

danger. Unfortunately, this time, the Chinese fighter caused an accident.

This reckless aggression, the forced landing of our disabled plane, and now the holding of our crew and plane as hostages, and now China's belligerence is outrageous. It violates international agreements that China has signed; it damages U.S.-China relations.

President Bush should stand firm and strong and demand an apology from the dictators in Beijing, the immediate return of the American crew and plane. China is at fault on this one.

CHINA TESTING AMERICAN RESOLVE

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, after holding 24 Americans as prisoners, China now demands an apology, an apology for spying on a country who has missiles pointed at us. Beam me up. China is now testing American resolve, piece by piece, incident by incident.

Mr. Speaker, we need to tell it like it is. China is trying to determine what Congress and Uncle Sam will do when China attacks Taiwan. That is the way it is, folks. I say the dragon is going too far.

I yield back the fact that an attack on Taiwan is an attack on democracy, and, by God, that should be considered an attack on the United States of America.

SUPPORT CRUCIAL FUNDING FOR RYAN WHITE CARE ACT

(Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, my home State of Florida ranks third in people reporting full-blown AIDS and, in my district of Miami, fourth in the top 10 cities. The lifetime medical cost of one AIDS case is estimated at \$69,000, which means that uninsured or underinsured patients would have little or no recourse for affording treatment if it were not for the Ryan White Care Act.

These programs have been a critical source of care and services for people living and dealing with HIV/AIDS. The Ryan White Care Act provides funding to support a range of HIV care and services, from HIV testing and counseling to prescription drugs and home hospice care. It is founded on a strong partnership between the Federal Government, States and local communities, and it emphasizes less costly outpatient and primary care to prevent expensive emergency room visits and hospitalizations.

The Ryan White Care Act serves approximately 500,000 individuals with HIV and AIDS every year. The reauthorization of this act last October was

a great victory for the AIDS community. It was a victory for America's 400,000 plus families who will lose a loved one this year to AIDS. On their behalf, we ask our colleagues to support crucial funding for the Ryan White Care Act this year.

COMPLETED COUNTING REAFFIRMS BUSH VICTORY

(Mr. STEARNS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. STEARNS. Mr. Speaker, even before Vice President Gore conceded the Presidential election, the Democrats talked about counting all of the ballots to see who really won. Well, that task has been accomplished.

The Miami Herald, Knight Ridder and USA Today conducted a comprehensive review of more than 64,000 ballots in all 67 Florida counties. What did this review find? Bush's margin of 537 votes would have increased to 1,665 if all the ballots were counted. This number was reached using the standard of counting every dimple, pinprick or hanging chad as a valid vote.

Under different scenarios, counting chads with two corners detached, or counting dimples for the Presidential election, the verdict was the same: Governor Bush still would have won.

This election was decided conclusively last year. For those who could not accept this fact, there was this fantasy, "What if all the votes had been counted?" The answer remains the same: President George W. Bush.

HANDS ARE NOT FOR HURTING

(Ms. HOOLEY of Oregon asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. HOOLEY of Oregon. Mr. Speaker, hands are not for hurting. It is a simple phrase and a simple concept, but one that too many never learn.

I rise today to spread the word about the Hands Are Not For Hurting Project started by Ann Kelley, a woman in Salem, Oregon, who is dedicating her life to violence prevention. Ann got the idea that if all children took a pledge that they would not use their hands for hurting and signed that pledge on a purple paper cut-out of their hand, then that simple idea may penetrate. She reasoned that because violence is a learned response, it could be unlearned, and we could teach more peaceful and constructive methods of showing anger or resolving disputes.

Hands Are Not for Hurting is now being used by schools, churches, civic groups and government agencies in more than 20 States. Thousands of young people and adults across this country have taken the pledge to refrain from violence.

Today marks one of the saddest anniversaries in America's recent history. To commemorate the life and goals of

Martin Luther King, Jr., I would like to urge all of my colleagues to spread the word. Hands are instruments that can paint a masterpiece, sculpt a classic, or wipe a tear from a child's face, but hands are not for hurting.

APRIL IS CHILD ABUSE AWARENESS MONTH

(Ms. GRANGER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. GRANGER. Mr. Speaker, April is Child Abuse Prevention Month, and, unfortunately, child abuse is a very real problem in the United States.

In 1999, 825,000 children were victims of abuse or neglect, a sad and preventable statistic, Mr. Speaker, 825,000 children we cannot afford to turn our backs on. Violence toward one child affects everyone.

Keeping our children safe is a community responsibility because ultimately all of us pay the price for those who grow up in abusive homes by way of increased law enforcement, medical and drug treatment, remedial education, foster care and public assistance.

Child abuse is preventable, and everyone must be involved: neighborhoods, schools, churches, the local government, and the media. Each of us can start by participating in the blue ribbon campaign. It is a tangible way to demonstrate one's concern about child abuse and neglect. So let us wear a ribbon and when someone asks, as I do, what is that ribbon for, instead of just saying that it signifies Child Abuse Prevention Month, let us say, this represents the children who were abused in my community last year. Would you wear one, too, so we will not forget?

Let us remember that children are only 20 percent of our population today, but 100 percent of our future.

RETIREMENT SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

(Mr. NEAL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. NEAL. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing legislation to expand and improve pension coverage for low- and moderate-income workers.

My legislation will provide an incentive for these workers to participate in the current pension system and to hopefully stay in the system once the benefits of compounded interest can be clearly seen. For those who believe that we must really do something to encourage savings, this is an ideal piece of legislation.

This bill will allow individuals to receive up to a 50 percent tax credit on voluntary contributions to an individual retirement account or an employer-sponsored pension plan. The maximum credit would be \$1,000 on a \$2,000 contribution and would be refundable so that this incentive to save

would be attractive to some who otherwise might not be in a pension system due to low incomes.

The bill also allows small businesses to receive two tax credits, one for start-up administrative costs associated with a new pension plan and another for contributions made to a pension plan for non-highly-compensated employees covered under the plan.

Mr. Speaker, I believe this bill would make significant progress in encouraging employees to participate in a pension system and, most importantly, to keep them participating. I hope this year we will move this legislation and attach it to any piece of major pension legislation that moves or sails through this Congress.

□ 1015

PAYING TRIBUTE TO DAN KROLL

(Mr. ROGERS of Michigan asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ROGERS of Michigan. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to share with this body an uncommon act of my constituents, Dan and Lisa Kroll of Marion Township, Michigan.

Kelly, Ray and Collin Shuler are neighbors of Dan Kroll. Collin, the Shuler's 2-year-old son, suffers from a serious brain injury which causes him to have partial blindness and stunted development. The Shulers have traveled throughout this Nation and to Canada in order to learn physical therapy procedures that they can perform themselves on their son. The family also pays upwards of \$30,000 per year in out-of-pocket medical expenses for Collin.

When Dan Kroll and his wife Lisa learned of their young neighbor's condition, they decided to help. By calling contacts on Dan's United Parcel Service route, Dan and his wife Lisa put together a fundraiser for Collin. Dan and Lisa Kroll hosted a major benefit dinner for Collin Shuler. The event was a tremendous success, gathering friends and neighbors, nearly 500 individuals who attended, and more than \$20,000 was raised.

Mr. Speaker, we are quick sometimes to condemn the acts of aggression, and not so quick sometimes to celebrate the acts of kindness that happen in America. Dan and Lisa Kroll have shown this kind of kindness by bringing the entire community of Howell, Michigan, together to make a difference in the lives of their neighbors.

This act of kindness must not go without recognition. Therefore, Mr. Speaker, I respectfully ask my colleagues to join me in paying tribute to Dan Kroll for being an inspiration to us all, and for reminding us that community service is an important part of American life.

PRINTING OF REVISED AND UPDATED VERSION OF "WOMEN IN CONGRESS, 1917-1990"

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SUNUNU). The unfinished business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the concurrent resolution, House Concurrent Resolution 66.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. NEY) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 66, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 414, nays 1, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 79]		
YEAS—414		
Abercrombie	Conyers	Graves
Ackerman	Cooksey	Green (TX)
Aderholt	Costello	Green (WI)
Akin	Cox	Greenwood
Allen	Coyne	Grucci
Andrews	Cramer	Gutierrez
Armey	Crane	Gutknecht
Baca	Crenshaw	Hall (OH)
Bachus	Crowley	Hall (TX)
Baird	Cubin	Hansen
Baker	Culberson	Harman
Baldacci	Cummings	Hart
Baldwin	Cunningham	Hastings (FL)
Ballenger	Davis (CA)	Hastings (WA)
Barcia	Davis (FL)	Hayes
Barr	Davis (IL)	Hayworth
Barrett	Davis, Jo Ann	Heffley
Bartlett	Davis, Tom	Herger
Barton	Deal	Hill
Bass	Defazio	Hilleary
Bentsen	DeGette	Hilliard
Berkley	Delahunt	Hinchey
Berman	DeLauro	Hinojosa
Berry	DeLay	Hobson
Biggert	DeMint	Hoeffel
Bilirakis	Deutsch	Hoekstra
Bishop	Diaz-Balart	Holden
Blagojevich	Dicks	Holt
Blumenauer	Dingell	Honda
Blunt	Doggett	Hooley
Boehlert	Dooley	Horn
Boehner	Doolittle	Hostettler
Bonilla	Doyle	Houghton
Bonior	Dreier	Hoyer
Bono	Duncan	Hulshof
Borski	Dunn	Hunter
Boswell	Edwards	Hutchinson
Boucher	Ehlers	Hyde
Boyd	Ehrlich	Inslee
Brady (PA)	Emerson	Isakson
Brady (TX)	Engel	Israel
Brown (FL)	English	Issa
Brown (OH)	Eshoo	Istook
Brown (SC)	Etheridge	Jackson (IL)
Bryant	Evans	Jackson-Lee
Burr	Everett	(TX)
Burton	Farr	Jefferson
Buyer	Ferguson	Jenkins
Callahan	Filner	John
Calvert	Flake	Johnson (CT)
Camp	Fletcher	Johnson (IL)
Cannon	Foley	Johnson, E.B.
Cantor	Ford	Jones (NC)
Capito	Frank	Jones (OH)
Capps	Frelinghuysen	Kanjorski
Capuano	Frost	Kaptur
Cardin	Gallagly	Keller
Carson (IN)	Ganske	Kelly
Carson (OK)	Gekas	Kennedy (MN)
Castle	Gephhardt	Kerns
Chabot	Gibbons	Kildee
Chambliss	Gilchrist	Kilpatrick
Clay	Gillmor	Kind (WI)
Clayton	Gilman	King (NY)
Clement	Gonzalez	Kingston
Clyburn	Goode	Kirk
Coble	Goodlatte	Kleczka
Collins	Goss	Knollenberg
Combest	Graham	Kolbe
Condit	Granger	Kucinich

LaFalce
LaHood
Lampson
Langevin
Lantos
Largent
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
LaTourette
Lee
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (GA)
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Lipinski
LoBiondo
Lofgren
Lowey
Lucas (KY)
Lucas (OK)
Luther
Maloney (CT)
Maloney (NY)
Manzullo
Markey
Mascara
Matheson
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McCrery
McDermott
McGovern
McHugh
McInnis
McIntyre
McKeon
McNulty
Meehan
Meeks (NY)
Menendez
Mica
Millender
McDonald
Miller (FL)
Miller, Gary
Miller, George
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Moore
Moran (KS)
Moran (VA)
Morella
Murtha
Myrick
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Nethercutt
Ney
Northup
Sessions
Nussle
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Pallone
Pascrell
Pastor
Payne
Pelosi
Pence
Peterson (MN)
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Phelps
Pickering
Pitts
Platts
Pombo
Pomeroy
Portman
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Putnam
Quinn
Radaovich
Rahall
Ramstad
Rangel
Regula
Rehberg
Reyes
Reynolds
Riley
Rivers
Rodriguez
Roemer
Rogers (KY)
Rogers (MI)
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Ross
Rothman
Roukema
Roybal-Allard
Royce
Ryan (WI)
Ryan (KS)
Sabo
Sanchez
Sanders
Sandlin
Sawyer
Watkins
Watt (NC)
Scarborough
Schaffer
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schrock
Scott
Sensenbrenner
Serrano
Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Sherman
Sherwood
Tierney
Whitfield
Woolsey
Young (AK)

NAYS—1

Paul

NOT VOTING—16

Becerra
Bereuter
Fattah
Fossella
Gordon
Johnson, Sam

Kennedy (RI)
Latham
Matsui
McKinney
Meek (FL)
Rush

□ 1039

Mr. HOUGHTON, Mr. EHLERS, and Ms. BERKLEY changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for: