

Schultze, and Lisa Durham of Collinsville. Lisa is my grade school and high school classmate; and her husband, Chris, and Carl's pride and joy, his grandson, Jacob Schultze Durham.

I have split wood with Carl, I have trimmed trees, I built a swing set, sold oranges, and sold bagna calda, and I have worshipped with Carl. He has been a father figure and a mentor. If I accomplish one-half of the good deeds that Carl Schultze has done, I will leave this life a happy man.

As the Bible says, "Well done, good and faithful servant."

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. BROWN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BROWN of Ohio addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from California (Mr. DREIER) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. DREIER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

TRIBUTE TO THE HONORABLE ROMAN PUCINSKI, FORMER MEMBER OF CONGRESS, FORMER CHICAGO ALDERMAN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. DAVIS) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise to pay tribute to the Honorable Roman Pucinski, former Member of Congress, former Chicago alderman, and a great American.

Mr. Speaker, on September 25, the Angel of Death took away the golden voice of Roman Pucinski, formerly fondly known as "Pooch" to those who knew him. Roman Pucinski was a Chicagoan through and through. In a city with strong ethnic ties and heritage, he was a renowned member and leader in the Polish American community.

Pucinski was a household name in Chicago. The proud son of civic leadership, Roman went on to become a reporter-journalist. And what a reporter he was for the Chicago Sun Times. The war interrupted his journalism career, and during World War II Roman was the lead bombardier in the first B-29 "Superfortress" raid on Tokyo in 1944. This was just one of 49 missions in which he flew as part of the Army Air Forces in the Pacific.

He returned home to Chicago and became the chief investigator for a select committee of Congress, investigating the Katyn Forest Massacre. This investigation of slain Poles eventually resulted in his appointment as Illinois division president of the Polish American Congress. Roman Pucinski was then elected to the United States House of

Representatives in 1958 and distinguished himself as an advocate for education, airline safety, and the interest of Chicago. He served 7 terms.

Roman Pucinski was then called upon by his party to run for United States Senate against the very popular Charles Percy. Roman did not win that election. However, he came back the next year and ran for the Chicago City Council as alderman of the 41st Ward. He was elected and became an icon, serving for 18 years.

Roman Pucinski was an outstanding orator and a skilled debater who loved to talk, and talk he did. I served with Roman in the Chicago City Council, and though we were often pitted against each other as a result of membership in and alliances with different political forces, we became great friends and worked well together.

He leaves to cherish a great legacy of service and representation, and to mourn his passing, many friends and a devoted family, his daughter Aurelia, who was elected and served as Clerk of the Circuit Court of Cook County, a son, a brother, a sister, and three grandchildren.

Roman Pucinski encouraged me to run for Congress and would often say that he would come and speak for or against me, whichever would help the most. Roman, you were right again. Congress is indeed an interesting, exciting, and challenging place where one can help to shape the world. I say, Thanks to you, and good-bye, my friend.

42ND ANNIVERSARY OF THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PALLONE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, I am proud to come to the House floor today to mark the 42nd anniversary of the independence of the Republic of Cyprus. Despite the tragic events that have taken place during the past 4 decades, the Government of the Republic of Cyprus remains committed to the core principles enshrined in the Cyprus constitution guaranteeing the basic rights and freedoms of the people of Cyprus, Greek Cypriots and Turkish Cypriots alike.

Members of this Congress have strongly supported the Republic of Cyprus. Resolutions have been introduced in the House and Senate expressing the sense of Congress that security, reconciliation, and prosperity for all Cypriots can best be achieved within the context of membership in the European Union, which will provide significant rights and obligations for all Cypriots. The legislation has strong support in the House, having been unanimously approved by the Subcommittee on Europe of the House Committee on International Relations. The Senate has also passed this legislation out of their

Committee on Foreign Relations unanimously. The House version has 83 bipartisan cosponsors, and the legislation echoes longstanding U.S. policy in support of Cyprus' accession to the European Union.

Mr. Speaker, the commemoration of Cyprus' Independence Day this year, as in the past 28 years, is complicated significantly by the fact that over a third of the island nation's territory continues to be illegally occupied by the Turkish military forces, in violations of U.N. Security Council resolutions. In spite of this, Cyprus remains committed to achieving a resolution of this military problem through peaceful negotiations.

On July 20 of 1974, Turkey invaded Cyprus and to this day continues to maintain 35,000 heavily armed troops in the occupied territory. Nearly 200,000 Greek Cypriots were forcibly evicted from their homes, became refugees in their own country, and fell victim to a policy of ethnic cleansing. 1,493 Greek Cypriots, including four Americans of Cypriot descent, have been missing since 1974.

In 1983, in flagrant violation of international law and the treaties establishing the Republic of Cyprus and guaranteeing its independence and territorial integrity, Ankara promoted a "unilateral declaration of independence" in the area under its military occupation. The U.S. Government and the U.N. Security Council condemned the declaration and attempted secession. To date, no other country in the world, except Turkey, recognized the so-called "Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus."

In 1999, the Security Council reaffirmed that "a Cyprus settlement must be based on a State of Cyprus with a single sovereignty and international personality and a single citizenship, with its independence and territorial integrity safeguarded and comprising two politically equal communities." These parameters have been reiterated by the Security Council on several occasions.

In a landmark decision on May 10 of 2001, the European Court of Human Rights found Turkey responsible for continuing violations of human rights. The court decision emphasized that the Republic of Cyprus is the sole legitimate government of Cyprus, and pointed out Turkey is engaged in the policies and actions of the illegal occupation regime.

In the face of a short, but painful, history of the Republic of Cyprus, there has been remarkable economic growth for those individuals living in the government-controlled areas. Sadly, the people living in the occupied area continue to be mired in poverty as a result of the policies pursued by the Turkish leadership and the occupying power. These issues would be resolved if Turkey would withdraw their illegal occupation and allow the democratic government of the Republic of Cyprus to run its own affairs.

And I hope, Mr. Speaker, that we see that day soon when we see democracy and unity for all of Cyprus.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PETERSON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. PETERSON addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

TRIBUTE TO AMERICA'S FALLEN FIREFIGHTERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. ETHERIDGE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. ETHERIDGE. Mr. Speaker, as National Firefighter Memorial Week-end approaches, I rise to pay tribute to our Nation's fallen firefighters; and I am pleased that a number of my colleagues have joined me in legislation on this and may come later in the evening to speak in favor of this bipartisan legislation that we have introduced on behalf of our fallen firefighters.

Last year, America tragically lost 442 firefighters. Each gave their lives protecting our communities from fire and other emergencies. This weekend, on October 5 and 6, we will join together as a Nation to mourn their passing and honor their sacrifices. So it is fitting that we come to this floor today to honor the memory of our fallen firefighters and say thank you to those brave folks who have served our community so well.

Mr. Speaker, firefighters truly embody the value and spirit that makes America what it is today, a great Nation. Firefighters are diverse, they represent every race and creed and culture in America, yet they are bound by a common commitment to service. Firefighters are dedicated; and when we call them, they risk their lives for each of us. They are the people our children look up to. When we ask a child the timeless question, What do you want to be when you grow up?, nowadays, more often than not, those children will say, I want to be a firefighter.

Our firefighters are truly our hometown heroes. However, all too often these heroes must give their lives in the line of duty. For the families of these brave souls, Congress created the Public Safety Officers Benefit Act. Since its inception 25 years ago, this important benefit has provided surviving families with financial assistance during their desperate time of need.

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However, a glitch in the law prevents some families from receiving the assistance that Congress had intended. If a firefighter or public safety officer has a heart attack or stroke, then they are more likely not to get the benefit. The truth is it accounts for almost half of

all firefighter fatalities, yet the families of these fallen firefighters are rarely eligible for these benefits.

For example, imagine that a house or business catches on fire, a company of firefighters tragically lose two of their members fighting this fire. One loses their life as a result of a piece of debris hitting him within the building, and the other dies of a heart attack in the parking lot when they walk out of the building.

Under current law, the family of the firefighter who suffered a fatal blow to the head received the benefit, while the firefighter who walked out in the parking lot and had a heart attack, their family gets nothing. It is wrong that these families are denied this benefit when the loved one sacrifices their life while serving our community.

A constituent of mine, Mike Williams of Bunnlevel, who works in the Office of the State Fire Marshal, alerted me to this glitch in the law after Ms. Deborah Brooks, the widow of Thomas Brooks, a firefighter from Lumberton, was denied benefits because of this technicality. Mr. Brooks, a master firefighter, tragically died of a heart attack after running several calls on the evening shift. As part of his duties with the State Fire Marshal's office, Mike helps families fill out public safety officer benefits, and he had received many of these benefit rejection letters from cardiac cases from the U.S. Department of Justice.

The rejection letter in Thomas Brooks' case was one too many, and Mike wrote to me and asked that we investigate the situation. We found out that it would take legislation to do it. As a result, the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. HOYER) and the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. WELDON), who are cochairmen of the Firefighters Caucus, and the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. SMITH) along with many others, have introduced H.R. 5334, the Hometown Heroes Survivors Benefits Act. H.R. 5334 will correct this technicality in the law that has penalized so many of our firefighting families.

This bipartisan legislation will provide this benefit to the families of public safety officers who have died after a heart attack or a stroke while on duty, or within 24 hours after participating in a training exercise or responding to an emergency situation.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 5334 is the kind of bipartisan legislation that we should be working on in this House. As of this afternoon we have 50 cosponsors, and more cosponsors on the way. I urge Members to cosponsor H.R. 5334, and I ask the House leadership to put this bill to a vote before this Congress adjourns. Our firefighters put their lives on the line where strength, heart and desire are sometimes the only thing that ensures that a piece of property or a house that is burning down can be saved. Our hometown heroes deserve our support. Let us let them know that we appreciate their bravery and heroism.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. TIBERI). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. HOYER) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. HOYER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Florida (Ms. BROWN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. BROWN of Florida addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

NO CHILD LEFT BEHIND

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from California (Mr. BACA) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. BACA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to support full funding for the "No Child Left Behind" Act (H.R. 1). The new little red schoolhouse entrances to the Department of Education building are a perfect example that the Administration is "all show and no tell" when it comes to education. By building those little red schoolhouses, at a cost of \$98,000, at least 160 children have already been left behind by the Administration's cuts in education funding. The Bush Administration thinks that the American people will see those schoolhouses and believe that the Nation's children are in good hands under the Bush education system.

The American people know better. Americans will notice when after school programs are no longer available for their children. Americans will notice when their special needs children cannot get extra help from their own community schools.

Americans will notice when their teachers become frustrated because they can't get the training they need to provide the best quality instruction to their students. Americans will notice when these same teachers have to leave their students because they can't get the training required to meet the Administration's new accountability standards. Americans will notice when their kids can't receive as much in student loans, and don't have access to scholarships for low-income students. And, Americans will notice when their kids who need help with their English skills are falling behind because their schools no longer provide training in English.

Since 1997, the average increase in Federal education funding has been 12 percent a year—until now.

The Bush Administration proposes to increase Federal funding by only 0.5 percent, but flaunts the "No Child Left Behind" Act as its first big accomplishment.

If leaving millions of children out in the cold when it comes to their education is an accomplishment, then dark times lay ahead.

The Bush Administration has slashed about 82 percent of the budget increase promised by the "No Child Left Behind" Act for low-income students.

The President's budget cuts the expected increase for low-income students from \$5.65 billion to only \$1 billion extracted from other important programs.

Low-income students can expect to lose over \$664 million in badly needed funds.