

made him the center of any gathering he was ever part of.

John belonged to the Cascade County Bar Association, the Montana Bar Association, the Montana and the American Trial Lawyers Association. John was also an active member of the Montana and American Angus Associations. He was awarded a Lifetime Achievement Citation by the Montana Trial Lawyers, in recognition of his fifty years of distinguished trial practice in Montana.

John is survived by his wife, Vickie, of the Jolly Roger Ranch in Belt; his son, John Richard (Rosemary) of Washington state; his daughter, Mary Lou (Dennis) Sandretto, and his grandchildren, Rachel, Ariel and David Sandretto, all of Georgia; and his sister, Lois Matsler, of Bloomington, Illinois. He is also survived by countless friends and colleagues and acquaintances throughout his beloved Montana. Montana may never know the likes of John Hoyt again. He left Montana for a better place. His generous financial gifts to the University of Montana, both the Athletic Department and the Law School will sustain his legacy for generations that come afterwards. As John would say: Up with Montana—Go Griz!•

TRIBUTE TO DON C. NICKERSON

• Mr. HARKIN. Mr. President, I'd like to take a few minutes to honor Don C. Nickerson for his outstanding work as United States Attorney for the Southern District of Iowa.

Don Nickerson has been a leader in the state of Iowa for thirty years, starting back when he served as Student Body Vice President and President of the Senior Men's Honorary at Iowa State, and as President of the Black Law Students Association at Drake Law School. After graduating from law school, he distinguished himself in community service, private practice, and as an Assistant United States Attorney in the Southern District before being appointed as U.S. Attorney for the district in 1993.

During his years in the U.S. Attorney's Office, Don became known as a passionate and innovative leader. He established the Quad Cities Branch Office of the U.S. Attorney's office—the first ever interagency branch office established in the United States. He also served as Chair of the Health Care Fraud Subcommittee of the Attorney General's Advisory Committee and worked closely with Attorney General Reno to combat health care fraud.

And Don was a personal mentor to Iowa's youth because he knew that reaching out to children early in life goes a long way in preventing them from straying in the future. In fact, Don was instrumental in establishing Camp DEFY—a camp and mentorship program to help kids stay away from drugs, alcohol and tobacco in Iowa.

But Don has never been content to confine his service to the official duties

of the U.S. Attorney. He's brought his passion for service to the classroom, serving as an Instructor with Drake University Legal Clinic and Des Moines Area Community College. He's brought it to civic organizations like Partnership for a Drug Free Iowa, the United Way of Central Iowa and the Iowa Commission on the Aging. And he's brought it to professional organizations like the Midwest High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area Demand Reduction Subcommittee of which he was chair and the Iowa State and National Bar Associations.

When I think of the work that Don Nickerson has done for our state and our country, I'm reminded of a phrase from the Old Testament: "The Law is a light." Don Nickerson has worked tirelessly to keep that light shining bright in Iowa and to make our state a safer, more just place to raise our children and live our lives.

Don has served our state with honor and loyalty, and it is my pleasure to offer my deepest gratitude for his contributions.●

TRIBUTE TO MR. ARNOLD SPIELBERG

• Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, today I share with you and my colleagues an extraordinary story about an extraordinary American patriot. The gentleman's name is Arnold Spielberg. Yes, he is the father; but his own fame was earned, long before his son's, as a combat airman of the "Greatest Generation."

Like many of us during World War II, Mr. Spielberg heard the call of our great Nation and enlisted in the U.S. Army Signal Corps, just after Pearl Harbor, in January 1942. After several weeks of training at Fort Thomas and in Louisville, KY, he was transferred to the 422nd Signal Company at the New Orleans Army Air Corps Base near Lake Pontchartrain. Private Spielberg then spent the next 3 months doing close order drill and teaching Morse code to unwilling recruits. He recalled that in an effort to get the attention of these unwilling recruits, he would send them "colorful" jokes and stories to keep their attention. It worked.

In May 1942, he boarded a troop ship in Charleston, SC and 2 months later, disembarked in Karachi, India. Once in India, he was stationed at the Leslie Wilson Muslim Hostel working at the Karachi Classification Depot. His job was to essentially open up shipments of war materiel, aircraft parts mostly, check them against the technical manuals to figure out which aircraft they went to and label them. While this was important work, Mr. Spielberg wanted to be closer to the action and asked his Commanding Officer for a transfer to the 490th Bombardment Squadron, Medium. He got it and was on his way.

Corporal Spielberg tackled his new assignment with enthusiasm and vigor. He set up the communications system

that serviced the control tower for planes practicing strafing and bombing missions on an island in the Indian Ocean. He also started to train as a radio gunner and learned all about the B-25's, the famous Mitchell bomber, communication equipment, inside and out.

Because of his hard work and diligence, Corporal Spielberg quickly earned the rank of Master Sergeant and the reputation as an expert signalman. He designed a high gain, bi-directional rhombic antenna, using giant bamboo poles for support. Their signal was as clear as "Ma' Bell." He also tackled the somewhat menacing problem of electric power. The base power was supplied by a large British diesel generator that produced 250 volts at 50 cycles. The radio equipment ran on 115 volts at 60 cycles. In order to use the British generator, the voltage output needed to be reduced. Master Sergeant Spielberg requisitioned a step down transformer however, he knew that would take six months or so to secure. In the meantime, by the use of a little "horse trading," he enlisted the help of some squadron mates to refurbish the unit's old generator which was then turned in as a spare and a new generator was issued.

The world over, U.S. soldiers, sailors and airmen used their common sense "to make do" when faced with challenging situations of all kinds. We didn't always do it "by the book," but we succeeded.

Master Sergeant Spielberg also redesigned some electrical circuitry because of a critical safety flaw that he discovered at great risk to himself. While performing maintenance on the squadron's large transmitter one morning, Master Sergeant Spielberg turned off the main power source so as to change the bands. Noting the red power light "out," he reached in to pull out the transmitter-turning coil. As he grabbed it, 2600-volts DC current went through his hand and sent him flying in the air. When he returned from seeing the medics, he inspected the transmitter and noticed the relay that controlled the power to the main transformer was "hot wired" to the power side so that the unit continually received power and could not be shut off. He immediately rewired the unit and drafted a correction notice to be distributed to the entire transmitter-user community.

Master Sergeant Spielberg also had the opportunity to fly combat missions. As the Japanese began their invasion of India with a focus on Imphal, his squadron was pressed to fly more missions. They supplied the British and Indian troops with food and ammo, and carried out the wounded. The aircrew soon became exhausted and "overflowed" so the Communications Officer looked to the ground crew. When asked if he would volunteer to fly, Master Sergeant Spielberg said, "Yeah, I'll go first!"—and he did. He flew missions as the radio gunner, at night, into

Imphal, to resupply the troops and bring out the wounded.

Because of his extraordinary initiatives and many other forward-thinking actions, Master Sergeant Spielberg was awarded the Bronze Star medal with a citation that read:

Pursuant to the authority contained in Army Regulations 600-45, War Department, Washington, DC, 22 September 1943, the Bronze Star Medal is hereby awarded to Master Sergeant Arnold M. Spielberg, 15088831:

For meritorious service from 24 July 1942 to 16 October 1944 as communications technician. M/Sgt Spielberg originated numerous modifications and suggestions concerning radio equipment and procedures which were later put in use throughout the Army Air Forces. His untiring efforts and initiative have rendered substantial aid to the operations of his squadron.

By command of Major General Davidson, Headquarters, Tenth Air Force, U.S. Army.

Upon the termination of hostilities in World War II, in the year 1945, all services made an effort to allow those who experienced the battlefields beyond our shores to return, as soon as possible, to their families and homes.

Often the records of their valorous service and the decorations they received had to follow. Given there were over 16 million who proudly wore the uniform of a service, this was a remarkable feat that was accomplished by a war-weary, but joyous nation.

Now, some 56 years later, I was honored to join the present Chief of Staff of the U.S. Air Force, General Michael Ryan, in reviewing the records and expediting the conveyance of the Bronze Star Medal to Master Sergeant Spielberg.●

LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL BANK 2000 MALCOLM BALDRIGE NATIONAL QUALITY AWARD RECIPIENT

● Mr. BINGAMAN. Mr. President, I rise today to applaud one of the many outstanding businesses in New Mexico and one that has distinguished itself remarkably today.

Today the Los Alamos National Bank was one of four recipients of the Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award for the year 2000. Bill Enloe, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of Los Alamos National Bank, and Steve Wells, President of the bank, were on hand to receive this distinguished award from President George Bush and former Commerce Secretary Norman Mineta.

While I was unable to attend the ceremony, I understand that the employees attending the ceremony from Los Alamos National Bank gave Bill and Steve a rousing reception that matched the magnitude of the award and the weight of the crystal presented to Bill and Steve.

Los Alamos National Bank (LANB) is an independent community bank in northern New Mexico that employs 167 employees and serves the communities of Los Alamos, White Rock and Santa Fe. LANB received the Baldrige award in the small business category.

While the Baldrige examiners and judges recognized LANB for its quality and business achievements, I would like to recognize LANB for its outstanding response in the wake of the Cerro Grande fire that struck in May 1999. LANB's decision to provide zero interest loans to those who lost their homes in the fire was not something mandated by the government, it was something they felt was the right thing to do. LANB's decision to postpone mortgage payments for residents was also the right thing to do. This type of service is rare in today's business market, but truly reflective of what it means to be a community bank and one that provides exceptional service to its customers in times of prosperity and in times of need.

Years ago LANB recognized that if it wanted to remain an independently owned bank, it would have to rise above all other banks and strive for excellence. It's ability to accomplish that goal was recognized today. LANB now stands with only 39 previous Malcolm Baldrige Award recipients. I congratulate Bill, Steve and their fine staff on their accomplishments and commitment to the people of northern New Mexico.●

TRIBUTE TO EDDIE FROST

● Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. President, during my four years as a member of the United States Senate, I have traveled across the State of Alabama meeting with local community leaders. I am proud to say that I have developed close, personal friendships with many of these folks. However, in all of my travels around the state, and meetings with public officials, I have enjoyed none more than getting to know Eddie Frost, the Mayor of Florence, Alabama, who died on March 15 after a battle with leukemia.

Florence, AL is a wonderful city with a population of 36,000 people. It is located on the banks of the Tennessee River in northwest Alabama, and it is the largest city in the Shoals area. Eddie Frost was raised in the Shoals, graduated from Sheffield High School, and then he graduated from Florence State University in 1961, which is now the University of North Alabama. Before becoming mayor of Florence, Eddie Frost was a teacher and coach at Bradshaw High School in Florence. In 1976, he coached the Bradshaw basketball team to a 6A state championship, and was recognized as the Alabama Coach of the Year.

He was first elected Mayor of Florence in 1984 when the city moved to a mayor-council form of government. He inherited a city with a bleak economic forecast and a high unemployment rate. Throughout his life, however, Eddie Frost always had a vision for bigger and better things. He immediately put to work his positive spirit, his high energy level, and his unsurpassed dedication to Florence. He helped the city revitalize downtown

Florence, and today, the downtown area is booming.

He also worked tirelessly to see the Patton Island Bridge completed across the Tennessee River. I remember vividly during my campaign for the Senate, he took me up in the Florence Renaissance Tower and pointed out some lonesome concrete supports standing out in the middle of the river. There was no doubt how strongly he felt about completing that bridge project. He understood the economic importance this bridge would have for the Shoals area, and he worked side by side with us here in Washington to find funding for this worthy project. Thanks to his leadership, the bridge is nearly complete.

I also remember Eddie Frost proudly taking me on a tour of his city's recycling center. I admired greatly his use of city prisoners to separate garbage. It provided work for the prisoners, relieved landfill costs, and produced revenue. I have long advocated such projects and have never seen one better run.

Eddie Frost was also instrumental in helping the City of Florence land the NCAA Division II National Football Championship game in 1986. This is a world-class event, and the game has been very successful in Florence. The game has been a success because of the hospitality shown to the players, coaches, and fans by Eddie Frost, the championship committee, and the great people of Florence, Alabama. In December, the city will celebrate the 16th consecutive Division II Championship game in Florence. In addition to football, Eddie Frost brought his love of basketball to Florence. The city is now the home of the annual Alabama-Mississippi high school all-star basketball game.

He was involved in many civic and volunteer organizations, and his life was full of many achievements. He served as President of the Alabama League of Municipalities, Chairman of the American Public Gas Association, Chairman of the Board of Eliza Coffee Memorial Hospital, the hospital in which my eldest daughter was born, and he was Past President of the North Alabama Industrial Development Association. He was a Deacon at Highland Baptist Church in Florence, active in the Northwest Alabama Boys and Girls Club, the United Way, the Lauderdale County Cancer Society, the Lauderdale County Heart Association, and the Leukemia Society of America.

In 1993 he was named the Florence Civitan Citizen of the Year. He was the University of North Alabama's Alumnus of the Year in 1998, a member of the University of North Alabama Athletic Hall of Fame. Last month he was inducted into the Lauderdale County Sports Hall of Fame and the Alabama High School Sports Hall of Fame.

Eddie Frost not only left his mark on the city of Florence, the Shoals area, and the State of Alabama, he left an impression on our hearts. He was honest, out-going, and he was genuine. But