

the hope that there won't be some kind of calamity that will disrupt their departure. I suggest there is going to be a calamity. It relates to what is happening in Washington today with the truckers. This is proof the folks out there are fed up. They are looking to Government for a response. They are fed up with the administration's attitude which suggests we should go over to OPEC and beg that they increase production, that we become more dependent on imported oil. The realities of that are totally unacceptable to this Senator.

It is going to get more serious. OPEC would like to see oil at somewhere between \$20 and \$25; that is good for OPEC. I suppose now that it is \$30, it might be good for the United States.

OPEC is having a meeting in March, but some economists suggest it is too late. We are going to be increasingly exposed to increased gasoline prices this summer. Some suggest we are going to be subjected to \$40 oil, if Saddam Hussein chooses to cut off his supply in protest of United Nations sanctions. Here we are in the United States, dependent on what Saddam Hussein might do to his oil production that could affect our price of energy. Incredible, Mr. President, incredible, but nevertheless true.

As I have indicated, the past year alone, oil has tripled in cost to \$30 from less than \$11; heating oil, nearly \$2 a gallon; our airline tickets, \$20 surcharge. One of these days when you go to fill up that sports utility vehicle, it is going to cost you \$60 to fill your gas tank.

People in this technological age wonder what the role of oil is. Is oil energy king? Well, let's look at inflation. We hear Chairman Greenspan worry about inflation, about oil prices increasing. The Secretary of Energy, in the meantime, tours six oil-producing nations. He says he can't ignore the potential for oil to have an impact on inflation. He says what OPEC does matters, and it sure does. I think we are at a point of reckoning where oil has reemerged as a political and economic threat to our economy.

Now, here we are, looking at dependence on Mideast oil-producing countries, and we are asking them to change their cash-flow to accommodate us and increase production. I wonder if they will be inclined to do that.

If we look at some of the realities associated with inflation, I think we have to look over our shoulder and recognize what happened in the past. Many people don't remember the gas lines in 1973. December of 1980, inflation in this country was 11 percent; the prime rate was 20.5 percent. People started to wake up. Are they waking up now? The signs are there. Is OPEC willing to sacrifice windfall oil profits to help keep economic growth on track in the United States, Europe, and Asia at their own expense? I happen to believe that charity begins at home. We have become dependent on OPEC. Can we be

dependent on them increasing the supply of oil?

A source of information from the International Energy Agency says that OPEC will have to increase by 10 percent just to keep up with world demands. If they don't want to keep up with world demands, the price goes up, doesn't it? That will increase production somewhere between 4.5 and 12 percent, or between 1.2 and 3.1 million barrels per day.

A lot of people don't realize how long it takes for a barrel of oil from the Mideast to reach their gas station. It is roughly 6 weeks. If we go into this summer with the current forecast we are getting, we will see gasoline at \$2 a gallon. We depend on oil to keep us warm, for travel, for our homes, sport utility vehicles, on and on, and we are concerned about prosperity. We are concerned about inflation.

There was an article by Daniel Yergin with the Cambridge Energy Research Association, an expert on oil. He indicated there are three things that can get people concerned about inflation and spook the stock market. When I highlight them, you will agree they are here.

It is the price and availability of labor. It is the cost of money or interest rates that are on the rise. And it is the increased price of oil.

We are starting to move. Mark my words, the Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development has estimated that every \$10 rise in the price of oil lifts inflation by $\frac{1}{2}$ percentage point and reduces economic growth by $\frac{1}{4}$ percent. If that isn't what is happening right now, I will trade places with the President of this body. Oil prices have accounted for the doubling of inflation, to 2 percent from 1.1 percent in the last year.

I quote Chairman Greenspan:

I've been through too many oil shocks to not take them seriously. If price changes, it impacts the economy.

These are a few of the highlights of where the United States is, why the truckers are circulating in Washington, DC.

What is this administration doing about it? They are kowtowing to the Arab world. They are wringing their hands. They have no positive suggestions. Least of all, they have not made one single statement to encourage domestic exploration and production in this country. One wonders what you learn by history; some people say "not much." If you look over your shoulder at where we were in the early 1970s with the Arab oil embargo, where we are today—and, of course, in the interim we fought a war over oil in Iraq and Kuwait. Today, we are right back there, only we are more dependent on the Mideast. If we don't take the steps now to reduce that dependence, this is going to happen again.

Keep in mind that, for the time being, it isn't over. We are just starting into this crisis. This administration must be held accountable for the

lack of an energy policy in this country. There is no energy policy on nuclear power, no energy policy on coal, no energy policy on gas, no energy policy on oil. It kind of drifts out there. And they are well-meaning, but some extreme environmental groups basically propel the direction of this administration. It is no direction at all because there is no energy policy.

So as we look at the increased price of energy, we look at the frustration of the truckers in Washington, DC, and we look at what the administration is doing to address it, we have to come to the conclusion that the administration's efforts—if you can identify them at all—are limited to pleading with the Mideast oil barons to simply produce more oil. That is inadequate. They are simply exporting jobs and dollars. We are going to have to turn this around in the Congress of the United States. The administration won't stand up and recognize the reality that charity begins at home. We have the resources in this country, we have the technology, we have the capital, and we can relieve our dependence on imports if given the support of the Clinton administration.

THE VERY BAD DEBT BOXSCORE

Mr. HELMS. Mr. President, at the close of business Friday, February 18, 2000, the Federal debt stood at \$5,739,814,030,329.64 (Five trillion, seven hundred thirty-nine billion, eight hundred fourteen million, thirty thousand, three hundred twenty-nine dollars and sixty-four cents).

One year ago, February 18, 1999, the Federal debt stood at \$5,613,958,000,000 (Five trillion, six hundred thirteen billion, nine hundred fifty-eight million).

Twenty-five years ago, February 18, 1975, the Federal debt stood at \$494,617,000,000 (Four hundred ninety-four billion, six hundred seventeen million) which reflects a debt increase of more than \$5 trillion—\$5,245,197,030,329.64 (Five trillion, two hundred forty-five billion, one hundred ninety-seven million, thirty thousand, three hundred twenty-nine dollars and sixty-four cents) during the past 25 years.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Thomas, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 11:04 a.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by

Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House insists, upon its amendments to the bill (S. 761) to regulate interstate commerce by electronic means by permitting and encouraging the continued expansion of electronic commerce through the operation of free market forces, and other purposes, and asks a conference with the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon; and appoints for consideration of the Senate bill and the House amendments, and modifications committed to conference: Mr. BILEY, Mr. TAUZIN, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. DINGELL, Mr. MARKEY, as the managers of the conference on the part of the house.

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 6. An act to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to reduce the marriage penalty by providing for adjustments to the standard deduction, 15-percent rate bracket, and earned income credit and to repeal the reduction of the refundable tax credits.

H.R. 2086. An act to authorize funding for networking and information technology research and development for fiscal years 2000 through 2004, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2366. An act to provide small businesses certain protection from litigation expenses and to limit the product liability of non-manufacturer product sellers.

H.R. 3201. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to study the suitability and feasibility of designating the Carter G. Woodson Home in the District of Columbia as a National Historic Site, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3557. An act to authorize the President to award a gold medal on behalf of the Congress to John Cardinal O'Connor, Archbishop of New York, in recognition of his accomplishments as a priest, a chaplain, and a humanitarian.

H.R. 3642. An act to authorize the President to award a gold medal on behalf of the Congress to Charles M. Schulz in recognition of his lasting artistic contributions to the Nation and the world.

The message further announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolutions, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H. Con. Res. 76. Concurrent resolution recognizing the social problem of child abuse and neglect, and supporting efforts to enhance public awareness of it.

H. Con. Res. 247. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress regarding the importance of organ, tissue, bone marrow, and blood donation and support National Donor Day.

The message also announced that pursuant to the provisions of 22 U.S.C. 276d, the Speaker has appointed the following Member of the House to the Canada-United States Interparliamentary Group: Mr. HOUGHTON of New York, Chairman.

MEASURES REFERRED

The following bills were received and read the first and second times by unanimous consent and referred as indicated:

H.R. 2086. An act to authorize funding for networking and information technology re-

search and development for fiscal years 2000 through 2004, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

H.R. 3201. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to study the suitability and feasibility of designating the Carter G. Woodson Home in the District of Columbia as a National Historic Site, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

H.R. 3557. An act to authorize the President to award a gold medal on behalf of the Congress to John Cardinal O'Connor, Archbishop of New York, in recognition of his accomplishments as a priest, a chaplain, and a humanitarian; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

The following concurrent resolutions were received and referred as indicated:

H. Con. Res. 76. Concurrent resolution recognizing the social problem of child abuse and neglect, and supporting efforts to enhance public awareness of it; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

H. Con. Res. 247. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress regarding the importance of organ, tissue, bone marrow, and blood donation and supporting National Donor Day; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

MEASURE READ THE FIRST TIME

The following bill was read the first time:

H.R. 6. An act to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to reduce the marriage penalty by providing for adjustments to the standard deduction, 15-percent rate bracket, and earned income credit and to repeal the reduction of the refundable tax credits.

ENROLLED BILL PRESENTED

The Secretary of the Senate reported that on February 16, 2000, he had presented to the President of the United States, the following enrolled bill:

S. 632. An act to provide assistance for poison prevention and to stabilize the funding of regional poison control centers.

EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, which were referred as indicated:

EC-7536. A communication from the Director, Congressional Budget Office, transmitting, pursuant to law, the "Sequestration Preview Report for Fiscal Year 2001"; to the Committees on the Budget, and Governmental Affairs.

EC-7537. A communication from the Assistant Secretary, Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting, pursuant to the Arms Export Control Act, a report relative to certification of a proposed license for the export of defense articles or defense services sold commercially under a contract in the amount of \$50,000,000 or more to French Guiana; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

EC-7538. A communication from the Chief, Regulations Unit, Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Removal Costs" (Rev. Rul. 2000-7), received February 9, 2000; to the Committee on Finance.

EC-7539. A communication from the Executive Director, Committee for Purchase from People who are Blind or Severely Disabled, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule relative to additions to and deletions from the Procurement List, received February 10, 2000; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-7540. A communication from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Office of Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; Commonwealth of Virginia: Oxygenated Gasoline Program" (FRL # 6534-7), received February 10, 2000; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-7541. A communication from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Office of Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; North Carolina; Miscellaneous Revisions to the Forsyth County Local Implementation Plan" (FRL # 6520-4), received February 10, 2000; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-7542. A communication from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Office of Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Emamectin Benzoate; Pesticide Tolerance Technical Correction" (FRL # 6489-4), received February 10, 2000; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-7543. A communication from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Office of Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Imidacloprid; Pesticide Tolerances for Emergency Exemptions" (FRL # 6490-5), received February 10, 2000; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-7544. A communication from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Regulatory Analysis and Development, Policy and Program Development, Animal and Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Field Study; Definition" (Docket # 98-043-2), received February 10, 2000; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-7545. A communication from the Legal Advisor, Cable Services Bureau, Federal Communications Commission transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Cable Attribution Rules" (CS Docs. 98-82, 96-85, FCC 99-288), received February 9, 2000; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-7546. A communication from the Secretary of Commerce, transmitting, pursuant to law, the 1999 annual report of the Visiting Committee on Advanced Technology of the National Institute of Standards and Technology; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-7547. A communication from the Chief, Regulations Unit, Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Pilot Pre-Filing Agreement Program" (Notice 2000-9; I.R.B.—, dated February 28, 2000), received February 11, 2000; to the Committee on Finance.

EC-7548. A communication from the Assistant General Counsel for Regulations, Office of Educational Research and Improvement, Department of Education, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled