SEC. 9. AVAILABILITY AND SOURCE OF FUNDS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Funds authorized under this Act and the amendment made by this Act—
- (1) shall be in addition to any other amounts available to the Secretary for expenditure in the Lake Tahoe basin; and
- (2) shall not reduce allocations for other Regions of the Forest Service.
- (b) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in subsection (c), funds for activities under section 6 and section 7 of this Act shall be available for obligation on a 1-to-1 basis with funding of restoration activities in the Lake Tahoe basin by the States of California and Nevada.
- (c) RELOCATION COSTS.—The Secretary shall provide % of necessary funding to local utility districts for the costs of relocating facilities in connection with environmental restoration projects under section 6 and erosion control projects under section 2 of Public Law 96-586.

SEC. 10. AMENDMENT OF PUBLIC LAW 96-586.

Section 3(a) of Public Law 96-586 (94 Stat. 3383) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(5) WILLING SELLERS.—Land within the Lake Tahoe Basin Management Unit subject to acquisition under this section that is owned by a private person shall be acquired only from a willing seller.".

SEC. 11. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.

Nothing in this Act exempts the Secretary from the duty to comply with any applicable Federal law.

SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.

The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The bill (S. 1925), as amended, was read the third time and passed.

CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN LAND IN POWELL, WYOMING

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 2069) to permit the conveyance of certain land in Powell, Wyoming, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

The bill (S. 2069) was read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 2069

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ELIMINATION OF PUBLIC PURPOSE CONDITION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) the parcel of land described in subsection (c) was patented to the town (now City) of Powell, Wyoming, by the United States General Land Office on October 17, 1934, to help establish a town near the Shoshone Irrigation Project;
- (2) the land was patented with the condition that it be used forever for a public purpose, as required by section 3 of the Act of April 16, 1906 (43 U.S.C. 566);
- (3) the land has been used to house the Powell Volunteer Fire Department, which serves the firefighting and rescue needs of a 577 square mile area in northwestern Wyoming;
- (4) the land is located at the corner of U.S. Highway 14 and the main street of the business district of the City;
- (5) because of the high traffic flow in the area, the location is no longer safe for the public or for the fire department;
- (6) in response to population growth in the area and to National Fire Protection Association regulations, the fire department has

purchased new firefighting equipment that is much larger than the existing fire hall can accommodate:

- (7) accordingly, the fire department must construct a new fire department facility at a new and safe location;
- (8) in order to relocate and construct a new facility, the City must sell the land to assist in financing the new fire department facility; and
- (9) the Secretary of the Interior concurs that it is in the public interest to eliminate the public purpose condition to enable the land to be sold for that purpose.

(b) ELIMINATION OF CONDITION.-

- (1) WAIVER.—The condition stated in section 3 of the Act of April 16, 1906 (43 U.S.C. 566), that land conveyed under that Act be used forever for a public purpose is waived insofar as the condition applies to the land described in subsection (c).
- (2) INSTRUMENTS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall execute and cause to be recorded in the appropriate land records any instruments necessary to evidence the waiver made by paragraph (1).
- (c) LAND DESCRIPTION.—The parcel of land described in this subsection is a parcel of land located in Powell, Park County, Wyoming, the legal description of which is as follows:
- Lot 23, Block 54, in the original town of Powell, according to the plat recorded in Book 82 of plats, Page 252, according to the records of the County Clerk and Recorder of Park County, State of Wyoming.

GOLDEN GATE NATIONAL RECREATION AREA BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT OF 2000

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H.R. 3632) to revise the boundaries of the Golden Gate National Recreation Area, and for other purposes.

The bill (H.R. 3632) was read the third time and passed.

BLACK HILLS NATIONAL FOREST AND ROCKY MOUNTAIN RE-SEARCH STATION IMPROVEMENT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H.R. 4226) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to sell or exchange all or part of certain administrative sites and other land in the Black Hills National Forest and to to use funds derived from the sale or exchange to acquire replacement sites and to acquire or construct administrative improvements in connection with the Black Hills National Forest.

The bill (H.R. 4226) was read the third time and passed.

NATIONAL HISTORIC LIGHTHOUSE PRESERVATION ACT OF 2000

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H.R. 4613) to amend the National Historic Preservation Act for purposes of establishing a national lighthouse preservation program.

The bill (H.R. 4613) was read the third time and passed.

EFFIGY MOUNDS NATIONAL MONUMENT ADDITIONS ACT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H.R. 3745) to authorize the addi-

tion of certain parcels to the Effigy Mounds National Monument, Iowa.

The bill (H.R. 3745) was read the third time and passed.

EXTENSION OF THE DEADLINE FOR COMMENCEMENT OF CON-STRUCTION OF CERTAIN HYDRO-ELECTRIC PROJECTS IN THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 2942) to extend the deadline for commencement of construction of certain hydroelectric projects in the State of West Virginia.

The bill (S. 2942) was read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 2942

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION PROJECT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the time period specified in section 13 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 806) that would otherwise apply to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission projects numbered 6901, 6902, and 7307, the Commission may, at the request of the licensee for each project, respectively, and after reasonable notice, in accordance with the good faith, due diligence, and public interest requirements of that section and the Commission's procedures under that section, extend the time period during which the licensee is required to commence the construction of the project for 3 consecutive 2-year periods.
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (a) takes effect on the date of the expiration of the extension issued by the Commission before the date of the enactment of this Act under section 13 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 806).
- (c) REINSTATEMENT OF EXPIRED LICENSE.—
 If the period required for commencement of construction of any of the projects described in subsection (a) expired before the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (1) the Commission shall reinstate the license effective as of the date of its expiration; and
- (2) the first extension authorized under subsection (a) shall take effect on the expiration date.

LAND EXCHANGE BETWEEN THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR AND THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AT THE GEORGE WASHINGTON MEMORIAL PARKWAY

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 3000) to authorize the exchange of land between the Secretary of the Interior and the Director of Central Intelligence at the George Washington Memorial Parkway in McLean, Virginia, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with an amendment to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic.

SECTION 1. AUTHORIZATION OF LAND EX-CHANGE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section 2, the Secretary of the Interior (referred to in this Act as the "Secretary") and the Director of Central Intelligence (referred to in this Act as the "Director") may exchange—

- (1) approximately 1.74 acres of land under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior within the boundary of the George Washington Memorial Parkway, as depicted on National Park Service Drawing No. 850/81992, dated August 6, 1998; for
- (2) approximately 2.92 acres of land under the jurisdiction of the Central Intelligence Agency adjacent to the boundary of the George Washington Memorial Parkway, as depicted on National Park Service Drawing No. 850/81991, sheet 1, dated August 6, 1998.
- (b) PUBLIC INSPECTION.—The drawings referred to in subsection (a) shall be available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service.

SEC. 2. CONDITIONS OF LANDS EXCHANGE

- (a) NO REIMBURSEMENT OR CONSIDERATION.— The exchange described in section 1 shall occur without reimbursement or consideration.
- (b) PUBLIC ACCESS FOR MOTOR VEHICLE TURN-AROUND.—The Director shall allow public access to the land described in section 1(a)(1) for a motor vehicle turn-around on the George Washington Memorial Parkway.
- (c) Turner-Fairbank Highway Research Center.—The Director shall allow access to the land described in section 19(a)(1) by—
- (1) employees of the Federal Highway Administration; and
- (2) other Federal employees and visitors whose admission to the Turner-Fairbanks Highway Research Center of the Federal Highway Administration (hereinafter referred to in this Act as the "Center") is authorized by the Center.
- (d) CLOSURE TO PROTECT CENTRAL INTEL-LIGENCE AGENCY.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3) and notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Director may close access to the land described in section I(a)(1) to all persons (other than the United States Park Police, other necessary employees of the National Park Service, and employees of the Federal Highway Administration) if the Director determines that physical security conditions require the closure to protect employees or property of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- (2) TIME LIMITATION.—The Director may not close access to the land under paragraph (1) for more than 12 hours during any 24-hour period unless the Director consults with the National Park Service, the Center, and the United States Park Police.
- (3) Turner-fairbank highway research center.—No action shall be taken under this subsection to diminish access to the land described in section 1(a)(1) by employees of the Federal Highway Administration except when the action is taken for security reasons.
- (e) DEED RESTRICTIONS.—The Director shall ensure compliance by the Central Intelligence Agency with the deed restrictions that apply to the land described in section 1(a)(1).
- (f) Interagency Agreement.—The Secretary and the Director shall comply with the terms and conditions of the Interagency Agreement between the National Park Service and the Central Intelligence Agency, signed in 1998, regarding the exchange and management of the land subject to the Agreement.
- (g) DEADLINE.—The Secretary and the Director shall complete the exchange authorized by this section not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 3. MANAGEMENT OF EXCHANGED LANDS.

- (a) LAND CONVEYED TO SECRETARY.—Any land described in section 1(a)(2) that is conveyed to the Secretary shall be—
- (1) included within the boundary of the George Washington Memorial Parkway; and
- (2) administered by the National Park Service as part of the Parkway, subject to the laws (including regulations) applicable to the Parkway.
- (b) LAND CONVEYED TO DIRECTOR.—Any land described in section 1(a)(1) that is conveyed to the Director shall be administered as part of the

Headquarters Building Compound of the Central Intelligence Agency.''.

CALIFORNIA TRAIL INTERPRETIVE ACT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 2749) to Establish the California Trail Interpretive Center in Elko, Nevada, to facilitate the interpretation of the history of development and use of trails in the setting of the western portion of the United States.

The bill (S. 2749) was read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 2749

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "California Trail Interpretive Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) the nineteenth century westward movement in the United States over the California National Historic Trail, which occurred from 1840 until the completion of the transcontinental railroad in 1869, was an important cultural and historical event in—
- (A) the development of the western land of the United States; and
- (B) the prevention of colonization of the west coast by Russia and the British Empire;
- (2) the movement over the California Trail was completed by over 300,000 settlers, many of whom left records or stories of their journeys; and
- (3) additional recognition and interpretation of the movement over the California Trail is appropriate in light of—
- (A) the national scope of nineteenth century westward movement in the United States; and
- (B) the strong interest expressed by people of the United States in understanding their history and heritage.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are—
- (1) to recognize the California Trail, including the Hastings Cutoff and the trail of the ill-fated Donner-Reed Party, for its national, historical, and cultural significance; and
- (2) to provide the public with an interpretive facility devoted to the vital role of trails in the West in the development of the United States.

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- In this Act:
- (1) CALIFORNIA TRAIL.—The term "California Trail" means the California National Historic Trail, established under section 5(a)(18) of the National Trails System Act (16 U.S.C. 1244(a)(18)).
- (2) CENTER.—The term "Center" means the California Trail Interpretive Center established under section 4(a).
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Land Management.

 (4) STATE.—The term "State" means the
- (4) STATE.—The term "State" means the State of Nevada.

SEC. 4. CALIFORNIA TRAIL INTERPRETIVE CENTER.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In furtherance of the purposes of section 7(c) of the National Trails System Act (16 U.S.C. 1246(c)), the Secretary may establish an interpretation center to be known as the "California Trail Interpretive Center", near the city of Elko, Nevada.
- (2) PURPOSE.—The Center shall be established for the purpose of interpreting the his-

- tory of development and use of the California Trail in the settling of the West.
- (b) MASTER PLAN STUDY.—To carry out subsection (a), the Secretary shall—
- (1) consider the findings of the master plan study for the California Trail Interpretive Center in Elko, Nevada, as authorized by page 15 of Senate Report 106-99; and
- (2) initiate a plan for the development of the Center that includes—
- (A) a detailed description of the design of the Center;
- (B) a description of the site on which the Center is to be located:
- (C) a description of the method and estimated cost of acquisition of the site on which the Center is to be located;
- (D) the estimated cost of construction of the Center;
- (E) the cost of operation and maintenance of the Center; and
- (F) a description of the manner and extent to which non-Federal entities shall participate in the acquisition and construction of the Center.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION.—To carry out subsection (a), the Secretary may—
- (1) acquire land and interests in land for the construction of the Center by—
 - (A) donation;
- (B) purchase with donated or appropriated funds; or
 - (C) exchange;
- (2) provide for local review of and input concerning the development and operation of the Center by the Advisory Board for the National Historic California Emigrant Trails Interpretive Center of the city of Elko, Nevada:
- (3) periodically prepare a budget and funding request that allows a Federal agency to carry out the maintenance and operation of the Center:
- (4) enter into a cooperative agreement with—
 - (A) the State, to provide assistance in—
 - (i) removal of snow from roads;
- (ii) rescue, firefighting, and law enforcement services; and
- (iii) coordination of activities of nearby law enforcement and firefighting departments or agencies; and
- (B) a Federal, State, or local agency to develop or operate facilities and services to carry out this Act; and
- (5) notwithstanding any other provision of law, accept donations of funds, property, or services from an individual, foundation, corporation, or public entity to provide a service or facility that is consistent with this Act, as determined by the Secretary, including 1-time contributions for the Center (to be payable during construction funding periods for the Center after the date of enactment of this Act) from—
- (A) the State, in the amount of \$3,000,000;
- (B) Elko County, Nevada, in the amount of \$1,000,000; and
- (C) the city of Elko, Nevada, in the amount of \$2,000,000.

SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act \$12,000,000.

VIRGINIA WILDERNESS ACT OF 2000

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 2865) to designate certain land of the National Forest System located in the State of Virginia as wilderness.

The bill (S. 2865) was read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 2865

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,