investors by improving the accuracy and reliability of corporate disclosures made pursuant to the securities laws, and for other purposes:

Ms. KILPATRICK. Mr. Chairman, yesterday, the House passed H.R. 3763. The bill was supposed to create a sense of security for workers and victims who are in fear of another Enron disaster. It does not, and for that reason I voted "no" on its passage.

The bill gives the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) the option to establish a Public Regulatory Organization (PRO) if it felt investigations or disciplinary measures were warranted. The problem is that there is no real power with an option. The SEC needs the legislative authority to create the type of PRO we want; yet H.R. 3763 lacks the explicit language mandating its creation. Without the express language, there is no guarantee the PRO would be created.

The Democratic substitute would explicitly create the Public Regulatory Organization. Additionally, the substitute would provide the PRO with the express power to supervise, oversee and discipline illegal activity. Under the substitute, the PRO could supersede the current regulations if more stringent ones were required. H.R. 3763 does nothing of the sort. It does not specify authority to a PRO, if the SEC decided to create one. Essentially, H.R. 3763 would only have the potential of creating a toothless organization with weak disciplinary authority.

H.R 3763 does not live up to its promises and will not prevent a reoccurrence of future Enron-like tragedies. The bill, if made law, will do nothing of substance. I want to make sure that my constituents and all American workers are safe from disasters such as Enron. I want to make sure that the victims feel their voices are heard. This issue is of great concern to me, and I will not vote for a bill that lulls workers into a false sense of security.

COMMEMORATION OF ARMENIAN GENOCIDE

SPEECH OF

HON. FRANK PALLONE, JR.

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES $Thursday,\,April\,\,25,\,2002$

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, yesterday marked the 87th anniversary of the beginning of the Armenian Genocide. On April 24, 1915, 250 Armenian intellectuals and political leaders were arrested and later executed as the rulers of the Ottoman Empire implemented their plan to eradicate their Armenian subjects. This action against the Armenian community's elite marked the beginning of one of the most horrendous events in the history of humankind. Throughout this past week, Armenians have gathered worldwide to remember their martyrs and survivors and to seek universal affirmation of this crime against humanity. On Sunday, I joined hundreds of Armenian-Americans at a commemorative event in Times Square in New York City.

From 1915–1923, the Ottoman Empire brutally and systematically attempted to destroy its Armenian population, killing 1.5 million and expelling an additional 500,000 people from their homeland of 3,000 years. This was the first act of Genocide of the 20th century. It is

a fact that no amount of revisionist history or blatant denial by the Turkish Government can change. It is our duty to the victims and survivors of the Armenian Genocide not to let denial prevail.

Every April 24th, Members of Congress come to the House and Senate floor to give support to the memory of the lives cut short by the Ottoman Empire. We do so to honor the memory of those innocent victims who were set upon for only one reason—they were Armenian. One and a half million men and women, young and old, able bodied or not, were driven from their ancestral homeland and brutally massacred. That number is almost incomprehensible, but let me try to put it in perspective.

In the 1990 census, the population of the City of Philadelphia, the fifth largest urban center in the United States, was listed at a little over 1.5 million people. The Ottoman Empire drove the equivalent of the entire population of this city, the birthplace of the United States Constitution, into the deserts to die.

As a matter of state policy, the Ottoman Turks marched entire populations of countless Armenian villages into the desert until they died of starvation, disease, exhaustion, or of the tortures and rapes that were a fixture on these death marches. Those who survived this merciless torment suffered inhumanities that no people should have to endure. Some made daring escapes in cover of night, and others were committed to slavery. It was not uncommon for a starved Armenian to be mistaken for dead and hide under the bodies of their friends and family members. There were no proper burials of the dead, no last rites given. If we continue to let Turkey deny that this Genocide of an ancient people took place, those who died will never have the justice they rightly deserve.

Two weeks ago, 161 Members of this House of Representatives and I sent a letter to President Bush asking that he fulfill his campaign promise and use the word "genocide" in his annual April 24th address. We sent a similar letter to the President last year, but with only 107 signatures. I feel that the 55-member increase in support of this just cause is a barometer of the House of Representatives. Members and their constituents are clearly calling on the President to characterize the Genocide accurately and fully.

The President's statement yesterday was a graphic depiction of the crimes against humanity that were perpetrated against the Armenians in the Ottoman Empire from 1915–1923. 1 was disappointed to see that President Bush did not use the word genocide in his address, but he did call on Turkey to recognize their history. He said "Transcending this venomous pattern requires painful introspection about the past and wise determination to forge a new future based on truth and reconciliation. In this spirit, I look forward to Turkey restoring economic, political, and cultural links with Armenia."

The message is clear; Turkey must recognize the genocide of its past and accept that Armenia is an integral and necessary sovereign neighbor. It must drop the illegal blockade against Armenia, and establish full and normal diplomatic and economic relations. Reconciliation with its past and normalization of relations with Armenia is the only way for Turkey to step out of the dark shadow of its history of genocide. The entire western world,

which Turkey so desires to be a part of, demands it.

We have seen a tremendous amount of disregard for the sanctity of human life in the past year. No one could have predicted the terrorist attacks of September 11th, or the profound effect it has had on the American people. 3,000 innocent people perished in the fall of the World Trade Center Towers in New York City. It seems that everyone knew at least one person, directly or not, that lost their lives that day. It would take 5,000 Twin Towers to equal the number that died in the Genocide

The importance of American affirmation of the Armenian Genocide grows every year. There are fewer survivors every April 24th, and their small numbers are dwindling rapidly. As important as remembering those that perished, we must learn the lessons that the loss of their lives gave us. The world stood by during the Genocide, and Adolf Hitler learned the lesson of indifference. In 1939, to quell the voices of discontent amongst his generals on the eve of his invasion of Poland, he said, "Who after all, speaks today of the annihilation of the Armenians?" He destroyed 6 million Jews and millions of others with those eleven cynical words.

As we embark on a new century, we must make sure that we have learned the lessons of the humankind's capacity for brutality, and we must combat this with truth about the past, compassion for our common man, and a refusal to let these crimes against humanity be repeated. We must remember and learn from tragic events that befell the Armenians. That is the only way that we can be certain that this horrific event, which almost destroyed one of the oldest cultures on the planet, from happening again.

COMMEMORATION OF ARMENIAN GENOCIDE

SPEECH OF

HON. CHRISTOPHER H. SMITH

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, April 24, 2002

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I rise again, as we do at this time every year, to commemorate those who lost their lives, their families, and their livelihood in the Armenian genocide. That terrible tragedy, pertated by the Ottoman Empire in 1915 and afterwards, marked the first of the 20th century's state-ordered genocides against a minority group.

Traditionally, Armenians everywhere have set apart April 24 to mark the genocide in solemn remembrance. For friends of Armenians, this is an occasion to express solidarity with the worldwide Armenian community. We mourn the dead and express our condolences to their living descendants. On this occasion, we reflect upon the meaning and lessons of their suffering and sacrifice.

Surely the most basic lesson we should have learned from Armenia's catastrophe is elementary courtesy towards the truth in the face of horror. It is always better to build the future on a foundation of transparency, honesty and reconciliation about the past. We should not, we must not, shrink from the correct term to characterize what happened. I appreciated very much Governor George W.

Bush's statement in February 2000 when he said, "The Armenians were subjected to a genocidal campaign that defies comprehension and commands all decent people to remember and acknowledge the facts and lessons of an awful crime in a century of bloody crimes against humanity." In a letter to the President last year, I noted my support for his "principled stand on the issue [which was] a welcome change from previous practice."

Mr. Speaker, as we commemorate this appalling tragedy of last century resulting in the massacre of "as many as 1.5 million Armenians through forced exile and murder", let us not shy away from using the correct term: genocide.

I do agree with the President's statement yesterday "recognizing that demonizing others lays the foundation for a dark cycle of hatred. Transcending this venomous pattern requires painful introspection about the past and wise determination to forge a new future based on truth and reconciliation. In this spirit, I look forward to Turkey restoring economic, political, and cultural links with Armenia."

Mr. Speaker, next year, we will mark this somber anniversary once again. Let us hope that Armenians and their friends all over the world will take some solace in the vision of Armenia living in peace with her neighbors and in prosperity and impressing the world with the spiritual and material products of the unbreakable Armenian spirit.

PAYING TRIBUTE TO CENA TROUTMAN, RN

HON. SCOTT McINNIS

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, April 25, 2002

Mr. McINNIS. It is a great honor to be able to recognize the hard work and dedication of a member of my district Ms. Cena Troutman. She is a woman whose compassion and dedication to improving the lives of her fellow man is a testament to the human spirit. Cena has selflessly given fifty years of incredible service to the people of Colorado as a nurse at the Heart of the Rockies Regional Medical Center. She is now retiring from her job and I can think of no better way to thank Cena and celebrate her retirement than to recognize her achievements.

Cena remembers wanting to be a nurse at an early age because of helping her grandmother. Cena has come a long way since then; she is now the supervisor for all of the nurses in the hospital. This requires expertise in each of the areas in the hospital including neo-natal resuscitation and advanced cardiac life support. This type of excellence can only be achieved by countless hours of hard work and tireless dedication. Cena's need to help others also inspired her to join the Navy medical unit. Shortly after she met a handsome young sailor, Russ Troutman who would become her husband. They were soon married and began their life as a family when Cena became pregnant with the couples first child. Cena then returned to the hospital to continue nursing, as a wife and a mother. Today she is the proud and loving mother of four, all of whom live in Colorado and lead successful lives. After fifty years of giving to both her own children and her patients, Cena is retiring to spend more time with her loving children.

Over the years, Cena has seen many changes in the health care profession—from the all white uniforms when she first started to the casual attire of today, and the technological advancements that make modern medicine possible. One thing, however, remains the same—the compassion she brings to her job. It is Cena's compassion that I wish to bring to the attention of this body of Congress and this nation. Her dedication and excellence is an example for us all. Thank you Cena for all that you have done for us and enjoy your well-deserved retirement.

TRIBUTE TO ALLEN MORRIS

HON. CORRINE BROWN

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, April 25, 2002

Ms. BROWN of Florida. Mr. Speaker, it is with sorrow that I announce the passing of my friend and mentor Allen Morris on April 22. Dr. Morris was the Clerk for the Florida House of Representatives from 1966 to 1986, and Clerk Emeritus until retiring in 1996.

In his role as Capitol reporter and political columnist, Morris helped write the House rules that he later served to interpret. He taught generations of legislators the rhyme and reason of the House and was the most knowledgeable person regarding the history of the legislature that I have ever met. Morris' name graced 28 editions of the Florida Handbook, the definitive guide to Florida's political history, and he was the originator of the Clerk's Manual.

Dr. Morris is survived by his wife of 36 years, Joan Morris, and his two children, David Morris of Tallahassee and Martha Marsh of Atlanta.

Florida has lost a precious resource. We will all miss him.

TRIBUTE TO THE BRONX SHEP-HERDS RESTORATION CORPORA-TION

HON. JOSÉ E. SERRANO

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 25, 2002

Mr. SERRANO. Mr. Speaker, for the past few years I have come before my colleagues to honor the Bronx Shepherds Restoration Corporation. This year, on their twenty-third anniversary, I am proud to say that this illustrious organization continues to thrive and serve the people of the South Bronx successfully.

The Bronx Shepherds Restoration Corporation is an organization that was founded on the idea that uplifting individuals one by one is the best way to uplift a community. Members of the Corporation work relentlessly to fulfill the needs of South Bronx residents and understand that by 'restoring' these people, they are aiding the restoration of the entire South Bronx community.

Mr. Speaker, this great organization serves as a prime example of how a solid structure, good foundation, and a genuine desire to reach out and lend a helping hand can endure the test of time. Over the past twenty-three

years, The Bronx Shepherds Restoration Corporation has continued to grow and reach new levels each year. Such growth could not be possible without dedicated members who lend their expertise and passion daily and an innovative leader, to make sure that the Corporation always makes it to that next level. The entire Bronx community is grateful to all of the individuals who have filled these roles for the past twenty-three years.

The services provided by the Bronx Shepherds Restoration Corporation are vital for many individuals. Many people would not be able to accomplish many of their hopes and dreams for themselves and their children without the Corporation there to help them find affordable housing, continue their educations, or gain access to better health care.

I am happy to once again congratulate the Bronx Shepherds Restoration Corporation on another year of outstanding work. I am confident that many more years of great service are yet to come. I ask my esteemed colleagues to please join me in honoring the Bronx Shepherds Restoration Corporation on its twenty-third anniversary.

NATIONAL URBAN WATERSHED MODEL RESTORATION ACT

HON. ELEANOR HOLMES NORTON

OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Thursday, April 25, 2002

Ms. NORTON. Mr. Speaker, today, as we continue this week of emphasis on preserving and restoring the nation's environment, I am pleased to introduce the National Urban Watershed Model Restoration Act. a bill to establish a new approach to restoring urban waters. This pilot program, to be administered by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), will serve as a national model for the restoration of urban watersheds and community environments. The Anacostia River has been chosen as the pilot river because it is located in the nation's capital and much of its waste and pollution is from federal sources. The Anacostia has drawn national attention and thus can lead the way for community-involved cleanup approaches that can be modeled and taken up nationally.

To achieve more focused and rapid action, the new program will integrate the various regulatory and non-regulatory programs of the EPA with other federal, state, and local programs to restore and protect the Anacostia River and promote community risk reduction. The EPA is to coordinate its efforts with other federal partners, particularly the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. In addition to addressing a major local environmental concern, this model program will provide a framework for urban communities around the nation to work towards sustainable community redevelopment and to meet national environmental goals.

Under the new program, the EPA shall allocate a total of \$1,000,000 per year over the next 4 fiscal years to implement the provisions of the Model Program. The EPA may authorize no less than \$500,000 annually in the form of grants, which are to be matched on a 75–25 basis with other federal funds and state, local, and private contributions.

Community involvement is a centerpiece of this bill. The EPA must develop and coordinate consensus strategies for the restoration