May 1, 200	2	C
Duncan	Kilpatrick	Quinn
Dunn	Kind (WI)	Radanovich Rahall
Edwards Ehlers	King (NY) Kingston	Ramstad
Ehrlich	Kirk	Rangel
Emerson Engel	Kleczka Knollenberg	Regula Rehberg
English	Kolbe	Reyes
Eshoo	Kucinich	Reynolds
Etheridge Evans	LaFalce LaHood	Riley Rivers
Everett	Lampson	Rodriguez
Farr	Langevin	Roemer
Fattah Ferguson	Lantos Larsen (WA)	Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI)
Filner	Larson (CT)	Rohrabacher
Fletcher Foley	Latham LaTourette	Ros-Lehtinen Ross
Forbes	Leach	Rothman
Ford	Lee	Roukema
Fossella Frank	Levin Lewis (CA)	Roybal-Allard Royce
Frelinghuysen	Lewis (KY)	Rush
Frost	Linder	Ryan (WI)
Gallegly Ganske	Lipinski LoBiondo	Ryun (KS) Sabo
Gekas	Lofgren	Sanchez
Gephardt Gibbons	Lowey Lucas (KY)	Sanders Sandlin
Gilchrest	Lucas (OK)	Sawyer
Gillmor	Luther	Saxton
Gilman Gonzalez	Lynch Maloney (CT)	Schaffer Schakowsky
Goode	Maloney (NY)	Schiff
Goodlatte Gordon	Manzullo	Schrock Scott
Goss	Markey Matheson	Sensenbrenner
Graham	Matsui	Serrano
Granger Graves	McCarthy (MO) McCarthy (NY)	Sessions Shadegg
Green (WI)	McCollum	Shaw
Greenwood	McDermott	Shays
Grucci Gutierrez	McGovern McHugh	Sherman Sherwood
Gutknecht	McInnis	Shimkus
Hall (OH)	McIntyre	Shows Shuster
Hall (TX) Hansen	McKeon McKinney	Simmons
Harman	McNulty	Simpson
Hart Hastings (FL)	Meeks (NY)	Skeen Skelton
Hastings (WA)	Menendez	Slaughter
Hayes Hayworth	Mica Miller, Dan	Smith (MI) Smith (NJ)
Hefley	Miller, Gary	Smith (TX)
Herger	Miller, George	Smith (WA)
Hill Hilleary	Miller, Jeff Mink	Snyder Solis
Hilliard	Mollohan	Souder
Hinchey Hinojosa	Moore Moran (KS)	Spratt Stark
Hobson	Moran (VA)	Stearns
Hoeffel	Morella	Stenholm
Hoekstra Holden	Myrick Nadler	Strickland Stump
Holt	Napolitano	Stupak
Honda Hooley	Neal Nethercutt	Sullivan Sununu
Horn	Ney	Sweeney
Houghton	Northup	Tancredo Tanner
Hoyer Hulshof	Nussle Oberstar	Tanner
Hunter	Obey	Tauzin
Hyde Inslee	Olver Ortiz	Taylor (MS) Taylor (NC)
Isakson	Osborne	Terry
Israel Issa	Ose Otter	Thomas Thompson (CA)
Istook	Owens	Thompson (MS)
Jackson (IL)	Oxley	Thornberry
Jackson-Lee (TX)	Pallone Pascrell	Thune Thurman
Jefferson	Pastor	Tiahrt
Jenkins John	Payne Pelosi	Tiberi Tierney
Johnson (CT)	Pence	Toomey
Johnson (IL)	Peterson (MN) Peterson (PA)	Towns Turner
Johnson, E. B. Johnson, Sam	Petri	Udall (CO)
Jones (NC)	Phelps	Udall (NM)
Jones (OH) Kanjorski	Pickering Pitts	Upton Velazquez
Kaptur	Platts	Visclosky
Keller Kelly	Pombo Pomeroy	Vitter Walden
Kennedy (MN)	Portman	Walsh
Kennedy (RI)	Price (NC)	Wamp
Kerns Kildee	Pryce (OH) Putnam	Waters Watkins (OK)

Weldon (PA) Watson (CA) Wolf Watt (NC) Wexler Woolsey Watts (OK) Whitfield Wu Waxman Wicker Wvnn Wilson (NM) Young (AK) Weiner Weldon (FL) Wilson (SC) Young (FL) NAYS-3 Flake Hostettler Paul NOT VOTING-15 Lewis (GA) Cannon Murtha Clayton Mascara Norwood

McCrery

Meek (FL)

Millender-

Crane Davis, Tom

Green (TX)

Delahunt

### McDonald □ 1454

Traficant

Weller

Mrs. CUBIN and Messrs. SCOTT, PE-TERSON of Pennsylvania, and TANCREDO changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to instruct was agreed

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION WAIVING POINTS OF ORDER AGAINST CON-FERENCE REPORT ON H.R. 2646, FARM SECURITY AND RURAL IN-VESTMENT ACT OF 2002

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 107-426) on the resolution (H. Res. 403) waiving points of order against the conference report to accompany the bill (H.R. 2646) to provide for the continuation of agricultural programs through fiscal year 2011, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

ON RESOLUTION REPORT PRO-VIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF MOTIONS TO SUSPEND THE RULES

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 107-427) on the resolution (H. Res. 404) providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

COMMUNICATION FROM CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LAHOOD) laid before the House the following communication from the chairman of the Committee on Energy and Commerce:

U.S. House of Representatives. COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE, Washington, DC, April 29, 2002.

Hon. J. Dennis Hastert, Speaker, House of Representatives, Washington,

DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: This is to formally notify you pursuant to Rule VIII of the Rules of the House that the Committee on Energy and Commerce has received a subpoena for documents issued by the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas.

After consultation with the Office of General Counsel, I will make the determinations required by Rule VIII.

Sincerely,

W.J. "BILLY" TAUZIN, Chairman.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2001, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LIPINSKI) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. LIPINSKI addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

HIGHER OIL PRICES DUE TO EX-CESSIVE LAWS AND REGULA-TIONS DEMANDED BY BIG GOV-ERNMENT LIBERALS AND ENVI-RONMENTAL EXTREMISTS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. DUNCAN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Speaker, the very people who have caused high gas prices in this country are now crying the loudest about the oil companies raising prices. Most experts say gas prices are going to go much higher.

What is causing this is not collusion among the oil companies as much as laws and rules and regulations demanded by big government liberals and environmental extremists. Approximately 36 oil refineries have closed in this country since 1980 due to costly environmental rules. This keeps gas prices high and will drive them even higher.

Environmental groups have demonstrated for years against drilling for oil anyplace in this country. ANWR is just the latest example. This has kept gas prices high, and they will go higher if we do not at some point get some common sense back into our rules and regulations in this regard, and if we keep not letting anybody produce any oil in this country. This keeps gas prices high and will help drive them even higher.

When I was a boy, a poor man could start a gas station. Now, because of all the environmental rules and regulations and red tape, it costs a fortune to open a gas station. This causes gas prices to be higher, and will drive them higher if we do not, as I said a moment ago, get a little common sense and balance back into these rules.

Oil companies have been forced to merge and get bigger to survive. Small companies have been forced out of business by excessive and overly costly and expensive regulations. This has caused gas prices to be higher, and probably are headed even higher.

Sometimes those who shout the loudest about being for the little guy are actually the best friends that extremely big business has. In almost every area, in almost every industry, Mr. Speaker, big-government liberals and environmental extremists have driven small- and now even medium-sized companies out of business, thus removing much competition for the really big companies.

I was told that in 1978 there were 157 small coal companies in east Tennessee. Now there are none. I think this is why so many extremely big businesses fund these environmental groups. In fact, it would not surprise me at all if Arab oil interests were funding most of the fight against drilling for oil in Alaska and other places in this country.

But whatever it is, Mr. Speaker, whether it is small logging companies in communities in the Northwest or coal companies in Tennessee, it seems that groups are protesting anytime anybody wants to drill for any oil, dig for any coal, cut any trees, or produce any natural gas in this country.

We cannot, Mr. Speaker, shut the whole country down. They always base everything on tourism. Tourism is a minimum wage industry. I can tell the Members this: I have a lot of parents and grandparents who come to me with their college graduate kids and they cannot find jobs because we have forced so many companies to move jobs to other countries, and we have shut so many things down in this country.

Most of these environmentalists seem to come from wealthy or very upper-income families, and perhaps they do not realize how much they are hurting the poor and the lower-income and the working people in this country; but they are destroying jobs, they are driving up prices, and they will keep on doing this harm if we do not talk about this and discuss this a little further in this country today.

We need to do something about this, so that we can bring prices down. If we keep on letting environmental extremists dictate the agenda in this Congress, we are going to destroy jobs and drive up prices; and as I say, we are going to really hurt the lower-income and working people in this Nation.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. KAPTUR addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentle-woman from the District of Columbia (Ms. NORTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. NORTON addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

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## ASTHMA AWARENESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LaHood). Under a previous order of the

House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. BARTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. BARTON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, this week and today we are trying to focus attention on the problem of asthma in the United States. I am one of the original sponsors, and to this day, chief sponsors of Asthma Awareness Day. Senator Kennedy in the other body and the gentleman from Rhode Island (Mr. KENNEDY) in this body, and a number of other House Members and Members of the other body are trying to focus attention on what we can do to help alleviate the causes of asthma and the symptoms of asthma and bring attention to the fact that millions and millions of Americans, both adult and young children, are afflicted by this.

The good news is that most asthmatics can lead normal, healthy lives without any really negatives consequences. I have a son, Brad Barton, who is 31. He has had asthma all his life, and yet he in high school was a star member of his tennis team and active in academics and athletics in his high school. He is now married and the father of two fine children my two grandsons, Blake and Brant. He has had inhalers and various medicines that he has taken in his entire life, but he leads a normal healthy life. So we are holding a number of events.

We had a reception last evening over at Union Station. We have another reception this afternoon, and we are just trying to bring attention to the fact that there is a lot that can be done on asthma. And there is a lot we can do to help those who have asthma to make their lives full and productive. One of the most famous asthmatics today is Jerome Bettis, the running back for the Pittsburg Steelers. He is one of the chief national spokesmen to bring attention to the affliction of asthma and how he can function as a member of the Pittsburg Steelers and be as effective and have the all-pro running back that he has had.

Mr. Speaker, I am just here to encourage all of my Members as we try to educate the American people about asthma and to continue the research and to find a way to prevent it and cure it and to help develop medicines that can make it easier for those of us who have it.

Asthma affects nearly five million children and causes more than 5,000 deaths each year. It is the leading cause of missed school days, yet many schools do not allow students to carry and use prescribed lifesaving asthma medication. When physicians prescribe inhalers, they instruct patients to carry them at all times. Asthma can happen any time, anywhere—in the classroom, on the playground, or in the lunchroom-so it's important for students to have immediate access to their inhalers. To date, the Allergy and Asthma Network-Mothers of Asthmatics (AANMA) has found only 17 states that have developed laws or policies which protect children's rights to carry inhalers in school. Schools that restrict or revoke this right, put themselves and students with asthma at risk. They also put other students at risk of witnessing a potentially lifethreatening asthma attack. I strongly support children's rights to carry inhalers at school, and would urge States and local school districts to make this lifesaving decision for their students.

# BLOATED FARM BILL NEEDS THE KNIFE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. FLAKE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Speaker, tomorrow we will vote on the conference report of the farm bill. I think it is important to stand up and express opposition to this measure. I think it is probably the worst piece of legislation we will vote on this year. It has been called the largest expansion of the Federal Government on domestic terms aside from military policy in this great society.

If you look at it over the next 10 years we will be spending, the average American family will spend about \$1,800 just in taxes to support the subsidy payments as part of this farm bill. Above and beyond all that, the average American family will spend about \$2,500 in increased and inflated food prices because of the price supports inherent in this bill.

I grew up on a farm, I am one of 11 children in northern Arizona. And one of my more unusual chores growing up was what I called bloat watch. I would sit on the top of a hill and overlook the alfalfa field where cattle were grazing. And when a critter would assume the "I'm bloated and I cannot get up position," I was to rush to the field with a knife in hand and stab the critter high on the left side behind the last rib. I am sure it was not very pleasant, but it would save the critter's life. And silage pent-up gas would spew and rain down all over. But it was the only thing that would save the critter.

It is much like this farm bill. I feel like reaching for my knife whenever we debate it. It is bloated bigger than ever, and we have got to take some drastic measures to rein it in.

I think that it is not only bad policy, I think that is accepted by just about everyone, but it is bad politics by Republicans. We have always stood for freedom as opposed to security. I think it is not ironic that the farm bill is replacing the Freedom to Farm Act with the Farm Security Act. I think we are going the wrong direction when we do this. We have to stand for freedom in all areas. Farmers ought to be free for all they want and gain a profit for what they sell, not to be told by government how much they can plant and when they can plant it.

We are moving far, too far away from the free market. I hope we will reconsider. I hope if we do not reconsider, that the President is waiting with veto pen in hand.