conductor, orchestrating our work to the music of the Senate.

During my time on the committee as ranking Democratic member, and then as chairman, Ed oversaw Senate consent to ratify the chemical weapons convention, the reorganization of the U.S. foreign affairs agencies, the debate deciding the expansion of NATO, and the establishment of a way to pay our country's arrearage to the United Nations.

He did it in close coordination with his Republican colleagues on the committee—sometimes at odds over small matters of language. Sometimes at odds over major issues of fundamental principle. But Ed has always bridged the gap.

He treats all parties with respect, and tries to accommodate all interests involved. His success in so doing is evidenced by the close personal friendship he shared with Admiral James "Bud" Nance, Staff Director for my distinguished colleague from North Carolina, Chairman Helms, until Bud passed away in 1999.

Bud and Ed genuinely cared for one another, and the maturity and mutual approval that they brought to the job filtered down through all the ranks of their respective staffs.

It is not for nothing that some of the younger staff members refer to Ed Hall as "Daddy Ed." He has led by example, bringing out the best in those for whom he is responsible and helping them feel that what they do is more than a mere job.

But, though I can't imagine where he finds the time, Ed Hall's work doesn't end when he leaves his office.

Ed's collaborative and caring approach to working with others is consistent with his religious convictions. He has been modest about them while in the office, but generous in expressing his faith through intense involvement in community affairs.

Ed has long been active in the work of "The Green Door," a nonprofit organization that helps the mentally ill achieve independence and self-sufficiency.

He is a member of the board of directors for Episcopal Relief and Development, which provides assistance to those in need in the United States and abroad.

And he has been an at-large trustee for the Virginia Theological Seminary, where he will soon be vice president for Institutional Advancement.

We can only hope that Ed's new position will give him more time with his family. To his wife, Sherry, let me say thank you for all the times she kept his dinner warm on my account.

Ed Hall has always seen to it that I receive the best possible preparation for a speech, and that the staff maintain a modest collection of quotations for such occasions, and that it is always at hand.

So it will be no surprise if Ed recognizes something that the English essayist G.K. Chesteron once said:

The Christian ideal has not been tried and found wanting; it has been found difficult and left untried.

Well, I am here to tell you that while some may have found it difficult, and perhaps some have not tried hard enough, Ed Hall is living proof of a transcendent ideal that people of all convictions will recognize: he is an abundant spirit, a humble soul.

He is a pillar of this institution. In a place where turnover is the order of the day, he has been a rarity, and he leaves a legacy of service for which the Senate will be forever grateful.

I ask my colleagues to join me in saluting Edwin K. Hall.

DEPARTURE OF WALLY BURNETT

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, as chairman of the Transportation Appropriations Subcommittee, I rise to express my regret that the subcommittee will soon be losing one of the most treasured members of its staff. Wally Burnett, our minority clerk, will be moving on to other opportunities at the end of this week. I know that I speak for all members of the subcommittee in wishing him well and thanking him for his fine service.

Wally Burnett brought a wealth of experience to the subcommittee staff given his prior experience as Deputy Assistant Secretary of Budget and Programs at the Department of Transportation during the administration of President George H. Bush. More importantly, Wally brought to his position a strong sense of fairness, decency, and a desire to do the right thing. This trait could be seen across all of the Transportation bills that Chairman Stevens and Chairman Shelby ushered through the Senate.

While Wally always demonstrated a strong sense of duty to the entire Nation, Wally never forgot that he is an Alaskan. And while Wally could not always be depended upon to wear a jacket to subcommittee and full committee meetings, he could be depended upon to provide his most expert views in an informed and balanced manner. I will always be grateful for the many courtesies that Wally demonstrated toward me, whether I was serving as a junior minority member of the subcommittee or as subcommittee chairman.

As Wally leaves his position in the Senate, I wish him the best of luck in his new endeavor. I also express my hope that his tirelessly patient wife, Kristin, and his children, Tucker and Mattern, will finally see more of him.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

LEADERSHIP AT THE UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

• Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, today I recognize the achievements of a great Kentuckian. Dr. Lee Todd has not yet completed his first year as President of the University of Ken-

tucky, but he has already left his mark on Kentucky's largest public educational institution. His approach to academic governance has earned him the accolades of both the students and faculty of the University of Kentucky, as well as from local community lead-

Dr. Todd's success at UK should not come as a surprise. As an alumnus of the University, he understands the interests and passions of the students. His training and tenure as an academic has given him a detailed understanding of the challenges and needs of the faculty. And his career as a successful businessman has well-prepared him to forge an efficient and responsive administration that is dually committed to crafting excellence in education and enhancement of UK's endowment. I have no doubt that he will succeed at both goals.

Building upon the achievements of his predecessors, Dr. Todd has continued to bring top-notch research and teaching faculty to Kentucky. In addition, he has forged greater cooperation with and stronger ties to the Lexington community—a relationship that promises to be mutually beneficial. From UK's truly exceptional Medical Center to its important agricultural research, the University of Kentucky is not merely a preeminent state educational institution, but a tremendous asset to the Lexington community and the entire Commonwealth of Kentucky. Likewise. President Todd has worked to create a partnership with the federal government, a partnership I look forward to continuing in the future

President Lee Todd has brought with him innovative ideas and a commitment to excellence at the University of Kentucky. I hope that the students of the University and the people of Kentucky are lucky enough to have President Todd at the helm for a very long time. Kentucky is fortunate to be able to claim Dr. Todd, his wife Patsy, and his children Troy and Kathryn as citizens.

I hope my colleagues will join me in thanking Dr. Todd for his service to the Commonwealth of Kentucky and to higher education.●

IN HONOR OF PHILIP AUTHIER, MPH. RN

• Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. President, today I congratulate Philip D. Authier, MPH, RN, 2002 President of the American Organization of Nurse Executives, AONE. Philip Authier is also Vice President of Patient Care at St. Mary's Healthcare Center, in Pierre, South Dakota. Among his many accomplishments, Mr. Authier, has been a member of AONE for 17 years and served on the AONE Board of Directors from 1995 to 1999. During this time he also served on AONE's Finance Committee and as a AONE representative to the Region 6 Regional Policy Board of the American Hospital Association. In addition, he is a past president of South Dakota Organization of Nurse Executives and has

chaired the finance and nursing policy committees of the South Dakota Board of Nursing. In 2000, by a national membership vote, he was elected President-Elect for a one year term beginning January 1, 2001, and took on his current position as President this past January.

As President, Philip Authier will help lead the AONE in its mission to facilitate excellence in the nursing practices; to offer professional development opportunities; to influence health policy; and to support research and development in nursing administration. His experience and expertise will help to achieve the important goal of imthe recruitment proving retainment of individuals to this very important profession. I am confident that his experience and expertise within this profession will help to achieve these goals.

Once again, I commend and congratulate Philip Authier, a fellow South Dakotan, on his national leadership role in helping to address the needs and concerns of the nursing profession throughout the country.

A POEM BY DEBBIE ROGERS

• Mr. HUTCHINSON. Mr. President, I ask to have printed in the RECORD, a poem by a constituent of mine, Debbie Rogers, on behalf of the victims of September 11, 2001.

The poem follows.

GOD BLESS THE USA

Twin Towers once stood regally, but majestic in the sky,

Pure evil took them down today, Americans stand and cry.

Two planes marked for death, as the world observes them crash,

Once titanic against the skyline, now scattered in debris and ash.

Four planes all together, carrying innocent lives on each one,

Leaving disbelief and carnage, when the hellish butchers were done.

There was no kind of warning, no message did they send.

And the total devastation, is so hard to comprehend.

Emergency Crews work frantically, keeping hope always alive,

They dig with bleeding hands, praying someone does survive.

Thousands hurt and missing, death lingers in the air.

Families in such torment, the world mourns in deep despair.

Our whole world has been disrupted, as we

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{watch the breaking news,} \\ \text{Praying they find survivors, and all the} \end{array}$

missing clues. We need closure for the families, and justice

for us all,

We'll deal with this catastrophie, as Ameri-

cans we stand tall. Were proud to be Americans, we won't take $\ensuremath{\mathsf{L}}$

this without a fight, We won't cease in determination, till this

wrong is made a right.

We'll rise above the smoke and ash, remembrance in our heart.

Of all the innocent families, these monsters tore apart.

Now vengeance seems to call, like a beacon in the night,

God forgive our thoughts two wrongs don't make a right.

But we'll stand on honor and justice, there'll be a reckoning day,

This deed won't go unpunished, God Bless the U.S.A.

In Honor and in Memory, September 11, 2001, by Debbie Rogers. \bullet

PORT OF CHARLESTON SHOULD LIVE WITH NATURE'S TOLER-ANCES

• Mr. HOLLINGS. Mr. President, I want to share with my colleagues an excellent column by Thomas E. Thornhill that appeared in Charleston's The Post and Courier on March 15, 2002. Mr. Thornhill points out the need to balance the environmental and esthetic consequences of expanding the port of Charleston with the economic benefits such expansion brings.

As we debate what to do with the Alaska National Wildlife Refuge as part of the energy bill, I think it is important to add to our dialogue a perspective from someone who has seen the consequences of expansion in South Carolina, and who believes that nature mismanaged retaliates with relentless vengeance.

I ask that the article be printed in the RECORD.

The article follows.

[From the Post and Courier, Friday, Mar. 15, 2002.]

PORT OF CHARLESTON SHOULD LIVE WITHIN NATURE'S TOLERANCES

(By Thomas E. Thornhill)

How about a different slant on the port expansion issue? Do we really know what Charleston Harbor can tolerate? This is a finite body of water which has some limitations dictated by nature. Yes, expansion of the port facilities will mean more business, more trucks, more highway building, etc., but what will it do to our rivers and harbor?

My brother and I have been working for water and soil conservation for over 40 years. Our father coined the phrase, "Nature mismanaged, retaliates with relentless vengeance."

We, the citizens, and the Corps of Engineers mismanaged nature with the diversion of the Santee River into the Cooper River, and we're still paying for it. We were pumping enough mud out of Charleston Harbor to cover peninsular Charleston by about 6 feet each year. That was reduced with another diversion or rediversion canal, but the mud continues to build up—just look at Drum Island and the Cooper side of Daniel Island—tons and tons of spoil pumped from the rivers.

We are not a locale of deep water; let's recognize that. You need only spend a few days in our creeks and marshes to know that we have that wonderful pluff mud, the nursery grounds for the Atlantic Coast fisheries, that does not and will not stay in place like rock and sand of other ports.

Waterside construction causes the natural flow to slow and, in short order, the mud builds up. How else would we have land east of East Bay Street, which was the city sea wall. Look at the SPA Passenger Terminal, Yacht Basin, Maritime Center—full of mud. Examine the land around the Sheraton Hotel or Comfort Inn along the Ashley. It's sinking. There is no way to contain our mud except by gentle slopes and marshes.

As we dig our channels deeper and deeper, we are mismanaging nature. We cannot dig 50-foot ditches in our rivers without causing sloughing off of the shoreline, the changing of the flow of our rivers, and the sinking of our highlands. The harbor jetties are blamed for the demise of Morris Island so that the lighthouse is now at sea. The jetties are blamed for changing the geography on Folly Island. Breakwaters, jetties and revetments are now outlawed as they caused more erosion that they were designed to cure.

Charleston Harbor has limits dictated by nature. We cannot continue to defy natural laws by overbuilding our shorelines, packing our marshes with silt and fill, and overpopulating our water courses. We cannot be one of the largest shipping ports in the country and yet have the finest harbor resource on the East coast. We cannot fill our waterfronts with docks and still be America's Most Historic City and have the quality of life that goes with it. We cannot double the amount of super ships and still have one of the finest recreational and scenic harbors in the world—to say nothing about the inability of our transportation network to handle the additional load.

Trucks are clogging I-26 and I-526 on any workday. Driving a car is hazardous. The State Ports Authority has done a magnificent job to make our port facilities and service the envy of the world. With this same talent, they now need to find a future that can live within the environmental restraints that nature has dealt us. Perhaps their future should be planned as though Daniel Island did not exist—the filling of those marshlands is damage enough. We must not, as the Bible teaches, "sell our birthright for a mess of pottage."

As a port, we should live within the hand dealt us by nature. As a port city, we should do the best with what we were given to save it for future generations. Remember that thousands of acres of marsh have been destroyed just to keep the harbor dredged and remember that every structure on a waterway or beach causes erosion problems elsewhere. Of course the Port produces jobs and economic benefit (it always has and will), but the incremental increase gained by increasing the size of port facilities is to the profit of a relatively small amount of the population, while those who live here must shoulder the burden, esthetically, economically and environmentally. "Nature mismanaged retaliates with relentless vengeance."

IN TRIBUTE TO COLONEL CHARLES E. MCGEE

• Mr. BOND. Mr. President, in these perilous times, citizens who have overcome adversity to serve our nation with distinction deserve to be recognized. I rise today to pay special tribute to an American who has served with distinction as both a fighter pilot and a civilian. In a 30 year military career that included service in three foreign wars, Colonel Charles E. McGee logged over 6,300 flying hours, including over 1,100 hours on more than 400 fighter combat missions.

Colonel McGee's career began with enlistment in the U.S. Army and subsequent training at the Tuskegee Army Air Field in 1942. Upon graduation in 1943, Colonel McGee flew 136 missions with the 302nd Fighter Squadron of the 332nd Fighter Group in the European African Middle Eastern Theater. Tactical missions were flown under the 12th Air Force using the P-39