talking about—each one of these approaches makes sure the dollars we earmark for this program are used to pay the prescription drug portion of an older person's private health insurance bill.

You hear a whole lot of talk these days about how the insurance companies would not possibly be interested in this. Of course they are going to be interested in this. I have talked to them from my area. They are anxious to see the Government in a responsible, prudent program, for which I believe there is now bipartisan support. They are anxious to see Medicare pick up the prescription drug portion of a senior's private health insurance bill.

With a lot of my colleagues on the Democratic side—and I know Senator SNOWE and others on the Republican side want to address this as well—I intend to keep coming to the floor of the Senate and keep reading these letters and describing the circumstances of older people who want to see this Congress enact meaningful relief for prescription drug costs before we adjourn.

Medicare did not cover prescription drugs when it began. Right now, the senior citizen who does not have prescription drug coverage is basically subsidizing other people in this country who do have coverage whose plans are able to negotiate discounts. That is not right. It is not fair.

We can enact meaningful prescription drug coverage under the Medicare program in this session of Congress. Until we do, I and other Democrats are going to keep coming to this floor, reading the accounts of seniors who are facing these staggering prescription drug costs they cannot afford.

I intend to keep working with Senator Snowe and Senator Kennedy, and my colleagues on both sides of the aisle, so the legacy of this session of the Congress can be that we stood up for a fair shake for the millions of vulnerable older Americans and their families.

Mr. President, I yield the floor and suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk called the roll.
Mr. HUTCHINSON. Mr. President, I

Mr. HUTCHINSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT—H.R. 1883

Mr. HUTCHINSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that at 2:15 on Tuesday, February 22, the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 375, H.R. 1883, the Iran Nonproliferation Act of 1999, and it be considered under the following limitations: debate until 4:30 on Tuesday be equally divided in the usual form; the only amendment in order will be a managers' amendment to be offered by Senator Lott or his designee.

I further ask unanimous consent that following the use or yielding back of time, the managers' amendment be considered agreed to, the bill then be read the third time, and at 4:30 today the Senate proceed to vote on passage of the bill as amended.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. HUTCHINSON. Mr. President, I yield the floor.

### RECESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate stands in recess until 2:15 p.m.

Thereupon, at 12:42 p.m., the Senate recessed until 2:16 p.m.; whereupon, the Senate reassembled when called to order by the Presiding Officer (Mr. INHOFE).

## IRAN NONPROLIFERATION ACT OF

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will proceed to the consideration of H.R. 1883, which the clerk will report by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 1883) to provide for the application of measures to foreign persons who transfer to Iran certain goods, services, or technology, and for other purposes.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent I be allowed to proceed in morning business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

# $\begin{array}{c} \mathtt{MEDICARE} \ \ \mathtt{PRESCRIPTION} \ \ \mathtt{DRUG} \\ \mathtt{COVERAGE} \end{array}$

Mr. REID. Mr. President, my first elected job was as a member of the board of trustees of then the largest hospital district in the State of Nevada, Southern Nevada Memorial Hospital. During the time I was on the board, we were gratified to see Medicare come into being because 40 percent of the senior citizens coming to our hospital had no insurance. People arrived at the hospital with their husband, their wife, their sons and daughters, and they had to sign papers agreeing to pay the bill. If patients did not pay the bill, a collection company pursued people to see that the bills were paid. We garnished wages and made sure the government institution received the money to which it was enti-

Approximately 35 years later there are some problems, but of course it is a great medical program. Now instead of 40 percent of seniors having no health insurance when they come into a hospital, virtually all seniors have some type of health insurance when they come to the hospital. That is a result of Medicare.

In 1965, when I was a member of that hospital board, coverage was important to pay a hospital bill and to be able to see a doctor. What we did not cover and was not necessary when Congress passed the act was prescription drug coverage. Now we need prescription drug coverage. It is a tremendous lacking in the Medicare program.

We have had breakthroughs in the interim years in the pharmaceutical industry that are among the greatest advances in medical history. Today, prescription drugs alone have the power to reduce heart attacks by lowering cholesterol and blood pressure, using all kinds of drugs, including aspirin. Drugs such as Zocor, Mevacor, Inderal, Corgard, and Calan are great in lowering cholesterol and blood pressure. These are lifesaving. Drugs can minimize death from cancer. These include Taxol and Tamoxifen. They slow the progress of AIDS with AZT and other protease inhibitors. They treat depression and mood disorders with Prozac and Zoloft. Bacterial infections can be cleared up, including ear and bladder infections, with a string of antibiotics called Cephalosphorin. We can reduce the possibility of organ rejection. We could not have organ transplants until they came up with something called Cyclosporin. Now people can have kidney transplants almost routinely. Other transplants are becoming more common.

The Presiding Officer and I served in the House of Representatives with a Member of Congress who had a heart and lung transplant many years ago. He leads a very productive life. That is because of the pharmaceutical industry.

For migraine headaches, I am sure, Mr. President, you have, as I have, had family members who benefited tremendously from something called Imitrix. People would go to doctors and use all kind of special pillows and heat and cold and all kinds of things, but what has worked well is this thing called Imitrix. It really, basically, takes away headaches.

For enlarged prostate, there is something called Proscar. To treat arthritis pain, one wonder drug is called Imuran; for allergies, Caritan, Allegra, and other things. Allergies take tremendous amounts of time away from the workplace. At certain times of the year they can be debilitating.

To slow the progression and control the symptoms of Parkinson's disease—we have a long way to go; about 50 percent of the people in rest homes are there because of Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's—but we have made some progress treating Parkinson's disease with drugs called Amatadine and Deprenyl. There are drugs to reduce muscle spasticity associated with multiple sclerosis.

There are things there we need to work on, but we are making progress. I had a hearing a number of years ago where a doctor said we are making great progress, and indeed progress has been made since then.

Mr. President, 75 percent of older Americans, 3 out of every 4 seniors,

lack decent, dependable private-sector coverage for prescription drugs, and at least 13 million Medicare beneficiaries have absolutely no prescription drug coverage at all. That is wrong. That is why the Medicare legislation, which passed in 1965, needs to be updated.

Many seniors, and especially senior women, struggle to meet the rising cost of filling their prescriptions. Why do I say women? Because, according to the Older Women's League, total prescription drug spending for women on Medicare averages about \$1,200 a year, 20 percent more than that for men. In many cases, seniors simply do not take the drugs their doctors prescribe because they cannot afford them.

You do not have to be a doctor to understand this is had medicine Without access to important medication, seniors run the risk of developing complications that require expensive treatments and hospital stays. While some seniors enroll in Medicare managed care plans because they provide some drug coverage, we cannot depend on this option, and many of these plans are no longer around. The Medicare managed care plans have found they cannot afford them, so they are dropping seniors. This is an unstable source of coverage because many Medicare managed care plans have decreased their drug coverage. The number of beneficiaries enrolling in these Medicare plans is declining because the promises are not what they are supposed to be.

Prescription drugs are the largest out-of-pocket health costs for seniors. On average, seniors fill 18 prescriptions a year and take 4 to 6 prescription drugs a day. Because of the high cost and lack of coverage, one study shows that one in eight seniors is forced to choose between buying food and buying medicine. That is drastic. One in eight seniors is forced to choose between buying food or medicine. Every day this takes place in America. To make matters worse, studies show that seniors without drug coverage pay more for drugs than those who have insurance.

Prescription drugs are a necessary component of modern medicine, and our seniors are dependent on them to maintain a healthy, active lifestyle. This is something that has come about in the last 35 years. The special health needs of our seniors are often those that respond best to treatment by prescription drugs. For millions of seniors, prescription medicines are lifesavers. It is time to show our seniors we are serious about creating a Medicare prescription drug benefit, and I hope we can work together to do that as quickly as possible. We need Medicare to include prescription drugs.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum for one moment, and then I will call up the bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The bill clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### IRAN NONPROLIFERATION ACT OF 1999—RESUMED

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, pursuant to the unanimous consent agreement, I call up amendment No. 2820, which is already at the desk. This is the so-called managers' amendment. I understand the amendment will be agreed to and the motion to reconsider will be laid on the table.

#### AMENDMENT NO. 2820

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from Mississippi [Mr. LOTT], for himself, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. LEVIN, and Mr. HELMS, proposes an amendment numbered 2820.

The amendment is as follows:

On page 2, line 3, strike "1999" and insert "2000".

On page 5, beginning on line 7, strike "No. 12938" and all that follows through the period and insert "No. 12938.".

On page 5, beginning on line 9, strike "The United States" and all that follows through "shall terminate" and insert "Prohibition on United States Government sales to that foreign person of any item on the United States Munitions List as in effect on August 8, 1995, and termination of".

On page 5, beginning on line 16, strike "The President shall deny licenses and suspend" and insert "Denial of licenses and suspension of".

On page 8 between lines 23 and 24, insert the following:

(b) OPPORTUNITY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION.—Congress urges the President—

(1) in every appropriate case, to contact in a timely fashion each foreign person identified in each report submitted pursuant to section 2(a), or the government with primary jurisdiction over such person, in order to afford such person, or governments, the opportunity to provide explanatory, exculpatory, or other additional information with respect to the transfer that caused such person to be identified in a report submitted pursuant to section 2(a); and

(2) to exercise the authority in subsection (a) in all cases where information obtained from a foreign person identified in a report submitted pursuant to section 2(a), or from the government with primary jurisdiction over such person, establishes that the exercise of such authority is warranted.

On page 8, line 24, strike "(b)" and insert "(e)".

On page 9, line 11, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 9, beginning on line 12, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 10, beginning on line 11, strike "through the implementation of concrete steps".

On page 10, beginning on line 16, strike ", including through the imposition of meaningful penalties on persons who make such transfers".

On page 10, line 19, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 10, line 21, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 11, line 25, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 12, line 2, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 13, line 6, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 13, line 8, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 13, line 10, insert after "Service Module" the following: ", and for the purchase (at a total cost not to exceed \$14,000,000) of the pressure dome for the Interim Control Module and the Androgynous Peripheral Docking Adapter and related hardware for the United States propulsion module.".

On page 13, line 15, insert "credible" before "information".

On page 17, beginning on line 15, strike "RUSSIAN SPACE AGENCY" and insert "RUSSIAN AVIATION AND SPACE AGENCY".

On page 17, beginning on line 17, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 18, beginning on line 1, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency or Russian Space Agency".

On page 18, line 6, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency or Russian Space Agency".

On page 18, line 10, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency".

On page 18, beginning on line 13, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency or Russian Space Agency".

On page 18, line 15, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency or Russian Space Agency".

On page 18, line 16, strike "Russian Space Agency" and insert "Russian Aviation and Space Agency or Russian Space Agency".

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the amendment is agreed to and the motion to reconsider is laid on the table.

The amendment (No. 2820) was agreed to

Mr. LOTT. As a reminder to all Members, passage of this bill either by roll-call vote or voice vote is to occur in the 4 p.m. timeframe. We are trying to accommodate Senators who have a number of other meetings they need to attend, but it will be either at 4 or 4:30 at the very latest. Members will be notified, via hotline, as soon as the exact time has been determined.

Mr. President, I rise in strong support of this very important legislation, H.R. 1883, the Iran Nonproliferation Act of 1999.

Let me say at the beginning, this legislation has always had strong bipartisan support. It passed overwhelmingly in the House of Representatives last year by a vote of 419–0, and it has always had strong support in the Senate from Senators Lieberman, Feinstein, and Helms—a very broad, bipartisan group.

I also have to acknowledge the cooperation of Senator Levin, who has been working with me on the managers' amendment. I think it is important, we now go forward with this legislation.