

WELDON) for working so well and putting this bill before us. It is a fitting tribute to those young Americans that died 10 years ago in Desert Storm. I hope it is some solace to those families and not just to those families but to the other families who lost loved ones in that conflict. America is great, as Tocqueville once wrote, because America is good. And America was there in the Persian Gulf because we stood for good values.

Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. WELDON) for offering this resolution, because it does reflect the best that comes from America.

Ms. LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to express my genuine sympathy to the families of U.S. service members killed in Saudi Arabia in 1991.

I too honor their sacrifice. The greatest tribute we could provide to these brave men and women is to work for nuclear disarmament and world peace.

Nuclear proliferation is a real danger today. That is why I believe it is imperative that the United States abide by its own treaties and the principles of nonproliferation.

The proposed missile defense systems will increase the nuclear threats we face, not diminish them.

We should not spend billions of dollars on an unworkable missile system, when we have real security needs that must be met, when we have soldiers on food stamps, when we have gulf-war veterans denied badly needed medical care, and when we face such serious healthcare, educational, and housing problems here at home that undermine both the general welfare of the country and our common defense.

I join my colleagues in expressing our sympathy to the families of those killed in 1991. My hope is that we do not put any more men and women in harm's way. I must oppose any missile system that makes the world a more dangerous place.

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of H. Con. Res. 39, a bill to honor the sacrifices of Operation Desert Storm. I urge my colleagues to join in supporting this worthwhile legislation.

This year marks the tenth anniversary of Operation Desert Storm, a military operation undertaken by a United States-led coalition to drive Saddam Hussein's Iraqi Army out of Kuwait. This objective was achieved decisively with a minimum of allied casualties.

Regrettably, however, no military action occurs without some losses, and while the number of United States deaths during Desert Storm was low, that does nothing to detract from the 299 servicemembers who gave their lives in defeating Iraq.

One incident in particular stands out from the conflict. On February 25, 1991, Iraqi forces launched a Scud missile at the city of Dhahran in Saudi Arabia. The missile struck a warehouse which was serving as a U.S. Army barracks in the suburb of Al Khobar, killing 28 soldiers and injuring 100 others. This incident resulted in more U.S. combat casualties than any other in Operation Desert Storm, or in subsequent operations.

This concurrent resolution expresses the sense of Congress on behalf of the American people extending its sympathy and thanks to

the families of the 28 soldiers who were killed in that attack. It further resolves to support appropriate and effective missile defense programs to help prevent a similar unnecessary loss of lives from occurring again. Had a more effective missile defense system been in place on that February night in 1991, in all likelihood those 28 Americans would have survived.

It is fitting that we honor those soldiers who made the ultimate sacrifice for their country, as we are doing today. The best way for us to honor their sacrifice is to ensure that history does not repeat itself in any future war. For this reason, we should rededicate ourselves to the task of developing and deploying an effective theater missile defense system. Once this has been accomplished, future generations of young Americans will be safer in regional military conflicts.

Accordingly, I urge my colleagues to join in supporting this resolution.

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. STEARNS). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. WELDON) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 39.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of those present have voted in the affirmative.

Mr. WELDON. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

CONTINUATION OF NATIONAL EMERGENCY RELATING TO CUBA AND OF EMERGENCY AUTHORITY RELATING TO THE REGULATION OF THE ANCHORAGE AND MOVEMENT OF VESSELS—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 107-47)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent the enclosed notice to the Federal Register for publication, which states that the emergency declared with respect to the Government of Cuba's destruction of two unarmed

U.S.-registered civilian aircraft in international airspace north of Cuba on February 24, 1996, is to continue in effect beyond March 1, 2001.

GEORGE W. BUSH.
THE WHITE HOUSE, February 27, 2001.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 5 p.m.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 44 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until approximately 5 p.m.

□ 1700

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. GIBBONS) at 5 p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will now put the question on motions to suspend the rules on which further proceedings were postponed earlier today.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H. Res. 57, *de novo*; and

H. Con. Res. 39, by the yeas and nays.

The Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the time for any electronic vote after the first such vote in this series.

RECOGNIZING AND HONORING DALE EARNHARDT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution, H. Res. 57.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. MICA) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 57.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

HONORING THE ULTIMATE SACRIFICE MADE BY 28 UNITED STATES SOLDIERS KILLED DURING OPERATION DESERT STORM

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 39.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr.

WELDON) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 39, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 395, nays 0, answered “present” 2, not voting 35, as follows:

[Roll No. 16]

YEAS—395

Abercrombie	DeGette	Istook	Nadler	Rogers (MI)	Sununu
Aderholt	Delahunt	Jackson (IL)	Napolitano	Ross	Sweeney
Akin	DeLay	Jackson-Lee	Neal	Roukema	Tanner
Allen	DeMint	(TX)	Nethercutt	Royal-Allard	Tauscher
Andrews	Deutsch	Jefferson	Ney	Royce	Tauzin
Armey	Diaz-Balart	Jenkins	Northup	Rush	Taylor (MS)
Baca	Dicks	John	Norwood	Ryan (WI)	Taylor (NC)
Bachus	Doggett	Johnson (CT)	Nussle	Ryun (KS)	Terry
Baird	Dooley	Johnson (IL)	Oberstar	Sabo	Thompson (CA)
Baker	Doolittle	Johnson, E. B.	Olber	Sandlin	Thompson (MS)
Baldacci	Doyle	Johnson, Sam	Ortiz	Sawyer	Thornberry
Baldwin	Dreier	Jones (NC)	Osborne	Saxton	Thune
Ballenger	Duncan	Jones (OH)	Ose	Scarborough	Thurman
Barcia	Dunn	Kanjorski	Pascall	Schaffer	Tiahrt
Barr	Edwards	Kaptur	Pastor	Schakowsky	Tiberi
Barrett	Ehlers	Keller	Sensenbrenner	Schiff	Tierney
Bartlett	Ehrlich	Kelly	Paul	Schrock	Toomey
Barton	Emerson	Kennedy (MN)	Pence	Scott	Towns
Bass	Engel	Kennedy (RI)	Peterson (MN)	Sensenbrenner	Traficant
Bentsen	English	Kerns	Peterson (PA)	Serrano	Turner
Bereuter	Eshoo	Kildee	Pelosi	Sessions	Udall (CO)
Berkley	Etheridge	Kilpatrick	Pence	Shadegg	Udall (NM)
Berman	Evans	Kind (WI)	Peterson (MN)	Shaw	Upton
Berry	Everett	King (NY)	Peterson (PA)	Shays	Velazquez
Biggert	Farr	Kingston	Pomeroy	Sherman	Viscosky
Bilirakis	Fattah	Kirk	Portman	Sherwood	Walden
Bishop	Ferguson	Kleckza	Pickering	Shimkus	Walsh
Blagojevich	Filner	Knollenberg	Pitts	Show	Wamp
Blumenauer	Flake	Kolbe	Platts	Simmons	Waters
Blunt	Fletcher	Kucinich	Reynolds	Sisisky	Watkins
Boehlert	Foley	LaFalce	Rahall	Skeen	Watt (NC)
Boehner	Ford	LaHood	Raderovich	Skelton	Watts (OK)
Bonior	Frank	Lampson	Raderovich	Slaughter	Waxman
Bono	Frelinghuysen	Langevin	Rahall	Smith (MI)	Weiner
Borski	Frost	Largent	Raderovich	Smith (NJ)	Weldon (FL)
Boswell	Gallegly	Larsen (WA)	Rahall	Smith (TX)	Weldon (PA)
Boucher	Ganske	Larson (CT)	Raderovich	Smith (WA)	Weller
Boyd	Gephardt	Latham	Raderovich	Snyder	Wexler
Brady (PA)	Gibbons	LaTourette	Raderovich	Solis	Whitfield
Brady (TX)	Gilchrest	Leach	Raderovich	Souder	Wolf
Brown (FL)	Gillmor	Levin	Raderovich	Spence	Woolsey
Brown (OH)	Gilman	Lewis (CA)	Raderovich	Reyes	Wu
Brown (SC)	Gonzalez	Lewis (GA)	Raderovich	Stark	Wynn
Bryant	Goode	Lewis (KY)	Raderovich	Rivers	Young (AK)
Burr	Goodlatte	Linder	Raderovich	Rodriguez	Young (FL)
Burton	Gordon	Lipinski	Raderovich	Roemer	Stump
Callahan	Goss	LoBiondo	Raderovich	Rogers (KY)	Stupak
Calvert	Granger	Loftgren	Raderovich	ANSWERED “PRESENT”—2	
Camp	Graves	Lowey	Raderovich	Lee	Miller, George
Cannon	Green (TX)	Lucas (KY)	Raderovich	NOT VOTING—35	
Cantor	Green (WI)	Lucas (OK)	Raderovich	Ackerman	Hunter
Capito	Greenwood	Luther	Raderovich	Becerra	Ros-Lehtinen
Capps	Grucci	Maloney (CT)	Raderovich	Bonilla	Inslee
Capuano	Gutierrez	Maloney (NY)	Raderovich	Buyer	Rothman
Cardin	Gutknecht	Manzullo	Raderovich	Coyne	Sanchez
Carson (IN)	Hall (OH)	Markey	Raderovich	Cramer	Sanders
Carson (OK)	Hall (TX)	Mascara	Raderovich	DeLauro	Simpson
Castle	Hansen	Matheson	Raderovich	Dingell	Strickland
Chabot	Harman	Matsui	Raderovich	Fossella	Myrick
Chambliss	Hart	McCarthy (MO)	Raderovich	Gekas	Tancredo
Clay	Hastings (FL)	McCarthy (NY)	Raderovich	Graham	Pallone
Clayton	Hastings (WA)	McCullom	Raderovich	Hayworth	Thomas
Clement	Hayes	McCrary	Raderovich	Hayworth	Vitter
Clyburn	Hefley	McDermott	Raderovich	Rohrabacher	Wicker
Coble	Herger	McGovern	Raderovich		Wilson
Collins	Hill	McHugh	Raderovich		
Combest	Hilleary	McInnis	Raderovich		
Condit	Hilliard	McIntyre	Raderovich		
Conyers	Hinchey	McKinney	Raderovich		
Cooksey	Hinojosa	McNulty	Raderovich		
Costello	Hobson	Meehan	Raderovich		
Cox	Hoeffel	Meek (FL)	Raderovich		
Crane	Hoekstra	Meeks (NY)	Raderovich		
Crenshaw	Holden	Menendez	Raderovich		
Crowley	Holt	Mica	Raderovich		
Cubin	Honda	Millender-	Raderovich		
Culberson	Hooley	McDonald	Raderovich		
Cummings	Horn	Miller (FL)	Raderovich		
Cunningham	Hostettler	Miller, Gary	Raderovich		
Davis (CA)	Houghton	Mink	Raderovich		
Davis (FL)	Hoyer	Moakley	Raderovich		
Davis (IL)	Hulshof	Mollohan	Raderovich		
Davis, Jo Ann	Hutchinson	Moore	Raderovich		
Davis, Tom	Hyde	Moran (KS)	Raderovich		
Deal	Isakson	Morella	Raderovich		
DeFazio	Israel	Murtha	Raderovich		

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD — HOUSE

□ 1730

ELECTION OF MEMBER TO COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Democratic Caucus, I offer a privileged resolution (H. Res. 63) and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 63

Resolved, That the following named Member be, and is hereby, elected to the following standing committee of the House of Representatives:

Committee on International Relations: Mr. ENGEL of New York to rank immediately after Mr. DAVIS of Florida.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERMITTING USE OF ROTUNDA OF CAPITOL FOR CEREMONY AS PART OF COMMEMORATION OF DAYS OF REMEMBRANCE OF VICTIMS OF HOLOCAUST

Mr. NEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 14) permitting the use of the Rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony as part of the commemoration of the days of remembrance of victims of the Holocaust, with a Senate amendment thereto and concur in the Senate amendment.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The Clerk read the Senate amendment, as follows:

Senate amendment: Page 1, line 3, strike out “April 18, 2001” and insert “April 19, 2001”.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. GIBBONS). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H. Con. Res. 14, sponsored by our distinguished colleague from Ohio, Mr. NEY.

House Concurrent Resolution 14 permits the use of our Congressional Rotunda for the annual ceremony to commemorate the Days of Remembrance of the victims of the Holocaust.

The annual day of Remembrance, sponsored by the Holocaust Memorial Council of which I am a member, will be held on April 18, 2001. This important program allows the Congress and the Nation to observe the days of remembrance, to pay tribute to the American liberators of the concentration camp's survivors, and by commemorating this enormous tragedy, ensuring that it never happens again.

Accordingly, Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to join in urging the adoption of this resolution.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

DISPENSING WITH CALENDAR WEDNESDAY BUSINESS ON WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2001

Mr. NEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the business in

ANSWERED “PRESENT”—2

NOT VOTING—35

□ 1727

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN changed his vote from “nay” to “yea.”

Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California changed his vote from “yea” to “present.”

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. PUTNAM. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained when the vote was called for rollcall No. 16. I strongly support the resolution honoring the brave Americans who made the ultimate sacrifice on February 25, 1991, during Operation Desert Storm. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”

Mr. TANCREDO. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 16, I was inadvertently detained. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, during rollcall vote 16, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”