

him, his wife Sheri, and their daughter Shelby.●

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

At 6:43 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bill:

H.R. 2620. An act making appropriations for the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and for sundry independent agencies, boards, commissions, corporations, and offices for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, and for other purposes.

The following enrolled bill, previously signed by the Speaker of the House, was signed today, November 13, 2001, by the President pro tempore (Mr. BYRD):

H.R. 768. An act to amend the Improving America's Schools Act of 1994 to extend the favorable treatment of need-based educational aid under the antitrust laws, and for other purposes.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. KENNEDY, from the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, without amendment:

S. 727: A bill to provide grants for cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training in public schools.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. BROWNBACK:

S. 1675. A bill to authorize the President to reduce or suspend duties on textiles and textile products made in Pakistan until December 31, 2004; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. KERRY:

S. 1676. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax relief for small business, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Ms. COLLINS):

S. 1677. A bill to amend title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to create a safe harbor for retirement plan sponsors in the designation and monitoring of investment advisers for workers managing their retirement income assets; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. MCCAIN (for himself, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. MURKOWSKI, Mr. CLELAND, Mr. INHOFE, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. BURNS, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. DEWINE):

S. 1678. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that a member of the uniformed services or the Foreign Service shall be treated as using a principal residence while away from home on qualified official extended duty in determining the exclusion of gain from the sale of such residence; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. CONRAD:

S. 1679. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to accelerate the reduc-

tion on the amount of beneficiary copayment liability for medicare outpatient services; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. WELLSTONE:

S. 1680. A bill to amend the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940 to provide that duty of the National Guard mobilized by a State in support of Operation Enduring Freedom or otherwise at the request of the President shall qualify as military service under that Act; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. JOHNSON (for himself, Mr. WELLSTONE, Mr. HARKIN, Mr. DASCHLE, and Mr. DORGAN):

S. 1681. A bill to establish the Northern Great Plains Rural Development Authority; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself and Mrs. BOXER):

S. Res. 178. A resolution congratulating Barry Bonds on his spectacular record-breaking season in 2001 and outstanding career in Major League Baseball; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BOND:

S. Res. 179. A resolution to express the sense of the Senate regarding ensuring quality healthcare for our nation's veterans; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. KERRY (for himself, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. HOLLINGS, and Mr. HELMS):

S. Res. 180. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate regarding the policy of the United States at the 17th Regular Meeting of the International Convention for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas in Murcia, Spain; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BENNETT (for himself, Mr. HATCH, Mr. DODD, Mr. MCCONNELL, and Mr. STEVENS):

S. Con. Res. 82. A concurrent resolution authorizing the 2002 Winter Olympics Torch Relay to come onto the Capitol Grounds; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself and Mrs. CLINTON):

S. Con. Res. 83. A concurrent resolution providing for a National Day of Reconciliation; considered and agreed to.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 142

At the request of Mr. JOHNSON, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. WELLSTONE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 142, a bill to amend the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, to make unlawful for a packer to own, feed, or control livestock intended for slaughter.

S. 280

At the request of Mr. JOHNSON, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. WELLSTONE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 280, a bill to amend the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946 to require retailers of beef, lamb, pork, and perishable agricultural commodities to inform consumers, at the final point of sale to consumers, of the country of origin of the commodities.

S. 905

At the request of Mr. HARKIN, the name of the Senator from Illinois (Mr.

DURBIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 905, a bill to provide incentives for school construction, and for other purposes.

S. 990

At the request of Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire, the names of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. CORZINE) and the Senator from Georgia (Mr. MILLER) were added as cosponsors of S. 990, a bill to amend the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act to improve the provisions relating to wildlife conservation and restoration programs, and for other purposes.

S. 1140

At the request of Mr. HATCH, the name of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. MILLER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1140, a bill to amend chapter 1 of title 9, United States Code, to provide for greater fairness in the arbitration process relating to motor vehicle franchise contracts.

S. 1169

At the request of Mr. FEINGOLD, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. WYDEN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1169, a bill to streamline the regulatory processes applicable to home health agencies under the medicare program under title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the medicaid program under title XIX of such Act, and for other purposes.

S. 1214

At the request of Mr. HOLLINGS, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Ms. MIKULSKI) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1214, a bill to amend the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, to establish a program to ensure greater security for United States seaports, and for other purposes.

S. 1350

At the request of Mr. DAYTON, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. TORRICELLI) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1350, a bill to amend the title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide payment to medicare ambulance suppliers of the full costs of providing such services, and for other purposes.

S. 1396

At the request of Mr. CONRAD, the name of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. DORGAN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1396, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a credit against income tax for the purchase of a principal residence by a first-time homebuyer.

S. 1409

At the request of Mr. MCCONNELL, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. SMITH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1409, a bill to impose sanctions against the PLO or the Palestinian Authority if the President determines that those entities have failed to substantially comply with commitments made to the State of Israel.

S. 1498

At the request of Mr. LIEBERMAN, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr.

VOINOVICH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1498, a bill to provide that Federal employees, members of the foreign service, members of the uniformed services, family members and dependents of such employees and members, and other individuals may retain for personal use promotional items received as a result of official Government travel.

S. 1552

At the request of Mr. HARKIN, the names of the Senator from Alaska (Mr. STEVENS) and the Senator from Maryland (Mr. SARBANES) were added as cosponsors of S. 1552, a bill to provide for grants through the Small business Administration for losses suffered by general aviation small business concerns as a result of the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001.

S. 1563

At the request of Mrs. HUTCHISON, the name of the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. HELMS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1563, a bill to establish a coordinated program of science-based countermeasures to address the threats of agricultural bioterrorism.

S. 1578

At the request of Mr. DORGAN, the names of the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. AKAKA), the Senator from Washington (Mrs. MURRAY), and the Senator from Alaska (Mr. STEVENS) were added as cosponsors of S. 1578, a bill to preserve the continued viability of the United States travel industry.

S. 1594

At the request of Mrs. CLINTON, the name of the Senator from Nevada (Mr. REID) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1594, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide programs to improve nurse retention, the nursing workplace, and the quality of care.

S. 1660

At the request of Mr. JEFFORDS, the names of the Senator from Arizona (Mr. KYL), the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. BINGAMAN), and the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KERRY) were added as cosponsors of S. 1660, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to specify the update for payments under the medicare physician fee schedule for 2002 and to direct the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission to conduct a study on replacing the use of the sustainable growth rate as a factor in determining such update in subsequent years.

S. CON. RES. 66

At the request of Mr. STEVENS, the name of the Senator from Iowa (Mr. HARKIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. Con. Res. 66, a concurrent resolution to express the sense of the Congress that the Public Safety Officer Medal of Valor should be awarded to public safety officers killed in the line of duty in the aftermath of the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. BROWNBACK:

S. 1675. A bill to authorize the President to reduce or suspend duties on textiles and textile products made in Pakistan until December 31, 2004; to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. BROWNBACK. Madam President, today I rise to introduce the Pakistan Emergency Economic Development and Trade Support Act. This legislation will provide the President with the authority to reduce or suspend any existing duty on imports of textiles and textile products that are produced or manufactured in Pakistan. This Act is vitally important to shore up the economic strength of our strategic ally, Pakistan, so central to our Nation's ability to continue to prosecute the war against terrorism.

Currently, Pakistan is providing invaluable basing rights and intelligence assistance to the United States as we continue to degrade and dismantle the Taliban regime in Afghanistan. Taking this action against the Taliban is crucial if we are to successfully locate and destroy Osama bin Laden's al Qaeda terrorist network, which the Taliban is currently harboring within Afghanistan's borders. Al Qaeda continues to represent public enemy number one in the war against terrorism.

Pakistan's bold stand against terror alongside the United States is not made in a vacuum. There are very real economic and social consequences in Pakistan for assisting the United States in our war effort, and it would be a failure of United States foreign policy not to pursue the means of assisting our ally in its time of need.

Textiles and textile products are Pakistan's main export. As a result of the war effort, invaluable orders for textile products made and exported by Pakistan have been canceled due to perceived instability in the region and a lack of confidence that such orders will ultimately be delivered. According to the Pakistan Textile and Apparel Group, Pakistan has witnessed a 64 percent reduction in orders for clothes that would be made from December through February by the 14 largest apparel factories in Lahore, Karachi, and Faisalabad. As a result, employment in these factories has dropped 32 percent from a year ago. The Pakistani government has estimated the overall decline in orders at 40 percent. This has very real consequences for the future of Pakistan, its stability, and its ability to forge a future of economic prosperity for its people.

As we are all aware, a small yet very vocal fundamentalist Islamic minority within Pakistan which has spoken out against the Pakistani government's assistance to the U.S., has called for and implemented damaging general labor strikes, and has encouraged countless numbers of young Pakistanis to cross the border into Afghanistan to fight alongside the Taliban. A further weakened economy and increased unemployment, the clear results of a weak market for Pakistani textile exports, only adds to the influence of fundamental-

ists in Pakistan, by strengthening social and economic unrest on which fundamentalists prey.

Currently, the Pakistani government is devoting much needed resources to innovative and existing human development programs inside the country. Pakistan is spending a full 2 percent of its gross domestic product, approximately \$2 billion per year, on a program that combines improved primary education, basic health care, and skills training for income generating activities for the Pakistani people. Pakistan's efforts to utilize human development programs to lift up the Pakistani people are central to stemming the tide of fundamentalist elements in our ally. An already weakened economy, hampered by years of sanctions, combined with increased unemployment only serve to add to existing social dissatisfaction and civil unrest within Pakistan. This undercuts the valuable impact of human development on Pakistan, makes increasing these human development efforts far more difficult, and jeopardizes the long-term stability of our ally.

As a weakened market for Pakistani textile exports ultimately renders human development programs within Pakistan less effective, especially the primary education element, young Pakistani's are faced with the prospect of no education and therefore no quality employment. An all-too-frequent alternative to this prospect is for young Pakistani's to attend Madrasas, Islamic religious schools run by mullahs, where too often basic skills and primary education are supplanted by religious teachings used to indoctrinate young Pakistani's into following the perverted version of Islam followed by Osama bin Laden, al Qaeda, and the Taliban.

I urge all of my colleagues to work with me to provide the President with authority to assist Pakistan in the textile market immediately. Such action is vitally important to the stability of our important ally, and victory in our Nation's war against terrorism. Failing to take quick action only strengthens our enemy.

By Mr. KERRY:

S. 1676. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax relief for small business, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. KERRY. Madam President, today I am introducing a package of targeted, affordable tax relief provisions designed to help the Nation's small businesses during this time of economic distress. While the Finance Committee has recently reported a more general stimulus bill to the full Senate, that measure only contains a few items that will help small businesses, which are the lifeblood of our Nation's economy, creating the majority of new jobs. As the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship, I believe that I have an obligation