more trap. I believe this is acceptable, and I am sorry to inconvenience him.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I am happy to do that. I withdraw the unanimous consent request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The request is withdrawn at this time. The Senator from Wyoming.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I understand we are still in morning business. The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator is correct.

HOMELAND SECURITY

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I just listened to the two Senators who are probably most involved with the details of this homeland security bill—very interesting comments. I have been, frankly, disappointed that it has taken us as long as it has. We have been on this measure, I understand, now for about 7 weeks, and we are still not finished—a bill that needs to be finished. It needs to be there for security. Yet we continue to debate and worry over issues that are not as significant as the passage of this bill.

I hope we are getting closer to passing a homeland security bill. It is our responsibility to do that. I am almost embarrassed that we are not.

I am pleased that cloture was invoked and that we can move forward on this bill that gives the President the tools he needs to protect our homeland.

We have talked about the details. That is good. On the other hand, there are provisions in there that generally most everyone would agree we ought to be moving forward with: Immigration, to change the reorganization of that department so that you have more emphasis on the immigration aspect with regard to terrorism; reorganization of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms so that it can work better in terms of terrorism as opposed to law enforcement activities.

Personnel flexibility has been one we have talked about for a very long time. Certainly, the President ought to have as much authority for flexibility as others have had and as he has in other departments.

We also need to have, obviously, some protection for the union representatives, and it is there: research and development, aiming it more toward terrorism, that is one of the amendments; critical infrastructure protection, of course, so that we get into helping with the private infrastructure such as dams, such as oil refineries, these kinds of things-important stuff to do-the Coast Guard, strengthening their position with respect to terrorism; the one on corporate inversion where there was concern about being offshore. The fact is it is only there to be used as long as it has specific economic security reasons to be used. I think that is reasonable. Airport security—all these things are there.

Again, I thought during the last month or so it became pretty clear

that this session of the Congress has been exceptionally slow in moving forward. It has not accomplished many of the things we should have accomplished. I had hoped that with that in our background, we would be ready to move forward to accomplish this one that is so obvious in need. I hope we can do that.

I am glad we do have Members on both sides who recognize the importance of doing this. We have carefully crafted language that will be there. It is time for us to move forward. Whether there is anything else that we really need to do in this lame duck session, I wouldn't argue that. We obviously have to have a CR. Apparently there is movement toward doing something with terrorism liability. But this is the one. This is what we need to do, and we need to move forward.

I do appreciate the work that has been done. Particularly Senator Thompson and Senator Gramm have worked tirelessly in putting something together that will ensure homeland security and a department that will be capable of moving forward to do the things that everybody understands we need to do. Frankly, there are no more excuses to delay this bill. I certainly urge my colleagues to oppose the amendment and pass the compromise bill so the President can sign this into law

I vield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from West Virginia.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, is the Senate presently in a period for the transaction of morning business?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senate is in morning business until 1 o'clock.

Mr. BYRD. I thank the Chair.

TRIBUTE TO SENATOR MAX CLELAND

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, it is sad and unfortunate that I and this chamber must say farewell to Senator MAX CLELAND. As a student, a soldier, a public servant, and a U.S. Senator, MAX CLELAND has always personified the best of this country. His has been a life of patriotism and sacrifice, of struggle and of triumph.

After graduating from college, which included an internship on Capitol Hill, and receiving a master's degree in American history, MAX CLELAND volunteered for the Army and then volunteered for service in Vietnam. In that brutal conflict, he lost both of his legs and an arm in a grenade explosion. But MAX CLELAND never gave up. He refused to become simply a tragic symbol of an unwanted and unpopular war.

At the age of 28, MAX CLELAND became the youngest State Senator in Georgia. In 1977, President Jimmy Carter appointed him to head the Veterans Administration, the youngest person ever to hold that post, and one of the best. In that position, among his many accomplishments, MAX CLELAND

helped to improve the VA hospital system and reduce delays in paying veterans' benefits.

After that, he was elected to four terms as Secretary of State of Georgia. In 1996, Senator CLELAND was elected

to the U.S. Senate. After being sworn into office, he told supporters:

Your dreams can come true if you continue to believe in them long enough, hard enough, and never give up on them.

What a role model MAX CLELAND is, not only for disabled Americans but for all Americans. His life demonstrates what overcoming adversity—probably adversity at its worst, or almost that, at least—really means.

As a triple amputee, life and work have not come easily. I have read it takes him 3 hours just to prepare for work each day. I would imagine it takes him longer than that, because it takes me that long many days. But I cannot imagine the amount of pure grit it takes for this man just to live. At times I get up from my bed at 1 o'clock in the morning, 3 o'clock in the morning, whatever, and adjust the temperature in my room. If it is a little too cold or a little too warm, I have to get up and go outside my room and adjust the temperature. I think of that poor man, MAX CLELAND, and how it is for him if he gets too cold or too warm and has to adjust the temperature in the room. He has to get out of bed with much more difficulty than I, and go to the thermostat and do that. So what grit it must take of him just to live.

Well, one of Max Cleland's heroes is the great Franklin Roosevelt who, confined to a wheelchair because of paralysis, encountered many of the same obstacles and challenges that face Max. Still, Franklin Roosevelt was elected President four times and, as President, saw this country through the Great Depression and World War II.

I am proud to point out that another one of MAX CLELAND's heroes is one of my heroes, a Senator who is one of my mentors in this Chamber, Senator Richard B. Russell of Georgia. MAX CLELAND met Senator Russell while serving as a congressional intern. When MAX returned from Vietnam several years later, with both legs gone and only one arm, he met Senator Russell again. That grand old Senator was so impressed with the young soldier that he had his driver give the young man a tour of the Nation's capital.

During his tenure in the U.S. Senate, Senator CLELAND has used Senator Russell's old telephone number, and has often taken his visitors to see the statue of Senator Russell in the Russell Senate Office Building, telling them, "So much of me is tied up in Dick Russell."

MAX CLELAND truly knows the horrors of war. Knowing that "war is hell," he has been one of the Chamber's leading skeptics about the use of military force abroad and has always proved cautious when it comes to committing American troops overseas. In the 106th Congress, for example, he was

the first Democrat to call for a halt to the U.S.-led bombing campaign in Kosovo. He introduced legislation to update and improve the War Powers Resolution by erecting more safeguards before the deployment of our fighting men and women into situations of hostility.

I must point out that I have not always been in agreement with Senator CLELAND. I strongly opposed a balanced budget constitutional amendment, and I think MAX CLELAND supported it. I opposed the line-item veto, and I believe that MAX supported the line-item veto. But I have never, never, not for a second, questioned his sincerity, his integrity, or his respect for our Government and his love of this country.

MAX CLELAND is an outstanding Senator, a great American. He lost his Senate seat, at least for the foreseeable future, but he will never lose his integrity. Senator CLELAND is a real winner. Just as his military buddies were proud to have served with MAX CLELAND in Vietnam, I am honored to have served with him in the Senate. MAX CLELAND is a hero. He will always remain so.

May God bless MAX CLELAND. I wish him nothing but happiness and success in the future.

God give us men!

great hearts, true faith, and ready hands. Men whom the lust of office does not kill; Men whom the spoils of office cannot buy; Men who possess opinions and a will; Men who have honor; men who will not lie.

A time like this demands strong minds,

Men who can stand before a demagogue And brave his treacherous flatteries without winking.

Tall men, sun-crowned;

Who live above the fog,

In public duty and in private thinking.

For while the rabble with its thumbworn creeds.

Its large professions and its little deeds, mingles in selfish strife,

Lo! Freedom weeps!

Wrong rules the land and waiting justice sleeps.

God give us men!

Men who serve not for selfish booty:

But real men, courageous, who flinch not at duty.

Men of dependable character;

Men of sterling worth;

Then wrongs will be redressed, and right will rule the earth.

God Give us Men!

Mr. President, MAX CLELAND is that kind of man.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Nevada is recognized.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I certainly confirm, underscore, and applaud the statement of the Senator from West Virginia about MAX CLELAND. I don't know of anyone in my life who has given me more inspiration than MAX CLELAND. Whenever things seem a little bit dark and dreary, I always see that smiling face of MAX CLELAND. He is a tremendous man, a fine human being, and he has a lot more to contribute. His name will grow from where it is today. The people of Georgia and this country have not heard the last of MAX CLELAND.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I renew my unanimous consent request that was just asked a few minutes ago. I ask the Chair, do I need to restate that?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. It is not necessary.

Is there objection to the unanimous consent request previously stated by Senator REID?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, the esteemed President pro tempore of the Senate, Senator BYRD, is going to speak for a while this morning. We are in morning business until 1 o'clock today.

For those wishing to speak on the Shedd nomination, the time has been running in spite of the fact we are in morning business. Senator HATCH is here, Senator LEAHY and his staff are here, and he is available to come at any time. I don't think they will need all the time.

I ask unanimous consent that morning business be extended until 2 p.m. today and that the Shedd time continue to run for Senators who wish to speak on that during morning business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? Without objection, it is so ordered

The Senator from West Virginia.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, seeing no other Senator seeking recognition at this time, I again have sought recognition.

Mr. REID. Will the Senator yield? I failed to make one announcement.

Mr. BYRD. Absolutely, yes.

Mr. REID. I apologize. The cloakrooms have sent out an announcement that there will be no more votes, but the majority leader has asked me to announce there will be no rollcall votes today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from West Virginia is recognized.

TRIBUTE TO SENATOR JESSE HELMS

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, the senior Senator from North Carolina, Mr. Helms, is in some ways my Senator. I was born in North Carolina. I was born there before Senator Helms was born there. My natural father and mother are buried there in North Wilkesboro, NC. One of my brothers, the only brother I have still living, still lives in Wilkes County.

Many years ago, before the senior Senator from North Carolina joined the Senate, he was a radio commentator on WRAL in Raleigh, NC. During one of his radio commentaries, it is my understanding that the future Senator from North Carolina—the future Senator then, Senator HELMS, not Senator at that point—spoke of me as a Senator whose "greatest strength is his dedicated independence of thought and action," as a Senator who is "neither easily frightened nor intimidated," as

a Senator who "stands up for what he regards as important."

I have always appreciated those words, and over the many years, I have appreciated the friendship of the senior Senator from the State of North Carolina. So when JESSE HELMS was elected to the United States Senate in 1972, it seemed to me that we were already long-time friends, and we became even closer friends.

The more we came to know each other, the more at least I liked and respected him. I think he returned the compliment, but I cannot speak for that. I can only say for myself that I liked and I like JESSE HELMS and I respect him, and I have always respected him.

I found Senator JESSE HELMS to be a deeply religious man of immense integrity, indisputable honesty, unqualified patriotism, and absolute independence, a man who is absolutely fearless. He is a southern gentleman of the first order. He is a product of the old South and a product of his beloved North Carolina.

He has certainly made his presence felt in the Senate. During his years in the Senate, he served as chairman of the Senate Agriculture Committee, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, and was made a grand duke by the country of Lithuania for his contributions to the reestablishing and strengthening of the independence of the Baltic nations.

He also acquired a powerful and widely recognized reputation for his strong independent stands, and I am here to verify that many of the stands he has taken have not only been strong stands and independent stands but, in some cases, Senator Helms stood virtually alone.

Some of his positions have involved his standing, as I say, alone not only against Presidential administrations but against the remainder of the entire U.S. Senate, or at least most of the Senate. More than once, Senator HELMS has been the singular vote on a particular position, and I know that can be a bit lonely. But he has never wavered in the strength of his convictions or his votes.

"The paramount thing for political leaders," he once explained, "is whether a man believes in his principles and whether a man is willing to stand up for them, win or lose."

That was JESSE HELMS. Consequently, we always know where Senator JESSE HELMS stands. Take an issue—abortion, prayer in school, Presidential nominations, reducing the deficit, taxes, Government waste, the future of the country— if one did not already know where JESSE HELMS stood, JESSE HELMS was always ready to tell you where he stood.

Some of his positions have been unpopular. Some of them may have seemed out of step with the march of history, but he has contributed to the great debates that from time to time have been heard over and throughout