Obev

Paul

Sabo

Rivers

Jackson (IL)

Kerns

Kucinich

Hansen

Lewis (GA)

Mollohan	Sanders	Woolsey
	NOT VOTING-	-40
Armey Barcia Becerra Blagojevich Bonior Borski Combest Condit Cox Cummings Deal	Harman Hastings (FL) Hilleary John Jones (OH) LaHood Mascara McDermott McKinney Menendez Moran (VA) Murtha	Price (NC) Reyes Ros-Lehtinen Rothman Roukema Rush Saxton Stump Tanner Tauscher Thompson (CA)
Gallegly	Pallone	Wexler

Sawyer

Stark

Waters

Watson (CA)

□ 1925

Payne

Mr. SAWYER and Ms. WATERS changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. WATT of North Carolina, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, and Ms. RIVERS changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

HONORING JOHNNY UNITAS AND EXTENDING CONDOLENCES TO HIS FAMILY ON HIS PASSING

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. GOODLATTE). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution, H. Res. 538.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Oklahoma (Mr. SULLIVAN) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 538, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 389, nays 0, not voting 42, as follows:

[Roll No. 426]

VEAS_3

	YEAS-389	
Abercrombie	Bishop	Capito
Ackerman	Blumenauer	Capps
Aderholt	Blunt	Capuano
Akin	Boehlert	Cardin
Allen	Boehner	Carson (IN)
Andrews	Bonilla	Carson (OK)
Baca	Bono	Castle
Bachus	Boozman	Chabot
Baird	Boswell	Chambliss
Baker	Boucher	Clay
Baldacci	Boyd	Clayton
Baldwin	Brady (PA)	Clement
Ballenger	Brady (TX)	Clyburn
Barr	Brown (FL)	Coble
Barrett	Brown (OH)	Collins
Bartlett	Brown (SC)	Conyers
Barton	Bryant	Cooksey
Bass	Burr	Costello
Bentsen	Burton	Coyne
Bereuter	Buyer	Cramer
Berkley	Callahan	Crane
Berman	Calvert	Crenshaw
Berry	Camp	Crowley
Biggert	Cannon	Cubin
Bilirakis	Cantor	Culberson

Johnson (CT) Cunningham Petri Johnson (IL) Pickering Davis (CA) Davis (FL) Johnson, E. B. Pitts Davis (IL) Johnson, Sam Platts Davis, Jo Ann Jones (NC) Pombo Davis, Tom Kanjorski Pomeroy DeFazio Kaptur Portman Pryce (OH) DeGette Keller Delahunt Kellv DeLauro Kennedy (MN) Quinn Radanovich DeLav Kennedy (RI) DeMint Kerns Rahall Deutsch Kildee Ramstad Dicks Kilpatrick Rangel Kind (WI) Dingell Regula King (NY) Doggett Rehberg Doolev Kingston Reynolds Doolittle Kirk Riley Doyle Kleczka Rivers Dreier Knollenberg Rodriguez Duncan Kolbe Roemer Dunn Kucinich Rogers (KY) Edwards LaFalce Rogers (MI) Ehlers Lampson Rohrabacher Ehrlich Langevin Ross Emerson Lantos Rovbal-Allard Larsen (WA) Engel Royce English Larson (CT) Rush Eshoo Latham Ryan (WI) Etheridge LaTourette Rvun (KS) Leach Sabo Evans Everett Lee Sanchez Farr Levin Sanders Lewis (CA) Fattah Sandlin Lewis (GA) Ferguson Sawyer Filner Lewis (KY) Saxton Linder Schaffer Flake Lipinski Fletcher Schakowsky Foley LoBiondo Schiff Schrock Forbes Lofgren Ford Lowey ScottFossella Lucas (KY) Sensenbrenner Frelinghuysen Lucas (OK) Serrano Luther Sessions Frost Ganske Shadegg Lynch Gekas Maloney (CT) Shaw Gephardt Malonev (NY) Shavs Gibbons Manzullo Sherman Gilchrest Markey Sherwood Gillmor Matheson Shimkus Gilman Matsui Shows McCarthy (MO) Gonzalez Shuster McCarthy (NY) Goode Simmons Goodlatte McCollum Simpson Gordon McGovern Skeen McHugh Skelton Goss Graham McInnis Slaughter Granger McIntyre Smith (MI) McKeon Smith (NJ) Graves McNulty Smith (TX) Green (TX) Green (WI) Meehan Smith (WA) Meek (FL) Snyder Greenwood Meeks (NY) Solis Grucci Gutierrez Mica Souder Gutknecht Millender-Spratt Hall (TX) McDonald Stark Hart Miller, Dan Stearns Hastings (WA) Miller, Gary Stenholm Hayes Miller, George Strickland Hayworth Miller, Jeff Stupak Mollohan Hefley Sullivan Herger Moore Moran (KS) Sununu Hill Sweenev Hilliard Morella Tancredo Hinchey Myrick Tauzin Taylor (MS) Hinoiosa Nadler Napolitano Hobson Taylor (NC) Hoeffel Nea1 Terry Hoekstra Nethercutt Thomas Holden Ney Thompson (MS) Holt Northup Thornberry Thune Honda Norwood Thurman Hooley Nussle Hostettler Oberstar Tiahrt Houghton Obey Tiberi Hoyer Olver Tierney Hulshof Ortiz Toomey Hunter Osborne Towns Hyde Ose Turner Otter Udall (CO) Inslee Isakson Owens Udall (NM) Oxley Israel Upton Pascrell Issa Velazquez Istook Pastor Visclosky Jackson (IL) Paul Vitter Jackson-Lee Pelosi Walden (TX) Pence Walsh Wamp Jefferson Peterson (MN) Waters Jenkins Peterson (PA)

Watkins (OK)
Watson (CA)
Watt (NC)
Watts (OK)
Waxman
Weiner
Weldon (FL)

 Weldon (PA)
 Woolsey

 Weller
 Wu

 Whitfield
 Wynn

 Wicker
 Young (AK)

 Wilson (NM)
 Young (FL)

 Wilson (SC)
 Wolf

NOT VOTING-42

Armey Hansen Barcia Harman Becerra Hastings (FL) Blagojevich Hilleary Bonior Horn Borski John Combest Jones (OH) Condit LaHood Cox Mascara Cummings McCrery Deal McDermott Diaz-Balart McKinney Frank Menendez Moran (VA) Gallegly

Murtha
Pallone
Payne
Phelps
Price (NC)
Reyes
Ros-Lehtinen
Rothman
Roukema
Stump
Tanner
Tauscher
Thompson (CA)
Wexler

□ 1934

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY COMMITTEE
ON RULES REGARDING AMENDMENTS TO S. 2690, PLEDGE OF
ALLEGIANCE REAFFIRMATION
ACT

(Mr. SESSIONS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, a "Dear Colleague" letter is being sent to all Members informing them that the Committee on Rules may meet this week to grant a rule for S. 2690, to reaffirm the reference to "one Nation under God" in the Pledge of Allegiance, which may require that amendments be printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD prior to their consideration on the floor

Amendments should be drafted to the text of the bill as reported by the Committee on the Judiciary, which was filed September 17, 2002. Members should use the Office of Legislative Counsel to ensure that their amendments are properly drafted and should check also with the Office of the Parliamentarian to be certain their amendments comply with the rules of the House.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF INTENTION TO OFFER MOTION TO INSTRUCT CONFEREES ON H.R. 3295, HELP AMERICA VOTE ACT OF 2001

Mrs. MEEK of Florida. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 7(c) of rule XX, I hereby announce my intention to offer a motion to instruct conferees on H.R. 3295 tomorrow.

The form of the motion is as follows:

Mrs. MEEK of Florida moves that the managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the Senate amendments to the bill H.R. 3295 be instructed to take such actions as may be appropriate—

(1) to convene a public meeting of the managers on the part of the House and the managers on the part of the Senate; and

(2) to ensure that a conference report is filed on the bill prior to October 4, 2002.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GREEN of Texas. Mr. Speaker, last Thursday I was unavoidably detained and missed rollcall vote No. 423. Had I been present, I would have voted "ave."

EXPRESSING SORROW OF THE HOUSE AT THE DEATH OF THE HONORABLE PATSY T. MINK, MEMBER OF CONGRESS FROM THE STATE OF HAWAII

Mr. ABERCROMBIE. Mr. Speaker, I offer a privileged resolution (H. Res. 566) and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 566

Resolved, That the House has heard with profound sorrow of the death of the Honorable Patsy T. Mink, a Representative from the State of Hawaii.

Resolved, That a committee of such Members of the House as the Speaker may designate, together with such Members of the Senate as may be joined, be appointed to attend the funeral.

Resolved, That the Sergeant at Arms of the House be authorized and directed to take such steps as may be necessary for carrying out the provisions of these resolutions and that the necessary expenses in connection therewith be paid out of applicable accounts of the House.

Resolved, That the Clerk communicate these resolutions to the Senate and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That when the House adjourns today, it adjourn as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. GOODLATTE). The gentleman from Hawaii (Mr. ABERCROMBIE) is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. ABERCROMBIE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that at the end of the allotted time, the House rise for a moment of silence out of respect for the Honorable Patsy T. Mink.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Hawaii?

There was no objection.

Mr. ABERCROMBIE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, it is with a heavy heart that I take this action. The hearts of all of us here go out in sympathy to PATSY's husband, John, and her daughter, Gwen; to her brother, Eugene; to her staff in Washington and in Hawaii; and to her large family of friends and admirers.

Mr. Speaker, I am devastated by her loss. Patsy Mink was more than my friend and my colleague; she was a true daughter of Hawaii. She was a person of enormous spirit and tenacity and inner strength. I will miss her terribly. I will especially miss her wisdom, her

energy, her readiness to fight for principle. She fought all her life for social and economic justice.

Throughout nearly 50 years of public service, she championed America's most deeply held values: equality, fairness, above all honesty. Her courage, her willingness to speak out and champion causes that others might shun resulted in tremendous contributions in the fields of civil rights and education. She has earned in my estimation an honored place in the history of the United States House of Representatives as the co-author of title IX, which guarantees equality for women in education programs.

Every single woman in this Nation who today has the advantage of the capacity to command equal opportunity in education, and by extension in virtually every other field of endeavor, owes the impetus to that in modern times to PATSY MINK. She was one of the pioneers who transformed Hawaii and transformed this Nation. Her legacy will live on in every campus in America and in the heart of every American woman who aspires to greatness. Most profoundly, it lives on in my estimation in hope, hope for the millions of lives that she touched.

Mr. Speaker, it is difficult for me to realize that I am standing here this evening paying my respects to the memory of Patsy Mink because my first memories of her go back to when I was a student at the University of Hawaii involved in one of her first campaigns, not for elective office because she did that when Hawaii was still a territory.

She came back to Hawaii from her early plantation days, running around as a little kid in the plantation ditches over in Maui, encouraged by her family, most particularly her father, to reach for her star in the Hawaii firmament.

She was turned down for medical school, discriminated against because she was female, because she was Japanese, because she came from an unknown territory out in the Pacific. That is why she went to law school, fought her way into law school so that she could achieve a degree that would enable her to fight against the discrimination she had suffered.

She was a champion then. We all recognized it. She was smart and she was tough and she was articulate and she would not quit. She was an inspiration then and now.

Whenever any of us felt some sense of discouragement, whenever any of us felt some sense of despair or feeling that we could not succeed, it was only required for PATSY to come in the room to change the atmosphere.

□ 1945

PATSY MINK had the capacity to make dead air move. PATSY MINK, this little lady from Hawaii, was a giant in her heart and in her commitment. With every breath that she took, she championed those who had no one to stand

up and speak out for them. A little lady with a big heart, a lioness. We will not see her like again. Someone will take her place here in the House, that is the way of it in our democracy, but no one will replace her in the hearts of the people of Hawaii. No one will replace her in the role that she played in this House of Representatives. No one was more beloved than PATSY MINK in this House.

Mr. Speaker, as an expression of the gravity of the feelings of the Members of this House, I yield 4 minutes to the gentlewoman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR), whom I think has an opportunity for Members of the House to be able to express in a more concrete fashion the feelings that we all have for PATSY.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I would like to thank the distinguished gentleman from Hawaii (Mr. Abercrombie), now the senior Member representing that great State here for our Republic in the House, and rise in support of his Resolution with all of our colleagues on both sides of the aisle to honor our friend and colleague Congresswoman Patsy Mink, as this beautiful, beautiful poster indicates, a woman of hope.

PATSY's service, now 24 years, places her among the longest-serving women in the House, certainly currently. She was honest and intelligent, gifted and dedicated, and leaves behind a stellar record of accomplishments. For almost half a century, she was a devoted advocate for her constituents and her native State of Hawaii. She served America with distinction. She will be deeply missed.

She was a trailblazer. Her career embodied a series of firsts. She was the first Asian American woman to practice law in Hawaii, and the first Asian American woman to be elected to the Hawaii Territorial Legislature. And then in 1964 she became the first, in her own words, woman of color ever elected to the United States Congress, an Asian American woman of Japanese American heritage from the then new State of Hawaii.

She transcended race and gender throughout her life. She was a leader on women's rights, social and economic justice, health care and child care, and no one here knew more about education. She came to this House at the beginning of the 88th Congress in 1965, served until 1977, and then again from 1990 until her untimely passing this past Sunday.

When PATSY first began her career in this Congress, she was one of only 11 women serving in the House. She watched as Members came in the 1980s and began to double the number of women to 24, up to the current? level of 62 with 13 women now in the Senate.

I agree with my colleagues that PATSY viewed as her most important achievement passage of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. She, as the gentleman from Hawaii indicated, had experienced race and gender discrimination. She often said her life experiences challenged her to lead the