director of the Division of Travel and Tourism Development. She currently holds a position as chair of the New England State Travel Directors.

Hannah Hardaway was recognized for her achievements in sports. Hannah was a member of the 2002 U.S. Olympic Ski Team that competed in Salt Lake City. She began her amazing ski career at seven years of age, joined the U.S. Ski Team in 1996, became Junior World Champion in 1997, and looks forward to competing in the Olympics again in 2006 in Italy. In her spare time, Hannah is continuing her education at Cornell University and endorsing major companies like Sprint and Solomon.

Laurel Thatcher Ulrich was recognized for her excellence in the area of education. Laurel's career in education began with a simple guide-book she wrote for a church-sponsored Relief Society. Since then, Laurel has taught at the University of Maryland and, most recently, at Harvard University as a professor and director of American History Studies. Laurel has also maintained a degree of success from her writing including, "Good Wives, Images and Reality in the Lives of Women in Northern New England," her newest, "The Age of Homespun: Objects and Stories in the Making of an American Myth," and "A Midwife's Tale: The Life of Martha Ballad," for which she won the Pulitzer Prize for History in

Maryann Mroczka was recognized for her extraordinary work in the field of media. Maryann has moved from New Hampshire Public Television to transforming the University of New Hampshire's video department to being sought after by WMUR-TV. Along the way, Maryann has won numerous awards including two Emmy's and three Medals from New York International Film Festivals. Maryann currently maintains her busy schedule in television as well as a new family at home.

Cathy Bedor was recognized for her accomplishments in the area of hospitality. After Cathy, her husband, and three other local families purchased The Mount Washington Hotel and Resort, Cathy's skills in hospitality began to shine as they spent the next two years restoring and preserving the Historic Landmark. The hotel is now open year-round for the first time in its history and Cathy had been there every step of the way. Cathy is truly an expert in her field serving on many boards in the state including the New England Innkeepers Association, the White Mountains Attraction Association, and the New Hampshire Historical Society.

Judy Sabanek was recognized for her accomplishments as President and CEO. Judy and her husband began Keepsake Quilting as a mail order business and they are now co-owners of what has turned into one of the largest quilting catalog businesses in the nation. Recently the couple had to open a retail store in Center Harbor because of

the enormous number of people wanting to come and see the fabrics. The company, and its now 100 employees, had just been acquired by an investment firm. This may give Judy and her husband more time to spend with their two-year old Portuguese Water Dog mascot, Cisco.

Natalie Woodroofe was recognized for her work in the field of Entrepreneurship. Natalie has spent her life as an advocate and role model for women and children in the North County and has received a number of awards for her work in this area. Natalie is the visionary and backbone to WREN, the Women's rural Entrepreneurial Network, the largest and fastest growing nonprofit in the State of New Hampshire. Her organization offers a number of workshops that teach women skills from technology training to networking. Natalie describes her work as, "Economic development, personal passions, giving back, connecting with others, making a silk purse from pig's ears, hope and magic."

Joan Goshgarian was recognized for her contributions to the field of art. Joan began as a teacher of art and soon developed an art therapy program for institutionalized adolescents who were developmentally and physically challenged. In 1985, Joan became founder and executive director of the New Hampshire Business Committee for the Arts. Using this medium, Joan has been able to broaden support for the arts and collaborate with different organizations in an effort to do this. Joan is also on many boards around the state including the Granite State Association of Non-Profits and the Commission on Charitable Giving.

Anne Zachos was recognized for her excellence in the area of philanthropy. Anne learned the importance of giving to the community from her parents when she was a child. When Anne was able to become involved she started with volunteer work for her children's schools, church, the Girl Scouts, and the League of Women Voters. Since then, Anne has been involved in more community work than is able to be honored. Anne has had significant involvement with the New Hampshire Charitable Foundation, as a board member for the Manchester Regional Community Foundation and for "Arts Build Communities." Anne has received an honorary doctorate from Notre Dame College, the Granite State Award for Public Service from the University of New Hampshire, and the Pastoral Counseling Community Service Award.

Alyson Pitman Giles was recognized for her accomplishments in the field of health care. Alyson has quickly and successfully moved herself up through the ranks since her beginnings as an occupational therapist. After only one year as an O.T. at Virginia Hospital, Alyson became director of occupational therapy at a Tennessee health care center. She took a post two years later in New Hampshire and has lived

there with her husband and four children ever since. Alyson received her masters degree and now serves as President and CEO of Catholic Medical Center. Alyson also finds time to serve on several boards including the Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce.

I would like to commend each of these women for their exceptional contributions to the State of New Hampshire and for being role models to young women everywhere. Thank you for all you do. It has been an honor to represent you in the U.S. Senate.

# ROGER GENDRON RETIRING FROM YEARS OF SERVICE

• Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire. Mr. President, I rise today to commend and congratulate Roger Gendron, who is retiring as the Marketing Business Manager at Portsmouth Naval Shipyard.

Roger began his career at Portsmouth Naval Shipyard in 1967, as an Industrial Engineer Technician. In 1970, Roger became a Computer Technician/Computer Systems Analyst, and in 1979, served as a Management Analyst until 1986, when he ascended to his current position as Marketing Business Manager.

As Marketing Business Manager, Roger has forged strong community and business relations through an aggressive, pro-active marketing strategy and outreach programs. He has been an instrumental leader in guiding the Yard through the challenges of downsizing, reduced budgets, and balancing manpower/workload equations. Through his vision for the future, Roger was fundamental in developing the Shipyard's MilCon Projects Priority List, which included the construction of the Dry Dock #2 Complex; a state-of-the-art Los Angeles Class refueling complex.

During Roger's distinguished career, he has exhibited extraordinary knowledge and leadership, helping to steer Portsmouth Naval Shipyard successfully through two Base Realignment and Closure processes. Roger's progressive planning contributed significantly to the establishment of Partnering, Out leasing, Regional Maintenance, SMART Base, and Technology Transfer programs within the Navy and shipyard community.

For several years, I have had the privilege to work with Roger in innovating and improving Portsmouth Naval Shipyard's ability to maintain America's Los Angeles Class nuclear submarines, a vital component in America's national defense. Throughout these challenges, Roger has focused continuously upon achieving the most efficient use of the shipyard's industrial infrastructure and resources.

Roger's expert counsel and vast institutional knowledge has contributed greatly to Portsmouth Naval Shipyard and to the defense of this great nation. Roger has been a dedicated and professional leader in his many years of service with Portsmouth Naval Shipyard.

He will be sorely missed by all of us who have had the honor of working with him.

Roger, I wish you fair winds and following seas. It has been an honor to represent you in the U.S. Senate.

## TRIBUTE IN REMEMBRANCE OF LTC FLOYD JAMES THOMPSON

• Mr. THURMOND. Mr. President, I rise today to pay tribute to the late LTC Floyd "Jim" Thompson. He spent 9 excruciating years as a prisoner of war in Vietnam fighting for his life and our Nation. As the longest-held prisoner of war, Colonel Thompson embodies the core values of the American soldier. He survived because of his spirit, courage and determination, and will forever stand as an American hero. Colonel Thompson should be remembered for his service to our great country and the tremendous sacrifices that he made. I ask that an article by Mr. Tom Philpott be printed in the RECORD.

AMERICA'S LONGEST-HELD PRISONER OF WAR Remembered

Army Col. Floyd "Jim" Thompson, the longest-held prisoner of war in American history, died July 16 in Key West, Fla. At age 69, his heart finally gave out, ending one of the most remarkable lives among heroes of the Vietnam War. Thompson's death came 34 years after fellow POWs thought they saw him die in Bao Cao, the nickname of a cruel prison camp in North Vietnam. It was also 25 vears after Thompson saw every dream that had kept him alive in Vietnam shattered in the aftermath of our longest war, a conflict vastly different from the war against terror in Afghanistan, "I am a soldier. Period," Thompson would say if asked about the political correctness of the Vietnam War. End of argument, and an icy stare.

Through nine years of torture, starvation, and unimaginable deprivation. Thompson showed us the resiliency of the human spirit. He refused to die, and until death had a willfulness that inspired awe. He survived on dreams of returning home to a loving wife, four adoring children, and a grateful nation. When none of that squared with reality,

years of bitterness followed.

The avalanche of challenges at home, Thompson believed, did not diminish his heroics or steadfast resistance before the enemy. Those who saw his strength agree that what he endured, and how, won't be forgotten. By the spring of 1968, Thompson had been held in jungle cages and dank prison cells more than four years, all of it in solitary confinement. The experience turned a 170-pound Special Forces officer into a "skeleton with hair," said one POW, describing Thompson at first sight. His appearance literally frightened other Americans, most of them soldiers captured in the Tet offensive. Warrant Officer Michael O'Connor/glimpsed Thompson through a crack between wall and cell door. He was inches away, leaning against his own cell bars.

"This guy is dead, I thought," O'Connor told me for Glory Denied, my book about the Thompson saga. "As part of some cruel joke, I thought they had stuck a corpse up against the door. Then I realized he was moving." Dick Ziegler, a captured helicopter pilot, heard Thompson say he had been shot down in March 1964. Ziegler did a quick calculation, and began to cry. "Eyes sunk way back in his head, cheekbones sticking out. . . . He scared me to death. I understood then what was waiting for me," Ziegler said. As the days passed, O'Connor heard Thompson scratching every morning against the other side of this cell wall.

"One day I asked him what he was doing. 'Standing up,' he said. Standing up! It took him half an hour. . . . Every day I heard him standing up." Months later, during a routine indoctrination session for POWs, Thompson collapsed into a violent convulsion. That amazing heart was in seizure, probably from starvation, doctors later surmised.

"A couple of us were told to carry him back to his cell," O'Connor recalled. "We didn't see him move." Guards came later and took Thompson away. The other POWs figured he was dying if not already dead.

Before leaving Vietnam in 1973, they learned he survived and his mystique grew, particularly among soldiers. His five years of solitary ended April 1, 1969, when he was tossed into a cell with three other Americans, including Lew Meyer, a Navy civilian firefighter. Meyer and Thompson began an astonishing daily exercise regime, leading to escape, Thompson's fifth attempt, in the fall of 1971. The pair avoided recapture in North Vietnam for two days. For his courage and leadership in this incident, the first observed by other POWs, Thompson would receive the Silver Star.

At home, within a year of losing her husband, Alyce Thompson saw her support structure collapsing. She decided to move her four children into the home of a retired soldier, and pose as his wife. She instructed the Army to withhold Thompson's name from POW lists. For years, the Army complied. By the time Thompson was freed, in March 1973, Navy Lt. Cmdr. Everett Alvarez had returned and been celebrated as the longest-held POW. Thompson became a backpage story except in his hometown newspaper.

At first, he didn't care. He was struggling to fulfill dreams of family and career. He and Alvee tried to save their marriage, with devastating consequences for the children. Thompson himself wasn't well-armed for that task, battling alcoholism, depression, and a deep sense of betrayal that never eased.

After losing his family, Thompson fought to save his career. Again, alcohol interfered, aggravating a nine-year professional gap with officer peers. Thompson never blamed the Army or the war for his troubles. He suffered a massive stroke in 1981. which forced him to retire. Disabled, he moved to Kev West and shut himself off from family and friends. His identity as a former POW, as longest-held, made life worthwhile. He had flag poles installed in front of his condominium complex so one could fly the POW-MIA flag. A bronze plaque mounted nearby refers to Thompson, the resident hero. Bolted to the fender of his new black Cadillac are two large U.S. flags, fit for a motorcade. His license plate reads "POW."

Thompson left instructions to be cremated and, without ceremony, that his ashes be spread at sea-unless, at time of death, he had been awarded the Medal of Honor. In that case, with his sacrifices properly recognized, he wanted to be buried at Arlington National Cemetery.

Whether Jim Thompson deserves the nation's highest military honor, others will decide. Surely, for what he gave, he deserved more than he got.

# MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Ms. Evans, one of his

#### EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

## MEASURES READ THE FIRST TIME

The following joint resolution was read the first time:

S.J. Res. 43. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to guarantee the right to use and recite the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag and the national motto.

#### EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, which were referred as indicated:

EC-8402. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, the periodic report on the national emergency with respect to Libya that was declared in Executive Order 12543 of January 1986; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-8403. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, the periodic report on the national emergency with respect to Iraq that was declared in Executive Order 12722 of August 2, 1990; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-8404. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report concerning the continuation of the national emergency with respect to Iraq beyond August 9, 1990; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-8405. A communication from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Payments for Cattle and Other Property Because of Tuberculosis" (Doc. No. 00-105-1) received on July 30, 2002: to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry,

EC-8406. A communication from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Fee Increases for Overtime Services" (Doc. No. 00-087-2) received on July 30, 2002; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-8407. A communication from the Principal Deputy Associate Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Acephate, Amitraz, Carbaryl, Chlorpyritos, Cryolite, et al.; Tolerance Revocations" (FRL7191-4) received on July 31, 2002; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-8408. A communication from the Principal Deputy Associate Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Fludioxonil, Pesticide Tolerance" (FRL7188-7) received on July 31, 2002; to the