

Walsh	Weiner	Wolf	Diaz-Balart	Kelly	Pitts	Weiner	Whitfield	Wu
Wamp	Weldon (FL)	Woolsey	Dicks	Kennedy (MN)	Platts	Weldon (FL)	Wicker	Wynn
Waters	Weldon (PA)	Wu	Dingell	Kennedy (RI)	Pombo	Weldon (PA)	Wilson	Young (AK)
Watkins (OK)	Wexler	Wynn	Doggett	Kerns	Portman	Weller	Wolf	Young (FL)
Watson (CA)	Whitfield	Young (AK)	Dooley	Kildee	Price (NC)	Wexler	Woolsey	
Watt (NC)	Wicker	Young (FL)	Doolittle	Kind (WI)	Pryce (OH)		NAYS—11	
Watts (OK)	Wilson	Doyle	King (NY)	Putnam				
NOT VOTING—25								
Barr	Jones (OH)	Reyes	Duncan	Kingston	Rahall	Akin	Deal	Schaffer
Berman	Kucinich	Riley	Dunn	Kirk	Ramstad	Berry	Goode	Sensenbrenner
Blagojevich	LaTourette	Roukema	Edwards	Knollenberg	Rangel	Coble	Hostettler	Taylor (MS)
Brown (FL)	McKinney	Rush	Ehlers	Colbe	Regula	Collins	Paul	
Cubin	Meehan	Shaw	Ehrlich	LaFalce	Rehberg			
DeFazio	Nussle	Waxman	Emerson	LaHood	Reynolds			
Engel	Pelosi	Weller	English	Lampson	Rivers			
Houghton	Quinn		Eshoo	Langevin	Rodriguez			
Istook	Radanovich		Etheridge	Lantos	Roemer			
			Evans	Largent	Rogers (KY)			
			Everett	Larsen (WA)	Rogers (MI)			
			Farr	Larson (CT)	Rohrabacher			
			Fattah	Latham	Ros-Lehtinen			
			Ferguson	Leach	Ross			
			Filner	Lee	Rothman			
			Flake	Levin	Royal-Allard			
			Fletcher	Lewis (CA)	Royce			
			Foley	Lewis (GA)	Ryan (WI)			
			Forbes	Lewis (KY)	Ryun (KS)			
			Ford	Linder	Sabo			
			Fossella	Lipinski	Sanchez			
			Frank	LoBiondo	Sanders			
			Frelinghuyzen	Lofgren	Sandlin			
			Frost	Lowey	Sawyer			
			Gallegly	Lucas (KY)	Saxton			
			Ganske	Lucas (OK)	Schakowsky			
			Gekas	Luther	Schiff			
			Gephhardt	Lynch	Schrock			
			Gibbons	Maloney (CT)	Scott			
			Gilchrest	Maloney (NY)	Serrano			
			Gillmor	Manzullo	Sessions			
			Gilman	Markey	Shadegg			
			Gonzalez	Mascara	Shays			
			Goodlatte	Matheson	Sherman			
			Gordon	Matsui	Sherwood			
			Goss	McCarthy (MO)	Shimkus			
			Graham	McCarthy (NY)	Shows			
			Granger	McCollum	Shuster			
			Graves	McCrary	Simmons			
			Green (TX)	McDermott	Simpson			
			Green (WI)	McGovern	Skeen			
			Greenwood	McHugh	Skelton			
			Grucci	McInnis	Slaughter			
			Gutierrez	McIntyre	Smith (MI)			
			Gutknecht	McKeon	Smith (NJ)			
			Hall (OH)	McNulty	Smith (TX)			
			Hall (TX)	Meek (FL)	Smith (WA)			
			Hansen	Meeks (NY)	Snyder			
			Harman	Menendez	Solis			
			Hart	Mica	Souder			
			Hastings (FL)	Millender-	Spratt			
			Hastings (WA)	McDonald	Stark			
			Hayes	Miller, Dan	Stearns			
			Hayworth	Miller, Gary	Stenholm			
			Hefley	Miller, George	Strickland			
			Herger	Napolitano	Stump			
			Hill	Neal	Stupak			
			Hilleary	Nethercutt	Sununu			
			Hilliard	Hoyer	Tancredo			
			Hinchey	Hulshof	Tanner			
			Hinojosa	Norwood	Tauscher			
			Hobson	Ortiz	Morella			
				Ortiz	Tauzin			
				Osborne	Taylor (NC)			
				Ose	Terry			
				Otter	Thomas			
				Owens	Thompson (CA)			
				Palone	Thompson (MS)			
				Pascarella	Thornberry			
				Payne	Thune			
				Pawl	Thurman			
				Pence	Tiahrt			
				Peterson (MN)	Tiberi			
				Peterson (PA)	Toomey			
				Pickering	Towns			
					Turner			
					Udall (CO)			
					Upton			
					Walsh			
					Wamp			
					Waters			
					Watkins (OK)			
					Watson (CA)			
					Watt (NC)			
					Watts (OK)			

□ 1946

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. WELLER. Mr. Speaker on rollcall No. 767 I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

Mr. NUSSLE. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 467 I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

ZIMBABWE DEMOCRACY AND ECONOMIC RECOVERY ACT OF 2001

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. BIGGERT). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the Senate bill, S. 494, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. ROYCE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill, S. 494, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 396, nays 11, not voting 26, as follows:

[Roll No. 468]

YEAS—396

Abercrombie	Bonilla	Clay	Hoefel	Murtha	Taylor (NC)			
Ackerman	Bonior	Clayton	Hoekstra	Myrick	Terry			
Aderholt	Bono	Clement	Holden	Nadler	Thomas			
Allen	Boozman	Clyburn	Holt	Napolitano	Thompson (CA)			
Andrews	Borski	Combest	Honda	Neal	Thompson (MS)			
Armey	Boswell	Condit	Hooley	Nethercutt	Thornberry			
Baca	Boucher	Conyers	Horn	Ney	Thune			
Bachus	Boyd	Cooksey	Hoyer	Northup	Thurman			
Baird	Brady (PA)	Costello	Hulshof	Moore	Tiaht			
Baker	Brady (TX)	Cox	Hunter	Murtha	Tiberi			
Baldacci	Brown (OH)	Coyne	Hyde	Myrick	Toomey			
Baldwin	Brown (SC)	Cramer	Inslee	Nethercutt	Towns			
Ballenger	Bryant	Crane	Isakson	Olver	Turner			
Barcia	Burr	Crenshaw	Israel	Ortiz	Udall (CO)			
Barrett	Burton	Crowley	Issa	Pascarella	Walder			
Bartlett	Callahan	Culberson	Jackson (IL)	Pawl	Walton			
Barton	Calvert	Cummings	Jackson-Lee	Pawl	Walton			
Bass	Camp	Cunningham	(TX)	Pence	Walsh			
Becerra	Cannon	Davis (CA)	Jefferson	Peterson (MN)	Wamp			
Bentsen	Cantor	Davis (FL)	Jenkins	Peterson (PA)	Watkins (OK)			
Bereuter	Capito	Davis (IL)	John	Pickering	Watson (CA)			
Berkley	Capps	Davis, Jo Ann	Johnson (CT)	Pastor	Watson (CA)			
Biggert	Capuano	Davis, Tom	Johnson (IL)	Payne	Watt (NC)			
Bilirakis	Cardin	DeGette	Johnson, E. B.	Pence	Watts (OK)			
Bishop	Carson (IN)	Delahunt	Johnson, Sam	Petri	Watson (CA)			
Blumenauer	Carson (OK)	DeLauro	Jones (NC)	Phelps	Watson (CA)			
Blunt	Castle	DeLay	Kanjorski	Pickering	Watson (CA)			
Boehlert	Chabot	DeMint	Kaptur		Watson (CA)			
Boehner	Chambliss	Deutsch	Keller		Watson (CA)			

Weiner	Weldon (FL)	Woolsey	Dicks	Kennedy (RI)	Pombo	Weller	Wexler	Wu
Berman	Kucinich	Riley	Edwards	Knollenberg	Portman	Weller	Wexler	Wynn
Blagojevich	LaTourette	Roukema	Ehlers	Colbe	Rehberg	Weller	Wexler	Young (AK)
Brown (FL)	McKinney	Rush	Ehrlich	LaFalce	Reynolds	Weller	Wexler	Young (FL)
Cubin	Meehan	Shaw	Emerson	LaHood	Rivers	Akin	Deal	Schaffer
DeFazio	Nussle	Waxman	English	Lampson	Rodriguez	Berry	Goode	Sensenbrenner
Engel	Pelosi	Weller	Eshoo	Langevin	Roemer	Coble	Hostettler	Taylor (MS)
Houghton	Quinn		Etheridge	Lantos	Rogers (KY)	Collins	Paul	
Istook	Radanovich		Evans	Largent	Rogers (MI)			
			Everett	Larsen (WA)	Rohrabacher			
			Farr	Larson (CT)	Ros-Lehtinen			
			Fattah	Latham	Ross			
			Ferguson	Leach	Rothman			
			Filner	Lee	Royal-Allard			
			Flake	Levin	Royce			
			Fletcher	Lewis (CA)	Ryan (WI)			
			Foley	Lewis (GA)	Ryun (KS)			
			Forbes	Lewis (KY)	Sabo			
			Ford	Linder	Sanchez			
			Fossella	Lipinski	Sanders			
			Frank	LoBiondo	Sandlin			
			Frelinghuyzen	Lofgren	Sawyer			
			Frost	Lowey	Saxton			
			Gallegly	Lucas (KY)	Schakowsky			
			Ganske	Lucas (OK)	Schiff			
			Gekas	Luther	Schrock			
			Gephhardt	Lynch	Scott			
			Gibbons	Maloney (CT)	Serrano			
			Gilchrest	Maloney (NY)	Sessions			
			Gillmor	Manzullo	Shadegg			
			Gilman	Markey	Shays			
			Gonzalez	Mascara	Sherman			
			Goodlatte	Matheson	Sherwood			
			Gordon	Matsui	Shimkus			
			Goss	McCarthy (MO)	Shows			
			Graham	McCarthy (NY)	Shuster			
			Granger	McCollum	Simmons			
			Graves	McCrary	Simpson			
			Green (TX)	McDermott	Skeen			
			Green (WI)	McGovern	Skelton			
			Greenwood	McHugh	Slaughter			
			Grucci	McInnis	Smith (MI)			
			Gutierrez	McIntyre	Smith (NJ)			
			Gutknecht	McKeon	Smith (TX)			
			Hall (OH)	McNulty	Smith (WA)			
			Hall (TX)	Meek (FL)	Snyder			
			Hansen	Meeks (NY)	Solis			
			Harman	Menendez	Souder			
			Hart	Mica	Spratt			
			Hastings (FL)	Millender-	Stark			
			Hastings (WA)	McDonald	Stearns			
			Hayes	Miller, Dan	Stenholm			
			Hayworth	Miller, Gary	Strickland			
			Hefley	Napolitano	Stump			
			Herger	Neal	Stupak			
			Hill	Nethercutt	Sununu			
			Hilleary	Hoyer	Tancredo			
			Hilliard	Hulshof	Tanner			
			Hinchey	Norwood	Tauscher			
			Hinojosa					

the Higher Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1098(c)), and upon the recommendation of the majority leader, the Chair announces the Speaker's appointment of the following Member on the part of the House to the Advisory Committee on Student Financial Assistance for a 3-year term to fill the existing vacancy thereon:

Ms. Norine Fuller, Arlington, Virginia.

There was no objection.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2001, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

MIAMI WELCOMES DOLE FRESH FLOWERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. ROSENTHAL) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. ROSENTHAL. Madam Speaker, on December 9 of this year, approximately 300 employees will move into the newly-built world headquarters of Dole Fresh Flowers in Miami's International Corporate Park.

Miami has historically been the U.S. gateway for the floral industry, since the majority of flowers for commercial use are grown just south of us in South America.

Dole entered the flower business just 2 years ago, bringing to this industry 150 years' experience in growing, shipping, and marketing fresh produce around the world.

Dole consolidated four companies into a single entity, to be housed on 17 acres of land in a state-of-the-art facility measuring 328,000 square feet. Nearly 3 million stems of flowers will pass through the facility every day during this holiday season alone.

Employees have been eagerly awaiting the move to this efficient and beautiful new home since its groundbreaking last April.

□ 2000

Miami, and indeed all of our State of Florida, is enthusiastic about having this worldwide brand Dole in our community.

Welcome home, felicidades.

PASSAGE OF FAST TRACK LEGISLATION

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. BIGGERT). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. BONIOR) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. BONIOR. Madam Speaker, I congratulate the flower company for locating in Miami, but I would like to tell my friends that the bloom is off the rose here on Fast Track coming up this Thursday.

Madam Speaker, this Thursday's vote on Fast Track is an ill-timed attempt to force a divisive issue on our Nation when we least can afford it. Last week, the United States was officially declared in recession. Job losses are skyrocketing as a result of the faltering economy and the September 11 attacks. Workers are unsure of their jobs and unsure of their futures.

Meanwhile, nothing, absolutely nothing, has been done to help these workers. The Republican leadership has blocked effort after effort to address these most important questions that affect working men and women in this country. A meaningful improvement of unemployment compensation laws, any attempt to help expand health care for those who are out of work, and any other assistance that these worker desperately need, we have tried repeatedly month after month to get the leadership on the other side of the aisle to address these questions; and nothing has come from our efforts.

What the Republican leadership has done is use every opportunity available to spend billions of dollars in corporate tax benefits at the expense of working men and women in this country. We are waging war abroad, and we are united in that; but what is happening in this country is that the leadership of the Republican Party is waging war on the workers of this country.

This push for Fast Track is no different. Our flawed trade policies of the last decade have had a devastating toll on American workers. Since 1994, three million U.S. jobs have evaporated as a direct result of our failed trade policies.

In my home State of Michigan, over 150,000 jobs have been lost. Thousands of workers around the country are struggling to keep their jobs right now. They are in danger of becoming tomorrow's job-loss statistics.

It is time we reversed this trend. It is time we woke up and dealt with the crisis that is affecting millions of American workers and their families today. No money and unemployment comp to pay for the rent, to pay for the mortgage, to pay for education, to pay for food. No resources for health care, for members of the workforce or their families.

We do not need more job losses. We do not need more corporate giveaways, and we certainly do not need Fast Track.

I want to thank my colleague, the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. BROWN), for organizing this important discussion which we will have a little later on this floor tonight and for his work to highlight the efforts of Fast Track will have on all of our workers, including our farmers. Madam Speaker, many farmers are already reeling from bad trade deals. It is the same tune; it is the same song every time we get one of these things. Whether it is NAFTA or WTO or China, they come and they will offer the world, they will tell people they will fix this and they will fix that;

and then the farmers, they get taken in every time on these things, not all of them. Some of them have figured it out, but the numbers prove what we have been saying all along: these trade policies are not good for our agriculture community.

I say to my colleagues, the timing of the Fast Track bill puts many U.S. farm bills in jeopardy once again, and the administration's willingness to put our trade laws on the table after the recent WTO ministerial shows our farmers have just as much to lose as every other worker in this country.

Madam Speaker, I ask that my colleagues look seriously at the proposal that the gentleman from California (Mr. THOMAS) is bringing to the floor. It is flawed. It does not deal with worker rights, environmental rights, farmer rights; and the upshot of all of this is that we will give away much of our authority and power in the United States House of Representatives and in the other body to deal fairly and adequately and substantively with trade laws that will affect not only those areas, labor, environment, agriculture, but a whole host of other areas that affect the American public.

I ask my colleagues to stand with us as we fight this ill-conceived idea of Fast Track.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SCHROCK). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. PENCE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. PENCE addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

OPPOSE FAST TRACK

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. LYNCH) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. Speaker, I am indeed new to this body; but I am by no means new to this issue. Prior to the great honor of serving in this body as the elected representative of the 9th Congressional District, I served as an iron worker for 18 years. I worked in the Quincy shipyard just outside of Boston. I worked in the steel mills in Michigan and Illinois, worked in United Auto Workers plants in Framingham, Massachusetts, and again in Michigan.

I have seen a lot of those jobs and a lot of those plants where I worked at one time disappear. I have seen them relocated. Good, highly skilled, well-paying jobs moved mostly to Mexico, but to other countries as well, in a race to find the lowest-paid worker and the least-strong labor standards and environmental standards.

First of all, I want to congratulate the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. BONIOR), as well as the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. GEPHARDT) and my own predecessor, John Joseph Moakley