

Martini Creek-Devil's Slide Bypass right-of-way, which was originally purchased by Caltrans for the purpose of building a highway across Montara Mountain. When San Mateo County voters overwhelmingly decided in a local referendum in favor of the Devil's Slide tunnel rather than the Martini Creek Bypass in 1996, this right-of-way became obsolete. This property, which covers approximately 300 acres, bisects the proposed additions to the GGNRA and will provide important recreation access to the surrounding parklands. It is my understanding that once the GGNRA boundary is adjusted to include this right-of-way, Caltrans will be able to donate this property to the National Park Service.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 1953 will also reauthorize the Golden Gate National Recreation Area and Point Reyes National Seashore Advisory Commission for 20 years. The GGNRA and Point Reyes Advisory Commission was established by Congress in 1972 to provide for the free exchange of ideas between the National Park Service and the public and to facilitate the solicitation of advice from members of the public on problems pertinent to the National Park Service Parks or sites in Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties. The Advisory Commission holds open and accessible public meetings monthly at which the public has an opportunity to comment on park-related issues.

The Advisory Commission is an invaluable resource for park management. It provides an important forum for the gathering and receipt of public input, public opinion and public comment and allows the park to maintain constructive and informal contacts with both the private sector and other federal, state and local public agencies. The Advisory Commission aids in strengthening the spirit of cooperation between the National Park Service and the public, encourages private cooperation with other public agencies, and assists in developing and ensuring that the park's general management plan is implemented.

As part of its regular monthly hearing process, the Advisory Commission will hold public hearings next month on this legislation in Half Moon Bay, California. Advisory Commission members will be hearing public comment on the boundary study for the "Rancho Corral de Tierra GGNRA Boundary Adjustment Act of 2001" which was produced by Peninsula Open Space Trust in consultation with the National Park Service. All Advisory Commission meetings are open to the public and an official transcript of each meeting is on record and available to the public. The activities and contributions of the Advisory Commission are critical to the efficient operation and management of the two adjoining national park units of Point Reyes National Seashore and the Golden Gate National Recreation Area.

Mr. Speaker, preserving our country's unique natural areas must be one of our highest national priorities, and it is one of my highest priorities as a Member of Congress. We must preserve and protect these areas for our children and grandchildren today or they will be lost forever. Adding these new lands in San Mateo County to the GGNRA will allow us to protect these fragile areas from development or other inappropriate use which would destroy the scenic beauty and natural character of this key part of the Bay Area. I urge my colleagues to take advantage of this unique opportunity to preserve these important

lands for addition to our national parks. I ask my colleagues to support passage of H.R. 1953, the "Rancho Corral de Tierra Golden Gate National Recreation Area Boundary Adjustment Act of 2001".

HONORING WORLD WAR II
VETERAN HAROLD EMICK

HON. SCOTT McINNIS

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 23, 2001

Mr. McINNIS. Mr. Speaker, I am extremely proud to rise today to honor a very special man—World War II Veteran Harold Emick, a resident of Olathe, Colorado. Harold spent three years in the Army, fighting the Germans in Europe. Because of what Harold saw and what he went through in WWII, I would like to thank him for his bravery and courage on behalf of this Congress.

Harold joined the Army in 1943 at the age of 18. In December of 1944 Harold was assigned to the Army's 70th Infantry Division under General Alexander Patch. The 7th Army traveled north through a wintry France. "They Killed us, we killed them. In the end, we won because we killed more of them," Harold said. Harold's first battle was at a farmhouse near Nancy, France. "It was about 3 o'clock in the morning when the German Panzer tank opened up on our sleeping platoon at point-blank range. There was death and chaos everywhere, and when it was finally over, those of us who had survived had gone from green kids in uniform to soldiers."

The 70th Infantry Division fought its way through more death and according to Harold, it grew more personal, as the division lost men to snipers, land mines and armed women and children. In May of 1945 after the Germans had surrendered, Harold's unit was sent back to the States to prepare for the possible invasion of Japan. After the war had ended Harold left the military and attended the University of Tennessee where he received his degree in engineering and business.

Harold spent 38 years with the Burrough Corporation in a number of positions until he retired in 1983. He then moved to the Uncompahgre Plateau about 17 miles outside of Olathe. Harold received the World War II Victory Medal, the American Service Medal, and the European African Middle Eastern Service Medal with bronze stars for the Rhineland, Central Europe and Ardennes campaign. The 70th Infantry Division earned the Presidential Citation with two stars for its valor.

Mr. Speaker, it is with great appreciation that I ask Congress to recognize and honor Harold Emick for all that he did for this country in World War II. Harold was just a boy when he was thrust into battle, but his bravery and the bravery of those who fought and died for this country will forever be etched in our minds.

THE ILSA RENEWAL ACT OF 2001—
H.R. 1954

HON. BENJAMIN A. GILMAN

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 23, 2001

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to note that earlier today I introduced H.R. 1954, the ILSA Extension Act of 2001, which will extend the provisions of the Iran-Libya Sanctions Act for an additional five years.

I have introduced the bill together with my colleague, the gentleman from California, Mr. HOWARD BERMAN as the lead cosponsor, and with nearly 200 additional original cosponsors.

Among those original cosponsors are members of the House leadership on both sides of the aisle, including, notably, our Majority Leader, DICK ARMEY, DEBORAH PRYCE, CHRIS COX, ROY BLUNT, and Committee Chairmen, PORTER GOSS, SHERRY BOEHLERT, JIM SAXTON, CHRIS SMITH, and DON YOUNG. On the other side of the aisle we have leaders such as MARTIN FROST and BOB MENENDEZ, the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Democratic Caucus, TOM LANTOS, the ranking Democrat on our House International Relations Committee, and GARY ACKERMAN, the ranking Member on our Middle East Subcommittee.

We are advocating that ILSA remain in effect for another five years because Iran continues to threaten the national security of the United States, as President Bush certified to Congress in March. Although Libyans stand convicted of killing Americans, British, and others by bringing down Pan Am Flight 103, the Libyan government has failed to take responsibility for its actions in this matter, as required by the U.N. Security Council. Without ILSA these countries would be more dangerous still.

It was the intent of the supporters of the Iran-Libya Sanctions Act, five years ago, that either Iran would change its behavior so that it would gain access to investments from around the world or that, absent a change in behavior, it would be hampered in its efforts to promote terror and obtain weapons of mass destruction. It is regrettable that Iranian behavior has not changed for the better.

In fact, it seems to be getting worse—in its training of terrorists, in its production of chemical and biological weapons and the production of long range missiles. But that is no reason to give up our struggle to deprive Iran of the means to use violence to achieve its aims. There is ample evidence that ILSA has delayed exploitation of Iran's energy resources and made their development more difficult and more expensive. And that is exactly what the Iran Libya Sanctions Extension Act will continue to do.

In Iran we are confronted with a regime whose national security aims include the destruction of the State of Israel and a desire to threaten the United States. So it is left to us to do what the Iranian people cannot do for themselves, which is to contain the existing regime as best we can. And that is all that our legislation does.

ILSA does not affect any of our American companies. It is aimed solely at foreign companies which take advantage of our executive-order ban on investment in Iran or Libya.

It even provides that it would not have any further effect if Iran and Libya conform to acceptable standards of behavior for members of

the world community. But they have not done so thus far.

Our Subcommittee on the Middle East and South Asia received testimony on May 9 about the impact of ILSA. We believe, based on that testimony and on other information we have received over the years, that ILSA has been effective in slowing down investment in Iran. It has helped to slow Iran's development of the means to threaten the United States and its friends. Iran, however, has been taking actions that threaten the United States. To prevent Iran from doing further harm, we are asking our colleagues in the Congress to renew ILSA.

Mr. Speaker, for the convenience of our colleagues, I am inserting into the RECORD a copy of the bill and a list of its original cosponsors.

H.R. 1954

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "ILSA Extension Act of 2001".

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF IRAN AND LIBYA SANCTIONS ACT OF 1996.

Section 13(b) of the Iran and Libya Sanctions Act of 1996 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; Public Law 104-172) is amended by striking "5 years" and inserting "10 years".

ILSA CO-SPONSORS

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HONORING PRISCILLA DONER REETZ OF BREWSTER, MASSACHUSETTS

HON. WILLIAM D. DELAHUNT

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 23, 2001

Mr. DELAHUNT. Mr. Speaker, on Saturday, May 12, family and friends gathered at the Museum of Natural History on Cape Cod to celebrate the memory of our colleague, Priscilla Reetz.

For 10 years in our Hyannis office—with Representative Studds, then Representative DELAHUNT, she worked each day to help people in need across the cape and islands, with a heart of gold and joyousness to spare. Actress, entrepreneur, novelist, kayaker—Priscilla touched countless lives, including ours, with irresistible zest.

We are deeply saddened by her death, and will miss her dearly. Our thoughts and prayers are with her four children and seven grandchildren.

It is with respect and admiration for this remarkable friend and coworker that I commend to you the obituary for Ms. Reetz that appeared in the Cape Cod Times on Thursday, May 10, 2001:

PRISCILLA DONER REETZ, 72

CASEWORKER FOR REP. STUDDS, DELAHUNT; STORYTELLER; KAYAKER

BREWSTER.—Priscilla Doner Reetz, 72, a resident of Brewster, died unexpectedly Monday in Brewster.

She was the wife of the late Donald Reetz for 25 years.

Mrs. Reetz was born in Watertown, N.Y., and received an associate's degree from Rochester Institute of Technology. She raised her family in Rochester, N.Y., and in the Finger Lakes region. At age 49, she began a career as a commercial actress in the Boston area.

She moved to Brewster in 1982. She was the proprietor of a small antiques business, and was a fixture behind the counter at the Brewster General Store for many years. She

was a storyteller at the Brewster Ladies Library and the Brewster Book Store.

Mrs. Reetz was a caseworker in the Hyannis office of U.S. Rep. Gerry Studds, and later Bill Delahunt, for nearly 10 years.

"Priscilla loved her work because she got so much satisfaction from helping people in need," Delahunt said. "From working with the disabled to those in need of housing, she moved mountains every day for countless Cape Codders."

Mrs. Reetz was very interested in Chinese and American history. She was at work on a collection of poetry for children and a novel at the time of her death.

She was an avid kayaker and loved kayaking on the bays and creeks of the Cape. She also hiked frequently with the Appalachian Mountain Club.

She is survived by three sons, David Reetz of Santa Cruz, Calif., Garin Reetz of Dallas, Texas, and Allan Reetz of Meriden, N.H.; a daughter, Sarah Reetz of New York, N.Y.; and seven grandchildren.

A memorial service will be held at 5:15 p.m. Saturday at the Cape Cod Museum of Natural History, Route 6A, Brewster.

Memorial donations may be made to the Cape Cod Museum of Natural History, Route 6A, Brewster, MA 02631; or to Safe Harbor, c/o Community Action Committee of the Cape and Islands, P.O. Box 954, Hyannis, MA 02601.

IN HONOR OF JOAN RIVERS ON THE OCCASION OF HER BEING NAMED A WOMAN OF THE YEAR BY THE USO OF METROPOLITAN NEW YORK

HON. CAROLYN B. MALONEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 23, 2001

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Ms. Joan Rivers, a distinguished resident of the 14th Congressional District which I represent and an internationally renowned entertainer, who will be honored by the USO of Metropolitan New York tomorrow at its Women of the Year Luncheon.

The USO is currently in its sixtieth year of existence, dedicated to improving the morale and welfare of our uniformed military personnel. For more than half a century, the USO has been providing a "touch of home" to our men and women in uniform overseas.

The USO Woman of the Year award has been given to an impressive list of past honorees including such luminaries as Barbara Bush, Lady Bird Johnson, and Mamie Eisenhower. One of the greatest entertainers of our time, and a highly successful author and businesswoman, Ms. Rivers is a fitting choice for this distinguished honor.

Joan Rivers is currently acclaimed for her witty and engaging commentary on E! Entertainment Television's Fashion Reviews and E!'s live pre-shows for the Academy Awards. Her signature question, "Can we talk?" has become so well known that the United States government agreed to register it as a federal trademark.

An accomplished comedienne, Ms. Rivers worked her way up through small clubs and lounges, where she often relief on tips in lieu of a salary, to the international celebrity she has reached today. In 1983, "The Tonight Show" with Johnny Carson broke tradition to