

Ferguson	Kolbe	Ryan (WI)	Clement	Issa	Pryce (OH)	Capuano	Jackson-Lee	Pelosi
Flake	LaHood	Ryun (KS)	Clyburn	Istook	Putnam	Carson (IN)	(TX)	Petri
Fletcher	Largent	Saxton	Coble	Jefferson	Quinn	Chabot	Jones (OH)	Ramstad
Foley	Latham	Scarborough	Collins	Jenkins	Radanovich	Conyers	Kennedy (RI)	Rivers
Fossella	LaTourette	Schaffer	Combest	John	Rahall	Coyne	Kind (WI)	Rothman
Frelinghuysen	Leach	Schrock	Condit	Johnson (CT)	Rangel	Crane	Kleczka	Royce
	Lewis (CA)	Sensenbrenner	Cooksey	Johnson (IL)	Regula	Crowley	Kucinich	Sanders
Ganske	Lewis (KY)	Sessions	Costello	Johnson, E. B.	Rehberg	DeFazio	LaFalce	Schaffer
Gekas	Linder	Shadegg	Cramer	Johnson, Sam	Reyes	DeGette	Lampson	Schakowsky
Gibbons	LoBiondo	Shaw	Crenshaw	Jones (NC)	Reynolds	Delahunt	Lee	Sensenbrenner
Gilchrest	Lucas (OK)	Shays	Cubin	Kanjorski	Riley	Deutsch	Lofgren	Shadegg
Gillmor	Manzullo	Sherwood	Culberson	Keller	Rodriguez	Dingell	Luther	Shays
Gilman	McCrary	Shimkus	Cummings	Kelly	Roemer	Manzullo	Slaughter	
Goode	McHugh	Snuster	Cunningham	Kennedy (MN)	Rogers (KY)	Markey	Smith (MI)	
Goodlatte	McInnis	Simmons	Davis (CA)	Kerns	Rogers (MI)	Duncan	McDermott	Solis
Goss	McKeon	Simpson	Davis (FL)	Kildee	Rohrabacher	Ehlers	McGovern	Stark
Graham	Mica	Skeen	Davis (IL)	Kilpatrick	Ros-Lehtinen	Eshoo	McKinney	Stupak
Granger	Miller (FL)	Smith (MI)	Davis, Jo Ann	King (NY)	Ross	Filner	Meehan	Tancredo
Graves	Miller, Gary	Smith (NJ)	Davis, Tom	Kingston	Roukema	Flake	Meeks (NY)	Terry
Green (WI)	Moran (KS)	Smith (TX)	Deal	Kirk	Royal-Allard	Frank	Miller, George	Udall (CO)
Greenwood	Morella	Souder	DeLauro	Knollenberg	Ryan (WI)	Green (TX)	Mink	Upton
Grucci	Myrick	Spence	DeLay	Colbe	Ryun (KS)	Hall (OH)	Nadler	Waters
Gutknecht	Nethercutt	Stearns	DeMint	LaHood	Sabo	Hastings (FL)	Neal	Watson (CA)
Hansen	Ney	Stump	Diaz-Balart	Langevin	Sanchez	Hinchey	Obey	Watt (NC)
Hart	Northup	Sununu	Dicks	Lantos	Sandlin	Hoekstra	Olver	Weiner
Hastings (WA)	Norwood	Sweeney	Dooley	Largent	Sawyer	Honda	Owens	Woolsey
	Hayes	Nussle	Tancredo	Doolittle	Larsen (WA)	Hooley	Paul	Wu
Hayworth	Osborne	Tauzin	Doyle	Larson (CT)	Scarborough	Jackson (IL)	Payne	
Hefley	Ose	Taylor (NC)	Dreier	Latham	Schiff			
Herger	Otter	Terry	Dunn	LaTourette	Schrock			
Hildeary	Oxley	Thomas	Edwards	Leach	Scott			
Hobson	Paul	Thornberry	Ehrlich	Levin	Serrano			
Hoekstra	Pence	Thune	Emerson	Lewis (CA)	Sessions			
Horn	Peterson (PA)	Tiahrt	Engel	Lewis (GA)	Shaw			
Hostettler	Petri	Tiberi	English	Lewis (KY)	Sherman			
Hulshof	Pickering	Toomey	Etheridge	Linder	Sherwood			
Hunter	Pitts	Traficant	Evans	Lipinski	Shimkus			
Hutchinson	Platts	Upton	Everett	LoBiondo	Shows			
Hyde	Pombo	Vitter	Farr	Lowey	Shuster			
Isakson	Portman	Walden	Fattah	Lucas (KY)	Simmons			
Issa	Pryce (OH)	Walsh	Ferguson	Lucas (OK)	Simpson			
Istook	Putnam	Wamp	Fletcher	Maloney (CT)	Skeneen			
Jenkins	Quinn	Watkins (OK)	Foley	Maloney (NY)	Skelton			
Johnson (CT)	Radanovich	Watts (OK)	Ford	Mascara	Smith (NJ)			
Johnson (IL)	Ramstad	Weldon (FL)	Fossella	Matheson	Smith (TX)			
Johnson, Sam	Regula	Weldon (PA)	Frelinghuysen	Matsui	Smith (WA)			
Keller	Rehberg	Weller	Frost	McCarthy (MO)	Snyder			
Kelly	Reynolds	Whitfield	Gallegly	McCarthy (NY)	Souder			
Kennedy (MN)	Riley	Wicker	Ganske	McCullum	Spence			
Kerns	Rogers (KY)	Wilson	Gekas	McCrary	Spratt			
King (NY)	Rogers (MI)	Wolf	Gephardt	McHugh	Stearns			
Kingston	Rohrabacher	Young (AK)	Gibbons	McInnis	Stenholm			
Kirk	Ros-Lehtinen	Young (FL)	Gilchrest	McIntyre	Strickland			
Knollenberg	Roukema		Gillmor	McKeon	Stump			

NOT VOTING—5

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HANSEN). The question is on the passage of the bill.

Under clause 10 of rule XX, the yeas and nays are ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 341, nays 87, not voting 4, as follows:

[Roll No. 176]

YEAS—341

Abercrombie	Bereuter	Brown (FL)	Hinojosa	Oxley	Wamp
Ackerman	Berkley	Brown (SC)	Hobson	Pallone	Watkins (OK)
Aderholt	Berman	Bryant	Hoeffel	Pascrell	Watts (OK)
Akin	Berry	Burr	Holden	Pastor	Waxman
Allen	Biggert	Burton	Holt	Pence	Weldon (FL)
Andrews	Bilirakis	Buyer	Horn	Peterson (MN)	Weldon (PA)
Armey	Bishop	Callahan	Hostettler	Peterson (PA)	Weller
Baca	Blagojevich	Calvert	Hoyer	Phelps	Wexler
Bachus	Blunt	Camp	Hulshof	Pickering	Whitfield
Baird	Boehlert	Cannon	Hunter	Pitts	Wicker
Baker	Boehner	Cantor	Hutchinson	Platts	Wilson
Baldacci	Bonilla	Capito	Hyde	Pombo	Wolf
Ballenger	Bono	Capps	Inslee	Pomeroy	Wynn
Barcia	Borski	Cardin	Isakson	Portman	Young (AK)
Barr	Boswell	Carson (OK)	Israel	Price (NC)	Young (FL)
Bartlett	Boucher	Castle			
Barton	Boyd	Chambliss			
Bass	Brady (PA)	Clay	Baldwin	Bentsen	Bonior
Becerra	Brady (TX)	Clayton	Barrett	Blumenauer	Brown (OH)
					NAYS—87

NAYS—87

ELECTION OF MEMBER TO COMMITTEE ON RESOURCES

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution (H. Res.

This is a 5-minute vote.
The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 341, nays 87.

Hastings (WA) Northup Traficant HANSEN) laid before the House the following resignation as a member of the Committee on Veterans' Affairs:

Hayes Norwood Turner

Hayworth Nussle Udall (NM)

Heffley Oberstar Velazquez

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Washington, D.C., June 20, 30

Washington, DC, June 20, 2001.

The Speaker
The Capitol, Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: I hereby resign my

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: I hereby resign my seat on the Veterans' Affairs Committee effective immediately.

Best regards,

3. B. 1.
Mem

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the resignation is accepted.

There was no objection.

175) and I ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 175

Resolved, That the following named member be and is hereby, elected to the following standing committee of the House of Representatives:

Committee on Resources: Mr. HAYWORTH.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FLAKE). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2001, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

REVISIONS TO ALLOCATION FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. NUSSLE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. NUSSLE. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to Sec. 314 of the Congressional Budget Act and Sec. 221(c) of H. Con. Res. 83, the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2002, I hereby submit for printing in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD revisions to the allocations for the House Committee on Appropriations.

As reported to the House, H.R. 2216, the bill making supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 2001, increases emergency-designated appropriations for fiscal year 2001 by \$84,000,000 in budget authority and \$59,000,000 in outlays. Those emergency-designated appropriations also increase fiscal year 2002 outlays by \$184,000,000. Under the provisions of both the Budget Act and the budget resolution, I must adjust the 302(a) allocations and budgetary aggregates upon the reporting of a bill containing emergency appropriations.

Accordingly, I increase the fiscal year 2001 302(a) allocation to the House Appropriations Committee contained in House Report 107-104 by \$84,000,000 in new budget authority and \$59,000,000 in new outlays. This changes the fiscal year 2001 302(a) allocation to that Committee to \$642,063,000,000 in budget authority and \$647,147,000,000 in outlays. I also increase the fiscal year 2002 302(a) allocation to the House Appropriations Committee contained in House Report 107-100 by \$184,000,000 in outlays. This increases the outlay allocation to that Committee for fiscal year 2002 to \$682,960,000,000.

The increase in the allocations also requires an increase in the budgetary

aggregates. For fiscal year 2001, the adjusted levels are \$1,653,765,000,000 for budget authority and \$1,600,588,000,000 for outlays. For fiscal year 2002, the outlay aggregate is \$1,590,658,000,000.

These adjustments shall apply while the legislation is under consideration and shall take effect upon final enactment of the legislation. Questions may be directed to Dan Kowalski at 67270.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from the District of Columbia (Ms. NORTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. NORTON addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. MILLENDER-MCDONALD) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. MILLENDER-MCDONALD addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

AMERICA'S ENERGY POLICY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2001, the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. EHLERS) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the majority leader.

Mr. EHLERS. Mr. Speaker, this evening, several of us want to address an extremely important topic, and that topic is energy. Energy is normally not a high-priority issue for most members of the public, and, in fact, for many Members of this Congress.

Nevertheless, it is one of the most important issues that we deal with, and that becomes apparent every time we have a shortage of energy. Prices rise and then we have a major economic impact.

Mr. Speaker, in fact, energy is so important that the last three recessions that this country has experienced have followed immediately upon shortages of energy and an increase in energy prices, and there is some concern that that might happen if we do not correct the current energy shortage.

There are many aspects to discuss regarding energy, and tonight we will be joined by the gentlewoman from West Virginia (Mrs. CAPITO) and the gentlewoman from New Mexico (Mrs. WILSON).

Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentlewoman from West Virginia (Mrs. CAPITO).

Mrs. CAPITO. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. EHLERS) for yielding to me.

Mr. Speaker, tonight we are going to talk about the energy problem across America, and we are going to talk about some solutions and some ways that I think we can look to the future to try to solve some of the problems.

Mr. Speaker, the energy crisis in California has been devastating communities across the western United States, and its effects are being felt across many industries. Our Nation has been blessed with an abundance of natural resources from which our energy can be produced.

Mr. Speaker, I feel that this unfortunate situation in California is one that need not be repeated, and we must work to ensure this.

At a time when we have the technology to produce energy in a much cleaner, more efficient way, we should be devising the long-term solutions to help prevent situations like the one in California from occurring again.

We are seeing the prices of services rise as the funds to pay for these services are depleting. Today, it costs more to operate businesses, drive our cars; and in West Virginia, the cost of cooling and heating our homes is rising.

Unfortunately, the demand for more energy is not decreasing, and companies are being forced to close, vital members of our Nation's workforce are losing their jobs.

With California's economy representing 13 percent of the total U.S. Gross Domestic Product, it cannot survive under these conditions; and unfortunately, a poorly thought out deregulation plan has severely damaged the world's sixth largest economy.

Mr. Speaker, in my home State of West Virginia, we have an abundance of coal and natural gas; but many of these resources have lain asleep, untapped, due partly in effect of the overly restrictive regulations that have prevented the extraction, the production and transportation of these sources of energy.

Today, many of these resources could serve as a lifeboat to our friends in the West if only we had recognized these sources' potential contributions and had been wise stewards of them.

But a decade of ignoring our domestic sources of energy and stifling energy production has unfortunately left some classrooms in the dark, some businesses offline, and some local infrastructures paralyzed. But this is not a hopeless situation, and that is why we are talking about it tonight.

This country can chart a new course for the history books, one that includes a natural energy policy that utilizes our domestic resources and promotes speedy, efficient, and environmentally-sound production of energy. We can do this at the same time by instituting meaningful means of conservation of our precious energy resources.

I look forward to working with the rest of Congress in developing the smart plan for our future, and I thank the gentleman from Michigan for engaging in this conversation.

Mr. Speaker, I look forward to the role that West Virginia will play in the development of a comprehensive energy plan for our Nation. I think West Virginia's abundant resources can be used effectively, can be burned environmentally in a cleaner fashion; and