organization included in the plan, the President has found that the reorganization is necessary to carry out any policy set forth in this Act.
- (B) TIMING.—The reorganization plan shall be delivered to both Houses on the same day and to each House while it is in session, except that no more than 2 plans may be pending before Congress at 1 time.
 - (3) Content.
- (A) In general.—The transmittal message of the reorganization plan shall—
- (i) specify with respect to each abolition of a function included in the plan the statutory authority for the exercise of the function:
- (ii) include an estimate of any reduction or increase in expenditures (itemized so far as practicable);
- (iii) include detailed information addressing the impacts of the reorganization on the employees of any agency affected by the plan, and what steps will be taken to mitigate any impacts of the plan on the employees of the agency:
- (iv) describe any improvements in management, delivery of Federal services, execution of the laws, and increases in efficiency of Government operations, which it is expected will be realized as a result of the reorganizations included in the plan; and
- (v) in the case of a transfer to or from the Department, address the impact of the proposed transfer on the ability of the affected agency to carry out its other functions and to accomplish its missions.
- (B) IMPLEMENTATION.—In addition, the transmittal message shall include an implementation section which shall—
 - (i) describe in detail—
- (I) the actions necessary or planned to complete the reorganization; and
- (II) the anticipated nature and substance of any orders, directives, and other administrative and operations actions which are expected to be required for completing or implementing the reorganization; and
- (ii) contain a projected timetable for completion of the implementation process.
- (C) BACKGROUND INFORMATION.—The President shall also submit such further background or other information as Congress may require for its consideration of the plan.
- (4) AMENDMENTS TO PLAN.—Any time during the period of 60 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to it, but before any resolution has been ordered reported in either House, the President, or the designee of the President, may make amendments or modifications to the plan, which modifications or revisions shall thereafter be treated as a part of the reorganization plan originally transmitted and shall not affect in any way the time limits otherwise provided for in this section. The President, or the designee of the President, may withdraw the plan any time prior to the conclusion of 90 calendar days of continuous session of Congress following the date on which the plan is submitted to Congress.
- (b) ADDITIONAL CONTENTS OF REORGANIZATION PLAN.—A reorganization plan—

- (1) may change the name of an agency affected by a reorganization and the title of its head, and shall designate the name of an agency resulting from a reorganization and the title of its head;
- (2) may provide for the appointment and pay of the head and 1 or more officers of any agency (including an agency resulting from a consolidation or other type of reorganization) if the message transmitting the plan declares, that by reason of a reorganization made by the plan the provisions are necessary:
- (3) shall provide for the transfer or other disposition of the records, property, and personnel affected by a reorganization;
- (4) shall provide for the transfer of such unexpended balances of appropriations, and of other funds, available for use in connection with a function or agency affected by a reorganization, as necessary by reason of the reorganization for use in connection with the functions affected by the reorganization, or for the use of the agency which shall have the functions after the reorganization plan is effective; and
- (5) shall provide for terminating the affairs of an agency abolished.
- A reorganization plan containing provisions authorized by paragraph (2) may provide that the head of an agency be an individual or a commission or board with more than 1 member. In the case of an appointment of the head of such an agency, the term of office may not be fixed at more than 4 years. the pay may not be at a rate in excess of that found to be applicable to comparable officers in the executive branch, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Any reorganization plan containing provisions required by paragraph (4) shall provide for the transfer of unexpended balances only if such balances are used for the purposes for which the appropriation was originally made.
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE AND PUBLICATION OF REORGANIZATION PLANS.—
- (1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided under paragraph (3), a reorganization plan shall be effective upon approval by the President of a resolution (as defined in subsection (f)) with respect to such plan, only if such resolution is passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate, within the first period of 90 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to Congress.
- (2) SESSION OF CONGRESS.—For the purpose of this chapter—
- (A) continuity of session is broken only by an adjournment of Congress sine die; and
- (B) the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain are excluded in the computation of any period of time in which Congress is in continuous session.
- (3) LATER EFFECTIVE DATE.—Under provisions contained in a reorganization plan, any provision thereof may be effective at a time later than the date on which the plan otherwise is effective.
- (4) PUBLICATION OF PLAN.—A reorganization plan which is effective shall be printed—
- (A) in the Statutes at Large in the same volume as the public laws; and
- (B) in the Federal Register.(d) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS; PENDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.—
- (1) Effect on laws.—
- (A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term "regulation or other action" means a regulation, rule, order, policy, determination, directive, authorization, permit, privilege, requirement, designation, or other action.
- (B) Effect.—A statute enacted, and a regulation or other action made, prescribed, issued, granted, or performed in respect of or

- by an agency or function affected by a reorganization under this section, before the effective date of the reorganization, has, except to the extent rescinded, modified, superseded, or made inapplicable by or under authority of law or by the abolition of a function, the same effect as if the reorganization had not been made. However, if the statute, regulation, or other action has vested the functions in the agency from which it is removed under the reorganization plan, the function, insofar as it is to be exercised after the plan becomes effective, shall be deemed as vested in the agency under which the function is placed in the plan.
- (2) PENDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.—A suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the head of an agency or other officer of the United States, in the officer's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of the officer's official duties, does not abate by reason of the taking effect of a reorganization plan under this section. On motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within 12 months after the reorganization plan takes effect, showing a necessity for a survival of the suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain a settlement of the questions involved, the court may allow the suit, action, or other proceeding to be maintained by or against the successor of the head or officer under the reorganization effected by the plan or, if there is no successor, against such agency or officer as the President designates.
- (e) RULES OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ON REORGANIZATION PLANS.—Subsections (f) through (i) are enacted by Congress—
- (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, and as such they are deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in that House in the case of resolutions with respect to any reorganization plans transmitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (a)(3) of this section); and they supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and
- (2) with the full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.
- (f) TERMS OF RESOLUTION.—For the purposes of subsections (e) through (i), "resolution" means only a joint resolution of Congress, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That Congress approves the reorganization plan transmitted to Congress by the President on
- 20___.", and includes such modifications and revisions as are submitted by the President under subsection (a)(4). The blank spaces therein are to be filled appropriately. The term does not include a resolution which specifies more than 1 reorganization plan.
- (g) INTRODUCTION AND REFERENCE OF RESOLUTION.—
- (1) INTRODUCTION.—No later than the first day of session following the day on which a reorganization plan is transmitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate under subsection (a), a resolution, as defined in subsection (f), shall be—
- (A) introduced (by request) in the House by the chairman of the Government Reform Committee of the House, or by a Member or Members of the House designated by such chairman; and
- (B) introduced (by request) in the Senate by the chairman of the Governmental Affairs Committee of the Senate, or by a Member or Members of the Senate designated by such chairman.

- (2) REFERRAL.—A resolution with respect to a reorganization plan shall be referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House (and all resolutions with respect to the same plan shall be referred to the same committee) by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as the case may be. The committee shall make its recommendations to the House of Representatives or the Senate, respectively, within 75 calendar days of continuous session of Congress following the date of such resolution's introduction.
- (h) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE CONSIDERING RESOLUTION.—If the committee to which is referred a resolution introduced pursuant to subsection (g)(1) has not reported such a resolution or identical resolution at the end of 75 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after its introduction, such committee shall be deemed to be discharged from further consideration of such resolution and such resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House involved.
- (i) PROCEDURE AFTER REPORT OR DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEES; DEBATE; VOTE ON FINAL PASSAGE —
- (1) PROCEDURE.—When the committee has reported, or has been deemed to be discharged (under subsection (h)) from further consideration of, a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan, it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) for any Member of the respective House to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is not debatable. The motion shall not be subject to amendment, or to any motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of the resolution is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the respective House until disposed
- (2) DEBATE.—Debate on the resolution, and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between individuals favoring and individuals opposing the resolution. A motion further to limit debate is in order and not debatable. An amendment to, or a motion to recommit the resolution is not in order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolution is passed or rejected shall not be in order.
- (3) VOTE ON FINAL PASSAGE.—Immediately following the conclusion of the debate on the resolution with respect to a reorganization plan, and a single quorum call at the conclusion of the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the appropriate House, the vote on final passage of the resolution shall occur.
- (4) APPEALS.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan shall be decided without debate.
- (5) PRIOR PASSAGE.—If, prior to the passage by 1 House of a resolution of that House, that House receives a resolution with respect to the same reorganization plan from the other House, then—
- (A) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no resolution had been received from the other House; but
- (B) the vote on final passage shall be on the resolution of the other House.

SEC. 735. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- (a) SEAL.—The Department shall have a seal, whose design is subject to the approval of the President.
- (b) Participation of Members of the Armed Forces.—With respect to the Department, the Secretary shall have the same authorities that the Secretary of Transportation has with respect to the Department of Transportation under section 324 of title 49, United States Code.
- (c) REDELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS.—Unless otherwise provided in the delegation or by law, any function delegated under this Act may be redelegated to any subordinate.

SEC. 736. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 737. REGULATORY AUTHORITY.

Except as specifically provided in this Act, this Act vests in the Secretary or any other Federal official, and transfers to the Secretary or another Federal official only such regulatory authority as exists on the date of enactment of this Act within any agency, program, or function transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, or that on such date of enactment is exercised by another official of the executive branch with respect to such agency, program, or function. Any such transferred authority may not be exercised by an official from whom it is transferred upon transfer of such agency. program, or function to the Secretary or another Federal official pursuant to this Act. This Act does not alter or diminish the regulatory authority of any other executive agency, except to the extent that this Act transfers such authority from the agency. SEC. 738. USE OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS.

- (a) APPLICABILITY OF THIS SECTION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, this section shall apply to the use of any funds, disposal of property, and acceptance, use, and disposal of gifts, or donations of services or property, of, for, or by the Department, including any agencies, entities, or other organizations transferred to the Department under this Act.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS TO CREATE DEPARTMENT.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$160,000,000 for the Office of Homeland Security in the Executive Office of the President to be transferred without delay to the Department upon its creation by enactment of this Act, notwithstanding subsection (c)(1)(C) such funds shall be available only for the payment of necessary salaries and expenses associated with the initiation of operations of the Department.
 - (c) Use of Transferred Funds.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Except as may be provided in this subsection or in an appropriations Act in accordance with subsection (e), balances of appropriations and any other funds or assets transferred under this Act—
- (A) shall be available only for the purposes for which they were originally available;
- (B) shall remain subject to the same conditions and limitations provided by the law originally appropriating or otherwise making available the amount, including limitations and notification requirements related to the reprogramming of appropriated funds; and
- (C) shall not be used to fund any new position established under this Act.
- (2) Transfer of funds.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—After the creation of the Department and the swearing in of its Secretary, and upon determination by the Secretary that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary is authorized to transfer, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget, not to ex-

- ceed \$140,000,000 of unobligated funds from organizations and entities transferred to the new Department by this Act.
- (B) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(C), funds authorized to be transferred by subparagraph 2(A) shall be available only for payment of necessary costs, including funding of new positions, for the initiation of operations of the Department and may not be transferred unless the Committees on Appropriations are notified at least 15 days in advance of any proposed transfer and have approved such transfer in advance.
- (C) Notification.—The notification required in subparagraph 2(B) shall include a detailed justification of the purposes for which the funds are to be used and a detailed statement of the impact on the program or organization that is the source of the funds, and shall be submitted in accordance with reprogramming procedures to be established by the Committees on Appropriations.
- (D) USE FOR OTHER ITEMS.—The authority to transfer funds established in this section may not be used unless for higher priority items, based on demonstrated homeland security requirements, than those for which funds originally were appropriated and in no case where the item for which funds are requested has been denied by Congress.
- (d) NOTIFICATION REGARDING TRANSFERS.— The President shall notify Congress not less than 15 days before any transfer of appropriations balances, other funds, or assets under this Act.
- (e) ADDITIONAL USES OF FUNDS DURING TRANSITION.—Subject to subsections (c) and (d), amounts transferred to, or otherwise made available to, the Department may be used during the transition period, as defined in section 801(2), for purposes in addition to those for which such amounts were originally available (including by transfer among accounts of the Department), but only to the extent such transfer or use is specifically permitted in advance in an appropriations Act and only under the conditions and for the purposes specified in such appropriations Act.
 - (f) DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY.—
- (1) STRICT COMPLIANCE.—If specifically authorized to dispose of real property in this or any other Act, the Secretary shall exercise this authority in strict compliance with section 204 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 485).
- (2) DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.—The Secretary shall deposit the proceeds of any exercise of property disposal authority into the miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury in accordance with section 3302(b) of title 31, United States Code.
- (g) GIFTS.—Gifts or donations of services or property of or for the Department may not be accepted, used, or disposed of unless specifically permitted in advance in an appropriations Act and only under the conditions and for the purposes specified in such appropriations Act.
- (h) BUDGET REQUEST.—Under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the President shall submit to Congress a detailed budget request for the Department for fiscal year 2004, and for each subsequent fiscal year.

SEC. 739. FUTURE YEARS HOMELAND SECURITY PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Each budget request submitted to Congress for the Department under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, shall, at or about the same time, be accompanied by a Future Years Homeland Security Program.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The Future Years Homeland Security Program under subsection (a) shall be structured, and include the same type of information and level of detail, as

the Future Years Defense Program submitted to Congress by the Department of Defense under section 221 of title 10, United States Code.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect with respect to the preparation and submission of the fiscal year 2005 budget request for the Department and for any subsequent fiscal year, except that the first Future Years Homeland Security Program shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the Department's fiscal year 2005 budget request is submitted to Congress.

SEC. 739A. BIOTERRORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE DIVISION.

Section 319D of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 2472-4) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b), the following:
- "(c) BIOTERRORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RE-SPONSE DIVISION —
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention a Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Division (in this subsection referred to as the 'Division').
- "(2) MISSION.—The Division shall have the following primary missions:
- "(A) To lead and coordinate the activities and responsibilities of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to countering bioterrorism.
- "(B) To coordinate and facilitate the interaction of Centers for Disease Control and Prevention personnel with personnel from the Department of Homeland Security and, in so doing, serve as a major contact point for 2-way communications between the jurisdictions of homeland security and public health.
- "(C) To train and employ a cadre of public health personnel who are dedicated full-time to the countering of bioterrorism.
- "(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out the mission under paragraph (2), the Division shall assume the responsibilities of and budget authority for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to the following programs:
- "(A) The Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Program.
 - "(B) The Strategic National Stockpile.
- "(C) Such other programs and responsibilities as may be assigned to the Division by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- "(4) DIRECTOR.—There shall be in the Division a Director, who shall be appointed by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(5) STAFFING.—Under agreements reached between the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Secretary of Homeland Security—
- "(A) the Division may be staffed, in part, by personnel assigned from the Department of Homeland Security by the Secretary of Homeland Security; and
- "(B) the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention may assign some personnel from the Division to the Department of Homeland Security."

SEC. 739B. COORDINATION WITH THE DEPART-MENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The annual Federal response plan developed by the Secretary under sections 102(b)(14) and 134(b)(7) shall be consistent with section 319 of the Public Health Service Act. (42 U.S.C. 247d).
- (b) DISCLOSURES AMONG RELEVANT AGENCIES.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Full disclosure among relevant agencies shall be made in accordance with this subsection.
- (2) Public Health Emergency.—During the period in which the Secretary of Health and Human Services has declared the existence of a public health emergency under section 319(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d(a)), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall keep relevant agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, fully and currently informed.
- (3) POTENTIAL PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.—In cases involving, or potentially involving, a public health emergency, but in which no determination of an emergency by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d(a)), has been made, all relevant agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall keep the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention fully and currently informed.

Subtitle E—Risk Sharing and Indemnification for Contractors Supplying Anti-Terrorism Technology and Services

SEC. 741. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The President may exercise the discretionary authority to indemnify contractors and subcontractors under Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for a procurement of an anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—In exercising the authority under subsection (a), the President may include, among other things—
- (1) economic damages not fully covered by private liability insurance within the scope of the losses or damages of the indemnification coverage;
- (2) a requirement that an indemnification provision included in a contract or subcontract be negotiated prior to the commencement of the performance of the contract:
- (3) the coverage of information technology used to prevent, detect, identify, otherwise deter, or recover from acts of terrorism; and
- (4) the coverage of the United States Postal Service

SEC. 742. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the limitations of subsection (b), the President may exercise the discretionary authority to indemnify contractors and subcontractors under Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for a procurement by a State or unit of local government of an anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—The authority of subsection (a) may be exercised only—
- (1) for procurements of a State or unit of local government that are made by the Secretary under contracts awarded by the Secretary pursuant to the authorities of section 743.
- (2) with written approval from the Secretary, or any other official designated by the President, for each procurement in which indemnification is to be provided; and
- (3) with respect to—
- (A) amounts of losses or damages not fully covered by private liability insurance and

State or local government-provided indemnification; and

(B) liabilities arising out of other than the contractor's willful misconduct or lack of good faith.

SEC. 743. PROCUREMENTS OF ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGIES AND ANTI-TERRORISM SERVICES BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS THROUGH FEDERAL CONTRACTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.-

- (1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which States and units of local government may procure through contracts entered into by the Secretary anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (2) AUTHORITIES.—For the sole purposes of this program, the Secretary may, but shall not be required to, award contracts using the same authorities provided to the Administrator of General Services under section 309(b)(3) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act, 41 U.S.C. 259(b)(3).
- (3) OFFERS NOT REQUIRED TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—A contractor that sells anti-terrorism technology or anti-terrorism services to the Federal Government shall not be required to offer such technology or services to a State or unit of local government.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY.— In carrying out the program established by this section, the Secretary shall—
- (1) produce and maintain a catalog of antiterrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services suitable for procurement by States and units of local government under this program; and
- (2) establish procedures in accordance with subsection (c) to address the procurement of anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services by States and units of local government under contracts awarded by the Secretary.
- (c) REQUIRED PROCEDURES.—The procedures required by subsection (b)(2) shall implement the following requirements and authorities:
 - (1) Submissions by states.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), each State desiring to participate in a procurement of anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services through a contract entered into by the Secretary shall submit to the Secretary in such form and manner and at such times as the Secretary prescribes, the following:
- (i) REQUEST.—A request consisting of an enumeration of the technologies or services, respectively, that are desired by the State and units of local government within the State.
- (ii) PAYMENT.—Advance payment for each requested technology or service in an amount determined by the Secretary based on estimated or actual costs of the technology or service and administrative costs incurred by the Secretary.
- (B) AWARD BY SECRETARY.—The Secretary may award and designate contracts under which States and units of local government may procure anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services directly from the contract holders. No indemnification may be provided under the authorities set forth in section 742 for procurements that are made directly between contractors and States or units of local government.
- (2) PERMITTED CATALOG TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES.—A State may include in a request submitted under paragraph (1) only a technology or service listed in the catalog produced under subsection (b)(1).
- (3) COORDINATION OF LOCAL REQUESTS WITH-IN STATE.—The Governor of a State (or the

Mayor of the District of Columbia) may establish such procedures as the Governor (or the Mayor of the District of Columbia) considers appropriate for administering and coordinating requests for anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services from units of local government within the State.

- (4) SHIPMENT AND TRANSPORTATION COSTS.—A State requesting anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services shall be responsible for arranging and paying for any shipment or transportation costs necessary to deliver the technologies or services, respectively, to the State and localities within the State.
- (d) REIMBURSEMENT OF ACTUAL COSTS.—In the case of a procurement made by or for a State or unit of local government under the procedures established under this section, the Secretary shall require the State or unit of local government to reimburse the Department for the actual costs it has incurred for such procurement.
- (e) TIME FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—The catalog and procedures required by subsection (b) of this section shall be completed as soon as practicable and no later than 210 days after the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 744. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other law, a Federal agency shall, when exercising the discretionary authority of Public Law 85-804, as amended by section 742, to indemnify contractors and subcontractors, provide written notification to the Committees identified in subsection (b) within 30 days after a contract clause is executed to provide indemnification.
- (b) SUBMISSION.—The notification required by subsection (a) shall be submitted to—
- (1) the Appropriations Committees of the Senate and House;
- (2) the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and House;
- (3) the Senate Governmental Affairs Committee: and
- (4) the House Government Reform Committee.

SEC. 745. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY AND SERVICE.—The terms "anti-terrorism technology" and "anti-terrorism service" mean any product, equipment, or device, including information technology, and any service, system integration, or other kind of service (including a support service), respectively, that is related to technology and is designed, developed, modified, or procured for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (2) ACT OF TERRORISM.—The term "act of terrorism" means a calculated attack or threat of attack against any person, property, or infrastructure to inculcate fear, or to intimidate or coerce a government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in the pursuit of political, religious, or ideological objectives.
- (3) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "information technology" has the meaning such term in section 11101(6) of title 40, United States Code.
- (4) STATE.—The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any territory or possession of the United States.
- (5) UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "unit of local government" means any city, county, township, town, borough, parish, village, or other general purpose political subdivision of a State; an Indian tribe which performs law enforcement functions as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or any agency of the District of Columbia Government

ernment or the United States Government performing law enforcement functions in and for the District of Columbia or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

Subtitle F—Federal Emergency Procurement Flexibility

SEC. 751. DEFINITION.

In this title, the term "executive agency" has the meaning given that term under section 4(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(1)).

SEC. 752. PROCUREMENTS FOR DEFENSE AGAINST OR RECOVERY FROM TER-RORISM OR NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, OR RADIOLOGICAL AT-TACK.

The authorities provided in this subtitle apply to any procurement of property or services by or for an executive agency that, as determined by the head of the executive agency, are to be used to facilitate defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack, but only if a solicitation of offers for the procurement is issued during the 1-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 753. INCREASED SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD FOR PROCUREMENTS IN SUPPORT OF HUMANITARIAN OR PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS OR CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS.

- (a) TEMPORARY THRESHOLD AMOUNTS.—For a procurement referred to in section 752 that is carried out in support of a humanitarian or peacekeeping operation or a contingency operation, the simplified acquisition threshold definitions shall be applied as if the amount determined under the exception provided for such an operation in those definitions were—
- (1) in the case of a contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, inside the United States, \$250,000; or
- (2) in the case of a contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, outside the United States, \$500,000.
- (b) SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the term "simplified acquisition threshold definitions" means the following:
- (1) Section 4(11) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(11)).
- (2) Section 309(d) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 259(d))
- (3) Section 2302(7) of title 10, United States Code.
- (c) SMALL BUSINESS RESERVE.—For a procurement carried out pursuant to subsection (a), section 15(j) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 644(j)) shall be applied as if the maximum anticipated value identified therein is equal to the amounts referred to in subsection (a).

SEC. 754. INCREASED MICRO-PURCHASE THRESH-OLD FOR CERTAIN PROCUREMENTS.

In the administration of section 32 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 428) with respect to a procurement referred to in section 752, the amount specified in subsections (c), (d), and (f) of such section 32 shall be deemed to be \$10,000.

SEC. 755. APPLICATION OF CERTAIN COMMERCIAL ITEMS AUTHORITIES TO CERTAIN PROCUREMENTS.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The head of an executive agency may apply the provisions of law listed in paragraph (2) to a procurement referred to in section 752 without regard to whether the property or services are commercial items
- (2) COMMERCIAL ITEM LAWS.—The provisions of law referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:
- (A) Sections 31 and 34 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 427,

- (B) Section 2304(g) of title 10, United States
- (C) Section 303(g) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(g)).
- (b) INAPPLICABILITY OF LIMITATION ON USE OF SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION PROCEDURES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The \$5,000,000 limitation provided in section 31(a)(2) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 427(a)(2)), section 2304(g)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, and section 303(g)(1)(B) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(g)(1)(B)) shall not apply to purchases of property or services to which any of the provisions of law referred to in subsection (a) are applied under the authority of this section.
- (2) OMB GUIDANCE.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall issue guidance and procedures for the use of simplified acquisition procedures for a purchase of property or services in excess of \$5,000,000 under the authority of this section.
- (c) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY FOR SIMPLIFIED PURCHASE PROCEDURES.—Authority under a provision of law referred to in subsection (a)(2) that expires under section 4202(e) of the Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996 (divisions D and E of Public Law 104–106; 10 U.S.C. 2304 note) shall, notwithstanding such section, continue to apply for use by the head of an executive agency as provided in subsections (a) and (b).

SEC. 756. USE OF STREAMLINED PROCEDURES.

- (a) REQUIRED USE.—The head of an executive agency shall, when appropriate, use streamlined acquisition authorities and procedures authorized by law for a procurement referred to in section 752, including authorities and procedures that are provided under the following provisions of law:
- (1) FEDERAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ACT OF 1949.—In title III of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949:
- (A) Paragraphs (1), (2), (6), and (7) of subsection (c) of section 303 (41 U.S.C. 253), relating to use of procedures other than competitive procedures under certain circumstances (subject to subsection (e) of such section).
- (B) Section 303J (41 U.S.C. 253j), relating to orders under task and delivery order contracts.
- (2) TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—In chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code:
- (A) Paragraphs (1), (2), (6), and (7) of subsection (c) of section 2304, relating to use of procedures other than competitive procedures under certain circumstances (subject to subsection (e) of such section).
- (B) Section 2304c, relating to orders under task and delivery order contracts.
- (3) OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY ACT.—Paragraphs (1)(B), (1)(D), and (2) of section 18(c) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(c)), relating to inapplicability of a requirement for procurement notice.
- (b) WAIVER OF CERTAIN SMALL BUSINESS THRESHOLD REQUIREMENTS.—Subclause (II) of section 8(a)(1)(D)(i) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(1)(D)(i)) and clause (ii) of section 31(b)(2)(A) of such Act (15 U.S.C. 657a(b)(2)(A)) shall not apply in the use of streamlined acquisition authorities and procedures referred to in paragraphs (1)(A) and (2)(A) of subsection (a) for a procurement referred to in section 752.

SEC. 757. REVIEW AND REPORT BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than March 31, 2004, the Comptroller General shall—
- (1) complete a review of the extent to which procurements of property and services have been made in accordance with this subtitle; and

- (2) submit a report on the results of the review to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives.
- (b) CONTENT OF REPORT.—The report under subsection (a)(2) shall include the following matters:
- (1) ASSESSMENT.—The Comptroller General's assessment of—
- (A) the extent to which property and services procured in accordance with this title have contributed to the capacity of the workforce of Federal Government employees within each executive agency to carry out the mission of the executive agency; and
- (B) the extent to which Federal Government employees have been trained on the use of technology.
- (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Any recommendations of the Comptroller General resulting from the assessment described in paragraph (1).
- (c) CONSULTATION.—In preparing for the review under subsection (a)(1), the Comptroller shall consult with the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives on the specific issues and topics to be reviewed. The extent of coverage needed in areas such as technology integration, employee training, and human capital management, as well as the data requirements of the study, shall be included as part of the consultation.

SEC. 758. IDENTIFICATION OF NEW ENTRANTS INTO THE FEDERAL MARKETPLACE.

The head of each executive agency shall conduct market research on an ongoing basis to identify effectively the capabilities, including the capabilities of small businesses and new entrants into Federal contracting, that are available in the marketplace for meeting the requirements of the executive agency in furtherance of defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack. The head of the executive agency shall, to the maximum extent practicable, take advantage of commercially available market research methods, including use of commercial databases, to carry out the research.

Subtitle G-Coast Guard

SEC. 761. PRESERVING COAST GUARD MISSION PERFORMANCE.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) Non-homeland security missions.—The term 'non-homeland security missions' means the following missions of the Coast Guard:
 - (A) Marine safety.
 - (B) Search and rescue.
 - (C) Aids to navigation.
- (D) Living marine resources (e.g., fisheries law enforcement).
 - (E) Marine environmental protection.
 - (F) Ice operations.
- (2) HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—The term "homeland security missions" means the following missions of the Coast Guard:
 - (A) Ports, waterways and coastal security.
 - (B) Drug interdiction.
 - (C) Migrant interdiction.
 - (D) Defense readiness.
 - (E) Other law enforcement.
- (b) TRANSFER.—There are transferred to the Department the authorities, functions, personnel, and assets of the Coast Guard, which shall be maintained as a distinct entity within the Department, including the authorities and functions of the Secretary of Transportation relating thereto.
- (c) MAINTENANCE OF STATUS OF FUNCTIONS AND ASSETS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the authorities, functions, assets, organizational structure, units, personnel, and non-homeland security mis-

sions of the Coast Guard shall be maintained intact and without reduction after the transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department, except as specified in subsequent Acts. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the Coast Guard from replacing or upgrading any asset with an asset of equivalent or greater capabilities.

- (d) CERTAIN TRANSFERS PROHIBITED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—None of the missions, functions, personnel, and assets (including ships, aircraft, helicopters, and vehicles) of the Coast Guard may be transferred to the operational control of, or diverted to the principal and continuing use of, any other organization, unit, or entity of the Department.
- (2) APPLICABILITY.—The restrictions in paragraph (1) shall not apply—
- (A) to any joint operation of less than 90 days between the Coast Guard and other entities and organizations of the Department; or
- (B) to any detail or assignment of any individual member or civilian employee of the Coast Guard to any other entity or organization of the Department for the purposes of ensuring effective liaison, coordination, and operations of the Coast Guard and that entity or organization, except that the total number of individuals detailed or assigned in this capacity may not exceed 50 individuals during any fiscal year.
- (e) CHANGES TO NON-HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—
- (1) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary may not make any substantial or significant change to any of the non-homeland security missions of the Coast Guard, or to the capabilities of the Coast Guard to carry out each of the non-homeland security missions, without the prior approval of Congress as expressed in a subsequent Act. With respect to a change to the capabilities of the Coast Guard to carry out each of the non-homeland security missions, the restrictions in this paragraph shall not apply when such change shall result in an increase in those capabilities.
- (2) WAIVER.—The President may waive the restrictions under paragraph (1) for a period of not to exceed 90 days upon a declaration and certification by the President to Congress that a clear, compelling, and immediate state of national emergency exists that justifies such a waiver. A certification under this paragraph shall include a detailed justification for the declaration and certification, including the reasons and specific information that demonstrate that the Nation and the Coast Guard cannot respond effectively to the national emergency if the restrictions under paragraph (1) are not waived.
 - (f) Annual Review.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Department shall conduct an annual review that shall assess thoroughly the performance by the Coast Guard of all missions of the Coast Guard (including non-homeland security missions and homeland security missions) with a particular emphasis on examining the non-homeland security missions.
- (2) REPORT.—The Inspector General shall submit the detailed results of the annual review and assessment required by paragraph (1) not later than March 1 of each year directly to—
- (A) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives;
- (C) the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives;
- (D) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and

- (E) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representa-
- (g) DIRECT REPORTING TO SECRETARY.— Upon the transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department, the Commandant shall report directly to the Secretary without being required to report through any other official of the Department.
- (h) OPERATION AS A SERVICE IN THE NAVY.— None of the conditions and restrictions in this section shall apply when the Coast Guard operates as a service in the Navy under section 3 of title 14, United States Code

TITLE VIII—TRANSITION

SEC. 801. DEFINITIONS.

- In this title:
- (1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" includes any entity, organizational unit, or function; and
- (2) Transition period.—The term "transition period" means the 12-month period beginning on the effective date of this Act.

SEC. 802. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES.

The transfer of an agency to the Department shall occur when the President so directs, but in no event later than the end of the transition period. When an agency is transferred, the President may also transfer to the Department any agency established to carry out or support adjudicatory or review functions in relation to the agency.

SEC. 803. TRANSITIONAL AUTHORITIES.

- (a) Provision of Assistance by Officials.—Until the transfer of an agency to the Department, any official having authority over, or functions relating to, the agency immediately before the effective date of this Act shall provide to the Secretary such assistance, including the use of personnel and assets, as the Secretary may request in preparing for the transfer and integration of the agency into the Department.
- (b) Services and Personnel.—During the transition period, upon the request of the Secretary, the head of any executive agency may, on a reimbursable or nonreimbursable basis, provide services or detail personnel to assist with the transition.
 - (c) ACTING OFFICIALS.-
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) DESIGNATION.—During the transition period, pending the advice and consent of the Senate to the appointment of an officer required by this Act to be appointed by and with such advice and consent, the President may designate any officer whose appointment was required to be made by and with such advice and consent and who was such an officer immediately before the effective date of this Act (and who continues in office) or immediately before such designation, to act in such office until the same is filled as provided in this Act.
- (B) COMPENSATION.—While serving as an acting officer under subparagraph (A), that officer shall receive compensation at the higher of the rate provided—
- (i) by this Act for the office in which that officer acts; or
- (ii) for the office held at the time of designation.
- (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require the advice and consent of the Senate to the appointment by the President to a position in the Department of any officer whose—
- (A) agency is transferred to the Department under this Act: and
- (B) duties following such transfer are germane to those performed before such transfer.
- (d) Transfer of Personnel, Assets, Li-Abilities, and Functions.—Upon the transfer of an agency to the Department—
- (1) the personnel, assets, and liabilities held by or available in connection with the

agency shall be transferred to the Secretary for appropriate allocation, subject to the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget; and

- (2) the Secretary shall have all functions—
- (A) relating to the agency that any other official could by law exercise in relation to the agency immediately before such transfer: and
- (B) vested in the Secretary by this Act or other law.

SEC. 804. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

- (a) COMPLETED ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Completed administrative actions of an agency shall not be affected by the enactment of this Act or the transfer of such agency to the Department, but shall continue in effect according to their terms until amended, modified, superseded, terminated, set aside, or revoked in accordance with law by an officer of the United States or a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.
- (2) INCLUDED ACTIONS.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "completed administrative actions" includes orders, determinations, rules, regulations, personnel actions, permits, agreements, grants, contracts, certificates, licenses, registrations, and privileges
- (b) PENDING PROCEEDINGS.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under this Act—
- (1) pending proceedings in an agency, including notices of proposed rulemaking, and applications for licenses, permits, certificates, grants, and financial assistance, shall continue notwithstanding the enactment of this Act or the transfer of the agency to the Department, unless discontinued or modified under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such discontinuance could have occurred if such enactment or transfer had not occurred; and
- (2) orders issued in such proceedings, and appeals therefrom, and payments made pursuant to such orders, shall issue in the same manner and on the same terms as if this Act had not been enacted or the agency had not been transferred, and any such orders shall continue in effect until amended, modified, superseded, terminated, set aside, or revoked by an officer of the United States or a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.
- (c) PENDING CIVIL ACTIONS.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under this Act, pending civil actions shall continue notwithstanding the enactment of this Act or the transfer of an agency to the Department, and in such civil actions, proceedings shall be had, appeals taken, and judgments rendered and enforced in the same manner and with the same effect as if such enactment or transfer had not occurred.
- (d) REFERENCES.—References relating to an agency that is transferred to the Department in statutes, Executive orders, rules, regulations, directives, or delegations of authority that precede such transfer or the effective date of this Act shall be deemed to refer, as appropriate, to the Department, to its officers, employees, or agents, or to its corresponding organizational units or functions.
- (e) STATUTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Any statutory reporting requirement that applied to an agency, transferred to the Department under this Act, immediately before the effective date of this Act shall continue to apply following that transfer if the statutory requirement refers to the agency by name.
- (f) EMPLOYMENT PROVISIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, or under authority granted by this Act, the transfer under this Act of personnel shall not alter the terms and conditions of employment, including compensation, of any employee so transferred.

SEC. 805, TERMINATIONS.

Except as otherwise provided in this Act, whenever all the functions vested by law in any agency have been transferred under this Act, each position and office the incumbent of which was authorized to receive compensation at the rates prescribed for an office or position at level II, III, IV, or V, of the Executive Schedule, shall terminate.

SEC. 806. INCIDENTAL TRANSFERS.

The Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Secretary, is authorized and directed to make such additional incidental dispositions of personnel, assets, and liabilities held, used, arising from, available, or to be made available, in connection with the functions transferred by this Act, as the Director may determine necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act.

TITLE IX—CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

SEC. 901. INSPECTOR GENERAL ACT.

Section 11 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended in paragraphs (1) and (2)—

- (1) by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Transportation," each place it appears:
- (2) by striking "; and" each place it appears and inserting a semicolon;
- (3) by striking ",," and inserting a coma; and
- (4) by striking ";;" each place it appears and inserting a semicolon in each such place. SEC. 902. EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.

Chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in section 5312, by inserting after the item relating to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs the following:
 - "Secretary of Homeland Security.";
- (2) in section 5313, by inserting after the item relating to the Deputy Secretary of Transportation the following:
- "Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security.";
- (3) in section 5314, by inserting after the item relating to the Under Secretary for Memorial Affairs, Department of Veterans Affairs the following:
- "Under Secretaries, Department of Homeland Security."; and
- (4) in section 5315, by inserting at the end the following:
- "Assistant Secretaries, Department of Homeland Security.
- "General Counsel, Department of Homeland Security.
- "Chief Financial Officer, Department of Homeland Security.
- "Chief Information Officer, Department of Homeland Security.
- "Inspector General, Department of Homeland Security.".

SEC. 903. UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE.

- (a) UNIFORMED DIVISION.—Section 202 of title 3, United States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of the Treasury" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security".
- (b) REIMBURSEMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—Section 208 of title 3, United States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of Treasury" each place it appears and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security" in each such place.
- (c) POWERS, AUTHORITIES, AND DUTIES.— Section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of the Treasury" each place it appears and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security" in each such place.
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the United States Secret Service to the Department.

SEC, 904, COAST GUARD.

- (a) TITLE 14, U.S.C.—Title 14 of the United States Code is amended—
- (1) in sections 1, 3, 53, 95, 145, 516, 666, 669, 673 (as added by Public Law 104–201), 673 (as added by Public Law 104–324), 674, 687, and 688, by striking "of Transportation", each place it appears, and inserting "of Homeland Security"; and
- (2) after executing the other amendments required by this subsection, by redesignating the section 673 added by Public Law 104–324 as section 673a
- as section 673a.

 (b) TITLE 10, U.S.C.—Section 801(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "the General Counsel of the Department of Transportation" and inserting "an official designated to serve as Judge Advocate General of the Coast Guard by the Secretary of Homeland Security".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department.

SEC. 905. STRATEGIC NATIONAL STOCKPILE AND SMALLPOX VACCINE DEVELOPMENT.

- (a) In General.—Section 121 of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 is amended—
 - (1) in subsection (a)(1)—
- (A) by striking "Secretary of Health and Human Services" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security":
- (B) by inserting "the Secretary of Health and Human Services and" after "in coordination with"; and
- (C) by inserting "of Health and Human Services" after "as are determined by the Secretary"; and
- (2) in subsections (a)(2) and (b), by inserting "of Health and Human Services" after "Secretary" each place it appears
- "Secretary" each place it appears.
 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the Strategic National Stockpile of the Department of Health and Human Services to the Department.

SEC. 906. SELECT AGENT REGISTRATION.

- (a) PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.—The Public Health Service Act is amended—
- (1) in section 351A(a)(1)(A), by inserting "(as defined in subsection (1)(9))" after "Secretary";
- (2) in section 351A(h)(2)(A), by inserting "Department of Homeland Security, the" before "Department of Health and Human Services";
- (3) in section 351A(1), by inserting after paragraph (8) the following:
- "(9) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services."; and
 - (4) in section 352A(i)-
- (A) by striking "(1)" the first place it appears; and
 - (B) by striking paragraph (2).
- (b) PUBLIC HEALTH SECURITY AND BIOTERRORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE ACT OF 2002.—Section 201(b) of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 is amended by striking "Secretary of Health and Human Services" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the select agent registration enforcement programs and activities of the Department of Health and Human Services to the Department.

SEC. 907. NATIONAL BIO-WEAPONS DEFENSE ANALYSIS CENTER.

There is established in the Department of Defense a National Bio-Weapons Defense Analysis Center, whose mission is to develop countermeasures to potential attacks by terrorists using weapons of mass destruction.

SEC. 908. MILITARY ACTIVITIES.

Except as specifically provided in this Act, nothing in this Act shall confer upon the Secretary any authority to engage in war fighting, the military defense of the United States, or other traditional military activities

DIVISION B—IMMIGRATION REFORM, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND SECURITY ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 2002

SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Immigration Reform, Accountability, and Security Enhancement Act of 2002".

SEC. 1002. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

- (1) ENFORCEMENT BUREAU.—The term "Enforcement Bureau" means the Bureau of Enforcement established in section 114 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1105 of this Act.
- (2) FUNCTION.—The term "function" includes any duty, obligation, power, authority, responsibility, right, privilege, activity, or program.
- (3) IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT FUNCTIONS.— The term "immigration enforcement functions" has the meaning given the term in section 114(b)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1105 of this Act.
- (4) IMMIGRATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.—The term "immigration laws of the United States" has the meaning given the term in section 111(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 of this Act.
- (5) IMMIGRATION POLICY, ADMINISTRATION, AND INSPECTION FUNCTIONS.—The term "immigration policy, administration, and inspection functions" has the meaning given the term in section 112(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.
- (6) IMMIGRATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS.—The term "immigration service functions" has the meaning given the term in section 113(b)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1104 of this Act.
- (7) OFFICE.—The term "office" includes any office, administration, agency, bureau, institute, council, unit, organizational entity, or component thereof.
- (8) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- (9) SERVICE BUREAU.—The term "Service Bureau" means the Bureau of Immigration Services established in section 113 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1104 of this Act.
- (10) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs appointed under section 112 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.

SEC. 1003. TRANSFER OF IMMIGRATION AND NAT-URALIZATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the Department of Justice, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto, to be restructured so as to separate enforcement and service functions.

TITLE XI—DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS

Subtitle A—Organization

SEC. 1101. ABOLITION OF INS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Immigration and Naturalization Service is abolished.
- (b) REPEAL.—Section 4 of the Act of February 14, 1903, as amended (32 Stat. 826; relating to the establishment of the Immigration and Naturalization Service), is repealed.

SEC. 1102. ESTABLISHMENT OF DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) by inserting "CHAPTER 1—DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL AUTHORITIES" after "TITLE I—GENERAL"; and
 - (2) by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 2—DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS

"SEC. 111. ESTABLISHMENT OF DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Department of Homeland Security the Directorate of Immigration Affairs.
- "(b) PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.—The principal officers of the Directorate are the following: "(1) The Under Secretary for Immigration
- Affairs appointed under section 112.

 "(2) The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services appointed under section 113.
- "(3) The Assistant Secretary for Enforce-
- ment appointed under section 114. "(c) FUNCTIONS.—Under the authority of the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Directorate shall perform the following functions:
- "(1) Immigration policy and administration functions, as defined in section 112(b).
- "(2) Immigration service and adjudication functions, as defined in section 113(b).
- "(3) Immigration enforcement functions, as defined in section 114(b), but does not include the functions described in paragraphs (7) and (8) of section 131(b).
- "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Homeland Security such sums as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Directorate.
- "(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.
- "(e) IMMIGRATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES DEFINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration laws of the United States' shall have the same meaning given such term in section 101(a)(17) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17))."
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) The Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—
- (A) by striking section 101(a)(34) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(34)) and inserting the following:
- "(34) The term 'Directorate' means the Directorate of Immigration Affairs established by section 111.";
- (B) by adding at the end of section 101(a) the following:
- "(51) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(52) The term 'Department' means the Department of Homeland Security.";
- (C) by striking "Attorney General" and "Department of Justice" each place it appears (other than the proviso in section 103(a)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act) and inserting "Secretary" and "Department", respectively;
- (D) in section 101(a)(17) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17)), by striking "The" and inserting "Except as otherwise provided in section 111(e), the; and
- (E) by striking "Immigration and Naturalization Service", "Service", and "Service's" each place they appear and inserting "Directorate of Immigration Affairs", "Directorate", and "Directorate's", respectively
- (2) Section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain administrative expenses for the Department of Justice, and for other purposes", approved July 28, 1950 (64 Stat. 380), is amended—
- (A) by striking "Immigration and Naturalization Service" and inserting "Directorate of Immigration Affairs";

- (B) by striking clause (a); and
- (C) by redesignating clauses (b), (c), (d), and (e) as clauses (a), (b), (c), and (d), respectively.
- (c) References.—Any reference in any statute, reorganization plan, Executive order, regulation, agreement, determination, or other official document or proceeding to the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall be deemed to refer to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security of the Department of Homeland Security, as appropriate, and any reference in the immigration laws of the United States (as defined in section 111(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by this section) to the Attorney General shall be deemed to refer to the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, as appropriate.

SEC. 1103. UNDER SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SE-CURITY FOR IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 112. UNDER SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SE-CURITY FOR IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- "(a) Under Secretary of Immigration Affairs.—The Directorate shall be headed by an Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs who shall be appointed in accordance with section 103(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall be charged with any and all responsibilities and authority in the administration of the Directorate and of this Act which are conferred upon the Secretary as may be delegated to the Under Secretary by the Secretary or which may be prescribed by the Secretary.
- "(2) DUTIES.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall have the following duties:
- "(A) IMMIGRATION POLICY.—The Under Secretary shall develop and implement policy under the immigration laws of the United States with respect to any function within the jurisdiction of the Directorate. The Under Secretary shall propose, promulgate, and issue rules, regulations, and statements of policy with respect to any function within the jurisdiction of the Directorate.
- "(B) ADMINISTRATION.—The Under Secretary shall have responsibility for—
- "(i) the administration and enforcement of the functions conferred upon the Directorate under section 111(c) of this Act; and
- "(ii) the administration of the Directorate, including the direction, supervision, and coordination of the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement.
- "(3) ACTIVITIES.—As part of the duties described in paragraph (2), the Under Secretary shall do the following:
- "(A) RESOURCES AND PERSONNEL MANAGE-MENT.—The Under Secretary shall manage the resources, personnel, and other support requirements of the Directorate.
- "(B) INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGE-MENT.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary shall manage the information resources of the Directorate, including the maintenance of records and databases and the coordination of records and other information within the Directorate, and shall ensure that the Directorate obtains and maintains adequate information technology systems to carry out its functions.
- "(4) DEFINITION.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration policy and administration'

means the duties, activities, and powers described in this subsection.

- "(c) GENERAL COUNSEL.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a General Counsel, who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary.
- "(2) FUNCTION.—The General Counsel shall—
- "(A) serve as the chief legal officer for the Directorate; and
- "(B) be responsible for providing specialized legal advice, opinions, determinations, regulations, and any other assistance to the Under Secretary with respect to legal matters affecting the Directorate, and any of its components.
- "(d) FINANCIAL OFFICERS FOR THE DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.—
- "(1) CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a Chief Financial Officer. The position of Chief Financial Officer shall be a career reserved position in the Senior Executive Service and shall have the authorities and functions described in section 902 of title 31, United States Code, in relation to financial activities of the Directorate. For purposes of section 902(a)(1) of such title, the Under Secretary shall be deemed to be an agency head.
- "(B) Functions.—The Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for directing, supervising, and coordinating all budget formulas and execution for the Directorate.
- "(2) DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—The Directorate shall be deemed to be an agency for purposes of section 903 of such title (relating to Deputy Chief Financial Officers).
- "(e) CHIEF OF CONGRESSIONAL, INTERGOVERNMENTAL, AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs. Under the authority of the Under Secretary, the Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs shall be responsible for—
- "(A) providing to Congress information relating to issues arising under the immigration laws of the United States, including information on specific cases;
- $\lq\lq(B)$ serving as a liaison with other Federal agencies on immigration issues; and
- "(C) responding to inquiries from, and providing information to, the media on immigration issues.
- "(2) WITHIN THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERV-ICE.—The position of Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs shall be a Senior Executive Service position under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code."
- (b) COMPENSATION OF GENERAL COUNSEL AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "General Counsel, Directorate of Immigration Affairs, Department of Homeland Security.
- "Chief Financial Officer, Directorate of Immigration Affairs, Department of Homeland Security.".
- (c) Repeals.—The following provisions of law are repealed:
- (1) Section 7 of the Act of March 3, 1891, as amended (26 Stat. 1085; relating to the establishment of the office of the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization).
- (2) Section 201 of the Act of June 20, 1956 (70 Stat. 307; relating to the compensation of assistant commissioners and district directors).
- (3) Section 1 of the Act of March 2, 1895 (28 Stat. 780; relating to special immigrant inspectors).
- (d) Conforming Amendments.—(1)(A) Section 101(a)(8) of the Immigration and Nation-

- ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(8)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(8) The term 'Under Secretary' means the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs who is appointed under section 103(c).".
- (B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—
- (i) by striking "The Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization" and "The Commissioner" each place they appear and inserting "The appropriate Under Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security";
- (ii) except as provided in paragraph (1), by striking "Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization" and "Commissioner" each place they appear and inserting "appropriate Under Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security".
- (C) The amendments made by subparagraph (B) do not apply to references to the "Commissioner of Social Security" in section 290(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1360(c)).
- (2) Section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (c), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary";
- (B) in subsection (d), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary"; and
- (C) in subsection (e), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary".
- (3) Sections 104 and 105 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104, 1105) are amended by striking "Director" each place it appears and inserting "Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs".
- (4) Section 104(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104(c)) is amended— $\,$
- (A) in the first sentence, by striking "Passport Office, a Visa Office," and inserting "a Passport Services office, a Visa Services office, an Overseas Citizen Services office,"; and
- (B) in the second sentence, by striking "the Passport Office and the Visa Office" and inserting "the Passport Services office and the Visa Services office".
- (5) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the following:
- "Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, Department of Justice.".
- (e) REFERENCES.—Any reference in any statute, reorganization plan, Executive order, regulation, agreement, determination, or other official document or proceeding to the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization shall be deemed to refer to the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs or the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, as appropriate.

SEC. 1104. BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION SERVICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by section 1103, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 113. BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION SERVICES.

- "(a) Establishment of Bureau.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate a bureau to be known as the Bureau of Immigration Services (in this chapter referred to as the 'Service Bureau')
- "(2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The head of the Service Bureau shall be the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services (in this chapter referred to as the 'Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services'), who—
- "(A) shall be appointed by the Secretary, in consultation with the Under Secretary; and
- "(B) shall report directly to the Under Secretary.

- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary and the Under Secretary, the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services shall administer the immigration service functions of the Directorate.
- "(2) IMMIGRATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS DE-FINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration service functions' means the following functions under the immigration laws of the United States:
- "(A) Adjudications of petitions for classification of nonimmigrant and immigrant status
- "(B) Adjudications of applications for adjustment of status and change of status.
- $\mbox{``(C)}$ Adjudications of naturalization applications.
- "(D) Adjudications of asylum and refugee applications.
- "(E) Adjudications performed at Service centers.
- "(F) Determinations concerning custody and parole of asylum seekers who do not have prior nonpolitical criminal records and who have been found to have a credible fear of persecution, including determinations under section 236B.
- "(G) All other adjudications under the immigration laws of the United States.
- "(c) CHIEF BUDGET OFFICER OF THE SERVICE BUREAU.—There shall be within the Service Bureau a Chief Budget Officer. Under the authority of the Chief Financial Officer of the Directorate, the Chief Budget Officer of the Service Bureau shall be responsible for monitoring and supervising all financial activities of the Service Bureau.
- "(d) QUALITY ASSURANCE.—There shall be within the Service Bureau an Office of Quality Assurance that shall develop procedures and conduct audits to—
- "(1) ensure that the Directorate's policies with respect to the immigration service functions of the Directorate are properly implemented; and
- "(2) ensure that Service Bureau policies or practices result in sound records management and efficient and accurate service.
- "(e) OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSI-BILITY.—There shall be within the Service Bureau an Office of Professional Responsibility that shall have the responsibility for ensuring the professionalism of the Service Bureau and for receiving and investigating charges of misconduct or ill treatment made by the public.
- "(f) Training of Personnel.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services, in consultation with the Under Secretary, shall have responsibility for determining the training for all personnel of the Service Bureau.".
 - (b) Service Bureau Offices.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services, shall establish Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in appropriate municipalities and locations in the United States. In the selection of sites for the Service Bureau offices, the Under Secretary shall consider the location's proximity and accessibility to the community served, the workload for which that office shall be responsible, whether the location would significantly reduce the backlog of cases in that given geographic area, whether the location will improve customer service, and whether the location is in a geographic area with an increase in the population to be served. The Under Secretary shall conduct periodic reviews to assess whether the location and size of the respective Service Bureau offices adequately serve customer service needs.

(2) Transition provision.—In determining the location of Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, the Under Secretary shall first consider maintaining and upgrading offices in existing geographic locations that satisfy the provisions of paragraph (1). The Under Secretary shall also explore the feasibility and desirability of establishing new Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in new geographic locations where there is a demonstrated need.

SEC. 1105. BUREAU OF ENFORCEMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103 and 1104, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 114. BUREAU OF ENFORCEMENT.

- "(a) Establishment of Bureau.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate a bureau to be known as the Bureau of Enforcement (in this chapter referred to as the 'Enforcement Bureau').
- "(2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The head of the Enforcement Bureau shall be the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement (in this chapter referred to as the 'Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement'), who—
- "(A) shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary; and
- "(B) shall report directly to the Under Secretary.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary and the Under Secretary, the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement shall administer the immigration enforcement functions of the Directorate.
- "(2) IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT FUNCTIONS DEFINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration enforcement functions' means the following functions under the immigration laws of the United States:
- "(A) The detention function, except as specified in section 113(b)(2)(F).
 - "(B) The removal function.
- "(C) The intelligence function.
- "(D) The investigations function.
- "(c) CHIEF BUDGET OFFICER OF THE ENFORCEMENT BUREAU.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau a Chief Budget Officer. Under the authority of the Chief Financial Officer of the Directorate, the Chief Budget Officer of the Enforcement Bureau shall be responsible for monitoring and supervising all financial activities of the Enforcement Bureau.
- "(d) OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSI-BILITY.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau an Office of Professional Responsibility that shall have the responsibility for ensuring the professionalism of the Enforcement Bureau and receiving charges of misconduct or ill treatment made by the public and investigating the charges.
- "(e) OFFICE OF QUALITY ASSURANCE.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau an Office of Quality Assurance that shall develop procedures and conduct audits to—
- "(1) ensure that the Directorate's policies with respect to immigration enforcement functions are properly implemented; and
- "(2) ensure that Enforcement Bureau policies or practices result in sound record management and efficient and accurate recordkeeping
- "(f) Training of Personnel.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement, in consultation with the Under Secretary, shall have responsibility for determining the training for all personnel of the Enforcement Bureau."
 - (b) Enforcement Bureau Offices.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary, acting

through the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement, shall establish Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in appropriate municipalities and locations in the United States. In the selection of sites for the Enforcement Bureau offices, the Under Secretary shall make selections according to trends in unlawful entry and unlawful presence, alien smuggling, national security concerns, the number of Federal prosecutions of immigration-related offenses in a given geographic area, and other enforcement considerations. The Under Secretary shall conduct periodic reviews to assess whether the location and size of the respective Enforcement Bureau offices adequately serve enforcement needs.

(2) Transition provision.—In determining the location of Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, the Under Secretary shall first consider maintaining and upgrading offices in existing geographic locations that satisfy the provisions of paragraph (1). The Under Secretary shall also explore the feasibility and desirability of establishing new Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in new geographic locations where there is a demonstrated need.

SEC. 1106. OFFICE OF THE OMBUDSMAN WITHIN THE DIRECTORATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103, 1104, and 1105, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 115. OFFICE OF THE OMBUDSMAN FOR IM-MIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate the Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs, which shall be headed by the Ombudsman.
- "(b) OMBUDSMAN.—
- "(1) APPOINTMENT.—The Ombudsman shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary. The Ombudsman shall report directly to the Under Secretary.
- "(2) COMPENSATION.—The Ombudsman shall be entitled to compensation at the same rate as the highest rate of basic pay established for the Senior Executive Service under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code, or, if the Secretary of Homeland Security so determines, at a rate fixed under section 9503 of such title.
- "(c) Functions of Office.—The functions of the Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs shall include—
- "(1) to assist individuals in resolving problems with the Directorate or any component thereof;
- "(2) to identify systemic problems encountered by the public in dealings with the Directorate or any component thereof;
- "(3) to propose changes in the administrative practices or regulations of the Directorate, or any component thereof, to mitigate problems identified under paragraph (2);
- "(4) to identify potential changes in statutory law that may be required to mitigate such problems; and
- "(5) to monitor the coverage and geographic distribution of local offices of the Directorate.
- "(d) PERSONNEL ACTIONS.—The Ombudsman shall have the responsibility and authority to appoint local or regional representatives of the Ombudsman's Office as in the Ombudsman's judgment may be necessary to address and rectify problems.
- "(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than December 31 of each year, the Ombudsman shall submit a report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Sen-

ate on the activities of the Ombudsman during the fiscal year ending in that calendar year. Each report shall contain a full and substantive analysis, in addition to statistical information, and shall contain—

- "(1) a description of the initiatives that the Office of the Ombudsman has taken on improving the responsiveness of the Directorate;
- "(2) a summary of serious or systemic problems encountered by the public, including a description of the nature of such problems:
- "(3) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which action has been taken, and the result of such action;
- "(4) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which action remains to be completed;
- "(5) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which no action has been taken, the reasons for the inaction, and identify any Agency official who is responsible for such inaction:
- "(6) recommendations as may be appropriate to resolve problems encountered by the public;
- "(7) recommendations as may be appropriate to resolve problems encountered by the public, including problems created by backlogs in the adjudication and processing of petitions and applications;
- "(8) recommendations to resolve problems caused by inadequate funding or staffing; and
- "(9) such other information as the Ombudsman may deem advisable.
 - "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Office of the Ombudsman such sums as may be necessary to carry out its functions.
- "(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.".

SEC. 1107. OFFICE OF IMMIGRATION STATISTICS WITHIN THE DIRECTORATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103, 1104, and 1105, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 116. OFFICE OF IMMIGRATION STATISTICS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Directorate an Office of Immigration Statistics (in this section referred to as the 'Office'), which shall be headed by a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary. The Office shall collect, maintain, compile, analyze, publish, and disseminate information and statistics about immigration in the United States, including information and statistics involving the functions of the Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR.—The Director of the Office shall be responsible for the following:
- "(1) STATISTICAL INFORMATION.—Maintenance of all immigration statistical information of the Directorate of Immigration Affairs.
- "(2) STANDARDS OF RELIABILITY AND VALIDITY.—Establishment of standards of reliability and validity for immigration statistics collected by the Bureau of Immigration Services, the Bureau of Enforcement, and the Executive Office for Immigration Review
- "(c) RELATION TO THE DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS AND THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW.—
- "(1) OTHER AUTHORITIES.—The Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review shall provide statistical information

to the Office from the operational data systems controlled by the Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review, respectively, as requested by the Office, for the purpose of meeting the responsibilities of the Director of the Office.

"(2) DATABASES.—The Director of the Office, under the direction of the Secretary, shall ensure the interoperability of the databases of the Directorate, the Bureau of Immigration Services, the Bureau of Enforcement, and the Executive Office for Immigration Review to permit the Director of the Office to perform the duties of such office."

(b) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—There are transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs for exercise by the Under Secretary through the Office of Immigration Statistics established by section 116 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by subsection (a), the functions performed by the Statistics Branch of the Office of Policy and Planning of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, and the statistical functions performed by the Executive Office for Immigration Review, on the day before the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1108. CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.

The table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended—

- (1) by inserting after the item relating to the heading for title I the following:
- "CHAPTER 1—DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL AUTHORITIES":
- (2) by striking the item relating to section 103 and inserting the following:

"Sec. 103. Powers and duties of the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs.":

and

(3) by inserting after the item relating to section 106 the following:

"CHAPTER 2—DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS

- "Sec. 111. Establishment of Directorate of Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 112. Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 113. Bureau of Immigration Services.
- "Sec. 114. Bureau of Enforcement.
- "Sec. 115. Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 116. Office of Immigration Statistics.".

Subtitle B—Transition Provisions SEC. 1111. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

- (1) Functions of the attorney general.— Except as provided in subsection (c) and title XIII, all functions under the immigration laws of the United States vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Attorney General, immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Secretary on such effective date for exercise by the Secretary through the Under Secretary in accordance with section 112(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.
- (2) FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSIONER OR THE INS.—Except as provided in subsection (c), all functions under the immigration laws of the United States vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization or the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component thereof), immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs on such effective date for exercise by the Under Secretary in accordance with section 112(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.

- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—Except as otherwise provided by law, the Under Secretary may, for purposes of performing any function transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs under subsection (a), exercise all authorities under any other provision of law that were available with respect to the performance of that function to the official responsible for the performance of the function immediately before the effective date of the transfer of the function under this title.
- (c) SPECIAL RULE FOR BORDER PATROL AND INSPECTION FUNCTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the border patrol function, and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions, vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, or the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component thereof), immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Secretary on such effective date for exercise by the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation in accordance with paragraphs (7) and (8) of section 131(b).
- (2) REFERENCES.—With respect to the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions, references in this subtitle to—
- (A) the Directorate shall be deemed to be references to the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security; and
- (B) the Under Secretary shall be deemed to be references to the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.

SEC. 1112. TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL AND OTHER RESOURCES.

Subject to section 1531 of title 31, United States Code, upon the effective date of this title, there are transferred to the appropriate Under Secretary for appropriate allocation in accordance with section 1115—

- (1) the personnel of the Department of Justice employed in connection with the functions transferred under this title; and
- (2) the assets, liabilities, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balance of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds employed, held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available to the Immigration and Naturalization Service in connection with the functions transferred pursuant to this title.

SEC. 1113. DETERMINATIONS WITH RESPECT TO FUNCTIONS AND RESOURCES.

The Secretary shall determine, in accordance with the corresponding criteria set forth in sections 1112(b), 1113(b), and 1114(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as added by this title)—

- (1) which of the functions transferred under section 1111 are—
- (A) immigration policy and administration functions:
- (B) immigration service functions;
- (C) immigration enforcement functions (excluding the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions); and
- (D) the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions: and
- (2) which of the personnel, assets, liabilities, grants, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds transferred under section 1112 were held or used, arose from, were available to, or were made available, in connection with the performance of the respective functions specified in paragraph (1) immediately prior to the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1114. DELEGATION AND RESERVATION OF FUNCTIONS.

- (a) DELEGATION TO THE DIRECTORATES.—
 The Secretary shall delegate—
- (1) through the Under Secretary and subject to section 112(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as added by section 1103)—
- (A) immigration service functions to the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services; and
- (B) immigration enforcement functions to the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement: and
- (2) the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions to the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- (b) NONEXCLUSIVE DELEGATIONS AUTHOR-IZED.—Delegations made under subsection (a) may be made on a nonexclusive basis as the Secretary may determine may be necessary to ensure the faithful execution of the Secretary's responsibilities and duties under law
- (c) Effect of Delegations.—Except as otherwise expressly prohibited by law or otherwise provided in this title, the Secretary may make delegations under this subsection to such officers and employees of the office of the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs, and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, respectively, as the Secretary may designate, and may authorize successive redelegations of such functions as may be necessary or appropriate. No delegation of functions under this subsection or under any other provision of this title shall relieve the official to whom a function is transferred under this title of responsibility for the administration of the function.
- (d) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this division may be construed to limit the authority of the Under Secretary, acting directly or by delegation under the Secretary to establish such offices or positions within the Directorate of Immigration Affairs, in addition to those specified by this division, as the Under Secretary may determine to be necessary to carry out the functions of the Directorate.

SEC. 1115. ALLOCATION OF PERSONNEL AND OTHER RESOURCES.

- (a) AUTHORITY OF THE UNDER SECRETARY.—
 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2) and section 1114(b), the Under Secretary shall make allocations of personnel, assets, liabilities, grants, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available in connection with the performance of the respective functions, as determined under section 1113, in accordance with the delegation of functions and the reservation of functions made under section 1114.
- (2) LIMITATION.—Unexpended funds transferred pursuant to section 1112 shall be used only for the purposes for which the funds were originally authorized and appropriated.
- (b) AUTHORITY TO TERMINATE AFFAIRS OF INS.—The Attorney General in consultation with the Secretary, shall provide for the termination of the affairs of the Immigration and Naturalization Service and such further measures and dispositions as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this division
- (c) TREATMENT OF SHARED RESOURCES.— The Under Secretary is authorized to provide for an appropriate allocation, or coordination, or both, of resources involved in supporting shared support functions for the office of the Under Secretary, the Service Bureau, and the Enforcement Bureau. The Under Secretary shall maintain oversight

and control over the shared computer databases and systems and records management. SEC. 1116. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

- (a) LEGAL DOCUMENTS.—All orders, determinations, rules, regulations, permits, grants, loans, contracts, recognition of labor organizations, agreements, including collective bargaining agreements, certificates, licenses, and privileges—
- (1) that have been issued, made, granted, or allowed to become effective by the President, the Attorney General, the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, their delegates, or any other Government official, or by a court of competent jurisdiction, in the performance of any function that is transferred under this title; and
- (2) that are in effect on the effective date of such transfer (or become effective after such date pursuant to their terms as in effect on such effective date):
- shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, terminated, superseded, set aside, or revoked in accordance with law by the President, any other authorized official, a court of competent jurisdiction, or operation of law, except that any collective bargaining agreement shall remain in effect until the date of termination specified in the agreement.
 - (b) Proceedings.—
- (1) PENDING.—Sections 111 through 116 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by subtitle A of this title, shall not affect any proceeding or any application for any benefit, service, license, permit, certificate, or financial assistance pending on the effective date of this title before an office whose functions are transferred under this title, but such proceedings and applications shall be continued.
- (2) ORDERS.—Orders shall be issued in such proceedings, appeals shall be taken therefrom, and payments shall be made pursuant to such orders, as if this Act had not been enacted, and orders issued in any such proceeding shall continue in effect until modified, terminated, superseded, or revoked by a duly authorized official, by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.
- (3) DISCONTINUANCE OR MODIFICATION.—Nothing in this section shall be considered to prohibit the discontinuance or modification of any such proceeding under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such proceeding could have been discontinued or modified if this section had not been enacted.
- (c) SUITS.—This title, and the amendments made by this title, shall not affect suits commenced before the effective date of this title, and in all such suits, proceeding shall be had, appeals taken, and judgments rendered in the same manner and with the same effect as if this title, and the amendments made by this title, had not been enacted.
- (d) NONABATEMENT OF ACTIONS.—No suit, action, or other proceeding commenced by or against the Department of Justice or the Immigration and Naturalization Service, or by or against any individual in the official capacity of such individual as an officer or employee in connection with a function transferred pursuant to this section, shall abate by reason of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) CONTINUANCE OF SUIT WITH SUBSTITUTION OF PARTIES.—If any Government officer in the official capacity of such officer is party to a suit with respect to a function of the officer, and such function is transferred under this title to any other officer or office, then such suit shall be continued with the other officer or the head of such other office, as applicable, substituted or added as a party.
- (f) ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDI-CIAL REVIEW.—Except as otherwise provided

by this title, any statutory requirements relating to notice, hearings, action upon the record, or administrative or judicial review that apply to any function transferred under this title shall apply to the exercise of such function by the head of the office, and other officers of the office, to which such function is transferred.

SEC. 1117. INTERIM SERVICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION AND NAT-URALIZATION.

The individual serving as the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization on the day before the effective date of this title may serve as Under Secretary until the date on which an Under Secretary is appointed under section 112 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103.

SEC. 1118. OTHER AUTHORITIES NOT AFFECTED.

Nothing in this title, or any amendment made by this title, may be construed to authorize or require the transfer or delegation of any function vested in, or exercised by—

- (1) the Secretary of State under the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, or under the immigration laws of the United States, immediately prior to the effective date of this title, with respect to the issuance and use of passports and visas;
- (2) the Secretary of Labor or any official of the Department of Labor immediately prior to the effective date of this title, with respect to labor certifications or any other authority under the immigration laws of the United States; or
- (3) except as otherwise specifically provided in this division, any other official of the Federal Government under the immigration laws of the United States immediately prior to the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1119. TRANSITION FUNDING.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR TRANSITION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Homeland Security such sums as may be necessary—
- (A) to effect-
- (i) the abolition of the Immigration and Naturalization Service;
- (ii) the establishment of the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and its components, the Bureau of Immigration Services, and the Bureau of Enforcement (except for the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions);
- (iii) the transfer to the Directorate of Border and Transportation Protection of the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions; and
- (iv) the transfer of such other functions as are required to be made under this division; and
- (B) to carry out any other duty that is made necessary by this division, or any amendment made by this division.
- (2) ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED.—Activities supported under paragraph (1) include—
- (A) planning for the transfer of functions from the Immigration and Naturalization Service to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security, as appropriate, including the preparation of any reports and implementation plans necessary for such transfer;
- (B) the division, acquisition, and disposition of—
 - (i) buildings and facilities;
- (ii) support and infrastructure resources; and
- (iii) computer hardware, software, and related documentation;
- (C) other capital expenditures necessary to effect the transfer of functions described in this paragraph;
- (D) revision of forms, stationery, logos, and signage:

- (E) expenses incurred in connection with the transfer and training of existing personnel and hiring of new personnel; and
- (F) such other expenses necessary to effect the transfers, as determined by the Secretary.
- (b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) are authorized to remain available until expended.
 - (c) Transition Account.-
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the general fund of the Treasury of the United States a separate account, which shall be known as the "Directorate of Immigration Affairs Transition Account" (in this section referred to as the "Account").
- (2) USE OF ACCOUNT.—There shall be deposited into the Account all amounts appropriated under subsection (a) and amounts reprogrammed for the purposes described in subsection (a).
- (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS ON TRANSITION.—Beginning not later than 90 days after the effective date of division A of this Act, and at the end of each fiscal year in which appropriations are made pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report to Congress concerning the availability of funds to cover transition costs, including—
- (1) any unobligated balances available for such purposes; and
- (2) a calculation of the amount of appropriations that would be necessary to fully fund the activities described in subsection (a).
- (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect 1 year after the effective date of division A of this Act.

Subtitle C—Miscellaneous Provisions

SEC. 1121. FUNDING ADJUDICATION AND NATU-RALIZATION SERVICES.

- (a) LEVEL OF FEES.—Section 286(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356(m)) is amended by striking "services, including the costs of similar services provided without charge to asylum applicants or other immigrants" and inserting "services".
 - (b) Use of Fees.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each fee collected for the provision of an adjudication or naturalization service shall be used only to fund adjudication or naturalization services or, subject to the availability of funds provided pursuant to subsection (c), costs of similar services provided without charge to asylum and refugee applicants.
- (2) PROHIBITION.—No fee may be used to fund adjudication- or naturalization-related audits that are not regularly conducted in the normal course of operation.
- (c) Refugee and Asylum Adjudication Services.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to such sums as may be otherwise available for such purposes, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 207 through 209 of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.
 - (d) SEPARATION OF FUNDING.
- (1) In GENERAL.—There shall be established separate accounts in the Treasury of the United States for appropriated funds and other collections available for the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement.
- (2) FEES.—Fees imposed for a particular service, application, or benefit shall be deposited into the account established under paragraph (1) that is for the bureau with jurisdiction over the function to which the fee relates.

- (3) FEES NOT TRANSFERABLE.—No fee may be transferred between the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement for purposes not authorized by section 286 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by subsection (a).
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR BACKLOG REDUCTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2003 through 2006 to carry out the Immigration Services and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2000 (title II of Public Law 106–313).
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.
- (3) INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT ACCOUNT.—Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) shall be deposited into the Immigration Services and Infrastructure Improvements Account established by section 204(a)(2) of title II of Public Law 106–313.

SEC. 1122. APPLICATION OF INTERNET-BASED TECHNOLOGIES.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF ON-LINE DATA-BASE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the effective date of division A, the Secretary, in consultation with the Under Secretary and the Technology Advisory Committee, shall establish an Internet-based system that will permit an immigrant, nonimmigrant, employer, or other person who files any application, petition, or other request for any benefit under the immigration laws of the United States access to on-line information about the processing status of the application, petition, or other request.
- (2) PRIVACY CONSIDERATIONS.—The Under Secretary shall consider all applicable privacy issues in the establishment of the Internet system described in paragraph (1). No personally identifying information shall be accessible to unauthorized persons.
- (3) MEANS OF ACCESS.—The on-line information under the Internet system described in paragraph (1) shall be accessible to the persons described in paragraph (1) through a personal identification number (PIN) or other personalized password.
- (4) PROHIBITION ON FEES.—The Under Secretary shall not charge any immigrant, non-immigrant, employer, or other person described in paragraph (1) a fee for access to the information in the database that pertains to that person.
- (b) FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR ON-LINE FILING AND IMPROVED PROCESSING.—
 - (1) ON-LINE FILING.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in consultation with the Technology Advisory Committee, shall conduct a study to determine the feasibility of on-line filing of the documents described in subsection (a).
- (B) STUDY ELEMENTS.—The study shall—
- (i) include a review of computerization and technology of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or successor agency) relating to immigration services and the processing of such documents;
- (ii) include an estimate of the time-frame and costs of implementing on-line filing of such documents; and
- (iii) consider other factors in implementing such a filing system, including the feasibility of the payment of fees on-line.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the effective date of division A, the Under Secretary shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the study conducted under this subsection.
 - (c) TECHNOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE.-
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the effective date of division A, the Under Secretary shall establish, after consultation with the Committees on the Judi-

- ciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives, an advisory committee (in this section referred to as the "Technology Advisory Committee") to assist the Under Secretary in—
- (A) establishing the tracking system under subsection (a); and
- (B) conducting the study under subsection (b)
- (2) COMPOSITION.—The Technology Advisory Committee shall be composed of—
- (A) experts from the public and private sector capable of establishing and implementing the system in an expeditious manner; and
- (B) representatives of persons or entities who may use the tracking system described in subsection (a) and the on-line filing system described in subsection (b)(1).

SEC. 1123. ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION OF ASYLUM SEEKERS.

- (a) ASSIGNMENTS OF ASYLUM OFFICERS.—The Under Secretary shall assign asylum officers to major ports of entry in the United States to assist in the inspection of asylum seekers. For other ports of entry, the Under Secretary shall take steps to ensure that asylum officers participate in the inspections process.
- (b) AMENDMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT.—Chapter 4 of title II of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 236A the following new section: "SEC. 236B. ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION OF
- ASYLUM SEEKERS.

 "(a) DEVELOPMENT OF ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION.—The Under Secretary shall—
- "(1) authorize and promote the utilization of alternatives to the detention of asylum seekers who do not have nonpolitical criminal records: and
- "(2) establish conditions for the detention of asylum seekers that ensure a safe and humane environment.
- "(b) SPECIFIC ALTERNATIVES FOR CONSIDER-ATION.—The Under Secretary shall consider the following specific alternatives to the detention of asylum seekers described in subsection (a):
 - "(1) Parole from detention.
- "(2) For individuals not otherwise qualified for parole under paragraph (1), parole with appearance assistance provided by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seek-
- "(3) For individuals not otherwise qualified for parole under paragraph (1) or (2), non-secure shelter care or group homes operated by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seekers.
- "(4) Noninstitutional settings for minors such as foster care or group homes operated by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seekers.
- "(c) REGULATIONS.—The Under Secretary shall promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this section.
- "(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'asylum seeker' means any applicant for asylum under section 208 or any alien who indicates an intention to apply for asylum under that section."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 236A the following new item:

"Sec. 236B. Alternatives to detention of asylum seekers.".

Subtitle D—Effective Date

SEC. 1131. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title, and the amendments made by this title, shall take effect one year after the effective date of division A of this Act.

TITLE XII—UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE PROTECTION

SEC. 1201. UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILES.

- (a) CUSTODY DETERMINATIONS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) INITIAL CUSTODY AND CARE.—The custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile shall be the responsibility of the Under Secretary of Immigration Affairs in the Department of Homeland Security or the Under Secretary of Border and Transportation Security, as determined under guidelines to be promulgated by the Secretary.
- (B) TRANSFER OF CUSTODY AND CARE.—Unless the juvenile is described in subsection (b), the Department of Homeland Security shall transfer custody and care of that juvenile to the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Directorate of Immigration Affairs shall retain or assume the custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile—
 - (A) who has been charged with a felony;
 - (B) who has been convicted of a felony:
- (C) who exhibits a violent or criminal behavior that endangers others; or
- (D) with respect to whom the Secretary of Homeland Security has a substantial evidence to conclude that such juvenile endangers the national security of the United States.
 - (b) Functions.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to subsection (a)(2), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement shall be responsible for—
- (A) coordinating and implementing the custody and care of unaccompanied alien juveniles who are in Federal custody by reason of their immigration status, including developing a plan to be submitted to the Congress on how to ensure that qualified and independent legal counsel is timely appointed to represent the interests of each such juvenile, consistent with the law regarding appointment of counsel that is in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act;
- (B) ensuring that the interests of the juvenile are considered in decisions and actions relating to the custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile;
- (C) making placement determinations for all unaccompanied alien juveniles who are in Federal custody by reason of their immigration status;
- (D) implementing placement determinations for such unaccompanied alien juveniles:
- (E) implementing policies with respect to the care and placement of unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (F) identifying a sufficient number of qualified individuals, entities, and facilities to house unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (G) overseeing the infrastructure and personnel of facilities in which unaccompanied alien juveniles are housed;
- (H) reuniting unaccompanied alien juveniles with a parent abroad in appropriate cases;
- (I) compiling, updating, and publishing at least annually a State-by-State list of professionals or other entities qualified to provide guardian and attorney representation services for unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (J) maintaining statistical information and other data on unaccompanied alien juveniles for whose care and placement the Director is responsible, which shall include—
- (i) biographical information, such as a juvenile's name, sex, date of birth, country of birth, and country of habitual residence;
- (ii) the date on which the juvenile came into Federal custody by reason of his or her immigration status;

- (iii) information relating to the juvenile's placement, removal, or release from each facility in which the juvenile has resided:
- (iv) in any case in which the juvenile is placed in detention or released, an explanation relating to the detention or release; and
- (v) the disposition of any actions in which the juvenile is the subject;
- (K) collecting and compiling statistical information from the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, and the Department of State on each department's actions relating to unaccompanied alien juveniles; and
- (L) conducting investigations and inspections of facilities and other entities in which unaccompanied alien juveniles reside.
- (2) COORDINATION WITH OTHER ENTITIES; NO RELEASE ON OWN RECOGNIZANCE.—In making determinations described in paragraph (1)(C), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement.—
- (A) shall consult with appropriate juvenile justice professionals, the Director of Immigration Affairs of the Department of Homeland Security to ensure that the unaccompanied alien juveniles with respect to whom the placement determinations are made—
- (i) are likely to appear for all hearings or proceedings in which they are involved;
- (ii) are protected from smugglers, traffickers, or others who might seek to victimize or otherwise engage them in criminal, harmful, or exploitative activity; and
- (iii) are placed in a setting in which they not likely to pose a danger to themselves or others; and
- (B) shall not release such juveniles upon their own recognizance.
- (3) DUTIES WITH RESPECT TO FOSTER CARE.—In carrying out the duties described in paragraph (1)(G), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement is encouraged to consider the use of the refugee children foster care system established pursuant to section 412(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1522(d)) for the placement of unaccompanied alien juveniles.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONDITIONS FOR DETENTION OF UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An unaccompanied alien juvenile described in subsection (a)(2) may be placed in a facility appropriate for delinquent juveniles under conditions appropriate to the behavior of such juvenile.
- (2) RESTRICTION ON DETENTION IN ADULT DETENTION FACILITIES.—To the maximum extent practicable, and consistent with the protection of the juvenile and others, an unaccompanied alien juvenile shall not be placed in an adult detention facility.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to transfer the responsibility for adjudicating benefit determinations or making enforcement determinations under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) from the authority of any official of the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, or the Department of State, as the case may be.
- (e) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—There are transferred to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services functions under the immigration and nationality laws of the United States with respect to the custody and care of unaccompanied alien juveniles that were vested by statute in, or performed by, the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component of the Immigration and Naturalization Service) immediately before the effective date specified in subsection (i).
- (f) OTHER TRANSITION MATTERS.—

- (1) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—Except as otherwise provided by law, a Federal official to whom a function is transferred by this section may, for purposes of performing the function, exercise all authorities under any other provision of law that were available with respect to the performance of that function to the official responsible for the performance of the function immediately before the effective date specified in subsection (i).
- (2) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 812 shall apply to a transfer of functions under this section in the same manner as such provisions apply to a transfer of functions under this Act to the Department of Homeland Security.
- (3) TRANSFER AND ALLOCATION OF APPRO-PRIATIONS.—The assets, liabilities, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balance of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds employed, held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available the Immigration and Naturalization Service in connection with the functions transferred by this section, subject to section 202 of the Budget and Accounting Procedures Act of 1950, shall be transferred to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement for allocation to the appropriate component of the Department of Health and Human Services. Unexpended funds transferred pursuant to this paragraph shall be used only for the purposes for which the funds were originally authorized and appro-
- (g) REFERENCES.—With respect to any function transferred by this section, any reference in any other Federal law, Executive order, rule, regulation, or delegation of authority, or any document of or pertaining to a component of government from which such function is transferred—
- (1) to the head of such component is deemed to refer to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement; or
- (2) to such component is deemed to refer to the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) LAWFULLY PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES.—The term "lawfully present in the United States" means, with respect to an alien, an alien who is—
- (A) an alien who is lawfully admitted for permanent residence (as defined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act);
- (B) an alien who is a nonimmigrant alien described in section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act:
- (C) an alien who is a special immigrant described in section 101(a)(27) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;
- (D) an alien who is granted asylum under section 208 of that Act;
- (E) a refugee who is admitted to the United States under section 207 of that Act;
- (F) an alien who is paroled into the United States under section 212(d)(5) of that Act; or
- (G) an alien whose deportation is being withheld under section 243(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect before April 1, 1997) or section 241(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (2) PLACEMENT.—The term "placement" means the placement of an unaccompanied alien juvenile in either a detention facility or an alternative to such a facility.
- (3) UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE.—The term "unaccompanied alien juvenile" means an alien who—
- (A) is not lawfully present in the United States;
- (B) has not attained 18 years of age; and
- (C) with respect to whom—
- (i) there is no parent or legal guardian in the United States; or

- (ii) no parent or legal guardian in the United States is available to provide care and physical custody.
- (i) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Notwithstanding section 4, this section shall take effect on the date on which the transfer of functions specified under section 411 takes effect.

TITLE XIII—EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW

SEC. 1301. LEGAL STATUS OF EOIR.

(a) EXISTENCE OF EOIR.—There is in the Department of Justice the Executive Office for Immigration Review, which shall be subject to the direction and regulation of the Attorney General under section 103(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1302.

SEC. 1302. AUTHORITIES OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103) as amended by this Act, is further amended by—

- (1) amending the heading to read as follows:
- "POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY, THE UNDER SECRETARY, AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL":
- (2) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by inserting "Attorney General," after "President.": and
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (8), (9), (8) (as added by section 372 of Public Law 104–208), and (9) (as added by section 372 of Public Law 104–208) as paragraphs (8), (9), (10), and (11), respectively; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
 - "(g) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall have such authorities and functions under this Act and all other laws relating to the immigration and naturalization of aliens as were exercised by the Executive Office for Immigration Review, or by the Attorney General with respect to the Executive Office for Immigration Review, on the day before the effective date of the Immigration Reform, Accountability and Security Enhancement Act of 2002.
- "(2) POWERS.—The Attorney General shall establish such regulations, prescribe such forms of bond, reports, entries, and other papers, issue such instructions, review such administrative determinations in immigration proceedings, delegate such authority, and perform such other acts as the Attorney General determines to be necessary for carrying out this section."

SEC. 1303. STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act, any amendment made by this Act, or in section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by section 1302, shall be construed to limit judicial deference to regulations, adjudications, interpretations, orders, decisions, judgments, or any other actions of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General.

DIVISION C—FEDERAL WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENT

TITLE XXI—CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

SEC. 2101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Chief Human Capital Officers Act of 2002".

SEC. 2102. AGENCY CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part II of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 13 the following:

"CHAPTER 14—AGENCY CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

"Sec.

"1401. Establishment of agency Chief Human Capital Officers.

"1402. Authority and functions of agency Chief Human Capital Officers.

"\$ 1401. Establishment of agency Chief Human Capital Officers

"The head of each agency referred to under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 901(b) of title 31 shall appoint or designate a Chief Human Capital Officer, who shall—

"(1) advise and assist the head of the agency and other agency officials in carrying out the agency's responsibilities for selecting, developing, training, and managing a high-quality, productive workforce in accordance with merit system principles:

"(2) implement the rules and regulations of the President and the Office of Personnel Management and the laws governing the civil service within the agency; and

"(3) carry out such functions as the primary duty of the Chief Human Capital Officer.

"\$ 1402. Authority and functions of agency Chief Human Capital Officers

- "(a) The functions of each Chief Human Capital Officer shall include—
- "(1) setting the workforce development strategy of the agency;
- "(2) assessing workforce characteristics and future needs based on the agency's mission and strategic plan;
- "(3) aligning the agency's human resources policies and programs with organization mission, strategic goals, and performance outcomes:
- "(4) developing and advocating a culture of continuous learning to attract and retain employees with superior abilities;
- "(5) identifying best practices and benchmarking studies, and
- "(6) applying methods for measuring intellectual capital and identifying links of that capital to organizational performance and growth.
- "(b) In addition to the authority otherwise provided by this section, each agency Chief Human Capital Officer—
- "(1) shall have access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, recommendations, or other material that—
- "(A) are the property of the agency or are available to the agency; and
- "(B) relate to programs and operations with respect to which that agency Chief Human Capital Officer has responsibilities under this chapter; and
- "(2) may request such information or assistance as may be necessary for carrying out the duties and responsibilities provided by this chapter from any Federal, State, or local governmental entity.".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of chapters for chapters for part II of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 13 the following:

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Chief Human Capital Officers Council, consisting of—
- (1) the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, who shall act as chairperson of the Council;
- (2) the Deputy Director for Management of the Office of Management and Budget, who shall act as vice chairperson of the Council; and
- (3) the Chief Human Capital Officers of Executive departments and any other members who are designated by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management.
- (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall meet periodically to advise and coordinate the activities of the agencies of its members on such matters as modernization of human resources systems, improved quality of human resources infor-

mation, and legislation affecting human resources operations and organizations.

- (c) EMPLOYEE LABOR ORGANIZATIONS AT MEETINGS.—The Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall ensure that representatives of Federal employee labor organizations are present at a minimum of 1 meeting of the Council each year. Such representatives shall not be members of the Council.
- (d) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each year the Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall submit a report to Congress on the activities of the Council.

SEC. 2104. STRATEGIC HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGE-MENT.

Section 1103 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(c)(1) The Office of Personnel Management shall design a set of systems, including appropriate metrics, for assessing the management of human capital by Federal agencies.
- "(2) The systems referred to under paragraph (1) shall be defined in regulations of the Office of Personnel Management and include standards for—
- "(A)(i) aligning human capital strategies of agencies with the missions, goals, and organizational objectives of those agencies; and
- "(ii) integrating those strategies into the budget and strategic plans of those agencies;
- "(B) closing skill gaps in mission critical occupations:
- "(C) ensuring continuity of effective leadership through implementation of recruitment, development, and succession plans;
- "(D) sustaining a culture that cultivates and develops a high performing workforce;
- "(E) developing and implementing a knowledge management strategy supported by appropriate investment in training and technology; and
- "(F) holding managers and human resources officers accountable for efficient and effective human resources management in support of agency missions in accordance with merit system principles.".

SEC. 2105. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this division.

TITLE XXII—REFORMS RELATING TO FEDERAL HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SEC. 2201. INCLUSION OF AGENCY HUMAN CAPITAL STRATEGIC PLANNING IN PERFORMANCE PLANS AND PROGRAMS

- PERFORMANCE REPORTS.

 (a) PERFORMANCE PLANS.—Section 1115 of title 31. United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
- "(3) provide a description of how the performance goals and objectives are to be achieved, including the operation processes, training, skills and technology, and the human, capital, information, and other resources and strategies required to meet those performance goals and objectives.";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g); and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:
- "(f) With respect to each agency with a Chief Human Capital Officer, the Chief Human Capital Officer shall prepare that portion of the annual performance plan described under subsection (a)(3)."
- (b) Program Performance Reports.—Section 1116(d) of title 31, United States Code, is amended— $\,$
- (1) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6); and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

"(5) include a review of the performance goals and evaluation of the performance plan relative to the agency's strategic human capital management; and".

SEC. 2202. REFORM OF THE COMPETITIVE SERV-ICE HIRING PROCESS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
 - (1) in section 3304(a)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
 - (C) by adding at the end of the following:
- "(3) authority for agencies to appoint, without regard to the provision of sections 3309 through 3318, candidates directly to positions for which—
 - "(A) public notice has been given; and
- "(B) the Office of Personnel Management has determined that there exists a severe shortage of candidates or there is a critical hiring need.
- The Office shall prescribe, by regulation, criteria for identifying such positions and may delegate authority to make determinations under such criteria."; and
- (2) by inserting after section 3318 the following:

"§ 3319. Alternative ranking and selection procedures

- "(a) The Office, in exercising its authority under section 3304, or an agency to which the Office has delegated examining authority under section 1104(a)(2), may establish category rating systems for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service, under 2 or more quality categories based on merit consistent with regulations prescribed by the Office of Personnel Management, rather than assigned individual numerical ratings.
- "(b) Within each quality category established under subsection (a), preference-eligibles shall be listed ahead of individuals who are not preference eligibles. For other than scientific and professional positions at GS-9 of the General Schedule (equivalent or higher), qualified preference-eligibles who have a compensable service-connected disability of 10 percent or more shall be listed in the highest quality category.
- "(c)(1) An appointing official may select any applicant in the highest quality category or, if fewer than 3 candidates have been assigned to the highest quality category, in a merged category consisting of the highest and the second highest quality categories.
- "(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the appointing official may not pass over a preference-eligible in the same category from which selection is made, unless the requirements of section 3317(b) or 3318(b), as applicable, are satisfied.
- "(d) Each agency that establishes a category rating system under this section shall submit in each of the 3 years following that establishment, a report to Congress on that system including information on—
- "(1) the number of employees hired under that system;
- "(2) the impact that system has had on the hiring of veterans and minorities, including those who are American Indian or Alaska Natives, Asian, Black or African American, and native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islanders; and
- "(3) the way in which managers were trained in the administration of that system.
- "(e) The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe such regulations as it considers necessary to carry out the provisions of this section."
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by

striking the item relating to section 3319 and inserting the following:

"3319. Alternative ranking and selection procedures.".

SEC. 2203. PERMANENT EXTENSION, REVISION, AND EXPANSION OF AUTHORITIES FOR USE OF VOLUNTARY SEPARA-TION INCENTIVE PAY AND VOL-UNTARY EARLY RETIREMENT.

- (a) VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) AMENDMENT TO TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—Chapter 35 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after subchapter I the following:

"SUBCHAPTER II—VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS

"§ 3521. Definitions

- "In this subchapter, the term-
- "(1) 'agency' means an Executive agency as defined under section 105; and
 - "(2) 'employee'
- "(A) means an employee as defined under section 2105 employed by an agency and an individual employed by a county committee established under section 8(b)(5) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)(5)) who—
- "(i) is serving under an appointment without time limitation; and
- "(ii) has been currently employed for a continuous period of at least 3 years; and
 - "(B) shall include-
- "(i) a reemployed annuitant under subchapter III of chapter 83 or 84 or another retirement system for employees of the Government:
- "(ii) an employee having a disability on the basis of which such employee is or would be eligible for disability retirement under subchapter III of chapter 83 or 84 or another retirement system for employees of the Government.
- "(iii) an employee who is in receipt of a decision notice of involuntary separation for misconduct or unacceptable performance;
- "(iv) an employee who has previously received any voluntary separation incentive payment from the Federal Government under this subchapter or any other authority;
- "(v) an employee covered by statutory reemployment rights who is on transfer employment with another organization; or
 - "(vi) any employee who-
- "(I) during the 36-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a student loan repayment benefit was or is to be paid under section 5379;
- "(II) during the 24-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a recruitment or relocation bonus was or is to be paid under section 5753; or
- "(III) during the 12-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a retention bonus was or is to be paid under section 5754.

"§ 3522. Agency plans; approval

- "(a) Before obligating any resources for voluntary separation incentive payments, the head of each agency shall submit to the Office of Personnel Management a plan outlining the intended use of such incentive payments and a proposed organizational chart for the agency once such incentive payments have been completed.
- "(b) The plan of an agency under subsection (a) shall include—
- "(1) the specific positions and functions to be reduced or eliminated;
- "(2) a description of which categories of employees will be offered incentives;
- "(3) the time period during which incentives may be paid;

- "(4) the number and amounts of voluntary separation incentive payments to be offered; and
- "(5) a description of how the agency will operate without the eliminated positions and functions
- "(c) The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall review each agency's plan an may make any appropriate modifications in the plan, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. A plan under this section may not be implemented without the approval of the Directive of the Office of Personnel Management.

"§ 3523. Authority to provide voluntary separation incentive payments

- "(a) A voluntary separation incentive payment under this subchapter may be paid to an employee only as provided in the plan of an agency established under section 3522.
- "(b) A voluntary incentive payment—"(1) shall be offered to agency employees
- "(1) shall be offered to agency employees on the basis of—
- "(A) 1 or more organizational units;
- "(B) 1 or more occupational series or levels;
- "(C) 1 or more geographical locations;
- "(D) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position;
- "(E) specific periods of time during which eligible employees may elect a voluntary incentive payment; or
- "(F) any appropriate combination of such factors;
- "(2) shall be paid in a lump sum after the employee's separation;
- "(3) shall be equal to the lesser of-
- "(A) an amount equal to the amount the employee would be entitled to receive under section 5595(c)if the employee were entitled to payment under such section (without adjustment for any previous payment made); or
- "(B) an amount determined by the agency head, not to exceed \$25,000;
- "(4) may be made only in the case of an employee who voluntarily separates (whether by retirement or resignation) under this subchapter;
- "(5) shall not be a basis for payment, and shall not be included in the computation, of any other type of Government benefit;
- "(6) shall not be taken into account in determining the amount of any severance pay to which the employee may be entitled under section 5595, based on another other separation; and
- "(7) shall be paid from appropriations or funds available for the payment of the basic pay of the employee.

"§ 3524. Effect of subsequent employment with the Government

- "(a) The term 'employment'—
- "(1) in subsection (b) includes employment under a personal services contract (or other direct contract) with the United States Government (other than an entity in the legislative branch); and
- "(2) in subsection (c) does not include employment under such a contract.
- "(b) An individual who has received a voluntary separation incentive payment under this subchapter and accepts any employment for compensation with the Government of the United States with 5 years after the date of the separation on which the payment is based shall be required to pay, before the individual's first day of employment, the entire amount of the incentive payment to he agency that paid the incentive payment.
- "(c)(1) If the employment under this section is with an agency, other than the General Accounting Office, the United States Postal Service, or the Postal Rate Commission, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management may, at the request of the head of the agency, may waive the repayment if—

- "(A) the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position; or
- "(B) in case of an emergency involving a direct threat to life or property, the individual—
- "(i) has skills directly related to resolving the emergency; and
- "(ii) will serve on a temporary basis only so long as that individual's services are made necessary by the emergency.
- "(2) If the employment under this section is with an entity in the legislative branch, the head of the entity or the appointing official may waive the repayment if the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position.
- "(3) If the employment under this section is with the judicial branch, the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may waive the repayment if the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position.

"§ 3525. Regulations

- "The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe regulations to carry out this sub-chapter.".
- (B) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—Chapter 35 of title 5, United States Code. is amended—
- (i) by striking the chapter heading and inserting the following:

"CHAPTER 35—RETENTION PREFERENCE, VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS, RESTORATION, AND REEM-PLOYMENT":

and

- (ii) in the table of sections by inserting after the item relating to section 3504 the following:
 - "SUBCHAPTER II—VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS
- "3521. Definitions.
- "3522. Agency plans; approval.
- "3523. Authority to provide voluntary separation incentive payments.
- "3524. Effect of subsequent employment with the Government.
- "3525. Regulations.".
- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS.—The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may, by regulation, establish a program substantially similar to the program established under paragraph (1) for individuals serving in the judicial branch.
- (3) CONTINUATION OF OTHER AUTHORITY.— Any agency exercising any voluntary separation incentive authority in effect on the effective date of this subsection may continue to offer voluntary separation incentives consistent with that authority until that authority expires.
- (4) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall take effect 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (b) FEDERAL EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY EARLY RETIREMENT.—
- (1) CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM.— Section 8336(d)(2) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- "(2)(A) has been employed continuously, by the agency in which the employee is serving, for at least the 31-day period ending on the date on which such agency requests the determination referred to in subparagraph (D);
- "(B) is serving under an appointment that is not time limited;
- "(C) has not been duly notified that such employee is to be involuntarily separated for misconduct or unacceptable performance;

- "(D) is separated from the service voluntarily during a period in which, as determined by the office of Personnel Management (upon request of the agency) under regulations prescribed by the Office—
- "(i) such agency (or, if applicable, the component in which the employee is serving) is undergoing substantial delayering, substantial reorganization, substantial reductions in force, substantial transfer of function, or other substantial workforce restructuring (or shaping);
- "(ii) a significant percentage of employees servicing in such agency (or component) are likely to be separated or subject to an immediate reduction in the rate of basic pay (without regard to subchapter VI of chapter 53, or comparable provisions); or
- "(iii) identified as being in positions which are becoming surplus or excess to the agency's future ability to carry out its mission effectively: and
- "(E) as determined by the agency under regulations prescribed by the Office, is within the scope of the offer of voluntary early retirement, which may be made on the basis of—
 - "(i) 1 or more organizational units:
- "(ii) 1 or more occupational series or levels;
 - "(iii) 1 or more geographical locations;
- "(iv) specific periods;
- "(v) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position; or
- "(vi) any appropriate combination of such factors;".
- (2) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM.—Section 8414(b)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:
- "(B)(i) has been employed continuously, by the agency in which the employee is serving, for at least the 31-day period ending on the date on which such agency requests the determination referred to in clause (iv):
- "(ii) is serving under an appointment that is not time limited:
- "(iii) has not been duly notified that such employee is to be involuntarily separated for misconduct or unacceptable performance;
- "(iv) is separate from the service voluntarily during a period in which, as determined by the Office of Personnel Management (upon request of the agency) under regulations prescribed by the Office—
- "(I) such agency (or, if applicable, the component in which the employee is serving) is undergoing substantial delayering, substantial reorganization, substantial reductions in force, substantial transfer of function, or other substantial workforce restructuring (or shaping):
- "(II) a significant percentage of employees serving in such agency (or component) are likely to be separated or subject to an immediate reduction in the rate of basic pay (without regard to subchapter VI of chapter 53, or comparable provisions); or
- "(III) identified as being in positions which are becoming surplus or excess to the agency's future ability to carry out its mission effectively; and
- "(v) as determined by the agency under regulations prescribed by the Office, is within the scope of the offer of voluntary early retirement, which may be made on the basis of
 - "(I) 1 or more organizational units;
- "(II) 1 or more occupational series or levels:
- "(III) 1 or more geographical locations;
- "(IV) specific periods;
- "(V) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position; or
- "(VI) any appropriate combination of such factors.".
- (3) GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE AUTHORITY.—The amendments made by this sub-

- section shall not be construed to affect the authority under section 1 of Public Law 106–303 (5 U.S.C. 8336 note; 114 State. 1063).
- (4) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—Section 7001 of the 1998 Supplemental Appropriations and Rescissions Act (Public Law 105-174; 112 Stat. 91) is repealed.
- (5) REGULATIONS.—The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe regulations to carry out this subsection.
- (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the implementation of this section is intended to reshape the Federal workforce and not downsize the Federal workforce.

SEC. 2204. STUDENT VOLUNTEER TRANSIT SUBSIDY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7905(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "and a member of a uniformed service" and inserting ", a member of a uniformed service, and a student who provides voluntary services under section 3111".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—Section 3111(c)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "chapter 81 of this title" and inserting "section 7905 (relating to commuting by means other than single-occupancy motor vehicles), chapter 81".

TITLE XXIII—REFORMS RELATING TO THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE

SEC. 2301. REPEAL OF RECERTIFICATION RE-QUIREMENTS OF SENIOR EXECU-TIVES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Title 5, United States Code, is amended—
 - (1) in chapter 33—
- (A) in section 3393(g) by striking "3393a";
- (B) by repealing section 3393a; and
- (C) in the table of sections by striking the item relating to section 3393a;
 - (2) in chapter 35-
 - (A) in section 3592(a)—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or" at the end:
- (ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at the end;
- (iii) by striking paragraph (3); and
- (iv) by striking the last sentence;
- (B) in section 3593(a), by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- "(2) the appointee left the Senior Executive Service for reasons other than misconduct, neglect of duty, malfeasance, or less than fully successful executive performance as determined under subchapter II of chapter 43.": and
- (C) in section 3594(b)—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or" at the end;
- (ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at the end; and
- (iii) by striking paragraph (3);
- (3) in section 7701(c)(1)(A), by striking "or removal from the Senior Executive Service for failure to be recertified under section 3393a":
 - (4) in chapter 83—
- (A) in section 8336(h)(1), by striking "for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a or"; and
- (B) in section 8339(h), in the first sentence, by striking ", except that such reduction shall not apply in the case of an employee retiring under section 8336(h) for failure to be recertified as a senior executive"; and
 - (5) in chapter 84-
- (A) in section 8414(a)(1), by striking "for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a or"; and
- (B) in section 8421(a)(2), by striking ", except that an individual entitled to an annuity under section 8414(a) for failure to be recertified as a senior executive shall be entitled to an annuity supplement without regard to such applicable retirement age".

- (b) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Notwithstanding the amendments made by subsection (a)(2)(A), an appeal under the final sentence of section 3592(a) of title 5, United States Code, that is pending on the day before the effective date of this section—
- (1) shall not abate by reason of the enactment of the amendments made by subsection (a)(2)(A); and
- (2) shall continue as if such amendments had not been enacted.
- (c) APPLICATION.—The amendment made by subsection (a)(2)(B) shall not apply with respect to an individual who, before the effective date of this section, leaves the Senior Executive Service for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 2302. ADJUSTMENT OF LIMITATION ON TOTAL ANNUAL COMPENSATION.

Section 5307(a) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the total payment referred to under such paragraph with respect to an employee paid under section 5372, 5376, or 5383 of title 5 or section 332(f), 603, or 604 of title 28 shall not exceed the total annual compensation payable to the Vice President under section 104 of title 3. Regulations prescribed under subsection (c) may extend the application of this paragraph to other equivalent categories of employees.".

TITLE XXIV—ACADEMIC TRAINING SEC. 2401. ACADEMIC TRAINING.

(a) ACADEMIC DEGREE TRAINING.—Section 4107 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 4107. Academic degree training

- "(a) Subject to subsection (b), an agency may select and assign an employee to academic degree training and may pay or reimburse the costs of academic degree training from appropriated or other available funds if such training—
 - "(1) contributes significantly to—
- "(A) meeting an identified agency training need:
- "(B) resolving an identified agency staffing problem; or
- "(C) accomplishing goals in the strategic plan of the agency:
- "(2) is part of a planned, systemic, and coordinated agency employee development program linked to accomplishing the strategic goals of the agency; and
- "(3) is accredited and is provided by a college or university that is accredited by a nationally recognized body.
- "(b) In exercising authority under subsection (a), an agency shall—
- "(1) consistent with the merit system principles set forth in paragraphs (2) and (7) of section 2301(b), take into consideration the need to—
- "(A) maintain a balanced workforce in which women, members of racial and ethnic minority groups, and persons with disabilities are appropriately represented in Government service; and
- "(B) provide employees effective education and training to improve organizational and individual performance;
- "(2) assure that the training is not for the sole purpose of providing an employee an opportunity to obtain an academic degree or qualify for appointment to a particular position for which the academic degree is a basic requirement:
- "(3) assure that no authority under this subsection is exercised on behalf of any employee occupying or seeking to qualify for—
- $\mbox{``(A)}$ a noncareer appointment in the senior Executive Service; or
- "(B) appointment to any position that is excepted from the competitive service because of its confidential policy-determining,

policy-making or policy-advocating character; and

"(4) to the greatest extent practicable, facilitate the use of online degree training.".

(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 41 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 4107 and inserting the following:

"4107. Academic degree training."

SEC. 2402. MODIFICATIONS TO NATIONAL SECURITY EDUCATION PROGRAM.

(a) FINDINGS AND POLICIES.—

(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(A) the United States Government actively encourages and financially supports the training, education, and development of many United States citizens;

(B) as a condition of some of those supports, many of those citizens have an obligation to seek either compensated or uncompensated employment in the Federal sector; and

(C) it is in the United States national interest to maximize the return to the Nation of funds invested in the development of such citizens by seeking to employ them in the Federal sector.

(2) POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States Government to—

(A) establish procedures for ensuring that United States citizens who have incurred service obligations as the result of receiving financial support for education and training from the United States Government and have applied for Federal positions are considered in all recruitment and hiring initiatives of Federal departments, bureaus, agencies, and offices; and

(B) advertise and open all Federal positions to United States citizens who have incurred service obligations with the United States Government as the result of receiving financial support for education and training from the United States Government.

(b) FULFILLMENT OF SERVICE REQUIREMENT IF NATIONAL SECURITY POSITIONS ARE UNAVAILABLE.—Section 802(b)(2) of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 (50 U.S.C. 1902) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following:

"(ii) if the recipient demonstrates to the Secretary (in accordance with such regulations) that no national security position in an agency or office of the Federal Government having national security responsibilities is available, work in other offices or agencies of the Federal Government or in the field of higher education in a discipline relating to the foreign country, foreign language, area study, or international field of study for which the scholarship was awarded, for a period specified by the Secretary, which period shall be determined in accordance with clause (i); or"; and

(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following:

"(ii) if the recipient demonstrates to the Secretary (in accordance with such regulations) that no national security position is available upon the completion of the degree, work in other offices or agencies of the Federal Government or in the field of higher education in a discipline relating to foreign country, foreign language, area study, or international field of study for which the fellowship was awarded, for a period specified by the Secretary, which period shall be determined in accordance with clause (i); and".

SEC. 2403. COMPENSATION TIME OFF FOR TRAV-

SEC. 2403. COMPENSATION TIME OFF FOR TRAVEL.

Subchapter V of chapter 55 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at end the following:

"§ 5550b. Compensatory time off for travel

"(a) An employee shall receive 1 hour of compensatory time off for each hour spent

by the employee in travel status away from the official duty station of the employee, to the extent that the time spent in travel status is not otherwise compensable.

"(b) Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe regulations to implement this section.".

SEC. 2404. EXTENSION OF CUSTOMS USER FEES.

Section 13031(j)(3) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(j)(3)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2003" and inserting "December 31, 2007"

TITLE XXXI—NATIONAL COMMISSION ON TERRORIST ATTACKS UPON THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 3101. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.

There is established the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States (in this title referred to as the "Commission").

SEC. 3102. PURPOSES.

The purposes of the Commission are to—

(1) examine and report upon the facts and causes relating to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, occurring at the World Trade Center in New York, New York and at the Pentagon in Virginia;

(2) ascertain, evaluate, and report on the evidence developed by all relevant governmental agencies regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the attacks;

(3) build upon the investigations of other entities, and avoid unnecessary duplication, by reviewing the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of—

(A) the Joint Inquiry of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives regarding the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001;

(B) other executive branch, congressional, or independent commission investigations into the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, other terrorist attacks, and terrorism generally;

(4) make a full and complete accounting of the circumstances surrounding the attacks, and the extent of the United States' preparedness for, and response to, the attacks;

(5) investigate and report to the President and Congress on its findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures that can be taken to prevent acts of terrorism.

SEC. 3103. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) Members.—The Commission shall be composed of 10 members, of whom—

(1) 3 members shall be appointed by the majority leader of the Senate;

(2) 3 members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

(3) 2 members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the Senate; and

(4) 2 members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives.

(b) Chairperson; Vice Chairperson.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of the Commission shall be elected by the members.

(2) POLITICAL PARTY AFFILIATION.—The Chairperson and Vice Chairperson shall not be from the same political party.

(c) QUALIFICATIONS; INITIAL MEETING.—

(1) POLITICAL PARTY AFFILIATION.—Not more than 5 members of the Commission shall be from the same political party.

(2) NONGOVERNMENTAL APPOINTEES.—An individual appointed to the Commission may not be an officer or employee of the Federal Government or any State or local government.

(3) OTHER QUALIFICATIONS.—It is the sense of Congress that individuals appointed to the Commission should be prominent United States citizens, with national recognition and significant depth of experience in such professions as governmental service, law enforcement, the armed services, legal practice, public administration, intelligence gathering, commerce, including aviation matters, and foreign affairs.

(4) INITIAL MEETING.—If 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, 6 or more members of the Commission have been appointed, those members who have been appointed may meet and, if necessary, select a temporary chairperson, who may begin the operations of the Commission, including the hiring of staff.

(d) QUORUM; VACANCIES.—After its initial meeting, the Commission shall meet upon the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members. Six members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum. Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

SEC. 3104. FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

The functions of the Commission are to-

(1) conduct an investigation that-

(A) investigates relevant facts and circumstances relating to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, including any relevant legislation, Executive order, regulation, plan, policy, practice, or procedure; and

(B) may include relevant facts and circumstances relating to—

(i) intelligence agencies;

(ii) law enforcement agencies;

(iii) diplomacy;

(iv) immigration, nonimmigrant visas, and border control:

(v) the flow of assets to terrorist organizations:

(vi) commercial aviation; and

(vii) other areas of the public and private sectors determined relevant by the Commission for its inquiry;

(2) identify, review, and evaluate the lessons learned from the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, regarding the structure, coordination, management policies, and procedures of the Federal Government, and, if appropriate, State and local governments and nongovernmental entities, relative to detecting, preventing, and responding to such terrorist attacks; and

(3) submit to the President and Congress such reports as are required by this title containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations as the Commission shall determine, including proposing organization, coordination, planning, management arrangements, procedures, rules, and regulations.

SEC. 3105. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.-

(1) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commission or, on the authority of the Commission, any subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out this title—

(A) hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, administer such oaths; and

(B) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents, as the Commission or such designated subcommittee or designated member may determine advisable.

(2) Subpoenas.—

(A) Issuance.—Subpoenas issued under paragraph (1)(B) may be issued under the signature of the chairperson of the Commission, the vice chairperson of the Commission, the chairperson of any subcommittee created by

a majority of the Commission, or any member designated by a majority of the Commission, and may be served by any person designated by the chairperson, subcommittee chairperson, or member.

(B) Enforcement.—

- (i) In general.—In the case of contumacy or failure to obey a subpoena issued under paragraph (1)(B), the United States district court for the judicial district in which the subpoenaed person resides, is served, or may be found, or where the subpoena is returnable, may issue an order requiring such person to appear at any designated place to testify or to produce documentary or other evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of that court.
- (ii) ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT.—In the case of any failure of any witness to comply with any subpoena or to testify when summoned under authority of this section, the Commission may, by majority vote, certify a statement of fact constituting such failure to the appropriate United States attorney, who may bring the matter before the grand jury for its action, under the same statutory authority and procedures as if the United States attorney had received a certification under sections 102 through 104 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. 192 through 194).
 - (b) Closed Meetings .-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Meetings of the Commission may be closed to the public under section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) or other applicable law.
- (2) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.—In addition to the authority under paragraph (1), section 10(a)(1) and (3) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to any portion of a Commission meeting if the President determines that such portion or portions of that meeting is likely to disclose matters that could endanger national security. If the President makes such determination, the requirements relating to a determination under section 10(d) of that Act shall apply.
- (c) CONTRACTING.—The Commission may, to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts, enter into contracts to enable the Commission to discharge its duties under this title.
- (d) Information From Federal Agen--The Commission is authorized to se-CIES .cure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality of the Government information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the purposes of this title. Each department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality shall, to the extent authorized by law, furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request made by the chairperson, the chairperson of any subcommittee created by a majority of the Commission, or any member designated by a majority of the Commission
- (e) ASSISTANCE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.-
- (1) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION.— The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis administrative support and other services for the performance of the Commission's functions.
- (2) OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—In addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph (1), departments and agencies of the United States are authorized to provide to the Commission such services, funds, facilities, staff, and other support services as they may determine advisable and as may be authorized by law.

- (f) GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.
- (g) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as departments and agencies of the United States. SEC. 3106. STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

- (1) APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION—The chairperson, in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Commission, may appoint and fix the compensation of a staff director and such other personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its functions, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay fixed under this subsection may exceed the equivalent of that payable for a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.
- (2) PERSONNEL AS FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—
 (A) IN GENERAL.—The executive director and any personnel of the Commission who are employees shall be employees under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, and 90 of that title.
- (B) Members of commission.—Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to apply to members of the Commission.
- (b) DETAILEES.—Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement from the Commission, and such detailee shall retain the rights, status, and privileges of his or her regular employment without interruption.
- (c) CONSULTANT SERVICES.—The Commission is authorized to procure the services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at rates not to exceed the daily rate paid a person occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5. United States Code.

SEC. 3107. COMPENSATION AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.

- (a) Compensation.—Each member of the Commission may be compensated at not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which that member is engaged in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission.
- (b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission, members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in the Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code. SEC. 3108. SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR COMMIS-

SEC. 3108. SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR COMMISSION MEMBERS AND STAFF.

The appropriate executive departments and agencies shall cooperate with the Commission in expeditiously providing to the Commission members and staff appropriate security clearances in a manner consistent with existing procedures and requirements, except that no person shall be provided with access to classified information under this section who would not otherwise qualify for such security clearance.

SEC. 3109. REPORTS OF THE COMMISSION; TER-MINATION.

(a) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the first meeting of the Commission, the Commission shall sub-

- mit to the President and Congress an initial report containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures as have been agreed to by a majority of Commission members.
- (b) ADDITIONAL REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the submission of the initial report of the Commission, the Commission shall submit to the President and Congress a second report containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures as have been agreed to by a majority of Commission members.
 - (c) TERMINATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission, and all the authorities of this title, shall terminate 60 days after the date on which the second report is submitted under subsection (b).
- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIVITIES BEFORE TERMINATION.—The Commission may use the 60-day period referred to in paragraph (1) for the purpose of concluding its activities, including providing testimony to committees of Congress concerning its reports and disseminating the second report.

SEC. 3110. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission to carry out this title \$3,000,000, to remain available until expended.

TITLE XXXII

SEC. . PRESERVATION OF THE PRESIDENTIAL NATIONAL SECURITY POWER.

"Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act, nothing in this Act shall be construed to take away the statutory authority of the President to act in a manner consistent with national security requirements and considerations as existed on the day of the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001."

SA 4739. Mrs. CARNAHAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4738 proposed by Mr. GRAMM (for himself, Mr. MILLER, Mr. MCCONNELL, Mr. THOMPSON, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. HUTCHINSON, and Mr. BUNNING) to the amendment SA 4471 proposed by Mr. LIEBERMAN to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ___. GRANTS FOR FIREFIGHTING PERSONNEL.

- (a) Section 33 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 2229) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), and (e) as subsections (d), (e), and (f), respectively:
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
 - "(c) Personnel Grants.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the grants authorized under subsection (b)(1), the Director may award grants to fire departments of a State for the purpose of hiring 'employees engaged in fire protection' as that term is defined in section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act (29 U.S.C. 203).
- "(2) DURATION.—Grants awarded under this subsection shall be for a 3-year period.
- "(3) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The total amount of grants awarded under this subsection shall not exceed \$100,000 per firefighter, indexed for inflation, over the 3-year grant period.
- "(4) FEDERAL SHARE.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Federal share of a grant under this subsection shall not exceed 75 percent of the total salary and benefits cost for additional firefighters hired.

- "(B) WAIVER.—The Director may waive the 25 percent non-Federal match under subparagraph (A) for a jurisdiction of 50,000 or fewer residents or in cases of extreme hardship.
- "(5) APPLICATION.—An application for a grant under this subsection, shall—
- "(A) meet the requirements under subsection (b)(5);
- "(B) include an explanation for the applicant's need for Federal assistance; and
- "(C) contain specific plans for obtaining necessary support to retain the position following the conclusion of Federal support.
- "(6) MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.—Grants awarded under this subsection shall only be used to pay the salaries and benefits of additional firefighting personnel, and shall not be used to supplant funding allocated for personnel from State and local sources.": and
- (3) in subsection (f) (as redesignated by paragraph (1)), by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) \$1,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 and 2004, to be used only for grants under subsection (c)."

SA 4740. Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for himself, Mr. Chaffee, and Mr. Breaux) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 4738 proposed by Mr. Gramm (for himself, Mr. Miller, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Hagel, Mr. Hutchinson, and Mr. Bunning) to the amendment SA 471 proposed by Mr. Lieberman to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes, as follows:

On page 96, strike line 2 and all that follows through page 109, line 13, and insert the following:

SEC. 730. ESTABLISHMENT OF HUMAN RE-SOURCES MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (A) it is extremely important that employees of the Department be allowed to participate in a meaningful way in the creation of any human resources management system affecting them;
- (B) such employees have the most direct knowledge of the demands of their jobs and have a direct interest in ensuring that their human resources management system is conducive to achieving optimal operational efficiencies;
- (C) the 21st century human resources management system envisioned for the Department should be one that benefits from the input of its employees; and
- (D) this collaborative effort will help secure our homeland.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Subpart I of part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 97—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec.

"9701. Establishment of human resources management system.

"§ 9701. Establishment of human resources management system

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the Secretary may, in regulations prescribed jointly with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, establish, and from time to time adjust, a human resources management system for some or all of the organizational units of the Department.
- "(b) System Requirements.—Any system established under subsection (a) shall—
- "(1) be flexible;
- "(2) be contemporary;

- ``(3) not waive, modify, or otherwise affect—
- "(A) the public employment principles of merit and fitness set forth in section 2301, including the principles of hiring based on merit, fair treatment without regard to political affiliation or other nonmerit considerations, equal pay for equal work, and protection of employees against reprisal for whistleblowing;
- "(B) any provision of section 2302, relating to prohibited personnel practices;
- "(C)(i) any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1); or
- "(ii) any provision of law implementing any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1) by—
- "(I) providing for equal employment opportunity through affirmative action; or
- "(II) providing any right or remedy available to any employee or applicant for employment in the civil service;
- ``(D) any other provision of this part (as described in subsection (c)); or
- "(E) any rule or regulation prescribed under any provision of law referred to in any of the preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph;
- "(4) ensure that employees may organize, bargain collectively, and participate through labor organizations of their own choosing in decisions which affect them, subject to any exclusion from coverage or limitation on negotiability established by law; and
- "(5) permit the use of a category rating system for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service.
- "(c) OTHER NONWAIVABLE PROVISIONS.—The other provisions of this part as referred to in subsection (b)(3)(D), are (to the extent not otherwise specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subsection (b)(3))—
- "(1) subparts A, B, E, G, and H of this part;
- "(2) chapters 41, 45, 47, 55, 57, 59, 71, 72, 73, 77, and 79, and this chapter.
- "(d) LIMITATIONS RELATING TO PAY.—Nothing in this section shall constitute authority—
- "(1) to modify the pay of any employee who serves in—
- "(A) an Executive Schedule position under subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code: or
- "(B) a position for which the rate of basic pay is fixed in statute by reference to a section or level under subchapter II of chapter 53 of such title 5:
- "(2) to fix pay for any employee or position at an annual rate greater than the maximum amount of cash compensation allowable under section 5307 of such title 5 in a year; or
- "(3) to exempt any employee from the application of such section 5307.
- "(e) PROVISIONS TO ENSURE COLLABORATION WITH EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to ensure that the authority of this section is exercised in collaboration with, and in a manner that ensures the direct participation of employee representatives in the planning development, and implementation of any human resources management system or adjustments under this section, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall provide for the following:
- "(A) NOTICE OF PROPOSAL.— The Secretary and the Director shall, with respect to any proposed system or adjustment—
- "(i) provide to each employee representative representing any employees who might be affected, a written description of the proposed system or adjustment (including the reasons why it is considered necessary);
- "(ii) give each representative at least 60 days (unless extraordinary circumstances require earlier action) to review and make rec-

- ommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give any recommendations received from any such representatives under clause (ii) full and fair consideration in deciding whether or how to proceed with the proposal.
- "(B) PREIMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS.—
 If the Secretary and the Director decide to implement a proposal described in subparagraph (A), they shall before implementation—
- "(i) give each representative details of the decision to implement the proposal, together with the information upon which the decision is based:
- "(ii) give each representative an opportunity to make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give such recommendation full and fair consideration, including the providing of reasons to an employee representative if any of its recommendations are rejected.
- "(C) CONTINUING COLLABORATION.—If a proposal described in subparagraph (A) is implemented, the Secretary and the Director shall—
- "(i) develop a method for each employee representative to participate in any further planning or development which might become necessary; and
- "(ii) give each employee representative adequate access to information to make that participation productive.
- "(2) PROCEDURES.—Any procedures necessary to carry out this subsection shall be established by the Secretary and the Director jointly. Such procedures shall include measures to ensure—
- "(A) in the case of employees within a unit with respect to which a labor organization is accorded exclusive recognition, representation by individuals designated or from among individuals nominated by such organization:
- "(B) in the case of any employees who are not within such a unit, representation by any appropriate organization which represents a substantial percentage of those employees or, if none, in such other manner as may be appropriate, consistent with the purposes of the subsection; and
- "(C) the selection of representatives in a manner consistent with the relative number of employees represented by the organizations or other representatives involved.
- "(3) WRITTEN AGREEMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part,
 employees within a unit to which a labor or
 ganization is accorded exclusive recognition
 under chapter 71 shall not be subject to any
 system provided under this section unless
 the exclusive representative and the Secretary have entered into a written agreement, which specifically provides for the inclusion of such employees within such system. Such written agreement may be imposed by the Federal Service Impasses Panel
 under section 7119, after negotiations consistent with section 7117.
- ''(f) Provisions Relating to Appellate Procedures.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- "(A) employees of the Department are entitled to fair treatment in any appeals that they bring in decisions relating to their employment; and
- "(B) in prescribing regulations for any such appeals procedures, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management—
- "(i) should ensure that employees of the Department are afforded the protections of due process; and
- "(ii) toward that end, should be required to consult with the Merit Systems Protection Board before issuing any such regulations.

- regulations REQUIREMENTS.—Any under this section which relate to any matters within the purview of chapter 77-
- "(A) shall be issued only after consultation with the Merit Systems Protection Board;
- "(B) shall ensure the availability of procedures which shall-
- "(i) be consistent with requirements of due process: and
- "(ii) provide, to the maximum extent practicable, for the expeditious handling of any matters involving the Department; and
- "(C) shall modify procedures under chapter 77 only insofar as such modifications are designed to further the fair, efficient, and expeditious resolution of matters involving the employees of the Department.
- (g) SUNSET PROVISION.—Effective 5 years after the conclusion of the transition period defined under section 801 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, all authority to issue regulations under this section (including regulations which would modify, supersede, or terminate any regulations previously issued under this section) shall cease to be available."
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of the following:

"97. Department of Homeland Security 9701".

- (b) Effect on Personnel.-
- (1) NONSEPARATION OR NONREDUCTION IN GRADE OR COMPENSATION OF FULL-TIME PER-SONNEL AND PART-TIME PERSONNEL HOLDING PERMANENT POSITIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the transfer pursuant to this act of full-time personnel (except special Government employees) and part-time personnel holding permanent positions shall not cause any such employee to be separated or reduced in grade or compensation for one year after the date of transfer to the Department
- (2) Positions compensated in accordance WITH EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.—Any person who, on the day preceding such person's date of transfer pursuant to this Act, held a position compensated in accordance with the Executive Schedule prescribed in chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, and who, without a break in service, is appointed in the Department to a position having duties comparable to the duties performed immediately preceding such appointment shall continue to be compensated in such new position at not less than the rate provided for such position, for the duration of the service of such person in such new position.
- (3) COORDINATION RULE.—Any exercise of authority under chapter 97 of title 5, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)), including under any system established under such chapter, shall be in conformance with the requirements of this subsection.

SEC. 731. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

- (a) LIMITATION ON EXCLUSIONARY AUTHOR-TTV
- (1) IN GENERAL.—No agency or subdivision of an agency which is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act shall be excluded from the coverage of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as a result of any order issued under section 7103(b)(1) of such title 5 after June 18, 2002, unless
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of the agency (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such agency (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) EXCLUSIONS ALLOWABLE.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall affect the effectiveness of any order to the extent that such order ex-

- cludes any portion of an agency or subdivision of an agency as to which-
- (A) recognition as an appropriate unit has never been conferred for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code; or
- (B) any such recognition has been revoked or otherwise terminated as a result of a determination under subsection (b)(1).
- (b) Provisions Relating to Bargaining UNITS.
- (1) LIMITATION RELATING TO APPROPRIATE UNITS.—Each unit which is recognized as an appropriate unit for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as of the day before the effective date of this Act (and any subdivision of any such unit) shall, if such unit (or subdivision) is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, continue to be so recognized for such purposes, unless-
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of such unit (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such unit (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence. or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) LIMITATION RELATING TO POSITIONS OR EMPLOYEES —No position or employee within a unit (or subdivision of a unit) as to which continued recognition is given in accordance with paragraph (1) shall be excluded from such unit (or subdivision), for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, unless the primary job duty of such position or employee-
 - (A) materially changes; and
- (B) consists of intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- In the case of any positions within a unit (or subdivision) which are first established on or after the effective date of this Act and any employee first appointed on or after such date, the preceding sentence shall be applied disregarding subparagraph (A).
- (c) COORDINATION RULE.—No other provision of this Act or of any amendment made by this Act may be construed or applied in a manner so as to limit, supersede, or otherwise affect the provisions of this section, except to the extent that it does so by specific reference to this section.
- (d) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, Title XXXII is null and void.
- SA 4741. Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4471 proposed by Mr. LIEBERMAN to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:
- At the appropriate place add the following:

() SEC.—.

Section 2002 of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-386: 114 Stat. 1542) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (a)(2)(A)(ii)-
- (A) by striking "February 17, 1999," and inserting "May 17, 1996, May 7, 1997, February 17, 1999, December 15, 1999 (or who has or could have been subsequently joined in a suit filed on December 15, 1999 pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 20(a))," and
- (B) by striking "or July 27, 2000" and in-"April 3, 2000, October 27, 2000, or serting July 27, 2000";
- (2) by amending subsection (b)(1) to read as follows:
- "(b)(1) JUDGMENTS AGAINST DESIGNATED STATE SPONSORS OF TERRORISM.—For purposes of funding the payments under subsection (a) in the case of judgments and

sanctions entered against a government of a designated state sponsor of terrorism or its entities, the President shall vest and liquidate up to and not exceeding the amount of property of such government (including the agencies or instrumentalities controlled in fact by such government or in which such government owns directly or indirectly controlling interest) and sanctioned entities in the United States or any commonwealth, territory, or possession thereof that has been blocked pursuant to section 5(b)), sections 202 and 203 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1707-1702), or any other proclamation, order, or regulation issued thereunder."

- (3) by amending subsection (b)(2)(B) to read as follows:
- "(B) the Iran Foreign Military Sales Program Account within the Foreign Military Sales Fund on the date of enactment of this Act (less amounts therein as to which the United States has an interest in subrogation arising prior to the date of enactment of this Act):": and
 - (4) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by inserting after the phrase "to the extent of the payments" the phrase "made prior to the date of enactment of this Act".

SA 4742. Mr. DASCHLE proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; as fol-

Strike all after the first word in amendment contained in the motion's instructions and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE —This Act may be cited as the "Homeland Security Act of 2002"
- (b) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:
 - (1) DIVISION A.—Homeland Security.
- (2) DIVISION B.—Immigration Reform, Accountability, and Security Enhancement Act of 2002.
- (3) DIVISION C -Federal Workforce Improvement.
- (c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Construction; severability.
- Sec. 4. Effective date.

DIVISION A—HOMELAND SECURITY TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

- Sec. 101. Executive department; mission.
- Sec. 102. Secretary; functions.
- Sec. 103. Other officers.
- Sec. 104. Office of International Affairs.

TITLE II—INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION

- Sec. 201. Directorate for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- Sec. 202. Access to information.
- Sec. 203. Protection of voluntarily furnished confidential information.

TITLE III—SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

- Sec. 301. Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- Sec. 302. Responsibilities and authorities of the Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- Sec. 303. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 304. Conduct of certain public healthrelated activities.
- Sec. 305. Research in conjunction with the Department of Health and Human Services and other departments.
- Sec. 306. Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency.

- to national laboratories.
- Sec. 308. Homeland Security Institute.
- Sec. 309. Utilization of Department of Energy national laboratories and sites in support of homeland security activities.
- Sec. 310. Transfer of Plum Island Animal Disease Center, Department of Agriculture.
- Sec. 311. Clearinghouse.

TITLE IV-BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

- Sec. 401. Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- Sec. 402. Responsibilities.
- Sec. 403. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 404. Transfer of certain agricultural inspection functions of the Department of Agriculture.
- Sec. 405. Coordination of information and information technology.
- Sec. 406. Visa issuance.
- Sec. 407. Border security and immigration working group. Sec. 408. Information on visa denials re-
- quired to be entered into electronic data system.
- Sec. 409. Study on use of foreign national personnel in visa processing.

TITLE V—EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

- Sec. 501. Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response.
- Sec. 502. Responsibilities.
- Sec. 503. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 504. Nuclear incident response.
- Sec. 505. Conduct of certain public healthrelated activities.
- Sec. 506. Definition.

TITLE VI-MANAGEMENT

- Sec. 601. Under Secretary for Management.
- Sec. 602. Responsibilities
- Sec. 603. Chief Financial Officer.
- Sec. 604. Chief Information Officer.
- Sec. 605. Chief Human Capital Officer.
- TITLE VII—COORDINATION WITH NON-FEDERAL ENTITIES; INSPECTOR GEN-ERAL; UNITED STATES SECRET SERV-ICE; COAST GUARD; GENERAL PROVI-SIONS
- Subtitle A-Coordination with Non-Federal Entities
- Sec. 701. Responsibilities.

Subtitle B—Inspector General

- Sec. 710. Authority of the Secretary.
- Sec. 711. Law enforcement powers of Inspector General Agents.
- Subtitle C-United States Secret Service
- Sec. 720. Functions transferred.

Subtitle D-General Provisions

- Sec. 730. Establishment of Human Resources Management System.
- Sec. 731. Labor-management relations.
- Sec. 732. Advisory committees.
- Sec. 733. Acquisitions.
- Sec. 734. Reorganization authority
- Sec. 735. Miscellaneous provisions.
- Sec. 736. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 737. Regulatory authority.
- Sec. 738. Use of appropriated funds.
- Sec. 739. Future Year Homeland Security Program.
- Sec. 739A. Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Division.
- Sec. 739B. Coordination with the Department of Health and Human Services under the Public Health Service Act.
- Subtitle E-Risk Sharing and Indemnification for Contractors Supplying Anti-Terrorism Technology and Services
- Sec. 741. Application of indemnification authority.

- Sec. 307. Miscellaneous authorities relating Sec. 742. Application of indemnification authority to State and local government contractors.
 - Sec. 743. Procurements of anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services by State and local governments through Federal con-
 - Sec. 744. Congressional notification.
 - Sec. 745. Definitions.

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- DIVISION B-IMMIGRATION REFORM, AC-COUNTABILITY, AND SECURITY EN-HANCEMENT ACT OF 2002
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- Sec. 1102. Establishment of Directorate of Immigration Affairs.
- Sec. 1103. Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs.
- Sec. 1104. Bureau of Immigration Services.
- Sec. 1105. Bureau of Enforcement.
- Sec. 1106. Office of the Ombudsman within the Directorate.
- Sec. 1107. Office of Immigration Statistics within the Directorate.
- Sec. 1108. Clerical amendments.
 - Subtitle B-Transition Provisions
- Sec. 1111. Transfer of functions.
- Sec. 1112. Transfer of personnel and other resources.
- Sec. 1113. Determinations with respect to functions and resources.
- Sec. 1114. Delegation and reservation functions.

- Sec. 1115. Allocation of personnel and other resources.
- Sec. 1116. Savings provisions.
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- Sec. 1118. Other authorities not affected.
- Sec. 1119. Transition funding.

Subtitle C—Miscellaneous Provisions

- Sec. 1121. Funding adjudication and naturalization services.
- Sec. 1122. Application Internet-based of technologies.
- Sec. 1123. Alternatives to detention of asylum seekers.

Subtitle D—Effective Date

Sec. 1131. Effective date.

TITLE XII—UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE PROTECTION

- Sec. 1201. Unaccompanied alien juveniles.
 - TITLE XIII—EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW
- Sec. 1301. Legal status of EOIR.
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DIVISION C—FEDERAL WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENT

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- Sec. 2101. Short title.
- Sec. 2102. Agency Chief Human Capital Officers.
- Sec. 2103. Chief Human Capital Officers Council.
- Sec. 2104. Strategic human capital management.
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- TITLE XXII—REFORMS RELATING TO FEDERAL HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGE-MENT
- Sec. 2201. Inclusion of agency human capital strategic planning in performance plans and programs per-
- formance reports. Sec. 2202. Reform of the competitive service
- hiring process. Sec. 2203. Permanent extension, revision, and expansion of authorities for use of voluntary separation incentive pay and voluntary early retirement.
- Sec. 2204. Student volunteer transit subsidy. TITLE XXIII—REFORMS RELATING TO THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE
- Sec. 2301. Repeal of recertification requirements of senior executives.
- Sec. 2302. Adjustment of limitation on total

annual compensation.

- TITLE XXIV—ACADEMIC TRAINING
- Sec. 2401. Academic training. Sec. 2402. Modifications to National Security Education Program.
- Sec. 2403. Compensation time off for travel.
- Sec. 2404. Customs User Fees Extension

DIVISION D-NATIONAL COMMISSION SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following shall apply for purposes of this Act:
- (1) AMERICAN HOMELAND OR HOMELAND.— Each of the terms "American homeland" or "homeland" mean the United States, in a geographic sense.
- (2) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" means systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, so vital to the United States that the incapacitation or destruction of such systems or assets would have a debilitating impact on security, national economic security, national public health or safety, or any combination of those matters.

- (3) ASSETS.—The term "assets" includes contracts, facilities, property, records, unobligated or unexpended balances of appropriations, and other funds or resources (other than personnel).
- (4) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Homeland Security.
- (5) EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS.—The term "emergency response providers" includes Federal, State, and local government emergency public safety, law enforcement, emergency response, emergency medical, and related personnel, agencies, and authorities.
- (6) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "Executive agency" means an executive agency and a military department, as defined, respectively, in sections 105 and 102 of title 5, United States Code.
- (7) FUNCTIONS.—The term "functions" includes authorities, powers, rights, privileges, immunities, programs, projects, activities, duties, responsibilities, and obligations.
- (8) KEY RESOURCES.—The term "key resources" means structures, monuments or items of exceptional historical, social, cultural, or symbolic significance to the United States.
- (9) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "local government" has the meaning given in section 102(6) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93–288).
- (10) MAJOR DISASTER.—The term "major disaster" has the meaning given in section 102(2) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93–288).
- (11) PERSONNEL.—The term "personnel" means officers and employees.
- (12) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- (13) UNITED STATES.—The term "United States", when used in a geographic sense, means any State (within the meaning of section 102(4) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93–288)), any possession of the United States, and any waters within the jurisdiction of the United States.

SEC. 3. CONSTRUCTION; SEVERABILITY.

Any provision of this Act held to be invalid or unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or circumstance, shall be construed so as to give it the maximum effect permitted by law, unless such holding shall be one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event such provision shall be deemed severable from this Act and shall not affect the remainder thereof, or the application of such provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar circumstances

SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect thirty days after the date of enactment or, if enacted within thirty days before January 1, 2003, on January 1, 2003.

DIVISION A—HOMELAND SECURITY TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

SEC. 101. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT; MISSION.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Department of Homeland Security, as an executive department of the United States within the meaning of title 5, United States Code.
 - (b) PRIMARY MISSION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The primary mission of the Department is to—
- (A) prevent terrorist attacks within the United States:
- (B) reduce the vulnerability of the United States to terrorism; and
- (C) minimize the damage, and assist in the recovery, from terrorist attacks that do occur within the United States.

- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out the mission described in paragraph (1), and as further described in this Act, the Department's primary responsibilities shall include—
- (A) information analysis and infrastructure protection;
- (B) research and development, including efforts to counter chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and other emerging threats;
- (C) border and transportation security;
- $\left(D\right)$ emergency preparedness and response; and
- (E) coordination (including the provision of training and equipment) with other executive agencies, with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, with the private sector, and with other entities.
- (3) OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Department shall also be responsible for carrying out other functions of entities transferred to the Department as provided by law, and the enumeration of the primary homeland security missions and responsibilities in this section does not impair or diminish the Department's non-homeland security missions and responsibilities.

SEC. 102. SECRETARY; FUNCTIONS.

- (a) SECRETARY.—
- (1) APPOINTMENT.—There is a Secretary of Homeland Security, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (2) HEAD OF DEPARTMENT.—The Secretary is the head of the Department and shall have direction, authority, and control over it.
- (3) VESTED FUNCTIONS.—All functions of all officers, employees, and organizational units of the Department are vested in the Secretary
- (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Secretary—
- (1) may, except as otherwise provided in this Act, delegate any of his functions to any officer, employee, or organizational unit of the Department:
- (2) shall have such functions, including the authority to make contracts, grants, and cooperative agreements, and to enter into agreements with other executive agencies, as may be necessary and proper to carry out his responsibilities under this Act or otherwise provided by law; and
- (3) may, subject to the direction of the President, attend and participate in meetings of the National Security Council.

SEC. 103. OTHER OFFICERS.

- (a) DEPUTY SECRETARY; UNDER SECRETARIES.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there are the following officers, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate:
- (1) A Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security, who shall be the Secretary's first assistant for purposes of chapter 33, subchapter 3, of title 5, United States Code.
- (2) An Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- (3) An Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- (4) An Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- (5) An Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response.
- (6) An Under Secretary for Management.
- (7) An Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs.
- (8) Not more than 16 Assistant Secretaries.
 (9) A General Counsel, who shall be the chief legal officer of the Department.
- (b) CHIEF OF IMMIGRATION POLICY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the office of the Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security a Chief of Immigration Policy, who, under the authority of the Secretary, shall be responsible for—

- (A) establishing national immigration policy and priorities; and
- (B) coordinating immigration policy between the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security.
- (2) WITHIN THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE.— The position of Chief of Immigration Policy shall be a Senior Executive Service position under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code.
- (c) Inspector General.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there is an Inspector General, who shall be appointed as provided in section 3(a) of the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- (d) COMMANDANT OF THE COAST GUARD.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there is a Commandant of the Coast Guard, who shall be appointed as provided in section 44 of title 14, United States Code.
- (e) OTHER OFFICERS.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there are the following officers, appointed by the President:
 - (1) A Director of the Secret Service.
 - (2) A Chief Financial Officer.
 - (3) A Chief Information Officer.
 - (4) A Chief Human Capital Officer.
- (f) PERFORMANCE OF SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS.— Subject to the provisions of this Act, every officer of the Department shall perform the functions specified by law for his office or prescribed by the Secretary.

SEC. 104. OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Secretary, an Office of International Affairs. The Office shall be headed by a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTOR.—The Director shall have the following responsibilities:
- (1) To promote information and education exchange with foreign nations in order to promote sharing of best practices and technologies relating to homeland security. Such information exchange shall include—
- (A) joint research and development on countermeasures;
- (B) joint training exercises of first responders: and
- (C) exchange of expertise on terrorism prevention, response, and crisis management.
- (2) To identify areas for homeland security information and training exchange.
- (3) To plan and undertake international conferences, exchange programs, and training activities.
- (4) To manage activities under this section and other international activities within the Department in consultation with the Department of State and other relevant Federal officials.
- (5) To initially concentrate on fostering cooperation with countries that are already highly focused on homeland security issues and that have demonstrated the capability for fruitful cooperation with the United States in the area of counterterrorism.

TITLE II—INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION

SEC. 201. DIRECTORATE FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.

- (a) Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection headed by an Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Under Secretary shall assist the Secretary in discharging the responsibilities under section 101 (b)(2)(A) and (d).
- (b) Assistant Secretary for Information Analysis; Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection.—
- (1) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS.—There shall be in the Department an Assistant Secretary for Information Analysis, who shall be appointed by the President.
- (2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—There shall be in the Department an Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, who shall be appointed by the President.
- (3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Assistant Secretary for Information Analysis and the Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection shall assist the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection in discharging the responsibilities of the Under Secretary under this section.
- (c) DISCHARGE OF INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the responsibilities of the Department regarding information analysis and infrastructure protection are carried out through the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF UNDER SECRETARY.—Subject to the direction and control of the Secretary, the responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection shall be as follows:
- (1) To access, receive, and analyze law enforcement information, intelligence information, intelligence-related information, and other information from agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies (including law enforcement agencies), and private sector entities, and to integrate such information in order to—
- (A) identify and assess the nature and scope of threats to the homeland;
- (B) detect and identify threats of terrorism against the United States and other threats to homeland security; and
- (C) understand such threats in light of actual and potential vulnerabilities of the homeland.
- (2) To carry out comprehensive assessments of the vulnerabilities of the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States, including the performance of risk assessments to determine the risks posed by particular types of terrorist attacks within the United States (including an assessment of the probability of success of such attacks and the feasibility and potential efficacy of various countermeasures to such attacks).
- (3) To integrate relevant information, analyses, and vulnerability assessments (whether such information, analyses, or assessments are provided or produced by the Department or others) in order to identify priorities for protective measures and to support protective measures by the Department, other agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, and other entities
- (4) To ensure, pursuant to section 202, the timely and efficient access by the Department to all information necessary to discharge the responsibilities under this section, including obtaining such information from other agencies of the Federal Government agencies, and from State and local governments and private sector entities (pursuant to memoranda of understanding or other agreements entered into for that purpose).

- (5) To develop a comprehensive national plan for securing the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States.
- (6) To take or seek to effect measures necessary to protect the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States in coordination with other agencies of the Federal Government and in cooperation with State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, and other entities
- (7) To administer the Homeland Security Advisory System, including—
- (A) exercising primary responsibility for public threat advisories: and
- (B) in coordination with other agencies of the Federal Government, providing specific warning information, and advice about appropriate protective measures and countermeasures, to State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, other entities, and the public.
- (8) To review, analyze, and make recommendations for improvements in the policies and procedures governing the sharing of law enforcement information, intelligence information, intelligence-related information, and other information relating to homeland security within the Federal Government and between the Federal Government and State and local government agencies and authorities.
- (9) To disseminate, as appropriate, information analyzed by the Department within the Department, to other agencies of the Federal Government with responsibilities relating to homeland security, and to agencies of State and local governments and private sector entities with such responsibilities in order to assist in the deterrence, prevention, preemption of, or response to, terrorist attacks against the United States.
- (10) To consult with the Director of Central Intelligence and other appropriate intelligence, law enforcement, or other elements of the Federal Government to establish collection priorities and strategies for information, including law enforcement-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States through such means as the representation of the Department in discussions regarding requirements and priorities in the collection of such information.
- (11) To consult with State and local governments and private sector entities to ensure appropriate exchanges of information, including law enforcement-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States.
 - (12) To ensure that—
- (A) any material received pursuant to this section is protected from unauthorized disclosure and handled and used only for the performance of official duties; and
- (B) any intelligence information shared under this section is transmitted, retained, and disseminated consistent with the authority of the Director of Central Intelligence to protect intelligence sources and methods under the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) and related procedures and, as appropriate, similar authorities of the Attorney General concerning sensitive law enforcement information.
- (13) To request and obtain additional information from other agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies, and the private sector relating to threats of terrorism in the United States, or relating to other areas of responsibility under section 101, including the entry into cooperative agreements through the Secretary to obtain such information.
- (14) To establish and utilize, in conjunction with the chief information officer of the Department, a secure communications and information technology infrastructure, includ-

- ing data-mining and other advanced analytical tools, in order to access, receive, and analyze data and information in furtherance of the responsibilities under this section, and to disseminate information acquired and analyzed by the Department, as appropriate.
- (15) To ensure, in conjunction with the chief information officer of the Department, that any information databases and analytical tools developed or utilized by the Department—
- (A) are compatible with one another and with relevant information databases of other agencies of the Federal Government; and
- (B) treat information in such databases in a manner that complies with applicable Federal law on privacy.
- (16) To coordinate training and other support to the elements and personnel of the Department, other agencies of the Federal Government, and State and local governments that provide information to the Department, or are consumers of information provided by the Department, in order to facilitate the identification and sharing of information revealed in their ordinary duties and the optimal utilization of information received from the Department.
- (17) To coordinate with elements of the intelligence community and with Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies, and the private sector, as appropriate.
- (18) To provide intelligence and information analysis and support to other elements of the Department.
- (19) To perform such other duties relating to such responsibilities as the Secretary may provide.
 - (e) STAFF.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide the Directorate with a staff of analysts having appropriate expertise and experience to assist the Directorate in discharging responsibilities under this section.
- (2) PRIVATE SECTOR ANALYSTS.—Analysts under this subsection may include analysts from the private sector.
- (3) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—Analysts under this subsection shall possess security clearances appropriate for their work under this section.
 - (f) Detail of Personnel.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—In order to assist the Directorate in discharging responsibilities under this section, personnel of the agencies referred to in paragraph (2) may be detailed to the Department for the performance of analytic functions and related duties.
- (2) COVERED AGENCIES.—The agencies referred to in this paragraph are as follows:
 - (A) The Department of State.
- (B) The Central Intelligence Agency.
- (C) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.(D) The National Security Agency.
- (E) The National Imagery and M
- (E) The National Imagery and Mapping Agency.
- (F) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
- (G) Any other agency of the Federal Government that the President considers appropriate.
- (3) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary and the head of the agency concerned may enter into cooperative agreements for the purpose of detailing personnel under this subsection.
- (4) BASIS.—The detail of personnel under this subsection may be on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis.
- (g) FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.—In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary, for assignment to the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection under this section, the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following:

- (1) The National Infrastructure Protection Center of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (other than the Computer Investigations and Operations Section), including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (2) The National Communications System of the Department of Defense, including the functions of the Secretary of Defense relating thereto.
- (3) The Critical Infrastructure Assurance Office of the Department of Commerce, including the functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating thereto.
- (4) The Computer Security Division of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, including the functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating thereto.
- (5) The National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center of the Department of Energy and the energy security and assurance program and activities of the Department, including the functions of the Secretary of Energy relating thereto.
- (6) The Federal Computer Incident Response Center of the General Services Administration, including the functions of the Administrator of General Services relating thereto.
- (h) STUDY OF PLACEMENT WITHIN INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this Act, the President shall submit to the Committee on Governmental Affairs and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report assessing the advisability of the following:
- (1) Placing the elements of the Department concerned with the analysis of foreign intelligence information within the intelligence community under section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).
- (2) Placing such elements within the National Foreign Intelligence Program for budgetary purposes.

SEC. 202. ACCESS TO INFORMATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) THREAT AND VULNERABILITY INFORMA--Except as otherwise directed by the President, the Secretary shall have such access as the Secretary considers necessary to all information, including reports, assessments, analyses, and unevaluated intelligence and intelligence-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States and to other areas of responsibility described in section 101 and to all information concerning infrastructure or other vulnerabilities of the United States to terrorism, whether or not such information has been analyzed, that may be collected, possessed, or prepared by any agency of the Federal Government.
- (2) OTHER INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall also have access to other information relating to matters under the responsibility of the Secretary that may be collected, possessed, or prepared by an agency of the Federal Government as the President may further provide.
- (b) MANNER OF ACCESS.—Except as otherwise directed by the President, with respect to information to which the Secretary has access pursuant to this section—
- (1) the Secretary may obtain such material upon request, and may enter into cooperative arrangements with other executive agencies to provide such material or provide Department officials with access to it on a regular or routine basis, including requests or arrangements involving broad categories of material, access to electronic databases, or both; and
- (2) regardless of whether the Secretary has made any request or entered into any coop-

- erative arrangement pursuant to paragraph (1), all agencies of the Federal Government shall promptly provide to the Secretary—
- (A) all reports (including information reports containing intelligence which has not been fully evaluated), assessments, and analytical information relating to threats of terrorism against the United States and to other areas of responsibility under section 101:
- (B) all information concerning the vulnerability of the infrastructure of the United States, or other vulnerabilities of the United States, to terrorism, whether or not such information has been analyzed;
- (C) all other information relating to significant and credible threats of terrorism against the United States, whether or not such information has been analyzed; and
- (D) such other information or material as the President may direct.
- (c) Treatment Under Certain Laws.—The Secretary shall be deemed to be a Federal law enforcement, intelligence, protective, national defense, immigration, or national security official, and shall be provided with all information from law enforcement agencies that is required to be given to the Director of Central Intelligence, under any provision of the following:
- (1) The USA PATRIOT Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-56).
- (2) Section 2517(6) of title 18, United States Code.
- (3) Rule 6(e)(3)(C) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (d) Access to Intelligence and Other Information —
- (1) ACCESS BY ELEMENTS OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—Nothing in this title shall preclude any element of the intelligence community (as that term is defined in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)), or other any element of the Federal Government with responsibility for analyzing terrorist threat information, from receiving any intelligence or other informa-
- tion relating to terrorism.

 (2) SHARING OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Director of Central Intelligence, shall work to ensure that intelligence or other information relating to terrorism to which the Department has access is appropriately shared with the elements of the Federal Government referred to in paragraph (1), as well as with State and local governments, as appropriate.

SEC. 203. PROTECTION OF VOLUNTARILY FURNISHED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning given that term in section 1016(e) of the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195(e)).
 - (2) FURNISHED VOLUNTARILY.—
- (A) DEFINITION.—The term "furnished voluntarily" means a submission of a record that.—
- (i) is made to the Department in the absence of authority of the Department requiring that record to be submitted; and
- (ii) is not submitted or used to satisfy any legal requirement or obligation or to obtain any grant, permit, benefit (such as agency forbearance, loans, or reduction or modifications of agency penalties or rulings), or other approval from the Government.
- (B) BENEFIT.—In this paragraph, the term "benefit" does not include any warning, alert, or other risk analysis by the Department.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a record pertaining to the vulnerability of and threats to critical infrastructure (such as attacks, response, and recovery efforts) that is furnished voluntarily to the Department shall not be made

- available under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, if—
- (1) the provider would not customarily make the record available to the public; and
- (2) the record is designated and certified by the provider, in a manner specified by the Department, as confidential and not customarily made available to the public.
- (c) RECORDS SHARED WITH OTHER AGENCIES.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) RESPONSE TO REQUEST.—An agency in receipt of a record that was furnished voluntarily to the Department and subsequently shared with the agency shall, upon receipt of a request under section 552 of title 5, United States Code. for the record—
 - (i) not make the record available; and
- (ii) refer the request to the Department for processing and response in accordance with this section.
- (B) SEGREGABLE PORTION OF RECORD.—Any reasonably segregable portion of a record shall be provided to the person requesting the record after deletion of any portion which is exempt under this section.
- (2) DISCLOSURE OF INDEPENDENTLY FURNISHED RECORDS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), nothing in this section shall prohibit an agency from making available under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, any record that the agency receives independently of the Department, regardless of whether or not the Department has a similar or identical record.
- (d) WITHDRAWAL OF CONFIDENTIAL DESIGNATION.—The provider of a record that is furnished voluntarily to the Department under subsection (b) may at any time withdraw, in a manner specified by the Department, the confidential designation.
- (e) PROCEDURES.—The Secretary shall prescribe procedures for—
- (1) the acknowledgement of receipt of records furnished voluntarily:
- (2) the designation, certification, and marking of records furnished voluntarily as confidential and not customarily made available to the public;
- (3) the care and storage of records furnished voluntarily:
- (4) the protection and maintenance of the confidentiality of records furnished voluntarily; and
- (5) the withdrawal of the confidential designation of records under subsection (d).
- (f) EFFECT ON STATE AND LOCAL LAW.— Nothing in this section shall be construed as preempting or otherwise modifying State or local law concerning the disclosure of any information that a State or local government receives independently of the Department.
 - (g) Report.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the committees of Congress specified in paragraph (2) a report on the implementation and use of this section, including—
- (A) the number of persons in the private sector, and the number of State and local agencies, that furnished voluntarily records to the Department under this section;
- (B) the number of requests for access to records granted or denied under this section;
- (C) such recommendations as the Comptroller General considers appropriate regarding improvements in the collection and analysis of sensitive information held by persons in the private sector, or by State and local agencies, relating to vulnerabilities of and threats to critical infrastructure, including the response to such vulnerabilities and threats.

- (2) COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The committees of Congress specified in this paragraph are—
- (A) the Committees on the Judiciary and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committees on the Judiciary and Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives.
- (3) FORM.—The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

TITLE III—SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

SEC. 301. UNDER SECRETARY FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate of Science and Technology headed by an Under Secretary for Science and Technology.

SEC. 302. RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

In assisting the Secretary with the responsibility specified in section 101(b)(2)(B), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Science and Technology shall include—

- (1) advising the Secretary regarding research and development efforts and priorities in support of the Department's missions:
- (2) supporting all elements of the Department in research, development, testing, evaluation and deployment of science and technology that is applicable in the detection of, prevention of, protection against, response to, attribution of, and recovery from homeland security threats, particularly acts of terrorism:
- (3) to support the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection, by assessing and testing homeland security vulnerabilities and possible threats;
- (4) conducting a national scientific research and development program to support the mission of the Department, including developing national policy for and coordinating the Federal Government's civilian efforts to identify, devise, and implement scientific, technological, and other countermeasures to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and other emerging terrorist threats, including directing, funding and conducting research and development relating to the same:
- (5) establishing priorities for, directing, funding, and conducting national research, development, test and evaluation, and procurement of technology and systems—
- (A) for preventing the importation of chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and related weapons and material; and
- (B) for detecting, preventing, protecting against, and responding to terrorist attacks;
- (6) establishing a system for transferring homeland security developments or technologies to federal, state, local government, and private sector entities:
- (7) entering into joint sponsorship agreements with the Department of Energy regarding the use of the national laboratories or sites and support of the science and technology base at those facilities;
- (8) collaborating with the Secretary of Agriculture in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be included on the list of biological agents and toxins required under section 212(a) of the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401):
- (9) collaborating with the Secretary of Health and Human Services in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be listed as "select agents" in Appendix A of part 72 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, pursuant to section 351A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262a); and

(10) supporting United States leadership in science and technology.

SEC. 303. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following entities:

- (1) The following programs and activities of the Department of Energy, including the functions of the Secretary of Energy relating thereto (but not including programs and activities relating to the strategic nuclear defense posture of the United States):
- (A) The chemical and biological national security and supporting programs and activities of the nonproliferation and verification research and development program.
- (B) The nuclear smuggling programs and activities within the proliferation detection program of the nonproliferation and verification research and development program. The programs and activities described in this subparagraph may be designated by the President either for transfer to the Department or for joint operation by the Secretary and the Secretary of Energy.
- (C) The nuclear assessment program and activities of the assessment, detection, and cooperation program of the international materials protection and cooperation program.
- (D) Such life sciences activities of the biological and environmental research program related to microbial pathogens as may be designated by the President for transfer to the Department.
- (E) The Environmental Measurements Laboratory
- (F) The advanced scientific computing research program and activities at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory.
- (2) The National Bio-Weapons Defense Analysis Center of the Department of Defense, including the functions of the Secretary of Defense related thereto.
- (3) The Plum Island Animal Disease Center of the Department of Agriculture, including the functions of the Secretary of Agriculture relating thereto, as provided in section 310.
- (4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B)—
- (i) the functions of the Select Agent Registration Program of the Department of Health and Human Services, including all functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services under title II of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–188); and
- (ii) the functions of the Department of Agriculture under the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401 et seg.)
- (B)(i) The Secretary shall collaborate with the Secretary of Health and Human Services in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be listed as "select agents" in Appendix A of part 72 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, pursuant to section 351A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262a).
- (ii) The Secretary shall collaborate with the Secretary of Agriculture in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be included on the list of biological agents and toxins required under section 212(a) of the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401).
- (C) In promulgating regulations pursuant to the functions described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall act in collaboration with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Agriculture.

SEC. 304. CONDUCT OF CERTAIN PUBLIC HEALTH-RELATED ACTIVITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as the President may otherwise direct, the Secretary shall

carry out his civilian human health-related biological, biomedical, and infectious disease defense research and development (including vaccine research and development) responsibilities through the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public Health Service), under agreements with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and may transfer funds to him in connection with such agreements.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—With respect to any responsibilities carried out through the Department of Health and Human Services under this subsection, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall have the authority to establish the research and development program, including the setting of priorities.

SEC. 305. RESEARCH IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

With respect to such other research and development responsibilities under this title, including health-related chemical, radiological, and nuclear defense research and development responsibilities, as the Secretary may elect to carry out through the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public Health Service) (under agreements with the Secretary of Health and Human Services) or through other Federal agencies (under agreements with their respective heads), the Secretary may transfer funds to the Secretary of Health and Human Services, or to such heads, as the case may be.

SEC. 306. HOMELAND SECURITY ADVANCED RE-SEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) FUND.—The term "Fund" means the Acceleration Fund for Research and Development of Homeland Security Technologies established under this section.
- (2) HOMELAND SECURITY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—The term "homeland security research and development" means research and development of technologies that are applicable in the detection of, prevention of, protection against, response to, attribution of, and recovery from homeland security threats, particularly acts of terrorism.
- (3) HSARPA.—The term "HSARPA" means the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency established under this section
- (4) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Science and Technology or the designee of that Under Secretary.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are to—
- (1) establish the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency to prioritize and fund homeland security research and development using the acceleration fund; and
- (2) establish a fund to leverage existing research and development and accelerate the deployment of technology that will serve to enhance homeland defense.
 - (c) Fund.-
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Acceleration Fund for Research and Development of Homeland Security Technologies.
- (2) USE OF FUND.—The Fund may be used to—
- (A) accelerate research, development, testing and evaluation, and deployment of critical homeland security technologies; and
- (B) support homeland security research and development.
- (3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated \$500,000,000 to the Fund for fiscal year 2003, and such sums as may be necessary in subsequent years.

- (4) Transition of Funds.—With respect to such research, development, testing, and evaluation responsibilities under this section as the Secretary may elect to carry out through agencies other than the Department (under agreements with their respective heads), the Secretary may transfer funds to such heads. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (3) for the Fund, not less than 10 percent of such funds for each fiscal year through fiscal year 2005 shall be authorized only for the Under Secretary, through joint agreement with the Commandant of the Coast Guard, to carry out research and development of improved ports, waterways, and coastal security surveillance and perimeter protection capabilities for the purpose of minimizing the possibility that Coast Guard cutters, aircraft, helicopters, and personnel will be diverted from nonhomeland security missions to the ports, waterways, and coastal security mission.
- (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE HOMELAND SECURITY ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY.—The Homeland Security Advance Research Project Agency shall have the following responsibilities:
- (1) To facilitate effective communication among departments, agencies, and other entities of the Federal Government, with respect to the conduct of research and development related to homeland security.
- (2) To identify, by consensus and on a yearly basis, specific technology areas for which the Fund shall be used to rapidly transition homeland security research and development into deployed technology and reduce identified homeland security vulnerabilities. The identified technology areas shall, as determined by the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency, be areas in which there exist research and development projects that address identified homeland security vulnerabilities and can be accelerated to the stage of prototyping, evaluating, transitioning, or deploying.
- (3) To administer the Fund, including—
- (A) issuing an annual multiagency program announcement soliciting proposals from government entities, federally funded research and development centers, industry, and academia;
- (B) competitively selecting, on the basis of a merit-based review, proposals that advance the state of deployed technologies in the areas identified for that year;
- (C) at the discretion of the HSARPA, assigning 1 or more program managers to oversee, administer, and execute a Fund project as the agent of HSARPA; and
- (D) providing methods of funding, including grants, cooperative agreements, joint sponsorship agreements, or any other transaction.
- (4) With respect to expenditures from the Fund, exercise acquisition authority consistent with the authority described under section 2371 of title 10, United States Code, relating to authorizing cooperative agreements and other transactions.
- (5) In hiring personnel to assist in the administration of the HSARPA, have the authority to exercise the personnel hiring and management authorities described in section 1101 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (5 U.S.C. 3104 note; Public Law 105-261) with the stipulation that the Secretary shall exercise such authority for a period of 7 years commencing on the date of enactment of this Act, that a maximum of 100 persons may be hired under such authority, and that the term of appointments for employees under subsection (c)(1) of that section may not exceed 5 years before the granting of any extension under subsection (c)(2) of that section.

(6) Develop and oversee the implementation of periodic homeland security technology demonstrations, held at least annually, for the purpose of improving contact between technology developers, vendors, and acquisition personnel associated with related industries.

SEC. 307. MISCELLANEOUS AUTHORITIES RELATING TO NATIONAL LABORATORIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The limitation of the number of employees of the Department of Energy national laboratories assigned to Washington, D.C. shall not apply to those employees who, at the request of the Secretary, are assigned, on a temporary basis, to assist in the establishment of the Department.
- (b) DIRECT TASKING.—Notwithstanding any other law governing the administration, mission, use, or operations of any of the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites, such laboratories and sites are authorized to accept direct tasking from the Secretary or his designee, consistent with resources provided, and perform such tasking on an equal basis to other missions at the laboratory and not on a noninterference basis with other missions of such laboratory or site.

SEC. 308. HOMELAND SECURITY INSTITUTE.

Within the Directorate of Science and Technology there shall be established a Homeland Security Institute as a separate federally funded research and development center under the direction of the Under Secretary to perform policy and systems analysis, assist in the definition of standards and metrics, assist agencies with evaluating technologies for deployment, proposing risk management strategies based on technology developments, and performing other appropriate research and analysis to improve policy and decisionmaking as it relates to the mission of the Department. The Homeland Security Institute shall utilize the capabilities of the National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center.

SEC. 309. UTILIZATION OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL LABORATORIES AND SITES IN SUPPORT OF HOMELAND SECURITY ACTIVITIES.

- (a) OFFICE FOR NATIONAL LABORATORIES.—There is established within the Directorate of Science and Technology an Office for National Laboratories, which shall be responsible for the coordination and utilization of the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites in a manner to create a networked laboratory system for the purpose of supporting the missions of the Department.
- (b) JOINT SPONSORSHIP.—The Department may be a joint sponsor, under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement with the Department of Energy, of 1 or more Department of Energy national laboratories in the performance of work.
- (c) Arrangements.—The Department may be a joint sponsor of a Department of Energy site in the performance of work as if such site were a federally funded research and development center and the work were performed under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement with the Department.
- (d) PRIMARY SPONSOR.—The Department of Energy shall be the primary sponsor under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement entered into under subsection (a) or (b).
 - (e) Lead Agent.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall act as the lead agent in coordinating the formation and performance of a joint sponsorship agreement between the Department and a Department of Energy national laboratory or site for work on homeland security.
- (2) FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.—Any work performed by a national laboratory or

site under this section shall comply with the policy on the use of federally funded research and development centers under section 35.017(a) (4) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

- (f) FUNDING.—The Department shall provide funds for work at the Department of Energy national laboratories or sites, as the case may be, under this section under the same terms and conditions as apply to the primary sponsor of such national laboratory under section 303(b)(1)(C) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253 (b)(1)(C)) or of such site to the extent such section applies to such site as a federally funded research and development center by reason of subsection (b).
- (g) AUTHORITIES OF SECRETARY AND UNDER SECRETARY.—In connection with work involving the Department of Energy national laboratories or sites, the Secretary or Under Secretary for Science and Technology—
- (1) may enter into joint sponsorship agreements with Department of Energy national laboratories or sites;
- (2) may directly fund, task, and manage work at the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites; and
- (3) may permit the director of any Department of Energy national laboratory or site to enter into cooperative research and development agreements or to negotiate licensing agreements with any person, any agency or instrumentality, of the United States, any unit of State or local government, and any other entity under the authority granted by section 12 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a). Technology may be transferred to a non-Federal party to such an agreement consistent with the provisions of sections 11 and 12 of such Act (15 U.S.C. 3710, 3710a).

SEC. 310. TRANSFER OF PLUM ISLAND ANIMAL DISEASE CENTER, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with title VIII, the Secretary of Agriculture shall transfer to the Secretary of Homeland Security the Plum Island Animal Disease Center of the Department of Agriculture, including the assets and liabilities of the Center.
- (b) CONTINUED DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ACCESS.—On completion of the transfer of the Plum Island Animal Disease Center under subsection (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Agriculture shall enter into an agreement to ensure that the Department of Agriculture is able to carry out research, diagnostic, and other activities of the Department of Agriculture at the Center.
- (c) DIRECTION OF ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall continue to direct the research, diagnostic, and other activities of the Department of Agriculture at the Center described in subsection (b).
 - (d) NOTIFICATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—At least 180 days before any change in the biosafety level at the Plum Island Animal Disease Center, the President shall notify Congress of the change and describe the reasons for the change.
- (2) LIMITATION.—No change described in paragraph (1) may be made earlier than 180 days after the completion of the transition period (as defined in section 801(2)).

SEC. 311. CLEARINGHOUSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science and Technology, shall provide for a clearinghouse as a central, national point of entry for individuals or companies seeking guidance on how to pursue proposals to develop or deploy products that would contribute to homeland security. Such clearinghouse shall refer those seeking guidance on Federal funding, regulation, acquisition, or other

matters to the appropriate unit of the Department or to other appropriate Federal agencies

- (b) SCREENINGS AND ASSESSMENTS.—The Under Secretary for Science and Technology shall work in conjunction with the Technical Support Working Group (organized under the April 1982, National Security Decision Directive Numbered 30) to—
- (1) screen proposals described in subsection (a), as appropriate;
- (2) assess the feasibility, scientific and technical merits, and estimated cost of proposals screened under paragraph (1), as appropriate; and
- (3) identify areas where existing technologies may be easily adapted and deployed to meet the homeland security agenda of the Federal Government.

TITLE IV—BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

SEC. 401. UNDER SECRETARY FOR BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Border and Transportation Security headed by an Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.

SEC. 402. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In assisting the Secretary with the responsibilities specified in section 101(b)(2)(C), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security shall include—

- (1) preventing the entry of terrorists and the instruments of terrorism into the United States:
- (2) securing the borders, territorial waters, ports, terminals, waterways, and air, land, and sea transportation systems of the United States, including managing and coordinating governmental activities at ports of entry;
- (3) administering the immigration and naturalization laws of the United States, including the establishment of rules, in accordance with section 406, governing the granting of visas or other forms of permission, including parole, to enter the United States to individuals who are not citizens or lawful permanent residents thereof;
- (4) administering the customs laws of the United States;
- (5) in carrying out the foregoing responsibilities, ensuring the speedy, orderly, and efficient flow of lawful traffic and commerce;
- (6) carrying out the border patrol function; and
- (7) administering and enforcing the functions of the Department under the immigration laws of the United States with respect to the inspection of aliens arriving at ports of entry of the United States.

SEC. 403. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of—
- (1) the United States Customs Service of the Department of the Treasury, including the functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto;
- (2) the Transportation Security Administration of the Department of Transportation, including the functions of the Secretary of Transportation, and of the Under Secretary of Transportation for Security, relating thereto;
- (3) the Federal Protective Service of the General Services Administration, including the functions of the Administrator of General Services relating thereto; and
- (4) the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center of the Department of the Treasury.
- (b) EXERCISE OF CUSTOMS REVENUE AUTHORITIES.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) AUTHORITIES NOT TRANSFERRED.—Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1), authority

- that was vested in the Secretary of the Treasury by law to issue regulations related to customs revenue functions before the effective date of this section under the provisions of law set forth under paragraph (2) shall not be transferred to the Secretary by reason of this Act. The Secretary of the Treasury, with the concurrence of the Secretary, shall exercise this authority. The Commissioner of Customs is authorized to engage in activities to develop and support the issuance of the regulations described in this paragraph. The Secretary shall be responsible for the implementation and enforcement of regulations issued under this section.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit a report to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives of proposed conforming amendments to the statutes set forth under paragraph (2) in order to determine the appropriate allocation of legal authorities described under this subsection. The Secretary of the Treasury shall also identify those authorities vested in the Secretary of the Treasury that are exercised by the Commissioner of Customs on or before the effective date of this section.
- (C) LIABILITY.—Neither the Secretary of the Treasury nor the Department of the Treasury shall be liable for or named in any legal action concerning the implementation and enforcement of regulations issued under this paragraph after the effective date of this Act.
- (2) APPLICABLE LAWS.—The provisions of law referred to under paragraph (1) are those sections of the following statutes that relate to customs revenue functions:
 - (A) The Tariff Act of 1930.
- (B) Section 249 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (19 U.S.C. 3).
- (C) Section 2 of the Act of March 4, 1923 (19 U.S.C. 6).
- (D) Section 13031 of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c).
- (E) Section 251 of the Revised States of the United States (19 U.S.C. 66).
- (F) Section 1 of the Act of June 26, 1930 (19 U.S.C. 68).
- (G) The Foreign Trade Zones Act (19 U.S.C. 81a et seq.).
- (H) Section 1 of the Act of March 2, 1911 (19 U.S.C. 198).
 - (I) The Trade Act of 1974.
- (J) The Trade Agreement Act of 1979.
- (K) The North American Free Trade Area Implementation Act.
- (L) The Uruguay Round Agreements Act.
- (M) The Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.
- (N) The Andean Growth and Opportunity Act.
- (O) Any other provision of law vesting customs revenue functions in the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (3) DEFINITIONS OF CUSTOMS REVENUE FUNCTIONS.—In this subsection, the term "customs revenue functions" means—
- (A) assessing, collecting, and refunding duties (including any special duties), excise taxes, fees, and any liquidated damages or penalties due on imported merchandise, including classifying and valuing merchandise and the procedures for "entry" as that term is defined in the United States Customs laws;
- (B) administering section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 and provisions relating to import quotas and the marking of imported merchandise, and providing Customs Recordation for copyrights, patents, and trademarks;
- (C) collecting accurate import data for compilation of international trade statistics;

(D) administering reciprocal trade agreements and trade preference legislation.

SEC. 404. TRANSFER OF CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL INSPECTION FUNCTIONS OF THE DE-PARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

- (a) TRANSFER OF AGRICULTURAL IMPORT AND ENTRY INSPECTION FUNCTIONS.—There shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions of the Secretary of Agriculture relating to agricultural import and entry inspection activities under the laws specified in subsection (b).
- (b) COVERED ANIMAL AND PLANT PROTECTION LAWS.—The laws referred to in subsection (a) are the following:
- (1) The Act commonly known as the Virus-Serum-Toxin Act (the eighth paragraph under the heading "Bureau of Animal Industry" in the Act of March 4, 1913; 21 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).
- (2) The first section of the Act of August 31, 1922 (commonly known as the Honeybee Act; 7 U.S.C. 281).
- (3) Title III of the Federal Seed Act (7 U.S.C. 1581 et seg.).
- (4) The Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.).
- (5) The Animal Health Protection Act (subtitle E of title X of Public Law 107-171; 7 U.S.C. 8301 et seq.).
- (6) The Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.).
- (7) Section 11 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1540). (c) EXCLUSION OF QUARANTINE ACTIVITIES.—
- (c) EXCLUSION OF QUARANTINE ACTIVITIES.— For purposes of this section, the term "functions" does not include any quarantine activities carried out under the laws specified in subsection (b).
 - (d) Effect of Transfer.—
- (1) COMPLIANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE REGULATIONS.—The authority transferred pursuant to subsection (a) shall be exercised by the Secretary in accordance with the regulations, policies, and procedures issued by the Secretary of Agriculture regarding the administration of the laws specified in subsection (b).
- (2) RULEMAKING COORDINATION.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall coordinate with the Secretary whenever the Secretary of Agriculture prescribes regulations, policies, or procedures for administering the laws specified in subsection (b) at the locations referred to in subsection (a).
- (3) EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, may issue such directives and guidelines as are necessary to ensure the effective use of personnel of the Department to carry out the functions transferred pursuant to subsection (a).
 - (e) Transfer Agreement.—
- (1) AGREEMENT REQUIRED; REVISION.—Before the end of the transition period, as defined in section 801(2), the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary shall enter into an agreement to effectuate the transfer of functions required by subsection (a). The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary may jointly revise the agreement as necessary thereafter.
- (2) REQUIRED TERMS.—The agreements required by this subsection shall provide for the following:
- (A) The supervision by the Secretary of Agriculture of the training of employees of the Department to carry out the functions transferred pursuant to subsection (a).
- (B) The transfer of funds to the Secretary under subsection (f).
- (C) Authority under which the Secretary may perform functions that are delegated to the Animal and Plant Inspection Service of the Department of Agriculture regarding the protection of domestic livestock and plants, but not transferred to the Secretary pursuant to subsection (a).

- (D) Authority under which the Secretary of Agriculture may use employees of the Department to carry out authorities delegated to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service regarding the protection of domestic livestock and plants.
- (f) PERIODIC TRANSFER OF FUNDS TO DE-PARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—
- (1) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—Subject to paragraph (2), out of any funds collected as fees under sections 2508 and 2509 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136, 136a), the Secretary of Agriculture shall periodically transfer to the Secretary, in accordance with the agreement under subsection (e), funds for activities carried out by the Secretary for which the fees were collected.
- (2) LIMITATION.—The proportion of fees collected under sections 2508 and 2509 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136, 136a) that are transferred to the Secretary under paragraph (1) may not exceed the proportion that—
- (A) the costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out activities funded by those fees; bears to
- (B) the costs incurred by the Federal Government to carry out activities funded by those fees.
- (g) Transfer of Department of Agriculture Employees.—Not later than the completion of the transition period (as defined in section 801(2)), the Secretary of Agriculture shall transfer to the Department not more than 3,200 full-time equivalent positions of the Department of Agriculture.
- (h) PROTECTION OF INSPECTION ANIMALS.— Title V of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 2279e, 2279f) is amended—
 - (1) in section 501(a)—
- (A) by inserting "or the Department of Homeland Security" after "Department of Agriculture"; and
- (B) by inserting "or the Secretary of Homeland Security" after "Secretary of Agriculture":
- (2) by striking "Secretary" each place it appears (other than in sections 501(a) and 501(e)) and inserting "Secretary concerned"; and
- (3) by adding at the end of section 501 the following:
- "(i) Secretary Concerned Defined.—In this title, the term 'Secretary concerned' means—
- "(1) the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to an animal used for purposes of official inspections by the Department of Agriculture; and
- "(2) the Secretary of Homeland Security, with respect to an animal used for purposes of official inspections by the Department of Homeland Security."
- (j) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) Section 501 of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 2279e) is amended—
 - (A) in subsection (a)—
- (i) by inserting "or the Department of Homeland Security" after "Department of Agriculture"; and
- (ii) by inserting "or the Secretary of Homeland Security" after "Secretary of Agriculture"; and
- (B) by striking "Secretary" each place it appears (other than in subsections (a) and (e)) and inserting "Secretary concerned".
- (2) Section 221 of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8411) is repealed.

 SEC. 405. COORDINATION OF INFORMATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.
- (a) Definition of Affected Agency.—In this section, the term "affected agency" means— $\,$
 - (1) the Department;
 - (2) the Department of Agriculture;

- (3) the Department of Health and Human Services; and
- (4) any other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary.
- (b) COORDINATION.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the head of each other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, shall ensure that appropriate information (as determined by the Secretary) concerning inspections of articles that are imported or entered into the United States, and are inspected or regulated by 1 or more affected agencies, is timely and efficiently exchanged between the affected agencies.
- (c) REPORT AND PLAN.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the head of each other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, shall submit to Congress—
- (1) a report on the progress made in implementing this section; and
- (2) a plan to complete implementation of this section.

SEC. 406. VISA ISSUANCE.

- (a) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "consular office" has the meaning given that term under section 101(a)(9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(9)).
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 104(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104(a)) or any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the Secretary—
- (1) shall be vested exclusively with all authorities to issue regulations with respect to, administer, and enforce the provisions of such Act, and of all other immigration and nationality laws, relating to the functions of consular officers of the United States in connection with the granting or refusal of visas which authorities shall be exercised through the Secretary of State, except that the Secretary shall not have authority to alter or reverse the decision of a consular officer to refuse a visa to an alien;
- (2) may delegate in whole or part the authority under subparagraph (A) to the Secretary of State; and
- (3) shall have authority to confer or impose upon any officer or employee of the United States, with the consent of the head of the executive agency under whose jurisdiction such officer or employee is serving, any of the functions specified in paragraph (1).
- (c) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary of State may direct a consular officer to refuse a visa to an alien if the Secretary of State deems such refusal necessary or advisable in the foreign policy or security interests of the United States.
- (2) CONSTRUCTION REGARDING AUTHORITY.— Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the authorities of the Secretary of State under the following provisions of law:
- (A) Section 101(a)(15)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(A)).
- (B) Section 204(d)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1154) (as it will take effect upon the entry into force of the Convention on Protection of Children and Cooperation in Respect to Inter-Country adoption).
- (C) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV)(bb) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV)(bb)).

- (D) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI)).
- (E) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II)).
- (F) Section 212(a)(3(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(C)).
- (G) Section 212(a)(10)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(10)(C)).
- (H) Section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)).
- (I) Section 219(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189(a)).
- (J) Section 237(a)(4)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(C)).
- (K) Section 401 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6034; Public Law 104-114).
- (L) Section 613 of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (as contained in section 101(b) of division A of Public Law 105–277) (Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999); 112 Stat. 2681; H.R. 4328 (originally H.R. 4276) as amended by section 617 of Public Law 106–553.
- (M) Section 103(f) of the Chemical Weapon Convention Implementation Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 2681–865).
- (N) Section 801 of H.R. 3427, the Admiral James W. Nance and Meg Donovan Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2000 and 2001, as enacted by reference in Public Law 106-113.
- (O) Section 568 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2002 (Public Law 107–115).
- (P) Section 51 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2723).
- (d) Consular Officers and Chiefs of Missions.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to alter or affect—
- (A) the employment status of consular officers as employees of the Department of State: or
- (B) the authority of a chief of mission under section 207 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3927).
- (2) CONSTRUCTION REGARDING DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any delegation of authority to the Secretary of State by the President pursuant to any proclamation issued under section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)).
- (e) ASSIGNMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY EMPLOYEES TO DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR POSTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to assign employees of the Department to each diplomatic and consular post at which visas are issued, unless the Secretary determines that such an assignment at a particular post would not promote homeland security.
- (2) FUNCTIONS.—Employees assigned under paragraph (1) shall perform the following functions:
- (i) Provide expert advice to consular officers regarding specific security threats relating to the adjudication of individual visa applications or classes of applications.
- (ii) Review any such applications, either on the initiative of the employee of the Department or upon request by a consular officer or other person charged with adjudicating such applications.
- (iii) Conduct investigations with respect to consular matters under the jurisdiction of the Secretary.
- (3) EVALUATION OF CONSULAR OFFICERS.— The Secretary of State shall evaluate, in consultation with the Secretary, as deemed

appropriate by the Secretary, the performance of consular officers with respect to the processing and adjudication of applications for visas in accordance with performance standards developed by the Secretary for these procedures.

- (4) REPORT.—The Secretary shall, on an annual basis, submit a report to Congress that describes the basis for each determination under paragraph (1) that the assignment of an employee of the Department at a particular diplomatic post would not promote homeland security.
- (5) PERMANENT ASSIGNMENT; PARTICIPATION IN TERRORIST LOOKOUT COMMITTEE.—When appropriate, employees of the Department assigned to perform functions described in paragraph (2) may be assigned permanently to overseas diplomatic or consular posts with country-specific or regional responsibility. If the Secretary so directs, any such employee, when present at an overseas post, shall participate in the terrorist lookout committee established under section 304 of the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1733).
 - (6) Training and hiring.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure, to the extent possible, that any employees of the Department assigned to perform functions under paragraph (2) and, as appropriate, consular officers, shall be provided the necessary training to enable them to carry out such functions, including training in foreign languages, in conditions in the particular country where each employee is assigned, and in other appropriate areas of study.
- (B) USE OF CENTER.—The Secretary is authorized to use the National Foreign Affairs Training Center, on a reimbursable basis, to obtain the training described in subparagraph (A).
- (7) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Secretary of State shall submit to Congress—
- (A) a report on the implementation of this subsection; and
- (B) any legislative proposals necessary to further the objectives of this subsection.
- (8) Effective date.—This subsection shall take effect on the earlier of—
- (A) the date on which the President publishes notice in the Federal Register that the President has submitted a report to Congress setting forth a memorandum of understanding between the Secretary and the Secretary of State governing the implementation of this section; or
- (B) the date occurring 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (f) NO CREATION OF PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to create or authorize a private right of action to challenge a decision of a consular officer or other United States official or employee to grant or deny a visa.

SEC. 407. BORDER SECURITY AND IMMIGRATION WORKING GROUP.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a border security and immigration working group (in this section referred to as the "Working Group"), composed of the Secretary or the designee of the Secretary, the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs, and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation protection.
- (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Working Group shall meet not less frequently than once every 3 months and shall—
- (1) with respect to border security functions, develop coordinated budget requests, allocations of appropriations, staffing requirements, communication, use of equipment, transportation, facilities, and other infrastructure;

- (2) coordinate joint and cross-training programs for personnel performing border security functions:
- (3) monitor, evaluate and make improvements in the coverage and geographic distributions of border security programs and personnel:
- (4) develop and implement policies and technologies to ensure the speedy, orderly, and efficient flow of lawful traffic, travel and commerce, and enhanced security for highrisk traffic, travel, and commerce;
- (5) identify systemic problems in coordination encountered by border security agencies and programs and propose administrative, regulatory, or statutory changes to mitigate such problems: and
- (6) coordinate the enforcement of all immigration laws.
- (c) RELEVANT AGENCIES.—The Secretary shall consult with representatives of relevant agencies with respect to deliberations under subsection (b), and may include representative of such agencies in working group deliberations, as appropriate.

SEC. 408. INFORMATION ON VISA DENIALS RE-QUIRED TO BE ENTERED INTO ELEC-TRONIC DATA SYSTEM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever a consular officer of the United States denies a visa to an applicant, the consular officer shall enter the fact and the basis of the denial and the name of the applicant into the interoperable electronic data system implemented under section 202(a) of the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1722(a)).
- (b) PROHIBITION.—In the case of any alien with respect to whom a visa has been denied under subsection (a)—
- (1) no subsequent visa may be issued to the alien unless the consular officer considering the alien's visa application has reviewed the information concerning the alien placed in the interoperable electronic data system, has indicated on the alien's application that the information has been reviewed, and has stated for the record why the visa is being issued or a waiver of visa ineligibility recommended in spite of that information; and
- (2) the alien may not be admitted to the United States without a visa issued in accordance with the procedures described in paragraph (1).

SEC. 409. STUDY ON USE OF FOREIGN NATIONAL PERSONNEL IN VISA PROCESSING.

The Secretary shall conduct a study on the use of foreign national personnel in visa processing to determine whether such uses are consistent with secure visa processing. The study shall review and make recommendations with respect to—

- (1) the effects or possible effects on national security of the use of foreign national personnel in individual countries to perform data entry, process visas or visa applications, or in any way handle visas or visa application documents; and
- (2) each United States mission abroad to determine whether United States consular services performed at the United States mission require different regulations on the use of foreign national personnel.

TITLE V—EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

SEC. 501. UNDER SECRETARY FOR EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate of Emergency Preparedness and Response headed by an Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response.

SEC. 502. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In assisting the Secretary with the responsibilities specified in section 101(b)(2)(D), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response shall include—

- (1) helping to ensure the preparedness of emergency response providers for terrorist attacks, major disasters, and other emergencies:
- (2) with respect to the Nuclear Incident Response Team (regardless of whether it is operating as an organizational unit of the Department pursuant to this title)—
- (A) establishing standards and certifying when those standards have been met;
- (B) conducting joint and other exercises and training and evaluating performance; and
- (C) providing funds to the Department of Energy and the Environmental Protection Agency, as appropriate, for homeland security planning, exercises and training, and equipment:
- (3) providing the Federal Government's response to terrorist attacks and major disasters, including—
 - (A) managing such response;
- (B) directing the Domestic Emergency Support Team, the Strategic National Stockpile, the National Disaster Medical System, and (when operating as an organizational unit of the Department pursuant to this title) the Nuclear Incident Response Team:
- (C) overseeing the Metropolitan Medical Response System; and
- (D) coordinating other Federal response resources in the event of a terrorist attack or major disaster;
- (4) aiding the recovery from terrorist attacks and major disasters;
- (5) building a comprehensive national incident management system with Federal, State, and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, to respond to such attacks and disasters;
- (6) consolidating existing Federal Government emergency response plans into a single, coordinated national response plan; and
- (7) developing comprehensive programs for developing interoperative communications technology, and helping to ensure that emergency response providers acquire such technology.

SEC. 503. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following entities:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency, including the functions of the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency relating thereto.
- (2) The Office for Domestic Preparedness of the Office of Justice Programs, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (3) The National Domestic Preparedness Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (4) The Domestic Emergency Support Teams of the Department of Justice, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (5) The Office of the Assistant Secretary for Public Health Emergency Preparedness (including the Office of Emergency Preparedness, the National Disaster Medical System, and the Metropolitan Medical Response System) of the Department of Health and Human Services, including the functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services relating thereto.
- (6) The Strategic National Stockpile of the Department of Health and Human Services, including the functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services relating thereto. SEC. 504. NUCLEAR INCIDENT RESPONSE.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—At the direction of the Secretary (in connection with an actual or threatened terrorist attack, major disaster,

or other emergency), the Nuclear Incident Response Team shall operate as an organizational unit of the Department. While so operating, the Nuclear Incident Response Team shall be subject to the direction, authority, and control of the Secretary.

(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to limit the ordinary responsibility of the Secretary of Energy and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency for organizing, training, equipping, and utilizing their respective entities in the Nuclear Incident Response Team, or (subject to the provisions of this title) from exercising direction, authority, and control over them when they are not operating as a unit of the Department.

SEC. 505. CONDUCT OF CERTAIN PUBLIC HEALTH-RELATED ACTIVITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to all public health-related activities to improve State, local, and hospital preparedness and response to chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear and other emerging terrorist threats carried out by the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public Health Service), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall set priorities and preparedness goals and further develop a coordinated strategy for such activities in collaboration with the Secretary.

(b) EVALUATION OF PROGRESS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall collaborate with the Secretary in developing specific benchmarks and outcome measurements for evaluating progress toward achieving the priorities and goals described in such subsection. SEC. 506. DEFINITION.

In this title, the term "Nuclear Incident Response Team" means a resource that includes—

- (1) those entities of the Department of Energy that perform nuclear or radiological emergency support functions (including accident response, search response, advisory, and technical operations functions), radiation exposure functions at the medical assistance facility known as the Radiation Emergency Assistance Center/Training Site (REAC/TS), radiological assistance functions, and related functions; and
- (2) those entities of the Environmental Protection Agency that perform such support functions (including radiological emergency response functions) and related functions.

TITLE VI—MANAGEMENT

SEC. 601. UNDER SECRETARY FOR MANAGEMENT.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Management, headed by an Under Secretary for Management.

SEC. 602. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In assisting the Secretary with the management and administration of the Department, the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Management shall include, for the Department—

- (1) the budget, appropriations, expenditures of funds, accounting, and finance;
 - (2) procurement;
 - (3) human resources and personnel:
- (4) information technology and communications systems:
- (5) facilities, property, equipment, and other material resources;
- (6) security for personnel, information technology and communications systems, facilities, property, equipment, and other material resources: and
- (7) identification and tracking of performance measures relating to the responsibilities of the Department.

SEC. 603. CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.

The Chief Financial Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct.

SEC. 604. CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.

The Chief Information Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct. SEC. 605. CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICER.

The Chief Human Capital Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct and shall ensure that all employees of the Department are informed of their rights and remedies under chapters 12 and 23 of title 5. United States Code, by—

(1) participating in the 2302(c) Certification Program of the Office of Special Counsel;

(2) achieving certification from the Office of Special Counsel of the Department's compliance with section 2302(c) of title 5, United States Code; and

(3) informing Congress of such certification not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

TITLE VII—COORDINATION WITH NON-FEDERAL ENTITIES; INSPECTOR GEN-ERAL; UNITED STATES SECRET SERV-ICE; COAST GUARD; GENERAL PROVI-SIONS

Subtitle A—Coordination with Non-Federal Entities

SEC. 701. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In discharging his responsibilities relating to coordination (including the provision of training and equipment) with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, with the private sector, and with other entities, the responsibilities of the Secretary shall include—

(1) coordinating with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, and with the private sector, to ensure adequate planning, equipment, training, and exercise activities;

(2) coordinating and, as appropriate, consolidating the Federal Government's communications and systems of communications relating to homeland security with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, the private sector, other entities, and the public;

(3) directing and supervising grant programs of the Federal Government for State and local government emergency response providers; and

(4) distributing or, as appropriate, coordinating the distribution of, warnings and information to State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities and to the public.

Subtitle B—Inspector General SEC. 710. AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the last two sentences of section 3(a) of the Inspector General Act of 1978, the Inspector General shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary with respect to audits or investigations, or the issuance of subpoenas, that require access to information concerning—

- (1) intelligence, counterintelligence, counterterrorism matters;
- (2) ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings;
- (3) undercover operations;
- (4) the identity of confidential sources, including protected witnesses;
- (5) other matters the disclosure of which would, in the Secretary's judgment, constitute a serious threat to the protection of any person or property authorized protection by section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, section 202 of title 3 of such Code, or any provision of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976: or
- (6) other matters the disclosure of which would, in the Secretary's judgment, constitute a serious threat to national security.

(b) PROHIBITION OF COMPLETION OF AUDIT OR INVESTIGATION.—With respect to the infor-

mation described in subsection (a), the Secretary may prohibit the Inspector General from carrying out or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena, after such Inspector General has decided to initiate, carry out, or complete such audit or investigation or to issue such subpoena, if the Secretary determines that such prohibition is necessary to prevent the disclosure of any information described in subsection (a), to preserve the national security, or to prevent a significant impairment to the interests of the United States.

(c) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall notify in writing the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and other appropriate committees of Congress within thirty days of any exercise of his authority under this section stating the reasons for such exercise.

SEC. 711. LAW ENFORCEMENT POWERS OF INSPECTOR GENERAL AGENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e)(1) In addition to the authority otherwise provided by this Act, each Inspector General appointed under section 3, any Assistant Inspector General for Investigations under such an Inspector General, and any special agent supervised by such an Assistant Inspector General may be authorized by the Attorney General to—

"(A) carry a firearm while engaged in official duties as authorized under this Act or other statute, or as expressly authorized by the Attorney General:

"(B) make an arrest without a warrant while engaged in official duties as authorized under this Act or other statute, or as expressly authorized by the Attorney General, for any offense against the United States committed in the presence of such Inspector General, Assistant Inspector General, or agent, or for any felony cognizable under the laws of the United States if such Inspector General, Assistant Inspector General, or agent has reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony; and

"(C) seek and execute warrants for arrest, search of a premises, or seizures of evidence issued under the authority of the United States upon probable cause to believe that a violation has been committed.

"(2) The Attorney General may authorize exercise of the powers under this subsection only upon an initial determination that—

"(A) the affected Office of Inspector General is significantly hampered in the performance of responsibilities established by this Act as a result of the lack of such powers."

"(B) available assistance from other law enforcement agencies is insufficient to meet the need for such powers; and

"(C) adequate internal safeguards and management procedures exist to ensure proper exercise of such powers.

"(3) The Inspector General offices of the Department of Commerce, Department of Education, Department of Energy, Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Homeland Security, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Department of the Interior, Department of Justice, Department of Labor, Department of State, Department of Transportation, Department of the Treasury, Department of Veterans Affairs, Agency for International Development, Environmental Protection Agency, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Emergency Management Agency, General Services Administration, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Nuclear

Regulatory Commission, Office of Personnel Management, Railroad Retirement Board, Small Business Administration, Social Security Administration, and the Tennessee Valley Authority are exempt from the requirement of paragraph (2) of an initial determination of eligibility by the Attorney General

"(4) The Attorney General shall promulgate, and revise as appropriate, guidelines which shall govern the exercise of the law enforcement powers established under paragraph (1).

"(5) Powers authorized for an Office of Inspector General under paragraph (1) shall be rescinded or suspended upon a determination by the Attorney General that any of the requirements under paragraph (2) is no longer satisfied or that the exercise of authorized powers by that Office of Inspector General has not complied with the guidelines promulgated by the Attorney General under paragraph (4).

"(6) A determination by the Attorney General under paragraph (2) or (5) shall not be reviewable in or by any court.

- (7) To ensure the proper exercise of the law enforcement powers authorized by this subsection, the Offices of Inspector General described under paragraph (3) shall, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, collectively enter into a memorandum of understanding to establish an external review process for ensuring that adequate internal safeguards and management procedures continue to exist within each Office and within any Office that later receives an authorization under paragraph (2). The review process shall be established in consultation with the Attorney General, who shall be provided with a copy of the memorandum of understanding that establishes the review process. Under the review process, the exercise of the law enforcement powers by each Office of Inspector General shall be reviewed periodically by another Office of Inspector General or by a committee of Inspectors General. The results of each review shall be communicated in writing to the applicable Inspector General and to the Attorney General.
- "(8) No provision of this subsection shall limit the exercise of law enforcement powers established under any other statutory authority, including United States Marshals Service special deputation.".
 - (b) PROMULGATION OF INITIAL GUIDELINES.—
- (1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "memoranda of understanding" means the agreements between the Department of Justice and the Inspector General offices described under section 6(e)(3) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) (as added by subsection (a) of this section) that—
- (A) are in effect on the date of enactment of this Act; and
- (B) authorize such offices to exercise authority that is the same or similar to the authority under section 6(e)(1) of such Act.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall promulgate guidelines under section 6(e)(4) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) (as added by subsection (a) of this section) applicable to the Inspector General offices described under section 6(e)(3) of that Act.
- (3) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—The guidelines promulgated under this subsection shall include, at a minimum, the operational and training requirements in the memoranda of understanding.
- (4) No LAPSE OF AUTHORITY.—The memoranda of understanding in effect on the date of enactment of this Act shall remain in effect until the guidelines promulgated under this subsection take effect.
 - (c) Effective Dates.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) Initial Guidelines.—Subsection (b) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

Subtitle C—United States Secret Service SEC. 720. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the United States Secret Service, which shall be maintained as a distinct entity within the Department, including the functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto.

Subtitle D—General Provisions SEC. 730. ESTABLISHMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (A) it is extremely important that employees of the Department be allowed to participate in a meaningful way in the creation of any human resources management system affecting them:
- (B) such employees have the most direct knowledge of the demands of their jobs and have a direct interest in ensuring that their human resources management system is conducive to achieving optimal operational efficiencies:
- (C) the 21st century human resources management system envisioned for the Department should be one that benefits from the input of its employees; and
- (D) this collaborative effort will help secure our homeland.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Subpart I of part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 97—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec.

"9701. Establishment of human resources management system.

"\$ 9701. Establishment of human resources management system

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the Secretary may, in regulations prescribed jointly with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, establish, and from time to time adjust, a human resources management system for some or all of the organizational units of the Department.
- "(b) SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.—Any system established under subsection (a) shall—
- "(1) be flexible;
- "(2) be contemporary;
- "(3) not waive, modify, or otherwise affect—
- "(A) the public employment principles of merit and fitness set forth in section 2301, including the principles of hiring based on merit, fair treatment without regard to political affiliation or other nonmerit considerations, equal pay for equal work, and protection of employees against reprisal for whistleblowing;
- "(B) any provision of section 2302, relating to prohibited personnel practices;
- ''(C)(i) any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1); or
- "(ii) any provision of law implementing any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1) by—
- "(I) providing for equal employment opportunity through affirmative action; or
- "(II) providing any right or remedy available to any employee or applicant for employment in the civil service;
- "(D) any other provision of this part (as described in subsection (c)); or
- "(E) any rule or regulation prescribed under any provision of law referred to in any

of the preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph;

- "(4) ensure that employees may organize, bargain collectively, and participate through labor organizations of their own choosing in decisions which affect them, subject to any exclusion from coverage or limitation on negotiability established by law; and
- "(5) permit the use of a category rating system for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service.
- "(c) OTHER NONWAIVABLE PROVISIONS.—The other provisions of this part as referred to in subsection (b)(3)(D), are (to the extent not otherwise specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subsection (b)(3)—
- "(1) subparts A, B, E, G, and H of this part; and
- "(2) chapters 41, 45, 47, 55, 57, 59, 72, 73, and 79, and this chapter.
- $\lq\lq(d)$ LIMITATIONS RELATING TO PAY.—Nothing in this section shall constitute authority—
- "(1) to modify the pay of any employee who serves in—
- "(A) an Executive Schedule position under subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code; or
- "(B) a position for which the rate of basic pay is fixed in statute by reference to a section or level under subchapter II of chapter 53 of such title 5;
- "(2) to fix pay for any employee or position at an annual rate greater than the maximum amount of cash compensation allowable under section 5307 of such title 5 in a year; or
- "(3) to exempt any employee from the application of such section 5307.
- "(e) PROVISIONS TO ENSURE COLLABORATION WITH EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to ensure that the authority of this section is exercised in collaboration with, and in a manner that ensures the direct participation of employee representatives in the planning development, and implementation of any human resources management system or adjustments under this section, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall provide for the following:
- "(A) NOTICE OF PROPOSAL.— The Secretary and the Director shall, with respect to any proposed system or adjustment—
- "(i) provide to each employee representative representing any employees who might be affected, a written description of the proposed system or adjustment (including the reasons why it is considered necessary):
- "(ii) give each representative at least 60 days (unless extraordinary circumstances require earlier action) to review and make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give any recommendations received from any such representatives under clause (ii) full and fair consideration in deciding whether or how to proceed with the proposal.
- "(B) PREIMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS.— If the Secretary and the Director decide to implement a proposal described in subparagraph (A), they shall before implementation—
- "(i) give each representative details of the decision to implement the proposal, together with the information upon which the decision is based:
- "(ii) give each representative an opportunity to make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give such recommendation full and fair consideration, including the providing of reasons to an employee representative if any of its recommendations are rejected.
- "(C) CONTINUING COLLABORATION.—If a proposal described in subparagraph (A) is implemented, the Secretary and the Director shall—

- "(i) develop a method for each employee representative to participate in any further planning or development which might become necessary; and
- "(ii) give each employee representative adequate access to information to make that participation productive.
- "(2) PROCEDURES.—Any procedures necessary to carry out this subsection shall be established by the Secretary and the Director jointly. Such procedures shall include measures to ensure-
- '(A) in the case of employees within a unit with respect to which a labor organization is accorded exclusive recognition, representation by individuals designated or from among individuals nominated by such organization:
- "(B) in the case of any employees who are not within such a unit, representation by any appropriate organization which represents a substantial percentage of those employees or, if none, in such other manner as may be appropriate, consistent with the purposes of the subsection: and
- ``(C) the selection of representatives in a manner consistent with the relative number of employees represented by the organizations or other representatives involved.
- "(f) Provisions Relating to Appellate PROCEDURES -
- (1) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of Congress that-
- (A) employees of the Department are entitled to fair treatment in any appeals that they bring in decisions relating to their employment; and
- (B) in prescribing regulations for any such appeals procedures, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management-
- "(i) should ensure that employees of the Department are afforded the protections of due process; and
- "(ii) toward that end, should be required to consult with the Merit Systems Protection Board before issuing any such regulations.
- REQUIREMENTS.—Any regulations under this section which relate to any matters within the purview of chapter 77-
- '(A) shall be issued only after consultation with the Merit Systems Protection Board;
- (B) shall ensure the availability of procedures which shall-
- '(i) be consistent with requirements of due process; and
- "(ii) provide, to the maximum extent practicable, for the expeditious handling of any matters involving the Department; and
- '(C) shall modify procedures under chapter 77 only insofar as such modifications are designed to further the fair, efficient, and expeditious resolution of matters involving the employees of the Department.
- '(g) SUNSET PROVISION.—Effective 5 years after the conclusion of the transition period defined under section 801 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, all authority to issue regulations under this section (including regulations which would modify, supersede, or terminate any regulations previously issued under this section) shall cease to be available.
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of the following:

"97. Department of Homeland Secu-

rity 9701".

(b) Effect on Personnel.-

(1) Nonseparation or nonreduction in GRADE OR COMPENSATION OF FULL-TIME PER-SONNEL AND PART-TIME PERSONNEL HOLDING PERMANENT POSITIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the transfer pursuant to this act of full-time personnel (except special Government employees) and part-time per-

- sonnel holding permanent positions shall not cause any such employee to be separated or reduced in grade or compensation for one year after the date of transfer to the Department.
- (2) Positions compensated in accordance WITH EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.—Any person who, on the day preceding such person's date of transfer pursuant to this Act, held a position compensated in accordance with the Executive Schedule prescribed in chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, and who, without a break in service, is appointed in the Department to a position having duties comparable to the duties performed immediately preceding such appointment shall continue to be compensated in such new position at not less than the rate provided for such position, for the duration of the service of such person in such new position.
- (3) COORDINATION RULE.—Any exercise of authority under chapter 97 of title 5, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)). including under any system established under such chapter, shall be in conformance with the requirements of this subsection.

SEC. 731. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

- (a) LIMITATION ON EXCLUSIONARY AUTHOR-ITY.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—No agency or subdivision of an agency which is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act shall be excluded from the coverage of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as a result of any order issued under section 7103(b)(1) of such title 5 after June 18, 2002, unless
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of the agency (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such agency (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) EXCLUSIONS ALLOWABLE.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall affect the effectiveness of any order to the extent that such order excludes any portion of an agency or subdivision of an agency as to which-
- (A) recognition as an appropriate unit has never been conferred for purposes of chapter 71 of such title 5; or
- (B) any such recognition has been revoked or otherwise terminated as a result of a determination under subsection (b)(1).
- (b) PROVISIONS RELATING TO BARGAINING UNITS.
- (1) LIMITATION RELATING TO APPROPRIATE UNITS.—Each unit which is recognized as an appropriate unit for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5. United States Code, as of the day before the effective date of this Act (and any subdivision of any such unit) shall, if such unit (or subdivision) is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, continue to be so recognized for such purposes, unless-
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of such unit (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such unit (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) LIMITATION RELATING TO POSITIONS OR EMPLOYEES.—No position or employee within a unit (or subdivision of a unit) as to which continued recognition is given in accordance with paragraph (1) shall be excluded from such unit (or subdivision), for purposes of chapter 71 of such title 5, unless the primary job duty of such position or employee
 - (A) materially changes; and
- (B) consists of intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- In the case of any positions within a unit (or subdivision) which are first established on or

- after the effective date of this Act and any employee first appointed on or after such date, the preceding sentence shall be applied disregarding subparagraph (A).
- (c) HOMELAND SECURITY.—Subsection (a), (b), and (d) of this section shall not apply in circumstances where the President determines in writing that such application would have a substantial adverse impact on the Department's ability to protect homeland security. Whenever the President makes a determination specified under this subsection, the President shall notify the Senate and the House of Representatives of the reasons for such determination not less than 10 days prior to its issuance.
- (d) COORDINATION RULE.—No other provision of this Act or of any amendment made by this Act may be construed or applied in a manner so as to limit, supersede, or otherwise affect the provisions of this section, except to the extent that it does so by specific reference to this section.

SEC. 732. ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

The Secretary may establish, appoint members of, and use the services of, advisory committees, as the Secretary may deem necessary. An advisory committee established under this section may be exempted by the Secretary from Public Law 92-463, but the Secretary shall publish notice in the Federal Register announcing the establishment of such a committee and identifying its purpose and membership. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, members of an advisory committee that is exempted by the Secretary under the preceding sentence who are special Government employees (as that term is defined in section 202 of title 18, United States Code) shall be eligible for certifications under subsection (b)(3) of section 208 of title 18. United States Code, for official actions taken as a member of such advisory committee.

SEC. 733. ACQUISITIONS.

- (a) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—When the Secretary carries out basic, applied, and advanced research and development projects, he may exercise the same authority (subject to the same limitations and conditions) with respect to such research and projects as the Secretary of Defense may exercise under section 2371 of title 10, United States Code (except for subsections (b) and (f)), after making a determination that the use of a contract. grant, or cooperative agreement for such project is not feasible or appropriate. The annual report required under subsection (h) of such section, as applied to the Secretary by this paragraph, shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (2) PROTOTYPE PROJECTS.—The Secretary may, under the authority of paragraph (1), carry out prototype projects in accordance with the requirements and conditions provided for carrying out prototype projects under section 845 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160). In applying the authorities of that section 845, subsection (c) of that section shall apply with respect to prototype projects under this paragraph, and the Secretary shall perform the functions of the Secretary of Defense under subsection (d) thereof.
- (b) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND SERVICES.—The INTERMITTENT
- (1) procure the temporary or intermittent services of experts or consultants (or organizations thereof) in accordance with section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code; and
- (2) whenever necessary due to an urgent homeland security need, procure temporary

(not to exceed 1 year) or intermittent personal services, including the services of experts or consultants (or organizations thereof), without regard to the pay limitations of such section 3109.

SEC. 734. REORGANIZATION AUTHORITY.

- (a) REORGANIZATION PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Whenever the President determines that changes in the organization of the Department are necessary to carry out any policy set forth in this Act, the President shall prepare a reorganization plan specifying the reorganizations that the President determines are necessary. Any such plan may provide for—
- (A) the transfer of the whole or a part of an agency, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, to the jurisdiction and control of the Department;
- (B) the transfer of the whole or a part of an agency, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, from the Department;
- (C) the abolition of all or a part of an agency within the Department;
- (D) the creation of a new agency or a new part of an agency within the Department: or
- (E) the consolidation or coordination of the whole or a part of an agency within the Department, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, with the whole or a part of another agency within the Department.
 - (2) Transmittal.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall transmit the reorganization plan to Congress together with the declaration that, with respect to each organization included in the plan, the President has found that the reorganization is necessary to carry out any policy set forth in this Act.
- (B) Timing.—The reorganization plan shall be delivered to both Houses on the same day and to each House while it is in session, except that no more than 2 plans may be pending before Congress at 1 time.
 - (3) CONTENT.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The transmittal message of the reorganization plan shall—
- (i) specify with respect to each abolition of a function included in the plan the statutory authority for the exercise of the function;
- (ii) include an estimate of any reduction or increase in expenditures (itemized so far as practicable);
- (iii) include detailed information addressing the impacts of the reorganization on the employees of any agency affected by the plan, and what steps will be taken to mitigate any impacts of the plan on the employees of the agency;
- (iv) describe any improvements in management, delivery of Federal services, execution of the laws, and increases in efficiency of Government operations, which it is expected will be realized as a result of the reorganizations included in the plan; and
- (v) in the case of a transfer to or from the Department, address the impact of the proposed transfer on the ability of the affected agency to carry out its other functions and to accomplish its missions.
- (B) IMPLEMENTATION.—In addition, the transmittal message shall include an implementation section which shall—
 - (i) describe in detail—
- (I) the actions necessary or planned to complete the reorganization; and
- (II) the anticipated nature and substance of any orders, directives, and other administrative and operations actions which are expected to be required for completing or implementing the reorganization; and
- (ii) contain a projected timetable for completion of the implementation process.
- (C) BACKGROUND INFORMATION.—The President shall also submit such further background or other information as Congress may require for its consideration of the plan.

- (4) Amendments to plan.—Any time during the period of 60 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to it, but before any resolution has been ordered reported in either House, the President, or the designee of the President, may make amendments or modifications to the plan, which modifications or revisions shall thereafter be treated as a part of the reorganization plan originally transmitted and shall not affect in any way the time limits otherwise provided for in this section. The President, or the designee of the President, may withdraw the plan any time prior to the conclusion of 90 calendar days of continuous session of Congress following the date on which the plan is submitted to Congress.
- (b) ADDITIONAL CONTENTS OF REORGANIZATION PLAN.—A reorganization plan—
- (1) may change the name of an agency affected by a reorganization and the title of its head, and shall designate the name of an agency resulting from a reorganization and the title of its head:
- (2) may provide for the appointment and pay of the head and 1 or more officers of any agency (including an agency resulting from a consolidation or other type of reorganization) if the message transmitting the plan declares, that by reason of a reorganization made by the plan the provisions are necessary;
- (3) shall provide for the transfer or other disposition of the records, property, and personnel affected by a reorganization;
- (4) shall provide for the transfer of such unexpended balances of appropriations, and of other funds, available for use in connection with a function or agency affected by a reorganization, as necessary by reason of the reorganization for use in connection with the functions affected by the reorganization, or for the use of the agency which shall have the functions after the reorganization plan is effective: and
- (5) shall provide for terminating the affairs of an agency abolished.
- A reorganization plan containing provisions authorized by paragraph (2) may provide that the head of an agency be an individual or a commission or board with more than 1 member. In the case of an appointment of the head of such an agency, the term of office may not be fixed at more than 4 years. the pay may not be at a rate in excess of that found to be applicable to comparable officers in the executive branch, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Any reorganization plan containing provisions required by paragraph (4) shall provide for the transfer of unexpended balances only if such balances are used for the purposes for which the appropriation was originally made.
- (c) Effective Date and Publication of Reorganization Plans.—
- (1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided under paragraph (3), a reorganization plan shall be effective upon approval by the President of a resolution (as defined in subsection (f)) with respect to such plan, only if such resolution is passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate, within the first period of 90 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to Congress.
- (2) SESSION OF CONGRESS.—For the purpose of this chapter—
- (A) continuity of session is broken only by an adjournment of Congress sine die; and
- (B) the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain are excluded in the computation of any period of time in which Congress is in continuous session.
- (3) LATER EFFECTIVE DATE.—Under provisions contained in a reorganization plan, any provision thereof may be effective at a time

- later than the date on which the plan otherwise is effective.
- (4) PUBLICATION OF PLAN.—A reorganization plan which is effective shall be printed—
- (A) in the Statutes at Large in the same volume as the public laws; and
- (B) in the Federal Register.
- (d) Effect On Other Laws; Pending Legal Proceedings.—
 - (1) Effect on laws.—
- (A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term "regulation or other action" means a regulation, rule, order, policy, determination, directive, authorization, permit, privilege, requirement, designation, or other action.
- (B) EFFECT.—A statute enacted, and a regulation or other action made, prescribed, issued, granted, or performed in respect of or by an agency or function affected by a reorganization under this section, before the effective date of the reorganization, has, except to the extent rescinded, modified, superseded, or made inapplicable by or under authority of law or by the abolition of a function, the same effect as if the reorganization had not been made. However, if the statute, regulation, or other action has vested the functions in the agency from which it is removed under the reorganization plan, the function, insofar as it is to be exercised after the plan becomes effective, shall be deemed as vested in the agency under which the function is placed in the plan.
- (2) PENDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the head of an agency or other officer of the United States, in the officer's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of the officer's official duties, does not abate by reason of the taking effect of a reorganization plan under this section. On motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within 12 months after the reorganization plan takes effect, showing a necessity for a survival of the suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain a settlement of the questions involved, the court may allow the suit, action, or other proceeding to be maintained by or against the successor of the head or officer under the reorganization effected by the plan or, if there is no successor, against such agency or officer as the President designates.
- (e) RULES OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ON REORGANIZATION PLANS.—Subsections (f) through (i) are enacted by Congress—
- (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, and as such they are deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in that House in the case of resolutions with respect to any reorganization plans transmitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (a)(3) of this section); and they supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and
- (2) with the full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.
- (f) TERMS OF RESOLUTION.—For the purposes of subsections (e) through (i), "resolution" means only a joint resolution of Congress, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That Congress approves the reorganization plan transmitted to Congress by the President on ______,
- 20___.", and includes such modifications and revisions as are submitted by the President under subsection (a)(4). The blank spaces therein are to be filled appropriately. The

term does not include a resolution which specifies more than 1 reorganization plan.

- (g) Introduction and Reference of Reso-Lition —
- (1) INTRODUCTION.—No later than the first day of session following the day on which a reorganization plan is transmitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate under subsection (a), a resolution, as defined in subsection (f), shall be—
- (A) introduced (by request) in the House by the chairman of the Government Reform Committee of the House, or by a Member or Members of the House designated by such chairman; and
- (B) introduced (by request) in the Senate by the chairman of the Governmental Affairs Committee of the Senate, or by a Member or Members of the Senate designated by such chairman.
- (2) REFERRAL.—A resolution with respect to a reorganization plan shall be referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House (and all resolutions with respect to the same plan shall be referred to the same committee) by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as the case may be. The committee shall make its recommendations to the House of Representatives or the Senate, respectively, within 75 calendar days of continuous session of Congress following the date of such resolution's introduction.
- (h) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE CONSIDERING RESOLUTION.—If the committee to which is referred a resolution introduced pursuant to subsection (g)(1) has not reported such a resolution or identical resolution at the end of 75 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after its introduction, such committee shall be deemed to be discharged from further consideration of such resolution and such resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House involved.
- (i) PROCEDURE AFTER REPORT OR DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEES; DEBATE; VOTE ON FINAL PASSAGE.—
- (1) PROCEDURE.—When the committee has reported, or has been deemed to be discharged (under subsection (h)) from further consideration of, a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan, it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) for any Member of the respective House to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is not debatable. The motion shall not be subject to amendment, or to any motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of the resolution is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the respective House until disposed
- (2) DEBATE.—Debate on the resolution, and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between individuals favoring and individuals opposing the resolution. A motion further to limit debate is in order and not debatable. An amendment to, or a motion to recommit the resolution is not in order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolution is passed or rejected shall not be in order.
- (3) VOTE ON FINAL PASSAGE.—Immediately following the conclusion of the debate on the resolution with respect to a reorganization plan, and a single quorum call at the conclusion of the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the appropriate House, the

- vote on final passage of the resolution shall occur
- (4) APPEALS.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan shall be decided without debate.
- (5) PRIOR PASSAGE.—If, prior to the passage by 1 House of a resolution of that House, that House receives a resolution with respect to the same reorganization plan from the other House, then—
- (A) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no resolution had been received from the other House; but
- (B) the vote on final passage shall be on the resolution of the other House.

SEC. 735. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- (a) SEAL.—The Department shall have a seal, whose design is subject to the approval of the President.
- (b) Participation of Members of the Armed Forces.—With respect to the Department, the Secretary shall have the same authorities that the Secretary of Transportation has with respect to the Department of Transportation under section 324 of title 49, United States Code.
- (c) REDELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS.—Unless otherwise provided in the delegation or by law, any function delegated under this Act may be redelegated to any subordinate.

SEC. 736. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 737. REGULATORY AUTHORITY.

Except as specifically provided in this Act, this Act vests in the Secretary or any other Federal official, and transfers to the Secretary or another Federal official only such regulatory authority as exists on the date of enactment of this Act within any agency, program, or function transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, or that on such date of enactment is exercised by another official of the executive branch with respect to such agency, program, or function. Any such transferred authority may not be exercised by an official from whom it is transferred upon transfer of such agency, program, or function to the Secretary or another Federal official pursuant to this Act. This Act does not alter or diminish the regulatory authority of any other executive agency, except to the extent that this Act transfers such authority from the agency.

SEC. 738. USE OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS.

- (a) APPLICABILITY OF THIS SECTION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, this section shall apply to the use of any funds, disposal of property, and acceptance, use, and disposal of gifts, or donations of services or property, of, for, or by the Department, including any agencies, entities, or other organizations transferred to the Department under this Act.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS TO CREATE DEPARTMENT.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$160,000,000 for the Office of Homeland Security in the Executive Office of the President to be transferred without delay to the Department upon its creation by enactment of this Act, notwithstanding subsection (c)(1)(C) such funds shall be available only for the payment of necessary salaries and expenses associated with the initiation of operations of the Department.
 - (c) Use of Transferred Funds.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Except as may be provided in this subsection or in an appropriations Act in accordance with subsection (e), balances of appropriations and any other funds or assets transferred under this Act—

- (A) shall be available only for the purposes for which they were originally available;
- (B) shall remain subject to the same conditions and limitations provided by the law originally appropriating or otherwise making available the amount, including limitations and notification requirements related to the reprogramming of appropriated funds; and
- (C) shall not be used to fund any new position established under this Act.
 - (2) Transfer of funds.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—After the creation of the Department and the swearing in of its Secretary, and upon determination by the Secretary that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary is authorized to transfer, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget, not to exceed \$140,000,000 of unobligated funds from organizations and entities transferred to the new Department by this Act.
- (B) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(C), funds authorized to be transferred by subparagraph (A) shall be available only for payment of necessary costs, including funding of new positions, for the initiation of operations of the Department and may not be transferred unless the Committees on Appropriations are notified at least 15 days in advance of any proposed transfer and have approved such transfer in advance.
- (C) Notification.—The notification required in subparagraph (B) shall include a detailed justification of the purposes for which the funds are to be used and a detailed statement of the impact on the program or organization that is the source of the funds, and shall be submitted in accordance with reprogramming procedures to be established by the Committees on Appropriations.
- (D) USE FOR OTHER ITEMS.—The authority to transfer funds established in this section may not be used unless for higher priority items, based on demonstrated homeland security requirements, than those for which funds originally were appropriated and in no case where the item for which funds are requested has been denied by Congress.
- (d) NOTIFICATION REGARDING TRANSFERS.— The President shall notify Congress not less than 15 days before any transfer of appropriations balances, other funds, or assets under this Act.
- (e) ADDITIONAL USES OF FUNDS DURING TRANSITION.—Subject to subsections (c) and (d), amounts transferred to, or otherwise made available to, the Department may be used during the transition period, as defined in section 801(2), for purposes in addition to those for which such amounts were originally available (including by transfer among accounts of the Department), but only to the extent such transfer or use is specifically permitted in advance in an appropriations Act and only under the conditions and for the purposes specified in such appropriations Act.
 - (f) DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY.—
- (1) STRICT COMPLIANCE.—If specifically authorized to dispose of real property in this or any other Act, the Secretary shall exercise this authority in strict compliance with section 204 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 485).
- (2) DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.—The Secretary shall deposit the proceeds of any exercise of property disposal authority into the miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury in accordance with section 3302(b) of title 31, United States Code
- (g) GIFTS.—Gifts or donations of services or property of or for the Department may not be accepted, used, or disposed of unless specifically permitted in advance in an appropriations Act and only under the conditions and for the purposes specified in such appropriations Act.

(h) BUDGET REQUEST.—Under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the President shall submit to Congress a detailed budget request for the Department for fiscal year 2004, and for each subsequent fiscal year.

SEC. 739. FUTURE YEAR HOMELAND SECURITY PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Each budget request submitted to Congress for the Department under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, shall, at or about the same time, be accompanied by a Future Years Homeland Security Program.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The Future Years Homeland Security Program under subsection (a) shall be structured, and include the same type of information and level of detail, as the Future Years Defense Program submitted to Congress by the Department of Defense under section 221 of title 10, United States Code.
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect with respect to the preparation and submission of the fiscal year 2005 budget request for the Department and for any subsequent fiscal year, except that the first Future Years Homeland Security Program shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the Department's fiscal year 2005 budget request is submitted to Congress.

SEC. 739A. BIOTERRORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE DIVISION.

Section 319D of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 2472-4) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b), the following:
- "(c) BIOTERRORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE DIVISION.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention a Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Division (in this subsection referred to as the 'Division').
- "(2) MISSION.—The Division shall have the following primary missions:
- "(A) To lead and coordinate the activities and responsibilities of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to countering bioterrorism.
- "(B) To coordinate and facilitate the interaction of Centers for Disease Control and Prevention personnel with personnel from the Department of Homeland Security and, in so doing, serve as a major contact point for 2-way communications between the jurisdictions of homeland security and public health.
- "(C) To train and employ a cadre of public health personnel who are dedicated full-time to the countering of bioterrorism.
- "(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out the mission under paragraph (2), the Division shall assume the responsibilities of and budget authority for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to the following programs:
- "(A) The Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Program.
- "(B) The Strategic National Stockpile.
- "(C) Such other programs and responsibilities as may be assigned to the Division by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- "(4) DIRECTOR.—There shall be in the Division a Director, who shall be appointed by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(5) STAFFING.—Under agreements reached between the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Secretary of Homeland Security—
- "(A) the Division may be staffed, in part, by personnel assigned from the Department

of Homeland Security by the Secretary of Homeland Security; and

"(B) the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention may assign some personnel from the Division to the Department of Homeland Security."

SEC. 739B. COORDINATION WITH THE DEPART-MENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The annual Federal response plan developed by the Secretary under sections 102(b)(14) and 134(b)(7) shall be consistent with section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d).
- (b) DISCLOSURES AMONG RELEVANT AGENCIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Full disclosure among relevant agencies shall be made in accordance with this subsection.
- (2) Public Health Emergency.—During the period in which the Secretary of Health and Human Services has declared the existence of a public health emergency under section 319(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d(a)), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall keep relevant agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, fully and currently informed.
- (3) POTENTIAL PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.—In cases involving, or potentially involving, a public health emergency, but in which no determination of an emergency by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d(a)), has been made, all relevant agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall keep the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention fully and currently informed.

Subtitle E—Risk Sharing and Indemnification for Contractors Supplying Anti-Terrorism Technology and Services

SEC. 741. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The President may exercise the discretionary authority to indemnify contractors and subcontractors under Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for a procurement of an anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—In exercising the authority under subsection (a), the President may include, among other things—
- (1) economic damages not fully covered by private liability insurance within the scope of the losses or damages of the indemnification coverage:
- (2) a requirement that an indemnification provision included in a contract or subcontract be negotiated prior to the commencement of the performance of the contract:
- (3) the coverage of information technology used to prevent, detect, identify, otherwise deter, or recover from acts of terrorism; and
- (4) the coverage of the United States Postal Service.

SEC. 742. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the limitations of subsection (b), the President may exercise the discretionary authority to indemnify contractors and subcontractors under Public Law 85–804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for a procurement by a State or unit of local government of an anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose

- of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—The authority of subsection (a) may be exercised only—
- (1) for procurements of a State or unit of local government that are made by the Secretary under contracts awarded by the Secretary pursuant to the authorities of section 743;
- (2) with written approval from the Secretary, or any other official designated by the President, for each procurement in which indemnification is to be provided; and
 - (3) with respect to-
- (A) amounts of losses or damages not fully covered by private liability insurance and State or local government-provided indemnification; and
- (B) liabilities arising out of other than the contractor's willful misconduct or lack of good faith.

SEC. 743. PROCUREMENTS OF ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGIES AND ANTI-TERRORISM SERVICES BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS THROUGH FEDERAL CONTRACTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which States and units of local government may procure through contracts entered into by the Secretary anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (2) AUTHORITIES.—For the sole purposes of this program, the Secretary may, but shall not be required to, award contracts using the same authorities provided to the Administrator of General Services under section 309(b)(3) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act, 41 U.S.C. 259(b)(3).
- (3) OFFERS NOT REQUIRED TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—A contractor that sells anti-terrorism technology or anti-terrorism services to the Federal Government shall not be required to offer such technology or services to a State or unit of local government.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY.— In carrying out the program established by this section, the Secretary shall—
- (1) produce and maintain a catalog of antiterrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services suitable for procurement by States and units of local government under this program; and
- (2) establish procedures in accordance with subsection (c) to address the procurement of anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services by States and units of local government under contracts awarded by the Secretary.
- (c) REQUIRED PROCEDURES.—The procedures required by subsection (b)(2) shall implement the following requirements and authorities:
 - (1) SUBMISSIONS BY STATES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), each State desiring to participate in a procurement of anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services through a contract entered into by the Secretary shall submit to the Secretary in such form and manner and at such times as the Secretary prescribes, the following:
- (i) REQUEST.—A request consisting of an enumeration of the technologies or services, respectively, that are desired by the State and units of local government within the State.
- (ii) PAYMENT.—Advance payment for each requested technology or service in an amount determined by the Secretary based on estimated or actual costs of the technology or service and administrative costs incurred by the Secretary.

- (B) AWARD BY SECRETARY.—The Secretary may award and designate contracts under which States and units of local government may procure anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services directly from the contract holders. No indemnification may be provided under the authorities set forth in section 742 for procurements that are made directly between contractors and States or units of local government.
- (2) PERMITTED CATALOG TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES.—A State may include in a request submitted under paragraph (1) only a technology or service listed in the catalog produced under subsection (b)(1).
- (3) COORDINATION OF LOCAL REQUESTS WITH-IN STATE.—The Governor of a State (or the Mayor of the District of Columbia) may establish such procedures as the Governor (or the Mayor of the District of Columbia) considers appropriate for administering and coordinating requests for anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services from units of local government within the State.
- (4) SHIPMENT AND TRANSPORTATION COSTS.—A State requesting anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services shall be responsible for arranging and paying for any shipment or transportation costs necessary to deliver the technologies or services, respectively, to the State and localities within the State.
- (d) REIMBURSEMENT OF ACTUAL COSTS.—In the case of a procurement made by or for a State or unit of local government under the procedures established under this section, the Secretary shall require the State or unit of local government to reimburse the Department for the actual costs it has incurred for such procurement.
- (e) TIME FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—The catalog and procedures required by subsection (b) of this section shall be completed as soon as practicable and no later than 210 days after the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 744. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other law, a Federal agency shall, when exercising the discretionary authority of Public Law 85–804, as amended by section 742, to indemnify contractors and subcontractors, provide written notification to the Committees identified in subsection (b) within 30 days after a contract clause is executed to provide indemnification.
- (b) SUBMISSION.—The notification required by subsection (a) shall be submitted to—
- (1) the Appropriations Committees of the Senate and House;
- (2) the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and House;
 (2) the Senate Covernmental Affairs Com
- (3) the Senate Governmental Affairs Committee; and
- (4) the House Government Reform Committee.

SEC. 745. DEFINITIONS.

- In this subtitle:
- (1) ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY AND SERVICE.—The terms "anti-terrorism technology" and "anti-terrorism service" mean any product, equipment, or device, including information technology, and any service, system integration, or other kind of service (including a support service), respectively, that is related to technology and is designed, developed, modified, or procured for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (2) ACT OF TERRORISM.—The term "act of terrorism" means a calculated attack or threat of attack against any person, property, or infrastructure to inculcate fear, or to intimidate or coerce a government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in the pursuit of political, religious, or ideological objectives.

- (3) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "information technology" has the meaning such term in section 11101(6) of title 40, United States Code.
- (4) STATE.—The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any territory or possession of the United States.
- (5) UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "unit of local government" means any city, county, township, town, borough, parish, village, or other general purpose political subdivision of a State; an Indian tribe which performs law enforcement functions as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or any agency of the District of Columbia Government or the United States Government performing law enforcement functions in and for the District of Columbia or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

Subtitle F—Federal Emergency Procurement Flexibility

SEC. 751. DEFINITION.

In this title, the term "executive agency" has the meaning given that term under section 4(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(1)).

SEC. 752. PROCUREMENTS FOR DEFENSE AGAINST OR RECOVERY FROM TER-RORISM OR NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, OR RADIOLOGICAL AT-TACK.

The authorities provided in this subtitle apply to any procurement of property or services by or for an executive agency that, as determined by the head of the executive agency, are to be used to facilitate defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack, but only if a solicitation of offers for the procurement is issued during the 1-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 753. INCREASED SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD FOR PROCUREMENTS IN SUPPORT OF HUMANITARIAN OR PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS OR CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS.

- (a) TEMPORARY THRESHOLD AMOUNTS.—For a procurement referred to in section 752 that is carried out in support of a humanitarian or peacekeeping operation or a contingency operation, the simplified acquisition threshold definitions shall be applied as if the amount determined under the exception provided for such an operation in those definitions were—
- (1) in the case of a contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, inside the United States, \$250,000; or
- (2) in the case of a contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, outside the United States, \$500,000.
- (b) SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the term "simplified acquisition threshold definitions" means the following:
- (1) Section 4(11) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(11)).
- (2) Section 309(d) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 259(d)).
- (3) Section 2302(7) of title 10, United States Code.
- (c) SMALL BUSINESS RESERVE.—For a procurement carried out pursuant to subsection (a), section 15(j) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 644(j)) shall be applied as if the maximum anticipated value identified therein is equal to the amounts referred to in subsection (a).

SEC. 754. INCREASED MICRO-PURCHASE THRESH-OLD FOR CERTAIN PROCUREMENTS.

In the administration of section 32 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 428) with respect to a procurement re-

ferred to in section 752, the amount specified in subsections (c), (d), and (f) of such section 32 shall be deemed to be \$10,000.

SEC. 755. APPLICATION OF CERTAIN COMMERCIAL ITEMS AUTHORITIES TO CERTAIN PROCUREMENTS.

- (a) AUTHORITY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The head of an executive agency may apply the provisions of law listed in paragraph (2) to a procurement referred to in section 752 without regard to whether the property or services are commercial items.
- (2) COMMERCIAL ITEM LAWS.—The provisions of law referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:
- (A) Sections 31 and 34 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 427, 430).
- (B) Section 2304(g) of title 10, United States Code.
- (C) Section 303(g) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(g)).
- (b) INAPPLICABILITY OF LIMITATION ON USE OF SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION PROCEDURES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The \$5,000,000 limitation provided in section 31(a)(2) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 427(a)(2)), section 2304(g)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, and section 303(g)(1)(B) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(g)(1)(B)) shall not apply to purchases of property or services to which any of the provisions of law referred to in subsection (a) are applied under the authority of this section.
- (2) OMB GUIDANCE.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall issue guidance and procedures for the use of simplified acquisition procedures for a purchase of property or services in excess of \$5,000,000 under the authority of this section.
- (c) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY FOR SIMPLIFIED PURCHASE PROCEDURES.—Authority under a provision of law referred to in subsection (a)(2) that expires under section 4202(e) of the Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996 (divisions D and E of Public Law 104–106; 10 U.S.C. 2304 note) shall, notwithstanding such section, continue to apply for use by the head of an executive agency as provided in subsections (a) and (b).

SEC. 756. USE OF STREAMLINED PROCEDURES.

- (a) REQUIRED USE.—The head of an executive agency shall, when appropriate, use streamlined acquisition authorities and procedures authorized by law for a procurement referred to in section 752, including authorities and procedures that are provided under the following provisions of law:
- (1) FEDERAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ACT OF 1949.—In title III of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949:
- (A) Paragraphs (1), (2), (6), and (7) of subsection (c) of section 303 (41 U.S.C. 253), relating to use of procedures other than competitive procedures under certain circumstances (subject to subsection (e) of such section).
- (B) Section 303J (41 U.S.C. 253j), relating to orders under task and delivery order contracts.
- (2) TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—In chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code:
- (A) Paragraphs (1), (2), (6), and (7) of subsection (c) of section 2304, relating to use of procedures other than competitive procedures under certain circumstances (subject to subsection (e) of such section).
- (B) Section 2304c, relating to orders under task and delivery order contracts.
- (3) OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY ACT.—Paragraphs (1)(B), (1)(D), and (2) of section 18(c) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(c)), relating to inapplicability of a requirement for procurement notice.

(b) WAIVER OF CERTAIN SMALL BUSINESS THRESHOLD REQUIREMENTS.—Subclause (II) of section 8(a)(1)(D)(i) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(1)(D)(i)) and clause (ii) of section 31(b)(2)(A) of such Act (15 U.S.C. 657a(b)(2)(A)) shall not apply in the use of streamlined acquisition authorities and procedures referred to in paragraphs (1)(A) and (2)(A) of subsection (a) for a procurement referred to in section 752.

SEC. 757. REVIEW AND REPORT BY COMP-TROLLER GENERAL.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than March 31, 2004, the Comptroller General shall—
- (1) complete a review of the extent to which procurements of property and services have been made in accordance with this subtitle: and
- (2) submit a report on the results of the review to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives.
- (b) CONTENT OF REPORT.—The report under subsection (a)(2) shall include the following matters:
- (1) Assessment.—The Comptroller General's assessment of—
- (A) the extent to which property and services procured in accordance with this title have contributed to the capacity of the workforce of Federal Government employees within each executive agency to carry out the mission of the executive agency; and
- (B) the extent to which Federal Government employees have been trained on the use of technology.
- (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Any recommendations of the Comptroller General resulting from the assessment described in paragraph (1)
- (c) Consultation.—In preparing for the review under subsection (a)(1), the Comptroller shall consult with the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives on the specific issues and topics to be reviewed. The extent of coverage needed in areas such as technology integration, employee training, and human capital management, as well as the data requirements of the study, shall be included as part of the consultation.

SEC. 758. IDENTIFICATION OF NEW ENTRANTS INTO THE FEDERAL MARKETPLACE.

The head of each executive agency shall conduct market research on an ongoing basis to identify effectively the capabilities, including the capabilities of small businesses and new entrants into Federal contracting, that are available in the marketplace for meeting the requirements of the executive agency in furtherance of defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack. The head of the executive agency shall, to the maximum extent practicable, take advantage of commercially available market research methods, including use of commercial databases, to carry out the research.

Subtitle G—Coast Guard SEC. 761. PRESERVING COAST GUARD MISSION PERFORMANCE.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) NON-HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—The term "non-homeland security missions" means the following missions of the Coast Guard:
 - (A) Marine safety.
 - (B) Search and rescue.
 - (C) Aids to navigation.
- (D) Living marine resources (e.g., fisheries law enforcement).
 - (E) Marine environmental protection.
 - (F) Ice operations.
- (2) HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—The term "homeland security missions" means the following missions of the Coast Guard:

- (A) Ports, waterways and coastal security.
- (B) Drug interdiction.
- (C) Migrant interdiction.
- (D) Defense readiness.
- (E) Other law enforcement.
- (b) TRANSFER.—There are transferred to the Department the authorities, functions, personnel, and assets of the Coast Guard, which shall be maintained as a distinct entity within the Department, including the authorities and functions of the Secretary of Transportation relating thereto.
- (c) Maintenance of Status of Functions and Assets.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the authorities, functions, assets, organizational structure, units, personnel, and non-homeland security missions of the Coast Guard shall be maintained intact and without reduction after the transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department, except as specified in subsequent Acts. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the Coast Guard from replacing or upgrading any asset with an asset of equivalent or greater capabilities.
 - (d) CERTAIN TRANSFERS PROHIBITED.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—None of the missions, functions, personnel, and assets (including ships, aircraft, helicopters, and vehicles) of the Coast Guard may be transferred to the operational control of, or diverted to the principal and continuing use of, any other organization, unit, or entity of the Department.
- (2) APPLICABILITY.—The restrictions in paragraph (1) shall not apply—
- (A) to any joint operation of less than 90 days between the Coast Guard and other entities and organizations of the Department; or
- (B) to any detail or assignment of any individual member or civilian employee of the Coast Guard to any other entity or organization of the Department for the purposes of ensuring effective liaison, coordination, and operations of the Coast Guard and that entity or organization, except that the total number of individuals detailed or assigned in this capacity may not exceed 50 individuals during any fiscal year.
- (e) CHANGES TO NON-HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—
- (1) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary may not make any substantial or significant change to any of the non-homeland security missions of the Coast Guard, or to the capabilities of the Coast Guard to carry out each of the non-homeland security missions, without the prior approval of Congress as expressed in a subsequent Act. With respect to a change to the capabilities of the Coast Guard to carry out each of the non-homeland security missions, the restrictions in this paragraph shall not apply when such change shall result in an increase in those capabilities.
- (2) WAIVER.—The President may waive the restrictions under paragraph (1) for a period of not to exceed 90 days upon a declaration and certification by the President to Congress that a clear, compelling, and immediate state of national emergency exists that justifies such a waiver. A certification under this paragraph shall include a detailed justification for the declaration and certification, including the reasons and specific information that demonstrate that the Nation and the Coast Guard cannot respond effectively to the national emergency if the restrictions under paragraph (1) are not waived.
 - (f) ANNUAL REVIEW.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Department shall conduct an annual review that shall assess thoroughly the performance by the Coast Guard of all missions of the Coast Guard (including non-homeland security missions and homeland security missions) with a particular emphasis on ex-

- amining the non-homeland security missions.
- (2) REPORT.—The Inspector General shall submit the detailed results of the annual review and assessment required by paragraph (1) not later than March 1 of each year directly to—
- (A) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate:
- (B) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives;
- (C) the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives;
- (D) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and
- (E) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.
- (g) DIRECT REPORTING TO SECRETARY.— Upon the transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department, the Commandant shall report directly to the Secretary without being required to report through any other official of the Department.
- (h) OPERATION AS A SERVICE IN THE NAVY.— None of the conditions and restrictions in this section shall apply when the Coast Guard operates as a service in the Navy under section 3 of title 14, United States Code.

TITLE VIII—TRANSITION

SEC. 801. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" includes any entity, organizational unit, or function; and
- (2) Transition Period.—The term "transition period" means the 12-month period beginning on the effective date of this Act.

SEC. 802. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES.

The transfer of an agency to the Department shall occur when the President so directs, but in no event later than the end of the transition period. When an agency is transferred, the President may also transfer to the Department any agency established to carry out or support adjudicatory or review functions in relation to the agency.

SEC. 803. TRANSITIONAL AUTHORITIES.

- (a) Provision of Assistance by Officials.—Until the transfer of an agency to the Department, any official having authority over, or functions relating to, the agency immediately before the effective date of this Act shall provide to the Secretary such assistance, including the use of personnel and assets, as the Secretary may request in preparing for the transfer and integration of the agency into the Department.
- (b) Services and Personnel.—During the transition period, upon the request of the Secretary, the head of any executive agency may, on a reimbursable or nonreimbursable basis, provide services or detail personnel to assist with the transition.
 - (c) ACTING OFFICIALS.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) DESIGNATION.—During the transition period, pending the advice and consent of the Senate to the appointment of an officer required by this Act to be appointed by and with such advice and consent, the President may designate any officer whose appointment was required to be made by and with such advice and consent and who was such an officer immediately before the effective date of this Act (and who continues in office) or immediately before such designation, to act in such office until the same is filled as provided in this Act.
- (B) COMPENSATION.—While serving as an acting officer under subparagraph (A), that officer shall receive compensation at the higher of the rate provided—
- (i) by this Act for the office in which that officer acts; or
- (ii) for the office held at the time of designation.

- (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require the advice and consent of the Senate to the appointment by the President to a position in the Department of any officer whose—
- (A) agency is transferred to the Department under this Act; and
- (B) duties following such transfer are germane to those performed before such transfer.
- (d) Transfer of Personnel, Assets, Li-Abilities, and Functions.—Upon the transfer of an agency to the Department—
- (1) the personnel, assets, and liabilities held by or available in connection with the agency shall be transferred to the Secretary for appropriate allocation, subject to the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget; and
- (2) the Secretary shall have all functions—
- (A) relating to the agency that any other official could by law exercise in relation to the agency immediately before such transfer; and
- (B) vested in the Secretary by this Act or other law.

SEC. 804. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

- (a) COMPLETED ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Completed administrative actions of an agency shall not be affected by the enactment of this Act or the transfer of such agency to the Department, but shall continue in effect according to their terms until amended, modified, superseded, terminated, set aside, or revoked in accordance with law by an officer of the United States or a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.
- (2) INCLUDED ACTIONS.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "completed administrative actions" includes orders, determinations, rules, regulations, personnel actions, permits, agreements, grants, contracts, certificates, licenses, registrations, and privileges.
- (b) PENDING PROCEEDINGS.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under this Act—
- (1) pending proceedings in an agency, including notices of proposed rulemaking, and applications for licenses, permits, certificates, grants, and financial assistance, shall continue notwithstanding the enactment of this Act or the transfer of the agency to the Department, unless discontinued or modified under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such discontinuance could have occurred if such enactment or transfer had not occurred; and
- (2) orders issued in such proceedings, and appeals therefrom, and payments made pursuant to such orders, shall issue in the same manner and on the same terms as if this Act had not been enacted or the agency had not been transferred, and any such orders shall continue in effect until amended, modified, superseded, terminated, set aside, or revoked by an officer of the United States or a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.
- (c) PENDING CIVIL ACTIONS.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under this Act, pending civil actions shall continue notwithstanding the enactment of this Act or the transfer of an agency to the Department, and in such civil actions, proceedings shall be had, appeals taken, and judgments rendered and enforced in the same manner and with the same effect as if such enactment or transfer had not occurred
- (d) REFERENCES.—References relating to an agency that is transferred to the Department in statutes, Executive orders, rules, regulations, directives, or delegations of authority that precede such transfer or the effective date of this Act shall be deemed to refer, as appropriate, to the Department, to its officers, employees, or agents, or to its corresponding organizational units or functions.

- (e) STATUTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Any statutory reporting requirement that applied to an agency, transferred to the Department under this Act, immediately before the effective date of this Act shall continue to apply following that transfer if the statutory requirement refers to the agency by
- (f) EMPLOYMENT PROVISIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, or under authority granted by this Act, the transfer under this Act of personnel shall not alter the terms and conditions of employment, including compensation, of any employee so transferred.

SEC. 805. TERMINATIONS.

Except as otherwise provided in this Act, whenever all the functions vested by law in any agency have been transferred under this Act, each position and office the incumbent of which was authorized to receive compensation at the rates prescribed for an office or position at level II, III, IV, or V, of the Executive Schedule, shall terminate.

SEC. 806. INCIDENTAL TRANSFERS.

The Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Secretary, is authorized and directed to make such additional incidental dispositions of personnel, assets, and liabilities held, used, arising from, available, or to be made available, in connection with the functions transferred by this Act, as the Director may determine necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act.

TITLE IX—CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

SEC. 901. INSPECTOR GENERAL ACT.

Section 11 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended in paragraphs (1) and (2)—

- (1) by inserting "Homeland Security," after "Transportation," each place it appears:
- (2) by striking "; and" each place it appears and inserting a semicolon;
- (3) by striking ",," and inserting a coma; and
- (4) by striking ";;" each place it appears and inserting a semicolon in each such place. SEC. 902. EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.

Chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in section 5312, by inserting after the item relating to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs the following:
 - "Secretary of Homeland Security.";
- (2) in section 5313, by inserting after the item relating to the Deputy Secretary of Transportation the following:
- "Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security.":
- (3) in section 5314, by inserting after the item relating to the Under Secretary for Memorial Affairs, Department of Veterans Affairs the following:
- "Under Secretaries, Department of Homeland Security."; and
- (4) in section 5315, by inserting at the end the following:
- "Assistant Secretaries, Department of Homeland Security.
- "General Counsel, Department of Homeland Security.
- "Chief Financial Officer, Department of Homeland Security.
- "Chief Information Officer, Department of Homeland Security.
- "Inspector General, Department of Homeland Security.".

SEC. 903. UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE.

- (a) UNIFORMED DIVISION.—Section 202 of title 3, United States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of the Treasury" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security".
- (b) REIMBURSEMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—Section 208 of title 3, United

States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of Treasury" each place it appears and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security" in each such place.

- (c) POWERS, AUTHORITIES, AND DUTIES.—Section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of the Treasury" each place it appears and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security" in each such place.
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the United States Secret Service to the Department.

SEC. 904. COAST GUARD.

- (a) TITLE 14, U.S.C.—Title 14 of the United States Code is amended—
- (1) in sections 1, 3, 53, 95, 145, 516, 666, 669, 673 (as added by Public Law 104-201), 673 (as added by Public Law 104-324), 674, 687, and 688, by striking "of Transportation", each place it appears, and inserting "of Homeland Security"; and
- (2) after executing the other amendments required by this subsection, by redesignating the section 673 added by Public Law 104–324 as section 673a.
- (b) TITLE 10, U.S.C.—Section 801(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "the General Counsel of the Department of Transportation" and inserting "an official designated to serve as Judge Advocate General of the Coast Guard by the Secretary of Homeland Security".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department.

SEC. 905. STRATEGIC NATIONAL STOCKPILE AND SMALLPOX VACCINE DEVELOPMENT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 121 of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 is amended—
 - (1) in subsection (a)(1)-
- (A) by striking "Secretary of Health and Human Services" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security";
- (B) by inserting "the Secretary of Health and Human Services and" after "in coordination with"; and
- (C) by inserting "of Health and Human Services" after "as are determined by the Secretary"; and
- (2) in subsections (a)(2) and (b), by inserting "of Health and Human Services" after "Secretary" each place it appears.
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the Strategic National Stockpile of the Department of Health and Human Services to the Department.

SEC. 906. SELECT AGENT REGISTRATION.

- (a) PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.—The Public Health Service Act is amended—
- (1) in section 351A(a)(1)(A), by inserting "(as defined in subsection (1)(9))" after "Secretary";
- (2) in section 351A(h)(2)(A), by inserting "Department of Homeland Security, the" before "Department of Health and Human Services";
- (3) in section 351A(1), by inserting after paragraph (8) the following:
- "(9) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services."; and
 - (4) in section 352A(i)-
- (A) by striking "(1)" the first place it appears; and
 - (B) by striking paragraph (2).
- (b) PUBLIC HEALTH SECURITY AND BIOTER-RORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE ACT OF 2002.—Section 201(b) of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 is amended by striking "Secretary of Health and Human Services"

and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the select agent registration enforcement programs and activities of the Department of Health and Human Services to the Department.

SEC. 907. NATIONAL BIO-WEAPONS DEFENSE ANALYSIS CENTER.

There is established in the Department of Defense a National Bio-Weapons Defense Analysis Center, whose mission is to develop countermeasures to potential attacks by terrorists using weapons of mass destruction.

SEC. 908. MILITARY ACTIVITIES.

Except as specifically provided in this Act, nothing in this Act shall confer upon the Secretary any authority to engage in war fighting, the military defense of the United States, or other traditional military activities.

DIVISION B—IMMIGRATION REFORM, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND SECURITY ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 2002

SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Immigration Reform, Accountability, and Security Enhancement Act of 2002".

SEC. 1002. DEFINITIONS.

- In this division:
- (1) ENFORCEMENT BUREAU.—The term "Enforcement Bureau" means the Bureau of Enforcement established in section 114 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1105 of this Act.
- (2) FUNCTION.—The term "function" includes any duty, obligation, power, authority, responsibility, right, privilege, activity, or program.
- (3) IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT FUNCTIONS.— The term "immigration enforcement functions" has the meaning given the term in section 114(b)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1105 of this Act.
- (4) IMMIGRATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.—The term "immigration laws of the United States" has the meaning given the term in section 111(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 of this Act.
- (5) IMMIGRATION POLICY, ADMINISTRATION, AND INSPECTION FUNCTIONS.—The term "immigration policy, administration, and inspection functions" has the meaning given the term in section 112(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.
- (6) IMMIGRATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS.—The term "immigration service functions" has the meaning given the term in section 113(b)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1104 of this Act.
- (7) OFFICE.—The term "office" includes any office, administration, agency, bureau, institute, council, unit, organizational entity, or component thereof.
- (8) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- (9) SERVICE BUREAU.—The term "Service Bureau" means the Bureau of Immigration Services established in section 113 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1104 of this Act.
- (10) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs appointed under section 112 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.

SEC. 1003. TRANSFER OF IMMIGRATION AND NAT-URALIZATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the Department of Justice, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto, to be restructured so as to separate enforcement and service functions.

TITLE XI—DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS Subtitle A—Organization

SEC. 1101. ABOLITION OF INS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Immigration and Naturalization Service is abolished.

(b) REPEAL.—Section 4 of the Act of February 14, 1903, as amended (32 Stat. 826; relating to the establishment of the Immigration and Naturalization Service), is repealed.

SEC. 1102. ESTABLISHMENT OF DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) by inserting "CHAPTER 1—DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL AUTHORITIES" after "TITLE I—GENERAL"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 2—DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS

"SEC. 111. ESTABLISHMENT OF DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Department of Homeland Security the Directorate of Immigration Affairs.

"(b) PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.—The principal officers of the Directorate are the following: "(1) The Under Secretary for Immigration

Affairs appointed under section 112. "(2) The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services appointed under section 113.

"(3) The Assistant Secretary for Enforce-

ment appointed under section 114.

"(c) FUNCTIONS.—Under the authority of the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Directorate shall perform the following func-

tions:
"(1) Immigration policy and administration functions, as defined in section 112(b).

"(2) Immigration service and adjudication functions, as defined in section 113(b).

"(3) Immigration enforcement functions, as defined in section 114(b), but does not include the functions described in paragraphs (7) and (8) of section 131(b).

"(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Homeland Security such sums as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Directorate.

"(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.

- "(e) IMMIGRATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES DEFINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration laws of the United States' shall have the same meaning given such term in section 101(a)(17) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17))."
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) The Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—

(A) by striking section 101(a)(34) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(34)) and inserting the following:

"(34) The term 'Directorate' means the Directorate of Immigration Affairs established by section 111.";

 $\left(B\right)$ by adding at the end of section 101(a) the following:

"(51) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security.

"(52) The term 'Department' means the Department of Homeland Security.";

(C) by striking "Attorney General" and "Department of Justice" each place it appears (other than the proviso in section 103(a)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act) and inserting "Secretary" and "Department", respectively;

(D) in section 101(a)(17) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17)), by striking "The" and inserting

"Except as otherwise provided in section 111(e), the; and

- (E) by striking "Immigration and Naturalization Service", "Service", and "Service's" each place they appear and inserting "Directorate of Immigration Affairs", "Directorate", and "Directorate's", respectively.
- (2) Section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain administrative expenses for the Department of Justice, and for other purposes", approved July 28, 1950 (64 Stat. 380), is amended—
- (A) by striking "Immigration and Naturalization Service" and inserting "Directorate of Immigration Affairs";
 - (B) by striking clause (a); and
- (C) by redesignating clauses (b), (c), (d), and (e) as clauses (a), (b), (c), and (d), respectively.
- (c) References.—Any reference in any statute, reorganization plan, Executive order, regulation, agreement, determination, or other official document or proceeding to the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall be deemed to refer to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security of the Department of Homeland Security, as appropriate, and any reference in the immigration laws of the United States (as defined in section 111(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by this section) to the Attorney General shall be deemed to refer to the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, as appro-

SEC. 1103. UNDER SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECURITY FOR IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 112. UNDER SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SE-CURITY FOR IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- "(a) Under Secretary of Immigration Affairs.—The Directorate shall be headed by an Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs who shall be appointed in accordance with section 103(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall be charged with any and all responsibilities and authority in the administration of the Directorate and of this Act which are conferred upon the Secretary as may be delegated to the Under Secretary by the Secretary or which may be prescribed by the Secretary.
- "(2) DUTIES.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall have the following duties:
- "(A) IMMIGRATION POLICY.—The Under Secretary shall develop and implement policy under the immigration laws of the United States with respect to any function within the jurisdiction of the Directorate. The Under Secretary shall propose, promulgate, and issue rules, regulations, and statements of policy with respect to any function within the jurisdiction of the Directorate.
- "(B) ADMINISTRATION.—The Under Secretary shall have responsibility for—
- "(i) the administration and enforcement of the functions conferred upon the Directorate under section 111(c) of this Act; and
- "(ii) the administration of the Directorate, including the direction, supervision, and coordination of the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement.
- "(3) ACTIVITIES.—As part of the duties described in paragraph (2), the Under Secretary shall do the following:

- "(A) RESOURCES AND PERSONNEL MANAGE-MENT.—The Under Secretary shall manage the resources, personnel, and other support requirements of the Directorate.
- "(B) Information resources management.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary shall manage the information resources of the Directorate, including the maintenance of records and databases and the coordination of records and other information within the Directorate, and shall ensure that the Directorate obtains and maintains adequate information technology systems to carry out its functions.
- "(4) DEFINITION.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration policy and administration' means the duties, activities, and powers described in this subsection.
 - "(c) General Counsel.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a General Counsel, who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary.
- "(2) FUNCTION.—The General Counsel shall—
- "(A) serve as the chief legal officer for the Directorate: and
- "(B) be responsible for providing specialized legal advice, opinions, determinations, regulations, and any other assistance to the Under Secretary with respect to legal matters affecting the Directorate, and any of its components.
- "(d) FINANCIAL OFFICERS FOR THE DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.—
- "(1) CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a Chief Financial Officer. The position of Chief Financial Officer shall be a career reserved position in the Senior Executive Service and shall have the authorities and functions described in section 902 of title 31, United States Code, in relation to financial activities of the Directorate. For purposes of section 902(a)(1) of such title, the Under Secretary shall be deemed to be an agency head.
- "(B) FUNCTIONS.—The Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for directing, supervising, and coordinating all budget formulas and execution for the Directorate.
- "(2) DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—The Directorate shall be deemed to be an agency for purposes of section 903 of such title (relating to Deputy Chief Financial Officers).

"(e) CHIEF OF CONGRESSIONAL, INTERGOVERNMENTAL, AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs. Under the authority of the Under Secretary, the Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs shall be responsible for—
- "(A) providing to Congress information relating to issues arising under the immigration laws of the United States, including information on specific cases;
- "(B) serving as a liaison with other Federal agencies on immigration issues; and
- "(C) responding to inquiries from, and providing information to, the media on immigration issues.
- "(2) WITHIN THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERV-ICE.—The position of Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs shall be a Senior Executive Service position under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code."
- (b) COMPENSATION OF GENERAL COUNSEL AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "General Counsel, Directorate of Immigration Affairs, Department of Homeland Security.
- "Chief Financial Officer, Directorate of Immigration Affairs, Department of Homeland Security.".

- (c) REPEALS.—The following provisions of law are repealed:
- (1) Section 7 of the Act of March 3, 1891, as amended (26 Stat. 1085; relating to the establishment of the office of the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization).
- (2) Section 201 of the Act of June 20, 1956 (70 Stat. 307; relating to the compensation of assistant commissioners and district directors).
- (3) Section 1 of the Act of March 2, 1895 (28 Stat. 780; relating to special immigrant inspectors).
- (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1)(A) Section 101(a)(8) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(8)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(8) The term 'Under Secretary' means the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs who is appointed under section 103(c)."
- (B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—
- (i) by striking "The Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization" and "The Commissioner" each place they appear and inserting "The appropriate Under Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security"; and
- (ii) except as provided in paragraph (1), by striking "Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization" and "Commissioner" each place they appear and inserting "appropriate Under Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security".
- (C) The amendments made by subparagraph (B) do not apply to references to the "Commissioner of Social Security" in section 290(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1360(c)).
- (2) Section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (c), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary";
- (B) in subsection (d), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary";
- (C) in subsection (e), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary".
- (3) Sections 104 and 105 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104, 1105) are amended by striking "Director" each place it appears and inserting "Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs".
- (4) Section 104(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104(c)) is amended—
- (A) in the first sentence, by striking "Passport Office, a Visa Office," and inserting "a Passport Services office, a Visa Services office, an Overseas Citizen Services office,"; and
- (B) in the second sentence, by striking "the Passport Office and the Visa Office" and inserting "the Passport Services office and the Visa Services office".
- (5) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the following:
- "Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, Department of Justice."
- (e) REFERENCES.—Any reference in any statute, reorganization plan, Executive order, regulation, agreement, determination, or other official document or proceeding to the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization shall be deemed to refer to the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs or the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, as appropriate.

SEC. 1104. BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION SERVICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by section 1103, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 113. BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION SERVICES.

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF BUREAU.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate a bureau to be known as the Bureau of Immigration Services (in this chapter referred to as the 'Service Bureau').
- "(2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The head of the Service Bureau shall be the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services (in this chapter referred to as the 'Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services'), who—
- "(A) shall be appointed by the Secretary, in consultation with the Under Secretary; and
- "(B) shall report directly to the Under Secretary.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary and the Under Secretary, the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services shall administer the immigration service functions of the Directorate.
- "(2) IMMIGRATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS DE-FINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration service functions' means the following functions under the immigration laws of the United States:
- "(A) Adjudications of petitions for classification of nonimmigrant and immigrant status
- "(B) Adjudications of applications for adjustment of status and change of status.
- "(C) Adjudications of naturalization applications
- "(D) Adjudications of asylum and refugee applications.
- "(E) Adjudications performed at Service centers.
- "(F) Determinations concerning custody and parole of asylum seekers who do not have prior nonpolitical criminal records and who have been found to have a credible fear of persecution, including determinations under section 236B.
- "(G) All other adjudications under the immigration laws of the United States.
- "(c) CHIEF BUDGET OFFICER OF THE SERVICE BUREAU.—There shall be within the Service Bureau a Chief Budget Officer. Under the authority of the Chief Financial Officer of the Directorate, the Chief Budget Officer of the Service Bureau shall be responsible for monitoring and supervising all financial activities of the Service Bureau.
- "(d) QUALITY ASSURANCE.—There shall be within the Service Bureau an Office of Quality Assurance that shall develop procedures and conduct audits to—
- "(1) ensure that the Directorate's policies with respect to the immigration service functions of the Directorate are properly implemented; and
- "(2) ensure that Service Bureau policies or practices result in sound records management and efficient and accurate service.
- "(e) OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSI-BILITY.—There shall be within the Service Bureau an Office of Professional Responsibility that shall have the responsibility for ensuring the professionalism of the Service Bureau and for receiving and investigating charges of misconduct or ill treatment made by the public.
- "(f) Training of Personnel.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services, in consultation with the Under Secretary, shall have responsibility for determining the training for all personnel of the Service Bureau."
 - (b) SERVICE BUREAU OFFICES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services, shall establish Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in appropriate municipalities and locations in the United States. In the selection of sites for the Service Bureau offices, the Under Secretary shall consider the

location's proximity and accessibility to the community served, the workload for which that office shall be responsible, whether the location would significantly reduce the backlog of cases in that given geographic area, whether the location will improve customer service, and whether the location is in a geographic area with an increase in the population to be served. The Under Secretary shall conduct periodic reviews to assess whether the location and size of the respective Service Bureau offices adequately serve customer service needs.

(2) Transition provision.—In determining the location of Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, the Under Secretary shall first consider maintaining and upgrading offices in existing geographic locations that satisfy the provisions of paragraph (1). The Under Secretary shall also explore the feasibility and desirability of establishing new Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in new geographic locations where there is a demonstrated need.

SEC. 1105. BUREAU OF ENFORCEMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103 and 1104, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 114. BUREAU OF ENFORCEMENT.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF BUREAU.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate a bureau to be known as the Bureau of Enforcement (in this chapter referred to as the 'Enforcement Bureau').
- "(2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The head of the Enforcement Bureau shall be the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement (in this chapter referred to as the 'Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement'), who—
- "(A) shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary; and
- "(B) shall report directly to the Under Secretary.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary and the Under Secretary, the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement shall administer the immigration enforcement functions of the Directorate.
- "(2) IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT FUNCTIONS DEFINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration enforcement functions' means the following functions under the immigration laws of the United States:
- "(A) The detention function, except as specified in section 113(b)(2)(F).
 - "(B) The removal function.
- $\lq\lq(C)$ The intelligence function.
- "(D) The investigations function.
- "(c) CHIEF BUDGET OFFICER OF THE ENFORCEMENT BUREAU.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau a Chief Budget Officer. Under the authority of the Chief Financial Officer of the Directorate, the Chief Budget Officer of the Enforcement Bureau shall be responsible for monitoring and supervising all financial activities of the Enforcement Bureau.
- "(d) OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSI-BILITY.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau an Office of Professional Responsibility that shall have the responsibility for ensuring the professionalism of the Enforcement Bureau and receiving charges of misconduct or ill treatment made by the public and investigating the charges.
- "(e) OFFICE OF QUALITY ASSURANCE.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau an Office of Quality Assurance that shall develop procedures and conduct audits to—
- "(1) ensure that the Directorate's policies with respect to immigration enforcement functions are properly implemented; and

- "(2) ensure that Enforcement Bureau policies or practices result in sound record management and efficient and accurate recordkeeping.
- "(f) Training of Personnel.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement, in consultation with the Under Secretary, shall have responsibility for determining the training for all personnel of the Enforcement Bureau"
- (b) Enforcement Bureau Offices.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement, shall establish Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in appropriate municipalities and locations in the United States. In the selection of sites for the Enforcement Bureau offices, the Under Secretary shall make selections according to trends in unlawful entry and unlawful presence, alien smuggling, national security concerns, the number of Federal prosecutions of immigration-related offenses in a given geographic area, and other enforcement considerations. The Under Secretary shall conduct periodic reviews to assess whether the location and size of the respective Enforcement Bureau offices adequately serve enforcement needs
- (2) Transition provision.—In determining the location of Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, the Under Secretary shall first consider maintaining and upgrading offices in existing geographic locations that satisfy the provisions of paragraph (1). The Under Secretary shall also explore the feasibility and desirability of establishing new Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in new geographic locations where there is a demonstrated need.

SEC. 1106. OFFICE OF THE OMBUDSMAN WITHIN THE DIRECTORATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103, 1104, and 1105, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 115. OFFICE OF THE OMBUDSMAN FOR IM-MIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate the Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs, which shall be headed by the Ombudsman.
 - "(b) OMBUDSMAN.-
- "(1) APPOINTMENT.—The Ombudsman shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary. The Ombudsman shall report directly to the Under Secretary.
- "(2) COMPENSATION.—The Ombudsman shall be entitled to compensation at the same rate as the highest rate of basic pay established for the Senior Executive Service under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code, or, if the Secretary of Homeland Security so determines, at a rate fixed under section 9503 of such title.
- "(c) Functions of Office.—The functions of the Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs shall include—
- "(1) to assist individuals in resolving problems with the Directorate or any component thereof:
- "(2) to identify systemic problems encountered by the public in dealings with the Directorate or any component thereof;
- "(3) to propose changes in the administrative practices or regulations of the Directorate, or any component thereof, to mitigate problems identified under paragraph (2);
- "(4) to identify potential changes in statutory law that may be required to mitigate such problems; and

- "(5) to monitor the coverage and geographic distribution of local offices of the Directorate.
- "(d) PERSONNEL ACTIONS.—The Ombudsman shall have the responsibility and authority to appoint local or regional representatives of the Ombudsman's Office as in the Ombudsman's judgment may be necessary to address and rectify problems.
- "(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than December 31 of each year, the Ombudsman shall submit a report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate on the activities of the Ombudsman during the fiscal year ending in that calendar year. Each report shall contain a full and substantive analysis, in addition to statistical information, and shall contain—
- "(1) a description of the initiatives that the Office of the Ombudsman has taken on improving the responsiveness of the Directorate:
- "(2) a summary of serious or systemic problems encountered by the public, including a description of the nature of such problems:
- "(3) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which action has been taken, and the result of such action:
- "(4) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which action remains to be completed:
- "(5) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which no action has been taken, the reasons for the inaction, and identify any Agency official who is responsible for such inaction;
- "(6) recommendations as may be appropriate to resolve problems encountered by the public;
- "(7) recommendations as may be appropriate to resolve problems encountered by the public, including problems created by backlogs in the adjudication and processing of petitions and applications;
- "(8) recommendations to resolve problems caused by inadequate funding or staffing; and
- "(9) such other information as the Ombudsman may deem advisable.
- "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Office of the Ombudsman such sums as may be necessary to carry out its functions.
- "(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.".

SEC. 1107. OFFICE OF IMMIGRATION STATISTICS WITHIN THE DIRECTORATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103, 1104, and 1105, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 116. OFFICE OF IMMIGRATION STATISTICS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Directorate an Office of Immigration Statistics (in this section referred to as the 'Office'), which shall be headed by a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary. The Office shall collect, maintain, compile, analyze, publish, and disseminate information and statistics about immigration in the United States, including information and statistics involving the functions of the Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR.—The Director of the Office shall be responsible for the following:
- "(1) STATISTICAL INFORMATION.—Maintenance of all immigration statistical information of the Directorate of Immigration Affairs.

- "(2) STANDARDS OF RELIABILITY AND VALIDITY.—Establishment of standards of reliability and validity for immigration statistics collected by the Bureau of Immigration Services, the Bureau of Enforcement, and the Executive Office for Immigration Review
- "(c) Relation to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Executive Office for Immigration Review.—
- "(1) OTHER AUTHORITIES.—The Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review shall provide statistical information to the Office from the operational data systems controlled by the Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review, respectively, as requested by the Office, for the purpose of meeting the responsibilities of the Director of the Office.
- "(2) DATABASES.—The Director of the Office, under the direction of the Secretary, shall ensure the interoperability of the databases of the Directorate, the Bureau of Immigration Services, the Bureau of Enforcement, and the Executive Office for Immigration Review to permit the Director of the Office to perform the duties of such office."
- (b) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—There are transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs for exercise by the Under Secretary through the Office of Immigration Statistics established by section 116 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by subsection (a), the functions performed by the Statistics Branch of the Office of Policy and Planning of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, and the statistical functions performed by the Executive Office for Immigration Review, on the day before the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1108. CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.

The table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended—

- (1) by inserting after the item relating to the heading for title I the following:
- "Chapter 1—Definitions and General Authorities";
- (2) by striking the item relating to section 103 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 103. Powers and duties of the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs.":

and

- (3) by inserting after the item relating to section 106 the following:
- "CHAPTER 2—DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS
- "Sec. 111. Establishment of Directorate of Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 112. Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 113. Bureau of Immigration Services.
- "Sec. 114. Bureau of Enforcement.
- "Sec. 115. Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 116. Office of Immigration Statistics.".

Subtitle B—Transition Provisions SEC. 1111. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) FUNCTIONS OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (c) and title XIII, all functions under the immigration laws of the United States vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Attorney General, immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Secretary on such effective date for exercise by the Secretary through the Under Secretary in accordance with section 112(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.
- (2) FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSIONER OR THE INS.—Except as provided in subsection (c), all

- functions under the immigration laws of the United States vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization or the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component thereof), immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs on such effective date for exercise by the Under Secretary in accordance with section 112(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.
- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—Except as otherwise provided by law, the Under Secretary may, for purposes of performing any function transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs under subsection (a), exercise all authorities under any other provision of law that were available with respect to the performance of that function to the official responsible for the performance of the function immediately before the effective date of the transfer of the function under this title.
- (c) Special Rule for Border Patrol and Inspection Functions.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the border patrol function, and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions, vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, or the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component thereof), immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Secretary on such effective date for exercise by the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation in accordance with paragraphs (7) and (8) of section 131(b).
- (2) References.—With respect to the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions, references in this subtitle to—
- (A) the Directorate shall be deemed to be references to the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security; and
- (B) the Under Secretary shall be deemed to be references to the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.

SEC. 1112. TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL AND OTHER RESOURCES.

Subject to section 1531 of title 31, United States Code, upon the effective date of this title, there are transferred to the appropriate Under Secretary for appropriate allocation in accordance with section 1115—

- (1) the personnel of the Department of Justice employed in connection with the functions transferred under this title; and
- (2) the assets, liabilities, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balance of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds employed, held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available to the Immigration and Naturalization Service in connection with the functions transferred pursuant to this title.

SEC. 1113. DETERMINATIONS WITH RESPECT TO FUNCTIONS AND RESOURCES.

- The Secretary shall determine, in accordance with the corresponding criteria set forth in sections 1112(b), 1113(b), and 1114(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as added by this title)—
- (1) which of the functions transferred under section 1111 are—
- (A) immigration policy and administration functions;
- (B) immigration service functions;
- (C) immigration enforcement functions (excluding the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions); and
- (D) the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions; and

(2) which of the personnel, assets, liabilities, grants, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds transferred under section 1112 were held or used, arose from, were available to, or were made available, in connection with the performance of the respective functions specified in paragraph (1) immediately prior to the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1114. DELEGATION AND RESERVATION OF FUNCTIONS.

- (a) DELEGATION TO THE DIRECTORATES.—The Secretary shall delegate—
- (1) through the Under Secretary and subject to section 112(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as added by section 1103)—
- (A) immigration service functions to the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services; and
- (B) immigration enforcement functions to the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement; and
- (2) the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions to the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- (b) NONEXCLUSIVE DELEGATIONS AUTHOR-IZED.—Delegations made under subsection (a) may be made on a nonexclusive basis as the Secretary may determine may be necessary to ensure the faithful execution of the Secretary's responsibilities and duties under law.
- (c) EFFECT OF DELEGATIONS.—Except as otherwise expressly prohibited by law or otherwise provided in this title, the Secretary may make delegations under this subsection to such officers and employees of the office of the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs, and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, respectively, as the Secretary may designate, and may authorize successive redelegations of such functions as may be necessary or appropriate. No delegation of functions under this subsection or under any other provision of this title shall relieve the official to whom a function is transferred under this title of responsibility for the administration of the function.
- (d) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this division may be construed to limit the authority of the Under Secretary, acting directly or by delegation under the Secretary, to establish such offices or positions within the Directorate of Immigration Affairs, in addition to those specified by this division, as the Under Secretary may determine to be necessary to carry out the functions of the Directorate.

SEC. 1115. ALLOCATION OF PERSONNEL AND OTHER RESOURCES.

- (a) AUTHORITY OF THE UNDER SECRETARY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2) and section 1114(b), the Under Secretary shall make allocations of personnel, assets, liabilities, grants, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available in connection with the performance of the respective functions, as determined under section 1113, in accordance with the delegation of functions and the reservation of functions made under section 1114.
- (2) LIMITATION.—Unexpended funds transferred pursuant to section 1112 shall be used only for the purposes for which the funds were originally authorized and appropriated.
- (b) AUTHORITY TO TERMINATE AFFAIRS OF INS.—The Attorney General in consultation with the Secretary, shall provide for the termination of the affairs of the Immigration and Naturalization Service and such further

measures and dispositions as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this division

- (c) TREATMENT OF SHARED RESOURCES.—The Under Secretary is authorized to provide for an appropriate allocation, or coordination, or both, of resources involved in supporting shared support functions for the office of the Under Secretary, the Service Bureau, and the Enforcement Bureau. The Under Secretary shall maintain oversight and control over the shared computer databases and systems and records management. SEC. 1116. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.
- (a) LEGAL DOCUMENTS.—All orders, determinations, rules, regulations, permits, grants, loans, contracts, recognition of labor organizations, agreements, including collective bargaining agreements, certificates, licenses, and privileges—
- (1) that have been issued, made, granted, or allowed to become effective by the President, the Attorney General, the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, their delegates, or any other Government official, or by a court of competent jurisdiction, in the performance of any function that is transferred under this title: and
- (2) that are in effect on the effective date of such transfer (or become effective after such date pursuant to their terms as in effect on such effective date);

shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, terminated, superseded, set aside, or revoked in accordance with law by the President, any other authorized official, a court of competent jurisdiction, or operation of law, except that any collective bargaining agreement shall remain in effect until the date of termination specified in the agreement.

(b) Proceedings.—

- (1) PENDING.—Sections 111 through 116 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by subtitle A of this title, shall not affect any proceeding or any application for any benefit, service, license, permit, certificate, or financial assistance pending on the effective date of this title before an office whose functions are transferred under this title, but such proceedings and applications shall be continued.
- (2) ORDERS.—Orders shall be issued in such proceedings, appeals shall be taken therefrom, and payments shall be made pursuant to such orders, as if this Act had not been enacted, and orders issued in any such proceeding shall continue in effect until modified, terminated, superseded, or revoked by a duly authorized official, by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.
- (3) DISCONTINUANCE OR MODIFICATION.—Nothing in this section shall be considered to prohibit the discontinuance or modification of any such proceeding under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such proceeding could have been discontinued or modified if this section had not been enacted.
- (c) SUITS.—This title, and the amendments made by this title, shall not affect suits commenced before the effective date of this title, and in all such suits, proceeding shall be had, appeals taken, and judgments rendered in the same manner and with the same effect as if this title, and the amendments made by this title, had not been enacted.
- (d) Nonabatement of Actions.—No suit, action, or other proceeding commenced by or against the Department of Justice or the Immigration and Naturalization Service, or by or against any individual in the official capacity of such individual as an officer or employee in connection with a function transferred pursuant to this section, shall abate by reason of the enactment of this Act.

- (e) CONTINUANCE OF SUIT WITH SUBSTITUTION OF PARTIES.—If any Government officer in the official capacity of such officer is party to a suit with respect to a function of the officer, and such function is transferred under this title to any other officer or office, then such suit shall be continued with the other officer or the head of such other office, as applicable, substituted or added as a party.
- (f) ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Except as otherwise provided by this title, any statutory requirements relating to notice, hearings, action upon the record, or administrative or judicial review that apply to any function transferred under this title shall apply to the exercise of such function by the head of the office, and other officers of the office, to which such function is transferred.

SEC. 1117. INTERIM SERVICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION AND NAT-URALIZATION.

The individual serving as the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization on the day before the effective date of this title may serve as Under Secretary until the date on which an Under Secretary is appointed under section 112 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103.

SEC. 1118. OTHER AUTHORITIES NOT AFFECTED.

Nothing in this title, or any amendment made by this title, may be construed to authorize or require the transfer or delegation of any function vested in, or exercised by—

- (1) the Secretary of State under the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, or under the immigration laws of the United States, immediately prior to the effective date of this title, with respect to the issuance and use of passports and visas;
- (2) the Secretary of Labor or any official of the Department of Labor immediately prior to the effective date of this title, with respect to labor certifications or any other authority under the immigration laws of the United States; or
- (3) except as otherwise specifically provided in this division, any other official of the Federal Government under the immigration laws of the United States immediately prior to the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1119. TRANSITION FUNDING.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR TRANSITION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Homeland Security such sums as may be necessary—
- (A) to effect-
- (i) the abolition of the Immigration and Naturalization Service:
- (ii) the establishment of the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and its components, the Bureau of Immigration Services, and the Bureau of Enforcement (except for the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions):
- (iii) the transfer to the Directorate of Border and Transportation Protection of the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions;
- (iv) the transfer of such other functions as are required to be made under this division; and
- (B) to carry out any other duty that is made necessary by this division, or any amendment made by this division.
- (2) ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED.—Activities supported under paragraph (1) include—
- (A) planning for the transfer of functions from the Immigration and Naturalization Service to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security, as appropriate, including the preparation of any reports and implementation plans necessary for such transfer;

- (B) the division, acquisition, and disposition of—
 - (i) buildings and facilities;
- (ii) support and infrastructure resources; and
- (iii) computer hardware, software, and related documentation;
- (C) other capital expenditures necessary to effect the transfer of functions described in this paragraph;
- (D) revision of forms, stationery, logos, and signage;
- (E) expenses incurred in connection with the transfer and training of existing personnel and hiring of new personnel; and
- (F) such other expenses necessary to effect the transfers, as determined by the Secretary.
- (b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) are authorized to remain available until expended.
 - (c) Transition Account.
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the general fund of the Treasury of the United States a separate account, which shall be known as the "Directorate of Immigration Affairs Transition Account" (in this section referred to as the "Account").
- (2) USE OF ACCOUNT.—There shall be deposited into the Account all amounts appropriated under subsection (a) and amounts reprogrammed for the purposes described in subsection (a).
- (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS ON TRANSITION.—
 Beginning not later than 90 days after the effective date of division A of this Act, and at the end of each fiscal year in which appropriations are made pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report to Congress concerning the availability of funds to cover transition costs, including—
- (1) any unobligated balances available for such purposes; and
- (2) a calculation of the amount of appropriations that would be necessary to fully fund the activities described in subsection (a).
- (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect 1 year after the effective date of division A of this Act.

Subtitle C—Miscellaneous Provisions SEC. 1121. FUNDING ADJUDICATION AND NATU-RALIZATION SERVICES.

- (a) LEVEL OF FEES.—Section 286(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356(m)) is amended by striking "services, including the costs of similar services provided without charge to asylum applicants or other immigrants" and inserting "services".
 - (b) Use of Fees.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Each fee collected for the provision of an adjudication or naturalization service shall be used only to fund adjudication or naturalization services or, subject to the availability of funds provided pursuant to subsection (c), costs of similar services provided without charge to asylum and refugee applicants.
- (2) PROHIBITION.—No fee may be used to fund adjudication- or naturalization-related audits that are not regularly conducted in the normal course of operation.
- (c) Refugee and Asylum Adjudication Services.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to such sums as may be otherwise available for such purposes, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 207 through 209 of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.
 - (d) SEPARATION OF FUNDING.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be established separate accounts in the Treasury of the

United States for appropriated funds and other collections available for the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement.

- (2) FEES.—Fees imposed for a particular service, application, or benefit shall be deposited into the account established under paragraph (1) that is for the bureau with jurisdiction over the function to which the fee relates.
- (3) FEES NOT TRANSFERABLE.—No fee may be transferred between the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement for purposes not authorized by section 286 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by subsection (a).
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR BACKLOG REDUCTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2003 through 2006 to carry out the Immigration Services and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2000 (title II of Public Law 106–313).
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.
- (3) INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT ACCOUNT.—Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) shall be deposited into the Immigration Services and Infrastructure Improvements Account established by section 204(a)(2) of title II of Public Law 106–313.

SEC. 1122. APPLICATION OF INTERNET-BASED TECHNOLOGIES.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF ON-LINE DATA-BASE —
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the effective date of division A, the Secretary, in consultation with the Under Secretary and the Technology Advisory Committee, shall establish an Internet-based system that will permit an immigrant, non-immigrant, employer, or other person who files any application, petition, or other request for any benefit under the immigration laws of the United States access to on-line information about the processing status of the application, petition, or other request.
- (2) PRIVACY CONSIDERATIONS.—The Under Secretary shall consider all applicable privacy issues in the establishment of the Internet system described in paragraph (1). No personally identifying information shall be accessible to unauthorized persons.
- (3) MEANS OF ACCESS.—The on-line information under the Internet system described in paragraph (1) shall be accessible to the persons described in paragraph (1) through a personal identification number (PIN) or other personalized password.
- (4) PROHIBITION ON FEES.—The Under Secretary shall not charge any immigrant, non-immigrant, employer, or other person described in paragraph (1) a fee for access to the information in the database that pertains to that person.
- (b) FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR ON-LINE FILING AND IMPROVED PROCESSING.—
- (1) ON-LINE FILING.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in consultation with the Technology Advisory Committee, shall conduct a study to determine the feasibility of on-line filing of the documents described in subsection (a).
- (B) STUDY ELEMENTS.—The study shall—
- (i) include a review of computerization and technology of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or successor agency) relating to immigration services and the processing of such documents;
- (ii) include an estimate of the time-frame and costs of implementing on-line filing of such documents; and
- (iii) consider other factors in implementing such a filing system, including the feasibility of the payment of fees on-line.

- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the effective date of division A, the Under Secretary shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the study conducted under this subsection.
- (c) Technology Advisory Committee.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the effective date of division A, the Under Secretary shall establish, after consultation with the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives, an advisory committee (in this section referred to as the "Technology Advisory Committee") to assist the Under Secretary in—
- (A) establishing the tracking system under subsection (a); and
- (B) conducting the study under subsection
- (2) COMPOSITION.—The Technology Advisory Committee shall be composed of—
- (A) experts from the public and private sector capable of establishing and implementing the system in an expeditious manner; and
- (B) representatives of persons or entities who may use the tracking system described in subsection (a) and the on-line filing system described in subsection (b)(1).

SEC. 1123. ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION OF ASYLUM SEEKERS.

- (a) ASSIGNMENTS OF ASYLUM OFFICERS.—The Under Secretary shall assign asylum officers to major ports of entry in the United States to assist in the inspection of asylum seekers. For other ports of entry, the Under Secretary shall take steps to ensure that asylum officers participate in the inspections process.
- (b) AMENDMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT.—Chapter 4 of title II of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 236A the following new section: "SEC. 236B. ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION OF ASYLUM SEEKERS.
- "(a) DEVELOPMENT OF ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION.—The Under Secretary shall—
- "(1) authorize and promote the utilization of alternatives to the detention of asylum seekers who do not have nonpolitical criminal records: and
- "(2) establish conditions for the detention of asylum seekers that ensure a safe and humane environment.
- "(b) SPECIFIC ALTERNATIVES FOR CONSIDER-ATION.—The Under Secretary shall consider the following specific alternatives to the detention of asylum seekers described in subsection (a):
 - "(1) Parole from detention.
- "(2) For individuals not otherwise qualified for parole under paragraph (1), parole with appearance assistance provided by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seekers
- "(3) For individuals not otherwise qualified for parole under paragraph (1) or (2), non-secure shelter care or group homes operated by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seekers.
- "(4) Noninstitutional settings for minors such as foster care or group homes operated by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seekers.
- "(c) REGULATIONS.—The Under Secretary shall promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this section.
- "(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'asylum seeker' means any applicant for asylum under section 208 or any alien who indicates an intention to apply for asylum under that section."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality

Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 236A the following new item:

"Sec. 236B. Alternatives to detention of asylum seekers.".

Subtitle D-Effective Date

SEC. 1131. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title, and the amendments made by this title, shall take effect one year after the effective date of division A of this Act.

TITLE XII—UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE PROTECTION

SEC. 1201. UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILES.

- (a) Custody Determinations.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.-
- (A) INITIAL CUSTODY AND CARE.—The custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile shall be the responsibility of the Under Secretary of Immigration Affairs in the Department of Homeland Security or the Under Secretary of Border and Transportation Security, as determined under guidelines to be promulgated by the Secretary.
- (B) TRANSFER OF CUSTODY AND CARE.—Unless the juvenile is described in subsection (b), the Department of Homeland Security shall transfer custody and care of that juvenile to the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Directorate of Immigration Affairs shall retain or assume the custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile—
 - (A) who has been charged with a felony;
 - (B) who has been convicted of a felony;
- (C) who exhibits a violent or criminal behavior that endangers others; or
- (D) with respect to whom the Secretary of Homeland Security has a substantial evidence to conclude that such juvenile endangers the national security of the United States.
 - (b) Functions.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to subsection (a)(2), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement shall be responsible for—
- (A) coordinating and implementing the custody and care of unaccompanied alien juveniles who are in Federal custody by reason of their immigration status, including developing a plan to be submitted to the Congress on how to ensure that qualified and independent legal counsel is timely appointed to represent the interests of each such juvenile, consistent with the law regarding appointment of counsel that is in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act;
- (B) ensuring that the interests of the juvenile are considered in decisions and actions relating to the custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile:
- (C) making placement determinations for all unaccompanied alien juveniles who are in Federal custody by reason of their immigration status:
- (D) implementing placement determinations for such unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (E) implementing policies with respect to the care and placement of unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (F) identifying a sufficient number of qualified individuals, entities, and facilities to house unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (G) overseeing the infrastructure and personnel of facilities in which unaccompanied alien juveniles are housed;
- (H) reuniting unaccompanied alien juveniles with a parent abroad in appropriate cases;
- (I) compiling, updating, and publishing at least annually a State-by-State list of professionals or other entities qualified to provide guardian and attorney representation services for unaccompanied alien juveniles;

- (J) maintaining statistical information and other data on unaccompanied alien juveniles for whose care and placement the Director is responsible, which shall include—
- (i) biographical information, such as a juvenile's name, sex, date of birth, country of birth, and country of habitual residence;
- (ii) the date on which the juvenile came into Federal custody by reason of his or her immigration status;
- (iii) information relating to the juvenile's placement, removal, or release from each facility in which the juvenile has resided;
- (iv) in any case in which the juvenile is placed in detention or released, an explanation relating to the detention or release; and
- (v) the disposition of any actions in which the juvenile is the subject;
- (K) collecting and compiling statistical information from the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, and the Department of State on each department's actions relating to unaccompanied alien juveniles; and
- (L) conducting investigations and inspections of facilities and other entities in which unaccompanied alien juveniles reside.
- (2) COORDINATION WITH OTHER ENTITIES; NO RELEASE ON OWN RECOGNIZANCE.—In making determinations described in paragraph (1)(C), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement—
- (A) shall consult with appropriate juvenile justice professionals, the Director of Immigration Affairs of the Department of Homeland Security to ensure that the unaccompanied alien juveniles with respect to whom the placement determinations are made—
- (i) are likely to appear for all hearings or proceedings in which they are involved;
- (ii) are protected from smugglers, traffickers, or others who might seek to victimize or otherwise engage them in criminal, harmful, or exploitative activity; and
- (iii) are placed in a setting in which they not likely to pose a danger to themselves or others; and
- (B) shall not release such juveniles upon their own recognizance.
- (3) DUTIES WITH RESPECT TO FOSTER CARE.—In carrying out the duties described in paragraph (1)(G), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement is encouraged to consider the use of the refugee children foster care system established pursuant to section 412(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1522(d)) for the placement of unaccompanied alien juveniles.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONDITIONS FOR DETENTION OF UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An unaccompanied alien juvenile described in subsection (a)(2) may be placed in a facility appropriate for delinquent juveniles under conditions appropriate to the behavior of such juvenile.
- (2) RESTRICTION ON DETENTION IN ADULT DETENTION FACILITIES.—To the maximum extent practicable, and consistent with the protection of the juvenile and others, an unaccompanied alien juvenile shall not be placed in an adult detention facility.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to transfer the responsibility for adjudicating benefit determinations or making enforcement determinations under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) from the authority of any official of the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, or the Department of State, as the case may be
- (e) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—There are transferred to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services functions under the immigration and nationality laws of the United States with respect to the custody

- and care of unaccompanied alien juveniles that were vested by statute in, or performed by, the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component of the Immigration and Naturalization Service) immediately before the effective date specified in subsection
 - (f) OTHER TRANSITION MATTERS.-
- (1) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—Except as otherwise provided by law, a Federal official to whom a function is transferred by this section may, for purposes of performing the function, exercise all authorities under any other provision of law that were available with respect to the performance of that function to the official responsible for the performance of the function immediately before the effective date specified in subsection (i).
- (2) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 812 shall apply to a transfer of functions under this section in the same manner as such provisions apply to a transfer of functions under this Act to the Department of Homeland Security.
- (3) TRANSFER AND ALLOCATION OF APPRO-PRIATIONS.—The assets, liabilities, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balance of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds employed, held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available to, the Immigration and Naturalization Service in connection with the functions transferred by this section, subject to section 202 of the Budget and Accounting Procedures Act of 1950, shall be transferred to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement for allocation to the appropriate component of the Department of Health and Human Services. Unexpended funds transferred pursuant to this paragraph shall be used only for the purposes for which the funds were originally authorized and appropriated.
- (g) REFERENCES.—With respect to any function transferred by this section, any reference in any other Federal law, Executive order, rule, regulation, or delegation of authority, or any document of or pertaining to a component of government from which such function is transferred—
- (1) to the head of such component is deemed to refer to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement: or
- (2) to such component is deemed to refer to the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) LAWFULLY PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES.—The term "lawfully present in the United States" means, with respect to an alien, an alien who is—
- (A) an alien who is lawfully admitted for permanent residence (as defined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act):
- (B) an alien who is a nonimmigrant alien described in section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;
- (C) an alien who is a special immigrant described in section 101(a)(27) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;
- (D) an alien who is granted asylum under section 208 of that Act;
- (E) a refugee who is admitted to the United States under section 207 of that Act;
- (F) an alien who is paroled into the United States under section 212(d)(5) of that Act; or
- (G) an alien whose deportation is being withheld under section 243(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect before April 1, 1997) or section 241(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (2) PLACEMENT.—The term "placement" means the placement of an unaccompanied alien juvenile in either a detention facility or an alternative to such a facility.

- (3) UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE.—The term "unaccompanied alien juvenile" means an alien who—
- (A) is not lawfully present in the United States;
 - (B) has not attained 18 years of age; and
 - (C) with respect to whom—
- (i) there is no parent or legal guardian in the United States; or
- (ii) no parent or legal guardian in the United States is available to provide care and physical custody.
- (i) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Notwithstanding section 4, this section shall take effect on the date on which the transfer of functions specified under section 411 takes effect.

TITLE XIII—EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW

SEC. 1301. LEGAL STATUS OF EOIR.

(a) EXISTENCE OF EOIR.—There is in the Department of Justice the Executive Office for Immigration Review, which shall be subject to the direction and regulation of the Attorney General under section 103(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1302.

SEC. 1302. AUTHORITIES OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103) as amended by this Act, is further amended by—

- (1) amending the heading to read as follows:
- "POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY, THE UNDER SECRETARY, AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL";
- (2) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by inserting "Attorney General," after "President,"; and
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (8), (9), (8) (as added by section 372 of Public Law 104–208), and (9) (as added by section 372 of Public Law 104–208) as paragraphs (8), (9), (10), and (11), respectively; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(g) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall have such authorities and functions under this Act and all other laws relating to the immigration and naturalization of aliens as were exercised by the Executive Office for Immigration Review, or by the Attorney General with respect to the Executive Office for Immigration Review, on the day before the effective date of the Immigration Reform, Accountability and Security Enhancement Act of 2002.
- "(2) POWERS.—The Attorney General shall establish such regulations, prescribe such forms of bond, reports, entries, and other papers, issue such instructions, review such administrative determinations in immigration proceedings, delegate such authority, and perform such other acts as the Attorney General determines to be necessary for carrying out this section."

SEC. 1303. STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act, any amendment made by this Act, or in section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by section 1302, shall be construed to limit judicial deference to regulations, adjudications, interpretations, orders, decisions, judgments, or any other actions of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General.

DIVISION C—FEDERAL WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENT

TITLE XXI—CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

SEC. 2101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Chief Human Capital Officers Act of 2002".

SEC. 2102. AGENCY CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFI-CERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part II of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 13 the following:

"CHAPTER 14—AGENCY CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

"Sec

"1401. Establishment of agency Chief Human Capital Officers.

"1402. Authority and functions of agency Chief Human Capital Officers.

"§ 1401. Establishment of agency Chie Human Capital Officers

"The head of each agency referred to under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 901(b) of title 31 shall appoint or designate a Chief Human Capital Officer, who shall—

"(1) advise and assist the head of the agency and other agency officials in carrying out the agency's responsibilities for selecting, developing, training, and managing a high-quality, productive workforce in accordance with merit system principles;

"(2) implement the rules and regulations of the President and the Office of Personnel Management and the laws governing the civil service within the agency; and

"(3) carry out such functions as the primary duty of the Chief Human Capital Officer.

"§ 1402. Authority and functions of agency Chief Human Capital Officers

- ''(a) The functions of each Chief Human Capital Officer shall include—
- "(1) setting the workforce development strategy of the agency;
- "(2) assessing workforce characteristics and future needs based on the agency's mission and strategic plan:
- "(3) aligning the agency's human resources policies and programs with organization mission, strategic goals, and performance outcomes:
- "(4) developing and advocating a culture of continuous learning to attract and retain employees with superior abilities:
- "(5) identifying best practices and benchmarking studies, and
- "(6) applying methods for measuring intellectual capital and identifying links of that capital to organizational performance and growth.
 "(b) In addition to the authority otherwise
- "(b) In addition to the authority otherwise provided by this section, each agency Chief Human Capital Officer—
- "(1) shall have access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, recommendations, or other material that—
- "(A) are the property of the agency or are available to the agency; and
- "(B) relate to programs and operations with respect to which that agency Chief Human Capital Officer has responsibilities under this chapter; and
- "(2) may request such information or assistance as may be necessary for carrying out the duties and responsibilities provided by this chapter from any Federal, State, or local governmental entity.".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of chapters for chapters for part II of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 13 the following:

"14. Agency Chief Human Capital Of-

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Chief Human Capital Officers Council, consisting of—
- (1) the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, who shall act as chairperson of the Council;
- (2) the Deputy Director for Management of the Office of Management and Budget, who

- shall act as vice chairperson of the Council;
- (3) the Chief Human Capital Officers of Executive departments and any other members who are designated by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management.
- (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall meet periodically to advise and coordinate the activities of the agencies of its members on such matters as modernization of human resources systems, improved quality of human resources information, and legislation affecting human resources operations and organizations.
- (c) EMPLOYEE LABOR ORGANIZATIONS AT MEETINGS.—The Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall ensure that representatives of Federal employee labor organizations are present at a minimum of 1 meeting of the Council each year. Such representatives shall not be members of the Council.
- (d) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each year the Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall submit a report to Congress on the activities of the Council.

SEC. 2104. STRATEGIC HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGE-MENT.

Section 1103 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(c)(1) The Office of Personnel Management shall design a set of systems, including appropriate metrics, for assessing the management of human capital by Federal agencies.

"(2) The systems referred to under paragraph (1) shall be defined in regulations of the Office of Personnel Management and include standards for—

"(A)(i) aligning human capital strategies of agencies with the missions, goals, and organizational objectives of those agencies; and

"(ii) integrating those strategies into the budget and strategic plans of those agencies; "(B) closing skill gaps in mission critical

occupations;

"(Ĉ) ensuring continuity of effective leadership through implementation of recruitment, development, and succession plans;

"(D) sustaining a culture that cultivates and develops a high performing workforce;

- "(E) developing and implementing a knowledge management strategy supported by appropriate investment in training and technology; and
- "(F) holding managers and human resources officers accountable for efficient and effective human resources management in support of agency missions in accordance with merit system principles."

SEC. 2105. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this division.

TITLE XXII—REFORMS RELATING TO FEDERAL HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SEC. 2201. INCLUSION OF AGENCY HUMAN CAP-

INCLUSION OF AGENCY HUMAN CAP-ITAL STRATEGIC PLANNING IN PER-FORMANCE PLANS AND PROGRAMS PERFORMANCE REPORTS.

- (a) PERFORMANCE PLANS.—Section 1115 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

 (1) in subsection (a) by striking paragraph
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
- "(3) provide a description of how the performance goals and objectives are to be achieved, including the operation processes, training, skills and technology, and the human, capital, information, and other resources and strategies required to meet those performance goals and objectives.";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g); and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:
- "(f) With respect to each agency with a Chief Human Capital Officer, the Chief

Human Capital Officer shall prepare that portion of the annual performance plan described under subsection (a)(3).".

- (b) PROGRAM PERFORMANCE REPORTS.—Section 1116(d) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6); and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:
- "(5) include a review of the performance goals and evaluation of the performance plan relative to the agency's strategic human capital management; and".

SEC. 2202. REFORM OF THE COMPETITIVE SERV-ICE HIRING PROCESS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
 - (1) in section 3304(a)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
 - (C) by adding at the end of the following:
- "(3) authority for agencies to appoint, without regard to the provision of sections 3309 through 3318, candidates directly to positions for which—
- "(A) public notice has been given; and
- "(B) the Office of Personnel Management has determined that there exists a severe shortage of candidates or there is a critical hiring need.

The Office shall prescribe, by regulation, criteria for identifying such positions and may delegate authority to make determinations under such criteria."; and

(2) by inserting after section 3318 the following:

"\$ 3319. Alternative ranking and selection procedures

"(a) The Office, in exercising its authority under section 3304, or an agency to which the Office has delegated examining authority under section 1104(a)(2), may establish category rating systems for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service, under 2 or more quality categories based on merit consistent with regulations prescribed by the Office of Personnel Management, rather than assigned individual numerical ratings.

"(b) Within each quality category established under subsection (a), preference-eligibles shall be listed ahead of individuals who are not preference eligibles. For other than scientific and professional positions at GS-9 of the General Schedule (equivalent or higher), qualified preference-eligibles who have a compensable service-connected disability of 10 percent or more shall be listed in the highest quality category.

"(c)(1) An appointing official may select any applicant in the highest quality category or, if fewer than 3 candidates have been assigned to the highest quality category, in a merged category consisting of the highest and the second highest quality categories.

"(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the appointing official may not pass over a preference-eligible in the same category from which selection is made, unless the requirements of section 3317(b) or 3318(b), as applicable, are satisfied.

"(d) Each agency that establishes a category rating system under this section shall submit in each of the 3 years following that establishment, a report to Congress on that system including information on—

- "(1) the number of employees hired under that system:
- "(2) the impact that system has had on the hiring of veterans and minorities, including those who are American Indian or Alaska

Natives, Asian, Black or African American, and native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islanders: and

- "(3) the way in which managers were trained in the administration of that system.
- "(e) The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe such regulations as it considers necessary to carry out the provisions of this section."
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 3319 and inserting the following:
- "3319. Alternative ranking and selection procedures.".

SEC. 2203. PERMANENT EXTENSION, REVISION, AND EXPANSION OF AUTHORITIES FOR USE OF VOLUNTARY SEPARA-TION INCENTIVE PAY AND VOL-UNTARY EARLY RETIREMENT.

- (a) VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) AMENDMENT TO TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—Chapter 35 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after subchapter I the following:
 - "SUBCHAPTER II—VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS

"§ 3521. Definitions

- "In this subchapter, the term-
- "(1) 'agency' means an Executive agency as defined under section 105; and
 - "(2) 'employee'-
- "(A) means an employee as defined under section 2105 employed by an agency and an individual employed by a county committee established under section 8(b)(5) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)(5)) who—
- "(i) is serving under an appointment without time limitation; and
- "(ii) has been currently employed for a continuous period of at least 3 years; and
- "(B) shall include—
- "(i) a reemployed annuitant under subchapter III of chapter 83 or 84 or another retirement system for employees of the Government:
- "(ii) an employee having a disability on the basis of which such employee is or would be eligible for disability retirement under subchapter III of chapter 83 or 84 or another retirement system for employees of the Government.
- "(iii) an employee who is in receipt of a decision notice of involuntary separation for misconduct or unacceptable performance;
- "(iv) an employee who has previously received any voluntary separation incentive payment from the Federal Government under this subchapter or any other authority:
- "(v) an employee covered by statutory reemployment rights who is on transfer employment with another organization; or
 - "(vi) any employee who—
- "(I) during the 36-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a student loan repayment benefit was or is to be paid under section 5379;
- "(II) during the 24-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a recruitment or relocation bonus was or is to be paid under section 5753; or
- "(III) during the 12-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a retention bonus was or is to be paid under section 5754.

"§ 3522. Agency plans; approval

"(a) Before obligating any resources for voluntary separation incentive payments, the head of each agency shall submit to the Office of Personnel Management a plan outlining the intended use of such incentive payments and a proposed organizational chart for the agency once such incentive payments have been completed.

"(b) The plan of an agency under subsection (a) shall include—

"(1) the specific positions and functions to be reduced or eliminated; "(2) a description of which categories of

employees will be offered incentives;

- "(3) the time period during which incentives may be paid;
- "(4) the number and amounts of voluntary separation incentive payments to be offered; and
- "(5) a description of how the agency will operate without the eliminated positions and functions.
- "(c) The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall review each agency's plan an may make any appropriate modifications in the plan, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. A plan under this section may not be implemented without the approval of the Directive of the Office of Personnel Management.

"\$ 3523. Authority to provide voluntary separation incentive payments

- "(a) A voluntary separation incentive payment under this subchapter may be paid to an employee only as provided in the plan of an agency established under section 3522.
 - "(b) A voluntary incentive payment-
- "(1) shall be offered to agency employees on the basis of—
- "(A) 1 or more organizational units;
- "(B) 1 or more occupational series or levels:
- "(C) 1 or more geographical locations;
- "(D) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position;
- "(E) specific periods of time during which eligible employees may elect a voluntary incentive payment; or
- "(F) any appropriate combination of such factors;
- "(2) shall be paid in a lump sum after the employee's separation:
- "(3) shall be equal to the lesser of—
- "(A) an amount equal to the amount the employee would be entitled to receive under section 5595(c)if the employee were entitled to payment under such section (without adjustment for any previous payment made); or
- "(B) an amount determined by the agency head, not to exceed \$25,000;
- "(4) may be made only in the case of an employee who voluntarily separates (whether by retirement or resignation) under this subchapter;
- "(5) shall not be a basis for payment, and shall not be included in the computation, of any other type of Government benefit;
- "(6) shall not be taken into account in determining the amount of any severance pay to which the employee may be entitled under section 5595, based on another other separation; and
- "(7) shall be paid from appropriations or funds available for the payment of the basic pay of the employee.

"\$ 3524. Effect of subsequent employment with the Government

- "(a) The term 'employment'-
- "(1) in subsection (b) includes employment under a personal services contract (or other direct contract) with the United States Government (other than an entity in the legislative branch): and
- "(2) in subsection (c) does not include employment under such a contract.
- "(b) An individual who has received a voluntary separation incentive payment under this subchapter and accepts any employment for compensation with the Government of the United States with 5 years after the date

of the separation on which the payment is based shall be required to pay, before the individual's first day of employment, the entire amount of the incentive payment to he agency that paid the incentive payment.

"(c)(1) If the employment under this section is with an agency, other than the General Accounting Office, the United States Postal Service, or the Postal Rate Commission, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management may, at the request of the head of the agency, may waive the repayment if—

"(A) the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position; or

"(B) in case of an emergency involving a direct threat to life or property, the individual—

"(i) has skills directly related to resolving the emergency; and

"(ii) will serve on a temporary basis only so long as that individual's services are made necessary by the emergency.

"(2) If the employment under this section is with an entity in the legislative branch, the head of the entity or the appointing official may waive the repayment if the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position.

"(3) If the employment under this section is with the judicial branch, the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may waive the repayment if the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position.

"§ 3525. Regulations

- "The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe regulations to carry out this sub-chapter.".
- (B) Technical and conforming amendments.—Chapter 35 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
- (i) by striking the chapter heading and inserting the following:

"CHAPTER 35—RETENTION PREFERENCE, VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS, RESTORATION, AND REEM-PLOYMENT";

and

(ii) in the table of sections by inserting after the item relating to section 3504 the following:

"SUBCHAPTER II—VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS

- "3521. Definitions.
- "3522. Agency plans; approval.
- "3523. Authority to provide voluntary separation incentive payments.
- "3524. Effect of subsequent employment with the Government.
- "3525. Regulations.".
- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS.—The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may, by regulation, establish a program substantially similar to the program established under paragraph (1) for individuals serving in the judicial branch.
- (3) CONTINUATION OF OTHER AUTHORITY.—Any agency exercising any voluntary separation incentive authority in effect on the effective date of this subsection may continue to offer voluntary separation incentives consistent with that authority until that authority expires.
- (4) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall take effect 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (b) Federal Employee Voluntary Early Retirement.—
- (1) CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM.— Section 8336(d)(2) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

- "(2)(A) has been employed continuously, by the agency in which the employee is serving, for at least the 31-day period ending on the date on which such agency requests the determination referred to in subparagraph (D);
- "(B) is serving under an appointment that is not time limited;
- "(C) has not been duly notified that such employee is to be involuntarily separated for misconduct or unacceptable performance;
- "(D) is separated from the service voluntarily during a period in which, as determined by the office of Personnel Management (upon request of the agency) under regulations prescribed by the Office—
- "(i) such agency (or, if applicable, the component in which the employee is serving) is undergoing substantial delayering, substantial reorganization, substantial reductions in force, substantial transfer of function, or other substantial workforce restructuring (or shaping);
- "(ii) a significant percentage of employees servicing in such agency (or component) are likely to be separated or subject to an immediate reduction in the rate of basic pay (without regard to subchapter VI of chapter 53, or comparable provisions); or
- "(iii) identified as being in positions which are becoming surplus or excess to the agency's future ability to carry out its mission effectively: and
- "(E) as determined by the agency under regulations prescribed by the Office, is within the scope of the offer of voluntary early retirement, which may be made on the basis of
- "(i) 1 or more organizational units;
- "(ii) 1 or more occupational series or levels:
 - "(iii) 1 or more geographical locations;
 - "(iv) specific periods;
- "(v) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position; or
- "(vi) any appropriate combination of such factors;".
- (2) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM.—Section 8414(b)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:
- "(B)(i) has been employed continuously, by the agency in which the employee is serving, for at least the 31-day period ending on the date on which such agency requests the determination referred to in clause (iv):
- "(ii) is serving under an appointment that is not time limited;
- "(iii) has not been duly notified that such employee is to be involuntarily separated for misconduct or unacceptable performance:
- "(iv) is separate from the service voluntarily during a period in which, as determined by the Office of Personnel Management (upon request of the agency) under regulations prescribed by the Office—
- "(I) such agency (or, if applicable, the component in which the employee is serving) is undergoing substantial delayering, substantial reorganization, substantial reductions in force, substantial transfer of function, or other substantial workforce restructuring (or shaping);
- "(II) a significant percentage of employees serving in such agency (or component) are likely to be separated or subject to an immediate reduction in the rate of basic pay (without regard to subchapter VI of chapter 53, or comparable provisions); or
- "(III) identified as being in positions which are becoming surplus or excess to the agency's future ability to carry out its mission effectively; and
- "(v) as determined by the agency under regulations prescribed by the Office, is within the scope of the offer of voluntary early retirement, which may be made on the basis of—
 - "(I) 1 or more organizational units;

- "(II) 1 or more occupational series or lev-
- "(III) 1 or more geographical locations; "(IV) specific periods;
- "(V) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position; or
- "(VI) any appropriate combination of such factors."
- (3) GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE AUTHOR-ITY.—The amendments made by this subsection shall not be construed to affect the authority under section 1 of Public Law 106– 303 (5 U.S.C. 8336 note; 114 State. 1063).
- (4) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—Section 7001 of the 1998 Supplemental Appropriations and Rescissions Act (Public Law 105–174; 112 Stat. 91) is repealed.
- (5) REGULATIONS.—The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe regulations to carry out this subsection.
- (c) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the implementation of this section is intended to reshape the Federal workforce and not downsize the Federal workforce.

SEC. 2204. STUDENT VOLUNTEER TRANSIT SUBSIDY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7905(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "and a member of a uniformed service" and inserting ", a member of a uniformed service, and a student who provides voluntary services under section 3111".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—Section 3111(c)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "chapter 81 of this title" and inserting "section 7905 (relating to commuting by means other than single-occupancy motor vehicles), chapter 81".

TITLE XXIII—REFORMS RELATING TO THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE

SEC. 2301. REPEAL OF RECERTIFICATION RE-QUIREMENTS OF SENIOR EXECU-TIVES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Title 5, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in chapter 33—
- (A) in section 3393(g) by striking "3393a";
- (B) by repealing section 3393a; and
- (C) in the table of sections by striking the item relating to section 3393a;
- (2) in chapter 35—
- (A) in section 3592(a)—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or" at the end;
- (ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at the end;
 - (iii) by striking paragraph (3); and
 - (iv) by striking the last sentence;
- (B) in section 3593(a), by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- "(2) the appointee left the Senior Executive Service for reasons other than misconduct, neglect of duty, malfeasance, or less than fully successful executive performance as determined under subchapter II of chapter 43."; and
- (C) in section 3594(b)—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or" at the end;
- (ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at the end; and
 - (iii) by striking paragraph (3);
- (3) in section 7701(c)(1)(A), by striking "or removal from the Senior Executive Service for failure to be recertified under section 3393a":
- (4) in chapter 83-
- (A) in section 8336(h)(1), by striking "for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a or"; and
- (B) in section 8339(h), in the first sentence, by striking ", except that such reduction shall not apply in the case of an employee retiring under section 8336(h) for failure to be recertified as a senior executive"; and

- (5) in chapter 84-
- (A) in section 8414(a)(1), by striking "for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a or"; and
- (B) in section 8421(a)(2), by striking ", except that an individual entitled to an annuity under section 8414(a) for failure to be recertified as a senior executive shall be entitled to an annuity supplement without regard to such applicable retirement age".
- (b) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Notwithstanding the amendments made by subsection (a)(2)(A), an appeal under the final sentence of section 3592(a) of title 5, United States Code, that is pending on the day before the effective date of this section—
- (1) shall not abate by reason of the enactment of the amendments made by subsection (a)(2)(A); and
- (2) shall continue as if such amendments had not been enacted.
- (c) APPLICATION.—The amendment made by subsection (a)(2)(B) shall not apply with respect to an individual who, before the effective date of this section, leaves the Senior Executive Service for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 2302. ADJUSTMENT OF LIMITATION ON TOTAL ANNUAL COMPENSATION.

Section 5307(a) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the total payment referred to under such paragraph with respect to an employee paid under section 5372, 5376, or 5383 of title 5 or section 332(f), 603, or 604 of title 28 shall not exceed the total annual compensation payable to the Vice President under section 104 of title 3. Regulations prescribed under subsection (c) may extend the application of this paragraph to other equivalent categories of employees.".

TITLE XXIV—ACADEMIC TRAINING SEC. 2401. ACADEMIC TRAINING.

(a) ACADEMIC DEGREE TRAINING.—Section 4107 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 4107. Academic degree training

- "(a) Subject to subsection (b), an agency may select and assign an employee to academic degree training and may pay or reimburse the costs of academic degree training from appropriated or other available funds if such training—
- "(1) contributes significantly to—
- "(A) meeting an identified agency training need:
- "(B) resolving an identified agency staffing problem; or
- "(C) accomplishing goals in the strategic plan of the agency;
- "(2) is part of a planned, systemic, and coordinated agency employee development program linked to accomplishing the strategic goals of the agency; and
- "(3) is accredited and is provided by a college or university that is accredited by a nationally recognized body.
- "(b) In exercising authority under subsection (a), an agency shall—
- ''(1) consistent with the merit system principles set forth in paragraphs (2) and (7) of section 2301(b), take into consideration the need to—
- "(A) maintain a balanced workforce in which women, members of racial and ethnic minority groups, and persons with disabilities are appropriately represented in Government service; and
- "(B) provide employees effective education and training to improve organizational and individual performance;
- "(2) assure that the training is not for the sole purpose of providing an employee an opportunity to obtain an academic degree or

qualify for appointment to a particular position for which the academic degree is a basic requirement:

- "(3) assure that no authority under this subsection is exercised on behalf of any employee occupying or seeking to qualify for—
- "(A) a noncareer appointment in the senior Executive Service; or
- "(B) appointment to any position that is excepted from the competitive service because of its confidential policy-determining, policy-making or policy-advocating character; and
- "(4) to the greatest extent practicable, facilitate the use of online degree training.".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 41 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 4107 and inserting the following:
- "4107. Academic degree training.".

SEC. 2402. MODIFICATIONS TO NATIONAL SECU-RITY EDUCATION PROGRAM.

- (a) FINDINGS AND POLICIES.—
- (1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (A) the United States Government actively encourages and financially supports the training, education, and development of many United States citizens:
- (B) as a condition of some of those supports, many of those citizens have an obligation to seek either compensated or uncompensated employment in the Federal sector; and
- (C) it is in the United States national interest to maximize the return to the Nation of funds invested in the development of such citizens by seeking to employ them in the Federal sector.
- (2) POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States Government to—
- (A) establish procedures for ensuring that United States citizens who have incurred service obligations as the result of receiving financial support for education and training from the United States Government and have applied for Federal positions are considered in all recruitment and hiring initiatives of Federal departments, bureaus, agencies, and offices; and
- (B) advertise and open all Federal positions to United States citizens who have incurred service obligations with the United States Government as the result of receiving financial support for education and training from the United States Government.
- (b) FULFILLMENT OF SERVICE REQUIREMENT IF NATIONAL SECURITY POSITIONS ARE UNAVAILABLE.—Section 802(b)(2) of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 (50 U.S.C. 1902) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following:
- "(ii) if the recipient demonstrates to the Secretary (in accordance with such regulations) that no national security position in an agency or office of the Federal Government having national security responsibilities is available, work in other offices or agencies of the Federal Government or in the field of higher education in a discipline relating to the foreign country, foreign language, area study, or international field of study for which the scholarship was awarded, for a period specified by the Secretary, which period shall be determined in accordance with clause (i); or"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following:
- "(ii) if the recipient demonstrates to the Secretary (in accordance with such regulations) that no national security position is available upon the completion of the degree, work in other offices or agencies of the Federal Government or in the field of higher education in a discipline relating to foreign country, foreign language, area study, or

international field of study for which the fellowship was awarded, for a period specified by the Secretary, which period shall be determined in accordance with clause (i); and".

SEC. 2403. COMPENSATION TIME OFF FOR TRAV-

Subchapter V of chapter 55 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at end the following:

"§ 5550b. Compensatory time off for travel

- "(a) An employee shall receive 1 hour of compensatory time off for each hour spent by the employee in travel status away from the official duty station of the employee, to the extent that the time spent in travel status is not otherwise compensable.
- "(b) Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe regulations to implement this section.".

SEC. 2404. EXTENSION OF CUSTOMS USER FEES.

Section 13031(j)(3) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(j)(3)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2003" and inserting "December 31, 2007".

TITLE XXXI—NATIONAL COMMISSION ON TERRORIST ATTACKS UPON THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 3101. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.

There is established the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States (in this title referred to as the "Commission")

SEC. 3102. PURPOSES.

The purposes of the Commission are to—

- (1) examine and report upon the facts and causes relating to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, occurring at the World Trade Center in New York, New York and at the Pentagon in Virginia:
- (2) ascertain, evaluate, and report on the evidence developed by all relevant governmental agencies regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the attacks;
- (3) build upon the investigations of other entities, and avoid unnecessary duplication, by reviewing the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of—
- (A) the Joint Inquiry of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives regarding the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001;
- (B) other executive branch, congressional, or independent commission investigations into the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, other terrorist attacks, and terrorism generally:
- (4) make a full and complete accounting of the circumstances surrounding the attacks, and the extent of the United States' preparedness for, and response to, the attacks; and
- (5) investigate and report to the President and Congress on its findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures that can be taken to prevent acts of terrorism.

SEC. 3103. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMISSION.

- (a) MEMBERS.—The Commission shall be composed of 10 members, of whom—
- (1) 3 members shall be appointed by the majority leader of the Senate;
- (2) 3 members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- (3) 2 members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the Senate; and
- (4) 2 members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives.
- (b) Chairperson; Vice Chairperson.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of the Commission shall be elected by the members

- (2) POLITICAL PARTY AFFILIATION.—The Chairperson and Vice Chairperson shall not be from the same political party.
 - (c) QUALIFICATIONS; INITIAL MEETING.-
- (1) POLITICAL PARTY AFFILIATION.—Not more than 5 members of the Commission shall be from the same political party.
- (2) NONGOVERNMENTAL APPOINTEES.—An individual appointed to the Commission may not be an officer or employee of the Federal Government or any State or local government.
- (3) OTHER QUALIFICATIONS.—It is the sense of Congress that individuals appointed to the Commission should be prominent United States citizens, with national recognition and significant depth of experience in such professions as governmental service, law enforcement, the armed services, legal practice, public administration, intelligence gathering, commerce, including aviation matters and foreign affairs
- (4) INITIAL MEETING.—If 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, 6 or more members of the Commission have been appointed, those members who have been appointed may meet and, if necessary, select a temporary chairperson, who may begin the operations of the Commission, including the hiring of staff.
- (d) QUORUM; VACANCIES.—After its initial meeting, the Commission shall meet upon the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members. Six members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum. Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

SEC. 3104. FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

The functions of the Commission are to-

- (1) conduct an investigation that—
- (A) investigates relevant facts and circumstances relating to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, including any relevant legislation, Executive order, regulation, plan, policy, practice, or procedure; and
- (B) may include relevant facts and circumstances relating to—
 - (i) intelligence agencies;
 - (ii) law enforcement agencies;
 - (iii) diplomacy;
- (iv) immigration, nonimmigrant visas, and border control:
- (v) the flow of assets to terrorist organizations;
- (vi) commercial aviation; and
- (vii) other areas of the public and private sectors determined relevant by the Commission for its inquiry;
- (2) identify, review, and evaluate the lessons learned from the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, regarding the structure, coordination, management policies, and procedures of the Federal Government, and, if appropriate, State and local governments and nongovernmental entities, relative to detecting, preventing, and responding to such terrorist attacks; and
- (3) submit to the President and Congress such reports as are required by this title containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations as the Commission shall determine, including proposing organization, coordination, planning, management arrangements, procedures, rules, and regulations.

SEC. 3105. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commission or, on the authority of the Commission, any subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out this title—
- (A) hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, administer such oaths; and
- (B) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses

and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents, as the Commission or such designated subcommittee or designated member may determine advisable.

(2) Subpoenas.—

- (A) Issuance.—Subpoenas issued under paragraph (1)(B) may be issued under the signature of the chairperson of the Commission the Vice Chairperson the Commission, the chairperson of any subcommittee created by a majority of the Commission, or any member designated by a majority of the Commission, and may be served by any person designated by the chairperson, subcommittee chairperson, or member.
 - (B) Enforcement.—
- (i) In GENERAL.—In the case of contumacy or failure to obey a subpoena issued under paragraph (1)(B), the United States district court for the judicial district in which the subpoenaed person resides, is served, or may be found, or where the subpoena is returnable, may issue an order requiring such person to appear at any designated place to testify or to produce documentary or other evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of that court.
- (ii) ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT.—In the case of any failure of any witness to comply with any subpoena or to testify when summoned under authority of this section, the Commission may, by majority vote, certify a statement of fact constituting such failure to the appropriate United States attorney, who may bring the matter before the grand jury for its action, under the same statutory authority and procedures as if the United States attorney had received a certification under sections 102 through 104 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. 192 through 194).
 - (b) CLOSED MEETINGS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Meetings of the Commission may be closed to the public under section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) or other applicable law.
- (2) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.—In addition to the authority under paragraph (1), section 10(a)(1) and (3) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to any portion of a Commission meeting if the President determines that such portion or portions of that meeting is likely to disclose matters that could endanger national security. If the President makes such determination, the requirements relating to a determination under section 10(d) of that Act shall apply.
- (c) CONTRACTING.—The Commission may, to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts, enter into contracts to enable the Commission to discharge its duties under this title.
- (d) Information From Federal Agen-CIES -The Commission is authorized to secure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality of the Government information. suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the purposes of this title. Each department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality shall, to the extent authorized by law. furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request made by the chairperson, the chairperson of any subcommittee created by a majority of the Commission, or any member designated by a majority of the Commission.
 - (e) Assistance From Federal Agencies.—
- (1) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION.— The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis administrative support and other

- services for the performance of the Commission's functions.
- (2) OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—In addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph (1), departments and agencies of the United States are authorized to provide to the Commission such services, funds, facilities, staff, and other support services as they may determine advisable and as may be authorized by law.
- (f) GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.
- (g) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as departments and agencies of the United States.

SEC. 3106. STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.—The chairperson, in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Commission, may appoint and fix the compensation of a staff director and such other personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its functions, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay fixed under this subsection may exceed the equivalent of that payable for a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5. United States Code.
 - (2) PERSONNEL AS FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The executive director and any personnel of the Commission who are employees shall be employees under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, and 90 of that title.
- (B) Members of commission.—Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to apply to members of the Commission.
- (b) DETAILEES.—Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement from the Commission, and such detailee shall retain the rights, status, and privileges of his or her regular employment without interruption.
- (c) CONSULTANT SERVICES.—The Commission is authorized to procure the services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at rates not to exceed the daily rate paid a person occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 3107. COMPENSATION AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.

- (a) COMPENSATION.—Each member of the Commission may be compensated at not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which that member is engaged in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission.
- (b) Travel Expenses.—While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission, members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in the Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 3108. SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR COMMISSION MEMBERS AND STAFF.

The appropriate executive departments and agencies shall cooperate with the Commission in expeditiously providing to the Commission members and staff appropriate security clearances in a manner consistent

with existing procedures and requirements, except that no person shall be provided with access to classified information under this section who would not otherwise qualify for such security clearance.

SEC. 3109. REPORTS OF THE COMMISSION; TER-MINATION.

- (a) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the first meeting of the Commission, the Commission shall submit to the President and Congress an initial report containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures as have been agreed to by a majority of Commission members.
- (b) ADDITIONAL REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the submission of the initial report of the Commission, the Commission shall submit to the President and Congress a second report containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures as have been agreed to by a majority of Commission members.
 - (c) TERMINATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission, and all the authorities of this title, shall terminate 60 days after the date on which the second report is submitted under subsection (b).
- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIVITIES BEFORE TER-MINATION.—The Commission may use the 60day period referred to in paragraph (1) for the purpose of concluding its activities, including providing testimony to committees of Congress concerning its reports and disseminating the second report.

SEC. 3110. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission to carry out this title \$3,000,000, to remain available until expended.

TITLE XXXII

SEC. ____. PRESERVATION OF THE PRESIDENTIAL NATIONAL SECURITY POWER

"Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, nothing in this Act shall be construed to take away the statutory authority of the President to act in a manner consistent with national security requirements and consideration as existed on the day of the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001.

These sections shall take effect one day after date of enactment.

SA 4743. Mr. DASCHLE (for himself, Mr. Nelson of Nebraska, Mr. Chafee, and Mr. Breaux) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 4742 proposed by Mr. Daschle to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 96, strike line 2 and all that follows through page 109, line 13, and insert the following:

SEC. 730. ESTABLISHMENT OF HUMAN RE-SOURCES MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (A) it is extremely important that employees of the Department be allowed to participate in a meaningful way in the creation of any human resources management system affecting them;
- (B) such employees have the most direct knowledge of the demands of their jobs and have a direct interest in ensuring that their human resources management system is conducive to achieving optimal operational efficiencies;
- (C) the 21st century human resources management system envisioned for the Department should be one that benefits from the input of its employees; and
- (D) this collaborative effort will help secure our homeland.

(2) IN GENERAL.—Subpart I of part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 97—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec.

"9701. Establishment of human resources management system.

"§ 9701. Establishment of human resources management system

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the Secretary may, in regulations prescribed jointly with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, establish, and from time to time adjust, a human resources management system for some or all of the organizational units of the Department.
- "(b) SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.—Any system established under subsection (a) shall—
 - "(1) be flexible;
 - "(2) be contemporary;
- "(3) not waive, modify, or otherwise affect—
- "(A) the public employment principles of merit and fitness set forth in section 2301, including the principles of hiring based on merit, fair treatment without regard to political affiliation or other nonmerit considerations, equal pay for equal work, and protection of employees against reprisal for whistleblowing;
- "(B) any provision of section 2302, relating to prohibited personnel practices;
- "(C)(i) any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1); or
- "(ii) any provision of law implementing any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1) by—
- "(I) providing for equal employment opportunity through affirmative action; or
- "(II) providing any right or remedy available to any employee or applicant for employment in the civil service;
- ``(D) any other provision of this part (as described in subsection (c)); or
- "(E) any rule or regulation prescribed under any provision of law referred to in any of the preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph;
- "(4) ensure that employees may organize, bargain collectively, and participate through labor organizations of their own choosing in decisions which affect them, subject to any exclusion from coverage or limitation on negotiability established by law; and
- "(5) permit the use of a category rating system for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service.
- "(c) OTHER NONWAIVABLE PROVISIONS.—The other provisions of this part as referred to in subsection (b)(3)(D), are (to the extent not otherwise specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subsection (b)(3)—
- ``(1) subparts A, B, E, G, and H of this part; and
- "(2) chapters 41, 45, 47, 55, 57, 59, 71, 72, 73, 77, and 79, and this chapter.
- "(d) LIMITATIONS RELATING TO PAY.—Nothing in this section shall constitute authority—
- "(1) to modify the pay of any employee who serves in—
- "(A) an Executive Schedule position under subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code; or
- "(B) a position for which the rate of basic pay is fixed in statute by reference to a section or level under subchapter II of chapter 53 of such title 5:
- "(2) to fix pay for any employee or position at an annual rate greater than the maximum amount of cash compensation allowable under section 5307 of such title 5 in a year; or
- "(3) to exempt any employee from the application of such section 5307.
- "(e) PROVISIONS TO ENSURE COLLABORATION WITH EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to ensure that the authority of this section is exercised in collaboration with, and in a manner that ensures the direct participation of employee representatives in the planning development, and implementation of any human resources management system or adjustments under this section, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall provide for the following:
- "(A) NOTICE OF PROPOSAL.— The Secretary and the Director shall, with respect to any proposed system or adjustment—
- "(i) provide to each employee representative representing any employees who might be affected, a written description of the proposed system or adjustment (including the reasons why it is considered necessary):
- "(ii) give each representative at least 60 days (unless extraordinary circumstances require earlier action) to review and make recommendations with respect to the proposal;
- "(iii) give any recommendations received from any such representatives under clause (ii) full and fair consideration in deciding whether or how to proceed with the proposal.
- "(B) PREIMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS.—
 If the Secretary and the Director decide to implement a proposal described in subparagraph (A), they shall before implementation—
- "(i) give each representative details of the decision to implement the proposal, together with the information upon which the decision is based:
- "(ii) give each representative an opportunity to make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give such recommendation full and fair consideration, including the providing of reasons to an employee representative if any of its recommendations are rejected
- "(C) CONTINUING COLLABORATION.—If a proposal described in subparagraph (A) is implemented, the Secretary and the Director shall—
- "(i) develop a method for each employee representative to participate in any further planning or development which might become necessary; and
- "(ii) give each employee representative adequate access to information to make that participation productive.
- "(2) PROCEDURES.—Any procedures necessary to carry out this subsection shall be established by the Secretary and the Director jointly. Such procedures shall include measures to ensure—
- "(A) in the case of employees within a unit with respect to which a labor organization is accorded exclusive recognition, representation by individuals designated or from among individuals nominated by such organization:
- "(B) in the case of any employees who are not within such a unit, representation by any appropriate organization which represents a substantial percentage of those employees or, if none, in such other manner as may be appropriate, consistent with the purposes of the subsection; and
- "(C) the selection of representatives in a manner consistent with the relative number of employees represented by the organizations or other representatives involved.
- "(3) WRITTEN AGREEMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, employees within a unit to which a labor organization is accorded exclusive recognition under chapter 71 shall not be subject to any system provided under this section unless the exclusive representative and the Secretary have entered into a written agreement, which specifically provides for the inclusion of such employees within such system. Such written agreement may be imposed by the Federal Service Impasses Panel

- under section 7119, after negotiations consistent with section 7117.
- "(f) Provisions Relating to Appellate Procedures.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- "(A) employees of the Department are entitled to fair treatment in any appeals that they bring in decisions relating to their employment; and
- "(B) in prescribing regulations for any such appeals procedures, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management—
- "(i) should ensure that employees of the Department are afforded the protections of due process; and
- "(ii) toward that end, should be required to consult with the Merit Systems Protection Board before issuing any such regulations.
- "(2) REQUIREMENTS.—Any regulations under this section which relate to any matters within the purview of chapter 77—
- "(A) shall be issued only after consultation with the Merit Systems Protection Board;
- "(B) shall ensure the availability of procedures which shall—
- "(i) be consistent with requirements of due process; and
- "(ii) provide, to the maximum extent practicable, for the expeditious handling of any matters involving the Department: and
- "(C) shall modify procedures under chapter 77 only insofar as such modifications are designed to further the fair, efficient, and expeditious resolution of matters involving the employees of the Department.
- "(g) SUNSET PROVISION.—Effective 5 years after the conclusion of the transition period defined under section 801 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, all authority to issue regulations under this section (including regulations which would modify, supersede, or terminate any regulations previously issued under this section) shall cease to be available."
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of the following:

"97. Department of Homeland Security 9701".

- (b) Effect on Personnel.—
- (1) Nonseparation or nonreduction in grade or compensation of full-time personnel and part-time personnel holding permanent positions.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the transfer pursuant to this act of full-time personnel (except special Government employees) and part-time personnel holding permanent positions shall not cause any such employee to be separated or reduced in grade or compensation for one year after the date of transfer to the Department.
- (2) POSITIONS COMPENSATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.—Any person who, on the day preceding such person's date of transfer pursuant to this Act, held a position compensated in accordance with the Executive Schedule prescribed in chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, and who, without a break in service, is appointed in the Department to a position having duties comparable to the duties performed immediately preceding such appointment shall continue to be compensated in such new position at not less than the rate provided for such position, for the duration of the service of such person in such new position.
- (3) COORDINATION RULE.—Any exercise of authority under chapter 97 of title 5, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)), including under any system established under such chapter, shall be in conformance with the requirements of this subsection.

SEC. 731, LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

- (a) LIMITATION ON EXCLUSIONARY AUTHORITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—No agency or subdivision of an agency which is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act shall be excluded from the coverage of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as a result of any order issued under section 7103(b)(1) of such title 5 after June 18, 2002, unless—
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of the agency (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such agency (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) EXCLUSIONS ALLOWABLE.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall affect the effectiveness of any order to the extent that such order excludes any portion of an agency or subdivision of an agency as to which—
- (A) recognition as an appropriate unit has never been conferred for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code; or
- (B) any such recognition has been revoked or otherwise terminated as a result of a determination under subsection (b)(1).
- (b) Provisions Relating to Bargaining Units —
- (1) LIMITATION RELATING TO APPROPRIATE UNITS.—Each unit which is recognized as an appropriate unit for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as of the day before the effective date of this Act (and any subdivision of any such unit) shall, if such unit (or subdivision) is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, continue to be so recognized for such purposes, unless—
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of such unit (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such unit (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) LIMITATION RELATING TO POSITIONS OR EMPLOYEES.—No position or employee within a unit (or subdivision of a unit) as to which continued recognition is given in accordance with paragraph (1) shall be excluded from such unit (or subdivision), for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, unless the primary job duty of such position or employee—
 - (A) materially changes; and
- (B) consists of intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- In the case of any positions within a unit (or subdivision) which are first established on or after the effective date of this Act and any employee first appointed on or after such date, the preceding sentence shall be applied disregarding subparagraph (A).
- (c) COORDINATION RULE.—No other provision of this Act or of any amendment made by this Act may be construed or applied in a manner so as to limit, supersede, or otherwise affect the provisions of this section, except to the extent that it does so by specific reference to this section.
- (d) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, Title XXXII is null and void.

SA 4744. Mr. DASCHLE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to the language proposed to be stricken by amendment SA 4471 proposed by Mr. LIEBERMAN to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike all after the first word in H.R. 5005 and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the ''Homeland Security Act of 2002''.
- (b) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:
- (1) DIVISION A.—Homeland Security.
- (2) DIVISION B.—Immigration Reform, Accountability, and Security Enhancement Act of 2002.
- (3) DIVISION C.—Federal Workforce Improvement.
- (c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Construction; severability.
- Sec. 4. Effective date.

DIVISION A—HOMELAND SECURITY TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

- Sec. 101. Executive department; mission.
- Sec. 102. Secretary; functions.
- Sec. 103. Other officers.
- Sec. 104. Office of International Affairs.

TITLE II—INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION

- Sec. 201. Directorate for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- Sec. 202. Access to information.
- Sec. 203. Protection of voluntarily furnished confidential information.

TITLE III—SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

- Sec. 301. Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- Sec. 302. Responsibilities and authorities of the Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- Sec. 303. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 304. Conduct of certain public healthrelated activities.
- Sec. 305. Research in conjunction with the Department of Health and Human Services and other departments.
- Sec. 306. Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency.
- Sec. 307. Miscellaneous authorities relating to national laboratories.
- Sec. 308. Homeland Security Institute.
- Sec. 309. Utilization of Department of Energy national laboratories and sites in support of homeland security activities.
- Sec. 310. Transfer of Plum Island Animal Disease Center, Department of Agriculture.
- Sec. 311. Clearinghouse.

TITLE IV—BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

- Sec. 401. Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- Sec. 402. Responsibilities.
- Sec. 403. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 404. Transfer of certain agricultural inspection functions of the Department of Agriculture.
- Sec. 405. Coordination of information and information technology.
- Sec. 406. Visa issuance.
- Sec. 407. Border security and immigration working group.
- Sec. 408. Information on visa denials required to be entered into electronic data system.
- Sec. 409. Study on use of foreign national personnel in visa processing.

TITLE V—EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

Sec. 501. Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response.

- Sec. 502. Responsibilities.
- Sec. 503. Functions transferred.
- Sec. 504. Nuclear incident response.
- Sec. 505. Conduct of certain public healthrelated activities.
- Sec. 506. Definition.

TITLE VI—MANAGEMENT

- Sec. 601. Under Secretary for Management.
- Sec. 602. Responsibilities.
- Sec. 603. Chief Financial Officer.
- Sec. 604. Chief Information Officer. Sec. 605. Chief Human Capital Officer.
- TITLE VII—COORDINATION WITH NON-FEDERAL ENTITIES; INSPECTOR GEN-
- ERAL; UNITED STATES SECRET SERV-ICE; COAST GUARD; GENERAL PROVISIONS
- Subtitle A—Coordination with Non-Federal Entities
- Sec. 701. Responsibilities.
 - Subtitle B—Inspector General
- Sec. 710. Authority of the Secretary.
- Sec. 711. Law enforcement powers of Inspector General Agents.
- Subtitle C-United States Secret Service
- Sec. 720. Functions transferred.

Subtitle D—General Provisions

- Sec. 730. Establishment of Human Resources Management System.
- Sec. 731. Labor-management relations.
- Sec. 732. Advisory committees.
- Sec. 733. Acquisitions.
- Sec. 734. Reorganization authority.
- Sec. 735. Miscellaneous provisions.
- Sec. 736. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 737. Regulatory authority.
- Sec. 738. Use of appropriated funds.
- Sec. 739. Future Year Homeland Security Program.
- Sec. 739A. Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Division.
- Sec. 739B. Coordination with the Department of Health and Human Services under the Public Health Service Act.
- Subtitle E—Risk Sharing and Indemnification for Contractors Supplying Anti-Terrorism Technology and Services
- Sec. 741. Application of indemnification authority.
- Sec. 742. Application of indemnification authority to State and local government contractors.
- Sec. 743. Procurements of anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services by State and local governments through Federal contracts.
- Sec. 744. Congressional notification.
- Sec. 745. Definitions.

Subtitle F—Federal Emergency Procurement Flexibility

- Sec. 751. Definition.
- Sec. 752. Procurements for defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack.
- Sec. 753. Increased simplified acquisition threshold for procurements in support of humanitarian or peacekeeping operations or contingency operations.
- Sec. 754. Increased micro-purchase threshold for certain procurements.
- Sec. 755. Application of certain commercial items authorities to certain procurements.
- Sec. 756. Use of streamlined procedures.
- Sec. 757. Review and report by Comptroller General.
- Sec. 758. Identification of new entrants into the Federal marketplace.

Subtitle G-Coast Guard

Sec. 761. Preserving Coast Guard mission performance.

TITLE VIII—TRANSITION

Sec. 801. Definitions.

Sec. 802. Transfer of agencies

Sec. 803. Transitional authorities.

Sec. 804. Savings provisions.

Sec. 805. Terminations.

Sec. 806. Incidental transfers.

TITLE IX—CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

Sec. 901. Inspector General Act.

Sec. 902. Executive schedule.

Sec. 903. United States Secret Service.

Sec. 904. Coast Guard.

Sec. 905. Strategic National Stockpile and smallpox vaccine development.

Sec. 906. Select agent registration.

Sec. 907. National Bio-Weapons Defense Analysis Center.

Sec. 908. Military activities.

DIVISION B—IMMIGRATION REFORM, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND SECURITY ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 2002

Sec. 1001. Short title.

Sec. 1002. Definitions.

Sec. 1003. Transfer of Immigration and Naturalization Service functions.

TITLE XI—DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS

Subtitle A—Organization

Sec. 1101. Abolition of Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Sec. 1102. Establishment of Directorate of Immigration Affairs.

Sec. 1103. Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs.

Sec. 1104. Bureau of Immigration Services.

Sec. 1105. Bureau of Enforcement.

Sec. 1106. Office of the Ombudsman within the Directorate.

Sec. 1107. Office of Immigration Statistics within the Directorate.

Sec. 1108. Clerical amendments.

Subtitle B—Transition Provisions

Sec. 1111. Transfer of functions.

Sec. 1112. Transfer of personnel and other resources.

Sec. 1113. Determinations with respect to functions and resources.

Sec. 1114. Delegation and reservation of functions.

Sec. 1115. Allocation of personnel and other resources.

Sec. 1116. Savings provisions.

Sec. 1117. Interim service of the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.

Sec. 1118. Other authorities not affected.

Sec. 1119. Transition funding.

Subtitle C-Miscellaneous Provisions

Sec. 1121. Funding adjudication and naturalization services.

Sec. 1122. Application of Internet-based technologies.

Sec. 1123. Alternatives to detention of asylum seekers.

Subtitle D—Effective Date

Sec. 1131. Effective date.

TITLE XII—UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE PROTECTION

Sec. 1201. Unaccompanied alien juveniles.

TITLE XIII—EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW

Sec. 1301. Legal status of EOIR.

Sec. 1302. Authorities of the Attorney General.

Sec. 1303. Statutory construction.

DIVISION C—FEDERAL WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENT

TITLE XXI—CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

Sec. 2101. Short title.

Sec. 2102. Agency Chief Human Capital Officers.

Sec. 2103. Chief Human Capital Officers Council.

Sec. 2104. Strategic human capital management.

Sec. 2105. Effective date.

TITLE XXII—REFORMS RELATING TO FEDERAL HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Sec. 2201. Inclusion of agency human capital strategic planning in performance plans and programs performance reports.

Sec. 2202. Reform of the competitive service hiring process.

Sec. 2203. Permanent extension, revision, and expansion of authorities for use of voluntary separation incentive pay and voluntary early retirement.

Sec. 2204. Student volunteer transit subsidy.

TITLE XXIII—REFORMS RELATING TO
THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE

Sec. 2301. Repeal of recertification requirements of senior executives.

Sec. 2302. Adjustment of limitation on total annual compensation.

TITLE XXIV—ACADEMIC TRAINING

Sec. 2401. Academic training.

Sec. 2402. Modifications to National Security Education Program.

Sec. 2403. Compensation time off for travel. Sec. 2404. Customs User Fees Extension.

DIVISION D-NATIONAL COMMISSION

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following shall apply for purposes of this Act:

(1) AMERICAN HOMELAND OR HOMELAND.— Each of the terms "American homeland" or "homeland" mean the United States, in a geographic sense.

(2) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" means systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, so vital to the United States that the incapacitation or destruction of such systems or assets would have a debilitating impact on security, national economic security, national public health or safety, or any combination of those matters.

(3) ASSETS.—The term "assets" includes contracts, facilities, property, records, unobligated or unexpended balances of appropriations, and other funds or resources (other than personnel).

(4) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Homeland Security.

(5) EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROVIDERS.—The term "emergency response providers" includes Federal, State, and local government emergency public safety, law enforcement, emergency response, emergency medical, and related personnel, agencies, and authorities.

(6) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "Executive agency" means an executive agency and a military department, as defined, respectively, in sections 105 and 102 of title 5, United States Code.

(7) FUNCTIONS.—The term "functions" includes authorities, powers, rights, privileges, immunities, programs, projects, activities, duties, responsibilities, and obligations.

(8) KEY RESOURCES.—The term "key resources" means structures, monuments or items of exceptional historical, social, cultural, or symbolic significance to the United

(9) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "local government" has the meaning given in section 102(6) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93–288).

(10) MAJOR DISASTER.—The term "major disaster" has the meaning given in section 102(2) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Re-

lief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93–288).

(11) PERSONNEL.—The term "personnel" means officers and employees.

(12) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(13) UNITED STATES.—The term "United States", when used in a geographic sense, means any State (within the meaning of section 102(4) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 93–288)), any possession of the United States, and any waters within the jurisdiction of the United States.

SEC. 3. CONSTRUCTION; SEVERABILITY.

Any provision of this Act held to be invalid or unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or circumstance, shall be construed so as to give it the maximum effect permitted by law, unless such holding shall be one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event such provision shall be deemed severable from this Act and shall not affect the remainder thereof, or the application of such provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar circumstances.

SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect thirty days after the date of enactment or, if enacted within thirty days before January 1, 2003, on January 1, 2003.

DIVISION A—HOMELAND SECURITY TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

SEC. 101. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT; MISSION.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Department of Homeland Security, as an executive department of the United States within the meaning of title 5, United States Code.

(b) PRIMARY MISSION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The primary mission of the Department is to—

(A) prevent terrorist attacks within the United States:

 $\left(B\right)$ reduce the vulnerability of the United States to terrorism; and

(C) minimize the damage, and assist in the recovery, from terrorist attacks that do occur within the United States.

(2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out the mission described in paragraph (1), and as further described in this Act, the Department's primary responsibilities shall include—

 $\left(A\right)$ information analysis and infrastructure protection;

(B) research and development, including efforts to counter chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and other emerging threats;

(C) border and transportation security; (D) emergency preparedness and response; and

(E) coordination (including the provision of training and equipment) with other executive agencies, with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, with the private sector, and with other enti-

(3) OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Department shall also be responsible for carrying out other functions of entities transferred to the Department as provided by law, and the enumeration of the primary homeland security missions and responsibilities in this section does not impair or diminish the Department's non-homeland security missions and responsibilities.

SEC. 102. SECRETARY; FUNCTIONS.

(a) Secretary.—

(1) APPOINTMENT.—There is a Secretary of Homeland Security, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

- (2) HEAD OF DEPARTMENT.—The Secretary is the head of the Department and shall have direction, authority, and control over it.
- (3) VESTED FUNCTIONS.—All functions of all officers, employees, and organizational units of the Department are vested in the Secretary.
 - (b) Functions.—The Secretary—
- (1) may, except as otherwise provided in this Act, delegate any of his functions to any officer, employee, or organizational unit of the Department;
- (2) shall have such functions, including the authority to make contracts, grants, and cooperative agreements, and to enter into agreements with other executive agencies, as may be necessary and proper to carry out his responsibilities under this Act or otherwise provided by law; and
- (3) may, subject to the direction of the President, attend and participate in meetings of the National Security Council.

SEC. 103. OTHER OFFICERS.

- (a) DEPUTY SECRETARY; UNDER SECRETARIES.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there are the following officers, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate:
- (1) A Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security, who shall be the Secretary's first assistant for purposes of chapter 33, subchapter 3, of title 5, United States Code.
- (2) An Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- (3) An Under Secretary for Science and Technology.
- (4) An Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- (5) An Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response.
 - (6) An Under Secretary for Management.
- (7) An Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs.
- (8) Not more than 16 Assistant Secretaries.
- (9) A General Counsel, who shall be the chief legal officer of the Department.
 - (b) CHIEF OF IMMIGRATION POLICY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the office of the Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security a Chief of Immigration Policy, who, under the authority of the Secretary, shall be responsible for—
- (A) establishing national immigration policy and priorities; and
- (B) coordinating immigration policy between the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security.
- (2) WITHIN THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE.— The position of Chief of Immigration Policy shall be a Senior Executive Service position under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code.
- (c) INSPECTOR GENERAL.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there is an Inspector General, who shall be appointed as provided in section 3(a) of the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- (d) COMMANDANT OF THE COAST GUARD.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there is a Commandant of the Coast Guard, who shall be appointed as provided in section 44 of title 14, United States Code.
- (e) OTHER OFFICERS.—To assist the Secretary in the performance of his functions, there are the following officers, appointed by the President:
 - (1) A Director of the Secret Service.
 - (2) A Chief Financial Officer.
- (3) A Chief Information Officer.
- (4) A Chief Human Capital Officer.
- (f) PERFORMANCE OF ŠPECIFIC FUNCTIONS.— Subject to the provisions of this Act, every officer of the Department shall perform the functions specified by law for his office or prescribed by the Secretary.

- SEC. 104. OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS.
- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Secretary, an Office of International Affairs. The Office shall be headed by a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTOR.—The Director shall have the following responsibilities:
- (1) To promote information and education exchange with foreign nations in order to promote sharing of best practices and technologies relating to homeland security. Such information exchange shall include—
- (A) joint research and development on countermeasures:
- (B) joint training exercises of first responders; and
- (C) exchange of expertise on terrorism prevention, response, and crisis management.
- (2) To identify areas for homeland security information and training exchange.
- (3) To plan and undertake international conferences, exchange programs, and training activities.
- (4) To manage activities under this section and other international activities within the Department in consultation with the Department of State and other relevant Federal officials.
- (5) To initially concentrate on fostering cooperation with countries that are already highly focused on homeland security issues and that have demonstrated the capability for fruitful cooperation with the United States in the area of counterterrorism.

TITLE II—INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION

SEC. 201. DIRECTORATE FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.

- (a) UNDER SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECURITY FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection headed by an Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Under Secretary shall assist the Secretary in discharging the responsibilities under section $101\ (b)(2)(A)$ and (d).
- (b) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS; ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—
- (1) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFORMATION ANALYSIS.—There shall be in the Department an Assistant Secretary for Information Analysis, who shall be appointed by the President.
- (2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—There shall be in the Department an Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection, who shall be appointed by the President.
- (3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Assistant Secretary for Information Analysis and the Assistant Secretary for Infrastructure Protection shall assist the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection in discharging the responsibilities of the Under Secretary under this section.
- (c) DISCHARGE OF INFORMATION ANALYSIS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the responsibilities of the Department regarding information analysis and infrastructure protection are carried out through the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection.
- (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF UNDER SECRETARY.—Subject to the direction and control of the Secretary, the responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Information Anal-

- ysis and Infrastructure Protection shall be as follows:
- (1) To access, receive, and analyze law enforcement information, intelligence information, intelligence-related information, and other information from agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies (including law enforcement agencies), and private sector entities, and to integrate such information in order to—
- (A) identify and assess the nature and scope of threats to the homeland;
- (B) detect and identify threats of terrorism against the United States and other threats to homeland security; and
- (C) understand such threats in light of actual and potential vulnerabilities of the homeland.
- (2) To carry out comprehensive assessments of the vulnerabilities of the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States, including the performance of risk assessments to determine the risks posed by particular types of terrorist attacks within the United States (including an assessment of the probability of success of such attacks and the feasibility and potential efficacy of various countermeasures to such attacks).
- (3) To integrate relevant information, analyses, and vulnerability assessments (whether such information, analyses, or assessments are provided or produced by the Department or others) in order to identify priorities for protective measures and to support protective measures by the Department, other agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, and other entities.
- (4) To ensure, pursuant to section 202, the timely and efficient access by the Department to all information necessary to discharge the responsibilities under this section, including obtaining such information from other agencies of the Federal Government agencies, and from State and local governments and private sector entities (pursuant to memoranda of understanding or other agreements entered into for that purpose).
- (5) To develop a comprehensive national plan for securing the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States.
- (6) To take or seek to effect measures necessary to protect the key resources and critical infrastructure of the United States in coordination with other agencies of the Federal Government and in cooperation with State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, and other entities.
- (7) To administer the Homeland Security Advisory System, including—
- (A) exercising primary responsibility for public threat advisories; and
- (B) in coordination with other agencies of the Federal Government, providing specific warning information, and advice about appropriate protective measures and countermeasures, to State and local government agencies and authorities, the private sector, other entities, and the public.
- (8) To review, analyze, and make recommendations for improvements in the policies and procedures governing the sharing of law enforcement information, intelligence information, intelligence-related information, and other information relating to homeland security within the Federal Government and between the Federal Government and State and local government agencies and authorities.
- (9) To disseminate, as appropriate, information analyzed by the Department within the Department, to other agencies of the Federal Government with responsibilities relating to homeland security, and to agencies of State and local governments and private

sector entities with such responsibilities in order to assist in the deterrence, prevention, preemption of, or response to, terrorist attacks against the United States.

- (10) To consult with the Director of Central Intelligence and other appropriate intelligence, law enforcement, or other elements of the Federal Government to establish collection priorities and strategies for information, including law enforcement-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States through such means as the representation of the Department in discussions regarding requirements and priorities in the collection of such information.
- (11) To consult with State and local governments and private sector entities to ensure appropriate exchanges of information, including law enforcement-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States.
 - (12) To ensure that—
- (A) any material received pursuant to this section is protected from unauthorized disclosure and handled and used only for the performance of official duties; and
- (B) any intelligence information shared under this section is transmitted, retained, and disseminated consistent with the authority of the Director of Central Intelligence to protect intelligence sources and methods under the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) and related procedures and, as appropriate, similar authorities of the Attorney General concerning sensitive law enforcement information.
- (13) To request and obtain additional information from other agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies, and the private sector relating to threats of terrorism in the United States, or relating to other areas of responsibility under section 101, including the entry into cooperative agreements through the Secretary to obtain such information.
- (14) To establish and utilize, in conjunction with the chief information officer of the Department, a secure communications and information technology infrastructure, including data-mining and other advanced analytical tools, in order to access, receive, and analyze data and information in furtherance of the responsibilities under this section, and to disseminate information acquired and analyzed by the Department, as appropriate.
- (15) To ensure, in conjunction with the chief information officer of the Department, that any information databases and analytical tools developed or utilized by the Department—
- (A) are compatible with one another and with relevant information databases of other agencies of the Federal Government: and
- (B) treat information in such databases in a manner that complies with applicable Federal law on privacy.
- (16) To coordinate training and other support to the elements and personnel of the Department, other agencies of the Federal Government, and State and local government that provide information to the Department, or are consumers of information provided by the Department, in order to facilitate the identification and sharing of information revealed in their ordinary duties and the optimal utilization of information received from the Department.
- (17) To coordinate with elements of the intelligence community and with Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies, and the private sector, as appropriate.
- (18) To provide intelligence and information analysis and support to other elements of the Department.
- (19) To perform such other duties relating to such responsibilities as the Secretary may provide.

- (e) STAFF.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide the Directorate with a staff of analysts having appropriate expertise and experience to assist the Directorate in discharging responsibilities under this section.
- (2) PRIVATE SECTOR ANALYSTS.—Analysts under this subsection may include analysts from the private sector.
- (3) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—Analysts under this subsection shall possess security clearances appropriate for their work under this section.
 - (f) Detail of Personnel.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—In order to assist the Directorate in discharging responsibilities under this section, personnel of the agencies referred to in paragraph (2) may be detailed to the Department for the performance of analytic functions and related duties.
- (2) COVERED AGENCIES.—The agencies referred to in this paragraph are as follows:
 - (A) The Department of State.
 - (B) The Central Intelligence Agency.
 - (C) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.(D) The National Security Agency.
- (E) The National Imagery and Mapping Agency.
- (F) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
- (G) Any other agency of the Federal Government that the President considers appropriate.
- (3) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary and the head of the agency concerned may enter into cooperative agreements for the purpose of detailing personnel under this subsection
- (4) BASIS.—The detail of personnel under this subsection may be on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis.
- (g) FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.—In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary, for assignment to the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection under this section, the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following:
- (1) The National Infrastructure Protection Center of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (other than the Computer Investigations and Operations Section), including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto
- (2) The National Communications System of the Department of Defense, including the functions of the Secretary of Defense relating thereto.
- (3) The Critical Infrastructure Assurance Office of the Department of Commerce, including the functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating thereto.
- (4) The Computer Security Division of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, including the functions of the Secretary of Commerce relating thereto.
- (5) The National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center of the Department of Energy and the energy security and assurance program and activities of the Department, including the functions of the Secretary of Energy relating thereto.
- (6) The Federal Computer Incident Response Center of the General Services Administration, including the functions of the Administrator of General Services relating thereto.
- (h) STUDY OF PLACEMENT WITHIN INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this Act, the President shall submit to the Committee on Governmental Affairs and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report assessing the advisability of the following:
- (1) Placing the elements of the Department concerned with the analysis of foreign intel-

ligence information within the intelligence community under section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).

(2) Placing such elements within the National Foreign Intelligence Program for budgetary purposes.

SEC. 202. ACCESS TO INFORMATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.-
- (1) THREAT AND VULNERABILITY INFORMA--Except as otherwise directed by the President, the Secretary shall have such access as the Secretary considers necessary to all information, including reports, assessments, analyses, and unevaluated intelligence and intelligence-related information, relating to threats of terrorism against the United States and to other areas of responsibility described in section 101 and to all information concerning infrastructure or other vulnerabilities of the United States to terrorism, whether or not such information has been analyzed, that may be collected, possessed, or prepared by any agency of the Federal Government.
- (2) OTHER INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall also have access to other information relating to matters under the responsibility of the Secretary that may be collected, possessed, or prepared by an agency of the Federal Government as the President may further provide.
- (b) MANNER OF ACCESS.—Except as otherwise directed by the President, with respect to information to which the Secretary has access pursuant to this section—
- (1) the Secretary may obtain such material upon request, and may enter into cooperative arrangements with other executive agencies to provide such material or provide Department officials with access to it on a regular or routine basis, including requests or arrangements involving broad categories of material, access to electronic databases, or both; and
- (2) regardless of whether the Secretary has made any request or entered into any cooperative arrangement pursuant to paragraph (1), all agencies of the Federal Government shall promptly provide to the Secretary—
- (A) all reports (including information reports containing intelligence which has not been fully evaluated), assessments, and analytical information relating to threats of terrorism against the United States and to other areas of responsibility under section 101:
- (B) all information concerning the vulnerability of the infrastructure of the United States, or other vulnerabilities of the United States, to terrorism, whether or not such information has been analyzed:
- (C) all other information relating to significant and credible threats of terrorism against the United States, whether or not such information has been analyzed; and
- (D) such other information or material as the President may direct.
- (c) TREATMENT UNDER CERTAIN LAWS.—The Secretary shall be deemed to be a Federal law enforcement, intelligence, protective, national defense, immigration, or national security official, and shall be provided with all information from law enforcement agencies that is required to be given to the Director of Central Intelligence, under any provision of the following:
- (1) The USA PATRIOT Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-56).
- (2) Section 2517(6) of title 18, United States Code.
- (3) Rule 6(e)(3)(C) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (d) Access to Intelligence and Other Information.—
- (1) ACCESS BY ELEMENTS OF FEDERAL GOV-ERNMENT.—Nothing in this title shall preclude any element of the intelligence community (as that term is defined in section

3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)), or other any element of the Federal Government with responsibility for analyzing terrorist threat information, from receiving any intelligence or other information relating to terrorism.

(2) SHARING OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Director of Central Intelligence, shall work to ensure that intelligence or other information relating to terrorism to which the Department has access is appropriately shared with the elements of the Federal Government referred to in paragraph (1), as well as with State and local governments, as appropriate.

SEC. 203. PROTECTION OF VOLUNTARILY FUR-NISHED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMA-TION.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning given that term in section 1016(e) of the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195(e)).
 - (2) FURNISHED VOLUNTARILY.—
- (A) DEFINITION.—The term "furnished voluntarily" means a submission of a record that—
- (i) is made to the Department in the absence of authority of the Department requiring that record to be submitted; and
- (ii) is not submitted or used to satisfy any legal requirement or obligation or to obtain any grant, permit, benefit (such as agency forbearance, loans, or reduction or modifications of agency penalties or rulings), or other approval from the Government.
- (B) BENEFIT.—In this paragraph, the term "benefit" does not include any warning, alert, or other risk analysis by the Department.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a record pertaining to the vulnerability of and threats to critical infrastructure (such as attacks, response, and recovery efforts) that is furnished voluntarily to the Department shall not be made available under section 552 of title 5, United States Code if—
- (1) the provider would not customarily make the record available to the public; and
- (2) the record is designated and certified by the provider, in a manner specified by the Department, as confidential and not customarily made available to the public.
- (c) RECORDS SHARED WITH OTHER AGEN-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) RESPONSE TO REQUEST.—An agency in receipt of a record that was furnished voluntarily to the Department and subsequently shared with the agency shall, upon receipt of a request under section 552 of title 5, United States Code. for the record—
- (i) not make the record available; and
- (ii) refer the request to the Department for processing and response in accordance with this section.
- (B) SEGREGABLE PORTION OF RECORD.—Any reasonably segregable portion of a record shall be provided to the person requesting the record after deletion of any portion which is exempt under this section.
- (2) DISCLOSURE OF INDEPENDENTLY FURNISHED RECORDS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), nothing in this section shall prohibit an agency from making available under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, any record that the agency receives independently of the Department, regardless of whether or not the Department has a similar or identical record.
- (d) WITHDRAWAL OF CONFIDENTIAL DESIGNATION.—The provider of a record that is furnished voluntarily to the Department under subsection (b) may at any time withdraw, in a manner specified by the Department, the confidential designation.
- (e) PROCEDURES.—The Secretary shall prescribe procedures for—

- (1) the acknowledgement of receipt of records furnished voluntarily;
- (2) the designation, certification, and marking of records furnished voluntarily as confidential and not customarily made available to the public:
- (3) the care and storage of records furnished voluntarily;
- (4) the protection and maintenance of the confidentiality of records furnished voluntarily; and
- (5) the withdrawal of the confidential designation of records under subsection (d).
- Nothing in this section shall be construed as preempting or otherwise modifying State or local law concerning the disclosure of any information that a State or local government receives independently of the Department.

 (g) REPORT.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the committees of Congress specified in paragraph (2) a report on the implementation and use of this section, including—
- (A) the number of persons in the private sector, and the number of State and local agencies, that furnished voluntarily records to the Department under this section;
- (B) the number of requests for access to records granted or denied under this section; and
- (C) such recommendations as the Comptroller General considers appropriate regarding improvements in the collection and analysis of sensitive information held by persons in the private sector, or by State and local agencies, relating to vulnerabilities of and threats to critical infrastructure, including the response to such vulnerabilities and threats.
- (2) COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The committees of Congress specified in this paragraph are—
- (A) the Committees on the Judiciary and Governmental Affairs of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committees on the Judiciary and Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives.
- (3) FORM.—The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

TITLE III—SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

SEC. 301. UNDER SECRETARY FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate of Science and Technology headed by an Under Secretary for Science and Technology.

SEC. 302. RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

In assisting the Secretary with the responsibility specified in section 101(b)(2)(B), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Science and Technology shall include—

- (1) advising the Secretary regarding research and development efforts and priorities in support of the Department's missions:
- (2) supporting all elements of the Department in research, development, testing, evaluation and deployment of science and technology that is applicable in the detection of, prevention of, protection against, response to, attribution of, and recovery from homeland security threats, particularly acts of terrorism;
- (3) to support the Under Secretary for Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection, by assessing and testing homeland security vulnerabilities and possible threats;
- (4) conducting a national scientific research and development program to support

- the mission of the Department, including developing national policy for and coordinating the Federal Government's civilian efforts to identify, devise, and implement scientific, technological, and other countermeasures to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and other emerging terrorist threats, including directing, funding and conducting research and development relating to the same;
- (5) establishing priorities for, directing, funding, and conducting national research, development, test and evaluation, and procurement of technology and systems—
- (A) for preventing the importation of chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and related weapons and material; and
- (B) for detecting, preventing, protecting against, and responding to terrorist attacks;
- (6) establishing a system for transferring homeland security developments or technologies to federal, state, local government, and private sector entities:
- (7) entering into joint sponsorship agreements with the Department of Energy regarding the use of the national laboratories or sites and support of the science and technology base at those facilities:
- (8) collaborating with the Secretary of Agriculture in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be included on the list of biological agents and toxins required under section 212(a) of the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401);
- (9) collaborating with the Secretary of Health and Human Services in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be listed as "select agents" in Appendix A of part 72 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, pursuant to section 351A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262a); and
- (10) supporting United States leadership in science and technology.

SEC. 303. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following entities:

- (1) The following programs and activities of the Department of Energy, including the functions of the Secretary of Energy relating thereto (but not including programs and activities relating to the strategic nuclear defense posture of the United States):
- (A) The chemical and biological national security and supporting programs and activities of the nonproliferation and verification research and development program.
- (B) The nuclear smuggling programs and activities within the proliferation detection program of the nonproliferation and verification research and development program. The programs and activities described in this subparagraph may be designated by the President either for transfer to the Department or for joint operation by the Secretary and the Secretary of Energy.
- (C) The nuclear assessment program and activities of the assessment, detection, and cooperation program of the international materials protection and cooperation program.
- (D) Such life sciences activities of the biological and environmental research program related to microbial pathogens as may be designated by the President for transfer to the Department.
- (E) The Environmental Measurements Laboratory.
- (F) The advanced scientific computing research program and activities at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory.
- (2) The National Bio-Weapons Defense Analysis Center of the Department of Defense, including the functions of the Secretary of Defense related thereto.

- (3) The Plum Island Animal Disease Center of the Department of Agriculture, including the functions of the Secretary of Agriculture relating thereto, as provided in section 310.
- (4)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B)—
- (i) the functions of the Select Agent Registration Program of the Department of Health and Human Services, including all functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services under title II of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–188); and
- (ii) the functions of the Department of Agriculture under the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401 et seq.).
- (B)(i) The Secretary shall collaborate with the Secretary of Health and Human Services in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be listed as "select agents" in Appendix A of part 72 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, pursuant to section 351A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262a).
- (ii) The Secretary shall collaborate with the Secretary of Agriculture in determining the biological agents and toxins that shall be included on the list of biological agents and toxins required under section 212(a) of the Agricultural Bioterrorism Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8401).
- (C) In promulgating regulations pursuant to the functions described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall act in collaboration with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Agriculture.

SEC. 304. CONDUCT OF CERTAIN PUBLIC HEALTH-RELATED ACTIVITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as the President may otherwise direct, the Secretary shall carry out his civilian human health-related biological, biomedical, and infectious disease defense research and development (including vaccine research and development) responsibilities through the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public Health Service), under agreements with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and may transfer funds to him in connection with such agreements.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—With respect to any responsibilities carried out through the Department of Health and Human Services under this subsection, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall have the authority to establish the research and development program, including the setting of priorities.

SEC. 305. RESEARCH IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

With respect to such other research and development responsibilities under this title, including health-related chemical, radiological, and nuclear defense research and development responsibilities, as the Secretary may elect to carry out through the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public Health Service) (under agreements with the Secretary of Health and Human Services) or through other Federal agencies (under agreements with their respective heads), the Secretary may transfer funds to the Secretary of Health and Human Services, or to such heads, as the case may be.

SEC. 306. HOMELAND SECURITY ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) FUND.—The term "Fund" means the Acceleration Fund for Research and Development of Homeland Security Technologies established under this section.
- (2) HOMELAND SECURITY RESEARCH AND DE-VELOPMENT.—The term "homeland security

- research and development" means research and development of technologies that are applicable in the detection of, prevention of, protection against, response to, attribution of, and recovery from homeland security threats, particularly acts of terrorism.
- (3) HSARPA.—The term "HSARPA" means the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency established under this section.
- (4) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Science and Technology or the designee of that Under Secretary.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are to—
- (1) establish the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency to prioritize and fund homeland security research and development using the acceleration fund; and
- (2) establish a fund to leverage existing research and development and accelerate the deployment of technology that will serve to enhance homeland defense.
 - (c) Fund.-
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Acceleration Fund for Research and Development of Homeland Security Technologies.
- (2) USE OF FUND.—The Fund may be used to—
- (A) accelerate research, development, testing and evaluation, and deployment of critical homeland security technologies; and
- (B) support homeland security research and development.
- (3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated \$500,000,000 to the Fund for fiscal year 2003, and such sums as may be necessary in subsequent years.
- (4) Transition of Funds.—With respect to such research, development, testing, and evaluation responsibilities under this section as the Secretary may elect to carry out through agencies other than the Department (under agreements with their respective heads), the Secretary may transfer funds to such heads. Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under paragraph (3) for the Fund, not less than 10 percent of such funds for each fiscal year through fiscal year 2005 shall be authorized only for the Under Secretary, through joint agreement with the Commandant of the Coast Guard, to carry out research and development of improved ports, waterways, and coastal security surveillance and perimeter protection capabilities for the purpose of minimizing the possibility that Coast Guard cutters, aircraft, helicopters, and personnel will be diverted from nonhomeland security missions to the ports, waterways, and coastal security mission.
- (d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE HOMELAND SECURITY ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY.—The Homeland Security Advance Research Project Agency shall have the following responsibilities:
- (1) To facilitate effective communication among departments, agencies, and other entities of the Federal Government, with respect to the conduct of research and development related to homeland security.
- (2) To identify, by consensus and on a yearly basis, specific technology areas for which the Fund shall be used to rapidly transition homeland security research and development into deployed technology and reduce identified homeland security vulnerabilities. The identified technology areas shall, as determined by the Homeland Security Advanced Research Projects Agency, be areas in which there exist research and development projects that address identified homeland security vulnerabilities and can be accelerated to the stage of prototyping, evaluating, transitioning, or deploying.

- (3) To administer the Fund, including—
- (A) issuing an annual multiagency program announcement soliciting proposals from government entities, federally funded research and development centers, industry, and academia:
- (B) competitively selecting, on the basis of a merit-based review, proposals that advance the state of deployed technologies in the areas identified for that year;
- (C) at the discretion of the HSARPA, assigning 1 or more program managers to oversee, administer, and execute a Fund project as the agent of HSARPA; and
- (D) providing methods of funding, including grants, cooperative agreements, joint sponsorship agreements, or any other transaction.
- (4) With respect to expenditures from the Fund, exercise acquisition authority consistent with the authority described under section 2371 of title 10, United States Code, relating to authorizing cooperative agreements and other transactions
- (5) In hiring personnel to assist in the administration of the HSARPA, have the authority to exercise the personnel hiring and management authorities described in section 1101 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (5 U.S.C. 3104 note; Public Law 105-261) with the stipulation that the Secretary shall exercise such authority for a period of 7 years commencing on the date of enactment of this Act, that a maximum of 100 persons may be hired under such authority, and that the term of appointments for employees under subsection (c)(1) of that section may not exceed 5 years before the granting of any extension under subsection (c)(2) of that section.
- (6) Develop and oversee the implementation of periodic homeland security technology demonstrations, held at least annually, for the purpose of improving contact between technology developers, vendors, and acquisition personnel associated with related industries.

SEC. 307. MISCELLANEOUS AUTHORITIES RELATING TO NATIONAL LABORATORIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The limitation of the number of employees of the Department of Energy national laboratories assigned to Washington, D.C. shall not apply to those employees who, at the request of the Secretary, are assigned, on a temporary basis, to assist in the establishment of the Department.
- (b) DIRECT TASKING.—Notwithstanding any other law governing the administration, mission, use, or operations of any of the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites, such laboratories and sites are authorized to accept direct tasking from the Secretary or his designee, consistent with resources provided, and perform such tasking on an equal basis to other missions at the laboratory and not on a noninterference basis with other missions of such laboratory or site.

SEC. 308. HOMELAND SECURITY INSTITUTE.

Within the Directorate of Science and Technology there shall be established a Homeland Security Institute as a separate federally funded research and development center under the direction of the Under Secretary to perform policy and systems analvsis, assist in the definition of standards and metrics, assist agencies with evaluating technologies for deployment, proposing risk management strategies based on technology developments, and performing other appropriate research and analysis to improve policy and decisionmaking as it relates to the mission of the Department. The Homeland Security Institute shall utilize the capabilities of the National Infrastructure Simulation and Analysis Center.

SEC. 309. UTILIZATION OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL LABORATORIES AND SITES IN SUPPORT OF HOME-LAND SECURITY ACTIVITIES.

- (a) OFFICE FOR NATIONAL LABORATORIES.— There is established within the Directorate of Science and Technology an Office for National Laboratories, which shall be responsible for the coordination and utilization of the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites in a manner to create a networked laboratory system for the purpose of supporting the missions of the Department.
- (b) JOINT SPONSORSHIP.—The Department may be a joint sponsor, under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement with the Department of Energy, of 1 or more Department of Energy national laboratories in the performance of work.
- (c) ARRANGEMENTS.—The Department may be a joint sponsor of a Department of Energy site in the performance of work as if such site were a federally funded research and development center and the work were performed under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement with the Department.
- (d) PRIMARY SPONSOR.—The Department of Energy shall be the primary sponsor under a multiple agency sponsorship arrangement entered into under subsection (a) or (b).
 - (e) LEAD AGENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall act as the lead agent in coordinating the formation and performance of a joint sponsorship agreement between the Department and a Department of Energy national laboratory or site for work on homeland security.
- (2) FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.—Any work performed by a national laboratory or site under this section shall comply with the policy on the use of federally funded research and development centers under section 35.017(a) (4) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
- (f) FUNDING.—The Department shall provide funds for work at the Department of Energy national laboratories or sites, as the case may be, under this section under the same terms and conditions as apply to the primary sponsor of such national laboratory under section 303(b)(1)(C) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253 (b)(1)(C)) or of such site to the extent such section applies to such site as a federally funded research and development center by reason of subsection (b).
- (g) AUTHORITIES OF SECRETARY AND UNDER SECRETARY.—In connection with work involving the Department of Energy national laboratories or sites, the Secretary or Under Secretary for Science and Technology—
- (1) may enter into joint sponsorship agreements with Department of Energy national laboratories or sites;
- (2) may directly fund, task, and manage work at the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites; and
- (3) may permit the director of any Department of Energy national laboratory or site to enter into cooperative research and development agreements or to negotiate licensing agreements with any person, any agency or instrumentality, of the United States, any unit of State or local government, and any other entity under the authority granted by section 12 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a). Technology may be transferred to a non-Federal party to such an agreement consistent with the provisions of sections 11 and 12 of such Act (15 U.S.C. 3710, 3710a).

SEC. 310. TRANSFER OF PLUM ISLAND ANIMAL DISEASE CENTER, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with title VIII, the Secretary of Agriculture shall

- transfer to the Secretary of Homeland Security the Plum Island Animal Disease Center of the Department of Agriculture, including the assets and liabilities of the Center.
- (b) CONTINUED DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ACCESS.—On completion of the transfer of the Plum Island Animal Disease Center under subsection (a), the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Agriculture shall enter into an agreement to ensure that the Department of Agriculture is able to carry out research, diagnostic, and other activities of the Department of Agriculture at the Center.
- (c) DIRECTION OF ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall continue to direct the research, diagnostic, and other activities of the Department of Agriculture at the Center described in subsection (b).
 - (d) NOTIFICATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—At least 180 days before any change in the biosafety level at the Plum Island Animal Disease Center, the President shall notify Congress of the change and describe the reasons for the change.
- (2) LIMITATION.—No change described in paragraph (1) may be made earlier than 180 days after the completion of the transition period (as defined in section 801(2)).

SEC. 311. CLEARINGHOUSE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Under Secretary for Science and Technology, shall provide for a clearinghouse as a central, national point of entry for individuals or companies seeking guidance on how to pursue proposals to develop or deploy products that would contribute to homeland security. Such clearinghouse shall refer those seeking guidance on Federal funding, regulation, acquisition, or other matters to the appropriate unit of the Department or to other appropriate Federal agencies.
- (b) SCREENINGS AND ASSESSMENTS.—The Under Secretary for Science and Technology shall work in conjunction with the Technical Support Working Group (organized under the April 1982, National Security Decision Directive Numbered 30) to—
- (1) screen proposals described in subsection (a), as appropriate;
- (2) assess the feasibility, scientific and technical merits, and estimated cost of proposals screened under paragraph (1), as appropriate; and
- (3) identify areas where existing technologies may be easily adapted and deployed to meet the homeland security agenda of the Federal Government.

TITLE IV—BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

SEC. 401. UNDER SECRETARY FOR BORDER AND TRANSPORTATION SECURITY.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Border and Transportation Security headed by an Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.

SEC. 402. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In assisting the Secretary with the responsibilities specified in section 101(b)(2)(C), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security shall include—

- (1) preventing the entry of terrorists and the instruments of terrorism into the United States:
- (2) securing the borders, territorial waters, ports, terminals, waterways, and air, land, and sea transportation systems of the United States, including managing and coordinating governmental activities at ports of entry;
- (3) administering the immigration and naturalization laws of the United States, including the establishment of rules, in accordance with section 406, governing the granting of visas or other forms of permission, including parole, to enter the United States to individ-

- uals who are not citizens or lawful permanent residents thereof;
- (4) administering the customs laws of the United States;
- (5) in carrying out the foregoing responsibilities, ensuring the speedy, orderly, and efficient flow of lawful traffic and commerce;
- (6) carrying out the border patrol function; and
- (7) administering and enforcing the functions of the Department under the immigration laws of the United States with respect to the inspection of aliens arriving at ports of entry of the United States.

SEC. 403. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of—
- (1) the United States Customs Service of the Department of the Treasury, including the functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto;
- (2) the Transportation Security Administration of the Department of Transportation, including the functions of the Secretary of Transportation, and of the Under Secretary of Transportation for Security, relating thereto:
- (3) the Federal Protective Service of the General Services Administration, including the functions of the Administrator of General Services relating thereto; and
- (4) the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center of the Department of the Treasury.
- (b) EXERCISE OF CUSTOMS REVENUE AUTHORITIES.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) AUTHORITIES NOT TRANSFERRED.—Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1), authority that was vested in the Secretary of the Treasury by law to issue regulations related to customs revenue functions before the effective date of this section under the provisions of law set forth under paragraph (2) shall not be transferred to the Secretary by reason of this Act. The Secretary of the Treasury, with the concurrence of the Secretary, shall exercise this authority. The Commissioner of Customs is authorized to engage in activities to develop and support the issuance of the regulations described in this paragraph. The Secretary shall be responsible for the implementation and enforcement of regulations issued under this section.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit a report to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives of proposed conforming amendments to the statutes set forth under paragraph (2) in order to determine the appropriate allocation of legal authorities described under this subsection. The Secretary of the Treasury shall also identify those authorities vested in the Secretary of the Treasury that are exercised by the Commissioner of Customs on or before the effective date of this section.
- (C) LIABILITY.—Neither the Secretary of the Treasury nor the Department of the Treasury shall be liable for or named in any legal action concerning the implementation and enforcement of regulations issued under this paragraph after the effective date of this Act.
- (2) APPLICABLE LAWS.—The provisions of law referred to under paragraph (1) are those sections of the following statutes that relate to customs revenue functions:
 - (A) The Tariff Act of 1930.
- (B) Section 249 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (19 U.S.C. 3).
- (C) Section 2 of the Act of March 4, 1923 (19 U.S.C. 6).

- (D) Section 13031 of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c).
- (E) Section 251 of the Revised States of the United States (19 U.S.C. 66).
- (F) Section 1 of the Act of June 26, 1930 (19 U.S.C. 68).
- (G) The Foreign Trade Zones Act (19 U.S.C. 81a et seq.).
- (H) Section 1 of the Act of March 2, 1911 (19 U.S.C. 198).
 - (I) The Trade Act of 1974.
 - (J) The Trade Agreement Act of 1979.
- (K) The North American Free Trade Area Implementation Act.
- (L) The Uruguay Round Agreements Act.
- (M) The Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act.
- (N) The Andean Growth and Opportunity Act.
- (O) Any other provision of law vesting customs revenue functions in the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (3) DEFINITIONS OF CUSTOMS REVENUE FUNCTIONS.—In this subsection, the term "customs revenue functions" means—
- (A) assessing, collecting, and refunding duties (including any special duties), excise taxes, fees, and any liquidated damages or penalties due on imported merchandise, including classifying and valuing merchandise and the procedures for "entry" as that term is defined in the United States Customs laws;
- (B) administering section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 and provisions relating to import quotas and the marking of imported merchandise, and providing Customs Recordation for copyrights, patents, and trademarks;
- (C) collecting accurate import data for compilation of international trade statistics; and
- (D) administering reciprocal trade agreements and trade preference legislation.

SEC. 404. TRANSFER OF CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL INSPECTION FUNCTIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

- (a) TRANSFER OF AGRICULTURAL IMPORT AND ENTRY INSPECTION FUNCTIONS.—There shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions of the Secretary of Agriculture relating to agricultural import and entry inspection activities under the laws specified in subsection (b).
- (b) COVERED ANIMAL AND PLANT PROTECTION LAWS.—The laws referred to in subsection (a) are the following:
- (1) The Act commonly known as the Virus-Serum-Toxin Act (the eighth paragraph under the heading "Bureau of Animal Industry" in the Act of March 4, 1913; 21 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).
- (2) The first section of the Act of August 31, 1922 (commonly known as the Honeybee Act; 7 U.S.C. 281).
- (3) Title III of the Federal Seed Act (7 U.S.C. 1581 et seq.).
- (4) The Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.).
- (5) The Animal Health Protection Act (subtitle E of title X of Public Law 107-171; 7 U.S.C. 8301 et seq.).
- (6) The Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.).
- (7) Section 11 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1540).
- (c) EXCLUSION OF QUARANTINE ACTIVITIES.— For purposes of this section, the term "functions" does not include any quarantine activities carried out under the laws specified in subsection (b).
- (d) EFFECT OF TRANSFER.—
- (1) COMPLIANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE REGULATIONS.—The authority transferred pursuant to subsection (a) shall be exercised by the Secretary in accordance with the regulations, policies, and procedures issued by the Secretary of Agriculture re-

- garding the administration of the laws specified in subsection (b).
- (2) RULEMAKING COORDINATION.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall coordinate with the Secretary whenever the Secretary of Agriculture prescribes regulations, policies, or procedures for administering the laws specified in subsection (b) at the locations referred to in subsection (a).
- (3) EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, may issue such directives and guidelines as are necessary to ensure the effective use of personnel of the Department to carry out the functions transferred pursuant to subsection (a).
 - (e) TRANSFER AGREEMENT.—
- (1) AGREEMENT REQUIRED; REVISION.—Before the end of the transition period, as defined in section 801(2), the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary shall enter into an agreement to effectuate the transfer of functions required by subsection (a). The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary may jointly revise the agreement as necessary thereafter.
- (2) REQUIRED TERMS.—The agreements required by this subsection shall provide for the following:
- (A) The supervision by the Secretary of Agriculture of the training of employees of the Department to carry out the functions transferred pursuant to subsection (a).
- (B) The transfer of funds to the Secretary under subsection (f).
- (C) Authority under which the Secretary may perform functions that are delegated to the Animal and Plant Inspection Service of the Department of Agriculture regarding the protection of domestic livestock and plants, but not transferred to the Secretary pursuant to subsection (a).
- (D) Authority under which the Secretary of Agriculture may use employees of the Department to carry out authorities delegated to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service regarding the protection of domestic livestock and plants.
- (f) PERIODIC TRANSFER OF FUNDS TO DE-PARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—
- (1) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—Subject to paragraph (2), out of any funds collected as fees under sections 2508 and 2509 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136, 136a), the Secretary of Agriculture shall periodically transfer to the Secretary, in accordance with the agreement under subsection (e), funds for activities carried out by the Secretary for which the fees were collected.
- (2) LIMITATION.—The proportion of fees collected under sections 2508 and 2509 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (21 U.S.C. 136, 136a) that are transferred to the Secretary under paragraph (1) may not exceed the proportion that—
- (A) the costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out activities funded by those fees; bears to
- (B) the costs incurred by the Federal Government to carry out activities funded by those fees.
- (g) Transfer of Department of Agriculture Employees.—Not later than the completion of the transition period (as defined in section 801(2)), the Secretary of Agriculture shall transfer to the Department not more than 3,200 full-time equivalent positions of the Department of Agriculture.
- (h) PROTECTION OF INSPECTION ANIMALS.— Title V of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 2279e, 2279f) is amended— (1) in section 501(a)—
- (A) by inserting "or the Department of Homeland Security" after "Department of Agriculture"; and

- (B) by inserting "or the Secretary of Homeland Security" after "Secretary of Agriculture":
- (2) by striking "Secretary" each place it appears (other than in sections 501(a) and 501(e)) and inserting "Secretary concerned"; and
- (3) by adding at the end of section 501 the following:
- "(i) Secretary Concerned Defined.—In this title, the term 'Secretary concerned' means—
- "(1) the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to an animal used for purposes of official inspections by the Department of Agriculture; and
- "(2) the Secretary of Homeland Security, with respect to an animal used for purposes of official inspections by the Department of Homeland Security."
 - (i) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) Section 501 of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 2279e) is amended— $\,$
 - (A) in subsection (a)—
- (i) by inserting "or the Department of Homeland Security" after "Department of Agriculture"; and
- (ii) by inserting "or the Secretary of Homeland Security" after "Secretary of Agriculture"; and
- (B) by striking "Secretary" each place it appears (other than in subsections (a) and (e)) and inserting "Secretary concerned".
- (2) Section 221 of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8411) is repealed.

SEC. 405. COORDINATION OF INFORMATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.

- (a) DEFINITION OF AFFECTED AGENCY.—In this section, the term "affected agency" means—
 - (1) the Department;
 - (2) the Department of Agriculture;
- (3) the Department of Health and Human Services: and
- (4) any other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary.
- (b) COORDINATION.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the head of each other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, shall ensure that appropriate information (as determined by the Secretary) concerning inspections of articles that are imported or entered into the United States, and are inspected or regulated by 1 or more affected agencies, is timely and efficiently exchanged between the affected agencies.
- (c) REPORT AND PLAN.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the head of each other department or agency determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, shall submit to Congress—
- (1) a report on the progress made in implementing this section; and
- (2) a plan to complete implementation of this section.

SEC. 406, VISA ISSUANCE.

- (a) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "consular office" has the meaning given that term under section 101(a)(9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(9)).
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 104(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104(a)) or any other provision of law, and except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the Secretary—
- (1) shall be vested exclusively with all authorities to issue regulations with respect to, administer, and enforce the provisions of

- such Act, and of all other immigration and nationality laws, relating to the functions of consular officers of the United States in connection with the granting or refusal of visas which authorities shall be exercised through the Secretary of State, except that the Secretary shall not have authority to alter or reverse the decision of a consular officer to refuse a visa to an alien;
- (2) may delegate in whole or part the authority under subparagraph (A) to the Secretary of State; and
- (3) shall have authority to confer or impose upon any officer or employee of the United States, with the consent of the head of the executive agency under whose jurisdiction such officer or employee is serving, any of the functions specified in paragraph (1).
- (c) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Secretary of State may direct a consular officer to refuse a visa to an alien if the Secretary of State deems such refusal necessary or advisable in the foreign policy or security interests of the United States.
- (2) CONSTRUCTION REGARDING AUTHORITY.— Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the authorities of the Secretary of State under the following provisions of law:
- (A) Section 101(a)(15)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(A)).
- (B) Section 204(d)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1154) (as it will take effect upon the entry into force of the Convention on Protection of Children and Cooperation in Respect to Inter-Country adoption).
- (C) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV)(bb) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV)(bb)).
- (D) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(i)(VI)).
- (E) Section 212(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II)).
- (F) Section 212(a)(3(C)) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)(C)).
- (G) Section 212(a)(10)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(10)(C)).
- (H) Section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)).
- (I) Section 219(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189(a)).
- (J) Section 237(a)(4)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(C)).
- (K) Section 401 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6034; Public Law 104–114).
- (L) Section 613 of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (as contained in section 101(b) of division A of Public Law 105–277) (Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999); 112 Stat. 2681; H.R. 4328 (originally H.R. 4276) as amended by section 617 of Public Law 106–553.
- (M) Section 103(f) of the Chemical Weapon Convention Implementation Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 2681–865).
- (N) Section 801 of H.R. 3427, the Admiral James W. Nance and Meg Donovan Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2000 and 2001, as enacted by reference in Public Law 106-113.
- (O) Section 568 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2002 (Public Law 107–115).
- (P) Section 51 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2723).
- (d) Consular Officers and Chiefs of Missions.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to alter or affect—
- (A) the employment status of consular officers as employees of the Department of State; or
- (B) the authority of a chief of mission under section 207 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3927).
- (2) CONSTRUCTION REGARDING DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any delegation of authority to the Secretary of State by the President pursuant to any proclamation issued under section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)).
- (e) ASSIGNMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY EMPLOYEES TO DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR POSTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to assign employees of the Department to each diplomatic and consular post at which visas are issued, unless the Secretary determines that such an assignment at a particular post would not promote homeland security.
- (2) FUNCTIONS.—Employees assigned under paragraph (1) shall perform the following functions:
- (i) Provide expert advice to consular officers regarding specific security threats relating to the adjudication of individual visa applications or classes of applications.
- (ii) Review any such applications, either on the initiative of the employee of the Department or upon request by a consular officer or other person charged with adjudicating such applications.
- (iii) Conduct investigations with respect to consular matters under the jurisdiction of the Secretary.
- (3) EVALUATION OF CONSULAR OFFICERS.—The Secretary of State shall evaluate, in consultation with the Secretary, as deemed appropriate by the Secretary, the performance of consular officers with respect to the processing and adjudication of applications for visas in accordance with performance standards developed by the Secretary for these procedures.
- (4) REPORT.—The Secretary shall, on an annual basis, submit a report to Congress that describes the basis for each determination under paragraph (1) that the assignment of an employee of the Department at a particular diplomatic post would not promote homeland security.
- (5) PERMANENT ASSIGNMENT; PARTICIPATION IN TERRORIST LOOKOUT COMMITTEE.—When appropriate, employees of the Department assigned to perform functions described in paragraph (2) may be assigned permanently to overseas diplomatic or consular posts with country-specific or regional responsibility. If the Secretary so directs, any such employee, when present at an overseas post, shall participate in the terrorist lookout committee established under section 304 of the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1733).
 - (6) Training and hiring.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure, to the extent possible, that any employees of the Department assigned to perform functions under paragraph (2) and, as appropriate, consular officers, shall be provided the necessary training to enable them to carry out such functions, including training in foreign languages, in conditions in the particular country where each employee is assigned, and in other appropriate areas of study
- (B) USE OF CENTER.—The Secretary is authorized to use the National Foreign Affairs Training Center, on a reimbursable basis, to obtain the training described in subparagraph (A).
- (7) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-

- retary and the Secretary of State shall submit to Congress—
- (A) a report on the implementation of this subsection; and
- (B) any legislative proposals necessary to further the objectives of this subsection.
- (8) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall take effect on the earlier of—
- (A) the date on which the President publishes notice in the Federal Register that the President has submitted a report to Congress setting forth a memorandum of understanding between the Secretary and the Secretary of State governing the implementation of this section; or
- (B) the date occurring 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (f) NO CREATION OF PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to create or authorize a private right of action to challenge a decision of a consular officer or other United States official or employee to grant or deny a visa.

SEC. 407. BORDER SECURITY AND IMMIGRATION WORKING GROUP.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a border security and immigration working group (in this section referred to as the "Working Group"), composed of the Secretary or the designee of the Secretary, the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs, and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation protection.
- (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Working Group shall meet not less frequently than once every 3 months and shall—
- (1) with respect to border security functions, develop coordinated budget requests, allocations of appropriations, staffing requirements, communication, use of equipment, transportation, facilities, and other infrastructure;
- (2) coordinate joint and cross-training programs for personnel performing border security functions;
- (3) monitor, evaluate and make improvements in the coverage and geographic distributions of border security programs and personnel:
- (4) develop and implement policies and technologies to ensure the speedy, orderly, and efficient flow of lawful traffic, travel and commerce, and enhanced security for high-risk traffic, travel, and commerce:
- (5) identify systemic problems in coordination encountered by border security agencies and programs and propose administrative, regulatory, or statutory changes to mitigate such problems; and
- (6) coordinate the enforcement of all immigration laws.
- (c) RELEVANT AGENCIES.—The Secretary shall consult with representatives of relevant agencies with respect to deliberations under subsection (b), and may include representative of such agencies in working group deliberations, as appropriate.

SEC. 408. INFORMATION ON VISA DENIALS RE-QUIRED TO BE ENTERED INTO ELEC-TRONIC DATA SYSTEM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever a consular officer of the United States denies a visa to an applicant, the consular officer shall enter the fact and the basis of the denial and the name of the applicant into the interoperable electronic data system implemented under section 202(a) of the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act of 2002 (8 U.S.C. 1722(a)).
- (b) PROHIBITION.—In the case of any alien with respect to whom a visa has been denied under subsection (a)—
- (1) no subsequent visa may be issued to the alien unless the consular officer considering the alien's visa application has reviewed the information concerning the alien placed in the interoperable electronic data system, has indicated on the alien's application that the

information has been reviewed, and has stated for the record why the visa is being issued or a waiver of visa ineligibility recommended in spite of that information; and

(2) the alien may not be admitted to the United States without a visa issued in accordance with the procedures described in paragraph (1).

SEC. 409. STUDY ON USE OF FOREIGN NATIONAL PERSONNEL IN VISA PROCESSING.

The Secretary shall conduct a study on the use of foreign national personnel in visa processing to determine whether such uses are consistent with secure visa processing. The study shall review and make recommendations with respect to—

- (1) the effects or possible effects on national security of the use of foreign national personnel in individual countries to perform data entry, process visas or visa applications, or in any way handle visas or visa application documents: and
- (2) each United States mission abroad to determine whether United States consular services performed at the United States mission require different regulations on the use of foreign national personnel.

TITLE V—EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

SEC. 501. UNDER SECRETARY FOR EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate of Emergency Preparedness and Response headed by an Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response.

SEC. 502. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In assisting the Secretary with the responsibilities specified in section 101(b)(2)(D), the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Emergency Preparedness and Response shall include—

- (1) helping to ensure the preparedness of emergency response providers for terrorist attacks, major disasters, and other emergencies:
- (2) with respect to the Nuclear Incident Response Team (regardless of whether it is operating as an organizational unit of the Department pursuant to this title)—
- (A) establishing standards and certifying when those standards have been met;
- (B) conducting joint and other exercises and training and evaluating performance; and
- (C) providing funds to the Department of Energy and the Environmental Protection Agency, as appropriate, for homeland security planning, exercises and training, and equipment;
- (3) providing the Federal Government's response to terrorist attacks and major disasters, including—
 - (A) managing such response;
- (B) directing the Domestic Emergency Support Team, the Strategic National Stockpile, the National Disaster Medical System, and (when operating as an organizational unit of the Department pursuant to this title) the Nuclear Incident Response Team:
- (C) overseeing the Metropolitan Medical Response System; and
- (D) coordinating other Federal response resources in the event of a terrorist attack or major disaster;
- (4) aiding the recovery from terrorist attacks and major disasters;
- (5) building a comprehensive national incident management system with Federal, State, and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, to respond to such attacks and disasters;
- (6) consolidating existing Federal Government emergency response plans into a single, coordinated national response plan; and
- (7) developing comprehensive programs for developing interoperative communications

technology, and helping to ensure that emergency response providers acquire such technology

SEC. 503. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the following entities:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency, including the functions of the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency relating thereto.
- (2) The Office for Domestic Preparedness of the Office of Justice Programs, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto
- (3) The National Domestic Preparedness Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (4) The Domestic Emergency Support Teams of the Department of Justice, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto.
- (5) The Office of the Assistant Secretary for Public Health Emergency Preparedness (including the Office of Emergency Preparedness, the National Disaster Medical System, and the Metropolitan Medical Response System) of the Department of Health and Human Services, including the functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services relating thereto.
- (6) The Strategic National Stockpile of the Department of Health and Human Services, including the functions of the Secretary of Health and Human Services relating thereto.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—At the direction of the Secretary (in connection with an actual or threatened terrorist attack, major disaster, or other emergency), the Nuclear Incident Response Team shall operate as an organizational unit of the Department. While so operating, the Nuclear Incident Response Team shall be subject to the direction, authority, and control of the Secretary.
- (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to limit the ordinary responsibility of the Secretary of Energy and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency for organizing, training, equipping, and utilizing their respective entities in the Nuclear Incident Response Team, or (subject to the provisions of this title) from exercising direction, authority, and control over them when they are not operating as a unit of the Department.

SEC. 505. CONDUCT OF CERTAIN PUBLIC HEALTH-RELATED ACTIVITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to all public health-related activities to improve State, local, and hospital preparedness and response to chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear and other emerging terrorist threats carried out by the Department of Health and Human Services (including the Public Health Service), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall set priorities and preparedness goals and further develop a coordinated strategy for such activities in collaboration with the Secretary.
- (b) EVALUATION OF PROGRESS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall collaborate with the Secretary in developing specific benchmarks and outcome measurements for evaluating progress toward achieving the priorities and goals described in such subsection. SEC. 506. DEFINITION.
- In this title, the term "Nuclear Incident Response Team" means a resource that includes—
- (1) those entities of the Department of Energy that perform nuclear or radiological emergency support functions (including accident response, search response, advisory, and

technical operations functions), radiation exposure functions at the medical assistance facility known as the Radiation Emergency Assistance Center/Training Site (REAC/TS), radiological assistance functions, and related functions; and

(2) those entities of the Environmental Protection Agency that perform such support functions (including radiological emergency response functions) and related functions.

TITLE VI—MANAGEMENT

SEC. 601. UNDER SECRETARY FOR MANAGEMENT.

There shall be in the Department a Directorate for Management, headed by an Under Secretary for Management.

SEC. 602. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In assisting the Secretary with the management and administration of the Department, the primary responsibilities of the Under Secretary for Management shall include, for the Department—

- (1) the budget, appropriations, expenditures of funds, accounting, and finance;
 - (2) procurement;
- (3) human resources and personnel;
- (4) information technology and communications systems;
- (5) facilities, property, equipment, and other material resources;
- (6) security for personnel, information technology and communications systems, facilities, property, equipment, and other material resources; and
- (7) identification and tracking of performance measures relating to the responsibilities of the Department.

SEC. 603. CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.

The Chief Financial Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct.

SEC. 604. CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.

The Chief Information Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct.

SEC. 605. CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICER.

The Chief Human Capital Officer shall report to the Secretary, or to another official of the Department, as the Secretary may direct and shall ensure that all employees of the Department are informed of their rights and remedies under chapters 12 and 23 of title 5, United States Code, by—

- (1) participating in the 2302(c) Certification Program of the Office of Special Counsel;
- (2) achieving certification from the Office of Special Counsel of the Department's compliance with section 2302(c) of title 5, United States Code; and
- (3) informing Congress of such certification not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act.
- TITLE VII—COORDINATION WITH NON-FEDERAL ENTITIES; INSPECTOR GEN-ERAL; UNITED STATES SECRET SERV-ICE; COAST GUARD; GENERAL PROVI-SIONS

Subtitle A—Coordination with Non-Federal Entities

SEC. 701. RESPONSIBILITIES.

In discharging his responsibilities relating to coordination (including the provision of training and equipment) with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, with the private sector, and with other entities, the responsibilities of the Secretary shall include—

- (1) coordinating with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, and with the private sector, to ensure adequate planning, equipment, training, and exercise activities;
- (2) coordinating and, as appropriate, consolidating the Federal Government's communications and systems of communications

relating to homeland security with State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities, the private sector, other entities, and the public;

- (3) directing and supervising grant programs of the Federal Government for State and local government emergency response providers; and
- (4) distributing or, as appropriate, coordinating the distribution of, warnings and information to State and local government personnel, agencies, and authorities and to the public.

Subtitle B—Inspector General SEC. 710. AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the last two sentences of section 3(a) of the Inspector General Act of 1978, the Inspector General shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary with respect to audits or investigations, or the issuance of subpoenas, that require access to information concerning—
- (1) intelligence, counterintelligence, or counterterrorism matters;
- (2) ongoing criminal investigations or proceedings;
 - (3) undercover operations;
- (4) the identity of confidential sources, including protected witnesses;
- (5) other matters the disclosure of which would, in the Secretary's judgment, constitute a serious threat to the protection of any person or property authorized protection by section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, section 202 of title 3 of such Code, or any provision of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976; or
- (6) other matters the disclosure of which would, in the Secretary's judgment, constitute a serious threat to national security.
- (b) Prohibition of Completion of Audit or Investigation.—With respect to the information described in subsection (a), the Secretary may prohibit the Inspector General from carrying out or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena, after such Inspector General has decided to initiate, carry out, or complete such audit or investigation or to issue such subpoena, if the Secretary determines that such prohibition is necessary to prevent the disclosure of any information described in subsection (a), to preserve the national security, or to prevent a significant impairment to the interests of the United States.
- (c) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall notify in writing the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and other appropriate committees of Congress within thirty days of any exercise of his authority under this section stating the reasons for such exercise.

SEC. 711. LAW ENFORCEMENT POWERS OF IN-SPECTOR GENERAL AGENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e)(1) In addition to the authority otherwise provided by this Act, each Inspector General appointed under section 3, any Assistant Inspector General for Investigations under such an Inspector General, and any special agent supervised by such an Assistant Inspector General may be authorized by the Attorney General to—

"(A) carry a firearm while engaged in official duties as authorized under this Act or other statute, or as expressly authorized by the Attorney General;

"(B) make an arrest without a warrant while engaged in official duties as authorized under this Act or other statute, or as expressly authorized by the Attorney General, for any offense against the United States committed in the presence of such Inspector General, Assistant Inspector General, or agent, or for any felony cognizable under the laws of the United States if such Inspector General, Assistant Inspector General, or agent has reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony; and

"(C) seek and execute warrants for arrest, search of a premises, or seizures of evidence issued under the authority of the United States upon probable cause to believe that a violation has been committed.

"(2) The Attorney General may authorize exercise of the powers under this subsection only upon an initial determination that—

- "(A) the affected Office of Inspector General is significantly hampered in the performance of responsibilities established by this Act as a result of the lack of such powers:
- "(B) available assistance from other law enforcement agencies is insufficient to meet the need for such powers; and

 $\mbox{``(C)}$ adequate internal safeguards and management procedures exist to ensure

proper exercise of such powers.

The Inspector General offices of the Department of Commerce, Department of Education, Department of Energy, Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Homeland Security, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Department of the Interior, Department of Justice, Department of Labor, Department of State, Department of Transportation, Department of the Treasury, Department of Veterans Affairs, Agency for International Development, Environmental Protection Agency, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Emergency Management Agency, General Services Administration, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Office of Personnel Management, Railroad Retirement Board, Small Business Administration, Social Security Administration, and the Tennessee Valley Authority are exempt from the requirement of paragraph (2) of an initial determination of eligibility by the Attorney General.

"(4) The Attorney General shall promulgate, and revise as appropriate, guidelines which shall govern the exercise of the law enforcement powers established under paragraph (1).

"(5) Powers authorized for an Office of Inspector General under paragraph (1) shall be rescinded or suspended upon a determination by the Attorney General that any of the requirements under paragraph (2) is no longer satisfied or that the exercise of authorized powers by that Office of Inspector General has not complied with the guidelines promulgated by the Attorney General under paragraph (4).

"(6) A determination by the Attorney General under paragraph (2) or (5) shall not be reviewable in or by any court.

"(7) To ensure the proper exercise of the law enforcement powers authorized by this subsection, the Offices of Inspector General described under paragraph (3) shall, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, collectively enter into a memorandum of understanding to establish an external review process for ensuring that adequate internal safeguards and management procedures continue to exist within each Office and within any Office that later receives an authorization under paragraph (2). The review process shall be established in consultation with the Attorney General, who shall be provided with a copy of the memorandum of understanding that establishes the review process. Under the review process, the exercise of the law enforcement powers by each Office of Inspector General shall be reviewed periodically by another Office of Inspector General or by a committee of Inspectors General. The results of each review shall be communicated in writing to the applicable Inspector General and to the Attorney General.

- "(8) No provision of this subsection shall limit the exercise of law enforcement powers established under any other statutory authority, including United States Marshals Service special deputation."
 - (b) PROMULGATION OF INITIAL GUIDELINES.-
- (1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "memoranda of understanding" means the agreements between the Department of Justice and the Inspector General offices described under section 6(e)(3) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) (as added by subsection (a) of this section) that—
- (A) are in effect on the date of enactment of this Act; and
- (B) authorize such offices to exercise authority that is the same or similar to the authority under section 6(e)(1) of such Act.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall promulgate guidelines under section 6(e)(4) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) (as added by subsection (a) of this section) applicable to the Inspector General offices described under section 6(e)(3) of that Act.
- (3) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—The guidelines promulgated under this subsection shall include, at a minimum, the operational and training requirements in the memoranda of understanding.
- (4) No LAPSE OF AUTHORITY.—The memoranda of understanding in effect on the date of enactment of this Act shall remain in effect until the guidelines promulgated under this subsection take effect.
 - (c) Effective Dates.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) INITIAL GUIDELINES.—Subsection (b) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

Subtitle C—United States Secret Service SEC. 720. FUNCTIONS TRANSFERRED.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the United States Secret Service, which shall be maintained as a distinct entity within the Department, including the functions of the Secretary of the Treasury relating thereto.

Subtitle D—General Provisions

SEC. 730. ESTABLISHMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (A) it is extremely important that employees of the Department be allowed to participate in a meaningful way in the creation of any human resources management system affecting them;
- (B) such employees have the most direct knowledge of the demands of their jobs and have a direct interest in ensuring that their human resources management system is conducive to achieving optimal operational efficiencies;
- (C) the 21st century human resources management system envisioned for the Department should be one that benefits from the input of its employees; and
- $\left(D\right)$ this collaborative effort will help secure our homeland.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Subpart I of part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 97—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec.

"9701. Establishment of human resources management system.

"§ 9701. Establishment of human resources management system

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the Secretary may, in regulations prescribed jointly with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, establish, and from time to time adjust, a human resources management system for some or all of the organizational units of the Department.
- "(b) System Requirements.—Any system established under subsection (a) shall—
 - "(1) be flexible:
 - "(2) be contemporary;
- "(3) not waive, modify, or otherwise af-
- "(A) the public employment principles of merit and fitness set forth in section 2301, including the principles of hiring based on merit, fair treatment without regard to political affiliation or other nonmerit considerations, equal pay for equal work, and protection of employees against reprisal for whistleblowing:
- "(B) any provision of section 2302, relating to prohibited personnel practices;
- (C)(i) any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1); or
- "(ii) any provision of law implementing any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1) by—
- '(I) providing for equal employment opportunity through affirmative action; or
- '(II) providing any right or remedy available to any employee or applicant for employment in the civil service;
- "(D) any other provision of this part (as described in subsection (c)); or
- '(E) any rule or regulation prescribed under any provision of law referred to in any of the preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph:
- "(4) ensure that employees may organize. bargain collectively, and participate through labor organizations of their own choosing in decisions which affect them, subject to any exclusion from coverage or limitation on negotiability established by law; and
- "(5) permit the use of a category rating system for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service.
- (c) Other Nonwaivable Provisions.—The other provisions of this part as referred to in subsection (b)(3)(D), are (to the extent not otherwise specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subsection (b)(3))-
- "(1) subparts A, B, E, G, and H of this part; and
- "(2) chapters 41, 45, 47, 55, 57, 59, 72, 73, and 79, and this chapter.
- "(d) LIMITATIONS RELATING TO PAY.—Nothing in this section shall constitute author-
- "(1) to modify the pay of any employee who serves in-
- "(A) an Executive Schedule position under subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code: or
- "(B) a position for which the rate of basic pay is fixed in statute by reference to a section or level under subchapter II of chapter 53 of such title 5:
- (2) to fix pay for any employee or position at an annual rate greater than the maximum amount of cash compensation allowable under section 5307 of such title 5 in a year; or
- '(3) to exempt any employee from the application of such section 5307.
- (e) Provisions To Ensure Collaboration WITH EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES .-
- '(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to ensure that the authority of this section is exercised in

- collaboration with, and in a manner that ensures the direct participation of employee representatives in the planning development, and implementation of any human resources management system or adjustments under this section, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall provide for the following:
- '(A) NOTICE OF PROPOSAL.— The Secretary and the Director shall, with respect to any proposed system or adjustment-
- '(i) provide to each employee representative representing any employees who might be affected, a written description of the proposed system or adjustment (including the reasons why it is considered necessary);
- "(ii) give each representative at least 60 days (unless extraordinary circumstances require earlier action) to review and make recommendations with respect to the proposal;
- "(iii) give any recommendations received from any such representatives under clause (ii) full and fair consideration in deciding whether or how to proceed with the proposal.
- (B) Preimplementation requirements. If the Secretary and the Director decide to implement a proposal described in subparagraph (A), they shall before implementa-
- "(i) give each representative details of the decision to implement the proposal, together with the information upon which the decision is based:
- "(ii) give each representative an opportunity to make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give such recommendation full and fair consideration, including the providing of reasons to an employee representative if any of its recommendations are rejected.
- "(C) CONTINUING COLLABORATION.—If a proposal described in subparagraph (A) is implemented, the Secretary and the Director
- "(i) develop a method for each employee representative to participate in any further planning or development which might become necessary; and
- "(ii) give each employee representative adequate access to information to make that participation productive.
- (2) Procedures necessary to carry out this subsection shall be established by the Secretary and the Director jointly. Such procedures shall include measures to ensure-
- "(A) in the case of employees within a unit with respect to which a labor organization is accorded exclusive recognition, representation by individuals designated or from among individuals nominated by such orga-
- "(B) in the case of any employees who are not within such a unit, representation by any appropriate organization which represents a substantial percentage of those employees or, if none, in such other manner as may be appropriate, consistent with the purposes of the subsection; and
- '(C) the selection of representatives in a manner consistent with the relative number of employees represented by the organizations or other representatives involved.
- "(f) PROVISIONS RELATING TO APPELLATE PROCEDURES.
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that-
- "(A) employees of the Department are entitled to fair treatment in any appeals that they bring in decisions relating to their employment; and
- '(B) in prescribing regulations for any such appeals procedures, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management-

- "(i) should ensure that employees of the Department are afforded the protections of due process: and
- "(ii) toward that end, should be required to consult with the Merit Systems Protection Board before issuing any such regulations.
- REQUIREMENTS.—Any regulations under this section which relate to any matters within the purview of chapter 77-
- "(A) shall be issued only after consultation with the Merit Systems Protection Board;
- "(B) shall ensure the availability of procedures which shall-
- "(i) be consistent with requirements of due process: and
- '(ii) provide, to the maximum extent practicable, for the expeditious handling of any matters involving the Department; and
- (C) shall modify procedures under chapter 77 only insofar as such modifications are designed to further the fair, efficient, and expeditious resolution of matters involving the employees of the Department.
- (g) Sunset Provision.—Effective 5 years after the conclusion of the transition period defined under section 801 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, all authority to issue regulations under this section (including regulations which would modify, supersede, or terminate any regulations previously issued under this section) shall cease to be available.
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for part III of title 5. United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of the following:

"97. Department of Homeland Secu-

- (1) Nonseparation or nonreduction in GRADE OR COMPENSATION OF FULL-TIME PER-SONNEL AND PART-TIME PERSONNEL HOLDING PERMANENT POSITIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the transfer pursuant to this act of full-time personnel (except special Government employees) and part-time personnel holding permanent positions shall not cause any such employee to be separated or reduced in grade or compensation for one year after the date of transfer to the Department.
- (2) Positions compensated in accordance WITH EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.—Any person who, on the day preceding such person's date of transfer pursuant to this Act, held a position compensated in accordance with the Executive Schedule prescribed in chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, and who, without a break in service, is appointed in the Department to a position having duties comparable to the duties performed immediately preceding such appointment shall continue to be compensated in such new position at not less than the rate provided for such position, for the duration of the service of such person in such new position.
- (3) COORDINATION RULE.—Any exercise of authority under chapter 97 of title 5, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)), including under any system established under such chapter, shall be in conformance with the requirements of this subsection.
- (a) LIMITATION ON EXCLUSIONARY AUTHOR-ITY.

SEC. 731, LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

- (1) IN GENERAL.—No agency or subdivision of an agency which is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act shall be excluded from the coverage of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as a result of any order issued under section 7103(b)(1) of such title 5 after June 18, 2002, unless-
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of the agency (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such agency (or subdivision) have as their

primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.

- (2) EXCLUSIONS ALLOWABLE.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall affect the effectiveness of any order to the extent that such order excludes any portion of an agency or subdivision of an agency as to which—
- (A) recognition as an appropriate unit has never been conferred for purposes of chapter 71 of such title 5; or
- (B) any such recognition has been revoked or otherwise terminated as a result of a determination under subsection (b)(1).
- (b) Provisions Relating to Bargaining Units.—
- (1) LIMITATION RELATING TO APPROPRIATE UNITS.—Each unit which is recognized as an appropriate unit for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as of the day before the effective date of this Act (and any subdivision of any such unit) shall, if such unit (or subdivision) is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, continue to be so recognized for such purposes, unless—
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of such unit (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such unit (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) LIMITATION RELATING TO POSITIONS OR EMPLOYEES.—No position or employee within a unit (or subdivision of a unit) as to which continued recognition is given in accordance with paragraph (1) shall be excluded from such unit (or subdivision), for purposes of chapter 71 of such title 5, unless the primary job duty of such position or employee—
 - (A) materially changes; and
- (B) consists of intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- In the case of any positions within a unit (or subdivision) which are first established on or after the effective date of this Act and any employee first appointed on or after such date, the preceding sentence shall be applied disregarding subparagraph (A).
- (c) HOMELAND SECURITY.—Subsection (a), (b), and (d) of this section shall not apply in circumstances where the President determines in writing that such application would have a substantial adverse impact on the Department's ability to protect homeland security. Whenever the President makes a determination specified under this subsection, the President shall notify the Senate and the House of Representatives of the reasons for such determination not less than 10 days prior to its issuance.
- (d) COORDINATION RULE.—No other provision of this Act or of any amendment made by this Act may be construed or applied in a manner so as to limit, supersede, or otherwise affect the provisions of this section, except to the extent that it does so by specific reference to this section.

SEC. 732. ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

The Secretary may establish, appoint members of, and use the services of, advisory committees, as the Secretary may deem necessary. An advisory committee established under this section may be exempted by the Secretary from Public Law 92-463, but the Secretary shall publish notice in the Federal Register announcing the establishment of such a committee and identifying its purpose and membership. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, members of an advisory committee that is exempted by the Secretary under the preceding sentence who are special Government employees (as that term is defined in section 202 of title 18, United States Code) shall be eligible for certifications under subsection (b)(3) of section 208 of title 18, United States Code, for official actions taken as a member of such advisory committee.

SEC. 733. ACQUISITIONS.

- (a) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—When the Secretary carries out basic, applied, and advanced research and development projects, he may exercise the same authority (subject to the same limitations and conditions) with respect to such research and projects as the Secretary of Defense may exercise under section 2371 of title 10. United States Code (except for subsections (b) and (f)), after making a determination that the use of a contract, grant, or cooperative agreement for such project is not feasible or appropriate. The annual report required under subsection (h) of such section, as applied to the Secretary by this paragraph, shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (2) PROTOTYPE PROJECTS.—The Secretary may, under the authority of paragraph (1), carry out prototype projects in accordance with the requirements and conditions provided for carrying out prototype projects under section 845 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103–160). In applying the authorities of that section 845, subsection (c) of that section shall apply with respect to prototype projects under this paragraph, and the Secretary shall perform the functions of the Secretary of Defense under subsection (d) thereof.
- (b) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTERMITTENT SERVICES.—The Secretary may—
- (1) procure the temporary or intermittent services of experts or consultants (or organizations thereof) in accordance with section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code; and
- (2) whenever necessary due to an urgent homeland security need, procure temporary (not to exceed 1 year) or intermittent personal services, including the services of experts or consultants (or organizations thereof), without regard to the pay limitations of such section 3109.

SEC. 734. REORGANIZATION AUTHORITY.

- (a) REORGANIZATION PLAN.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Whenever the President determines that changes in the organization of the Department are necessary to carry out any policy set forth in this Act, the President shall prepare a reorganization plan specifying the reorganizations that the President determines are necessary. Any such plan may provide for—
- (A) the transfer of the whole or a part of an agency, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, to the jurisdiction and control of the Department;
- (B) the transfer of the whole or a part of an agency, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, from the Department;
- (C) the abolition of all or a part of an agency within the Department;
- (D) the creation of a new agency or a new part of an agency within the Department; or
- (E) the consolidation or coordination of the whole or a part of an agency within the Department, or of the whole or a part of the functions thereof, with the whole or a part of another agency within the Department.
 - (2) Transmittal.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall transmit the reorganization plan to Congress together with the declaration that, with respect to each organization included in the plan, the President has found that the reorganization is necessary to carry out any policy set forth in this Act.
- (B) TIMING.—The reorganization plan shall be delivered to both Houses on the same day

- and to each House while it is in session, except that no more than 2 plans may be pending before Congress at 1 time.
 - (3) Content.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The transmittal message of the reorganization plan shall—
- (i) specify with respect to each abolition of a function included in the plan the statutory authority for the exercise of the function;
- (ii) include an estimate of any reduction or increase in expenditures (itemized so far as practicable);
- (iii) include detailed information addressing the impacts of the reorganization on the employees of any agency affected by the plan, and what steps will be taken to mitigate any impacts of the plan on the employees of the agency;
- (iv) describe any improvements in management, delivery of Federal services, execution of the laws, and increases in efficiency of Government operations, which it is expected will be realized as a result of the reorganizations included in the plan; and
- (v) in the case of a transfer to or from the Department, address the impact of the proposed transfer on the ability of the affected agency to carry out its other functions and to accomplish its missions.
- (B) IMPLEMENTATION.—In addition, the transmittal message shall include an implementation section which shall—
 - (i) describe in detail-
- (I) the actions necessary or planned to complete the reorganization; and
- (II) the anticipated nature and substance of any orders, directives, and other administrative and operations actions which are expected to be required for completing or implementing the reorganization; and
- (ii) contain a projected timetable for completion of the implementation process.
- (C) BACKGROUND INFORMATION.—The President shall also submit such further background or other information as Congress may require for its consideration of the plan.
- (4) AMENDMENTS TO PLAN Any time during the period of 60 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to it, but before any resolution has been ordered reported in either House, the President. or the designee of the President, may make amendments or modifications to the plan, which modifications or revisions shall thereafter be treated as a part of the reorganization plan originally transmitted and shall not affect in any way the time limits otherwise provided for in this section. The President, or the designee of the President, may withdraw the plan any time prior to the conclusion of 90 calendar days of continuous session of Congress following the date on which the plan is submitted to Congress.
- (b) Additional Contents of Reorganization Plan.—A reorganization plan—
- (1) may change the name of an agency affected by a reorganization and the title of its head, and shall designate the name of an agency resulting from a reorganization and the title of its head:
- (2) may provide for the appointment and pay of the head and 1 or more officers of any agency (including an agency resulting from a consolidation or other type of reorganization) if the message transmitting the plan declares, that by reason of a reorganization made by the plan the provisions are necessary;
- (3) shall provide for the transfer or other disposition of the records, property, and personnel affected by a reorganization;
- (4) shall provide for the transfer of such unexpended balances of appropriations, and of other funds, available for use in connection with a function or agency affected by a reorganization, as necessary by reason of the reorganization for use in connection with the

functions affected by the reorganization, or for the use of the agency which shall have the functions after the reorganization plan is effective; and

(5) shall provide for terminating the affairs of an agency abolished.

A reorganization plan containing provisions authorized by paragraph (2) may provide that the head of an agency be an individual or a commission or board with more than 1 member. In the case of an appointment of the head of such an agency, the term of office may not be fixed at more than 4 years, the pay may not be at a rate in excess of that found to be applicable to comparable officers in the executive branch, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Any reorganization plan containing provisions required by paragraph (4) shall provide for the transfer of unexpended balances only if such balances are used for the purposes for which the appropriation was originally made.

- (c) Effective Date and Publication of Reorganization Plans.—
- (1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided under paragraph (3), a reorganization plan shall be effective upon approval by the President of a resolution (as defined in subsection (f)) with respect to such plan, only if such resolution is passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate, within the first period of 90 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date on which the plan is transmitted to Congress.
- (2) SESSION OF CONGRESS.—For the purpose of this chapter—
- (A) continuity of session is broken only by an adjournment of Congress sine die: and
- (B) the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain are excluded in the computation of any period of time in which Congress is in continuous session.
- (3) LATER EFFECTIVE DATE.—Under provisions contained in a reorganization plan, any provision thereof may be effective at a time later than the date on which the plan otherwise is effective.
- (4) Publication of plan.—A reorganization plan which is effective shall be printed—
- (A) in the Statutes at Large in the same volume as the public laws; and
 - (B) in the Federal Register.
- (d) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS; PENDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.—
 - (1) EFFECT ON LAWS.—
- (A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term "regulation or other action" means a regulation, rule, order, policy, determination, directive, authorization, permit, privilege, requirement, designation, or other action
- (B) Effect.—A statute enacted, and a regulation or other action made, prescribed, issued, granted, or performed in respect of or by an agency or function affected by a reorganization under this section, before the effective date of the reorganization, has, except to the extent rescinded, modified, superseded, or made inapplicable by or under authority of law or by the abolition of a function, the same effect as if the reorganization had not been made. However, if the statute, regulation, or other action has vested the functions in the agency from which it is removed under the reorganization plan, the function, insofar as it is to be exercised after the plan becomes effective, shall be deemed as vested in the agency under which the function is placed in the plan.
- (2) PENDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.—A suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the head of an agency or other officer of the United States, in the officer's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of the officer's official duties, does not abate by reason of the taking effect

of a reorganization plan under this section. On motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within 12 months after the reorganization plan takes effect, showing a necessity for a survival of the suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain a settlement of the questions involved, the court may allow the suit, action, or other proceeding to be maintained by or against the successor of the head or officer under the reorganization effected by the plan or, if there is no successor, against such agency or officer as the President designates.

- (e) RULES OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ON REORGANIZATION PLANS.—Subsections (f) through (i) are enacted by Congress—
- (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, and as such they are deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in that House in the case of resolutions with respect to any reorganization plans transmitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (a)(3) of this section); and they supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and
- (2) with the full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.
- (f) TERMS OF RESOLUTION.—For the purposes of subsections (e) through (i), "resolution" means only a joint resolution of Congress, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That Congress approves the reorganization plan transmitted to Congress by the President on
- 20___.", and includes such modifications and revisions as are submitted by the President under subsection (a)(4). The blank spaces therein are to be filled appropriately. The term does not include a resolution which specifies more than 1 reorganization plan.
- (g) Introduction and Reference of Reso-LUTION.—
- (1) INTRODUCTION.—No later than the first day of session following the day on which a reorganization plan is transmitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate under subsection (a), a resolution, as defined in subsection (f), shall be—
- (A) introduced (by request) in the House by the chairman of the Government Reform Committee of the House, or by a Member or Members of the House designated by such chairman; and
- (B) introduced (by request) in the Senate by the chairman of the Governmental Affairs Committee of the Senate, or by a Member or Members of the Senate designated by such chairman.
- (2) REFERRAL.—A resolution with respect to a reorganization plan shall be referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House (and all resolutions with respect to the same plan shall be referred to the same committee) by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as the case may be. The committee shall make its recommendations to the House of Representatives or the Senate, respectively, within 75 calendar days of continuous session of Congress following the date of such resolution's introduction.
- (h) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE CONSIDERING RESOLUTION.—If the committee to which is referred a resolution introduced pursuant to subsection (g)(1) has not reported such a resolution or identical resolution at the end of 75 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after its introduction, such com-

- mittee shall be deemed to be discharged from further consideration of such resolution and such resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House involved.
- (i) PROCEDURE AFTER REPORT OR DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEES; DEBATE; VOTE ON FINAL PASSAGE.—
- (1) PROCEDURE.—When the committee has reported, or has been deemed to be discharged (under subsection (h)) from further consideration of, a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan, it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) for any Member of the respective House to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is not debatable. The motion shall not be subject to amendment, or to any motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of the resolution is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the respective House until disposed of
- (2) DEBATE.—Debate on the resolution, and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between individuals favoring and individuals opposing the resolution. A motion further to limit debate is in order and not debatable. An amendment to, or a motion to recommit the resolution is not in order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolution is passed or rejected shall not be in order.
- (3) VOTE ON FINAL PASSAGE.—Immediately following the conclusion of the debate on the resolution with respect to a reorganization plan, and a single quorum call at the conclusion of the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the appropriate House, the vote on final passage of the resolution shall occur.
- (4) APPEALS.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan shall be decided without debate.
- (5) PRIOR PASSAGE.—If, prior to the passage by 1 House of a resolution of that House, that House receives a resolution with respect to the same reorganization plan from the other House, then—
- (A) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no resolution had been received from the other House; but
- (B) the vote on final passage shall be on the resolution of the other House.

SEC. 735. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- (a) SEAL.—The Department shall have a seal, whose design is subject to the approval of the President.
- (b) Participation of Members of the Armed Forces.—With respect to the Department, the Secretary shall have the same authorities that the Secretary of Transportation has with respect to the Department of Transportation under section 324 of title 49, United States Code.
- (c) REDELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS.—Unless otherwise provided in the delegation or by law, any function delegated under this Act may be redelegated to any subordinate.

SEC. 736. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 737. REGULATORY AUTHORITY.

Except as specifically provided in this Act, this Act vests in the Secretary or any other Federal official, and transfers to the Secretary or another Federal official only such regulatory authority as exists on the date of enactment of this Act within any agency, program, or function transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, or that on such date of enactment is exercised by another official of the executive branch with respect to such agency, program, or function. Any such transferred authority may not be exercised by an official from whom it is transferred upon transfer of such agency, program, or function to the Secretary or another Federal official pursuant to this Act. This Act does not alter or diminish the regulatory authority of any other executive agency, except to the extent that this Act transfers such authority from the agency.

SEC. 738. USE OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS.

- (a) APPLICABILITY OF THIS SECTION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, this section shall apply to the use of any funds, disposal of property, and acceptance, use, and disposal of gifts, or donations of services or property, of, for, or by the Department, including any agencies, entities, or other organizations transferred to the Department under this Act.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS TO CREATE DEPARTMENT.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$160,000,000 for the Office of Homeland Security in the Executive Office of the President to be transferred without delay to the Department upon its creation by enactment of this Act, notwithstanding subsection (c)(1)(C) such funds shall be available only for the payment of necessary salaries and expenses associated with the initiation of operations of the Department.
 - (c) USE OF TRANSFERRED FUNDS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as may be provided in this subsection or in an appropriations Act in accordance with subsection (e), balances of appropriations and any other funds or assets transferred under this Act—
- (A) shall be available only for the purposes for which they were originally available;
- (B) shall remain subject to the same conditions and limitations provided by the law originally appropriating or otherwise making available the amount, including limitations and notification requirements related to the reprogramming of appropriated funds; and
- (C) shall not be used to fund any new position established under this Act.
 - (2) Transfer of funds.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—After the creation of the Department and the swearing in of its Secretary, and upon determination by the Secretary that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary is authorized to transfer, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget, not to exceed \$140,000,000 of unobligated funds from organizations and entities transferred to the new Department by this Act.
- (B) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(C), funds authorized to be transferred by subparagraph (2)(A) shall be available only for payment of necessary costs, including funding of new positions, for the initiation of operations of the Department and may not be transferred unless the Committees on Appropriations are notified at least 15 days in advance of any proposed transfer and have approved such transfer in advance.
- (C) NOTIFICATION.—The notification required in subparagraph (2)(B) shall include a detailed justification of the purposes for which the funds are to be used and a detailed statement of the impact on the program or organization that is the source of the funds, and shall be submitted in accordance with reprogramming procedures to be established by the Committees on Appropriations.

- (D) USE FOR OTHER ITEMS.—The authority to transfer funds established in this section may not be used unless for higher priority items, based on demonstrated homeland security requirements, than those for which funds originally were appropriated and in no case where the item for which funds are requested has been denied by Congress.
- (d) NOTIFICATION REGARDING TRANSFERS.— The President shall notify Congress not less than 15 days before any transfer of appropriations balances, other funds, or assets under this Act.
- (e) ADDITIONAL USES OF FUNDS DURING TRANSITION.—Subject to subsections (c) and (d), amounts transferred to, or otherwise made available to, the Department may be used during the transition period, as defined in section 801(2), for purposes in addition to those for which such amounts were originally available (including by transfer among accounts of the Department), but only to the extent such transfer or use is specifically permitted in advance in an appropriations Act and only under the conditions and for the purposes specified in such appropriations Act.
 - (f) DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY.—
- (1) STRICT COMPLIANCE.—If specifically authorized to dispose of real property in this or any other Act, the Secretary shall exercise this authority in strict compliance with section 204 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 485).
- (2) DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.—The Secretary shall deposit the proceeds of any exercise of property disposal authority into the miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury in accordance with section 3302(b) of title 31, United States Code.
- (g) GIFTS.—Gifts or donations of services or property of or for the Department may not be accepted, used, or disposed of unless specifically permitted in advance in an appropriations Act and only under the conditions and for the purposes specified in such appropriations Act.
- (h) BUDGET REQUEST.—Under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the President shall submit to Congress a detailed budget request for the Department for fiscal year 2004, and for each subsequent fiscal year.

SEC. 739. FUTURE YEARS HOMELAND SECURITY PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Each budget request submitted to Congress for the Department under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, shall, at or about the same time, be accompanied by a Future Years Homeland Security Program.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The Future Years Homeland Security Program under subsection (a) shall be structured, and include the same type of information and level of detail, as the Future Years Defense Program submitted to Congress by the Department of Defense under section 221 of title 10, United States Code.
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect with respect to the preparation and submission of the fiscal year 2005 budget request for the Department and for any subsequent fiscal year, except that the first Future Years Homeland Security Program shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the Department's fiscal year 2005 budget request is submitted to Congress.

SEC. 739A. BIOTERRORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE DIVISION.

Section 319D of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 2472–4) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b), the following:
- "(c) BIOTERRORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE DIVISION.—

- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention a Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Division (in this subsection referred to as the 'Division').
- "(2) MISSION.—The Division shall have the following primary missions:
- "(A) To lead and coordinate the activities and responsibilities of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to countering bioterrorism.
- "(B) To coordinate and facilitate the interaction of Centers for Disease Control and Prevention personnel with personnel from the Department of Homeland Security and, in so doing, serve as a major contact point for 2-way communications between the jurisdictions of homeland security and public health.
- "(C) To train and employ a cadre of public health personnel who are dedicated full-time to the countering of bioterrorism.
- "(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out the mission under paragraph (2), the Division shall assume the responsibilities of and budget authority for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to the following programs:
- $\mbox{``(A)}$ The Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Program.
 - "(B) The Strategic National Stockpile.
- "(C) Such other programs and responsibilities as may be assigned to the Division by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- "(4) DIRECTOR.—There shall be in the Division a Director, who shall be appointed by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(5) STAFFING.—Under agreements reached between the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Secretary of Homeland Security—
- "(A) the Division may be staffed, in part, by personnel assigned from the Department of Homeland Security by the Secretary of Homeland Security; and
- "(B) the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention may assign some personnel from the Division to the Department of Homeland Security."

SEC. 739B. COORDINATION WITH THE DEPART-MENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The annual Federal response plan developed by the Secretary under sections 102(b)(14) and 134(b)(7) shall be consistent with section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d).
- (b) DISCLOSURES AMONG RELEVANT AGENCIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Full disclosure among relevant agencies shall be made in accordance with this subsection.
- (2) Public Health Emergency.—During the period in which the Secretary of Health and Human Services has declared the existence of a public health emergency under section 319(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d(a)), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall keep relevant agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, fully and currently informed.
- (3) POTENTIAL PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.—In cases involving, or potentially involving, a public health emergency, but in which no determination of an emergency by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d(a)), has been made, all relevant agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of

Justice, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall keep the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention fully and currently informed.

Subtitle E—Risk Sharing and Indemnification for Contractors Supplying Anti-Terrorism Technology and Services

SEC. 741. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The President may exercise the discretionary authority to indemnify contractors and subcontractors under Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for a procurement of an anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—In exercising the authority under subsection (a), the President may include, among other things—
- (1) economic damages not fully covered by private liability insurance within the scope of the losses or damages of the indemnification coverage:
- (2) a requirement that an indemnification provision included in a contract or subcontract be negotiated prior to the commencement of the performance of the contract:
- (3) the coverage of information technology used to prevent, detect, identify, otherwise deter, or recover from acts of terrorism; and
- (4) the coverage of the United States Postal Service.

SEC. 742. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the limitations of subsection (b), the President may exercise the discretionary authority to indemnify contractors and subcontractors under Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for a procurement by a State or unit of local government of an anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—The authority of subsection (a) may be exercised only—
- (1) for procurements of a State or unit of local government that are made by the Secretary under contracts awarded by the Secretary pursuant to the authorities of section 743.
- (2) with written approval from the Secretary, or any other official designated by the President, for each procurement in which indemnification is to be provided; and
 - (3) with respect to—
- (A) amounts of losses or damages not fully covered by private liability insurance and State or local government-provided indemnification; and
- (B) liabilities arising out of other than the contractor's willful misconduct or lack of good faith.

SEC. 743. PROCUREMENTS OF ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGIES AND ANTI-TERRORISM SERVICES BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS THROUGH FEDERAL CONTRACTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall establish a program under which States and units of local government may procure through contracts entered into by the Secretary anti-terrorism technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism.
- (2) AUTHORITIES.—For the sole purposes of this program, the Secretary may, but shall not be required to, award contracts using the

same authorities provided to the Administrator of General Services under section 309(b)(3) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act, 41 U.S.C. 259(b)(3).

- (3) OFFERS NOT REQUIRED TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—A contractor that sells anti-terrorism technology or anti-terrorism services to the Federal Government shall not be required to offer such technology or services to a State or unit of local government.
- (b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY.—
 In carrying out the program established by this section, the Secretary shall—
- (1) produce and maintain a catalog of antiterrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services suitable for procurement by States and units of local government under this program; and
- (2) establish procedures in accordance with subsection (c) to address the procurement of anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services by States and units of local government under contracts awarded by the Secretary.
- (c) REQUIRED PROCEDURES.—The procedures required by subsection (b)(2) shall implement the following requirements and authorities:
 - (1) Submissions by States.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), each State desiring to participate in a procurement of anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services through a contract entered into by the Secretary shall submit to the Secretary in such form and manner and at such times as the Secretary prescribes, the following:
- (i) REQUEST.—A request consisting of an enumeration of the technologies or services, respectively, that are desired by the State and units of local government within the State.
- (ii) PAYMENT.—Advance payment for each requested technology or service in an amount determined by the Secretary based on estimated or actual costs of the technology or service and administrative costs incurred by the Secretary.
- (B) AWARD BY SECRETARY.—The Secretary may award and designate contracts under which States and units of local government may procure anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services directly from the contract holders. No indemnification may be provided under the authorities set forth in section 742 for procurements that are made directly between contractors and States or units of local government.
- (2) PERMITTED CATALOG TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES.—A State may include in a request submitted under paragraph (1) only a technology or service listed in the catalog produced under subsection (b)(1).
- (3) COORDINATION OF LOCAL REQUESTS WITH-IN STATE.—The Governor of a State (or the Mayor of the District of Columbia) may establish such procedures as the Governor (or the Mayor of the District of Columbia) considers appropriate for administering and coordinating requests for anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services from units of local government within the State.
- (4) SHIPMENT AND TRANSPORTATION COSTS.—A State requesting anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services shall be responsible for arranging and paying for any shipment or transportation costs necessary to deliver the technologies or services, respectively, to the State and localities within the State.
- (d) REIMBURSEMENT OF ACTUAL COSTS.—In the case of a procurement made by or for a State or unit of local government under the procedures established under this section, the Secretary shall require the State or unit of local government to reimburse the Department for the actual costs it has incurred for such procurement.

(e) TIME FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—The catalog and procedures required by subsection (b) of this section shall be completed as soon as practicable and no later than 210 days after the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 744. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other law, a Federal agency shall, when exercising the discretionary authority of Public Law 85-804, as amended by section 742, to indemnify contractors and subcontractors, provide written notification to the Committees identified in subsection (b) within 30 days after a contract clause is executed to provide indemnification.
- (b) SUBMISSION.—The notification required by subsection (a) shall be submitted to—
- (1) the Appropriations Committees of the Senate and House;
- (2) the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and House;
- (3) the Senate Governmental Affairs Committee; and
- (4) the House Government Reform Committee.

SEC. 745. DEFINITIONS.

- In this subtitle:
- (1) ANTI-TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY AND SERVICE.—The terms "anti-terrorism technology" and "anti-terrorism service" mean any product, equipment, or device, including information technology, and any service, system integration, or other kind of service (including a support service), respectively, that is related to technology and is designed, developed, modified, or procured for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of terrorism
- (2) ACT OF TERRORISM.—The term "act of terrorism" means a calculated attack or threat of attack against any person, property, or infrastructure to inculcate fear, or to intimidate or coerce a government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in the pursuit of political, religious, or ideological objectives.
- (3) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "information technology" has the meaning such term in section 11101(6) of title 40, United States Code.
- (4) STATE.—The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any territory or possession of the United States.
- (5) UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "unit of local government" means any city, county, township, town, borough, parish, vilage, or other general purpose political subdivision of a State; an Indian tribe which performs law enforcement functions as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or any agency of the District of Columbia Government or the United States Government performing law enforcement functions in and for the District of Columbia or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

Subtitle F—Federal Emergency Procurement Flexibility

SEC. 751. DEFINITION.

In this title, the term "executive agency" has the meaning given that term under section 4(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(1)).

SEC. 752. PROCUREMENTS FOR DEFENSE AGAINST OR RECOVERY FROM TERRORISM OR NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, OR RADIOLOGICAL AT-

The authorities provided in this subtitle apply to any procurement of property or services by or for an executive agency that, as determined by the head of the executive agency, are to be used to facilitate defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological

attack, but only if a solicitation of offers for the procurement is issued during the 1-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 753. INCREASED SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD FOR PROCUREMENTS IN SUPPORT OF HUMANITARIAN OR PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS OR CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS.

- (a) TEMPORARY THRESHOLD AMOUNTS.—For a procurement referred to in section 752 that is carried out in support of a humanitarian or peacekeeping operation or a contingency operation, the simplified acquisition threshold definitions shall be applied as if the amount determined under the exception provided for such an operation in those definitions were—
- (1) in the case of a contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, inside the United States, \$250,000; or
- (2) in the case of a contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, outside the United States, \$500,000.
- (b) SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the term "simplified acquisition threshold definitions" means the following:
- (1) Section 4(11) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(11)).
- (2) Section 309(d) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 259(d)).
- (3) Section 2302(7) of title 10, United States Code.
- (c) SMALL BUSINESS RESERVE.—For a procurement carried out pursuant to subsection (a), section 15(j) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 644(j)) shall be applied as if the maximum anticipated value identified therein is equal to the amounts referred to in subsection (a).

SEC. 754. INCREASED MICRO-PURCHASE THRESH-OLD FOR CERTAIN PROCUREMENTS.

In the administration of section 32 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 428) with respect to a procurement referred to in section 752, the amount specified in subsections (c), (d), and (f) of such section 32 shall be deemed to be \$10,000.

SEC. 755. APPLICATION OF CERTAIN COMMERCIAL ITEMS AUTHORITIES TO CERTAIN PROCUREMENTS.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The head of an executive agency may apply the provisions of law listed in paragraph (2) to a procurement referred to in section 752 without regard to whether the property or services are commercial items.
- (2) COMMERCIAL ITEM LAWS.—The provisions of law referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:
- (A) Sections 31 and 34 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 427, 430).
- (B) Section 2304(g) of title 10, United States Code.
- (C) Section 303(g) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(g)).
- (b) INAPPLICABILITY OF LIMITATION ON USE OF SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION PROCEDURES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The \$5,000,000 limitation provided in section 31(a)(2) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 427(a)(2)), section 2304(g)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, and section 303(g)(1)(B) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(g)(1)(B)) shall not apply to purchases of property or services to which any of the provisions of law referred to in subsection (a) are applied under the authority of this section.
- (2) OMB GUIDANCE.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall issue guidance and procedures for the use of simplified acquisition procedures for a purchase

of property or services in excess of \$5,000,000 under the authority of this section.

(c) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY FOR SIM-PLIFIED PURCHASE PROCEDURES.—Authority under a provision of law referred to in subsection (a)(2) that expires under section 4202(e) of the Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996 (divisions D and E of Public Law 104–106; 10 U.S.C. 2304 note) shall, notwithstanding such section, continue to apply for use by the head of an executive agency as provided in subsections (a) and (b).

SEC. 756. USE OF STREAMLINED PROCEDURES.

- (a) REQUIRED USE.—The head of an executive agency shall, when appropriate, use streamlined acquisition authorities and procedures authorized by law for a procurement referred to in section 752, including authorities and procedures that are provided under the following provisions of law:
- (1) FEDERAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ACT OF 1949.—In title III of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949:
- (A) Paragraphs (1), (2), (6), and (7) of subsection (c) of section 303 (41 U.S.C. 253), relating to use of procedures other than competitive procedures under certain circumstances (subject to subsection (e) of such section).
- (B) Section 303J (41 U.S.C. 253j), relating to orders under task and delivery order contracts.
- (2) TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—In chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code:
- (A) Paragraphs (1), (2), (6), and (7) of subsection (c) of section 2304, relating to use of procedures other than competitive procedures under certain circumstances (subject to subsection (e) of such section).
- (B) Section 2304c, relating to orders under task and delivery order contracts.
- (3) OFFICE OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT POLICY ACT.—Paragraphs (1)(B), (1)(D), and (2) of section 18(c) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(c)), relating to inapplicability of a requirement for procurement notice.
- (b) WAIVER OF CERTAIN SMALL BUSINESS THRESHOLD REQUIREMENTS.—Subclause (II) of section 8(a)(1)(D)(i) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(1)(D)(i)) and clause (ii) of section 31(b)(2)(A) of such Act (15 U.S.C. 657a(b)(2)(A)) shall not apply in the use of streamlined acquisition authorities and procedures referred to in paragraphs (1)(A) and (2)(A) of subsection (a) for a procurement referred to in section 752.

SEC. 757. REVIEW AND REPORT BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than March 31, 2004, the Comptroller General shall— $\,$
- (1) complete a review of the extent to which procurements of property and services have been made in accordance with this subtitle; and
- (2) submit a report on the results of the review to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives.
- (b) CONTENT OF REPORT.—The report under subsection (a)(2) shall include the following matters:
- (1) Assessment.—The Comptroller General's assessment of—
- (A) the extent to which property and services procured in accordance with this title have contributed to the capacity of the workforce of Federal Government employees within each executive agency to carry out the mission of the executive agency; and
- (B) the extent to which Federal Government employees have been trained on the use of technology.
- (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Any recommendations of the Comptroller General resulting from the assessment described in paragraph (1)

(c) Consultation.—In preparing for the review under subsection (a)(1), the Comptroller shall consult with the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives on the specific issues and topics to be reviewed. The extent of coverage needed in areas such as technology integration, employee training, and human capital management, as well as the data requirements of the study, shall be included as part of the consultation.

SEC. 758. IDENTIFICATION OF NEW ENTRANTS INTO THE FEDERAL MARKETPLACE.

The head of each executive agency shall conduct market research on an ongoing basis to identify effectively the capabilities, including the capabilities of small businesses and new entrants into Federal contracting, that are available in the marketplace for meeting the requirements of the executive agency in furtherance of defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack. The head of the executive agency shall, to the maximum extent practicable, take advantage of commercially available market research methods, including use of commercial databases, to carry out the research.

Subtitle G—Coast Guard

SEC. 761. PRESERVING COAST GUARD MISSION PERFORMANCE.

- (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) NON-HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—The term "non-homeland security missions" means the following missions of the Coast Guard:
 - (A) Marine safety.
 - (B) Search and rescue.
 - (C) Aids to navigation.
- (D) Living marine resources (e.g., fisheries law enforcement).
- (E) Marine environmental protection.
- (F) Ice operations.
- (2) HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—The term "homeland security missions" means the following missions of the Coast Guard:
 - (A) Ports, waterways and coastal security.
 - (B) Drug interdiction.
 - (C) Migrant interdiction.
 - (D) Defense readiness.
 - (E) Other law enforcement.
- (b) TRANSFER.—There are transferred to the Department the authorities, functions, personnel, and assets of the Coast Guard, which shall be maintained as a distinct entity within the Department, including the authorities and functions of the Secretary of Transportation relating thereto.
- (c) MAINTENANCE OF STATUS OF FUNCTIONS AND ASSETS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the authorities, functions, assets, organizational structure, units, personnel, and non-homeland security missions of the Coast Guard shall be maintained intact and without reduction after the transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department, except as specified in subsequent Acts. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the Coast Guard from replacing or upgrading any asset with an asset of equivalent or greater capabilities.
 - (d) CERTAIN TRANSFERS PROHIBITED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—None of the missions, functions, personnel, and assets (including ships, aircraft, helicopters, and vehicles) of the Coast Guard may be transferred to the operational control of, or diverted to the principal and continuing use of, any other organization, unit, or entity of the Department.
- (2) APPLICABILITY.—The restrictions in paragraph (1) shall not apply—
- (A) to any joint operation of less than 90 days between the Coast Guard and other entities and organizations of the Department;

- (B) to any detail or assignment of any individual member or civilian employee of the Coast Guard to any other entity or organization of the Department for the purposes of ensuring effective liaison, coordination, and operations of the Coast Guard and that entity or organization, except that the total number of individuals detailed or assigned in this capacity may not exceed 50 individuals during any fiscal year.
- (e) CHANGES TO NON-HOMELAND SECURITY MISSIONS.—
- (1) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary may not make any substantial or significant change to any of the non-homeland security missions of the Coast Guard, or to the capabilities of the Coast Guard to carry out each of the non-homeland security missions, without the prior approval of Congress as expressed in a subsequent Act. With respect to a change to the capabilities of the Coast Guard to carry out each of the non-homeland security missions, the restrictions in this paragraph shall not apply when such change shall result in an increase in those capabilities.
- (2) WAIVER.—The President may waive the restrictions under paragraph (1) for a period of not to exceed 90 days upon a declaration and certification by the President to Congress that a clear, compelling, and immediate state of national emergency exists that justifies such a waiver. A certification under this paragraph shall include a detailed justification for the declaration and certification, including the reasons and specific information that demonstrate that the Nation and the Coast Guard cannot respond effectively to the national emergency if the restrictions under paragraph (1) are not waived.
 - (f) ANNUAL REVIEW.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Department shall conduct an annual review that shall assess thoroughly the performance by the Coast Guard of all missions of the Coast Guard (including non-homeland security missions and homeland security missions) with a particular emphasis on examining the non-homeland security missions
- (2) REPORT.—The Inspector General shall submit the detailed results of the annual review and assessment required by paragraph (1) not later than March 1 of each year directly to—
- (A) the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives;(C) the Committees on Appropriations of
- (b) the Committees of Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives;
 (b) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and
- (E) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.
- (g) DIRECT REPORTING TO SECRETARY.— Upon the transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department, the Commandant shall report directly to the Secretary without being required to report through any other official of the Department.
- (h) OPERATION AS A SERVICE IN THE NAVY.— None of the conditions and restrictions in this section shall apply when the Coast Guard operates as a service in the Navy under section 3 of title 14, United States Code.

TITLE VIII—TRANSITION

SEC. 801. DEFINITIONS.

- In this title:
- (1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" includes any entity, organizational unit, or function; and
- (2) Transition period.—The term "transition period" means the 12-month period beginning on the effective date of this Act.

SEC. 802. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES.

The transfer of an agency to the Department shall occur when the President so directs, but in no event later than the end of the transition period. When an agency is transferred, the President may also transfer to the Department any agency established to carry out or support adjudicatory or review functions in relation to the agency.

SEC. 803. TRANSITIONAL AUTHORITIES.

- (a) Provision of Assistance by Officials.—Until the transfer of an agency to the Department, any official having authority over, or functions relating to, the agency immediately before the effective date of this Act shall provide to the Secretary such assistance, including the use of personnel and assets, as the Secretary may request in preparing for the transfer and integration of the agency into the Department.
- (b) Services and Personnel.—During the transition period, upon the request of the Secretary, the head of any executive agency may, on a reimbursable or nonreimbursable basis, provide services or detail personnel to assist with the transition.
 - (c) ACTING OFFICIALS.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) DESIGNATION.—During the transition period, pending the advice and consent of the Senate to the appointment of an officer required by this Act to be appointed by and with such advice and consent, the President may designate any officer whose appointment was required to be made by and with such advice and consent and who was such an officer immediately before the effective date of this Act (and who continues in office) or immediately before such designation, to act in such office until the same is filled as provided in this Act.
- (B) COMPENSATION.—While serving as an acting officer under subparagraph (A), that officer shall receive compensation at the higher of the rate provided—
- (i) by this Act for the office in which that officer acts: or
- (ii) for the office held at the time of designation.
- (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require the advice and consent of the Senate to the appointment by the President to a position in the Department of any officer whose—
- (A) agency is transferred to the Department under this Act; and
- (B) duties following such transfer are germane to those performed before such transfer.
- (d) TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUNCTIONS.—Upon the transfer of an agency to the Department—
- (1) the personnel, assets, and liabilities held by or available in connection with the agency shall be transferred to the Secretary for appropriate allocation, subject to the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget; and
- (2) the Secretary shall have all functions—
 (A) relating to the agency that any other official could by law exercise in relation to the agency immediately before such transfer; and
- (B) vested in the Secretary by this Act or other law.

SEC. 804. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

- (a) COMPLETED ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Completed administrative actions of an agency shall not be affected by the enactment of this Act or the transfer of such agency to the Department, but shall continue in effect according to their terms until amended, modified, superseded, terminated, set aside, or revoked in accordance with law by an officer of the United States or a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.

- (2) INCLUDED ACTIONS.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "completed administrative actions" includes orders, determinations, rules, regulations, personnel actions, permits, agreements, grants, contracts, certificates, licenses, registrations, and privileges
- (b) PENDING PROCEEDINGS.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under this Act—
- (1) pending proceedings in an agency, including notices of proposed rulemaking, and applications for licenses, permits, certificates, grants, and financial assistance, shall continue notwithstanding the enactment of this Act or the transfer of the agency to the Department, unless discontinued or modified under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such discontinuance could have occurred if such enactment or transfer had not occurred; and
- (2) orders issued in such proceedings, and appeals therefrom, and payments made pursuant to such orders, shall issue in the same manner and on the same terms as if this Act had not been enacted or the agency had not been transferred, and any such orders shall continue in effect until amended, modified, superseded, terminated, set aside, or revoked by an officer of the United States or a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.
- (c) PENDING CIVIL ACTIONS.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under this Act, pending civil actions shall continue notwithstanding the enactment of this Act or the transfer of an agency to the Department, and in such civil actions, proceedings shall be had, appeals taken, and judgments rendered and enforced in the same manner and with the same effect as if such enactment or transfer had not occurred.
- (d) REFERENCES.—References relating to an agency that is transferred to the Department in statutes, Executive orders, rules, regulations, directives, or delegations of authority that precede such transfer or the effective date of this Act shall be deemed to refer, as appropriate, to the Department, to its officers, employees, or agents, or to its corresponding organizational units or functions.
- (e) STATUTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Any statutory reporting requirement that applied to an agency, transferred to the Department under this Act, immediately before the effective date of this Act shall continue to apply following that transfer if the statutory requirement refers to the agency by name.
- (f) EMPLOYMENT PROVISIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, or under authority granted by this Act, the transfer under this Act of personnel shall not alter the terms and conditions of employment, including compensation, of any employee so transferred.

SEC. 805. TERMINATIONS.

Except as otherwise provided in this Act, whenever all the functions vested by law in any agency have been transferred under this Act, each position and office the incumbent of which was authorized to receive compensation at the rates prescribed for an office or position at level II, III, IV, or V, of the Executive Schedule, shall terminate.

SEC. 806. INCIDENTAL TRANSFERS.

The Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Secretary, is authorized and directed to make such additional incidental dispositions of personnel, assets, and liabilities held, used, arising from, available, or to be made available, in connection with the functions transferred by this Act, as the Director may determine necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act.

TITLE IX—CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL **AMENDMENTS**

SEC. 901. INSPECTOR GENERAL ACT.

Section 11 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended in paragraphs (1) and (2)—

- (1) by inserting "Homeland Security." "Transportation," each place it apafter pears:
- (2) by striking "; and" each place it ap-
- pears and inserting a semicolon;
 (3) by striking ",," and inserting a coma; and
- (4) by striking ";;" each place it appears and inserting a semicolon in each such place. SEC. 902. EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.

Chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in section 5312, by inserting after the item relating to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs the following:
 - "Secretary of Homeland Security."
- (2) in section 5313, by inserting after the item relating to the Deputy Secretary of Transportation the following:
- "Deputy Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- (3) in section 5314, by inserting after the item relating to the Under Secretary for Memorial Affairs, Department of Veterans Affairs the following:
- Under Secretaries, Department of Homeland Security."; and
- (4) in section 5315, by inserting at the end the following:
- 'Assistant Secretaries, Department of Homeland Security.
- 'General Counsel, Department of Homeland Security.
- 'Chief Financial Officer, Department of Homeland Security.
- 'Chief Information Officer, Department of Homeland Security.
- 'Inspector General, Department of Homeland Security."

SEC. 903. UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE.

- (a) Uniformed Division.—Section 202 of title 3, United States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of the Treasury" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security"
- (b) Reimbursement of State and Local GOVERNMENTS.—Section 208 of title 3, United States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of Treasury" each place it appears and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Secuin each such place.
- (c) POWERS, AUTHORITIES, AND DUTIES.-Section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "Secretary of the Treasury" each place it appears and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security" in each such place.
- EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the United States Secret Service to the Department.

SEC. 904. COAST GUARD.

- (a) TITLE 14, U.S.C.—Title 14 of the United States Code is amended-
- (1) in sections 1, 3, 53, 95, 145, 516, 666, 669, 673 (as added by Public Law 104-201), 673 (as added by Public Law 104-324), 674, 687, and 688, by striking "of Transportation", each place it appears, and inserting "of Homeland Security"; and
- (2) after executing the other amendments required by this subsection, by redesignating the section 673 added by Public Law 104-324 as section 673a.
- (b) TITLE 10, U.S.C.—Section 801(1) of title 10. United States Code, is amended by striking "the General Counsel of the Department of Transportation" and inserting "an official designated to serve as Judge Advocate General of the Coast Guard by the Secretary of Homeland Security
- EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the

date of transfer of the Coast Guard to the Department.

SEC. 905. STRATEGIC NATIONAL STOCKPILE AND SMALLPOX VACCINE DEVELOPMENT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 121 of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 is amended-
- (1) in subsection (a)(1)—
- (A) by striking "Secretary of Health and Human Services" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security";
- (B) by inserting "the Secretary of Health and Human Services and" after "in coordination with": and
- (C) by inserting "of Health and Human Services" after "as are determined by the Secretary"; and
- (2) in subsections (a)(2) and (b), by inserting "of Health and Human Services" 'Secretary' each place it appears.
- EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the Strategic National Stockpile of the Department of Health and Human Services to the Department.

SEC. 906. SELECT AGENT REGISTRATION.

- (a) PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.—The Public Health Service Act is amended-
- (1) in section 351A(a)(1)(A), by inserting (as defined in subsection (1)(9))" after "Secretarv":
- (2) in section 351A(h)(2)(A), by inserting "Department of Homeland Security, the" before "Department of Health and Human Services";
- (3) in section 351A(1), by inserting after paragraph (8) the following:
- "(9) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services."; and
- (4) in section 352A(i)-
- (A) by striking "(1)" the first place it ap-
- (B) by striking paragraph (2).
- (b) PUBLIC HEALTH SECURITY AND BIOTER-RORISM PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE ACT OF 2002.—Section 201(b) of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 is amended by striking "Secretary of Health and Human Services" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Secu-
- EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of transfer of the select agent registration enforcement programs and activities of the Department of Health and Human Services to the Department.

SEC. 907. NATIONAL BIO-WEAPONS DEFENSE ANALYSIS CENTER.

There is established in the Department of Defense a National Bio-Weapons Defense Analysis Center, whose mission is to develop countermeasures to potential attacks by terrorists using weapons of mass destruction.

SEC. 908. MILITARY ACTIVITIES.

Except as specifically provided in this Act, nothing in this Act shall confer upon the Secretary any authority to engage in war fighting, the military defense of the United States, or other traditional military activities.

DIVISION B-IMMIGRATION REFORM, AC-COUNTABILITY, AND SECURITY HANCEMENT ACT OF 2002

SEC. 1001, SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Immigration Reform, Accountability, and Security Enhancement Act of 2002".

SEC. 1002. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

(1) ENFORCEMENT BUREAU.—The term "Enforcement Bureau" means the Bureau of Enforcement established in section 114 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1105 of this Act.

- (2) FUNCTION.—The term "function" includes any duty, obligation, power, authority, responsibility, right, privilege, activity,
- (3) Immigration enforcement functions.-The term "immigration enforcement functions" has the meaning given the term in section 114(b)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1105 of this Act.
- IMMIGRATION LAWS OF THE UNITED (4) STATES.—The term "immigration laws of the United States" has the meaning given the term in section 111(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 of this Act.
- (5) IMMIGRATION POLICY, ADMINISTRATION, AND INSPECTION FUNCTIONS.—The term "immigration policy, administration, and inspection functions" has the meaning given the term in section 112(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.
- (6) IMMIGRATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS.—The term "immigration service functions" has the meaning given the term in section 113(b)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1104 of this Act.
- (7) Office.—The term "office" includes any office, administration, agency, bureau, institute, council, unit, organizational entity, or component thereof.
- (8) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- (9) SERVICE BUREAU.—The term "Service Bureau" means the Bureau of Immigration Services established in section 113 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1104 of this Act.
- (10) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs appointed under section 112 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.

SEC. 1003. TRANSFER OF IMMIGRATION AND NAT-URALIZATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS.

In accordance with title VIII, there shall be transferred to the Secretary the functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities of the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the Department of Justice, including the functions of the Attorney General relating thereto, to be restructured so as to separate enforcement and service functions.

TITLE XI-DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS Subtitle A—Organization

SEC. 1101. ABOLITION OF INS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Immigration and Naturalization Service is abolished.
- (b) REPEAL.—Section 4 of the Act of February 14, 1903, as amended (32 Stat. 826; relating to the establishment of the Immigration and Naturalization Service), is repealed.

SEC. 1102. ESTABLISHMENT OF DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) by inserting "CHAPTER 1—DEFINI-TIONS AND GENERAL AUTHORITIES" after 'TITLE I—GENERAL"; and
 - (2) by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 2—DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS

"SEC. 111, ESTABLISHMENT OF DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Department of Homeland Security the Directorate of Immigration Affairs.
- (b) PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.—The principal officers of the Directorate are the following: "(1) The Under Secretary for Immigration
- Affairs appointed under section 112.
- "(2) The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services appointed under section 113.

- "(3) The Assistant Secretary for Enforcement appointed under section 114.
- "(c) FUNCTIONS.—Under the authority of the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Directorate shall perform the following functions:
- "(1) Immigration policy and administration functions, as defined in section 112(b).
- "(2) Immigration service and adjudication functions, as defined in section 113(b).
- "(3) Immigration enforcement functions, as defined in section 114(b), but does not include the functions described in paragraphs (7) and (8) of section 131(b).
 - "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Homeland Security such sums as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Directorate.
- "(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.
- "(e) IMMIGRATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES DEFINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration laws of the United States' shall have the same meaning given such term in section 101(a)(17) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17))."
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) The Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—
- (A) by striking section 101(a)(34) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(34)) and inserting the following:
- "(34) The term 'Directorate' means the Directorate of Immigration Affairs established by section 111.":
- (B) by adding at the end of section 101(a) the following:
- "(51) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(52) The term 'Department' means the Department of Homeland Security.";
- (C) by striking "Attorney General" and "Department of Justice" each place it appears (other than the proviso in section 103(a)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act) and inserting "Secretary" and "Department", respectively;
- (D) in section 101(a)(17) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17)), by striking "The" and inserting "Except as otherwise provided in section 111(e), the; and
- (E) by striking "Immigration and Naturalization Service", "Service", and "Service's" each place they appear and inserting "Directorate of Immigration Affairs", "Directorate", and "Directorate's", respectively.
- (2) Section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain administrative expenses for the Department of Justice, and for other purposes", approved July 28, 1950 (64 Stat. 380), is amended—
- (A) by striking "Immigration and Naturalization Service" and inserting "Directorate of Immigration Affairs";
 - (B) by striking clause (a); and
- (C) by redesignating clauses (b), (c), (d), and (e) as clauses (a), (b), (c), and (d), respectively.
- REFERENCES.—Any reference in any statute, reorganization plan, Executive order, regulation, agreement, determination, or other official document or proceeding to the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall be deemed to refer to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security of the Department of Homeland Security, as appropriate, and any reference in the immigration laws of the United States (as defined in section 111(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by this section) to the Attorney General shall be deemed to refer to the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, as appropriate.

SEC. 1103. UNDER SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECURITY FOR IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 112. UNDER SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECURITY FOR IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- "(a) Under Secretary of Immigration Affairs.—The Directorate shall be headed by an Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs who shall be appointed in accordance with section 103(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall be charged with any and all responsibilities and authority in the administration of the Directorate and of this Act which are conferred upon the Secretary as may be delegated to the Under Secretary by the Secretary or which may be prescribed by the Secretary.
- "(2) DUTIES.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary under paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall have the following duties:
- "(A) IMMIGRATION POLICY.—The Under Secretary shall develop and implement policy under the immigration laws of the United States with respect to any function within the jurisdiction of the Directorate. The Under Secretary shall propose, promulgate, and issue rules, regulations, and statements of policy with respect to any function within the jurisdiction of the Directorate.
- "(B) ADMINISTRATION.—The Under Sec retary shall have responsibility for—
- "(i) the administration and enforcement of the functions conferred upon the Directorate under section 111(c) of this Act: and
- "(ii) the administration of the Directorate, including the direction, supervision, and coordination of the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement.
- "(3) ACTIVITIES.—As part of the duties described in paragraph (2), the Under Secretary shall do the following:
- "(A) RESOURCES AND PERSONNEL MANAGE-MENT.—The Under Secretary shall manage the resources, personnel, and other support requirements of the Directorate.
- "(B) Information resources management.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary shall manage the information resources of the Directorate, including the maintenance of records and databases and the coordination of records and other information within the Directorate, and shall ensure that the Directorate obtains and maintains adequate information technology systems to carry out its functions.
- "(4) DEFINITION.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration policy and administration' means the duties, activities, and powers described in this subsection.
- "(c) GENERAL COUNSEL.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a General Counsel, who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary.
- ``(2) Function.—The General Counsel shall—
- ``(A) serve as the chief legal officer for the Directorate; and
- "(B) be responsible for providing specialized legal advice, opinions, determinations, regulations, and any other assistance to the Under Secretary with respect to legal matters affecting the Directorate, and any of its components.
- "(d) FINANCIAL OFFICERS FOR THE DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS.—
 - ``(1) Chief financial officer.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a Chief Financial Officer. The position of Chief Financial Officer shall

- be a career reserved position in the Senior Executive Service and shall have the authorities and functions described in section 902 of title 31, United States Code, in relation to financial activities of the Directorate. For purposes of section 902(a)(1) of such title, the Under Secretary shall be deemed to be an agency head.
- "(B) FUNCTIONS.—The Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for directing, supervising, and coordinating all budget formulas and execution for the Directorate.
- "(2) DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—The Directorate shall be deemed to be an agency for purposes of section 903 of such title (relating to Deputy Chief Financial Officers).
- "(e) CHIEF OF CONGRESSIONAL, INTERGOV-ERNMENTAL, AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the Directorate a Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs. Under the authority of the Under Secretary, the Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs shall be responsible for—
- "(A) providing to Congress information relating to issues arising under the immigration laws of the United States, including information on specific cases:
- "(B) serving as a liaison with other Federal agencies on immigration issues: and
- "(C) responding to inquiries from, and providing information to, the media on immigration issues.
- "(2) WITHIN THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERV-ICE.—The position of Chief of Congressional, Intergovernmental, and Public Affairs shall be a Senior Executive Service position under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code."
- (b) COMPENSATION OF GENERAL COUNSEL AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER.—Section 5316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "General Counsel, Directorate of Immigration Affairs, Department of Homeland Secu-
- "Chief Financial Officer, Directorate of Immigration Affairs, Department of Homeland Security."
- (c) REPEALS.—The following provisions of law are repealed:
- (1) Section 7 of the Act of March 3, 1891, as amended (26 Stat. 1085; relating to the establishment of the office of the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization).
- (2) Section 201 of the Act of June 20, 1956 (70 Stat. 307; relating to the compensation of assistant commissioners and district directors).
- (3) Section 1 of the Act of March 2, 1895 (28 Stat. 780; relating to special immigrant inspectors).
- (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1)(A) Section 101(a)(8) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(8)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(8) The term 'Under Secretary' means the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs who is appointed under section 103(c).".
- (B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended—
- (i) by striking "The Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization" and "The Commissioner" each place they appear and inserting "The appropriate Under Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security"; and
- (ii) except as provided in paragraph (1), by striking "Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization" and "Commissioner" each place they appear and inserting "appropriate Under Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security".
- (C) The amendments made by subparagraph (B) do not apply to references to the "Commissioner of Social Security" in section 290(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1360(c)).

- (2) Section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (c), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary";
- (B) in subsection (d), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary";
- (C) in subsection (e), by striking "Commissioner" and inserting "Under Secretary".
- (3) Sections 104 and 105 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104, 1105) are amended by striking "Director" each place it appears and inserting "Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs".
- (4) Section 104(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1104(c)) is amended—
- (A) in the first sentence, by striking "Passport Office, a Visa Office," and inserting "a Passport Services office, a Visa Services office, an Overseas Citizen Services office,"; and
- (B) in the second sentence, by striking "the Passport Office and the Visa Office" and inserting "the Passport Services office and the Visa Services office".
- (5) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the following:
- "Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, Department of Justice.".
- (e) REFERENCES.—Any reference in any statute, reorganization plan, Executive order, regulation, agreement, determination, or other official document or proceeding to the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization shall be deemed to refer to the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs or the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, as appropriate.

SEC. 1104. BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION SERVICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by section 1103, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 113. BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION SERVICES.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF BUREAU.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate a bureau to be known as the Bureau of Immigration Services (in this chapter referred to as the 'Service Bureau').
- "(2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The head of the Service Bureau shall be the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services (in this chapter referred to as the 'Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services'), who—
- "(A) shall be appointed by the Secretary, in consultation with the Under Secretary; and
- "(B) shall report directly to the Under Secretary.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary and the Under Secretary, the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services shall administer the immigration service functions of the Directorate.
- "(2) IMMIGRATION SERVICE FUNCTIONS DE-FINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration service functions' means the following functions under the immigration laws of the United States:
- "(A) Adjudications of petitions for classification of nonimmigrant and immigrant
- "(B) Adjudications of applications for adjustment of status and change of status.
- "(C) Adjudications of naturalization applications.
- "(D) Adjudications of asylum and refugee applications.
- "(E) Adjudications performed at Service centers.
- "(F) Determinations concerning custody and parole of asylum seekers who do not

- have prior nonpolitical criminal records and who have been found to have a credible fear of persecution, including determinations under section 236B.
- "(G) All other adjudications under the immigration laws of the United States.
- '(c) CHIEF BUDGET OFFICER OF THE SERVICE BUREAU.—There shall be within the Service Bureau a Chief Budget Officer. Under the authority of the Chief Financial Officer of the Directorate, the Chief Budget Officer of the Service Bureau shall be responsible for monitoring and supervising all financial activities of the Service Bureau.
- "(d) QUALITY ASSURANCE.—There shall be within the Service Bureau an Office of Quality Assurance that shall develop procedures and conduct audits to—
- "(1) ensure that the Directorate's policies with respect to the immigration service functions of the Directorate are properly implemented: and
- "(2) ensure that Service Bureau policies or practices result in sound records management and efficient and accurate service.
- "(e) OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY.—There shall be within the Service Bureau an Office of Professional Responsibility that shall have the responsibility for ensuring the professionalism of the Service Bureau and for receiving and investigating charges of misconduct or ill treatment made by the public.
- "(f) TRAINING OF PERSONNEL.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services, in consultation with the Under Secretary, shall have responsibility for determining the training for all personnel of the Service Bureau."
- (b) Service Bureau Offices.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services, shall establish Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in appropriate municipalities and locations in the United States. In the selection of sites for the Service Bureau offices, the Under Secretary shall consider the location's proximity and accessibility to the community served, the workload for which that office shall be responsible, whether the location would significantly reduce the backlog of cases in that given geographic area, whether the location will improve customer service, and whether the location is in a geographic area with an increase in the population to be served. The Under Secretary shall conduct periodic reviews to assess whether the location and size of the respective Service Bureau offices adequately serve customer service needs.
- (2) Transition provision.—In determining the location of Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, the Under Secretary shall first consider maintaining and upgrading offices in existing geographic locations that satisfy the provisions of paragraph (1). The Under Secretary shall also explore the feasibility and desirability of establishing new Service Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in new geographic locations where there is a demonstrated need.

SEC. 1105. BUREAU OF ENFORCEMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103 and 1104, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 114. BUREAU OF ENFORCEMENT.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF BUREAU.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate a bureau to be known as the Bureau of Enforcement (in this chapter referred to as the 'Enforcement Bureau').
- "(2) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The head of the Enforcement Bureau shall be the Assist-

- ant Secretary for Enforcement (in this chapter referred to as the 'Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement'), who—
- "(A) shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary; and
- "(B) shall report directly to the Under Secretary.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the authority of the Secretary and the Under Secretary, the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement shall administer the immigration enforcement functions of the Directorate.
- "(2) IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT FUNCTIONS DEFINED.—In this chapter, the term 'immigration enforcement functions' means the following functions under the immigration laws of the United States:
- "(A) The detention function, except as specified in section 113(b)(2)(F).
 - "(B) The removal function.

 - "(D) The investigations function.
- "(c) CHIEF BUDGET OFFICER OF THE ENFORCEMENT BUREAU.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau a Chief Budget Officer. Under the authority of the Chief Financial Officer of the Directorate, the Chief Budget Officer of the Enforcement Bureau shall be responsible for monitoring and supervising all financial activities of the Enforcement Bureau
- forcement Bureau.

 "(d) OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau an Office of Professional Responsibility that shall have the responsibility for ensuring the professionalism of the Enforcement Bureau and receiving charges of misconduct or ill treatment made by the public and investigating the charges.
- "(e) OFFICE OF QUALITY ASSURANCE.—There shall be within the Enforcement Bureau an Office of Quality Assurance that shall develop procedures and conduct audits to—
- "(1) ensure that the Directorate's policies with respect to immigration enforcement functions are properly implemented; and
- "(2) ensure that Enforcement Bureau policies or practices result in sound record management and efficient and accurate recordkeeping.
- "(f) Training of Personnel.—The Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement, in consultation with the Under Secretary, shall have responsibility for determining the training for all personnel of the Enforcement Bureau."
- (b) Enforcement Bureau Offices.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under the direction of the Secretary, the Under Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement, shall establish Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in appropriate municipalities and locations in the United States. In the selection of sites for the Enforcement Bureau offices, the Under Secretary shall make selections according to trends in unlawful entry and unlawful presence, alien smuggling, national security concerns, the number of Federal prosecutions of immigration-related offenses in a given geographic area, and other enforcement considerations. The Under Secretary shall conduct periodic reviews to assess whether the location and size of the respective Enforcement Bureau offices adequately serve enforcement
- (2) Transition provision.—In determining the location of Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, the Under Secretary shall first consider maintaining and upgrading offices in existing geographic locations that satisfy the provisions of paragraph (1). The Under Secretary shall also explore the feasibility and desirability

of establishing new Enforcement Bureau offices, including suboffices and satellite offices, in new geographic locations where there is a demonstrated need.

SEC. 1106. OFFICE OF THE OMBUDSMAN WITHIN THE DIRECTORATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103, 1104, and 1105, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 115. OFFICE OF THE OMBUDSMAN FOR IM-MIGRATION AFFAIRS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Directorate the Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs, which shall be headed by the Ombudsman.
 - "(b) OMBUDSMAN.—
- "(1) APPOINTMENT.—The Ombudsman shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary. The Ombudsman shall report directly to the Under Secretary.
- "(2) COMPENSATION.—The Ombudsman shall be entitled to compensation at the same rate as the highest rate of basic pay established for the Senior Executive Service under section 5382 of title 5, United States Code, or, if the Secretary of Homeland Security so determines, at a rate fixed under section 9503 of such title.
- "(c) FUNCTIONS OF OFFICE.—The functions of the Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs shall include—
- "(1) to assist individuals in resolving problems with the Directorate or any component thereof:
- "(2) to identify systemic problems encountered by the public in dealings with the Directorate or any component thereof;
- "(3) to propose changes in the administrative practices or regulations of the Directorate, or any component thereof, to mitigate problems identified under paragraph (2);
- "(4) to identify potential changes in statutory law that may be required to mitigate such problems; and
- "(5) to monitor the coverage and geographic distribution of local offices of the Directorate
- "(d) PERSONNEL ACTIONS.—The Ombudsman shall have the responsibility and authority to appoint local or regional representatives of the Ombudsman's Office as in the Ombudsman's judgment may be necessary to address and rectify problems.
- "(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than December 31 of each year, the Ombudsman shall submit a report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate on the activities of the Ombudsman during the fiscal year ending in that calendar year. Each report shall contain a full and substantive analysis, in addition to statistical information, and shall contain—
- "(1) a description of the initiatives that the Office of the Ombudsman has taken on improving the responsiveness of the Directorate;
- "(2) a summary of serious or systemic problems encountered by the public, including a description of the nature of such problems:
- "(3) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which action has been taken, and the result of such action;
- "(4) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which action remains to be completed;
- "(5) an accounting of the items described in paragraphs (1) and (2) for which no action has been taken, the reasons for the inaction, and identify any Agency official who is responsible for such inaction;
- "(6) recommendations as may be appropriate to resolve problems encountered by the public;

- "(7) recommendations as may be appropriate to resolve problems encountered by the public, including problems created by backlogs in the adjudication and processing of petitions and applications;
- "(8) recommendations to resolve problems caused by inadequate funding or staffing; and
- "(9) such other information as the Ombudsman may deem advisable.
 - "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Office of the Ombudsman such sums as may be necessary to carry out its functions.
- "(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended."

SEC. 1107. OFFICE OF IMMIGRATION STATISTICS WITHIN THE DIRECTORATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 2 of title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1102 and amended by sections 1103, 1104, and 1105, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 116. OFFICE OF IMMIGRATION STATISTICS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Directorate an Office of Immigration Statistics (in this section referred to as the 'Office'), which shall be headed by a Director who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Under Secretary. The Office shall collect, maintain, compile, analyze, publish, and disseminate information and statistics about immigration in the United States, including information and statistics involving the functions of the Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR.—The Director of the Office shall be responsible for the following:
- "(1) STATISTICAL INFORMATION.—Maintenance of all immigration statistical information of the Directorate of Immigration Affairs.
- "(2) STANDARDS OF RELIABILITY AND VALIDITY.—Establishment of standards of reliability and validity for immigration statistics collected by the Bureau of Immigration Services, the Bureau of Enforcement, and the Executive Office for Immigration Review.
- "(c) RELATION TO THE DIRECTORATE OF IMMIGRATION AFFAIRS AND THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW.—
- "(1) OTHER AUTHORITIES.—The Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review shall provide statistical information to the Office from the operational data systems controlled by the Directorate and the Executive Office for Immigration Review, respectively, as requested by the Office, for the purpose of meeting the responsibilities of the Director of the Office
- "(2) DATABASES.—The Director of the Office, under the direction of the Secretary, shall ensure the interoperability of the databases of the Directorate, the Bureau of Immigration Services, the Bureau of Enforcement, and the Executive Office for Immigration Review to permit the Director of the Office to perform the duties of such office."
- (b) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—There are transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs for exercise by the Under Secretary through the Office of Immigration Statistics established by section 116 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by subsection (a), the functions performed by the Statistics Branch of the Office of Policy and Planning of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, and the statistical functions performed by the Executive Office for Immigration Review, on the day before the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1108. CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.

The table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended—

- (1) by inserting after the item relating to the heading for title I the following:
- "CHAPTER 1—DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL AUTHORITIES";
- (2) by striking the item relating to section 103 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 103. Powers and duties of the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs.";

and

- (3) by inserting after the item relating to section 106 the following:
- "Chapter 2—Directorate of Immigration Affairs
- "Sec. 111. Establishment of Directorate of Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 112. Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 113. Bureau of Immigration Services.
- "Sec. 114. Bureau of Enforcement.
- "Sec. 115. Office of the Ombudsman for Immigration Affairs.
- "Sec. 116. Office of Immigration Statistics.".

Subtitle B—Transition Provisions SEC. 1111. TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.-
- (1) FUNCTIONS OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (c) and title XIII, all functions under the immigration laws of the United States vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Attorney General, immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Secretary on such effective date for exercise by the Secretary through the Under Secretary in accordance with section 112(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.
- (2) Functions of the commissioner or the Ins.—Except as provided in subsection (c), all functions under the immigration laws of the United States vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization or the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component thereof), immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs on such effective date for exercise by the Under Secretary in accordance with section 112(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103 of this Act.
- (b) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—Except as otherwise provided by law, the Under Secretary may, for purposes of performing any function transferred to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs under subsection (a), exercise all authorities under any other provision of law that were available with respect to the performance of that function to the official responsible for the performance of the function immediately before the effective date of the transfer of the function under this title.
- (c) SPECIAL RULE FOR BORDER PATROL AND INSPECTION FUNCTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the border patrol function, and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions, vested by statute in, or exercised by, the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, or the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component thereof), immediately prior to the effective date of this title, are transferred to the Secretary on such effective date for exercise by the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation in accordance with paragraphs (7) and (8) of section 131(b).

- (2) REFERENCES.—With respect to the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions, references in this subtitle to—
- (A) the Directorate shall be deemed to be references to the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security; and
- (B) the Under Secretary shall be deemed to be references to the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.

SEC. 1112. TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL AND OTHER RESOURCES.

Subject to section 1531 of title 31, United States Code, upon the effective date of this title, there are transferred to the appropriate Under Secretary for appropriate allocation in accordance with section 1115—

- (1) the personnel of the Department of Justice employed in connection with the functions transferred under this title; and
- (2) the assets, liabilities, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balance of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds employed, held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available to the Immigration and Naturalization Service in connection with the functions transferred pursuant to this title.

SEC. 1113. DETERMINATIONS WITH RESPECT TO FUNCTIONS AND RESOURCES.

The Secretary shall determine, in accordance with the corresponding criteria set forth in sections 1112(b), 1113(b), and 1114(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as added by this title)—

- (1) which of the functions transferred under section 1111 are—
- (A) immigration policy and administration functions:
 - (B) immigration service functions;
- (C) immigration enforcement functions (excluding the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions); and
- (D) the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions: and
- (2) which of the personnel, assets, liabilities, grants, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds transferred under section 1112 were held or used, arose from, were available to, or were made available, in connection with the performance of the respective functions specified in paragraph (1) immediately prior to the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1114. DELEGATION AND RESERVATION OF FUNCTIONS.

- (a) DELEGATION TO THE DIRECTORATES.—The Secretary shall delegate—
- (1) through the Under Secretary and subject to section 112(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as added by section 1103)—
- (A) immigration service functions to the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Services; and
- (B) immigration enforcement functions to the Assistant Secretary for Immigration Enforcement; and
- (2) the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions to the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security.
- (b) NONEXCLUSIVE DELEGATIONS AUTHOR-IZED.—Delegations made under subsection (a) may be made on a nonexclusive basis as the Secretary may determine may be necessary to ensure the faithful execution of the Secretary's responsibilities and duties under law.
- (c) EFFECT OF DELEGATIONS.—Except as otherwise expressly prohibited by law or otherwise provided in this title, the Secretary may make delegations under this subsection to such officers and employees of the office

- of the Under Secretary for Immigration Affairs, and the Under Secretary for Border and Transportation Security, respectively, as the Secretary may designate, and may authorize successive redelegations of such functions as may be necessary or appropriate. No delegation of functions under this subsection or under any other provision of this title shall relieve the official to whom a function is transferred under this title of responsibility for the administration of the function.
- (d) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this division may be construed to limit the authority of the Under Secretary, acting directly or by delegation under the Secretary, to establish such offices or positions within the Directorate of Immigration Affairs, in addition to those specified by this division, as the Under Secretary may determine to be necessary to carry out the functions of the Directorate.

SEC. 1115. ALLOCATION OF PERSONNEL AND OTHER RESOURCES.

- (a) Authority of the Under Secretary. (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2) and section 1114(b), the Under Secretary shall make allocations of personnel, assets, liabilities. grants, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available in connection with the performance of the respective functions, as determined under section 1113. in accordance with the delegation of functions and the reservation of functions made under section 1114.
- (2) LIMITATION.—Unexpended funds transferred pursuant to section 1112 shall be used only for the purposes for which the funds were originally authorized and appropriated.
- (b) AUTHORITY TO TERMINATE AFFAIRS OF INS.—The Attorney General in consultation with the Secretary, shall provide for the termination of the affairs of the Immigration and Naturalization Service and such further measures and dispositions as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this division.
- (c) TREATMENT OF SHARED RESOURCES.—The Under Secretary is authorized to provide for an appropriate allocation, or coordination, or both, of resources involved in supporting shared support functions for the office of the Under Secretary, the Service Bureau, and the Enforcement Bureau. The Under Secretary shall maintain oversight and control over the shared computer databases and systems and records management.
- (a) Legal Documents.—All orders, determinations, rules, regulations, permits, grants, loans, contracts, recognition of labor organizations, agreements, including collective bargaining agreements, certificates, licenses, and privileges—
- (1) that have been issued, made, granted, or allowed to become effective by the President, the Attorney General, the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, their delegates, or any other Government official, or by a court of competent jurisdiction, in the performance of any function that is transferred under this title; and
- (2) that are in effect on the effective date of such transfer (or become effective after such date pursuant to their terms as in effect on such effective date);

shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, terminated, superseded, set aside, or revoked in accordance with law by the President, any other authorized official, a court of competent jurisdiction, or operation of law, except that any collective bargaining agreement shall re-

main in effect until the date of termination specified in the agreement.

- (b) Proceedings —
- (1) PENDING.—Sections 111 through 116 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by subtitle A of this title, shall not affect any proceeding or any application for any benefit, service, license, permit, certificate, or financial assistance pending on the effective date of this title before an office whose functions are transferred under this title, but such proceedings and applications shall be continued.
- (2) Orders.—Orders shall be issued in such proceedings, appeals shall be taken therefrom, and payments shall be made pursuant to such orders, as if this Act had not been enacted, and orders issued in any such proceeding shall continue in effect until modified, terminated, superseded, or revoked by a duly authorized official, by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.

 (3) DISCONTINUANCE OR MODIFICATION.—
- (3) DISCONTINUANCE OR MODIFICATION.— Nothing in this section shall be considered to prohibit the discontinuance or modification of any such proceeding under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such proceeding could have been discontinued or modified if this section had not been enacted
- (c) SUITS.—This title, and the amendments made by this title, shall not affect suits commenced before the effective date of this title, and in all such suits, proceeding shall be had, appeals taken, and judgments rendered in the same manner and with the same effect as if this title, and the amendments made by this title, had not been enacted.
- (d) Nonabatement of Actions.—No suit, action, or other proceeding commenced by or against the Department of Justice or the Immigration and Naturalization Service, or by or against any individual in the official capacity of such individual as an officer or employee in connection with a function transferred pursuant to this section, shall abate by reason of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) CONTINUANCE OF SUIT WITH SUBSTITUTION OF PARTIES.—If any Government officer in the official capacity of such officer is party to a suit with respect to a function of the officer, and such function is transferred under this title to any other officer or office, then such suit shall be continued with the other officer or the head of such other office, as applicable, substituted or added as a party.
- (f) ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Except as otherwise provided by this title, any statutory requirements relating to notice, hearings, action upon the record, or administrative or judicial review that apply to any function transferred under this title shall apply to the exercise of such function by the head of the office, and other officers of the office, to which such function is transferred.

SEC. 1117. INTERIM SERVICE OF THE COMMIS-SIONER OF IMMIGRATION AND NAT-URALIZATION.

The individual serving as the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization on the day before the effective date of this title may serve as Under Secretary until the date on which an Under Secretary is appointed under section 112 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1103.

SEC. 1118. OTHER AUTHORITIES NOT AFFECTED.

Nothing in this title, or any amendment made by this title, may be construed to authorize or require the transfer or delegation of any function vested in, or exercised by—

(1) the Secretary of State under the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, or under the immigration laws of the United States, immediately prior to the effective date of this title, with respect to the issuance and use of passports and visas;

- (2) the Secretary of Labor or any official of the Department of Labor immediately prior to the effective date of this title, with respect to labor certifications or any other authority under the immigration laws of the United States; or
- (3) except as otherwise specifically provided in this division, any other official of the Federal Government under the immigration laws of the United States immediately prior to the effective date of this title.

SEC. 1119. TRANSITION FUNDING.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR TRANSITION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Homeland Security such sums as may be necessary—
 - (A) to effect—
- (i) the abolition of the Immigration and Naturalization Service;
- (ii) the establishment of the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and its components, the Bureau of Immigration Services, and the Bureau of Enforcement (except for the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions):
- (iii) the transfer to the Directorate of Border and Transportation Protection of the border patrol function and primary and secondary immigration inspection functions; and
- (iv) the transfer of such other functions as are required to be made under this division; and
- (B) to carry out any other duty that is made necessary by this division, or any amendment made by this division.
- (2) ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED.—Activities supported under paragraph (1) include—
- (A) planning for the transfer of functions from the Immigration and Naturalization Service to the Directorate of Immigration Affairs and the Directorate of Border and Transportation Security, as appropriate, including the preparation of any reports and implementation plans necessary for such transfer:
- (B) the division, acquisition, and disposition of— $\,$
- (i) buildings and facilities;
- (ii) support and infrastructure resources; and
- (iii) computer hardware, software, and related documentation;
- (C) other capital expenditures necessary to effect the transfer of functions described in this paragraph;
- (D) revision of forms, stationery, logos, and signage;
- (E) expenses incurred in connection with the transfer and training of existing personnel and hiring of new personnel; and
- (F) such other expenses necessary to effect the transfers, as determined by the Secretary.
- (b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) are authorized to remain available until expended.
 - (c) Transition Account.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the general fund of the Treasury of the United States a separate account, which shall be known as the "Directorate of Immigration Affairs Transition Account" (in this section referred to as the "Account").
- (2) USE OF ACCOUNT.—There shall be deposited into the Account all amounts appropriated under subsection (a) and amounts reprogrammed for the purposes described in subsection (a).
- (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS ON TRANSITION.— Beginning not later than 90 days after the effective date of division A of this Act, and at the end of each fiscal year in which appropriations are made pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report to Congress concerning

the availability of funds to cover transition costs, including—

- (1) any unobligated balances available for such purposes; and
- (2) a calculation of the amount of appropriations that would be necessary to fully fund the activities described in subsection (a).
- (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect 1 year after the effective date of division A of this Act.

Subtitle C—Miscellaneous Provisions

SEC. 1121. FUNDING ADJUDICATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICES.

- (a) LEVEL OF FEES.—Section 286(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356(m)) is amended by striking "services, including the costs of similar services provided without charge to asylum applicants or other immigrants" and inserting "services".
 - (b) Use of Fees.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each fee collected for the provision of an adjudication or naturalization service shall be used only to fund adjudication or naturalization services or, subject to the availability of funds provided pursuant to subsection (c), costs of similar services provided without charge to asylum and refugee applicants.
- (2) PROHIBITION.—No fee may be used to fund adjudication- or naturalization-related audits that are not regularly conducted in the normal course of operation.
- (c) REFUGEE AND ASYLUM ADJUDICATION SERVICES.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to such sums as may be otherwise available for such purposes, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 207 through 209 of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.
- (d) SEPARATION OF FUNDING.—
- (1) In General.—There shall be established separate accounts in the Treasury of the United States for appropriated funds and other collections available for the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement.
- (2) FEES.—Fees imposed for a particular service, application, or benefit shall be deposited into the account established under paragraph (1) that is for the bureau with jurisdiction over the function to which the fee relates.
- (3) FEES NOT TRANSFERABLE.—No fee may be transferred between the Bureau of Immigration Services and the Bureau of Enforcement for purposes not authorized by section 286 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by subsection (a).
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR BACKLOG REDUCTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2003 through 2006 to carry out the Immigration Services and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2000 (title II of Public Law 106–313).
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.
- (3) INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT ACCOUNT.—Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) shall be deposited into the Immigration Services and Infrastructure Improvements Account established by section 204(a)(2) of title II of Public Law 106–313.

SEC. 1122. APPLICATION OF INTERNET-BASED TECHNOLOGIES.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF ON-LINE DATA-BASE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the effective date of division A, the

Secretary, in consultation with the Under Secretary and the Technology Advisory Committee, shall establish an Internet-based system that will permit an immigrant, non-immigrant, employer, or other person who files any application, petition, or other request for any benefit under the immigration laws of the United States access to on-line information about the processing status of the application, petition, or other request.

- (2) PRIVACY CONSIDERATIONS.—The Under Secretary shall consider all applicable privacy issues in the establishment of the Internet system described in paragraph (1). No personally identifying information shall be accessible to unauthorized persons.
- (3) MEANS OF ACCESS.—The on-line information under the Internet system described in paragraph (1) shall be accessible to the persons described in paragraph (1) through a personal identification number (PIN) or other personalized password.
- (4) PROHIBITION ON FEES.—The Under Secretary shall not charge any immigrant, non-immigrant, employer, or other person described in paragraph (1) a fee for access to the information in the database that pertains to that person.
- (b) FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR ON-LINE FILING AND IMPROVED PROCESSING.—
 - (1) ON-LINE FILING.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in consultation with the Technology Advisory Committee, shall conduct a study to determine the feasibility of on-line filing of the documents described in subsection (a).
 - (B) STUDY ELEMENTS.—The study shall-
- (i) include a review of computerization and technology of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or successor agency) relating to immigration services and the processing of such documents;
- (ii) include an estimate of the time-frame and costs of implementing on-line filing of such documents: and
- (iii) consider other factors in implementing such a filing system, including the feasibility of the payment of fees on-line.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the effective date of division A, the Under Secretary shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the study conducted under this subsection.
 - (c) TECHNOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE.-
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the effective date of division A, the Under Secretary shall establish, after consultation with the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives, an advisory committee (in this section referred to as the "Technology Advisory Committee") to assist the Under Secretary in—
- (A) establishing the tracking system under subsection (a); and
- (B) conducting the study under subsection (b)
- (2) COMPOSITION.—The Technology Advisory Committee shall be composed of—
- (A) experts from the public and private sector capable of establishing and implementing the system in an expeditious manner; and
- (B) representatives of persons or entities who may use the tracking system described in subsection (a) and the on-line filing system described in subsection (b)(1).

SEC. 1123. ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION OF ASYLUM SEEKERS.

(a) ASSIGNMENTS OF ASYLUM OFFICERS.—The Under Secretary shall assign asylum officers to major ports of entry in the United States to assist in the inspection of asylum seekers. For other ports of entry, the Under Secretary shall take steps to ensure that asylum officers participate in the inspections process.

- (b) AMENDMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT.—Chapter 4 of title II of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 236A the following new section: "SEC. 236B. ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION OF ASYLUM SEEKERS.
- "(a) DEVELOPMENT OF ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION.—The Under Secretary shall—
- "(1) authorize and promote the utilization of alternatives to the detention of asylum seekers who do not have nonpolitical criminal records: and
- "(2) establish conditions for the detention of asylum seekers that ensure a safe and humane environment.
- "(b) SPECIFIC ALTERNATIVES FOR CONSIDER-ATION.—The Under Secretary shall consider the following specific alternatives to the detention of asylum seekers described in subsection (a):
- "(1) Parole from detention.
- "(2) For individuals not otherwise qualified for parole under paragraph (1), parole with appearance assistance provided by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seekers
- "(3) For individuals not otherwise qualified for parole under paragraph (1) or (2), non-secure shelter care or group homes operated by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seekers.
- "(4) Noninstitutional settings for minors such as foster care or group homes operated by private nonprofit voluntary agencies with expertise in the legal and social needs of asylum seekers.
- "(c) REGULATIONS.—The Under Secretary shall promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this section.
- "(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'asylum seeker' means any applicant for asylum under section 208 or any alien who indicates an intention to apply for asylum under that section."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 236A the following new item:
- "Sec. 236B. Alternatives to detention of asylum seekers.".

Subtitle D—Effective Date

SEC. 1131. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title, and the amendments made by this title, shall take effect one year after the effective date of division A of this Act.

TITLE XII—UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE PROTECTION

SEC. 1201. UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILES.

- (a) CUSTODY DETERMINATIONS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) INITIAL CUSTODY AND CARE.—The custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile shall be the responsibility of the Under Secretary of Immigration Affairs in the Department of Homeland Security or the Under Secretary of Border and Transportation Security, as determined under guidelines to be promulgated by the Secretary.
- (B) TRANSFER OF CUSTODY AND CARE.—Unless the juvenile is described in subsection (b), the Department of Homeland Security shall transfer custody and care of that juvenile to the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Directorate of Immigration Affairs shall retain or assume the custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile—
 - (A) who has been charged with a felony;
 - (B) who has been convicted of a felony;
- (C) who exhibits a violent or criminal behavior that endangers others; or

- (D) with respect to whom the Secretary of Homeland Security has a substantial evidence to conclude that such juvenile endangers the national security of the United States.
- (b) Functions.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to subsection (a)(2), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement shall be responsible for—
- (A) coordinating and implementing the custody and care of unaccompanied alien juveniles who are in Federal custody by reason of their immigration status, including developing a plan to be submitted to the Congress on how to ensure that qualified and independent legal counsel is timely appointed to represent the interests of each such juvenile, consistent with the law regarding appointment of counsel that is in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act;
- (B) ensuring that the interests of the juvenile are considered in decisions and actions relating to the custody and care of an unaccompanied alien juvenile:
- (C) making placement determinations for all unaccompanied alien juveniles who are in Federal custody by reason of their immigration status;
- (D) implementing placement determinations for such unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (E) implementing policies with respect to the care and placement of unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (F) identifying a sufficient number of qualified individuals, entities, and facilities to house unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (G) overseeing the infrastructure and personnel of facilities in which unaccompanied alien juveniles are housed;
- (H) reuniting unaccompanied alien juveniles with a parent abroad in appropriate cases:
- (I) compiling, updating, and publishing at least annually a State-by-State list of professionals or other entities qualified to provide guardian and attorney representation services for unaccompanied alien juveniles;
- (J) maintaining statistical information and other data on unaccompanied alien juveniles for whose care and placement the Director is responsible, which shall include—
- (i) biographical information, such as a juvenile's name, sex, date of birth, country of birth, and country of habitual residence:
- (ii) the date on which the juvenile came into Federal custody by reason of his or her immigration status;
- (iii) information relating to the juvenile's placement, removal, or release from each facility in which the juvenile has resided;
- (iv) in any case in which the juvenile is placed in detention or released, an explanation relating to the detention or release; and
- (v) the disposition of any actions in which the juvenile is the subject;
- (K) collecting and compiling statistical information from the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, and the Department of State on each department's actions relating to unaccompanied alien juveniles; and
- (L) conducting investigations and inspections of facilities and other entities in which unaccompanied alien juveniles reside.
- (2) COORDINATION WITH OTHER ENTITIES; NO RELEASE ON OWN RECOGNIZANCE.—In making determinations described in paragraph (1)(C), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement—
- (A) shall consult with appropriate juvenile justice professionals, the Director of Immigration Affairs of the Department of Homeland Security to ensure that the unaccompanied alien juveniles with respect to whom the placement determinations are made—

- (i) are likely to appear for all hearings or proceedings in which they are involved;
- (ii) are protected from smugglers, traffickers, or others who might seek to victimize or otherwise engage them in criminal, harmful, or exploitative activity; and
- (iii) are placed in a setting in which they not likely to pose a danger to themselves or others; and
- (B) shall not release such juveniles upon their own recognizance.
- (3) DUTIES WITH RESPECT TO FOSTER CARE.—In carrying out the duties described in paragraph (1)(G), the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement is encouraged to consider the use of the refugee children foster care system established pursuant to section 412(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1522(d)) for the placement of unaccompanied alien juveniles.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONDITIONS FOR DETENTION OF UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An unaccompanied alien juvenile described in subsection (a)(2) may be placed in a facility appropriate for delinquent juveniles under conditions appropriate to the behavior of such juvenile.
- (2) RESTRICTION ON DETENTION IN ADULT DETENTION FACILITIES.—To the maximum extent practicable, and consistent with the protection of the juvenile and others, an unaccompanied alien juvenile shall not be placed in an adult detention facility.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to transfer the responsibility for adjudicating benefit determinations or making enforcement determinations under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) from the authority of any official of the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, or the Department of State, as the case may be.
- (e) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—There are transferred to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services functions under the immigration and nationality laws of the United States with respect to the custody and care of unaccompanied alien juveniles that were vested by statute in, or performed by, the Commissioner of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (or any officer, employee, or component of the Immigration and Naturalization Service) immediately before the effective date specified in subsection (i).
 - (f) OTHER TRANSITION MATTERS.—
- (1) EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.—Except as otherwise provided by law, a Federal official to whom a function is transferred by this section may, for purposes of performing the function, exercise all authorities under any other provision of law that were available with respect to the performance of that function to the official responsible for the performance of the function immediately before the effective date specified in subsection (i).
- (2) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 812 shall apply to a transfer of functions under this section in the same manner as such provisions apply to a transfer of functions under this Act to the Department of Homeland Security.
- (3) TRANSFER AND ALLOCATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—The assets, liabilities, contracts, property, records, and unexpended balance of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, and other funds employed, held, used, arising from, available to, or to be made available to, the Immigration and Naturalization Service in connection with the functions transferred by this section, subject to section 202 of the Budget and Accounting Procedures Act of 1950, shall be transferred to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement for allocation to the appropriate component of the Department of Health and

Human Services. Unexpended funds transferred pursuant to this paragraph shall be used only for the purposes for which the funds were originally authorized and appropriated.

- (g) REFERENCES.—With respect to any function transferred by this section, any reference in any other Federal law, Executive order, rule, regulation, or delegation of authority, or any document of or pertaining to a component of government from which such function is transferred—
- (1) to the head of such component is deemed to refer to the Director of the Office of Refugee Resettlement: or
- (2) to such component is deemed to refer to the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (h) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) LAWFULLY PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES.—The term "lawfully present in the United States" means, with respect to an alien, an alien who is—
- (A) an alien who is lawfully admitted for permanent residence (as defined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act):
- (B) an alien who is a nonimmigrant alien described in section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;
- (C) an alien who is a special immigrant described in section 101(a)(27) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;
- (D) an alien who is granted asylum under section 208 of that Act:
- (E) a refugee who is admitted to the United States under section 207 of that Act;
- (F) an alien who is paroled into the United States under section 212(d)(5) of that Act; or
- (G) an alien whose deportation is being withheld under section 243(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect before April 1, 1997) or section 241(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (2) PLACEMENT.—The term "placement" means the placement of an unaccompanied alien juvenile in either a detention facility or an alternative to such a facility.
- (3) UNACCOMPANIED ALIEN JUVENILE.—The term "unaccompanied alien juvenile" means an alien who—
- (A) is not lawfully present in the United States:
 - (B) has not attained 18 years of age; and
- (C) with respect to whom—
- (i) there is no parent or legal guardian in the United States; or
- (ii) no parent or legal guardian in the United States is available to provide care and physical custody.
- (i) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Notwithstanding section 4, this section shall take effect on the date on which the transfer of functions specified under section 411 takes effect.

TITLE XIII—EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW

SEC. 1301. LEGAL STATUS OF EOIR.

(a) EXISTENCE OF EOIR.—There is in the Department of Justice the Executive Office for Immigration Review, which shall be subject to the direction and regulation of the Attorney General under section 103(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as added by section 1302.

SEC. 1302. AUTHORITIES OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1103) as amended by this Act, is further amended by—

- (1) amending the heading to read as follows:
- "POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY, THE UNDER SECRETARY, AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL";
 - (2) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by inserting "Attorney General," after "President,"; and

- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (8), (9), (8) (as added by section 372 of Public Law 104–208), and (9) (as added by section 372 of Public Law 104–208) as paragraphs (8), (9), (10), and (11), respectively; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(g) ATTORNEY GENERAL.-

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall have such authorities and functions under this Act and all other laws relating to the immigration and naturalization of aliens as were exercised by the Executive Office for Immigration Review, or by the Attorney General with respect to the Executive Office for Immigration Review, on the day before the effective date of the Immigration Reform, Accountability and Security Enhancement Act of 2002.
- "(2) POWERS.—The Attorney General shall establish such regulations, prescribe such forms of bond, reports, entries, and other papers, issue such instructions, review such administrative determinations in immigration proceedings, delegate such authority, and perform such other acts as the Attorney General determines to be necessary for carrying out this section."

SEC. 1303. STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act, any amendment made by this Act, or in section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by section 1302, shall be construed to limit judicial deference to regulations, adjudications, interpretations, orders, decisions, judgments, or any other actions of the Secretary of Homeland Security or the Attorney General.

DIVISION C—FEDERAL WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENT TITLE XXI—CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

SEC. 2101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Chief Human Capital Officers Act of 2002".

SEC. 2102. AGENCY CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part II of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 13 the following:

"CHAPTER 14—AGENCY CHIEF HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICERS

"Sec

- "1401. Establishment of agency Chief Human Capital Officers.
- "1402. Authority and functions of agency Chief Human Capital Officers.

"\$ 1401. Establishment of agency Chief Human Capital Officers

"The head of each agency referred to under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 901(b) of title 31 shall appoint or designate a Chief Human Capital Officer who shall—

- "(1) advise and assist the head of the agency and other agency officials in carrying out the agency's responsibilities for selecting, developing, training, and managing a high-quality, productive workforce in accordance with merit system principles;
- "(2) implement the rules and regulations of the President and the Office of Personnel Management and the laws governing the civil service within the agency; and
- "(3) carry out such functions as the primary duty of the Chief Human Capital Officer

"\$ 1402. Authority and functions of agency Chief Human Capital Officers

- ''(a) The functions of each Chief Human Capital Officer shall include—
- "(1) setting the workforce development strategy of the agency;
- "(2) assessing workforce characteristics and future needs based on the agency's mission and strategic plan;
- "(3) aligning the agency's human resources policies and programs with organization mis-

sion, strategic goals, and performance outcomes:

- "(4) developing and advocating a culture of continuous learning to attract and retain employees with superior abilities;
- "(5) identifying best practices and benchmarking studies, and
- "(6) applying methods for measuring intellectual capital and identifying links of that capital to organizational performance and growth.
- "(b) In addition to the authority otherwise provided by this section, each agency Chief Human Capital Officer—
- "(1) shall have access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, recommendations, or other material that—
- "(A) are the property of the agency or are available to the agency; and
- "(B) relate to programs and operations with respect to which that agency Chief Human Capital Officer has responsibilities under this chapter; and
- "(2) may request such information or assistance as may be necessary for carrying out the duties and responsibilities provided by this chapter from any Federal, State, or local governmental entity."
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of chapters for chapters for part II of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 13 the following:

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Chief Human Capital Officers Council, consisting of—
- (1) the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, who shall act as chairperson of the Council;
- (2) the Deputy Director for Management of the Office of Management and Budget, who shall act as vice chairperson of the Council; and
- (3) the Chief Human Capital Officers of Executive departments and any other members who are designated by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management.
- (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall meet periodically to advise and coordinate the activities of the agencies of its members on such matters as modernization of human resources systems, improved quality of human resources information, and legislation affecting human resources operations and organizations.
- (c) EMPLOYEE LABOR ORGANIZATIONS AT MEETINGS.—The Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall ensure that representatives of Federal employee labor organizations are present at a minimum of 1 meeting of the Council each year. Such representatives shall not be members of the Council.
- (d) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each year the Chief Human Capital Officers Council shall submit a report to Congress on the activities of the Council.

SEC. 2104. STRATEGIC HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGE-MENT.

Section 1103 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(c)(1) The Office of Personnel Management shall design a set of systems, including appropriate metrics, for assessing the management of human capital by Federal agencies.
- "(2) The systems referred to under paragraph (1) shall be defined in regulations of the Office of Personnel Management and include standards for—
- ``(A)(i) aligning human capital strategies of agencies with the missions, goals, and organizational objectives of those agencies; and

- "(ii) integrating those strategies into the budget and strategic plans of those agencies; "(B) closing skill gaps in mission critical
- occupations; "(C) ensuring continuity of effective leadership through implementation of recruit-
- ment, development, and succession plans; "(D) sustaining a culture that cultivates and develops a high performing workforce;
- "(E) developing and implementing a knowledge management strategy supported by appropriate investment in training and technology; and
- "(F) holding managers and human resources officers accountable for efficient and effective human resources management in support of agency missions in accordance with merit system principles.".

SEC. 2105. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this division.

TITLE XXII—REFORMS RELATING TO FEDERAL HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

SEC. 2201. INCLUSION OF AGENCY HUMAN CAP-ITAL STRATEGIC PLANNING IN PER-FORMANCE PLANS AND PROGRAMS PERFORMANCE REPORTS.

- (a) PERFORMANCE PLANS.—Section 1115 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
- "(3) provide a description of how the performance goals and objectives are to be achieved, including the operation processes, training, skills and technology, and the human, capital, information, and other resources and strategies required to meet those performance goals and objectives.";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g); and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:
- "(f) With respect to each agency with a Chief Human Capital Officer, the Chief Human Capital Officer shall prepare that portion of the annual performance plan described under subsection (a)(3).".
- (b) PROGRAM PERFORMANCE REPORTS.—Section 1116(d) of title 31, United States Code, is amended— $\,$
- (1) in paragraph (4), by striking "and after the semicolon;
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6); and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:
- "(5) include a review of the performance goals and evaluation of the performance plan relative to the agency's strategic human capital management; and".

SEC. 2202. REFORM OF THE COMPETITIVE SERV-ICE HIRING PROCESS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
 - (1) in section 3304(a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and after the semicolon:
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
 - $\left(C\right)$ by adding at the end of the following:
- "(3) authority for agencies to appoint, without regard to the provision of sections 3309 through 3318, candidates directly to positions for which—
- "(A) public notice has been given; and
- "(B) the Office of Personnel Management has determined that there exists a severe shortage of candidates or there is a critical hiring need.

The Office shall prescribe, by regulation, criteria for identifying such positions and may delegate authority to make determinations under such criteria."; and

(2) by inserting after section 3318 the following:

"§ 3319. Alternative ranking and selection procedures

"(a) The Office, in exercising its authority under section 3304, or an agency to which the Office has delegated examining authority under section 1104(a)(2), may establish category rating systems for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service, under 2 or more quality categories based on merit consistent with regulations prescribed by the Office of Personnel Management, rather than assigned individual numerical ratings.

"(b) Within each quality category established under subsection (a), preference-eligibles shall be listed ahead of individuals who are not preference eligibles. For other than scientific and professional positions at GS-9 of the General Schedule (equivalent or higher), qualified preference-eligibles who have a compensable service-connected disability of 10 percent or more shall be listed in the highest quality category.

"(c)(1) An appointing official may select any applicant in the highest quality category or, if fewer than 3 candidates have been assigned to the highest quality category, in a merged category consisting of the highest and the second highest quality categories.

"(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the appointing official may not pass over a preference-eligible in the same category from which selection is made, unless the requirements of section 3317(b) or 3318(b), as applicable, are satisfied.

"(d) Each agency that establishes a category rating system under this section shall submit in each of the 3 years following that establishment, a report to Congress on that system including information on—

"(1) the number of employees hired under that system:

- "(2) the impact that system has had on the hiring of veterans and minorities, including those who are American Indian or Alaska Natives, Asian, Black or African American, and native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islanders; and
- "(3) the way in which managers were trained in the administration of that system.
- "(e) The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe such regulations as it considers necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 3319 and inserting the following:
- "3319. Alternative ranking and selection procedures.".

SEC. 2203. PERMANENT EXTENSION, REVISION, AND EXPANSION OF AUTHORITIES FOR USE OF VOLUNTARY SEPARA-TION INCENTIVE PAY AND VOL-UNTARY EARLY RETIREMENT.

- (a) VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—
- (A) AMENDMENT TO TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—Chapter 35 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after subchapter I the following:

"SUBCHAPTER II—VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS

"§ 3521. Definitions

- "In this subchapter, the term-
- "(1) 'agency' means an Executive agency as defined under section 105; and
 - "(2) 'employee'—
- "(A) means an employee as defined under section 2105 employed by an agency and an individual employed by a county committee established under section 8(b)(5) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(b)(5)) who—

- "(i) is serving under an appointment without time limitation; and
- "(ii) has been currently employed for a continuous period of at least 3 years; and
 - "(B) shall include-
- "(i) a reemployed annuitant under subchapter III of chapter 83 or 84 or another retirement system for employees of the Government:
- "(ii) an employee having a disability on the basis of which such employee is or would be eligible for disability retirement under subchapter III of chapter 83 or 84 or another retirement system for employees of the Government.

"(iii) an employee who is in receipt of a decision notice of involuntary separation for misconduct or unacceptable performance:

"(iv) an employee who has previously received any voluntary separation incentive payment from the Federal Government under this subchapter or any other authority:

"(v) an employee covered by statutory reemployment rights who is on transfer employment with another organization; or

"(vi) any employee who-

"(I) during the 36-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a student loan repayment benefit was or is to be paid under section 5879:

"(II) during the 24-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a recruitment or relocation bonus was or is to be paid under section 5753; or

"(III) during the 12-month period preceding the date of separation of that employee, performed service for which a retention bonus was or is to be paid under section 5754.

"§ 3522. Agency plans; approval

- "(a) Before obligating any resources for voluntary separation incentive payments, the head of each agency shall submit to the Office of Personnel Management a plan outlining the intended use of such incentive payments and a proposed organizational chart for the agency once such incentive payments have been completed.
- "(b) The plan of an agency under subsection (a) shall include—
- "(1) the specific positions and functions to be reduced or eliminated;
- "(2) a description of which categories of employees will be offered incentives;
- "(3) the time period during which incentives may be paid;
- "(4) the number and amounts of voluntary separation incentive payments to be offered; and
- "(5) a description of how the agency will operate without the eliminated positions and functions.
- "(c) The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall review each agency's plan an may make any appropriate modifications in the plan, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. A plan under this section may not be implemented without the approval of the Directive of the Office of Personnel Management.

"§ 3523. Authority to provide voluntary separation incentive payments

- "(a) A voluntary separation incentive payment under this subchapter may be paid to an employee only as provided in the plan of an agency established under section 3522.
- "(b) A voluntary incentive payment—
- ``(1) shall be offered to agency employees on the basis of—
- $``(A)\ 1$ or more organizational units;
- "(B) 1 or more occupational series or levels:
- "(C) 1 or more geographical locations;
- "(D) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position;

- "(E) specific periods of time during which eligible employees may elect a voluntary incentive payment: or
- "(F) any appropriate combination of such factors;
- "(2) shall be paid in a lump sum after the employee's separation;
 - "(3) shall be equal to the lesser of-
- "(A) an amount equal to the amount the employee would be entitled to receive under section 5595(c)if the employee were entitled to payment under such section (without adjustment for any previous payment made); or
- "(B) an amount determined by the agency head, not to exceed \$25,000;
- "(4) may be made only in the case of an employee who voluntarily separates (whether by retirement or resignation) under this subchapter:
- "(5) shall not be a basis for payment, and shall not be included in the computation, of any other type of Government benefit;
- "(6) shall not be taken into account in determining the amount of any severance pay to which the employee may be entitled under section 5595, based on another other separation; and
- "(7) shall be paid from appropriations or funds available for the payment of the basic pay of the employee.

"§ 3524. Effect of subsequent employment with the Government

- "(a) The term 'employment'—
- "(1) in subsection (b) includes employment under a personal services contract (or other direct contract) with the United States Government (other than an entity in the legislative branch); and
- "(2) in subsection (c) does not include employment under such a contract.
- "(b) An individual who has received a voluntary separation incentive payment under this subchapter and accepts any employment for compensation with the Government of the United States with 5 years after the date of the separation on which the payment is based shall be required to pay, before the individual's first day of employment, the entire amount of the incentive payment to he agency that paid the incentive payment.
- "(c)(1) If the employment under this section is with an agency, other than the General Accounting Office, the United States Postal Service, or the Postal Rate Commission, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management may, at the request of the head of the agency, may waive the repayment if—
- "(A) the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position; or
- "(B) in case of an emergency involving a direct threat to life or property, the individual—
- "(i) has skills directly related to resolving the emergency; and
- "(ii) will serve on a temporary basis only so long as that individual's services are made necessary by the emergency.
- "(2) If the employment under this section is with an entity in the legislative branch, the head of the entity or the appointing official may waive the repayment if the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position.
- "(3) If the employment under this section is with the judicial branch, the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may waive the repayment if the individual involved possesses unique abilities and is the only qualified applicant available for the position.

"§ 3525. Regulations

"The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe regulations to carry out this subchapter.".

- (B) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—Chapter 35 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
- (i) by striking the chapter heading and inserting the following:

"CHAPTER 35—RETENTION PREFERENCE, VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PAYMENTS, RESTORATION, AND REEM-PLOYMENT";

and

- (ii) in the table of sections by inserting after the item relating to section 3504 the following:
 - "SUBCHAPTER II—VOLUNTARY SEPARATION
 INCENTIVE PAYMENTS
- "3521. Definitions.
- "3522. Agency plans; approval.
- "3523. Authority to provide voluntary separation incentive payments.
- "3524. Effect of subsequent employment with the Government.

"3525. Regulations.".

- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS.—The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may, by regulation, establish a program substantially similar to the program established under paragraph (1) for individuals serving in the judicial branch.
- (3) CONTINUATION OF OTHER AUTHORITY.—Any agency exercising any voluntary separation incentive authority in effect on the effective date of this subsection may continue to offer voluntary separation incentives consistent with that authority until that authority expires.
- (4) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall take effect 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (b) FEDERAL EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY EARLY RETIREMENT.—
- (1) CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM.—Section 8336(d)(2) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- "(2)(A) has been employed continuously, by the agency in which the employee is serving, for at least the 31-day period ending on the date on which such agency requests the determination referred to in subparagraph (D);
- "(B) is serving under an appointment that is not time limited;
- "(C) has not been duly notified that such employee is to be involuntarily separated for misconduct or unacceptable performance;
- "(D) is separated from the service voluntarily during a period in which, as determined by the office of Personnel Management (upon request of the agency) under regulations prescribed by the Office—
- "(i) such agency (or, if applicable, the component in which the employee is serving) is undergoing substantial delayering, substantial reorganization, substantial reductions in force, substantial transfer of function, or other substantial workforce restructuring (or shaping);
- "(ii) a significant percentage of employees servicing in such agency (or component) are likely to be separated or subject to an immediate reduction in the rate of basic pay (without regard to subchapter VI of chapter 53, or comparable provisions); or
- "(iii) identified as being in positions which are becoming surplus or excess to the agency's future ability to carry out its mission effectively; and
- "(E) as determined by the agency under regulations prescribed by the Office, is within the scope of the offer of voluntary early retirement, which may be made on the basis of—
- "(i) 1 or more organizational units;
- "(ii) 1 or more occupational series or levels;
- "(iii) 1 or more geographical locations;
- "(iv) specific periods;

"(v) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position; or

- "(vi) any appropriate combination of such factors;".
- (2) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM.—Section 8414(b)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:
- "(B)(i) has been employed continuously, by the agency in which the employee is serving, for at least the 31-day period ending on the date on which such agency requests the determination referred to in clause (iv);
- "(ii) is serving under an appointment that is not time limited;
- "(iii) has not been duly notified that such employee is to be involuntarily separated for misconduct or unacceptable performance:
- "(iv) is separate from the service voluntarily during a period in which, as determined by the Office of Personnel Management (upon request of the agency) under regulations prescribed by the Office—
- "(I) such agency (or, if applicable, the component in which the employee is serving) is undergoing substantial delayering, substantial reorganization, substantial reductions in force, substantial transfer of function, or other substantial workforce restructuring (or shaping);
- "(II) a significant percentage of employees serving in such agency (or component) are likely to be separated or subject to an immediate reduction in the rate of basic pay (without regard to subchapter VI of chapter 53, or comparable provisions); or
- "(III) identified as being in positions which are becoming surplus or excess to the agency's future ability to carry out its mission effectively; and
- "(v) as determined by the agency under regulations prescribed by the Office, is within the scope of the offer of voluntary early retirement, which may be made on the basis of—
 - "(I) 1 or more organizational units;
- "(II) 1 or more occupational series or levels:
 - "(III) 1 or more geographical locations;
 - "(IV) specific periods;
- "(V) skills, knowledge, or other factors related to a position; or
- "(VI) any appropriate combination of such factors.".
- (3) GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE AUTHOR-ITY.—The amendments made by this subsection shall not be construed to affect the authority under section 1 of Public Law 106– 303 (5 U.S.C. 8336 note; 114 State. 1063).
- (4) Technical and conforming amendments.—Section 7001 of the 1998 Supplemental Appropriations and Rescissions Act (Public Law 105–174; 112 Stat. 91) is repealed.
- (5) REGULATIONS.—The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe regulations to carry out this subsection.
- (c) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that the implementation of this section is intended to reshape the Federal workforce and not downsize the Federal workforce.

SEC. 2204. STUDENT VOLUNTEER TRANSIT SUBSIDY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7905(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "and a member of a uniformed service" and inserting ", a member of a uniformed service, and a student who provides voluntary services under section 3111".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—Section 3111(c)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "chapter 81 of this title" and inserting "section 7905 (relating to commuting by means other than single-occupancy motor vehicles), chapter 81".

TITLE XXIII—REFORMS RELATING TO THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE

SEC. 2301. REPEAL OF RECERTIFICATION RE-QUIREMENTS OF SENIOR EXECU-TIVES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Title 5, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in chapter 33—
- (A) in section 3393(g) by striking "3393a";
- (B) by repealing section 3393a; and
- (C) in the table of sections by striking the item relating to section 3393a;
 - (2) in chapter 35—
- (A) in section 3592(a)—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or" at the end:
- (ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at the end;
- (iii) by striking paragraph (3); and
- (iv) by striking the last sentence;
- (B) in section 3593(a), by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- "(2) the appointee left the Senior Executive Service for reasons other than misconduct, neglect of duty, malfeasance, or less than fully successful executive performance as determined under subchapter II of chapter 43."; and
 - (C) in section 3594(b)—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or" at the end;
- (ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at the end; and
 - (iii) by striking paragraph (3);
- (3) in section 7701(c)(1)(A), by striking "or removal from the Senior Executive Service for failure to be recertified under section 3393a";
 - (4) in chapter 83—
- (A) in section 8336(h)(1), by striking "for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a or"; and
- (B) in section 8339(h), in the first sentence, by striking ", except that such reduction shall not apply in the case of an employee retiring under section 8336(h) for failure to be recertified as a senior executive"; and
 - (5) in chapter 84—
- (A) in section 8414(a)(1), by striking "for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a or"; and
- (B) in section 8421(a)(2), by striking ", except that an individual entitled to an annuity under section 8414(a) for failure to be recertified as a senior executive shall be entitled to an annuity supplement without regard to such applicable retirement age".
- (b) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Notwithstanding the amendments made by subsection (a)(2)(A), an appeal under the final sentence of section 3592(a) of title 5, United States Code, that is pending on the day before the effective date of this section—
- (1) shall not abate by reason of the enactment of the amendments made by subsection (a)(2)(A); and
- (2) shall continue as if such amendments had not been enacted.
- (c) APPLICATION.—The amendment made by subsection (a)(2)(B) shall not apply with respect to an individual who, before the effective date of this section, leaves the Senior Executive Service for failure to be recertified as a senior executive under section 3393a of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 2302. ADJUSTMENT OF LIMITATION ON TOTAL ANNUAL COMPENSATION.

Section 5307(a) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the total payment referred to under such paragraph with respect to an employee paid under section 5372, 5376, or 5383 of title 5 or section 332(f), 603, or 604 of title 28 shall not exceed the total annual compensation payable to the Vice President under section 104

of title 3. Regulations prescribed under subsection (c) may extend the application of this paragraph to other equivalent categories of employees.".

TITLE XXIV—ACADEMIC TRAINING

SEC. 2401. ACADEMIC TRAINING.

(a) ACADEMIC DEGREE TRAINING.—Section 4107 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 4107. Academic degree training

- "(a) Subject to subsection (b), an agency may select and assign an employee to academic degree training and may pay or reimburse the costs of academic degree training from appropriated or other available funds if such training—
 - "(1) contributes significantly to-
- "(A) meeting an identified agency training need;
- "(B) resolving an identified agency staffing problem; or
- $\mbox{``(C)}$ accomplishing goals in the strategic plan of the agency;
- "(2) is part of a planned, systemic, and coordinated agency employee development program linked to accomplishing the strategic goals of the agency; and
- "(3) is accredited and is provided by a college or university that is accredited by a nationally recognized body.
- "(b) In exercising authority under subsection (a), an agency shall—
- "(1) consistent with the merit system principles set forth in paragraphs (2) and (7) of section 2301(b), take into consideration the need to—
- "(A) maintain a balanced workforce in which women, members of racial and ethnic minority groups, and persons with disabilities are appropriately represented in Government service; and
- "(B) provide employees effective education and training to improve organizational and individual performance;
- "(2) assure that the training is not for the sole purpose of providing an employee an opportunity to obtain an academic degree or qualify for appointment to a particular position for which the academic degree is a basic requirement:
- "(3) assure that no authority under this subsection is exercised on behalf of any employee occupying or seeking to qualify for—
- "(A) a noncareer appointment in the senior Executive Service; or
- "(B) appointment to any position that is excepted from the competitive service because of its confidential policy-determining, policy-making or policy-advocating character; and
- "(4) to the greatest extent practicable, facilitate the use of online degree training.".
- (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 41 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 4107 and inserting the following:

"4107. Academic degree training.".

SEC. 2402. MODIFICATIONS TO NATIONAL SECURITY EDUCATION PROGRAM.

- (a) FINDINGS AND POLICIES.—
- (1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (A) the United States Government actively encourages and financially supports the training, education, and development of many United States citizens;
- (B) as a condition of some of those supports, many of those citizens have an obligation to seek either compensated or uncompensated employment in the Federal sector; and
- (C) it is in the United States national interest to maximize the return to the Nation of funds invested in the development of such citizens by seeking to employ them in the Federal sector.

- (2) POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States Government to—
- (A) establish procedures for ensuring that United States citizens who have incurred service obligations as the result of receiving financial support for education and training from the United States Government and have applied for Federal positions are considered in all recruitment and hiring initiatives of Federal departments, bureaus, agencies, and offices; and
- (B) advertise and open all Federal positions to United States citizens who have incurred service obligations with the United States Government as the result of receiving financial support for education and training from the United States Government.
- (b) FULFILLMENT OF SERVICE REQUIREMENT IF NATIONAL SECURITY POSITIONS ARE UNAVAILABLE.—Section 802(b)(2) of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 (50 U.S.C. 1902) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following:
- "(ii) if the recipient demonstrates to the Secretary (in accordance with such regulations) that no national security position in an agency or office of the Federal Government having national security responsibilities is available, work in other offices or agencies of the Federal Government or in the field of higher education in a discipline relating to the foreign country, foreign language, area study, or international field of study for which the scholarship was awarded, for a period specified by the Secretary, which period shall be determined in accordance with clause (i); or"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following:
- "(ii) if the recipient demonstrates to the Secretary (in accordance with such regulations) that no national security position is available upon the completion of the degree, work in other offices or agencies of the Federal Government or in the field of higher education in a discipline relating to foreign country, foreign language, area study, or international field of study for which the fellowship was awarded, for a period specified by the Secretary, which period shall be determined in accordance with clause (i); and".

SEC. 2403. COMPENSATION TIME OFF FOR TRAV-EL.

Subchapter V of chapter 55 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at end the following:

"§ 5550b. Compensatory time off for travel

- "(a) An employee shall receive 1 hour of compensatory time off for each hour spent by the employee in travel status away from the official duty station of the employee, to the extent that the time spent in travel status is not otherwise compensable.
- "(b) Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe regulations to implement this section.".

SEC. 2404. EXTENSION OF CUSTOMS USER FEES.

Section 13031(j)(3) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(j)(3)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2003" and inserting "December 31, 2007."

TITLE XXXI—NATIONAL COMMISSION ON TERRORIST ATTACKS UPON THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 3101. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.

There is established the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States (in this title referred to as the "Commission")

SEC. 3102. PURPOSES.

The purposes of the Commission are to-

(1) examine and report upon the facts and causes relating to the terrorist attacks of

September 11, 2001, occurring at the World Trade Center in New York, New York and at the Pentagon in Virginia;

- (2) ascertain, evaluate, and report on the evidence developed by all relevant governmental agencies regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the attacks;
- (3) build upon the investigations of other entities, and avoid unnecessary duplication, by reviewing the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of—
- (A) the Joint Inquiry of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives regarding the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001;
- (B) other executive branch, congressional, or independent commission investigations into the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, other terrorist attacks, and terrorism generally:
- (4) make a full and complete accounting of the circumstances surrounding the attacks, and the extent of the United States' preparedness for, and response to, the attacks; and
- (5) investigate and report to the President and Congress on its findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures that can be taken to prevent acts of terrorism.

SEC. 3103. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMISSION.

- (a) Members.—The Commission shall be composed of 10 members, of whom—
- (1) 3 members shall be appointed by the majority leader of the Senate;
- (2) 3 members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- (3) 2 members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the Senate; and
- (4) 2 members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives
 - (b) Chairperson; Vice Chairperson.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of the Commission shall be elected by the mem-
- (2) POLITICAL PARTY AFFILIATION.—The Chairperson and Vice Chairperson shall not be from the same political party.
 - (c) QUALIFICATIONS; INITIAL MEETING.—
- (1) POLITICAL PARTY AFFILIATION.—Not more than 5 members of the Commission shall be from the same political party.
- (2) NONGOVERNMENTAL APPOINTEES.—An individual appointed to the Commission may not be an officer or employee of the Federal Government or any State or local government.
- (3) OTHER QUALIFICATIONS.—It is the sense of Congress that individuals appointed to the Commission should be prominent United States citizens, with national recognition and significant depth of experience in such professions as governmental service, law enforcement, the armed services, legal practice, public administration, intelligence gathering, commerce, including aviation matters, and foreign affairs.
- (4) INITIAL MEETING.—If 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, 6 or more members of the Commission have been appointed, those members who have been appointed may meet and, if necessary, select a temporary chairperson, who may begin the operations of the Commission, including the hiring of staff.

 (d) QUORUM; VACANCIES.—After its initial
- (d) QUORUM; VACANCIES.—After its initial meeting, the Commission shall meet upon the call of the chairperson or a majority of its members. Six members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum. Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

 SEC. 3104. FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

The functions of the Commission are to-

- (1) conduct an investigation that-
- (A) investigates relevant facts and circumstances relating to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, including any relevant legislation, Executive order, regulation, plan, policy, practice, or procedure; and
- (B) may include relevant facts and circumstances relating to—
- (i) intelligence agencies;
- (ii) law enforcement agencies;
- (iii) diplomacy;
- (iv) immigration, nonimmigrant visas, and border control;
- (v) the flow of assets to terrorist organizations:
- (vi) commercial aviation; and
- (vii) other areas of the public and private sectors determined relevant by the Commission for its inquiry:
- (2) identify, review, and evaluate the lessons learned from the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, regarding the structure, coordination, management policies, and procedures of the Federal Government, and, if appropriate, State and local governments and nongovernmental entities, relative to detecting, preventing, and responding to such terrorist attacks; and
- (3) submit to the President and Congress such reports as are required by this title containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations as the Commission shall determine, including proposing organization, coordination, planning, management arrangements, procedures, rules, and regulations.

SEC. 3105. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commission or, on the authority of the Commission, any subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out this title—
- (A) hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, administer such oaths; and
- (B) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents, as the Commission or such designated subcommittee or designated member may determine advisable.
 - (2) Subpoenas.—
- (A) ISSUANCE.—Subpoenas issued under paragraph (1)(B) may be issued under the signature of the chairperson of the Commission, the vice chairperson of the Commission, the chairperson of any subcommittee created by a majority of the Commission, or any member designated by a majority of the Commission, and may be served by any person designated by the chairperson, subcommittee chairperson, or member.
 - (B) Enforcement.—
- (i) In GENERAL.—In the case of contumacy or failure to obey a subpoena issued under paragraph (1)(B), the United States district court for the judicial district in which the subpoenaed person resides, is served, or may be found, or where the subpoena is returnable, may issue an order requiring such person to appear at any designated place to testify or to produce documentary or other evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of that court.
- (ii) ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT.—In the case of any failure of any witness to comply with any subpoena or to testify when summoned under authority of this section, the Commission may, by majority vote, certify a statement of fact constituting such failure to the appropriate United States attorney, who may bring the matter before the grand jury for its action, under the same statutory authority and procedures as if the United

States attorney had received a certification under sections 102 through 104 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. 192 through 194).

- (b) CLOSED MEETINGS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Meetings of the Commission may be closed to the public under section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) or other applicable law.
- (2) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.—In addition to the authority under paragraph (1), section 10(a)(1) and (3) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to any portion of a Commission meeting if the President determines that such portion or portions of that meeting is likely to disclose matters that could endanger national security. If the President makes such determination, the requirements relating to a determination under section 10(d) of that Act shall apply.
- (c) CONTRACTING.—The Commission may, to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts, enter into contracts to enable the Commission to discharge its duties under this title.
- (d) Information From Federal Agen-CIES --The Commission is authorized to secure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality of the Government information. suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the purposes of this title. Each department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality shall, to the extent authorized by law. furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request made by the chairperson, the chairperson of any subcommittee created by a majority of the Commission, or any member designated by a majority of the Commission
 - (e) ASSISTANCE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—
- (1) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION.— The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis administrative support and other services for the performance of the Commission's functions.
- (2) OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—In addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph (1), departments and agencies of the United States are authorized to provide to the Commission such services, funds, facilities, staff, and other support services as they may determine advisable and as may be authorized by law.
- (f) GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.
- (g) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as departments and agencies of the United States. SEC. 3106. STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.
 - (a) In General.—
- (1) APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.—The chairperson, in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Commission, may appoint and fix the compensation of a staff director and such other personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its functions, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay fixed under this subsection may exceed the equivalent of that payable for a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.
 - (2) PERSONNEL AS FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The executive director and any personnel of the Commission who

are employees shall be employees under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, and 90 of that title.

- (B) MEMBERS OF COMMISSION.—Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to apply to members of the Commission.
- (b) DETAILEES.—Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement from the Commission, and such detailee shall retain the rights, status, and privileges of his or her regular employment without interruption.
- (c) CONSULTANT SERVICES.—The Commission is authorized to procure the services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at rates not to exceed the daily rate paid a person occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 3107. COMPENSATION AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.

- (a) COMPENSATION.—Each member of the Commission may be compensated at not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which that member is engaged in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission.
- (b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission, members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in the Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code. SEC. 3108. SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR COMMIS-

The appropriate executive departments and agencies shall cooperate with the Commission in expeditiously providing to the Commission members and staff appropriate security clearances in a manner consistent with existing procedures and requirements, except that no person shall be provided with access to classified information under this section who would not otherwise qualify for such security clearance.

SION MEMBERS AND STAFF.

SEC. 3109. REPORTS OF THE COMMISSION; TER-MINATION.

- (a) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the first meeting of the Commission, the Commission shall submit to the President and Congress an initial report containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures as have been agreed to by a majority of Commission members.
- (b) ADDITIONAL REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the submission of the initial report of the Commission, the Commission shall submit to the President and Congress a second report containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures as have been agreed to by a majority of Commission members.
- (c) TERMINATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission, and all the authorities of this title, shall terminate 60 days after the date on which the second report is submitted under subsection (b).
- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIVITIES BEFORE TERMINATION.—The Commission may use the 60-day period referred to in paragraph (1) for the purpose of concluding its activities, including providing testimony to committees of Congress concerning its reports and disseminating the second report.

SEC. 3110. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission to carry out this title \$3,000,000, to remain available until expended.

TITLE XXXII

SEC. . PRESERVATION OF THE PRESIDENTIAL NATIONAL SECURITY POWER.

"Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act, nothing in this Act shall be construed to take away the statutory authority of the President to act in a manner consistent with national security requirements and considerations as existed on the day of the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001."

These provisions shall take effect two days after the date of enactment.

SA 4745. Mr. DASCHLE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4744 submitted by Mr. DASCHLE and intended to be proposed to the amendment SA 4471 proposed by Mr. LIEBERMAN to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 96, strike line 2 and all that follows through page 109, line 13, and insert the following:

SEC. 730 ESTABLISHMENT OF HUMAN RE-SOURCES MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

- (a) AUTHORITY.-
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (A) it is extremely important that employees of the Department be allowed to participate in a meaningful way in the creation of any human resources management system affecting them;
- (B) such employees have the most direct knowledge of the demands of their jobs and have a direct interest in ensuring that their human resources management system is conducive to achieving optimal operational efficiencies:
- (C) the 21st century human resources management system envisioned for the Department should be one that benefits from the input of its employees; and
- (D) this collaborative effort will help secure our homeland.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Subpart I of part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"CHAPTER 97—DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

"Sec

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \hbox{``9701.} & \hbox{Establishment} & \hbox{of human} & \hbox{resources} \\ & \hbox{management system}. \end{array}$

"\$ 9701. Establishment of human resources management system

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the Secretary may, in regulations prescribed jointly with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, establish, and from time to time adjust, a human resources management system for some or all of the organizational units of the Department.
- "(b) SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.—Any system established under subsection (a) shall—
 - "(1) be flexible;
- "(2) be contemporary;
- ((3) not waive, modify, or otherwise affect—
- "(A) the public employment principles of merit and fitness set forth in section 2301, including the principles of hiring based on merit, fair treatment without regard to political affiliation or other nonmerit considerations, equal pay for equal work, and protection of employees against reprisal for whistleblowing;
- "(B) any provision of section 2302, relating to prohibited personnel practices;
- "(C)(i) any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1); or
- ''(ii) any provision of law implementing any provision of law referred to in section 2302(b)(1) by—

- "(I) providing for equal employment opportunity through affirmative action; or
- "(II) providing any right or remedy available to any employee or applicant for employment in the civil service;
- "(D) any other provision of this part (as described in subsection (c)); or
- "(E) any rule or regulation prescribed under any provision of law referred to in any of the preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph;
- "(4) ensure that employees may organize, bargain collectively, and participate through labor organizations of their own choosing in decisions which affect them, subject to any exclusion from coverage or limitation on negotiability established by law; and

"(5) permit the use of a category rating system for evaluating applicants for positions in the competitive service.

- "(c) OTHER NONWAIVABLE PROVISIONS.—The other provisions of this part as referred to in subsection (b)(3)(D), are (to the extent not otherwise specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of subsection (b)(3)—
- "(1) subparts A, B, E, G, and H of this part; and
- "(2) chapters 41, 45, 47, 55, 57, 59, 71, 72, 73, 77, and 79, and this chapter.
- "(d) LIMITATIONS RELATING TO PAY.—Nothing in this section shall constitute authority—
- "(1) to modify the pay of any employee who serves in—
- "(A) an Executive Schedule position under subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code: or
- "(B) a position for which the rate of basic pay is fixed in statute by reference to a section or level under subchapter II of chapter 53 of such title 5;
- "(2) to fix pay for any employee or position at an annual rate greater than the maximum amount of cash compensation allowable under section 5307 of such title 5 in a year; or
- "(3) to exempt any employee from the application of such section 5307.
- "(e) Provisions To Ensure Collaboration With Employee Representatives.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to ensure that the authority of this section is exercised in collaboration with, and in a manner that ensures the direct participation of employee representatives in the planning development, and implementation of any human resources management system or adjustments under this section, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall provide for the following:
- "(A) NOTICE OF PROPOSAL.— The Secretary and the Director shall, with respect to any proposed system or adjustment—
- "(i) provide to each employee representative representing any employees who might be affected, a written description of the proposed system or adjustment (including the reasons why it is considered necessary):
- "(ii) give each representative at least 60 days (unless extraordinary circumstances require earlier action) to review and make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and
- "(iii) give any recommendations received from any such representatives under clause (ii) full and fair consideration in deciding whether or how to proceed with the proposal.
- "(B) PREIMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS.—
 If the Secretary and the Director decide to implement a proposal described in subparagraph (A), they shall before implementation—
- "(i) give each representative details of the decision to implement the proposal, together with the information upon which the decision is based;
- "(ii) give each representative an opportunity to make recommendations with respect to the proposal; and

- "(iii) give such recommendation full and fair consideration, including the providing of reasons to an employee representative if any of its recommendations are rejected.
- "(C) CONTINUING COLLABORATION.—If a proposal described in subparagraph (A) is implemented, the Secretary and the Director shall—
- "(i) develop a method for each employee representative to participate in any further planning or development which might become necessary; and
- "(ii) give each employee representative adequate access to information to make that participation productive.
- "(2) PROCEDURES.—Any procedures necessary to carry out this subsection shall be established by the Secretary and the Director jointly. Such procedures shall include measures to ensure—
- "(A) in the case of employees within a unit with respect to which a labor organization is accorded exclusive recognition, representation by individuals designated or from among individuals nominated by such organization:
- "(B) in the case of any employees who are not within such a unit, representation by any appropriate organization which represents a substantial percentage of those employees or, if none, in such other manner as may be appropriate, consistent with the purposes of the subsection; and
- "(C) the selection of representatives in a manner consistent with the relative number of employees represented by the organizations or other representatives involved.
- "(3) WRITTEN AGREEMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, employees within a unit to which a labor organization is accorded exclusive recognition under chapter 71 shall not be subject to any system provided under this section unless the exclusive representative and the Secretary have entered into a written agreement, which specifically provides for the inclusion of such employees within such system. Such written agreement may be imposed by the Federal Service Impasses Panel under section 7119, after negotiations consistent with section 7117.
- ''(f) Provisions Relating to Appellate Procedures.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- "(A) employees of the Department are entitled to fair treatment in any appeals that they bring in decisions relating to their employment; and
- "(B) in prescribing regulations for any such appeals procedures, the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management—
- "(i) should ensure that employees of the Department are afforded the protections of due process; and
- "(ii) toward that end, should be required to consult with the Merit Systems Protection Board before issuing any such regulations.
- ''(2) REQUIREMENTS.—Any regulations under this section which relate to any matters within the purview of chapter 77—
- "(A) shall be issued only after consultation with the Merit Systems Protection Board;
- "(B) shall ensure the availability of procedures which shall—
- "(i) be consistent with requirements of due process: and
- "(ii) provide, to the maximum extent practicable, for the expeditious handling of any matters involving the Department; and
- "(C) shall modify procedures under chapter 77 only insofar as such modifications are designed to further the fair, efficient, and expeditious resolution of matters involving the employees of the Department.
- "(g) SUNSET PROVISION.—Effective 5 years after the conclusion of the transition period

- defined under section 801 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, all authority to issue regulations under this section (including regulations which would modify, supersede, or terminate any regulations previously issued under this section) shall cease to be available."
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for part III of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end of the following:

- (b) Effect on Personnel.—
- (1) Nonseparation or nonreduction in grade or compensation of full-time personnel and part-time personnel holding permanent positions.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the transfer pursuant to this act of full-time personnel (except special Government employees) and part-time personnel holding permanent positions shall not cause any such employee to be separated or reduced in grade or compensation for one year after the date of transfer to the Department.
- (2) POSITIONS COMPENSATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.—Any person who, on the day preceding such person's date of transfer pursuant to this Act, held a position compensated in accordance with the Executive Schedule prescribed in chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, and who, without a break in service, is appointed in the Department to a position having duties comparable to the duties performed immediately preceding such appointment shall continue to be compensated in such new position at not less than the rate provided for such position, for the duration of the service of such person in such new position.
- (3) COORDINATION RULE.—Any exercise of authority under chapter 97 of title 5, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a)), including under any system established under such chapter, shall be in conformance with the requirements of this subsection.

SEC. ___. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

- (a) Limitation on Exclusionary Author-ITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—No agency or subdivision of an agency which is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act shall be excluded from the coverage of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as a result of any order issued under section 7103(b)(1) of such title 5 after June 18, 2002, unless—
- (A) the mission and responsibilities of the agency (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such agency (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) EXCLUSIONS ALLOWABLE.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall affect the effectiveness of any order to the extent that such order excludes any portion of an agency or subdivision of an agency as to which—
- (A) recognition as an appropriate unit has never been conferred for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code; or
- (B) any such recognition has been revoked or otherwise terminated as a result of a determination under subsection (b)(1).
- (b) Provisions Relating to Bargaining Units.—
- (1) LIMITATION RELATING TO APPROPRIATE UNITS.—Each unit which is recognized as an appropriate unit for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, as of the day before the effective date of this Act (and any subdivision of any such unit) shall, if such unit (or subdivision) is transferred to the Department pursuant to this Act, continue to be so recognized for such purposes, unless—

- (A) the mission and responsibilities of such unit (or subdivision) materially change; and
- (B) a majority of the employees within such unit (or subdivision) have as their primary duty intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- (2) LIMITATION RELATING TO POSITIONS OR EMPLOYEES.—No position or employee within a unit (or subdivision of a unit) as to which continued recognition is given in accordance with paragraph (1) shall be excluded from such unit (or subdivision), for purposes of chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, unless the primary job duty of such position or employee—
 - (A) materially changes; and
- (B) consists of intelligence, counterintelligence, or investigative work directly related to terrorism investigation.
- In the case of any positions within a unit (or subdivision) which are first established on or after the effective date of this Act and any employee first appointed on or after such date, the preceding sentence shall be applied disregarding subparagraph (A).
- (c) COORDINATION RULE.—No other provision of this Act or of any amendment made by this Act may be construed or applied in a manner so as to limit, supersede, or otherwise affect the provisions of this section, except to the extent that it does so by specific reference to this section.
- (d) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, Title XXXII is null and void.

These provisions shall take effect one day after enactment.

- **SA 4746.** Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- On page 232, strike lines 2 through 10 and insert the following:
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall have such authorities and functions under this Act as may be necessary to carry out the authorities and functions of immigration judges, appellate immigration judges, and the chief administrative hearing officer under this Act through the Executive Office of Immigration Review of the Department of Justice.
- **SA 4747.** Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 55, lines 11 and 12, strike ", including the establishment of rules,".

SA 4748. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 55, line 16, before the semicolon insert the following: ", except that this paragraph shall be restricted to functions transferred by this Act to the Directorate for Border and Transportation Security".

SA 4749. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of section 1103 of the amendment, add the following:

- (c) INSPECTIONS.—The Under Secretary of Immigration Affairs shall assign officers, with expertise and training in immigration and nationality law, to major ports of entry in the United States to assist in the inspection of aliens. For other ports of entry, the Under Secretary shall take steps to ensure such officers participate in the inspections process
- (d) Training for Border Patrol and Inspectors.—The Under Secretary of Immigration Affairs, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Border and Transportation Protection, will provide training in immigration and nationality law to personnel performing the border patrol and inspections functions in the Border and Transportation Protection Directorate.

SA 4750. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike title XIII and insert the following:

TITLE XIII—EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR IMMIGRATION REVIEW

SEC. 1301. ESTABLISHMENT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There is within the Department of Justice the Executive Office for Immigration Review.
- (b) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in title XI, or any amendment made by that title, may be construed to authorize or require the transfer or delegation of any function vested in, or exercised by, the Executive Office for Immigration Review of the Department of Justice, or any officer, employee, or component thereof, immediately prior to the effective date of title XI.

SEC. 1302. DIRECTOR OF THE AGENCY.

- (a) APPOINTMENT.—There shall be at the head of the Executive Office for Immigration Review a Director who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (b) OFFICES.—The Director shall appoint a Deputy Director, General Counsel, Pro Bono Coordinator, and other offices as may be necessary to carry out this title.
- (c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Director shall—
- (1) administer the Executive Office for Immigration Review and be responsible for the promulgation of rules and regulations affecting the agency; and
- (2) appoint and fix the compensation of attorneys, clerks, administrative assistants, and other personnel as may be necessary.

SEC. 1303. BOARD OF IMMIGRATION APPEALS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Board of Immigration Appeals (in this title referred to as the "Board") shall perform the appellate functions of the Executive Office for Immigration Review. The Board shall consist of a Chair and not less than 14 other immigration appeals judges.
- (b) APPOINTMENT.—Members of the Board shall be appointed by the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director and the Chair of the Board of Immigration Appeals.

 (c) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Chair and each
- (c) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Chair and each other Member of the Board shall be an attorney in good standing of a bar of a State or the District of Columbia and shall have at least 7 years of pertinent legal expertise.
 - (d) Jurisdiction.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall have such jurisdiction as was, prior to the date of enactment of this Act, provided by statute or regulation to the Board of Immigration Appeals (as in effect under the Executive Office of Immigration Review).
- (2) DE NOVO REVIEW.—The Board shall have de novo review of any decision by an immi-

- gration judge, including any final order of removal.
- (e) INDEPENDENCE OF BOARD MEMBERS.— The Members of the Board shall exercise their independent judgment and discretion in the cases coming before the Board.
- (f) REFERRAL OF CASES TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall refer to the Attorney General for review of any case that.—
- (A) the Attorney General directs the Board to refer to the Attorney General;
- (B) the Chairman or a majority of the Board believes should be referred to the Attorney General for review; or
- (C) the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Immigration Affairs requests be referred to the Attorney General for review.
- (2) DECISION OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—In any case in which the Attorney General reviews the decision of the Board, the decision of the Attorney General shall be stated in writing and shall be transmitted to the Board for transmittal and service as provided by regulations.

SEC. 1304. CHIEF IMMIGRATION JUDGE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—There shall be within the Executive Office for Immigration Review the position of Chief Immigration Judge, who shall administer the immigration courts.
- (b) DUTIES OF THE CHIEF IMMIGRATION JUDGE.—The Chief Immigration Judge shall be responsible for the general supervision, direction, and procurement of resource and facilities and for the general management of immigration court dockets.
- (c) APPOINTMENT OF IMMIGRATION JUDGES.— Immigration judges shall be appointed by the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director and the Chief Immigration Judge.
- (d) QUALIFICATIONS.—Each immigration judge, including the Chief Immigration Judge, shall be an attorney in good standing of a bar of a State or the District of Columbia and shall have at least 7 years of pertinent legal expertise.
- (e) JURISDICTION AND AUTHORITY OF IMMIGRATION COURTS.—The immigration courts shall have such jurisdiction as was, prior to the date of enactment of this Act, provided by statute or regulation to the immigration courts within the Executive Office for Immigration Review of the Department of Justice.
- (f) INDEPENDENCE OF IMMIGRATION JUDGES.—The immigration judges shall exercise their independent judgment and discretion in the cases coming before the Immigration Court.

SEC. 1305. CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING OFFICER.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF POSITION.—There shall be within the Executive Office for Immigration Review the position of Chief Administrative Hearing Officer.
- (b) DUTIES OF THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING OFFICER.—The Chief Administrative Hearing Officer shall hear cases brought under sections 274A, 274B, and 274C of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

SEC. 1306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Executive Office for Immigration Review such sums as may be necessary to carry out this title.

SA 4751. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 5005, to establish the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 232, line 10, before the period insert the following: ", except that the Attor-

ney General may not exercise the authorities and functions in this paragraph in a manner that does not respect the independence of immigration judges".

SA 4752. Mr. HOLLINGS (for Mr. GRAHAM) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2506, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2003 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, the Community Management Account, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE: TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003".
- (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 101. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 102. Classified schedule of authorizations.
- Sec. 103. Personnel ceiling adjustments.
- Sec. 104. Intelligence Community Management Account.
- Sec. 105. Incorporation of reporting requirements.
- Sec. 106. Preparation and submittal of reports, reviews, studies, and plans relating to intelligence activities of Department of Defense or Department of Energy.
- TITLE II—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DIS-ABILITY SYSTEM
- Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 301. Increase in employee compensation and benefits authorized by law.
- Sec. 302. Restriction on conduct of intelligence activities.
- Sec. 303. Definition of congressional intelligence committees in National Security Act of 1947.
- Sec. 304. Specificity of National Foreign Intelligence Program budget amounts for counterterrorism, counterproliferation, counternarcotics, and counterintelligence.
- Sec. 305. Modification of authority to make funds for intelligence activities available for other intelligence activities.
- Sec. 306. Clarification of authority to furnish information on intelligence activities to Congress.
- Sec. 307. Standardized transliteration of names into the Roman alphabet.
- Sec. 308. Standards and qualifications for the performance of intelligence activities.
- Sec. 309. Modification of David L. Boren National Security Education Program.
- Sec. 310. Scholarships and work-study for pursuit of graduate degrees in science and technology.
- Sec. 311. National Virtual Translation Center.
- Sec. 312. Foreign Terrorist Asset Tracking Center. Sec. 313. Terrorist Identification Classifica-
- Sec. 313. Terrorist Identification Classification System.
- Sec. 314. Annual report on foreign companies involved in the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction that raise funds in the United States capital markets.

- Sec. 315. Two-year extension of Central Intelligence Agency Voluntary Separation Pay Act.
- Sec. 316. Additional one-year suspension of reorganization of Diplomatic Telecommunications Service Program Office.

TITLE IV—REPORTING REQUIREMENTS Subtitle A—Submittal of Reports to Intelligence Committees

Sec. 401. Dates for submittal of various annual and semi-annual reports to the congressional intelligence committees.

Subtitle B—Recurring Annual Reports

- Sec. 411. Annual assessment of satisfaction of intelligence community with collection, analysis, and production of intelligence.
- Sec. 412. Annual report on threat of attack on the United States using weapons of mass destruction.
- Sec. 413. Annual report on covert leases.
 Sec. 414. Annual report on improvement of
 financial statements of certain
 elements of the intelligence
 community for auditing purposes
- Sec. 415. Annual report on activities of Federal Bureau of Investigation personnel outside the United States.
- Sec. 416. Annual reports of inspectors general of the intelligence community on proposed resources and activities of their offices.
- Sec. 417. Annual report on counterdrug intelligence matters.

Subtitle C-Other Reports

- Sec. 431. Report on effect of country-release restrictions on allied intelligence-sharing relationships.
- Sec. 432. Evaluation of policies and procedures of Department of State on protection of classified information at department head-quarters.
- Sec. 433. Study of Department of State Consular Services.

Subtitle D—Repeal of Certain Report Requirements

Sec. 441. Repeal of certain report requirements.

TITLE V—COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 501. Short title; purpose.
- Sec. 502. National Counterintelligence Executive.
- Sec. 503. National Counterintelligence Policy Board.
- Sec. 504. Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive.
- TITLE VI—NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR REVIEW OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS OF THE UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY
- Sec. 601. Findings.
- Sec. 602. National Commission for the Review of the Research and Development Programs of the United States Intelligence Community.
- Sec. 603. Powers of Commission.
- Sec. 604. Staff of Commission.
- Sec. 605. Compensation and travel expenses. Sec. 606. Treatment of information relating to national security.
- Sec. 607. Final report; termination.
- Sec. 608. Assessments of final report.
- Sec. 609. Inapplicability of certain administrative provisions.
- Sec. 610. Funding.

Sec. 611. Definitions.

TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2003 for the conduct of

the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following elements of the United States Government:

- (1) The Central Intelligence Agency.
- (2) The Department of Defense.
- (3) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
- (4) The National Security Agency.
- (5) The Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force.
 - (6) The Department of State.
 - (7) The Department of the Treasury.
 - (8) The Department of Energy.
 - (9) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (10) The National Reconnaissance Office.(11) The National Imagery and Mapping
- Agency.
- (12) The Coast Guard.

SEC. 102. CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZA-TIONS

- (a) SPECIFICATIONS OF AMOUNTS AND PERSONNEL CEILINGS.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101, and the authorized personnel ceilings as of September 30, 2003, for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the elements listed in such section, are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared to accompany the conference report on the bill _____ of the One Hundred Seventh Congress.
- (b) AVAILABILITY OF CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.—The Schedule of Authorizations shall be made available to the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, to Members of Congress who so request, and to the President. The President shall provide for suitable distribution of the Schedule, or of appropriate portions of the Schedule, within the executive branch.

SEC. 103. PERSONNEL CEILING ADJUSTMENTS.

- (a) AUTHORITY FOR ADJUSTMENTS.—With the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Director of Central Intelligence may authorize employment of civilian personnel in excess of the number authorized for fiscal year 2003 under section 102 when the Director of Central Intelligence determines that such action is necessary to the performance of important intelligence functions, except that the number of personnel employed in excess of the number authorized under such section may not, for any element of the intelligence community, exceed 2 percent of the number of civilian personnel authorized under such section for such element.
- (b) NOTICE TO INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.— The Director of Central Intelligence shall notify promptly the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate whenever the Director exercises the authority granted by this section.

SEC. 104. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated for the Community Management Account of the Director of Central Intelligence for fiscal year 2003 the sum of \$157,979,000. Within such amount, funds identified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in section 102(a) for advanced research and development shall remain available until September 30, 2004
- (b) AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL LEVELS.—The elements within the Intelligence Community Management Account of the Director of Central Intelligence are authorized 309 full-time personnel as of September 30, 2003. Personnel serving in such elements may be permanent employees of the Intelligence Community Management Account or personnel detailed from other elements of the United States Government.

- (c) Classified Authorizations.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Management Account by subsection (a), there are also authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Management Account for fiscal year 2003 such additional amounts as are specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in section 102(a). Such additional amounts for research and development shall remain available until September 30, 2004.
- (2) AUTHORIZATION OF PERSONNEL.—In addition to the personnel authorized by subsection (b) for elements of the Intelligence Community Management Account as of September 30, 2003, there are hereby authorized such additional personnel for such elements as of that date as are specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations.
- (d) REIMBURSEMENT.—Except as provided in section 113 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404h), during fiscal year 2003 any officer or employee of the United States or a member of the Armed Forces who is detailed to the staff of the Intelligence Community Management Account from another element of the United States Government shall be detailed on a reimbursable basis, except that any such officer, employee, or member may be detailed on a nonreimbursable basis for a period of less than one year for the performance of temporary functions as required by the Director of Central Intelligence.
- (e) NATIONAL DRUG INTELLIGENCE CENTER.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a), \$32,100,000 shall be available for the National Drug Intelligence Center. Within such amount, funds provided for research, development, testing, and evaluation purposes shall remain available until September 30, 2004, and funds provided for procurement purposes shall remain available until September 30, 2005.
- (2) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—The Director of Central Intelligence shall transfer to the Attorney General funds available for the National Drug Intelligence Center under paragraph (1). The Attorney General shall utilize funds so transferred for the activities of the National Drug Intelligence Center.
- (3) LIMITATION.—Amounts available for the National Drug Intelligence Center may not be used in contravention of the provisions of section 103(d)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–3(d)(1)).
- (4) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Attorney General shall retain full authority over the operations of the National Drug Intelligence Center.

SEC. 105. INCORPORATION OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Each requirement to submit a report to the congressional intelligence committees that is included in the joint explanatory statement to accompany the conference report on the bill of the One Hundred Seventh Congress, in the classified annex to this Act, in the report of the Senate to accompany the bill S. of the 107th Congress, or in the report of the House of Representatives to accompany the bill H.R. is hereby incorporated into this Act, and is hereby made a requirement in law.
- (b) SUBMITTAL DATE.—The date for the submittal to the congressional intelligence committees of any report referred to in subsection (a), whether an annual report, semiannual report, or non-recurring report, shall be as provided for a report of that type in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, as added by section 401 of this Act.
- (c) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term

the Senate; and

"congressional intelligence committees" means—

- means—
 (1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of
- (2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 106. PREPARATION AND SUBMITTAL OF REPORTS, REVIEWS, STUDIES, AND PLANS RELATING TO INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.

(a) CONSULTATION IN PREPARATION.—(1) The Director of Central Intelligence shall ensure that any report, review, study, or plan required to be prepared or conducted by a provision of this Act, including a provision of the classified Schedule of Authorizations or a classified annex to this Act, that involves the intelligence or intelligence-related activities of the Department of Defense or Department of Energy is prepared or conducted in consultation with the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Energy, as appropriate.

(2) The Secretary of Defense or Secretary of Energy may carry out any consultation required by this subsection through an official of the Department of Defense or Department of Energy, as the case may be, designated by such Secretary for that purpose.

(b) SUBMITTAL.—Any report, review, study, or plan referred to in subsection (a) shall be submitted, in addition to any other committee of Congress specified for submittal in the provision concerned, to the following committees of Congress:

(1) The Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.

(2) The Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

TITLE II—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund for fiscal year 2003 the sum of \$223.300.000.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. INCREASE IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS AUTHORIZED BY LAW.

Appropriations authorized by this Act for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in such compensation or benefits authorized by law.

SEC. 302. RESTRICTION ON CONDUCT OF INTEL-LIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

The authorization of appropriations by this Act shall not be deemed to constitute authority for the conduct of any intelligence activity which is not otherwise authorized by the Constitution or the laws of the United States.

SEC. 303. DEFINITION OF CONGRESSIONAL IN-TELLIGENCE COMMITTEES IN NA-TIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(7) The term 'congressional intelligence committees' means—
- "(A) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- $\mbox{``(B)}$ the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.''.
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) That Act is further amended by striking "Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and

the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives' and inserting "congressional intelligence committees" in each of the following provisions:

(A) Section 104(d)(4) (50 U.S.C. 403-4(d)(4)).

(B) Section 603(a) (50 U.S.C. 423(a)).

- (2) That Act is further amended by striking "Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate" and inserting "congressional intelligence committees" in each of the following provisions:
 - (A) Section 113(c) (50 U.S.C. 404h(c)).
- (B) Section 301(i) (50 U.S.C. 409a(i)).
- (C) Section 801(b)(2) (50 U.S.C. 435(b)(2)).
- (D) Section 903 (50 U.S.C. 441b).
- (3) That Act is further amended by striking "intelligence committees" and inserting "congressional intelligence committees" in each of the following provisions:
 - (A) Section 501 (50 U.S.C. 413).
 - (B) Section 502 (50 U.S.C. 413a).
 - (C) Section 503 (50 U.S.C. 413b).
 - (D) Section 504(d)(2) (50 U.S.C. 414(d)(2))
- (4) Section 104(d)(5) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403-4(d)(5)) is amended by striking "Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives" and inserting "congressional intelligence committees".
- (5) Section 105C(a)(3)(C) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403–5c(a)(3)(C)) is amended—
- (A) by striking clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting the following new clause (i):
- "(i) The congressional intelligence committees."; and

(B) by redesignating clauses (iii), (iv), (v), and (vi) as clauses (ii), (iii), (iv), and (v), respectively.

(6) Section 114 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404i) is amended by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following new subsection (c):

"(c) CONGRESSIONAL LEADERSHIP DE-FINED.—In this section, the term 'congressional leadership' means the Speaker and the minority leader of the House of Representatives and the majority leader and the minority leader of the Senate."

(7) Section 501(a) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 413(a)), as amended by paragraph (3) of this subsection, is further amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (2); and

(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2).

(8) Section 503(c)(4) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 413b(c)(4)) is amended by striking "intelligence committee" and inserting "congressional intelligence committee".

(9) Section 602(c) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 422(c)) is amended by striking "the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate or to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives" and inserting "either congressional intelligence committee".

(10) Section 701(c)(3) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 431(c)(3)) is amended by striking "intelligence committees of Congress" and inserting "congressional intelligence committees".

SEC. 304. SPECIFICITY OF NATIONAL FOREIGN IN-TELLIGENCE PROGRAM BUDGET AMOUNTS FOR COUNTERTERROR-ISM, COUNTERPROLIFERATION, COUNTERNARCOTICS, AND COUN-TERINTELLIGENCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"SPECIFICITY OF NATIONAL FOREIGN INTEL-LIGENCE PROGRAM BUDGET AMOUNTS FOR COUNTERTERRORISM, COUNTERPROLIFERA-TION, COUNTERNARCOTICS, AND COUNTERIN-TELLIGENCE

"Sec. 506. (a) IN GENERAL.—The budget justification materials submitted to Congress

in support of the budget of the President for a fiscal year that is submitted to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, shall set forth separately the aggregate amount requested for that fiscal year for the National Foreign Intelligence Program for each of the following:

- "(1) Counterterrorism.
- "(2) Counterproliferation.
- "(3) Counternarcotics.
- ``(4) Counterintelligence.
- "(b) ELECTION OF CLASSIFIED OR UNCLASSIFIED FORM.—Amounts set forth under subsection (a) may be set forth in unclassified form or classified form, at the election of the Director of Central Intelligence.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for that Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 505 the following new item:

"Sec. 506. Specificity of National Foreign Intelligence Program budget amounts for counterterrorism, counterproliferation, counternarcotics, and counterintelligence.".

SEC. 305. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO MAKE FUNDS FOR INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES AVAILABLE FOR OTHER INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

- (a) NATURE OF UNFORSEEN REQUIREMENTS.— Section 504(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 414(a)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively;
- (2) in subparagraph (C), as so redesignated—
- (A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) as clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), respectively; and
- (B) by striking the semicolon at the end and inserting a period;
 - (3) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)";
- (4) by striking "(4) nothing" and inserting "(2) Nothing";
- (5) by indenting paragraph (2), as designated by paragraph (4) of this section, two ems from the left margin; and
- (6) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) For purposes of paragraph (1)(C)(ii), an unforseen requirement may not include a requirement arising under statute or the request of a committee or Member of Congress."
- (b) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT FOR RE-PROGRAMMING.—Paragraph (1)(C)(iii) of that section, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is further amended by striking "has notified" and all that follows and inserting "submits to the appropriate congressional committees, before obligation of funds for such activity, a certification that the requirements of clauses (i) and (ii) are met with respect to such activity."

SEC. 306. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO FURNISH INFORMATION ON INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES TO CONGRESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 503 the following new section:

"AUTHORITY TO FURNISH INFORMATION ON INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES TO CONGRESS

"SEC. 503A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and consistent with the obligations of the Director of Central Intelligence to protect intelligence sources and methods, it shall not be unlawful for the Director, or a designee of the Director, to furnish to the congressional intelligence committees information in the possession of an element of the intelligence community on intelligence activities in furtherance of the reporting responsibilities of such element under sections 501, 502, and 503 or any other

provision of law requiring the reporting of information on intelligence activities to Congress.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 503 the following new item:

"Sec. 503A. Authority to furnish information on intelligence activities to Congress.".

SEC. 307. STANDARDIZED TRANSLITERATION OF NAMES INTO THE ROMAN ALPHA-BET.

- (a) METHOD OF TRANSLITERATION REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of Central Intelligence shall establish a standardized method for transliterating into the Roman alphabet personal and place names originally rendered in any language that uses an alphabet other than the Roman alphabet.
- (b) USE BY INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The Director shall ensure the use of the method established under subsection (a) in—
- established under subsection (a) in—

 (1) all communications among the elements of the intelligence community; and
- (2) all intelligence products of the intelligence community.

SEC. 308, STANDARDS AND QUALIFICATIONS FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

Section 104 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-4) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (h); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection (g):
- "(g) STANDARDS AND QUALIFICATIONS FOR PERFORMANCE OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.—
 The Director, acting as the head of the intelligence community, shall, in consultation with the heads of effected agencies, prescribe standards and qualifications for persons engaged in the performance of intelligence activities within the intelligence community."

SEC. 309. MODIFICATION OF DAVID L. BOREN NATIONAL SECURITY EDUCATION PROGRAM.

- (a) TERMINATION OF SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.—Paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 802 of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 (title VIII of Public Law 102–183; 50 U.S.C. 1902) is amended—
 - (1) by striking subparagraph (A); and
- (2) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (A).
- (b) SUBSTITUTION OF NATIONAL FLAGSHIP LANGUAGE INITIATIVE FOR GRANT PROGRAM.— That subsection is further amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking subparagraph (C) and inserting the following new subparagraph (B):
- "(B) carrying out activities under paragraph (2) relating to proficiency in foreign languages.":
- (2) by striking paragraph (2);
- (3) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and
- (4) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):
- "(2) NATIONAL FLAGSHIP LANGUAGE INITIATIVE —
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—As part of the program under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, carry out activities at institutions of higher education, which activities shall be designed—
- "(i) to produce in professionals an advanced level of proficiency in foreign languages that the Board identifies under section 803(d)(4) as critical to the national security of the United States; and
- "(ii) to permit undergraduate and graduate students, and employees of the United States

Government, to undertake studies to enhance their foreign language proficiency.

"(B) PARTICIPATION BY FELLOWSHIP RECIPIENTS.—Recipients of fellowships under paragraph (1)(A) may participate in the activities carried out under this paragraph.

"(C) DESIGNATION OF ACTIVITIES.—The activities carried out under this paragraph shall be known as the 'National Flagship Language Initiative'.".

(c) FUNDING ALLOCATION.—That subsection is further amended by inserting after paragraph (2), as amended by subsection (b) of this section, the following new paragraph (3):

- "(3) FUNDING ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount available for obligation out of the Fund for any fiscal year, the Secretary shall allocate such amount in a manner considered appropriate by the Secretary for purposes of fellowships under paragraph (1)(A) and carrying out activities under paragraph (1)(B)."
- (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 802 of that Act is further amended—
- (A) in subsection (a)(5), as redesignated by subsection (b)(3) of this section, by striking "scholarships, fellowships, and grants" and inserting "fellowships, and the carrying out of activities.":
 - (B) in subsection (b)-
 - (i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—
 - (I) by striking "scholarship or"; and
- (II) by striking "or any scholarship"; and
- (ii) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following new paragraph (2):
- "(2) shall, upon completion of such recipient's education under the program, and in accordance with such regulations—
- "(A) work in a national security position for a period specified by the Secretary, which period shall be not less than the period for which the fellowship assistance was provided; or
- "(B) if the recipient demonstrates to the Secretary (in accordance with such regulations) that no national security position is available upon the completion of the degree, work in the field of higher education in a discipline relating to the foreign country, foreign language, area study, counterproliferation study, or international field of study for which the fellowship was awarded for a period specified by the Secretary, which period shall be established in accordance with subparagraph (A); and";
 - (C) in subsection (c)—
 (i) by striking "scholarship or" each place
- it appears; and
 - (ii) by striking "scholarships and";
 - (D) in subsection (d)—
- (i) by striking "scholarships, fellowships, or grants" and inserting "fellowships, or for the carrying out of activities,"; and
- (ii) by striking "scholarships, fellowships, or grants (as the case may be)" and inserting "such fellowships or activities, as the case may be,";
- (E) in subsection (e), by striking "scholarships, fellowships, and grants" and inserting "fellowships, and carry out activities,";
- (F) in subsection (f), by striking "grant, scholarship, or"; and
- (G) in subsection (g)(1), by striking "or scholarship".
- (2) Section 803(d) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 1903(d)) is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "scholarships, fellowships, and grants" and inserting "fellowships, and carrying out activities,";
 - (B) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) by striking "desiring scholarships or fellowships, and institutions of higher education desiring grants under this chapter" and inserting "desiring fellowships under section 802(a)(1), and institutions of higher education desiring to carry out activities under section 802(a)(2)"; and
- (ii) by striking "scholarship or" each place it appears;

- (C) in paragraph (4)—
- (i) by striking subparagraphs (A) and (C);
- (ii) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (D) as subparagraphs (A) and (C), respectively;
- (iii) in subparagraph (A), as so redesignated, by striking "section 802(a)(1)(B)" and inserting "section 802(a)(1)(A)";
- (iv) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph (B):
- "(B) which foreign languages are critical to the national security interests of the United States for purposes of section 802(a)(2); and"; and
- (v) in subparagraph (C), as so redesignated, by striking "scholarships or";
- (D) in paragraph (6), by striking "scholar-ship recipients and"; and
- (E) in paragraph (7), by striking "scholar-ship or".
- (3) Section 804(b)(1) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 1904(b)(1)) is amended by striking "scholarships, fellowships, and grants" and inserting "fellowships and carrying out activities".
- (4) The heading for title VIII of the Intelligence Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1992 (Public Law 102–183) is amended to read as follows:

"TITLE VIII—NATIONAL SECURITY FEL-LOWSHIPS AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT".

(5) The heading of section 802 of that Act is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 802. PROGRAM OF FELLOWSHIPS AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT.".

- (e) CONSTRUCTION OF AMENDMENTS.—Nothing in the amendments to the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 made by this section shall affect the validity of any scholarship, fellowship, or grant made or awarded under that Act before the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (f) REPORT ON CONVERSION OF FUNDING FROM TRUST FUND TO ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS.—(1) Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, in conjunction with the Director of Central Intelligence, submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the advisability of converting the funding of the program of fellowships and other educational support under the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991, as amended by this section, from funding through the National Security Education Trust Fund under section 804 of that Act to funding through appropriations.
- (2) If the Secretary and the Director determine in the report under paragraph (1) that the conversion of funding referred to in that paragraph is advisable, the report shall include a recommendation for such legislation as the Secretary and the Director consider appropriate to implement the conversion of funding.
- (g) REPORT ON MODIFICATION OF NATIONAL FLAGSHIP LANGUAGE INITIATIVE BEFORE IMPLEMENTATION.—If the Secretary, in conjunction with the Director, proposes any modification of the National Flagship Language Initiative under paragraph (2) of section 802(a) of the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991, as amended by subsection (c) of this section, between the date of the enactment of this Act and the date of the implementation of the initiative, the Secretary and the Director shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the proposed modification.
- (h) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "congressional intelligence committees" means—
- (1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 310. SCHOLARSHIPS AND WORK-STUDY FOR PURSUIT OF GRADUATE DEGREES IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

- (a) Program Required.—The National Security Act of 1947 is amended—
- (1) by redesignating title X as title XI;
- (2) by redesignating section 1001 as section 1101; and
- (3) by inserting after title IX the following new title X:

"TITLE X—EDUCATION IN SUPPORT OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

"SCHOLARSHIPS AND WORK-STUDY FOR PURSUIT OF GRADUATE DEGREES IN SCIENCE AND TECH-NOLOGY

"Sec. 1001. (a) Program Required.—The Director of Central Intelligence shall carry out a program to provide scholarships and work-study for individuals who are pursuing graduate degrees in fields of study in science and technology that are identified by the Director as appropriate to meet the future needs of the intelligence community for qualified scientists and engineers.

"(b) ADMINISTRATION.—The Director shall administer the program through the Assistant Director of Central Intelligence for Administration.

"(c) IDENTIFICATION OF FIELDS OF STUDY.— The Director shall identify fields of study under subsection (a) in consultation with the other heads of the elements of the intelligence community.

"(d) ELIGIBILITY FOR PARTICIPATION.—An individual eligible to participate in the program is any individual who—

"(1) either-

"(A) is an employee of the intelligence community; or

"(B) meets criteria for eligibility for employment in the intelligence community that are established by the Director;

"(2) is accepted in a graduate degree program in a field of study in science or technology identified under subsection (a); and

"(3) is eligible for a security clearance at the level of Secret or above.

"(e) REGULATIONS.—The Director shall prescribe regulations for purposes of the administration of this section.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by striking the items relating to title X and section 1001 and inserting the following new items:

"TITLE X—EDUCATION IN SUPPORT OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

"Sec. 1001. Scholarships and work-study for pursuit of graduate degrees in science and technology.

"TITLE XI—OTHER PROVISIONS

"Sec. 1101. Applicability to United States intelligence activities of Federal laws implementing international treaties and agreements.".

SEC. 311. NATIONAL VIRTUAL TRANSLATION CENTER.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director of Central Intelligence, acting as the head of the intelligence community, shall establish in the intelligence community an element with the function of connecting the elements of the intelligence community engaged in the acquisition, storage, translation, or analysis of voice or data in digital form.

(b) DESIGNATION.—The element established under subsection (a) shall be known as the National Virtual Translation Center.

(c) ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS.—(1) The Director shall retain direct supervision and control over the element established under subsection (a).

(2) The element established under subsection (a) shall connect elements of the intelligence community utilizing the most current available information technology that is applicable to the function of the element.

(d) DEADLINE FOR ESTABLISHMENT.—The element required by subsection (a) shall be established as soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this Act, but not later than 90 days after that date.

SEC. 312. FOREIGN TERRORIST ASSET TRACKING CENTER.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director of Central Intelligence, acting as the head of the intelligence community, shall establish in the Central Intelligence Agency an element responsible for conducting all-source intelligence analysis of information relating to the financial capabilities, practices, and activities of individuals, groups, and nations associated with international terrorism in their activities relating to international terrorism.

(b) DESIGNATION.—The element established under subsection (a) shall be known as the Foreign Terrorist Asset Tracking Center.

(c) DEADLINE FOR ESTABLISHMENT.—The element required by subsection (a) shall be established as soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this Act, but not later than 90 days after that date.

SEC. 313. TERRORIST IDENTIFICATION CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—(1) The Director of Central Intelligence, acting as head of the Intelligence Community, shall—

(A) establish and maintain a list of individuals who are known or suspected international terrorists, and of organizations that are known or suspected international terrorist organizations; and

(B) ensure that pertinent information on the list is shared with the departments, agencies, and organizations described by subsection (c).

(2) The list under paragraph (1), and the mechanisms for sharing information on the list, shall be known as the "Terrorist Identification Classification System".

(b) ADMINISTRATION.—(1) The Director shall prescribe requirements for the inclusion of an individual or organization on the list required by subsection (a), and for the deletion or omission from the list of an individual or organization currently on the list.

(2) The Director shall ensure that the information utilized to determine the inclusion, or deletion or omission, of an individual or organization on or from the list is derived from all-source intelligence.

(3) The Director shall ensure that the list is maintained in accordance with existing law and regulations governing the collection, storage, and dissemination of intelligence concerning United States persons.

(c) Information Sharing.—Subject to section 103(c)(6) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–3(c)(6)), relating to the protection of intelligence sources and methods, the Director shall provide for the sharing of the list, and information on the list, with such departments and agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies, and entities of foreign governments and international organizations as the Director considers appropriate.

(d) REPORTING AND CERTIFICATION.—(1) The Director shall review on an annual basis the information provided by various departments and agencies for purposes of the list under subsection (a) in order to determine whether or not the information so provided is derived from the widest possible range of intelligence available to such departments and agencies.

(2) The Director shall, as a result of each review under paragraph (1), certify whether or not the elements of the intelligence community responsible for the collection of intelligence related to the list have provided

information for purposes of the list that is derived from the widest possible range of intelligence available to such department and agencies.

(e) REPORT ON CRITERIA FOR INFORMATION SHARING.—(1) Not later then March 1, 2003, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report describing the criteria used to determine which types of information on the list required by subsection (a) are to be shared, and which types of information are not to be shared, with various departments and agencies of the Federal Government, State and local government agencies, and entities of foreign governments and international organizations

(2) The report shall include a description of the circumstances in which the Director has determined that sharing information on the list with the departments and agencies of the Federal Government, and of State and local governments, described by subsection (c) would be inappropriate due to the concerns addressed by section 103(c)(6) of the National Security Act of 1947, relating to the protection of sources and methods, and any instance in which the sharing on information on the list has been inappropriate in light of such concerns.

(f) SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION REQUIRE-MENTS.—(1) The Director shall, to the maximum extent practicable, ensure the interoperability of the Terrorist Identification Classification System with relevant information systems of the departments and agencies of the Federal Government, and of State and local governments, described by subsection (c).

(2) The Director shall ensure that the System utilizes technologies that are effective in aiding the identification of individuals in the field.

(g) REPORT ON STATUS OF SYSTEM.—(1) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall, in consultation with the Director of Homeland Security, submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the status of the Terrorist Identification Classification System. The report shall contain a certification on the following:

(A) Whether or not the System contains the intelligence information necessary to facilitate the contribution of the System to the domestic security of the United States.

(B) Whether or not the departments and agencies having access to the System have access in a manner that permits such departments and agencies to carry out appropriately their domestic security responsibilities.

(C) Whether or not the System is operating in a manner that maximizes its contribution to the domestic security of the United States.

(D) If a certification under subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) is in the negative, the modifications or enhancements of the System necessary to ensure a future certification in the positive.

(2) The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(h) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "congressional intelligence committees" means—

(1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and

(2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 314. ANNUAL REPORT ON FOREIGN COMPANIES INVOLVED IN THE PROLIFERATION OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION THAT RAISE FUNDS IN THE UNITED STATES CAPITAL MARKETS.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED.—The Director of Central Intelligence shall submit to

the appropriate committees of Congress on an annual basis a report setting forth each foreign company described in subsection (b) that raised or attempted to raise funds in the United States capital markets during the preceding year.

(b) COVERED FOREIGN COMPANIES.—A for-

- (b) COVERED FOREIGN COMPANIES.—A foreign company described in this subsection is any foreign company determined by the Director to be engaged or involved in the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (including nuclear, biological, or chemical weapons) or the means to deliver such weapons.
- (c) SUBMITTAL DATES.—(1) In the case of the appropriate committees of Congress referred to in paragraph (1) of subsection (e), the date each year for the submittal of the report required by subsection (a) shall be the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, as added by section 401 of this Act.
- (2) In the case of the appropriate committees of Congress referred to in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (e), the date each year for the submittal of the report required by subsection (a) shall be February 1 of such year.
- (d) FORM OF REPORTS.—Each report under subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (e) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives;
- (2) the Committees on Armed Services, Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committees on Armed Services, Financial Services, and Government Reform of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 315. TWO-YEAR EXTENSION OF CENTRAL IN-TELLIGENCE AGENCY VOLUNTARY SEPARATION PAY ACT.

Section 2(i) of the Central Intelligence Agency Voluntary Separation Pay Act (50 U.S.C. 403–4 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (f), by striking "September 30, 2003" and inserting "September 30, 2005"; and
- (2) in subsection (i), by striking "in fiscal year 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, or 2003" and inserting "in fiscal years 1998 through 2005".

SEC. 316. ADDITIONAL ONE-YEAR SUSPENSION OF REORGANIZATION OF DIPLOMATIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE PROGRAM OFFICE.

Section 311 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002 (Public Law 107-108; 115 Stat. 1401; 22 U.S.C. 7301 note) is amended by striking "October 1, 2002" and inserting "October 1, 2003".

TITLE IV—REPORTING REQUIREMENTS Subtitle A—Submittal of Reports to Intelligence Committees

SEC. 401. DATES FOR SUBMITTAL OF VARIOUS ANNUAL AND SEMI-ANNUAL RE-PORTS TO THE CONGRESSIONAL IN-TELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.), as amended by section 304 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following new section:
- "DATES FOR SUBMITTAL OF VARIOUS ANNUAL AND SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS TO THE CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES
- "Sec. 507. (a) ANNUAL REPORTS.—The date for the submittal to the congressional intelligence committees of the following annual reports shall be the date each year provided in subsection (c)(1):
- "(1) The annual report on the assessment of the satisfaction of the intelligence com-

munity with the collection, analysis, and production of intelligence required by section 102(i).

- "(2) The annual evaluation of the performance and responsiveness of certain elements of the intelligence community required by section 105(d).
- "(3) The annual report on intelligence required by section 109.
- "(4) The annual report on the detail of intelligence community personnel required by section 113.
- "(5) The annual report on intelligence community cooperation with Federal law enforcement agencies required by section 114(a)(2).
- "(6) The annual report on the safety and security of Russian nuclear facilities and nuclear military forces required by section 114(b).
- "(7) The annual report on the threat of attack on the United States from weapons of mass destruction required by section 114(c).
- "(8) The annual report on covert leases required by section 114(d).
- "(9) The annual report on improvements of the financial statements of the intelligence community for auditing purposes required by section 114A.
- "(10) The annual report on the protection of the identities of covert agents required by section 603
- "(11) The annual report on transfers of amounts for acquisition of land by the Central Intelligence Agency required by section S(c)(2) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403f(c)(2)).
- "(12) The annual audit of the Central Intelligence Agency central services program required by section 21(g) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403u(g)).
- "(13) The annual report on the use of National Security Agency personnel as special policemen required by section 11(a)(5) of the National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 402 note).
- "(14) The annual report of the Inspectors Generals of the intelligence community on proposed resources and activities of their offices required by section 8H(g) of the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- "(15) The annual report on commercial activities as security for intelligence collection required by section 437(c) of title 10, United States Code.
- "(16) The annual report on expenditures for postemployment assistance for terminated intelligence employees required by section 1611(e)(2) of title 10, United States Code.
- "(17) The annual report on activities of personnel of the Federal Bureau of Investigation outside the United States required by section 540C(c)(2) of title 28, United States Code.
- "(18) The annual update on foreign industrial espionage required by section 809(b) of the Counterintelligence and Security Enancements Act of 1994 (title VIII of Public Law 103-359; 50 U.S.C. App. 2170b(b)).
- "(19) The annual report on coordination of counterintelligence matters with the Federal Bureau of Investigation required by section 811(c)(6) of the Counterintelligence and Security Enhancements Act of 1994 (50 U.S.C. 402a(c)(6)).
- "(20) The annual report on intelligence activities of the People's Republic of China required by section 308(c) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105-107; 50 U.S.C. 402a note).
- "(21) The annual report on enhancing protection of national security at the Department of Justice required by section 606(b)(2)(B) of the Counterintelligence Reform Act of 2000 (title VI of Public Law 106–567).
- "(22) The annual report on foreign companies involved in the proliferation of weapons

of mass destruction that raise funds in the United States capital markets required by section 314 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003.

- "(23) The annual report on counterdrug intelligence matters required by section 417 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003.
- "(24) The annual report on certifications for immunity in interdiction of aircraft engaged in illicit drug trafficking required by section 1012(c)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (22 U.S.C. 2291–4(c)(2)).
- "(25) The annual report on exceptions to consumer disclosure requirements for national security investigations under section 604(b)(4)(E) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681b(b)(4)(E)).

"(26) The annual report on activities under the David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 (title VIII of Public Lau 102–183; 50 U.S.C. 1901 et seq.) required by section 806(a) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 1906(a)).

- "(b) SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS.—The dates for the submittal to the congressional intelligence committees of the following semi-annual reports shall be the dates each year provided in subsection (c)(2):
- "(1) The periodic reports on intelligence provided to the United Nations required by section 112(b)(3).
- "(2) The semiannual reports on the Office of the Inspector General of the Central Intelligence Agency required by section 17(d)(1) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403o(d)(1)).
- "(3) The semiannual reports on decisions not to prosecute certain violations of law under the Classified Information Procedures Act (5 U.S.C. App.) as required by section 13(b) of that Act.
- "(4) The semiannual reports on the acquisition of technology relating to weapons of mass destruction and advanced chemical munitions required by section (721(b)) of the Combatting Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction Act of 1996 (title VII of Public Law 104-293; 50 U.S.C. 2366(b)).
- "(5) The semiannual reports on the activities of the Diplomatic Telecommunications Service Program Office (DTS-PO) required by section 322(a)(6)(D)(ii) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (22 U.S.C. 7302(a)(6)(D)(ii)).
- "(6) The semiannual reports on the disclosure of information and consumer reports to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for counterintelligence purposes required by section 624(h)(2) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681u(h)(2)).
- "(7) The semiannual provision of information on requests for financial information for foreign counterintelligence purposes required by section 1114(a)(5)(C) of the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3414(a)(5)(C)).
- "(c) SUBMITTAL DATES FOR REPORTS.—(1) Except as provided in subsection (d), each annual report listed in subsection (a) shall be submitted not later than February 1.
- "(2) Except as provided in subsection (d), each semi-annual report listed in subsection (b) shall be submitted not later than February 1 and August 1.
- "(d) Postponement of Submittal.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), the date for the submittal of an annual report listed in subsection (a) may be postponed until March 1, or the date of the submittal of a semiannual report listed in subsection (b) may be postponed until March 1 or September 1, as the case may be, if the official required to submit such report submits to the congressional intelligence committees a written notification of such postponement.

"(2)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to paragraph (3), the

date for the submittal to the congressional intelligence committees of any report described in subparagraph (B) may be postponed by not more than 30 days from the date otherwise specified in the provision of law for the submittal of such report if the official required to submit such report submit to the congressional intelligence committees a written notification of such postponement.

"(B) A report described in this subparagraph is any report on intelligence or intelligence-related activities of the United States Government that is submitted under a provision of law requiring the submittal of only a single report.

"(3)(A) The date for the submittal of a report whose submittal is postponed under paragraph (1) or (2) may be postponed beyond the time provided for the submittal of such report under such paragraph if the official required to submit such report submits to the congressional intelligence committees a written certification that preparation and submittal of such report at such time will impede the work of officers or employees of the intelligence community in a manner that will be detrimental to the national security of the United States.

"(B) A certification with respect to a report under subparagraph (A) shall include a proposed submittal date for such report, and such report shall be submitted not later than that date

- "(e) Construction.—The provisions of this section shall not affect the date for the submittal of any report covered by this section to a Member or committee of Congress other than the congressional intelligence committees, or to an official of the Executive branch."
- (2) The table of sections for the National Security Act of 1947, as amended by section 304 of this Act, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 506 the following new item:

"Sec. 507. Dates for submittal of various annual and semi-annual reports to the congressional intelligence committees.".

- (b) REPORT OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF CIA ON EFFORTS TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH REPORTING DEADLINES.—(1) Not later than December 1, 2002, the General Counsel of the Central Intelligence Agency shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the efforts of the Office of the General Counsel of the Central Intelligence Agency to ensure compliance by the elements of the intelligence community with the requirements of section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, as added by subsection (a).
- (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—(A) Subsection (d) of section 105 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–5) is amended to read as follows:
- "(d) ANNUAL EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE AND RESPONSIVENESS OF CERTAIN ELEMENTS OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—(1) Not later each year than the date provided in section 507, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees the evaluation described in paragraph (3).
- "(2) The Director shall submit each year to the Committee on Foreign Intelligence of the National Security Council, and to the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, the evaluation described in paragraph (3).
- "(3) An evaluation described in this paragraph is an evaluation of the performance and responsiveness of the National Security Agency, the National Reconnaissance Office, and the National Imagery and Mapping

Agency in meeting their respective national missions.

- "(4) The Director shall submit each evaluation under this subsection in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.".
- (B) Section 109 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404d) is amended—
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following new paragraph (1):

"(1)(A) Not later each year than the date provided in section 507, the President shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the requirements of the United States for intelligence and the activities of the intelligence community.

"(B) Not later than January 31 each year, and included with the budget of the President for the next fiscal year under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees the report described in subparagraph (A).";

(ii) in subsection (c), as amended by section 803(a) of the Intelligence Renewal and Reform Act of 1996 (title VIII of Public Law 104-293; 110 Stat. 3475)—

(I) in paragraph (1), by striking "The Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations," and inserting "The Committee on Appropriations": and

(II) in paragraph (2), by striking "The Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations," and inserting "The Committee on Appropriations"; and

(iii) by striking subsection (c), as added by section 304(a) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-178: 107 Stat. 2034).

(C) Section 112(b) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404g(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(3) In the case of periodic reports required to be submitted under the first sentence of paragraph (1) to the congressional intelligence committees, the submittal dates for such reports shall be as provided in section [207]."

- (D) Section 113(c) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404h(c)) is amended by striking "Not later than" and all that follows through "a report" and inserting "Not later each year than the date provided in section 507, the Director of Central Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees an annual report".
- (E) Section 114 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 404i) is amended—
 - (i) in subsection (a)—
- (I) in paragraph (I), by striking "the congressional intelligence committees and";
- (II) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and

(III) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

"(2) Not later each year than the date provided in section 507, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees the report required to be submitted under paragraph (1) during the preceding year."; and

- (ii) in subsection (b)(1), by striking ", on an annual basis" and all that follows through "leadership" and inserting "submit to the congressional leadership on an annual basis, and to the congressional intelligence committees on the date each year provided in section 507,".
- (F) Section 603 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 423) is amended— $\,$
- (i) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following new sentence: "The date for the submittal of the report shall be the date provided in section 507."; and

- (ii) in subsection (b), by striking the second sentence.
- (2) CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY ACT OF 1949.—(A) Section 5(c)(2) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403f(c)(2)) is amended—
- (i) by striking "The Director" and all that follows through "an annual" and inserting "Not later each year than the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 401a)) a"; and
- (ii) by inserting "during the preceding year" after "paragraph (1)".
- (B) Section 17(d)(1) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403q(d)(1)) is amended in the second sentence by striking "Within thirty days of receipt of such reports," and inserting "Not later than the dates each year provided for the transmittal of such reports in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947."

(C) Section 21(g) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403u(g)) is amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following new paragraphs:

"(3) Not later than 30 days after the completion of an audit under paragraph (1), the Inspector General shall submit a copy of the audit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Director of Central Intelligence.

"(4) Not later each year than the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, the Inspector General shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 401a)) a copy of the audit completed under paragraph (1) during the preceding year."

- (3) NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY ACT OF 1959.—Section 11(a)(5) of the National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 402 note) is amended by striking "Not later than" and all that follows through "the Senate" and inserting "Not later each year than the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 401a)) a report".
- (4) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION PROCEDURES ACT.—Section 13 of the Classified Information Procedures Act (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—
- (A) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and
- (B) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):
- "(b) In the case of the semiannual reports (whether oral or written) required to be submitted under subsection (a) to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, the submittal dates for such reports shall be as provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947.".
- (5) TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—(A) Section 437 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (i) in subsection (c), by striking "Not later than" and all that follows through "of Congress" and inserting "Not later each year than the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 401a))"; and
 - (ii) by striking subsection (d).
- (B) Section 1611(e) of that title is amended—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by striking "paragraph (2)" and inserting "paragraph (3)";
- (ii) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and
- (iii) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

- "(2) In the case of a report required to be submitted under paragraph (1) to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, the date for the submittal of such report shall be as provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947.".
- (6) INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACTS.—(A) Section 809 of the Counterintelligence and Security Enhancements Act of 1994 (title VIII of Public Law 103–359; 108 Stat. 3454; 50 U.S.C. 2170b) is amended—
- (i) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following new subsection (b):
 - "(b) Annual Update.—
- "(1) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESSIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE COMMITTEES.—Not later each year than the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, the President shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report updating the information referred to in subsection (a)(1)(D).
- "(2) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESSIONAL LEADER-SHIP.—Not later than April 14 each year, the President shall submit to the congressional leadership a report updating the information referred to in subsection (a)(1)(D).
 - "(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- "(A) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—The term 'congressional intelligence committees' has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a).
- "(B) CONGRESSIONAL LEADERSHIP.—The term 'congressional leadership' means the Speaker and the minority leader of the House of Representatives and the majority leader and the minority leader of the Senate.": and
- (ii) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (d).
- (B) Paragraph (6) of section 811(c) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 402a(c)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(6)(A) Not later each year than the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 401a)) a report with respect to compliance with paragraphs (1) and (2) during the previous calendar year.
- "(B) Not later than February 1 each year, the Director shall, in accordance with applicable security procedures, submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and House of Representatives a report with respect to compliance with paragraphs (1) and (2) during the previous calendar year.
- "(C) The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall submit each report under this paragraph in consultation with the Director of Central Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense."
- (C) Section 721 of the Combatting Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction Act of 1996 (title VII of Public Law 104–293; 110 Stat. 3474; 50 U.S.C. 236) is amended—
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking "Not later than" and all that follows through "the Director" and inserting "The Director";
- (ii) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c):
- (iii) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):
- "(b) SUBMITTAL DATES.—(1) The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted each year to the congressional intelligence committees on a semiannual basis on the dates provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947.
- (2) The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted each year to the congressional leadership on April 11 and October 11 of such year
 - "(3) In this subsection:

- "(A) The term 'congressional intelligence committees' has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a).
- "(B) The term 'congressional leadership' means the Speaker and the minority leader of the House of Representatives and the majority leader and the minority leader of the Senate."; and
- (iv) in subsection (c), as so redesignated, by striking "The reports" and inserting "Each report."
- (D) Section 308 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105–107; 111 Stat. 2253; 50 U.S.C. 402a note) is amended—
 - (i) in subsection (a)—
- (I) by striking "Not later than" and all that follows through "the Director of Central Intelligence" and inserting "The Director of Central Intelligence"; and
- (II) by inserting "on an annual basis" after "to Congress"; and
- (ii) by adding at the end the end the following new subsection (c):
- "(c) SUBMITTAL DATE OF REPORT TO LEAD-ERSHIP OF CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COM-MITTEES.—The date each year for the submittal to the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate of the report required by subsection (a) shall be the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947.".
- (E) Section 322(a)(6)(D) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 105-567; 114 Stat. 2844; 22 U.S.C. 7302(a)(6)(D)) is amended—
- (i) in clause (i), by striking "Beginning on" and inserting "Except as provided in clause (ii), beginning on";
- (ii) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii):
- (iii) by inserting after clause (i) the following new clause (ii):
- "(ii) SUBMITTAL DATE OF REPORTS TO CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—In the case of reports required to be submitted under clause (i) to the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)), the submittal dates for such reports shall be as provided in section 507 of that Act.": and
- (iv) in clause (iii), as so redesignated, by striking "report" and inserting "reports".
- (F) Section 606(b)(2) of the Counterintelligence Reform Act of 2000 (title VI of Public Law 106-567; 114 Stat. 2854) is amended—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "subparagraph (B)" and inserting "subparagraph (C)";
- (ii) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C); and
- (iii) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph (B):
- "(B) In the case of a report required to be submitted under subparagraph (A) to the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)), the submittal date for such report shall be as provided in section 507 of that Act.".
- (7) Public LAW 103–337.—Section 1012(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (22 U.S.C. 2291–4(c)) is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "Not later than" and inserting "Except as provided in paragraph (2), not later than";
- (B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and
- (C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):
- "(2) In the case of a report required to be submitted under paragraph (1) to the con-

- gressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)), the submittal date for such report shall be as provided in section 507 of that Act.".
- (8) DAVID L. BOREN NATIONAL SECURITY EDUCATION ACT OF 1991.—The David L. Boren National Security Education Act of 1991 (title VIII of Public Law 102–183; 50 U.S.C. 1901 et seq.) is amended—
 - (A) in section 806(a) (50 U.S.C. 1906(a))—
- (i) by inserting "(1)" before "The Secretary";
- (ii) in paragraph (1), as so designated, by striking "the Congress" and inserting "the congressional intelligence committees";
- (iii) by designating the second sentence as paragraph (2) and indenting the left margin of such paragraph, as so designated, two ems;
- (iv) in paragraph (2), as so designated, by inserting "submitted to the President" after "The report"; and
- (v) by adding at the end the following new paragraph (3):
- "(3) The report submitted to the congressional intelligence committees shall be submitted on the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947."; and
- (B) in section 808 (50 U.S.C. 1908), by adding at the end the following new paragraph (5):
- "(5) The term 'congressional intelligence committees' means—
- "(A) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives."
- (9) FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT.—(A) Section 604(b)(4) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681b(b)(4)) is amended—
- (i) in subparagraph (D), by striking "Not later than" and inserting "Except as provided in subparagraph (E), not later than":
- (ii) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph (F); and
- (iii) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following new subparagraph (E):
- "(E) REPORTS TO CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—In the case of a report to be submitted under subparagraph (D) to the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)), the submittal date for such report shall be as provided in section 507 of that Act.".
- (B) Section 624(h) of that Act (15 U.S.C. 1681u(h)) is amended—
- (i) by inserting "(1)" before "On a semi-annual basis,"; and
- (ii) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) In the case of the semiannual reports required to be submitted under paragraph (1) to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, the submittal dates for such reports shall be as provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947.".
- (10) RIGHT TO FINANCIAL PRIVACY ACT OF 1978.—Section 1114(a)(5)(C) of the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3414(a)(5)(C)) is amended by striking "On a semiannual" and all that follows through "the Senate" and inserting "On the dates provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, the Attorney General shall fully inform the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of that Act (50 U.S.C. 401a))".

Subtitle B—Recurring Annual Reports

SEC. 411. ANNUAL ASSESSMENT OF SATISFAC-TION OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY WITH COLLECTION, ANALYSIS, AND PRODUCTION OF INTEL-LIGENCE.

Section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

(i) ANNUAL ASSESSMENT OF SATISFACTION OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY WITH COLLEC-TION, ANALYSIS, AND PRODUCTION OF INTEL-LIGENCE.—(1) The Assistant Director of Central Intelligence for Collection and the Assistant Director of Central Intelligence for Analysis and Production shall conduct each year a comprehensive review of the satisfaction of the elements of the intelligence community with the collection, analysis, and production of intelligence during the preceding year.

"(2) Each review for a year under paragraph (1) shall include-

(A) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the intelligence collection, analysis, and production programs of the intelligence community in such year in meeting the requirements of the intelligence community for intelligence, including whether or not gaps exist in such programs; and

"(B) an assessment of the allocation of resources for the collection, analysis, and production of intelligence in such year to determine whether or not an alternative allocation of such resources would better meet the requirements of the intelligence community for intelligence.

"(3) The Assistant Directors shall jointly submit to the Director of Central Intelligence a report on each review conducted under paragraph (1). Each report shall-

"(A) set forth the results of the evaluation and assessment under paragraph (2);

"(B) describe any significant successes or failures in the collection, analysis, or production of intelligence in the year covered by such report; and

"(C) include any recommendations regarding the collection, analysis, or production of intelligence that the Assistant Directors consider appropriate.

"(4) The Director of Central Intelligence shall transmit to the congressional intelligence committees each report submitted under paragraph (3). The Director shall include in the transmittal of such report any comments and recommendations regarding such report that the Director considers appropriate.

'(5) The submittal date for a report under paragraph (4) each year shall be the date provided in section 507.'

SEC. 412. ANNUAL REPORT ON THREAT OF AT-TACK ON THE UNITED STATES USING WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUC-TION.

Section 114 of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended by section 303(b)(6) of this Act, is further amended-

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

"(c) Annual Report on Threat of Attack ON THE UNITED STATES USING WEAPONS OF Mass Destruction.—(1) Not later each year than the date provided in section 507, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report assessing the

"(A) The current threat of attack on the United States using ballistic missiles or cruise missiles.

"(B) The current threat of attack on the United States using a chemical, biological, or nuclear weapon delivered by a system other than a ballistic missile or cruise missile.

"(2) Each report under paragraph (1) shall be a national intelligence estimate, or have the formality of a national intelligence esti-

SEC. 413. ANNUAL REPORT ON COVERT LEASES.

Section 114 of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended by section 412 of this Act, is further amended-

(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e): and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

'(d) ANNUAL REPORT ON COVERT LEASES.-(1) Not later each year than the date provided in section 507, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on each covert lease of an element of the intelligence community that is in force as of the end of the preceding

"(2) Each report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

"(A) A list of each lease described by that paragraph.

"(B) For each lease-

"(i) the cost of such lease;

"(ii) the duration of such lease:

"(iii) the purpose of such lease; and

"(iv) the directorate or office that controls such lease.

SEC. 414. ANNUAL REPORT ON IMPROVEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF CER-TAIN ELEMENTS OF THE INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY FOR AUDIT-ING PURPOSES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 114 the following new section:

"ANNUAL REPORT ON IMPROVEMENT OF FINAN-CIAL STATEMENTS FOR AUDITING PURPOSES

"SEC. 114A. Not later each year than the date provided in section 507, the Director of Central Intelligence, Director of the National Security Agency, Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, and Director of the National Imagery and Mapping Agency shall each submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report describing the activities being undertaken by such official to ensure that the financial statements of such agency can be audited in accordance with applicable law and requirements of the Office of Management and Budget,'

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 114 the following new item:

"Sec. 114A. Annual report on improvement of financial statements for auditing purposes.".

SEC. 415. ANNUAL REPORT ON ACTIVITIES OF FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA-TION PERSONNEL OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT —Chapter 33 of title 28. United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"§ 540C. Annual report on activities of Federal Bureau of Investigation personnel outside the United States

"(a) The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress each year a report on the activities of personnel of the Federal Bureau of Investigation outside the United States.

"(b) The report under subsection (a) shall include the following:

"(1) For the year preceding the year in which the report is required to be sub-

(A) the number of personnel of the Bureau posted or detailed outside the United States during the year;

"(B) a description of the coordination of the investigations, asset handling, liaison, and operational activities of the Bureau during the year with other elements of the intelligence community; and

"(C) a description of the extent to which information derived from activities described in subparagraph (B) was shared with other elements of the intelligence commu-

"(2) For the year in which the report is required to be submitted-

"(A) a description of the plans, if any, of the Director-

"(i) to modify the number of personnel of the Bureau posted or detailed outside the United States: or

"(ii) to modify the scope of the activities of personnel of the Bureau posted or detailed outside the United States; and

"(B) a description of the manner and extent to which information derived from activities of the Bureau described in paragraph (1)(B) during the year will be shared with other elements of the intelligence commu-

(c)(1) In the case of the committees of Congress specified in subsection (d)(1), the date of the submittal each year of the report required by subsection (a) shall be February

1 of such year.

"(2) In the case of the committees of Congress specified in subsection (d)(2), the date of the submittal each year of the report required by subsection (a) shall be the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947.

'(d) In this section, the term 'appropriate committees of Congress' means-

"(1) the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and House of Representatives: and

"(2) the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)).

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 33 of that title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 540B the following new item:

"540C. Annual report on activities of Federal Bureau of Investigation personnel outside United the States."

SEC. 416. ANNUAL REPORTS OF INSPECTORS GENERAL OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY ON PROPOSED RE-SOURCES AND ACTIVITIES OF THEIR

Section 8H of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (f), by striking "this section" and inserting "subsections (a) through (e)'
- (2) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (h); and

(3) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection (g):

"(g)(1) The Inspector General of the Defense Intelligence Agency, the National Imagery and Mapping Agency, the National Reconnaissance Office, and the National Security Agency shall each submit to the congressional intelligence committees each year a report that sets forth the following:

"(A) The personnel and funds requested by such Inspector General for the fiscal year beginning in such year for the activities of the office of such Inspector General in such fiscal year.

"(B) The plan of such Inspector General for such activities, including the programs and activities scheduled for review by the office of such Inspector General during such fiscal

"(C) An assessment of the current ability of such Inspector General to hire and retain qualified personnel for the office of such Inspector General.

"(D) Any matters that such Inspector General considers appropriate regarding the independence and effectiveness of the office of such Inspector General.

- (2) The submittal date for a report under paragraph (1) each year shall be the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947
- "(3) In this subsection, the term 'congressional intelligence committees' shall have the meaning given that term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)."

SEC. 417. ANNUAL REPORT ON COUNTERDRUG INTELLIGENCE MATTERS.

- (a) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Counterdrug Intelligence Coordinating Group shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress each year a report on current counterdrug intelligence matters. The report shall inrecommendations of the the Counterdrug Coordinating Intelligence Group on the appropriate number of permanent staff, and of detailed personnel, for the staff of the Counterdrug Intelligence Executive Secretariat.
- (b) SUBMITTAL DATE.—(1) In the case of the committees of Congress specified in subsection (c)(1), the date of the submittal each year of the report required by subsection (a) shall be February 1 of such year.
- (2) In the case of the committees of Congress specified in subsection (c)(2), the date of the submittal each year of the report required by subsection (a) shall be the date provided in section 507 of the National Security Act of 1947, as added by section 401 of this Act.
- (c) Appropriate Committees of Congress DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means-
- (1) the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives;
- (2) the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)).

Subtitle C—Other Reports

SEC. 431. REPORT ON EFFECT OF COUNTRY-RE-LEASE RESTRICTIONS ON ALLIED IN-TELLIGENCE-SHARING RELATION-SHIPS.

- (a) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of Central Intelligence shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report containing an assessment of the effect of the use of "NOFORN" classifications, and of other country-release policies, procedures, and classification restrictions. on intelligence-sharing relationships and coordinated intelligence operations and military operations between the United States and its allies. The report shall include an assessment of the effect of the use of such classifications, and of such policies, procedures, and restrictions, on counterterrorism operations in Afghanistan and elsewhere.
- (b) Congressional Intelligence Commit-TEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "congressional intelligence committee'
- (1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 432. EVALUATION OF POLICIES AND PROCE-DURES OF DEPARTMENT OF STATE ON PROTECTION OF CLASSIFIED IN-FORMATION AT DEPARTMENT HEAD-QUARTERS.

(a) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—Not later than December 31 of 2002, 2003, and 2004, the Inspector General of the Department of State shall conduct an evaluation of the policies and procedures of the Department on the protection of classified information at the Headquarters of the Department, including compliance with the directives of the Director of Central Intelligence (DCIDs) regarding the storage and handling of Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI) material.

- (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Except as provided in subsection (c), not later than February 1 of 2003, 2004, and 2005, the Inspector General shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the evaluation conducted under subsection (a) during the preceding year.
- (c) EXCEPTION.—The date each year for the submittal of a report under subsection (b) may be postponed in accordance with section 507(d) of the National Security Act of 1947, as added by section 401 of this Act.
- (d) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMIT-TEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "congressional intelligence committees'
- (1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate: and
- (2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 433. STUDY OF DEPARTMENT OF STATE CONSULAR SERVICES.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Congress compliments the officers of the Consular Service on the important role they perform daily, many times under difficult conditions, at United States embassies throughout the world. However, Congress is concerned that Consular Service officers, who provide the first line of defense against the admission of undesirable persons into the United States, are entry-level personnel and rotate out of Consular Service assignments as soon as possible.
- (b) STUDY.—The Secretary of State shall conduct a study of-
- (1) the Consular Services program of the Department of State and the organizational structure of the Consular Service within the Department, including promotion and training policies, rotation frequency, level of experience and seniority, level of oversight provided by senior Consular Service personnel, and consistency of consular services provided among the various United States embassies and consulates; and
- (2) the feasibility of establishing a separate employment track within the Department of State for employees who would serve in the Consular Service on a permanent basis and not rotate out of Consular Service assignments.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report containing the findings of the study conducted under subsection (b).
- (d) Appropriate Committees of Congress DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on International Relations and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

Subtitle D-Repeal of Certain Report Requirements

SEC. 441. REPEAL OF CERTAIN REPORT REQUIRE-MENTS.

- (a) ANNUAL REPORT ON EXERCISE OF NA-TIONAL SECURITY AGENCY VOLUNTARY SEPA-RATION PAY AUTHORITY.—Section 301(j) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 409a(j)), as amended by section 303(b)(2)(B) of this Act, is further amended-
- (1) by striking "REPORTING REQUIRE-TENTS.—" and all that follows through "The MENTS.— Director" and inserting "NOTIFICATION OF EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—The Director"; and

(2) by striking paragraph (2).

(b) ANNUAL REPORT ON USE OF CIA PER-SONNEL AS SPECIAL POLICEMEN.—Section 15(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403o(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (5).

TITLE V-COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE; PURPOSE.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the "Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002".
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this title is to facilitate the enhancement of the counterintelligence activities of the United States Government by-
- (1) enabling the counterintelligence community of the United States Government to fulfill better its mission of identifying, assessing, prioritizing, and countering the intelligence threats to the United States;
- (2) ensuring that the counterintelligence community of the United States Government acts in an efficient and effective manner; and
- (3) providing for the integration of all the counterintelligence activities of the United States Government.

SEC. 502. NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE EX-ECUTIVE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—(1) There shall be a National Counterintelligence Executive, who shall be appointed by the President.
- (2) It is the sense of Congress that the President should seek the views of the Attorney General, Secretary of Defense, and Director of Central Intelligence in selecting an individual for appointment as the Executive.
- (b) MISSION.—The mission of the National Counterintelligence Executive shall be to serve as the head of national counterintelligence for the United States Government.
- (c) DUTIES.—Subject to the direction and control of the President, the duties of the National Counterintelligence Executive are
- (1) To carry out the mission referred to in subsection (c).
- (2) To act as chairperson of the National Counterintelligence Policy Board under section 811 of the Counterintelligence and Security Enhancements Act of 1994 (title VIII of Public Law 103-359; 50 U.S.C. 402a), as amended by section 503 of this Act.
- (3) To act as head of the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive under section 504.
- (4) To participate as an observer on such boards, committees, and entities of the Executive branch as the President considers appropriate for the discharge of the mission and functions of the Executive and the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive under section 504.

SEC. 503. NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE POLICY BOARD.

- (a) CHAIRPERSON.—Section 811 of the Counterintelligence and Security Enhancements Act of 1994 (title VII of Public Law 103-359; 50 U.S.C. 402a) is amended-
 - (1) by striking subsection (b);
- (2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e): and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):
- "(b) Chairperson.—The National Counterintelligence Executive under section 502 of the Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002 shall serve as the chairperson of the Board."
- (b) MEMBERSHIP.—That section is further amended by inserting after subsection (b), as amended by subsection (a)(3) of this section, the following new subsection (c):
- "(c) Membership.—The membership of the National Counterintelligence Policy Board shall consist of the following:
- "(1) The National Counterintelligence Executive.
- "(2) Senior personnel of departments and elements of the United States Government,

appointed by the head of the department or element concerned, as follows:

- "(A) The Department of Justice, including the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- "(B) The Department of Defense, including the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
 - "(C) The Department of State.
 - "(D) The Department of Energy.
- "(E) The Central Intelligence Agency.
- "(F) Any other department, agency, or element of the United States Government specified by the President.".
- (c) Functions and Discharge of Functions.—That section is further amended by inserting after subsection (c), as amended by subsection (b) of this section, the following new subsection:
- "(d) FUNCTIONS AND DISCHARGE OF FUNCTIONS.—(1) The Board shall—
- ``(A) serve as the principal mechanism for—
- "(i) developing policies and procedures for the approval of the President to govern the conduct of counterintelligence activities; and
- "(ii) upon the direction of the President, resolving conflicts that arise between elements of the Government conducting such activities; and
- ``(B) act as an interagency working group to—
- "(i) ensure the discussion and review of matters relating to the implementation of the Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002; and
- "(ii) provide advice to the National Counterintelligence Executive on priorities in the implementation of the National Counterintelligence Strategy produced by the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive under section 504(e)(2) of that Act.
- "(2) The Board may, for purposes of carrying out its functions under this section, establish such interagency boards and working groups as the Board considers appropriate."

SEC. 504. OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE EXECUTIVE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There shall be an Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive.
- (b) HEAD OF OFFICE.—The National Counterintelligence Executive shall be the head of the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive.
- (c) LOCATION OF OFFICE.—The Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive shall be located in the Executive Office of the President.
- (d) GENERAL COUNSEL.—(1) There shall be in the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive a general counsel who shall serve as principal legal advisor to the National Counterintelligence Executive.
- (2) The general counsel shall—
- (A) provide legal advice and counsel to the Executive on matters relating to functions of the Office:
- (B) ensure that the Office complies with all applicable laws, regulations, Executive orders, and guidelines; and
- (C) carry out such other duties as the Executive may specify.
- (e) FUNCTIONS.—Subject to the direction and control of the National Counterintelligence Executive, the functions of the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive shall be as follows:
- (1) NATIONAL THREAT IDENTIFICATION AND PRIORITIZATION ASSESSMENT.—Subject to subsection (f), in consultation with appropriate department and agencies of the United States Government, and private sector entities, to produce on an annual basis a strategic planning assessment of the counterintelligence requirements of the United States to be known as the National Threat Identification and Prioritization Assessment.

- (2) NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE STRATEGY.—Subject to subsection (f), in consultation with appropriate department and agencies of the United States Government, and private sector entities, and based on the most current National Threat Identification and Prioritization Assessment under paragraph (1), to produce on an annual basis a strategy for the counterintelligence programs and activities of the United States Government to be known as the National Counterintelligence Strategy.
- (3) IMPLEMENTATION OF NATIONAL COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE STRATEGY.—To evaluate on an on-going basis the implementation of the National Counterintelligence Strategy and to submit to the President periodic reports on such evaluation, including a discussion of any shortfalls in the implementation of the Strategy and recommendations for remedies for such shortfalls.
- (4) NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE STRATEGIC ANALYSES.—As directed by the Director of Central Intelligence and in consultation with appropriate elements of the departments and agencies of the United States Government, to oversee and coordinate the production of strategic analyses of counterintelligence matters, including the production of counterintelligence damage assessments and assessments of lessons learned from counterintelligence activities.
- (5) NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM BUDGET.—In consultation with the Director of Central Intelligence—
- (A) to coordinate the development of budgets and resource allocation plans for the counterintelligence programs and activities of the Department of Defense, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Central Intelligence Agency, and other appropriate elements of the United States Government;
- (B) to ensure that the budgets and resource allocations plans developed under subparagraph (A) address the objectives and priorities for counterintelligence under the National Counterintelligence Strategy; and
- (C) to submit to the National Security Council periodic reports on the activities undertaken by the Office under subparagraphs (A) and (B).
- (6) NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE COLLECTION AND TARGETING COORDINATION.—To develop priorities for counterintelligence investigations and operations, and for collection of counterintelligence, for purposes of the National Counterintelligence Strategy, except that the Office may not—
- (A) carry out any counterintelligence investigations or operations; or
- (B) establish its own contacts, or carry out its own activities, with foreign intelligence services.
- (7) NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE OUTREACH, WATCH, AND WARNING.—
- (A) COUNTERINTELLIGENCE VULNERABILITY SURVEYS.—To carry out and coordinate surveys of the vulnerability of the United States Government, and the private sector, to intelligence threats in order to identify the areas, programs, and activities that require protection from such threats.
- (B) OUTREACH.—To carry out and coordinate outreach programs and activities on counterintelligence to other elements of the United States Government, and the private sector, and to coordinate the dissemination to the public of warnings on intelligence threats to the United States.
- (C) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—To ensure that research and development programs and activities of the United States Government, and the private sector, direct attention to the needs of the counterintelligence community for technologies, products, and services.
- (D) TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOP-MENT.—To develop policies and standards for

training and professional development of individuals engaged in counterintelligence activities and to manage the conduct of joint training exercises for such personnel.

(f) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS REGARDING NATIONAL THREAT IDENTIFICATION AND PRIORITIZATION ASSESSMENT AND NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE STRATEGY.—(1) A National Threat Identification and Prioritization Assessment under subsection (e)(1), and any modification of such assessment, shall not go into effect until approved by the President.

(2) A National Counterintelligence Strategy under subsection (e)(2), and any modification of such strategy, shall not go into effect until approved by the President.

(3) The National Counterintelligence Executive shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees each National Threat Identification and Prioritization Assessment, or modification thereof, and each National Counterintelligence Strategy, or modification thereof, approved under this section.

- (4) In this subsection, the term "congressional intelligence committees" means—
- (A) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (B) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- (g) PERSONNEL.—(1) Personnel of the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive may consist of personnel employed by the Office or personnel on detail from any other department, agency, or element of the Federal Government. Any such detail may be on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis, at the election of the head of the agency detailing such personnel.
- (2) Notwithstanding section 104(d) or any other provision of law limiting the period of the detail of personnel on a non-reimbursable basis, the detail of an officer or employee of United States or a member of the Armed Forces under paragraph (1) on a non-reimbursable basis may be for any period in excess of one year that the National Counterintelligence Executive and the head of the department, agency, or element concerned consider appropriate.
- (3) The employment of personnel by the Office, including the appointment, compensation and benefits, management, and separation of such personnel, shall be governed by the provisions of law on such matters with respect to the personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency, except that, for purposes of the applicability of such provisions of law to personnel of the Office, the National Counterintelligence Executive shall be treated as the head of the Office.
- (4) Positions in the Office shall be excepted service positions for purposes of title 5, United States Code.
- (h) SUPPORT.—(1) The Attorney General, Secretary of Defense, and Director of Central Intelligence may each provide the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive such support as may be necessary to permit the Office to carry out its functions under this section.
- (2) Subject to any terms and conditions specified by the Director of Central Intelligence, the Director may provide administrative and contract support to the Office as if the Office were an element of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- (3) Support provided under this subsection may be provided on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis, at the election of the official providing such support.
- (i) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR REIMBURSE-MENT.—The National Counterintelligence Executive may, from amounts available for the Office, transfer to a department or agency detailing personnel under subsection (g), or providing support under subsection (h), on a

reimbursable basis amounts appropriate to reimburse such department or agency for the detail of such personnel or the provision of such support, as the case may be.

- (j) CONTRACTS.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the National Counterintelligence Executive may enter into any contract, lease, cooperative agreement, or other transaction that the Executive considers appropriate to carry out the functions of the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive under this section.
- (2) The authority under paragraph (1) to enter into contracts, leases, cooperative agreements, and other transactions shall be subject to any terms, conditions, and limitations applicable to the Central Intelligence Agency under law with respect to similar contracts, leases, cooperative agreements, and other transactions.
- (k) TREATMENT OF ACTIVITIES UNDER CERTAIN ADMINISTRATIVE LAWS.—(1) The provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the activities of the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive.
- (2) The files of the Office shall be treated as operational files of the Central Intelligence Agency for purposes of section 701 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 431) to the extent such files meet criteria under subsection (b) of that section for treatment of files as operational files of an element of the Agency.
- (1) OVERSIGHT BY CONGRESS.—The location of the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive within the Executive Office of the President shall not be construed as affecting access by Congress, or any committee of Congress, to—
- (1) any information, document, record, or paper in the possession of the Office; or
 - (2) any personnel of the Office.
- (m) DESIGNATION OF OFFICE AS ELEMENT OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (I), by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) by redesignating subparagraph (J) as subparagraph (K); and
- (3) by inserting after subparagraph (I) the following new subparagraph (J):
- "(J) the Office of the National Counterintelligence Executive; and".

TITLE VI—NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR REVIEW OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-MENT PROGRAMS OF THE UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY

SEC. 601. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) Research and development efforts under the purview of the intelligence community are vitally important to the national security of the United States
- (2) The intelligence community must operate in a dynamic, highly-challenging environment, characterized by rapid technological growth, against a growing number of hostile, technically-sophisticated threats. Research and development programs under the purview of the intelligence community are critical to ensuring that intelligence agencies, and their personnel, are provided with important technological capabilities to detect, characterize, assess, and ultimately counter the full range of threats to the national security of the United States.
- (3) There is a need to review the full range of current research and development programs under the purview of the intelligence community, evaluate such programs against the scientific and technological fields judged to be of most importance, and articulate program and resource priorities for future research and development activities to ensure a unified and coherent research and develop-

ment program across the entire intelligence community.

SEC. 602. NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE RE-VIEW OF THE RESEARCH AND DE-VELOPMENT PROGRAMS OF THE UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a commission to be known as the "National Commission for the Review of the Research and Development Programs of the United States Intelligence Community" (in this title referred to as the "Commission").
- (b) COMPOSITION.—The Commission shall be composed of 12 members, as follows:
- (1) The Deputy Director of Central Intelligence for Community Management.
- (2) A senior intelligence official of the Office of the Secretary of Defense, as designated by the Secretary of Defense.
- (3) Three members appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate, in consultation with the Chairman of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, one from Members of the Senate and two from private life.
- (4) Two members appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate, in consultation with the Vice Chairman of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, one from Members of the Senate and one from private life.
- (5) Three members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the Chairman of the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, one from Members of the House of Representatives and two from private life.
- (6) Two members appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the ranking member of the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, one from Members of the House of Representatives and one from private life.
- (c) MEMBERSHIP.—(1) The individuals appointed from private life as members of the Commission shall be individuals who are nationally recognized for expertise, knowledge, or experience in—
 - $(A)\ research\ and\ development\ programs;$
- (B) technology discovery and insertion;
- (C) use of intelligence information by national policymakers and military leaders; or
- (D) the implementation, funding, or oversight of the national security policies of the United States.
- (2) An official who appoints members of the Commission may not appoint an individual as a member of the Commission if, in the judgment of the official, such individual possesses any personal or financial interest in the discharge of any of the duties of the Commission.
- (3) All members of the Commission appointed from private life shall possess an appropriate security clearance in accordance with applicable laws and regulations concerning the handling of classified information.
- (d) Co-Chairs.—(1) The Commission shall have two co-chairs, selected from among the members of the Commission.
- (2) One co-chair of the Commission shall be a member of the Democratic Party, and one co-chair shall be a member of the Republican Party.
- (3) The individuals who serve as the cochairs of the Commission shall be jointly agreed upon by the President, the Majority Leader of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.
- (e) APPOINTMENT; INITIAL MEETING.—(1) Members of the Commission shall be appointed not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

- (2) The Commission shall hold its initial meeting on the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (f) MEETINGS; QUORUM; VACANCIES.—(1) After its initial meeting, the Commission shall meet upon the call of the co-chairs of the Commission.
- (2) Six members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum for purposes of conducting business, except that two members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum for purposes of receiving testimony.

(3) Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

(4) If vacancies in the Commission occur on any day after 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a quorum shall consist of a majority of the members of the Commission as of such day.

(g) ACTIONS OF COMMISSION.—(1) The Commission shall act by resolution agreed to by a majority of the members of the Commission voting and present.

- (2) The Commission may establish panels composed of less than the full membership of the Commission for purposes of carrying out the duties of the Commission under this title. The actions of any such panel shall be subject to the review and control of the Commission. Any findings and determinations made by such a panel shall not be considered the findings and determinations of the Commission unless approved by the Commission.
- (3) Any member, agent, or staff of the Commission may, if authorized by the co-chairs of the Commission, take any action which the Commission is authorized to take pursuant to this title.
- (h) DUTIES.—The duties of the Commission shall be— $\,$
- (1) to conduct, until not later than the date on which the Commission submits the report under section 607(a), the review described in subsection (i); and
- (2) to submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Director of Central Intelligence, and the Secretary of Defense a final report on the results of the review.
- (i) REVIEW.—The Commission shall review the status of research and development programs and activities within the intelligence community, including—
- (1) an assessment of the advisability of modifying the scope of research and development for purposes of such programs and activities:
- (2) a review of the particular individual research and development activities under such programs;
- (3) an evaluation of the current allocation of resources for research and development, including whether the allocation of such resources for that purpose should be modified:
- (4) an identification of the scientific and technological fields judged to be of most importance to the intelligence community;
- (5) an evaluation of the relationship between the research and development programs and activities of the intelligence community and the research and development programs and activities of other departments and agencies of the Federal Government; and
- (6) an evaluation of the relationship between the research and development programs and activities of the intelligence community and the research and development programs and activities of the private sector. SEC. 603. POWERS OF COMMISSION.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The Commission or, on the authorization of the Commission, any subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title—
- (A) hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony,

receive such evidence, and administer such oaths; and

- (B) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents, as the Commission or such designated subcommittee or designated member considers necessary.
- (2) Subpoenas may be issued under subparagraph (1)(B) under the signature of the co-chairs of the Commission, and may be served by any person designated by such cochairs
- (3) The provisions of sections 102 through 104 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. 192–194) shall apply in the case of any failure of a witness to comply with any subpoena or to testify when summoned under authority of this section.
- (b) CONTRACTING.—The Commission may, to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts, enter into contracts to enable the Commission to discharge its duties under this title.
- Information From Federal Agen-CIES.—The Commission may secure directly from any executive department, agency, bureau, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality of the Government information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the purposes of this title. Each such department, agency, bureau, board, commission, office, establishment, or instrumentality shall, to the extent authorized by law, furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request of the cochairs of the Commission. The Commission shall handle and protect all classified information provided to it under this section in accordance with applicable statutes and regulations.
- (d) Assistance From Federal Agencies.—
 (1) The Director of Central Intelligence shall provide to the Commission, on a non-reimbursable basis, such administrative services, funds, staff, facilities, and other support services as are necessary for the performance of the Commission's duties under this title.
- (2) The Secretary of Defense may provide the Commission, on a nonreimbursable basis, with such administrative services, staff, and other support services as the Commission may request.
- (3) In addition to the assistance set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2), other departments and agencies of the United States may provide the Commission such services, funds, facilities, staff, and other support as such departments and agencies consider advisable and as may be authorized by law.
- (4) The Commission shall receive the full and timely cooperation of any official, department, or agency of the United States Government whose assistance is necessary for the fulfillment of the duties of the Commission under this title, including the provision of full and current briefings and analyses.
- (e) Prohibition on Withholding Information.—No department or agency of the Government may withhold information from the Commission on the grounds that providing the information to the Commission would constitute the unauthorized disclosure of classified information or information relating to intelligence sources or methods.
- (f) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as the departments and agencies of the United States.
- (g) GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property in carrying out its duties under this title.

SEC. 604. STAFF OF COMMISSION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The co-chairs of the Commission, in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Commission, shall appoint and fix the compensation of a staff director and such other personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its duties, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III or chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay fixed under this subsection may exceed the equivalent of that payable to a person occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
- (2) Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement from the Commission, and such detailee shall retain the rights, status, and privileges of his or her regular employment without interruption.
- (3) All staff of the Commission shall possess a security clearance in accordance with applicable laws and regulations concerning the handling of classified information.
- (b) CONSULTANT SERVICES.—(1) The Commission may procure the services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at rates not to exceed the daily rate paid a person occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of such title.
- (2) All experts and consultants employed by the Commission shall possess a security clearance in accordance with applicable laws and regulations concerning the handling of classified information.

SEC. 605. COMPENSATION AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.

- (a) COMPENSATION.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), each member of the Commission may be compensated at not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which that member is engaged in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission under this title.
- (2) Members of the Commission who are officers or employees of the United States or Members of Congress shall receive no additional pay by reason of their service on the Commission.
- (b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission, members of the Commission may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in the Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code. SEC. 666. TREATMENT OF INFORMATION RELAT-

SEC. 606. TREATMENT OF INFORMATION RELA-ING TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The Director of Central Intelligence shall assume responsibility for the handling and disposition of any information related to the national security of the United States that is received, considered, or used by the Commission under this title
- (2) Any information related to the national security of the United States that is provided to the Commission by a congressional intelligence committee may not be further provided or released without the approval of the chairman of such committee.
- (b) ACCESS AFTER TERMINATION OF COMMISSION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, after the termination of the Commission under section 607, only the Members and designated staff of the congressional intel-

ligence committees, the Director of Central Intelligence (and the designees of the Director), and such other officials of the executive branch as the President may designate shall have access to information related to the national security of the United States that is received, considered, or used by the Commission.

SEC. 607. FINAL REPORT; TERMINATION.

(a) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than September 1, 2003, the Commission shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Director of Central Intelligence, and the Secretary of Defense a final report as required by section 602(h)(2).

(b) TERMINATION.—(1) The Commission, and all the authorities of this title, shall terminate at the end of the 120-day period beginning on the date on which the final report under subsection (a) is transmitted to the congressional intelligence committees.

(2) The Commission may use the 120-day period referred to in paragraph (1) for the purposes of concluding its activities, including providing testimony to Congress concerning the final report referred to in that paragraph and disseminating the report.

SEC. 608. ASSESSMENTS OF FINAL REPORT.

Not later than 60 days after receipt of the final report under section 607(a), the Director of Central Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense shall each submit to the congressional intelligence committees an assessment by the Director or the Secretary, as the case may be, of the final report. Each assessment shall include such comments on the findings and recommendations contained in the final report as the Director or Secretary, as the case may be, considers appropriate.

SEC. 609. INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- (a) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.— The provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the activities of the Commission under this title.
- (b) FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.—The provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act), shall not apply to the activities, records, and proceedings of the Commission under this title.

SEC. 610. FUNDING.

- (a) TRANSFER FROM THE COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act for the Intelligence Technology Innovation Center of the Community Management Account, the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence for Community Management shall transfer to the Director of Central Intelligence \$2,000,000 for purposes of the activities of the Commission under this title.
- (b) AVAILABILITY IN GENERAL.—The Director of Central Intelligence shall make available to the Commission, from the amount transferred to the Director under subsection (a), such amounts as the Commission may require for purposes of the activities of the Commission under this title.
- (c) DURATION OF AVAILABILITY.—Amounts made available to the Commission under subsection (b) shall remain available until expended.

SEC. 611. DEFINITIONS.

- In this title:
- (1) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—The term "congressional intelligence committees" means—
- (A) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (B) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- (2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term "intelligence community" has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a).