

it fits into the fabric of great sporting events we have witnessed in a lifetime. Unquestionably, it was the greatest sporting event I have ever witnessed and it's bound to have a lasting impression on my son who sat beside me at game seven. The 2001 World Series explained why they play, and why we watch.

The world found out on Sunday night that miracles do happen, they just don't always happen for the New York Yankees. Sunday was the Arizona Diamondbacks chance to be the "Phoenix" rising from the ashes in the ninth inning.

The Yankees three straight dramatic wins in New York supposedly had the Diamondbacks demoralized and beaten. It was only a matter of finishing the series and collecting the rings. But "destiny" and "momentum" only go as far as your last game.

The Diamondbacks showed tremendous talent and heart to overcome the magic of the Yankees comeback wins. The Yankees came to Arizona with seemingly insurmountable momentum. However, it evaporated in Phoenix on Saturday as the New Yorkers and their fans endured a 15-2 drubbing. The stage was now set for one of the most memorable game sevens in baseball history.

The game seven pitching match up of Curt Schilling and Roger Clemens had all the makings of a classic duel. Both had Cy Young Award worthy seasons and they both dominated throughout the post season. On top of that, Schilling attributes his success over the past few years to a "talking to" Clemens gave him. Before the game Schilling said he felt like he was in an essay contest with Hemingway or a "paint-off" versus Picasso.

And then, on Sunday night, after the Yankees took a 2-1 lead late and appeared headed to their fourth straight world title, the Diamondback miracle happened: The Yankees had gotten the seventh game right to where they wanted it, with a one-run lead and the ball in the hands of their phenomenal closer, Mariano Rivera. But Rivera, virtually unhittable at all other times, gave up four hits, two runs, the lead, the game and the series. The Arizona Diamondbacks beat the best to become the best!!!

The Diamondback victory really comes down to the overwhelming desire of great baseball players to reach the pinnacle of their sport. From the first day of spring training, rookie manager Bob Brenly and D-Back players, had a goal of not just getting to the World Series but winning the World Series. They never looked away from it and emerged from a very dark moment until the light of triumph was blinding.

While the entire Diamondback franchise—from owner Jerry Colangelo to third base coach Chris Spier—played a part in their World Series victory, I want to single out two remarkable D-Backs who will go down in history as the most feared one-two pitching punch in baseball. Congratulations Randy Johnson and Curt Schilling for being awarded Co-MVPs of the World Series.

Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the Arizona Diamond Backs and the New York Yankees for treating fans across the country to a thrilling World Series. Two classy teams rose to the top of both leagues this year, and they gave us a World Series for the ages. They gave us the pure entertainment of a great sport played at its highest level and got this country's mind off darker concerns for a couple of weeks.

HONORING EMERGENCY SERVICE WORKERS DURING LOCAL HEROES WEEK

HON. CHET EDWARDS

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. EDWARDS. Mr. Speaker, it is particularly fitting, in the wake of the tragic events of September 11th, 2001 and the courageous and selfless acts of heroism by New York's police, firefighters and rescue workers which were witnessed and acclaimed by the world, that we extend our gratitude to police, fire and emergency service workers in all of America's communities. The citizens of Bell County and Copperas Cove, Texas in my congressional district are honoring these public servants, from November 18-24, during the 10th observance of Local Heroes Week.

This expression of appreciation to our local public safety workers for their service to Central Texas, which has grown every year since its inception in 1992, raises funds from area businesses and organizations to endow scholarships at Central Texas College for their immediate families.

As a community, we owe a special thanks to the police officers, fire fighters and emergency workers we honor and our sincere appreciation to those who organize Local Heroes Week. The recent tragedies at the World Trade Center in New York and at the Pentagon in Arlington, Virginia remind us that every day, in every city and county in the country, these men and women put their lives on the line to protect us from harm.

Mr. Speaker, I ask the Members of the House of Representatives to join me in honoring these local heroes, in Copperas Cove and Bell County, and across the nation. They define the spirit of public service and we are grateful.

COMMENDING DAVID AND META KLEIMAN FOR THEIR CIVIC COMMITMENT

HON. JULIA CARSON

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Ms. CARSON of Indiana. Mr. Speaker, these are times to especially honor civic commitment of the sort that serves as powerful example to all Americans. Today I am privileged to commend to the nation two distinguished citizens of Indianapolis, Indiana, David and Meta Kleiman, who will be specially honored this evening at the Indianapolis-Israel Dinner of State.

True friends of the city, the Kleimans have lived their lives as models of civic virtue for all to emulate. David has served on many Jewish organizations, including the Jewish Federation of which he was president from 1981-84. He has also served as president of the JCCA, the Indiana Jewish Historical Society, and B'nai B'rith Lodge No. 58.

A leading partner with the law firm Dann, Pecar, Newman & Kleiman, Mr. Kleiman's life has featured even greater commitment to the community at large, including distinguished service as Chairman of United Way, President

of the Indiana Repertory Theater and leadership roles in diverse Indianapolis community organizations of great value to the life of the city.

Meta stands with David in her own commitment to civic virtue. She has served as President of IHC's Sisterhood and has chaired the Federation Women's Division and the Federation's Committee on Aging. Her advocacy for the elderly was marked, as well, by her service as President of Park Regency. On the national stage, Meta has served on the boards of the Association of Reform Zionists of America and the National Federation of Temple Sisterhoods, chairing the Sisterhood's Israel Committee.

The Kleimans have been recognized in their home community with the Mossler Community Service award and the Ivan Chalfie award, important honors in the city of Indianapolis. In addition, Meta has received the L.L. Goodman award and David has been recognized as B'nai B'rith Man of the Year.

Individually and together, the Kleimans' contributions to the United States, to Indiana, to Indianapolis and to Indiana's 10th Congressional District are in the highest tradition of selfless public service. I ask, Mr. Speaker, that you and my colleagues in the People's House join in commending each of the Kleimans for their lives of service, celebrating their civic virtue and commitment.

CONGRATULATING PATSY MILTON

HON. GEORGE RADANOVICH

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. RADANOVICH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Patsy Milton for receiving a 2001 Common Threads Award. This award is presented to women in agriculture who have made a remarkable contribution to their community through volunteer work and philanthropy.

Patsy Milton has been a passionate advocate for educating others on the importance of agriculture in their lives. Patsy, her husband Rick, and their family raise stone fruit and grapes in the area surrounding Parlier, California. She and her husband are highly involved in the Fresno County Farm Bureau. In the Farm Bureau, Patsy has been the coordinator of the Ag in the Classroom program since its inception in 1987. Her community involvement includes the Reedley Fresh Fruit Festival, Riverview School Parent Teacher Club, Reedley High School Band Boosters, Reedley Drama Club, and Christ Lutheran Church in Reedley. In 1995 she received the California Foundation for Agriculture in the Classroom Volunteer Award.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Patsy Milton for earning a 2001 Common Threads Award. She has shown outstanding involvement, not only in agriculture, but also in strengthening her community. I urge my colleagues to join me in wishing Ms. Milton a bright future and continued success.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. CHRISTOPHER SHAYS

OF CONNECTICUT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. SHAYS. Mr. Speaker, on November 6, I was in Connecticut participating in our local elections and, therefore, missed three recorded votes.

I take my voting responsibility very seriously and would like the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD to reflect that, had I been present, I would have voted "yes" on recorded vote No. 426, "yes" on recorded vote No. 427, and "yes" on recorded vote No. 428.

PAYING TRIBUTE TO WILLIAM G. AIKEN

HON. SCOTT MCINNIS

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. MCINNIS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to recognize William G. Aiken and his contribution to this country during World War II. Bill began his service in 1943 at the invasion of Salerno, Italy and fought courageously to defend freedom and this great country.

Mr. Aiken operated mortars in the 84th Mortar Battalion of the 5th Army. He was tasked with the assignment of providing artillery field support to the invading allied forces. As such, Aiken's unit was often in the lead of several invading beach assaults; including nine tenuous days on the beaches at Salerno where they clung to the beachhead as the Nazis tried to repel Aiken's squad and the rest of the American units. Mr. Aiken returned to Colorado after the war and retired in 1978. Among his decorations are the Purple Heart for wounds he received in combat and the Bronze Star for valor.

Mr. Speaker it is a great privilege to recognize William G. Aiken for his service to this country. He served selflessly in a time of great need, bringing credit to himself and this nation. If it were not for men like Bill, we would not enjoy the freedoms we so value today.

HONORING JUDGE STANLEY A. MILLER

HON. THOMAS M. BARRETT

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, I am honored to pay tribute to the work of Judge Stanley Miller. Through his service in the Milwaukee Courts, our city was provided with not only a fair arbitrator, but also a mentor who was deeply committed to improving our community.

Judge Miller's leadership was evident from the very beginning of his career. While attending the University of Wisconsin Law School, Miller was elected the first African American president of the Student Bar Association.

He went on to serve our community for more than 20 years on the Milwaukee Munic-

ipal Court and Milwaukee County Circuit Court. Judge Miller knew that justice began with equal representation of the community on the bench, and for this reason, he encouraged many African American attorneys to become judges.

Judge Miller believed in our youth. He stressed the importance of preventing crime and worked tirelessly to keep kids out of the court system. From the bench, he urged professionals to be more vigilant of the needs of children, before serious problems arise.

Through his years of work in the courts and in our community, Judge Miller set a high standard for those who will follow him, and he will be deeply missed. I join the residents of Milwaukee in extending our condolences to his family, and honoring this great man.

NATIONAL MEDICAL EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS ACT OF 2001

HON. CHRISTOPHER H. SMITH

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing legislation, the "National Medical Emergency Preparedness Act of 2001" to create at least four new National Medical Preparedness Centers within the Department of Veterans Affairs. These centers would develop contemporary diagnostic and treatment programs, as well as teaching protocols to deal with the many possible chemical, biological and radiological threats that may confront our Nation at this dangerous time. I am joined by distinguished colleagues of the Veterans' Affairs Committee: LANE EVANS, our Ranking Member; MIKE BILIRAKIS, our Vice Chairman and Chairman of the Energy and Commerce Subcommittee on Health; STEVE BUYER, our Chairman of the Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations; and CLIFF STEARNS, our former Chairman of the Subcommittee on Health and Chairman of the Energy and Commerce Subcommittee on Commerce, Trade and Consumer Protection.

As we watch with deep concern the unfolding events and investigations regarding anthrax in Florida and New York, in my own Congressional district in Trenton, New Jersey, and now here in Congress, in the Brentwood Post Office and a number of other locations, I believe that it is imperative that Congress ensure our Nation better prepare itself for incidents of terrorism. We need timely, effective, and comprehensive responses to protect the health of the American people, and that is why my colleagues and I are introducing this bill. The new centers would be under the general umbrella of the Department of Veterans Affairs, but would have special—even unique—missions that encompass a much larger role in protecting Americans.

The bill calls for the establishment of at least four geographically dispersed locations. Each center would independently study and work toward solutions to problems emanating from exposure to dangerous chemical, biological and nuclear weapons. Although the VA would oversee these new centers, their work products should provide for the general welfare of the people. Mr. Speaker, we have learned a great deal in the last month about our health system's ability to recognize and re-

spond to a biological attack. It is clear to me and the cosponsors of this legislation that there needs to be a significant investment in teaching health professionals about the effects of chemical, biological and nuclear agents. While health care specialists in the Armed Forces have developed a substantial body of information, their mission does not extend to teaching and assisting community health care providers throughout the United States. Further, we have seen the limitations of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in responding to outbreaks and attacks. The VA health care system is an important piece to addressing the problems we currently face.

Perhaps what is most important about the VA's capability is that it already exists in the 54 states and territories. The VA consists of 171 hospitals, 800 outpatient clinics and other facilities with their 182,000 employees including 14,000 physicians, and 60,000 nursing personnel of whom 37,000 are registered nurses. This represents a federally-appropriated resource with centralized command and control leadership that is the largest fully integrated health care system in the United States. In past disasters, the VA hospital has sometimes been the only operational medical facility in affected localities. This widely dispersed but integrated healthcare infrastructure makes the VA an essential national asset in responding to potential biological, chemical, or radiological attacks. VA's existing medical capability could be quickly expanded and enhanced with only modest investments.

The mission of these centers would be to conduct research and develop methods of detection, diagnosis, vaccination, protection and treatment for chemical, biological, and radiological threats to public safety, such as anthrax, smallpox, bubonic plague, radiation poison and other hazards to human health that we may not be able to fathom today. My bill would authorize these centers to engage in direct research, coordinate ongoing and new research and educational activity in other public and private agencies, including research universities, schools of medicine, and schools of public health. The centers would act as clearinghouses for new discoveries and serve to disseminate the latest and most comprehensive information to public and private hospitals in order to improve the quality of care for patients who are exposed to these deadly elements. The skills and knowledge they produce would also help to protect health care workers, emergency personnel, active duty military personnel, police officers, and hopefully, all our citizens.

Through its extensive medical and prosthetic research and clinical care programs, VA already has expertise in diagnosing and treating viral and bacterial illnesses associated with previous serious health problems, such as the hepatitis C epidemic, the HIV pandemic, and in earlier generations, the tuberculosis crisis. In the early part of this century, a number of VA hospitals were created specifically to combat tuberculosis, which had a high incidence in the veteran population. VA currently operates two War-Related Illness Centers tasked with developing specialized treatments for those illnesses and injuries that result from veterans' combat and wartime exposures. VA has successfully launched new centers with expertise in geriatrics and gerontology, mental illness and Parkinson's disease. These centers are superb examples of what experts can do when