

Washington State to restore and enhance conditions in riparian areas by planting trees and shrubs for the benefit of fishery habitat and water quality; and

Whereas, The conservation reserve enhancement program is available for a number of categories of agricultural lands but is not available to lands that produce perennial horticultural crops;

Now, therefore, Your Memorialists respectfully pray that the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture review the department's policies regarding the conservation reserves enhancement program and alter those policies to allow the inclusion in the program of lands that are currently used to produce perennial horticultural crops. Be it

Resolved, That copies of this Memorial be immediately transmitted to the Honorable George W. Bush, President of the United States, Ann Veneman, the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and each member of Congress from the State of Washington.

POM-51. A resolution adopted by the House of the Legislature of the State of Missouri relative to the Individuals with Disabilities Act; to the Committee on Appropriations.

RESOLUTION

Whereas, the original passage of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) in 1975 established a program of free appropriate public education to better enable students with disabilities to achieve their greatest potential; and

Whereas, IDEA also represented an advance in civil rights for disabled children through equal protection; and

Whereas, Missouri has demonstrated a strong commitment to serving our children with disabilities through provision of special education and related services to over 127,000 students (14.18 percent of public school enrollment); and

Whereas, the original intent of the 94th Congress was to fund IDEA at 40% of the average per pupil expenditures for Part B of IDEA, but funding has never exceeded 13%; and

Whereas, federal law requires school districts to meet federal standards, but Congress has not provided the promised funding necessary to achieve those standards; and

Whereas, Missouri and several other states have legal prohibitions on passing unfunded mandates to the local level and therefore must either make up the shortfall or ask local districts to do so and thereby risk litigation; and

Whereas, local districts must then cover the mandated expenses of special education and reduce funding for teachers, textbooks and supplies, building maintenance and repair, as well as meet the counterproductive reporting burden which severely reduces teacher availability; Now therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of the House of Representatives of the Ninety-first General Assembly, First Regular Session, the Senate concurring therein, hereby urge that before the 107th Congress considers any other education initiatives, that IDEA receive prompt and full funding, and the reporting requirements of IDEA be significantly reduced; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Missouri House of Representatives be instructed to prepare properly inscribed copies of this resolution for the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and every member of the Missouri Congressional delegation.

POM-52. A joint resolution adopted by the House of the Legislature of the State of

Maine relative to National Parks in Maine's North Woods; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Whereas, Maine residents and visitors enjoy the privilege of using large tracts of private land in the north woods for recreational uses such as snowmobiling, hunting, hiking, fishing, white water rafting and other related functions; and

Whereas, the future of that private land is of great importance to the people of Maine and their outdoor heritage; and

Whereas, the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and many of the large landowners have or are entering into cooperative wildlife management agreements that ensure the future of critical wildlife population in the north woods; and

Whereas, state agencies and nonprofit organizations are cooperating in an unprecedented effort to secure permanent rights of access to the north woods and keep valuable recreational property and natural habitat undeveloped through conservation easements; and

Whereas, federal ownership or control of the north woods would create many problems including limitations on access and use and loss of local and state control of these areas; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That We, your Memorialists, oppose the creation of a national park in Maine's north woods and request that the President of the United States and Secretary of the Interior Gale A. Norton abandon plans to conduct a feasibility study concerning establishing a national park in Maine's north woods; and be it further

Resolved, That suitable copies of this resolution, duly authenticated by the Secretary of State, be transmitted to the President of the United States, to the President of the United States Senate, to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, to the Secretary of the Interior Gale A. Norton and to each member of the Maine Congressional Delegation.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. McCRAIN, from the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, with amendments.

S. 718: A bill to direct the National Institute of Standards and Technology to establish a program to support research and training in methods of detecting the use of performance-enhancing drugs by athletes, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 107-16).

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. McCRAIN (for himself, Mr. EDWARDS, and Mr. KENNEDY):

S. 872. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage; read the first time.

By Mr. HELMS (for himself, Mr. THURMOND, Mr. HUTCHINSON, and Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire):

S. 873. A bill to preserve and protect the free choice of individual employees to form, join, or assist labor organizations, or to refrain from such activities; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. TORRICELLI:

S. 874. A bill to require health plans to include infertility benefits, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. BREAUX (for himself and Mr. ENSIGN):

S. 875. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a credit against income tax for taxpayers owning certain commercial power takeoff vehicles; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire, Mr. REID, Mr. WARNER, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Mr. CHAFEE):

S. 876. A bill to amend the National Environmental Education Act to redesignate that Act as the "John H. Chafee Environmental Education Act., to establish the John H. Chafee Memorial Fellowship Program and the Theodore Roosevelt Environmental Stewardship Grant Program, to extend the programs under that Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

By Mr. NELSON of Florida (for himself, Mr. DODD, and Mr. KENNEDY):

S. 877. A bill to amend the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 to require that a warning label be affixed to arsenic-treated wood sold in the United States; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. KENNEDY (for himself, Mr. LUGAR, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. BIDEN, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. KERRY, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. CHAFEE, Mr. CORZINE, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. BAYH, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. REED, Mr. KOHL, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. SARBAKES, Mr. WELLSTONE, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. McCRAIN, and Mrs. CLINTON):

S. Res. 88. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate on the importance of membership of the United States on the United Nations Human Rights Commission; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 41

At the request of Mr. HATCH, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. SMITH, of Oregon) was added as a cosponsor of S. 41, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permanently extend the research credit and to increase the rates of the alternative incremental credit.

S. 88

At the request of Mr. ROCKEFELLER, the name of the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. THURMOND) was added as a cosponsor of S. 88, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide an incentive to ensure that all Americans gain timely and equitable access to the Internet over current and future generations of broadband capability.

S. 104

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the names of the Senator from Montana

(Mr. BAUCUS), the Senator from Delaware (Mr. CARPER), and the Senator from California (Mrs. FEINSTEIN) were added as a cosponsors of S. 104, a bill to require equitable coverage of prescription contraceptive drugs and devices, and contraceptive services under health plans.

S. 145

At the request of Mr. THURMOND, the name of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. JOHNSON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 145, a bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to increase to parity with other surviving spouses the basic annuity that is provided under the uniformed services Survivor Benefit Plan for surviving spouses who are at least 62 years of age, and for other purposes.

S. 155

At the request of Mr. BINGAMAN, the name of the Senator from Montana (Mr. BAUCUS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 155, a bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to eliminate an inequity in the applicability of early retirement eligibility requirements to military reserve technicians.

S. 166

At the request of Mrs. FEINSTEIN, the name of the Senator from Illinois (Mr. DURBIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 166, a bill to limit access to body armor by violent felons and to facilitate the donation of Federal surplus body armor to State and local law enforcement agencies.

S. 258

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the name of the Senator from Iowa (Mr. HARKIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 258, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for coverage under the medicare program of annual screening pap smear and screening pelvic exams.

S. 263

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the name of the Senator from Iowa (Mr. HARKIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 263, a bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to ensure that coverage of bone mass measurements is provided under the health benefits program for Federal employees.

S. 318

At the request of Mr. DASCHLE, the name of the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. FEINGOLD) was added as a cosponsor of S. 318, a bill to prohibit discrimination on the basis of genetic information with respect to health insurance.

S. 321

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SPECTER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 321, a bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to provide families of disabled children with the opportunity to purchase coverage under the medicaid program for such children, and for other purposes.

S. 327

At the request of Mr. REED, the name of the Senator from New York (Mr.

SCHUMER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 327, a bill to amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to provide up-to-date school library media resources and well-trained, professionally certified school library media specialists for elementary schools and secondary schools, and for other purposes.

S. 452

At the request of Mr. MURKOWSKI, the names of the Senator from Wyoming (Mr. ENZI) and the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. NELSON, of Nebraska) were added as a cosponsors of S. 452, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to ensure that the Secretary of Health and Human Services provides appropriate guidance to physicians, providers of services, and ambulance providers that are attempting to properly submit claims under the medicare program to ensure that the Secretary does not target inadvertent billing errors.

S. 484

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. GRAHAM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 484, a bill to amend part B of title IV of the Social Security Act to create a grant program to promote joint activities among Federal, State, and local public child welfare and alcohol and drug abuse prevention and treatment agencies.

S. 497

At the request of Mr. LEAHY, the names of the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. DODD) and the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KENNEDY) were added as a cosponsors of S. 497, a bill to express the sense of Congress that the Department of Defense should field currently available weapons, other technologies, tactics and operational concepts that provide suitable alternatives to anti-personnel mines and mixed anti-tank mine systems and that the United States should end its use of such mines and join the Convention on the Prohibition of Anti-Personnel Mines as soon as possible, to expand support for mine action programs including mine victim assistance, and for other purposes.

S. 548

At the request of Mr. HARKIN, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. TORRICELLI) was added as a cosponsor of S. 548, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide enhanced reimbursement for, and expanded capacity to, mammography services under the medicare program, and for other purposes.

S. 606

At the request of Mr. CRAPO, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SANTORUM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 606, a bill to provide additional authority to the Office of Ombudsman of the Environmental Protection Agency.

S. 656

At the request of Mr. REED, the name of the Senator from Massachusetts

(Mr. KENNEDY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 656, a bill to provide for the adjustment of status of certain nationals of Liberia to that of lawful permanent residence.

S. 677

At the request of Mr. HATCH, the names of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. DASCHLE) and the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. CHAFEE) were added as a cosponsors of S. 677, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the required use of certain principal repayments on mortgage subsidy bond financing to redeem bonds, to modify the purchase price limitation under mortgage subsidy bond rules based on median family income, and for other purposes.

S. 681

At the request of Mr. CRAPO, the name of the Senator from Colorado (Mr. CAMPBELL) was added as a cosponsor of S. 681, a bill to help ensure general aviation aircraft access to Federal land and to the airspace over that land.

S. 694

At the request of Mr. LEAHY, the name of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KENNEDY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 694, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that a deduction equal to fair market value shall be allowed for charitable contributions of literary, musical, artistic, or scholarly compositions created by the donor.

S. 697

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the names of the Senator from Washington (Ms. CANTWELL) and the Senator from New York (Mrs. CLINTON) were added as a cosponsors of S. 697, a bill to modernize the financing of the railroad retirement system and to provide enhanced benefits to employees and beneficiaries.

S. 721

At the request of Mr. HUTCHINSON, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SANTORUM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 721, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to establish a Nurse Corps and recruitment and retention strategies to address the nursing shortage, and for other purposes.

S. 749

At the request of Mr. FITZGERALD, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. SARBANES) was added as a cosponsor of S. 749, a bill to provide that no Federal income tax shall be imposed on amounts received by victims of the Nazi regime or their heirs or estates, and for other purposes.

S. 758

At the request of Mr. HUTCHINSON, the name of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. JOHNSON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 758, a bill to amend the Food Security Act of 1985 to authorize the annual enrollment of land in the wetlands reserve program, to extend the wetlands reserve program through 2005, and for other purposes.

S. 804

At the request of Mrs. FEINSTEIN, the name of the Senator from Vermont

(Mr. JEFFORDS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 804, a bill to amend title 49, United States Code, to require phased increases in the fuel efficiency standards applicable to light trucks; to required fuel economy standards for automobiles up to 10,000 pounds gross vehicle weight; to raise the fuel economy of the Federal fleet of vehicles, and for other purposes.

S. 828

At the request of Mr. LIEBERMAN, the name of the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. CHAFEE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 828, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a credit against income tax for certain energy-efficient property.

S. 833

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the names of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KERRY) and the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. CORZINE) were added as a cosponsors of S. 833, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand the child tax credit.

S. 839

At the request of Mrs. HUTCHISON, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SPECTER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 839, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to increase the amount of payment for inpatient hospital services under the medicare program and to freeze the reduction in payments to hospitals for indirect costs of medical education.

S.J. RES. 7

At the request of Mr. HATCH, the name of the Senator from Louisiana (Mr. BREAUX) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 7, a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States authorizing Congress to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States.

S. RES. 16

At the request of Mr. THURMOND, the names of the Senator from Arizona (Mr. McCAIN), the Senator from Texas (Mr. GRAMM), and the Senator from Maine (Ms. COLLINS) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 16, a resolution designating August 16, 2001, as “National Airborne Day.”

S. RES. 63

At the request of Mr. CAMPBELL, the name of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. JOHNSON) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 63, a resolution commemorating and acknowledging the dedication and sacrifice made by the men and women who have lost their lives while serving as law enforcement officers.

AMENDMENT NO. 376

At the request of Mr. DEWINE, his name was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 376.

At the request of Mr. CLELAND, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. LEVIN) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 376, *supra*.

AMENDMENT NO. 600

At the request of Mr. SESSIONS, the name of the Senator from Nebraska

(Mr. HAGEL) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 600.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. HELMS (for himself, Mr. THURMOND, Mr. HUTCHINSON, and Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire):

S. 873. A bill to preserve and protect the free choice of individual employees to form, join, or assist labor organizations, or to refrain from such activities; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Mr. HELMS. Mr. President, I am honored to join my distinguished colleagues, the Senator from South Carolina, Mr. THURMOND, the Senator from New Hampshire, Mr. SMITH, and the Senator from Arkansas, Mr. HUTCHINSON, in introducing legislation to protect workers from having to pay dues to a labor union simply to keep their jobs. This bill, briefly titled the National Right to Work Act, repeals Federal labor laws allowing union bosses to coerce dues from workers who want to go to work, earn honest paychecks and support their families without being forced to support a labor organization.

The legislation we are introducing today proposes to put an end to more than half a century of Federal labor policy that directly contradicts Thomas Jefferson's famous statement that “to compel a man to furnish contributions of money for the propagation of opinions which he disbelieves, is sinful and tyrannical.”

Specifically, the National Right to Work Act proposes the repeal of those sections of the National Labor Relations Act, NLRA, and the Railway Labor Act, RLA, that allow unions to enter into collective bargaining agreements forcing workers to pay dues as a condition of employment.

These so-called “union security” clauses have been a central tenet of Federal labor law despite interfering with the rights of freedom of speech and association that most Americans take for granted. Under this unfair Federal scheme, labor organizations succeeded in creating workplaces where individual workers have two choices: 1. they either must march in lockstep with local union bosses; or 2. they must forfeit their job.

That's clearly not fair, and in response to the excesses of this abuse of the free association rights of employees, Congress enacted the Taft-Hartley Act in 1947. While this reform bill did not fully right the wrongs of earlier labor legislation, it did grant States the ability to pass legislation overriding the NLRA regarding union security clauses.

Since Taft-Hartley freed State legislature to protect workers, 21 States have passed Right to Work laws, and, not surprisingly, these States have reaped the economic benefits associated with a fair and free labor market.

In fact, the 21 States that have passed Right to Work laws have outperformed non-Right to Work States in job creation, real income, and entrepreneurial growth.

But much work remains unfinished. More than 8 million workers in 29 non-Right to Work States must pay dues to a union as a condition of employment, and another 1 million workers in Right to Work States are forced to pay dues under the Federal Railway Labor Act, which cannot be preempted by State Right to Work laws.

Make no mistake, that warms the hearts of union bosses who take advantage of union security clauses to use workers as cash machines. This gives them an endless source of funding for union activities, including activities not related to collective bargaining activity. The growing influence unions have on the political process—financed by coerced worker dues—is openly acknowledged. During the past election cycle, the AFL-CIO bragged of its plans to spend more than \$40 million on worker-subsidized political activity, nearly all on behalf of liberal candidates.

These politicians who continue to benefit from the Big Labor cash cow have been successful in protecting the union's ability to coerce money from their membership. But the American people aren't fooled. For more than 20 years, Americans have consistently told pollsters that they believe that a requirement to pay union dues as a condition of employment is unfair. In 1997, a Mason-Dixon poll found that 77 percent of Americans agreed with the statement that workers should be able to keep their job regardless of whether they belong to unions.

They're right, and I hope that this legislation will soon put an end to congressional tolerance of forced worker dues. I'm proud to stand with my distinguished colleagues in supporting the National Right to Work Act.

By Mr. TORRICELLI:

S. 874. A bill to require health plans to include infertility benefits, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Mr. TORRICELLI. Mr. President, I rise today to reintroduce legislation that would greatly improve the lives of millions of Americans, thousands of whom live in my State of New Jersey, who are infertile. The Fair Access to Infertility Treatment and Hope, FAITH, Act first introduced during the 106th Congress, will again give hope to those families who have struggled silently for years with the knowledge that they cannot have children.

For many American families, the blessing of raising a family is one of the most basic human desires. Unfortunately almost fifteen percent of all married couples, over six million American families, are unable to have children due to infertility.

The physical and emotional toll that infertility has on families is impossible