

from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

As required by section 401(c) of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1641(c), and 204(c) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1703(c), I transmit herewith a 6-month periodic report that my Administration has prepared on the national emergency with respect to significant narcotics traffickers centered in Colombia that was declared in Executive Order 12978 of October 21, 1995.

GEORGE W. BUSH.

THE WHITE HOUSE, October 16, 2002.

PERMISSION TO FILE SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON H.R. 3215, COMBATING ILLEGAL GAMBLING REFORM AND MODERNIZATION ACT

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary have permission to file a supplemental report on the bill (H.R. 3215) to amend title 18, United States Code, to expand and modernize the prohibition against interstate gambling, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2001, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. ETHERIDGE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. ETHERIDGE addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

HONORING AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETY HISPANIC ADVISORY BOARD, MIAMI BRIDGE YOUTH AND FAMILY SERVICES, RABBI KATSOFF WITH WORDS CAN HEAL, MIAMI-DADE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS, AND MATTHEW KRAWCHECK

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Florida (Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor several organizations and individuals in my congressional district who have done an extraordinary job of serving their communities.

It is my pleasure to recognize the American Cancer Society Hispanic Ad-

visory Board, the Miami Bridge Youth and Family Services, Rabbi Katsoff with Words Can Heal, and Miami-Dade County Public Schools, and last but not least, Matthew Krawcheck, all wonderful examples of the organizations and people who display true selflessness and dedication to our community.

Evidence of such altruistic acts is demonstrated by Armando Rodriguez, Harold Robaina, Remedios Diaz-Oliver, and Liliam Sanchez-Martinez who have worked hard for the American Cancer Society Hispanic Advisory Board to successfully launch the Mi Vida Cancer Awareness Campaign for the Hispanic community for my area in Miami-Dade. The Mi Vida campaign promotes early detection by informing the Hispanic community of the various Spanish-speaking educational materials and a 24-hour Spanish toll-free phone numbers. The American Cancer Society's continued commitment to the cure for cancer in the Hispanic area serves as an inspiration to us all.

I am also happy to recognize these efforts, just as I am pleased to also honor the compassionate efforts of the Miami Bridge Youth and Family Services and my good friend Judy Reinach. This great organization has provided emergency shelter for the south Florida youth for the past 27 years. By keeping its doors open 24 hours per day, Miami Bridge provides safe haven for over 1,000 at-risk adolescents each year. Its tireless efforts provide a continuum of nonresidential and residential services that are designed to empower teenagers and turn their lives around.

Another exceptional group that demonstrates true commitment to the improvement of our lives is the Words Can Heal organization. Rabbi Katsoff and Words Can Heal have dedicated their efforts in reducing verbal violence and gossip. At a time when dialogue is so needed in our communities, Words Can Heal and Rabbi Katsoff have been the motivational and organizational force behind educating the public.

In its short history, Words Can Heal has effectively mobilized its efforts to reach an influential and growing audience such as the clergy, actors, musicians and elected officials who have all become actively involved in the organization's efforts.

As a former educator, it is also my pleasure to honor another very important contributor to the cause of education, the Miami-Dade County Public Schools. Through the efforts of John Doyle, Lilian Citarella-Polit, Charles Murray, Sharon Shelley and Maria Elena Keenan, the Miami-Dade Public Schools plans to hold a fantastic competition this upcoming December 6.

The We, the People, The Citizen and the Constitution competition is a national contest that encourages civic competence and responsibility among our Nation's students. This extraordinary competition, now in its 15th year, teaches our community's youth

the philosophical and historical foundations of our great Constitution and our Bill of Rights.

I cannot conclude my statement without also congratulating Matthew Krawcheck, a constituent from my congressional district and a grand prize winner of the Expressing Freedom arts competition. Matthew's awesome painting "Three Self-Portraits" was displayed at the awards ceremony in the Rayburn foyer recently.

Expressing Freedom is a contest for young artists with disabilities between the ages of 16 and 25 that is supported by VSA Arts and Volkswagen of America. I would like to send special thanks to Soula Antoniou from VSA Arts and Joseph Kennebeck from Volkswagen of America for their commitment to America's disabled people.

I wish to give my sincerest congratulations to Matthew and all of the young people who participated in this competition.

Mr. Speaker, it is such a pleasure tonight for me to commend these individuals for they are shining examples of what this country is all about, and they are an inspiration to us all.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SCHROCK). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. DEFAZIO) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. DEFAZIO addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONES) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. JONES of North Carolina addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. BENTSEN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BENTSEN addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. WELDON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

CLOCKING THE RAID ON SOCIAL SECURITY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I rise tonight to talk about Social Security, a program that will affect or is affecting

every single American, the premier program initiated in the last century by the Democratic Party which has helped to raise a generation of our seniors out of poverty and keeps the current generation out of poverty.

Most seniors in America receive upwards of around \$580 per month. For them Social Security is a lifeline. Without Social Security and Medicare, they simply could not survive.

Because the Bush administration and its allies inside this Chamber cannot afford to pay for the extravagant tax giveaways, especially to the superrich in this country like Kenneth Lay from Enron, who will get \$245 million in a rebate this year, and because our country is moving into deficit, the Republicans in this Chamber are raiding Social Security every day, the Social Security trust fund, to try to make up that shortfall.

Back in June when I started clocking the Republican raid on Social Security, at that point they had raided over \$207 billion out of the Social Security trust fund after us having taken seven votes here that said we would protect the lockbox and not permit that kind of borrowing against the Social Security and Medicare trust fund; but to date, they have now, as of this week, October 16, they have now raided \$318,369,863,013 from the Social Security trust fund. That averages out per American over \$1,100 out of their pocket. To be exact, \$1,104.36 out of the funds that are deserved by every single American who has paid into this fund.

As long as Republicans continue to raid the Social Security trust fund in violation of the promises we have made and passed here in this Congress, it is my intention to be here on this floor, clocking their raid with this debt clock. I also will be reviewing the history of those who created Social Security for our country and who historically opposed it, the Republican Party.

In fact, in 1935 in the deliberations in the Committee on Ways and Means right outside this room here, the Republican Members of the House Committee on Ways and Means voted to kill the original bill that created the Social Security program that our parents, our grandparents, and great-grandparents had benefited from since the mid-1930s.

When that bill moved to the floor, it was the Democratic Party that passed that bill, and I think it is very important that history be recorded for the present generation because if we look at what has been happening with the accumulation of additional debt in our country, and I would like to just put up

an additional chart here, as we look back during more modern times to the early chart here focuses on the Johnson administration and the Nixon and Ford administration and the Carter administration. And we begin to look at when did this Social Security trust fund really start going into the red. It was during the Reagan-Bush administration and now during the George W. Bush administration, billions and billions and billions of dollars. It was only during the administration of Bill Clinton and Al Gore that we began to move the Social Security trust fund back into surplus again.

We have over \$6 trillion of debt that we are financing in this country, much of it due to the giveaways that this administration has promoted. As an example, with the inheritance tax, Gary Winnick of Global Crossing, with assets of over three quarters of a billion dollars, will get \$366 million in a tax windfall. And where do my colleagues think that money is going to come from? It comes right out of here, the Social Security trust fund. Or Dennis Kozlowski from Tyco Corporation, the one that is in all that trouble, he is going to get \$149 million. And where do my colleagues think that money is going to come from?

This administration and House Republicans should put seniors first. They have earned it. They have earned it, and reverse this raid. We should continue to commit the savings in the Social Security trust fund as we have promised. It is important for us to tell the truth to the American people using these red numbers and this debt clock to demonstrate and remind ourselves what is really going on.

The Democratic Party historically has been the party that believed in and supported Social Security as an insurance and disability fund for every single American. It is a condition of living in this country. It is not a privilege. It is a right.

Mr. Speaker, we do not need to be borrowing from the trust fund in order to give benefits to the superrich. I hope as the elections approach, the public will remember and vote for the Democratic Party which has always supported Social Security.

STATUS REPORT ON CURRENT SPENDING LEVELS OF ON-BUDGET SPENDING AND REVENUES FOR FY 2003 AND THE 5-YEAR PERIOD FY 2003 THROUGH 2007

Mr. NUSSLE. Mr. Speaker, I am transmitting a status report on the current levels of on-budget spending and revenues for fiscal year

2003 and for the five-year period of fiscal years 2003 through 2007. This report is necessary to facilitate the application of sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act and section 301 of House Concurrent Resolution 353, which is currently in effect as a concurrent resolution on the budget in the House. This status report is current through October 11, 2002.

The term "current level" refers to the amounts of spending and revenues estimated for each fiscal year based on laws enacted or awaiting the President's signature.

The first table in the report compares the current levels of total budget authority, outlays, and revenues with the aggregate levels set forth by H. Con. Res. 353. This comparison is needed to enforce section 311(a) of the Budget Act, which creates a point of order against measures that would breach the budget resolution's aggregate levels. The table does not show budget authority and outlays for years after fiscal year 2003 because appropriations for those years have not yet been considered.

The second table compares the current levels of budget authority and outlays for discretionary action by each authorizing committee with the "section 302(a)" allocations made under H. Con. Res. 353 for fiscal year 2003 and fiscal years 2003 through 2007. "Discretionary action" refers to legislation enacted after the adoption of the budget resolution. A separate allocation for the Medicare program, as established under section 231(d) of the budget resolution, is shown for fiscal year 2003 and fiscal years 2003 through 2012. This comparison is needed to enforce section 302(f) of the Budget Act, which creates a point of order against measures that would breach the section 302(a) discretionary action allocation of new budget authority for the committee that reported the measure. It is also needed to implement section 311(b), which exempts committees that comply with their allocations from the point of order under section 311(a).

The third table compares the current levels of discretionary appropriations for fiscal year 2003 with the "section 302(b)" suballocations of discretionary budget authority and outlays among Appropriations subcommittees. The comparison is also needed to enforce section 302(f) of the Budget Act because the point of order under that section equally applies to measures that would breach the applicable section 302(b) suballocation.

The fourth table gives the current level for 2004 of accounts identified for advance appropriations under section 301 H. Con. Res. 353 printed in the Congressional Record on May 22, 2002. This list is needed to enforce section 301 of the budget resolution, which creates a point of order against appropriation bills that contain advance appropriations that are (i) not identified in the statement of managers or (ii) would cause the aggregate amount of such appropriations to exceed the level specified in the resolution.

STATUS OF THE FISCAL YEAR 2003 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ADOPTED IN H. CON. RES. 353 REFLECTING ACTION COMPLETED AS OF OCTOBER 11, 2002

[On-budget amounts, in millions of dollars]

	Fiscal year 2003	Fiscal years 2003–2007
Appropriate Level:		
Budget Authority	1,784,073	n.a.
Outlays	1,765,225	n.a.
Revenues	1,531,893	8,671,656
Current Level:		
Budget Authority	1,747,793	n.a.