to become popular with the rest of the world. Our military exists to protect American land and vital American interests. We cannot bully the rest of the world into behaving like we do. But I just cringe when I think of American soldiers serving under foreign command, and I think that should never, never happen.

And when it comes to protecting our sovereignty, we must not compromise our internal laws to suit foreign interests, nor must we allow our thirst for trade with other nations to allow us to ignore the aggressive and threatening natures of some of our other neighbors in this global community. And we certainly must not casually give away any more of our important strategic assets, whether they be the secrets to our most powerful weapons, or important avenues for commercial and military traffic, such as the Panama Canal, which is now being run by the Red Chinese in violation of the Panama Canal Treaty. The Red Chinese are now piloting our ships through the Panama Canal

Mr. Speaker, it is my belief and has been my work for the past years and will continue after I leave Congress, to defend these four cornerstones of freedom. This is the most important job that we have as legislators, to preserve the lives, the liberty and the property of our fellow citizens, and to protect our national sovereignty.

There has, however, been an almost inexorable trend against those unalienable rights. There is no mistake in my mind that those rights have weakened as our Federal Government has grown bigger and stronger. The efforts that work against those rights often come clothed in garments of good intentions.

When we seek to remedy some problem through the expansion or consolidation of power into a smaller set of hands, remember the words of Lord Acton, that power corrupts, and absolute power corrupts absolutely.

That corruption will twist and bend the law away from what our Founding Fathers intended and into something future generations will regret and future generations would suffer under.

So, Mr. Speaker and my fellow Members of Congress, it has been a great privilege to serve in this body, this great body representing this great land, this powerful government of the people, by the people and for the people. I hope that you will remember my words, and I hope that you will remember the lofty, yet very simple reason that we are here. And years hence, when some colleague takes the floor of this magnificent Chamber and speaks out for the cause of freedom and liberty, I hope that you will take those words to heart.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HOBSON). Pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 49 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

□ 2159

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. PEASE) at 9 O'clock and 59 minutes p.m.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON H.R. 4461,
AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED
AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS
ACT, 2001

Mr. YOUNG of Florida submitted the following conference report and statement on the bill (H.R. 4461) making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes:

Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 106-948)

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 4461) "making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes", having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the matter stricken and inserted by said amendment, insert:

SECTION 1. (a) The provisions of H.R. 5426 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on October 6, 2000, are hereby enacted into law.

(b) In publishing this Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end an appendix setting forth the text of the bill referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

And the Senate agree to the same.

JOE SKEEN,
JAMES T. WALSH,
JAY DICKEY,
JACK KINGSTON,
GEORGE R. NETHERCUTT,
Jr.,
HENRY BONILLA,
TOM LATHAM,
JO ANN EMERSON,
C.W. BILL YOUNG,
Managers on the Part of the House.

THAD COCHRAN,
ARLEN SPECTER,
CHRISTOPHER S. BOND,
SLADE GORTON,
MITCH MCCONNELL,
CONRAD BURNS,
TED STEVENS,
HERB KOHL,
TOM HARKIN
(Except for Cuba and
drug reimportation),
BYRON L. DORGAN,
DIANNE FEINSTEIN,

ROBERT C. BYRD,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT OF
THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

The managers on the part of the House and Senate at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 4461) making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, submit the following joint statement to the House and Senate in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon by the managers and recommended in the accompanying conference report.

The conference agreement would enact the provisions of H.R. 5426 as introduced on October 6, 2000. The text of that bill follows:

A BILL

Making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and related Programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS

PRODUCTION, PROCESSING, AND MARKETING

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture, and not to exceed \$75,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$2,914,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$11,000 of this amount shall be available for official reception and representation expenses, not otherwise provided for, as determined by the Secretary: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be used to pay the salaries and expenses of personnel of the Department of Agriculture to carry out section 793(c)(1)(C) of Public Law 104–127: Provided further, That none of the funds made available by this Act may be used to enforce section 793(d) of Public Law 104–127

EXECUTIVE OPERATIONS

CHIEF ECONOMIST

For necessary expenses of the Chief Economist, including economic analysis, risk assessment, cost-benefit analysis, energy and new uses, and the functions of the World Agricultural Outlook Board, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1622g), and including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$5,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$7,462,000.

NATIONAL APPEALS DIVISION

For necessary expenses of the National Appeals Division, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$25,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$12,421,000.

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS

For necessary expenses of the Office of Budget and Program Analysis, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$5,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$6,765,000.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Chief Information Officer, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$10,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$10,051,000.

COMMON COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT

For necessary expenses to acquire a Common Computing Environment for the Natural Resources Conservation Service, the Farm and Foreign Agricultural Service and Rural Development mission areas for information technology, systems, and services, \$40,000,000, to remain available until expended, for the capital asset acquisition of shared information technology systems, including services as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 6915-16 and 40 U.S.C. 1421-28: Provided, That obligation of these funds shall be consistent with the Department of Agriculture Service Center Modernization Plan of the county-based agencies, and shall be with the concurrence of the Department's Chief Information Officer

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$10,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$5,171,000: Provided, That the Chief Financial Officer shall actively market cross-servicing activities of the National Finance Center.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR ADMINISTRATION

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration to carry out the programs funded by this Act, \$629,000.

AGRICULTURE BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES AND RENTAL PAYMENTS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For payment of space rental and related costs pursuant to Public Law 92-313, including authorities pursuant to the 1984 delegation of authority from the Administrator of General Services to the Department of Agriculture under 40 U.S.C. 486, for programs and activities of the Department which are included in this Act, and for the operation, maintenance, improvement. and repair of Agriculture buildings, \$182,747,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That in the event an agency within the Department should require modification of space needs, the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer a share of that agency's appropriation made available by this Act to this appropriation, or may transfer a share of this appropriation to that agency's appropriation, but such transfers shall not exceed 5 percent of the funds made available for space rental and related costs to or from this account.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS MANAGEMENT (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Department of Agriculture, to comply with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq., and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq., \$15,700,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That appropriations and funds available herein to the Department for Hazardous Materials Management may be transferred to any agency of the Department for its use in meeting all requirements pursuant to the above Acts on Federal and non-Federal lands.

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For Departmental Administration, \$36,010,000, to provide for necessary expenses for management support services to offices of the Department and for general administration and dis-

aster management of the Department, repairs and alterations, and other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the Department, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$10,000 is for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: Provided, That this appropriation shall be reimbursed from applicable appropriations in this Act for travel expenses incident to the holding of hearings as required by 5 U.S.C. 551-558.

OUTREACH FOR SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED FARMERS

For grants and contracts pursuant to section 2501 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 2279), \$3,000,000, to remain available until expended.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR CONGRESSIONAL RELATIONS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations to carry out the programs funded by this Act, including programs involving intergovernmental affairs and liaison within the executive branch, \$3,568,000: Provided, That these funds may be transferred to agencies of the Department of Agriculture funded by this Act to maintain personnel at the agency level: Provided further, That no other funds appropriated to the Department by this Act shall be available to the Department for support of activities of congressional relations.

OFFICE OF COMMUNICATIONS

For necessary expenses to carry out services relating to the coordination of programs involving public affairs, for the dissemination of agricultural information, and the coordination of information, work, and programs authorized by Congress in the Department, \$8,623,000, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), of which not to exceed \$10,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed \$2,000,000 may be used for farmers' bulletins.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Inspector General, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and the Inspector General Act of 1978, \$68,867,000, including such sums as may be necessary for contracting and other arrangements with public agencies and private persons pursuant to section 6(a)(9) of the Inspector General Act of 1978, including not to exceed \$50,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109; and including not to exceed \$125,000 for certain confidential operational expenses, including the payment of informants, to be expended under the direction of the Inspector General pursuant to Public Law 95-452 and section 1337 of Public Law 97-98.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

For necessary expenses of the Office of the General Counsel, \$31,080,000.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR RESEARCH, EDUCATION AND ECONOMICS

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary for Research, Education and Economics to administer the laws enacted by the Congress for the Economic Research Service, the National Agricultural Statistics Service, the Agricultural Research Service, and the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service, \$556,000.

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Economic Research Service in conducting economic research and analysis, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627) and

other laws, \$67,038,000: Provided, That \$1,000,000 shall be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Food and Nutrition Service, Food Program Administration" for studies and evaluations: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225). NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

For necessary expenses of the National Agricultural Statistics Service in conducting statistical reporting and service work, including crop and livestock estimates, statistical coordination and improvements, marketing surveys, and the Census of Agriculture, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 1621–1627, Public Law 105–113, and other laws, \$100,772,000, of which up to \$15,000,000 shall be available until expended for the Census of Agriculture: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$40,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to enable the Agricultural Research Service to perform agricultural research and demonstration relating to production, utilization, marketing, and distribution (not otherwise provided for); home economics or nutrition and consumer use including the acquisition, preservation, and dissemination of agricultural information; and for acquisition of lands by donation, exchange, or purchase at a nominal cost not to exceed \$100, and for land exchanges where the lands exchanged shall be of equal value or shall be equalized by a payment of money to the grantor which shall not exceed 25 percent of the total value of the land or interest transferred out of Federal ownership, \$898,812,000: Provided, That appropriations hereunder shall be available for temporary employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$115,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: Provided further, That appropriations hereunder shall be available for the operation and maintenance of aircraft and the purchase of not to exceed one for replacement only: Provided further, That appropriations hereunder shall be available pursuant to 7 U.S.C. 2250 for the construction, alteration, and repair of buildings and improvements, but unless otherwise provided, the cost of constructing any one building shall not exceed \$375,000, except for headhouses or greenhouses which shall each be limited to \$1,200,000, and except for 10 buildings to be constructed or improved at a cost not to exceed \$750,000 each, and the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 percent of the current replacement value of the building or \$375,000, whichever is greater: Provided further, That the limitations on alterations contained in this Act shall not apply to modernization or replacement of existing facilities at Beltsville, Maryland: Provided further, That appropriations hereunder shall be available for granting easements at the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center, including an easement to the University of Maryland to construct the Transgenic Animal Facility which upon completion shall be accepted by the Secretary as a gift: Provided further, That the foregoing limitations shall not apply to replacement of buildings needed to carry out the Act of April 24, 1948 (21 U.S.C. 113a): Provided further, That funds may be received from any State, other political subdivision, organization, or individual for the purpose of establishing or operating any research facility or research project of the Agricultural Research Service, as authorized by law.

None of the funds in the foregoing paragraph shall be available to carry out research related to the production, processing or marketing of tobacco or tobacco products. In fiscal year 2001, the agency is authorized to charge fees, commensurate with the fair market value, for any permit, easement, lease, or other special use authorization for the occupancy or use of land and facilities (including land and facilities at the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center) issued by the agency, as authorized by law, and such fees shall be credited to this account, and shall remain available until expended for authorized purposes.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For acquisition of land, construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities as necessary to carry out the agricultural research programs of the Department of Agriculture, where not otherwise provided, S74,200,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b): Provided, That funds may be received from any State, other political subdivision, organization, or individual for the purpose of establishing any research facility of the Agricultural Research Service, as authorized by law.

COOPERATIVE STATE RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND EXTENSION SERVICE

RESEARCH AND EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

For payments to agricultural experiment stations, for cooperative forestry and other research, for facilities, and for other expenses, \$506,193,000, as follows: to carry out the provisions of the Hatch Act (7 U.S.C. 361a-i), \$180,545,000; for grants for cooperative forestry research (16 U.S.C. 582a-a7), \$21,932,000; for payments to the 1890 land-grant colleges, including Tuskegee University (7 U.S.C. 3222). \$32,676,000, of which \$1,000,000 shall be made available to West Virginia State College in Institute, West Virginia; for special grants for agricultural research (7 U.S.C. 450i(c)), \$85,669,000; for special grants for agricultural research on improved pest control (7 U.S.C. 450i(c)), \$13,721,000; for competitive research grants (7 U.S.C. 450i(b)), \$106,000,000; for the support of animal health and disease programs (7 U.S.C. 3195), \$5,109,000; for supplemental and alternative crops and products (7 U.S.C. 3319d), \$800,000; for grants for research pursuant to the Critical Agricultural Materials Act of 1984 (7 U.S.C. 178) and section 1472 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3318), \$640,000, to remain available until expended; for the 1994 research program (7 U.S.C. 301 note), \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended; for higher education graduate fellowship grants (7 3152(b)(6)), \$3,000,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b); for higher education challenge grants (7 U.S.C. 3152(b)(1)), \$4,350,000; for a higher education multicultural scholars program (7 U.S.C. 3152(b)(5)), \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b); for an education grants program for Hispanicserving Institutions (7 U.S.C. 3241), \$3,500,000; for a program of noncompetitive grants, to be awarded on an equal basis, to Alaska Nativeserving and Native Hawaiian-serving Institutions to carry out higher education programs (7 U.S.C. 3242), \$3,000,000; for a secondary agriculture education program and 2-year post-secondary education (7 U.S.C. 3152(h)), \$800,000; aquaculture grants (7 U.S.C. \$4,000,000; for sustainable agriculture research and education (7 U.S.C. 5811), \$9,250,000; for a program of capacity building grants (7 U.S.C. 3152(b)(4)) to colleges eligible to receive funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (7 U.S.C. 321-326 and 328), including Tuskegee University, \$9,500,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b); for payments to the 1994 Institutions pursuant to section 534(a)(1) of Public Law 103-382, \$1,552,000; and for necessary expenses of Research and Education Activities, of which not to exceed \$100,000 shall be for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$18,149,000.

None of the funds in the foregoing paragraph shall be available to carry out research related to the production, processing or marketing of tobacco or tobacco products: Provided, That this paragraph shall not apply to research on the medical, biotechnological, food, and industrial uses of tobacco.

NATIVE AMERICAN INSTITUTIONS ENDOWMENT FUND

For the Native American Institutions Endowment Fund authorized by Public Law 103-382 (7 U.S.C. 301 note), \$7,100,000: Provided, That hereafter, any distribution of the adjusted income from the Native American Institutions Endowment Fund is authorized to be used for facility renovation, repair, construction, and maintenance, in addition to other authorized purposes.

EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

For payments to States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, Micronesia, Northern Marianas, and American Samoa, \$433,429,000, as follows: payments for cooperative extension work under the Smith-Lever Act, to be distributed under sections 3(b) and 3(c) of said Act, and under section 208(c) of Public Law 93-471, for retirement and employees' compensation costs for extension agents and for costs of penalty mail for cooperative extension agents and State extension directors, \$276,548,000; payments for extension work at the 1994 Institutions under the Smith-Lever Act (7 U.S.C. 343(b)(3)), \$3,280,000; payments for the nutrition and family education program for lowincome areas under section $\hat{3}(d)$ of the Act, \$58,695,000; payments for the pest management program under section 3(d) of the Act, \$10,783,000; payments for the farm safety program under section 3(d) of the Act, \$4,000,000; payments to upgrade research, extension, and teaching facilities at the 1890 land-grant colleges, including Tuskegee University, as authorized by section 1447 of Public Law 95-113 (7 U.S.C. 3222b), \$12,200,000, to remain available until expended; payments for the rural development centers under section 3(d) of the Act, \$908,000; payments for youth-at-risk programs under section 3(d) of the Act, \$8,500,000; for youth farm safety education and certification extension grants, to be awarded competitively under section 3(d) of the Act. \$500,000; payments for carrying out the provisions of the Renewable Resources Extension Act of 1978, \$3,192,000; payments for Indian reservation agents under section 3(d) of the Act, \$2,000,000; payments for sustainable agriculture programs under section 3(d) of the Act, \$3,800,000; payments for rural health and safety education as authorized by section 2390 of Public Law 101-624 (7 U.S.C. 2661 note, 2662), \$2,628,000; payments for cooperative extension work by the colleges receiving the benefits of the second Morrill Act (7 U.S.C. 321-326 and 328) and Tuskegee University, \$28,243,000, of which \$1,000,000 shall be made available to West Virginia State College in Institute, West Virginia; and for Federal administration and coordination including administration of the Smith-Lever Act, and the Act of September 29, 1977 (7 U.S.C. 341-349), and section 1361(c) of the Act of October 3, 1980 (7 U.S.C. 301 note), and to coordinate and provide program leadership for the extension work of the Department and the several States and insular possessions, \$18,152,000: Provided, That funds hereby appropriated pursuant to section 3(c) of the Act of June 26, 1953, and section 506 of the Act of June 23, 1972, shall not be paid to any State, the District of Columbia. Puerto Rico. Guam. or the Virgin Islands, Micronesia, Northern Marianas, and American Samoa prior to availability of an equal sum from non-Federal sources for expenditure during the current fiscal year.

$INTEGRATED\ ACTIVITIES$

For the integrated research, education, and extension competitive grants programs, including necessary administrative expenses, as authorized under section 406 of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7626), \$41,941,000, as follows: payments for the water quality program, \$13,000,000; payments for the food safety pro-

gram, \$15,000,000; payments for the national agriculture pesticide impact assessment program, \$4,541,000; payments for the Food Quality Protection Act risk mitigation program for major food crop systems, \$4,900,000; payments for the crops affected by Food Quality Protection Act implementation, \$1,500,000; payments for the methyl bromide transition program, \$2,500,000; and payments for the organic transition program, \$500,000.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR MARKETING AND REGULATORY PROGRAMS

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary for Marketing and Regulatory Programs to administer programs under the laws enacted by the Congress for the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service; the Agricultural Marketing Service; and the Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration; \$635,000.

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE SALARIES AND EXPENSES

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 $(INCLUDING\ TRANSFERS\ OF\ FUNDS)$

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, including those pursuant to the Act of February 28, 1947 (21 U.S.C. 114b-c), necessary to prevent, control, and eradicate pests and plant and animal diseases; to carry out inspection, quarantine, and regulatory activities; to discharge the authorities of the Secretary of Agriculture under the Acts of March 2, 1931 (46 Stat. 1468) and December 22, 1987 (101 Stat. 1329-1331) (7 U.S.C. 426-426c); and to protect the environment, as authorized by law, \$530,564,000, of which \$4,105,000 shall be available for the control of outbreaks of insects, plant diseases, animal diseases and for control of pest animals and birds to the extent necessary to meet emergency conditions; of which \$59,400,000 shall be used for the boll weevil eradication program for cost share purposes or for debt retirement for active eradication zones: Provided, That no funds shall be used to formulate or administer a brucellosis eradication program for the current fiscal year that does not require minimum matching by the States of at least 40 percent: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$40,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the operation and maintenance of aircraft and the purchase of not to exceed four, of which two shall be for replacement only: Provided further, That, in addition, in emergencies which threaten any segment of the agricultural production industry of this country, the Secretary may transfer from other appropriations or funds available to the agencies or corporations of the Department such sums as may be deemed necessary, to be available only in such emergencies for the arrest and eradication of contagious or infectious disease or pests of animals, poultry, or plants, and for expenses in accordance with the Act of February 28, 1947, and section 102 of the Act of September 21, 1944, and any unexpended balances of funds transferred for such emergency purposes in the preceding fiscal year shall be merged with such transferred amounts: Provided further, That appropriations hereunder shall be available pursuant to law (7 U.S.C. 2250) for the repair and alteration of leased buildings and improvements, but unless otherwise provided the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 percent of the current replacement value of the building: Provided further, That not to exceed \$1,000,000 of the funds available under this heading for wildlife services methods development may be used by the Secretary of Agriculture to conduct pilot projects in up to four States representative of wildlife predation of livestock in connection with farming operations for direct assistance in the application of non-lethal predation control

methods: Provided further, That the General Accounting Office shall report to the Committees on Appropriations by November 30, 2001, on the Department's compliance with this provision and on the effectiveness of the non-lethal measures.

In fiscal year 2001, the agency is authorized to collect fees to cover the total costs of providing technical assistance, goods, or services requested by States, other political subdivisions, domestic and international organizations, foreign governments, or individuals, provided that such fees are structured such that any entity's liability for such fees is reasonably based on the technical assistance, goods, or services provided to the entity by the agency, and such fees shall be credited to this account, to remain available until expended, without further appropriation, for providing such assistance, goods, or services.

for providing such assistance, goods, or services. Of the total amount available under this heading in fiscal year 2001, \$85,000,000 shall be derived from user fees deposited in the Agricultural Quarantine Inspection User Fee Account.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For plans, construction, repair, preventive maintenance, environmental support, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 2250, and acquisition of land as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 428a, \$9,870,000, to remain available until expended.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

MARKETING SERVICES

For necessary expenses to carry out services related to consumer protection, agricultural marketing and distribution, transportation, and regulatory programs, as authorized by law, and for administration and coordination of payments to States, including field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225) and not to exceed \$90,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$65,335,000, including funds for the wholesale market development program for the design and development of wholesale and farmer market facilities for the major metropolitan areas of the country: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available pursuant to law (7 U.S.C. 2250) for the alteration and repair of buildings and improvements, but the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 percent of the current replacement value of the building: Provided further, That, only after promulgation of a final rule on a National Organic Standards Program, \$639,000 of this amount shall be available for the Expenses and Refunds, Inspection and Grading of Farm Products fund account for the cost of the National Organic Standards Program and such funds shall remain available until expended.

Fees may be collected for the cost of standardization activities, as established by regulation pursuant to law (31 U.S.C. 9701).

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed \$60,730,000 (from fees collected) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses: Provided, That if crop size is understated and/or other uncontrollable events occur, the agency may exceed this limitation by up to 10 percent with notification to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

FUNDS FOR STRENGTHENING MARKETS, INCOME, AND SUPPLY (SECTION 32)

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

Funds available under section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c), shall be used only for commodity program expenses as authorized therein, and other related operating expenses, except for: (1) transfers to the Department of Commerce as authorized by the Fish and Wildlife Act of August 8, 1956; (2) transfers otherwise provided in this Act; and (3) not more than \$13,438,000 for formulation and administration of marketing agreements and orders pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 and the Agricultural Act of 1961.

PAYMENTS TO STATES AND POSSESSIONS

For payments to departments of agriculture, bureaus and departments of markets, and similar agencies for marketing activities under section 204(b) of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1623(b)), \$1,350,000.

GRAIN INSPECTION, PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS
ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the United States Grain Standards Act, for the administration of the Packers and Stockyards Act, for certifying procedures used to protect purchasers of farm products, and the standardization activities related to grain under the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946, including field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$25,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$31,420,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available pursuant to law (7 U.S.C. 2250) for the alteration and repair of buildings and improvements, but the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 percent of the current replacement value of the building.

LIMITATION ON INSPECTION AND WEIGHING SERVICES EXPENSES

Not to exceed \$42,557,000 (from fees collected) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for inspection and weighing services: Provided, That if grain export activities require additional supervision and oversight, or other uncontrollable factors occur, this limitation may be exceeded by up to 10 percent with notification to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

Office of the Under Secretary for Food Safety

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary for Food Safety to administer the laws enacted by the Congress for the Food Safety and Inspection Service, \$460.000.

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

For necessary expenses to carry out services authorized by the Federal Meat Inspection Act, the Poultry Products Inspection Act, and the Egg Products Inspection Act, including not to exceed \$50,000 for representation allowances and for expenses pursuant to section 8 of the Act approved August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. \$696,704,000, of which no less than \$591,258,000 shall be available for Federal food inspection; and in addition, \$1,000,000 may be credited to this account from fees collected for the cost of laboratory accreditation as authorized by section 1017 of Public Law 102-237: Provided, That not more than \$2,500,000 of this appropriation may be used to implement section 752 of title VII of this Act: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for field employment pursuant to the second sentence of section , 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$75,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available pursuant to law (7 U.S.C. 2250) for the alteration and repair of buildings and improvements, but the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed 10 percent of the current replacement value of the building: Provided further, That from amounts appropriated under this heading not needed for federal food inspection, up to \$6,000,000 may be used to liquidate obligations incurred in previous years, to the extent approved by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget based on documentation provided by the Secretary of Agriculture.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FARM AND FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services to administer the laws

enacted by Congress for the Farm Service Agency, the Foreign Agricultural Service, the Risk Management Agency, and the Commodity Credit Corporation, \$589,000.

> FARM SERVICE AGENCY SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses for carrying out the administration and implementation of programs administered by the Farm Service Agency, \$828,385,000: Provided, That the Secretary is authorized to use the services, facilities, and authorities (but not the funds) of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make program payments for all programs administered by the Agency: Provided further, That other funds made available to the Agency for authorized activities may be advanced to and merged with this account: Provided further, That these funds shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$1,000,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

STATE MEDIATION GRANTS

For grants pursuant to section 502(b) of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1987 (7 U.S.C. 5101–5106), \$3,000,000.

DAIRY INDEMNITY PROGRAM (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses involved in making indemnity payments to dairy farmers for milk or cows producing such milk and manufacturers of dairy products who have been directed to remove their milk or dairy products from commercial markets because it contained residues of chemicals registered and approved for use by the Federal Government, and in making indemnity payments for milk, or cows producing such milk, at a fair market value to any dairy farmer who is directed to remove his milk from commercial markets because of: (1) the presence of products of nuclear radiation or fallout if such contamination is not due to the fault of the farmer; or (2) residues of chemicals or toxic substances not included under the first sentence of the Act of August 13, 1968 (7 U.S.C. 450j), if such chemicals or toxic substances were not used in a manner contrary to applicable regulations or labeling instructions provided at the time of use and the contamination is not due to the fault of the farmer, \$450,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b); Provided. That none of the funds contained in this Act shall be used to make indemnity payments to any farmer whose milk was removed from commercial markets as a result of the farmer's willful failure to follow procedures prescribed by the Federal Govern-ment: Provided further, That this amount shall be transferred to the Commodity Credit Corporation: Provided further, That the Secretary is authorized to utilize the services, facilities, and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation for the purpose of making dairy indemnity disbursements.

AGRICULTURAL CREDIT INSURANCE FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For gross obligations for the principal amount of direct and guaranteed loans as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 1928-1929, to be available from funds in the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund, as follows: farm ownership loans, \$998,000,000, of which \$870,000,000 shall be for guaranteed loans; operating loans, \$1,972,741,000, of which \$1,077,839,000 shall be for unsubsidized guaranteed loans and \$369,902,000 shall be for subsidized guaranteed loans; Indian tribe land acquisition loans as authorized by 25 U.S.C. 488, \$2,006,000; for emergency insured loans, \$25,000,000 to meet the needs resulting from natural disasters; and for boll weevil eradication program loans as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 1989, \$100.000.000.

For the cost of direct and guaranteed loans, including the cost of modifying loans as defined

in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, as follows: farm ownership loans, \$18,223,000, of which \$4,437,000 shall be for guaranteed loans; operating loans, \$92,310,000, of which \$14,770,000 shall be for unsubsidized guaranteed loans and \$30,185,000 shall be for subsidized guaranteed loans; Indian tribe land acquisition loans as authorized by 25 U.S.C. 488, \$323,000; and for emergency insured loans, \$6,133,000 to meet the needs resulting from natural disasters.

In addition, for administrative expenses necessary to carry out the direct and guaranteed programs, \$269,454,000, \$265,315,000 shall be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Farm Service Agency, Salaries and Expenses'

Funds appropriated by this Act to the Agricultural Credit Insurance Program Account for farm ownership and operating direct loans and guaranteed loans may be transferred among these programs with the prior approval of the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

RISK MANAGEMENT AGENCY

For administrative and operating expenses, as authorized by the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 6933), \$65,597,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$700 shall be available for official reception and representation expenses, as authorized by 7 U.S.C.

CORPORATIONS

The following corporations and agencies are hereby authorized to make expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to each such corporation or agency and in accord with law, and to make contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for such corporation or agency, except as hereinafter provided.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION FUND

For payments as authorized by section 516 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act, such sums as may be necessary, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b).

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION FUND REIMBURSEMENT FOR NET REALIZED LOSSES

For fiscal year 2001, such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for net realized losses sustained, but not previously reimbursed, pursuant to section 2 of the Act of August 17, 1961 (15 U.S.C. 713a-11). OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

For fiscal year 2001, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall not expend more than \$5,000,000 for site investigation and cleanup expenses, and operations and maintenance expenses to comply with the requirement of section 107(g) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9607(g), and section 6001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6961. TITLE II

CONSERVATION PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment to administer the laws enacted by the Congress for the Forest Service and the Natural Resources Conservation Service, \$711,000: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act or any other Act shall be available to the Office of the Under Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment for the supervision, management or direction of the Forest Service or the Natural Resources Conservation Service until January 20, 2001: Provided further, That the Chiefs of the Forest Service and the Natural Resources Conservation Service shall report directly to the Secretary of Agriculture until January 20, 2001.

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE CONSERVATION OPERATIONS

For necessary expenses for carrying out the provisions of the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a-f), including preparation of conservation plans and establishment of measures to conserve soil and water (including farm irrigation and land drainage and such special measures for soil and water management as may be necessary to prevent floods and the siltation of reservoirs and to control agricultural related pollutants); operation of conservation plant materials centers; classification and mapping of soil; dissemination of information; acquisition of lands, water, and interests therein for use in the plant materials program by donation, exchange, or purchase at a nominal cost not to exceed \$100 pursuant to the Act of August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 428a); purchase and erection or alteration or improvement of permanent and temporary buildings; and opand maintenance of \$714,116,000, to remain available until expended U.S.C. 2209b), of which not less than \$5,990,000 is for snow survey and water forecasting and not less than \$9,125,000 is for operation and establishment of the plant materials centers: Provided, That appropriations hereunder shall be available pursuant to 7 U.S.C. 2250 for construction and improvement of buildings and public improvements at plant materials centers, except that the cost of alterations and improvements to other buildings and other public improvements shall not exceed \$250,000. Provided further. That not to exceed \$2,000,000 of this amount shall be available for the Urban Resources Partnership program, of which \$1,000,000 shall be available only after promulgation of a final rule on this program: Provided further, That not to exceed \$204,000 of this amount shall be available for American Heritage Rivers: Provided further, That when buildings or other structures are erected on non-Federal land, that the right to use such land is obtained as provided in 7 U.S.C. 2250a: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for technical assistance and related expenses to carry out programs authorized by section 202(c) of title II of the Colorado River Basin Salinity Control Act of 1974 (43 U.S.C. 1592(c)): Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$25,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: Provided further, That qualified local engineers may be temporarily employed at per diem rates to perform the technical planning work of the Service (16 U.S.C. 590e-2).

WATERSHED SURVEYS AND PLANNING

For necessary expenses to conduct research. investigation, and surveys of watersheds of rivers and other waterways, and for small watershed investigations and planning, in accordance with the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act approved August 4, 1954 (16 U.S.C. 1001-1009), \$10,868,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$136.000 shall be available for American Heritage Rivers: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$110,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

WATERSHED AND FLOOD PREVENTION OPERATIONS For necessary expenses to carry out preventive measures, including but not limited to research, engineering operations, methods of cultivation, the growing of vegetation, rehabilitation of existing works and changes in use of land, in accordance with the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act approved August 4, 1954 (16 U.S.C. 1001-1005 and 1007-1009), the provi-

sions of the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590af), and in accordance with the provisions of laws relating to the activities of the Department, \$99,443,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b) (of which up to \$15,000,000 may be available for the watersheds authorized under the Flood Control Act approved June 22, 1936 (33 U.S.C. 701 and 16 U.S.C. 1006a)): Provided, That not to exceed \$44,423,000 of this appropriation shall be available for technical assistance: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$200,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: Provided further, That not to exceed \$1,000,000 of this appropriation is available to carry out the purposes of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Public Law 93-205), including cooperative efforts as contemplated by that Act to relocate endangered or threatened species to other suitable habitats as may be necessary to expedite project construction: Provided further, That of the funds available for Emergency Watershed Protection activities, \$8,000,000 shall be available for Ohio, New Mexico, Mississippi and Wisconsin for financial and technical assistance for pilot rehabilitation projects of small, upstream dams built under the Watershed and Flood Prevention Act of 1954. Public Law 83-566 (16 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.); Section 13 of the Flood Control Act of 1944, Public Law 78-534 (33 U.S.C. 701 b-1); the pilot watershed program authorized under the heading "FLOOD PREVENTION" of the Department of Agriculture Appropriations Act, 1954, Public Law 83-156 (67 Stat. 214); and Subtitle H of title XV of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3451 et seq.): Provided further, That the amount of Federal funds that may be made available to an eligible local organization for construction of a particular rehabilitation project shall be equal to 65 percent of the total rehabilitation costs, but not to exceed 100 percent of actual construction costs incurred in the rehabilitation: Provided further, That consistent with existing statute, rehabilitation assistance provided may not be used to perform operation and maintenance activities specified in the agreement for the covered water resource projects entered into between the Secretary and the eligible local organization responsible for the works of improvement.

RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses in planning and carrying out projects for resource conservation and development and for sound land use pursuant to the provisions of section 32(e) of title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (7 U.S.C. 1010-1011; 76 Stat. 607); the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a-f); and the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3451-3461), \$42,015,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b): Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$50,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109

FORESTRY INCENTIVES PROGRAM

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, to carry out the program of forestry incentives, as authorized by the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2101), including technical assistance and related expenses, \$6,325,000, to remain available until expended, as authorized by that Act.

TITLE III

RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary for Rural Development to administer programs under the laws enacted by the Congress for the Rural Housing Service, the Rural Business-Cooperative Service,

and the Rural Utilities Service of the Department of Agriculture, \$605,000.

RURAL COMMUNITY ADVANCEMENT PROGRAM

For the cost of direct loans, loan guarantees, and grants, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 1926, 1926a, 1926c, 1926d, and 1932, except for sections 381E-H, 381N, and 381O of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, \$762,542,000, to remain available until expended, of which \$53,225,000 shall be for rural community programs described in section 381E(d)(1) of such Act; of which \$644,360,000 shall be for the rural utilities programs described in sections 381E(d)(2), 306C(a)(2), and 306D of such Act; and of which \$64,957,000 shall be for the rural business and cooperative development programs described in section 381E(d)(3) of such Act: Provided, That of the total amount appropriated in this account, \$24,000,000 shall be for loans and grants to benefit Federally Recognized Native American Tribes, including grants for drinking and waste disposal systems pursuant to section 306C of such Act, of which \$250,000 shall be available for a grant to a qualified national organization to provide technical assistance for rural transportation in order to promote eco-nomic development: Provided further, That of the amount appropriated for rural community programs, \$6,000,000 shall be available for a Rural Community Development Initiative: Provided further. That such funds shall be used solely to develop the capacity and ability of private, nonprofit community-based housing and community development organizations serving low-income rural communities, including Federally Recognized Indian tribes to undertake projects to improve housing, community facilities, community and economic development projects in rural areas: Provided further, That such funds shall be made available to qualified private, nonprofit intermediary organizations (including tribal) proposing to carry out a program of financial and technical assistance to other public entities with a record of achievement in providing technical and financial assistance to housing and community development organizations in rural areas: Provided further, That such intermediary organizations shall provide matching funds from other sources, including federal funds for related activities, in an amount not less than funds provided: Provided further, That of the amount appropriated for rural community programs, not to exceed \$5,000,000 shall be for hazardous weather early warning systems: Provided further, That of the amount appropriated for the rural business and cooperative development programs, not to exceed \$500,000 shall be made available for a grant to a qualified national organization to provide technical assistance for rural transportation in order to promote economic development; \$5,000,000 shall be for rural partnership technical assistance grants; and \$2,000,000 shall be for grants to Mississippi Delta Region counties: Provided further, That of the amount appropriated for rural utilities programs, not to exceed \$20,000,000 shall be for water and waste disposal systems to benefit the Colonias along the United States/Mexico borders, including grants pursuant to section 306C of such Act; not to exceed \$20,000,000 shall be for water and waste disposal systems for rural and native villages in Alaska pursuant to section 306D of such Act, with up to one percent available to administer the program and up to one percent available to improve interagency coordination; not to exceed \$16,215,000 shall be for technical assistance grants for rural waste systems pursuant to section 306(a)(14) of such Act; and not to exceed \$9,500,000 shall be for contracting with qualified national organizations for a circuit rider program to provide technical assistance for rural water systems: Provided further, That of the total amount appropriated, not to exceed \$42,574,650 shall be available through June 30, 2001, for authorized empowerment zones and enterprise communities and communities designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as Rural Economic Area Partnership Zones; of which \$34,704,000 shall be for the rural utilities programs described in section 381E(d)(2) of such Act; and of which 88,435,000 shall be for the rural business and cooperative development programs described in section 381E(d)(3) of such

RURAL DEVELOPMENT SALARIES AND EXPENSES (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of administering Rural Development programs as authorized by the Rural Electrification Act of 1936; the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act; title V of the Housing Act of 1949; section 1323 of the Food Security Act of 1985; the Cooperative Marketing Act of 1926 for activities related to marketing aspects of cooperatives, including economic research findings, authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946; for activities with institutions concerning the development and operation of agricultural cooperatives; and for cooperative agreements; \$130,371,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$1,000,000 may be used for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109: Provided further, That not more than \$10,000 may be expended to provide modest nonmonetary awards to non-USDA employees: Provided further, That any balances available from prior years for the Rural Utilities Service, Rural Housing Service, and the Rural Business-Cooperative Service salaries and expenses accounts shall be transferred to and merged with this account.

RURAL HOUSING SERVICE RURAL HOUSING INSURANCE FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For gross obligations for the principal amount of direct and guaranteed loans as authorized by title V of the Housing Act of 1949, to be available from funds in the rural housing insurance fund, as follows: \$4,800,000,000 for loans to section 502 borrowers, as determined by the Secretary, of which \$3,700,000,000 shall be for unsubsidized guaranteed loans; \$32,396,000 for section 504 housing repair loans; \$100,000,000 for section 538 guaranteed multi-family housing loans; \$114,321,000 for section 515 rental hous-\$5,152,000 for section 524 site loans; \$11,780,000 for credit sales of acquired property. of which up to \$1,780,000 may be for multi-family credit sales; and \$5,000,000 for section 523 self-help housing land development loans: Provided, That of the total amount made available for loans to section 502 borrowers, up to \$5,400,000 shall be available until expended for use under a demonstration program to be carried out by the Secretary of Agriculture in North Carolina to determine the timeliness, quality, suitability, efficiency, and cost of utilizing modular housing to house low-income and very lowincome elderly families who: (1) have lost their housing because of a major disaster (as so declared by the President pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act); and (2)(A) do not have homeowner's insurance; or (B) can not repay a direct loan that is provided under section 502 of the Housing Act of 1949 with the maximum subsidy allowed for such loans: Provided further, That of the amounts made available for such demonstration program, \$5,000,000 shall be for grants and \$400,000 shall be for the cost (as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974) of loans, for such families to acquire modular housing.

For the cost of direct and guaranteed loans, including the cost of modifying loans, as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, as follows: section 502 loans, \$184,160,000 of which \$7,400,000 shall be for unsubsidized guaranteed loans; section 504 housing repair

loans, \$11,481,000; section 538 multi-family housing guaranteed loans, \$1,520,000; section 515 rental housing, \$56,326,000; multi-family credit sales of acquired property, \$874,000; and section 523 self-help housing land development loans, \$279,000: Provided, That of the total amount appropriated in this paragraph, \$13,832,000 shall be available through June 30, 2001, for authorized empowerment zones and enterprise communities and communities designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as Rural Economic Area Partnership Zones.

In addition, for administrative expenses necessary to carry out the direct and guaranteed loan programs, \$409,233,000, which shall be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Rural Development, Salaries and Expenses".

RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

For rental assistance agreements entered into or renewed pursuant to the authority under section 521(a)(2) or agreements entered into in lieu of debt forgiveness or payments for eligible households as authorized by section 502(c)(5)(D)of the Housing Act of 1949, \$680,000,000; and, in addition, such sums as may be necessary, as authorized by section 521(c) of the Act, to liquidate debt incurred prior to fiscal year 1992 to carry out the rental assistance program under section 521(a)(2) of the Act: Provided, That of this amount, not more than \$5,900,000 shall be available for debt forgiveness or payments for eligible households as authorized by section 502(c)(5)(D)of the Act, and not to exceed \$10,000 per project for advances to nonprofit organizations or public agencies to cover direct costs (other than purchase price) incurred in purchasing projects pursuant to section 502(c)(5)(C) of the Act: Provided further, That agreements entered into or renewed during fiscal year 2001 shall be funded for a 5-year period, although the life of any such agreement may be extended to fully utilize amounts obligated.

MUTUAL AND SELF-HELP HOUSING GRANTS
For grants and contracts pursuant to section
523(b)(1)(A) of the Housing Act of 1949 (42
U.S.C. 1490c), \$34,000,000, to remain available
until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b): Provided, That
of the total amount appropriated, \$1,000,000
shall be available through June 30, 2001, for au-

thorized empowerment zones and enterprise communities and communities designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as Rural Economic Area Partnership Zones.

RURAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE GRANTS

For grants and contracts for very low-income housing repair, supervisory and technical assistance, compensation for construction defects, and rural housing preservation made by the Rural Housing Service, as authorized by 42 1474, 1479(c), 1490e, and 1490m, \$44,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of the total amount appropriated, \$5,000,000 shall be for a housing demonstration program for agriculture, aquaculture, and seafood processor workers: Provided further, That of the total amount appropriated, \$1,200,000 shall be available through June 30, 2001, for authorized empowerment zones and enterprise communities and communities designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as Rural Economic Area Partnership Zones.

FARM LABOR PROGRAM ACCOUNT

For the cost of direct loans, grants, and contracts, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. 1484 and 1486, \$30,000,000, to remain available until expended, for direct farm labor housing loans and domestic farm labor housing grants and contracts.

RURAL BUSINESS-COOPERATIVE SERVICE RURAL DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For the cost of direct loans, \$19,476,000, as authorized by the Rural Development Loan Fund (42 U.S.C. 9812(a)), of which \$2,036,000 shall be for Federally Recognized Native American

Tribes and of which \$4,072,000 shall be for Mississippi Delta Region counties (as defined by Public Law 100-460): Provided, That such costs, including the cost of modifying such loans, shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974: Provided further, That these funds are available to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans of \$38,256,000: Provided further, That of the total amount appropriated, \$3,216,000 shall be available through June 30, 2001, for the cost of direct loans for authorized empowerment zones and enterprise communities and communities designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as Rural Economic Area Partnership Zones.

In addition, for administrative expenses to carry out the direct loan programs, \$3,640,000 shall be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Rural Development, Salaries and Expenses".

RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOANS PROGRAM

ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING RESCISSION OF FUNDS)

For the principal amount of direct loans, as authorized under section 313 of the Rural Electrification Act, for the purpose of promoting rural economic development and job creation projects, \$15,000,000.

For the cost of direct loans, including the cost of modifying loans as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, \$3,911,000, which shall be administered in accordance with the regulations utilized in fiscal year 2000.

Of the funds derived from interest on the cushion of credit payments in fiscal year 2001, as authorized by section 313 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, \$3,911,000 shall not be obligated and \$3,911,000 are rescinded.

RURAL COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

For rural cooperative development grants authorized under section 310B(e) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932), \$6,500,000, of which \$2,000,000 shall be available for cooperative agreements for the appropriate technology transfer for rural areas program: Provided, That not to exceed \$1,500,000 of the total amount appropriated shall be made available to cooperatives or associations of cooperatives whose primary focus is to provide assistance to small, minority producers and whose governing board and/or membership is comprised of at least 75 percent minority.

RURAL UTILITIES SERVICE

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Insured loans pursuant to the authority of section 305 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 935) shall be made as follows: 5 percent rural electrification loans, \$121,500,000; 5 percent rural telecommunications loans, \$75,000,000; cost of money rural telecommunications loans, \$300,000,000; municipal rate rural electric loans, \$295,000,000; and loans made pursuant to section 306 of that Act, rural electric, \$1,700,000,000 and rural telecommunications, \$120,000,000; and \$500,000,000 for Treasury rate direct electric loans.

For the cost, as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, including the cost of modifying loans, of direct and guaranteed loans authorized by the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 935 and 936), as follows: cost of direct loans, \$19,871,000; and cost of municipal rate loans, \$20,503,000: Provided, That notwithstanding section 305(d)(2) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, borrower interest rates may exceed 7 percent per year.

est rates may exceed 7 percent per year. In addition, for administrative expenses necessary to carry out the direct and guaranteed loan programs, \$34,716,000, which shall be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Rural Development, Salaries and Expenses".

RURAL TELEPHONE BANK PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

The Rural Telephone Bank is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the lim-

its of funds available to such corporation in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as may be necessary in carrying out its authorized programs. During fiscal year 2001 and within the resources and authority available, gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans shall be \$175,000,000.

For the cost, as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, including the cost of modifying loans, of direct loans authorized by the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 935), \$2,590,000.

In addition, for administrative expenses, including audits, necessary to carry out the loan programs, \$3,000,000, which shall be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Rural Development, Salaries and Expenses".

DISTANCE LEARNING AND TELEMEDICINE PROGRAM

For the cost of direct loans and grants, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 950aaa et seq., \$27,000,000, to remain available until expended, to be available for loans and grants for telemedicine and distance learning services in rural areas, and of which \$2,000,000 may be available for a pilot program to finance broadband transmission and local dial-up Internet service in areas that meet the definition of "rural area" used for the Distance Learning and Telemedicine Program authorized by 7 U.S.C. 950aaa: Provided, That the cost of direct loans shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

TITLE IV DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FOOD, NUTRITION AND CONSUMER SERVICES

For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary for Food, Nutrition and Consumer Services to administer the laws enacted by the Congress for the Food and Nutrition Service, \$570,000.

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS (INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.), except section 21, and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1771 et seq.), except sections 17 and 21; \$9,541,539,000, to remain available 30, 2002, through September ofwhich \$4,413,960,000 is hereby appropriated and \$5,127,579,000 shall be derived by transfer from funds available under section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612c): Provided, That except as specifically provided under this heading, none of the funds made available under this heading shall be used for studies and evaluations: Provided further, That of the funds made available under this heading, up to \$6,000,000 shall be for school breakfast pilot projects, including the evaluation required under section 18(e) of the National School Lunch Act: Provided further, That of the funds made available under this heading, \$500,000 shall be for a School Breakfast Program startup grant pilot program for the State of Wisconsin: Provided further, That school food authorities in Ohio participating in a domestic food assistance program administered by the Secretary and preparing meals for use by other schools and institutions also participating in a domestic food assistance program, shall, with regard to such meals, not be subject to additional requirements under section 301(c) of the Federal Meat Inspection Act or section 5(c) of the Poultry Products Inspection Act: Provided further, That up to \$4,511,000 shall be available for independent verification of school food service claims. SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR

WOMEN, INFANTS, AND CHILDREN (WIC)

For necessary expenses to carry out the special supplemental nutrition program as authorized by section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of

1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786), \$4,052,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2002: Provided, That none of the funds made available under this heading shall be used for studies and evaluations: Provided further, That of the total amount available, the Secretary shall obligate \$10,000,000 for the farmers' market nutrition program within 45 days of the enactment of this Act, and an additional \$10,000,000 for the farmers' market nutrition program from any funds not needed to maintain current caseload levels: Provided further, That notwithstanding section 17(h)(10)(A) of such Act, up to \$14,000,000 shall be available for the purposes specified in section 17(h)(10)(B), no less than \$6,000,000 of which shall be used for the development of electronic benefit transfer systems: Provided further. That none of the funds in this Act shall be available to pay administrative expenses of WIC clinics except those that have an announced policy of prohibiting smoking within the space used to carry out the program: Provided further, That none of the funds provided in this account shall be available for the purchase of infant formula except in accordance with the cost containment and competitive bidding requirements specified in section 17 of such Act: Provided further, That none of the funds provided shall be available for activities that are not fully reimbursed by other Federal Government departments or agencies unless authorized by section 17 of such Act: Provided further, That funds made available under this heading shall be made available for sites participating in the special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children to determine whether a child eligible to participate in the program has received a blood lead screening test, using a test that is appropriate for age and risk factors, upon the enrollment of the child in the program.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry out the Food Stamp Act (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), \$20,114,293,000, of which \$100,000,000 shall be placed in reserve for use only in such amounts and at such times as may become necessary to carry out program operations: Provided, That of the funds made available under this heading and not already appropriated to the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR) established under section 4(b) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2013(b)), not to exceed \$3,000,000 shall be used to purchase bison for the FDPIR: Provided further. That the Secretary shall purchase such bison from Native American producers and cooperative organizations without competition: Provided further, That none of the funds made available under this heading shall be used for studies and evaluations: Provided further, That funds provided herein shall be expended in accordance with section 16 of the Food Stamp Act: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be subject to any work registration or workfare requirements as may be required by law: Provided further, That not more than \$194,000,000 may be reserved by the Secretary, notwith-standing section 16(h)(1)(A)(vi) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2025(h)(1)(A)(vi)), for allocation to State agencies under section 16(h)(1) of such Act to carry out Employment and Training programs: Provided further, That funds made available for Employment and Training under this heading shall remain available until expended, as authorized by section 16(h)(1) of the Food Stamp Act.

COMMODITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry out the commodity supplemental food program as authorized by section 4(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) and the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983, \$140,300,000, to remain available through September 30, 2002: Provided, That none of these funds shall be available to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for commodities donated to the program: Provided further, That notwithstanding section 5(a)(2) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973

(Public Law 93-86; 7 U.S.C. 612c note), \$20,781,000 of this amount shall be available for administrative expenses of the commodity supplemental food program.

FOOD DONATIONS PROGRAMS

For necessary expenses to carry out section 4(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973; special assistance for the nuclear affected islands as authorized by section 103(h)(2) of the Compacts of Free Association Act of 1985, as amended; and section 311 of the Older Americans Act of 1965, \$151,081,000, to remain available through September 30, 2002.

FOOD PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

For necessary administrative expenses of the domestic food programs funded under this Act, \$116,807,000, of which \$5,000,000 shall be available only for simplifying procedures, reducing overhead costs, tightening regulations, improving food stamp benefit delivery, and assisting in the prevention, identification, and prosecution of fraud and other violations of law and of which not less than \$4,500,000 shall be available to improve integrity in the Food Stamp and Child Nutrition programs: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (7 U.S.C. 2225), and not to exceed \$150,000 shall be available for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109.

TITLE V FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS) For necessary expenses of the Foreign Agricultural Service, including carrying out title VI of the Agricultural Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1761-1768), market development activities abroad, and for enabling the Secretary to coordinate and integrate activities of the Department in connection with foreign agricultural work, including not to exceed \$158,000 for representation allowances and for expenses pursuant to section 8 of the Act approved August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 1766), \$115,424,000: Provided, That the Service may utilize advances of funds, or reimburse this appropriation for expenditures made on behalf of Federal agencies, public and private organizations and institutions under agreements executed pursuant to the agricultural food production assistance programs (7 U.S.C. 1737) and the foreign assistance programs of the United States Agency for International Development.

None of the funds in the foregoing paragraph shall be available to promote the sale or export of tobacco or tobacco products.

PUBLIC LAW 480 TITLE I PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For the cost, as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, of agreements under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, and the Food for Progress Act of 1985, including the cost of modifying credit arrangements under said Acts, \$114,186,000, to remain available until expended.

In addition, for administrative expenses to carry out the credit program of title I, Public Law 83-480, and the Food for Progress Act of 1985, to the extent funds appropriated for Public Law 83-480 are utilized, \$1,850,000, of which \$1,035,000 may be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Foreign Agricultural Service, Salaries and Expenses", and of which \$815,000 may be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Farm Service Agency, Salaries and Expenses".

PUBLIC LAW 480 TITLE I OCEAN FREIGHT DIFFERENTIAL GRANTS

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For expenses during the current fiscal year, not otherwise recoverable, and unrecovered prior years' costs, including interest thereon, under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, \$20,322,000, to remain available until expended, for ocean freight differential costs for the shipment of agricultural commodities under title I of said Act: Provided, That funds made available for the cost of title I agreements and for title I ocean freight differential may be used interchangeably between the two accounts with prior notice to the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress

PUBLIC LAW 480 TITLE II GRANTS

For expenses during the current fiscal year, not otherwise recoverable, and unrecovered prior years' costs, including interest thereon, under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, \$837,000,000, to remain available until expended, for commodities supplied in connection with dispositions abroad under title II of said Act.

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION EXPORT LOANS
PROGRAM ACCOUNT

(INCLUDING TRANSFERS OF FUNDS)

For administrative expenses to carry out the Commodity Credit Corporation's export guarantee program, GSM 102 and GSM 103, \$3,820,000; to cover common overhead expenses as permitted by section 11 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act and in conformity with the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990, of which \$3,231,000 may be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Foreign Agricultural Service, Salaries and Expenses", and of which \$589,000 may be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for "Farm Service Agency, Salaries and Expenses".

TITLE VI

RELATED AGENCIES AND FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

$\begin{array}{c} DEPARTMENT\ OF\ HEALTH\ AND\ HUMAN\\ SERVICES \end{array}$

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Food and Drug Administration, including hire and purchase of passenger motor vehicles; for payment of space rental and related costs pursuant to Public Law 92-313 for programs and activities of the Food and Drug Administration which are included in this Act; for rental of special purpose space in the District of Columbia or elsewhere; and for miscellaneous and emergency expenses of enforcement activities, authorized and approved by the Secretary and to be accounted for solely on the Secretary's certificate, not to exceed \$25,000; \$1,217,797,000, of which not to exceed \$149,273,000 in prescription drug user fees authorized by 21 U.S.C. 379(h) may be credited to this appropriation and remain available until expended: Provided, That fees derived from applications received during fiscal year 2001 shall be subject to the fiscal year 2001 limitation: Provided further, That none of these funds shall be used to develop, establish, or operate any program of user fees authorized by 31 U.S.C. 9701: Provided further, That of the total amount appropriated: (1) \$285,269,000 shall be for the Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition and related field activities in the Office of Regulatory Affairs; (2) \$317,547,000 shall be for the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research and related field activities in the Office of Regulatory Affairs, of which no less than \$12,534,000 shall be available for grants and contracts awarded under section 5 of the Orphan Drug Act (21 U.S.C. 360ee); (3) \$140,489,000 shall be for the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research and for related field activities in the Office of Regulatory Affairs; (4) \$64,069,000 shall be for the Center for Veterinary Medicine and for related field activities in the Office of Regulatory Affairs; (5) \$165,207,000 shall be for the Center for Devices and Radiological Health and for related field activities in the Office of Regulatory Affairs; (6) \$35,568,000 shall be for the National Center for Toxicological Research; (7) \$25,855,000 shall be for Rent and Related activities, other than the amounts paid to the General Services Administration; (8) \$104,954,000 shall be for payments to the General Services Administration for rent and related costs; and (9) \$78,839,000 shall be for other activities, including the Office of the Commissioner; the Office of Management and Systems; the Office of the Senior Associate Commissioner; the Office of International and Constituent Relations; the Office of Policy, Legislation, and Planning; and central services for these offices: Provided further, That funds may be transferred from one specified activity to another with the prior approval of the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

In addition, mammography user fees authorized by 42 U.S.C. 263(b) may be credited to this account, to remain available until expended.

In addition, export certification user fees authorized by 21 U.S.C. 381 may be credited to this account, to remain available until expended.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For plans, construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities of or used by the Food and Drug Administration, where not otherwise provided, \$31,350,000, to remain available until expended (7 U.S.C. 2209b).

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), including the purchase and hire of passenger motor vehicles; the rental of space (to include multiple year leases) in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and not to exceed \$25,000 for employment under 5 U.S.C. 3109, \$68,000,000, including not to exceed \$1,000 for official reception and representation expenses.

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed \$36,800,000 (from assessments collected from farm credit institutions and from the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses as authorized under 12 U.S.C. 2249: Provided, That this limitation shall not apply to expenses associated with receiverships.

TITLE VII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 701. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law, appropriations and authorizations made for the Department of Agriculture for fiscal year 2001 under this Act shall be available for the purchase, in addition to those specifically provided for, of not to exceed 389 passenger motor vehicles, of which 385 shall be for replacement only, and for the hire of such vehicles.

SEC. 702. Funds in this Act available to the Department of Agriculture shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5901–5902).

SEC. 703. Not less than \$1,500,000 of the appropriations of the Department of Agriculture in this Act for research and service work authorized by sections 1 and 10 of the Act of June 29, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 427, 427i; commonly known as the Bankhead-Jones Act), subtitle A of title II and section 302 of the Act of August 14, 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.), and chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code, shall be available for contracting in accordance with such Acts and chapter.

SEC. 704. The Secretary of Agriculture may transfer unobligated balances of funds appropriated by this Act or other available unobligated balances of the Department of Agriculture to the Working Capital Fund for the acquisition of plant and capital equipment necessary for the delivery of financial, administrative, and information technology services of primary benefit to the agencies of the Department of Agriculture: Provided, That none of the funds made available by this Act or any other Act shall be transferred to the Working Capital Fund without the

prior approval of the agency administrator: Provided further, That none of the funds transferred to the Working Capital Fund pursuant to this section shall be available for obligation without the prior approval of the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

SEC. 705. New obligational authority provided for the following appropriation items in this Act shall remain available until expended: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, the contingency fund to meet emergency conditions, fruit fly program, integrated systems acquisition project, boll weevil program, up to 25 percent of the screwworm program, and up to \$2,000,000 for costs associated with colocating regional offices; Food Safety and Inspection Service, field automation and information management project; funds appropriated for rental payments; Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service, funds for competitive research grants (7 U.S.C. 450i(b)), funds for the Research, Education and Economics Information System (REEIS), and funds for the Native American Institutions Endowment Fund; Farm Service Agency, salaries and expenses funds made available to county committees: Foreign Agricultural Service, middle-income country training program and up to \$2,000,000 of the Foreign Agricultural Service appropriation solely for the purpose of offsetting fluctuations in international currency exchange rates, subject to documentation by the Foreign Agricultural Service

SEC. 706. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless

expressly so provided herein.
SEC. 707. Not to exceed \$50,000 of the appropriations available to the Department of Agriculture in this Act shall be available to provide appropriate orientation and language training pursuant to section 606C of the Act of August 28, 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1766b; commonly known as the

Agricultural Act of 1954).

SEC. 708. No funds appropriated by this Act may be used to pay negotiated indirect cost rates on cooperative agreements or similar arrangements between the United States Department of Agriculture and nonprofit institutions in excess of 10 percent of the total direct cost of the agreement when the purpose of such cooperative arrangements is to carry out programs of mutual interest between the two parties. This does not preclude appropriate payment of indirect costs on grants and contracts with such institutions when such indirect costs are computed on a similar basis for all agencies for which appropriations are provided in this Act.

SEC. 709. None of the funds in this Act shall be available to restrict the authority of the Commodity Credit Corporation to lease space for its own use or to lease space on behalf of other agencies of the Department of Agriculture when

such space will be jointly occupied.

SEC. 710. None of the funds in this Act shall be available to pay indirect costs charged against competitive agricultural research, education, or extension grant awards issued by the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service that exceed 19 percent of total Federal funds provided under each award: Provided, That notwithstanding section 1462 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3310), funds provided by this Act for grants awarded competitively by the Cooperative State Research. Education, and Extension Service shall be available to pay full allowable indirect costs for each grant awarded under section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638).

SEC. 711. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, all loan levels provided in this Act shall be considered estimates, not limitations.

SEC. 712. Appropriations to the Department of Agriculture for the cost of direct and guaranteed loans made available in fiscal year 2001 shall remain available until expended to cover obligations made in fiscal year 2001 for the following accounts: the rural development loan fund program account; the Rural Telephone Bank program account; the rural electrification and telecommunications loans program account; the Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Account; and the rural economic development loans program account.

SEC. 713. Notwithstanding chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code, marketing services of the Agricultural Marketing Service; the Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration; the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service; and the food safety activities of the Food Safety and Inspection Service may use cooperative agreements to reflect a relationship between the Agricultural Marketing Service; the Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration; the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service; or the Food Safety and Inspection Service and a state or cooperator to carry out agricultural marketing programs, to carry out programs to protect the nation's animal and plant resources, or to carry out educational programs or special studies to improve the safety of

the nation's food supply.

SEC. 714. Notwithstanding any other provision of law (including provisions of law requiring competition), the Secretary of Agriculture may hereafter enter into cooperative agreements (which may provide for the acquisition of goods or services, including personal services) with a State, political subdivision, or agency thereof, a public or private agency, organization, or any other person, if the Secretary determines that the objectives of the agreement will: (1) serve a mutual interest of the parties to the agreement in carrying out the programs administered by the Natural Resources Conservation Service; and (2) all parties will contribute resources to the accomplishment of these objectives: Provided, That Commodity Credit Corporation funds obligated for such purposes shall not exceed the level obligated by the Commodity Credit Corporation for such purposes in fiscal year

SEC. 715. None of the funds in this Act may be used to retire more than 5 percent of the Člass A stock of the Rural Telephone Bank or to maintain any account or subaccount within the accounting records of the Rural Telephone Bank the creation of which has not specifically been authorized by statute: Provided. That notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available in this Act may be used to transfer to the Treasury or to the Federal Financing Bank any unobligated balance of the Rural Telephone Bank telephone liquidating account which is in excess of current requirements and such balance shall receive interest as set forth for financial accounts in section 505(c) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990.

SEC. 716. Of the funds made available by this Act, not more than \$1,800,000 shall be used to cover necessary expenses of activities related to all advisory committees, panels, commissions, and task forces of the Department of Agriculture, except for panels used to comply with negotiated rule makings and panels used to evaluate competitively awarded grants.

SEC. 717. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used to carry out section 410 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 679a) or section 30 of the Poultry Products In-

spection Act (21 U.S.C. 471).

SEC. 718. No employee of the Department of Agriculture may be detailed or assigned from an agency or office funded by this Act to any other agency or office of the Department for more than 30 days unless the individual's employing agency or office is fully reimbursed by the receiving agency or office for the salary and expenses of the employee for the period of assignment.

719. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Agriculture shall be used to transmit or otherwise make available to any non-Department of

Agriculture employee questions or responses to questions that are a result of information requested for the appropriations hearing process.

SEC. 720. None of the funds made available to the Department of Agriculture by this Act may be used to acquire new information technology systems or significant upgrades, as determined by the Office of the Chief Information Officer, without the approval of the Chief Information Officer and the concurrence of the Executive In-Technology Investment Review formation Board: Provided, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be transferred to the Office of the Chief Information Officer without the prior approval of the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

SEC. 721. (a) None of the funds provided by this Act, or provided by previous Appropriations Acts to the agencies funded by this Act that remain available for obligation or expenditure in fiscal year 2001, or provided from any accounts in the Treasury of the United States derived by the collection of fees available to the agencies funded by this Act, shall be available for obligation or expenditure through a reprogramming of funds which: (1) creates new programs; eliminates a program, project, or activity; (3) increases funds or personnel by any means for any project or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted; (4) relocates an office or employees; (5) reorganizes offices, programs, or activities; or (6) contracts out or privatizes any functions or activities presently performed by Federal employees; unless the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress are notified 15 days in advance of such reprogram-

ming of funds

(b) None of the funds provided by this Act, or provided by previous Appropriations Acts to the agencies funded by this Act that remain available for obligation or expenditure in fiscal year 2001, or provided from any accounts in the Treasury of the United States derived by the collection of fees available to the agencies funded by this Act, shall be available for obligation or expenditure for activities, programs, or projects through a reprogramming of funds in excess of \$500,000 or 10 percent, whichever is less, that: (1) augments existing programs, projects, or activities; (2) reduces by 10 percent funding for any existing program, project, or activity, or numbers of personnel by 10 percent as approved by Congress; or (3) results from any general savings from a reduction in personnel which would result in a change in existing programs, activities, or projects as approved by Congress; unless the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress are notified 15 days in advance of such reprogramming of funds.

(c) The Secretary of Agriculture shall notify the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress before implementing a program or activity not carried out during the previous fiscal year unless the program or activity is funded by this Act or specifically funded by any other Act.

SEC. 722. (a) Of the funds made available to the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to section 793(b)(1) of Public Law 104-127 (7 U.S.C. 2204f) for the 2000 fiscal year

(1) \$30,000,000 shall be available to be obligated for any purpose authorized under section

793 of that Act during the 2001 fiscal year; and (2) \$30,000,000 shall be available to be obligated for any purpose authorized under section 793 of that Act during the 2002 fiscal year

(b) None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act or any other Act may be used to pay the salaries and expenses of personnel to carry out the transfer or obligation of fiscal year 2001 funds under section 793 of Public Law 104-127 (7 U.S.C. 2204f).

SEC. 723. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act shall be used to pay the salaries and expenses of personnel who carry out an environmental quality

incentives program authorized by chapter 4 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa et seq.) in excess of \$174,000,000.

SEC. 724. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this or any other Act shall be used to pay the salaries and expenses of personnel to carry out the transfer or obligation of fiscal year 2001 funds under the provisions of section 401 of Public Law 105-185, the Initiative for Future Agriculture and Food Systems (7 U.S.C. 7621): Provided, That notwithstanding section 401(d) of Public Law 105-185, any appropriation or funds available to the Secretary of Agriculture to make grants under section 401 of Public Law 105-185 shall be used only to make grants to Hispanic-serving institutions (as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1101a(5)); West Virginia State College in Institute; and the 1862 institutions, 1890 institutions, and 1994 institutions, as defined in section 2 of Public Law 105-185 (7 U.S.C. 7601), or research foundations maintained by such institutions.

SEC. 725. Hereafter, none of the funds made available to the Department of Agriculture shall be used to carry out any commodity purchase program that would prohibit eligibility or participation by farmer-owned cooperatives.

EC. 726. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act shall be used to pay the salaries and expenses of personnel to carry out a conservation farm option program, as authorized by section 1240M of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb).

SEC. 727. None of the funds made available to the Food and Drug Administration by this Act shall be used to close or relocate, or to plan to close or relocate, the Food and Drug Administration Division of Drug Analysis (recently renamed the Division of Pharmaceutical Analysis) in St. Louis, Missouri, except that funds could be used to plan a possible relocation of this Division within the city limits of St. Louis, Missouri.

SEC. 728. None of the funds made available to the Food and Drug Administration by this Act shall be used to reduce the Detroit, Michigan, Food and Drug Administration District Office below the operating and full-time equivalent staffing level of July 31, 1999; or to change the Detroit District Office to a station, residence post or similarly modified office; or to reassign residence posts assigned to the Detroit District Office: Provided, That this section shall not apply to Food and Drug Administration field laboratory facilities or operations currently located in Detroit, Michigan, except that field laboratory personnel shall be assigned to locations in the general vicinity of Detroit, Michigan, pursuant to cooperative agreements between the Food and Drug Administration and other laboratory facilities associated with the State of Michigan.

SEC. 729. Hereafter, none of the funds appropriated by this Act or any other Act may be used to:

(1) carry out the proviso under 7 U.S.C. 1622(f); or

(2) carry out 7 U.S.C. 1622(h) unless the Secretary of Agriculture inspects and certifies agricultural processing equipment, and imposes a fee for the inspection and certification, in a manner that is similar to the inspection and certification of agricultural products under that section, as determined by the Secretary: Provided, That this provision shall not affect the authority of the Secretary to carry out the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), the Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 451 et seq.), or the Egg Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 1031 et seq.).

SEC. 730. None of the funds appropriated by

this Act or any other Act shall be used to pay the salaries and expenses of personnel who prepare or submit appropriations language as part of the President's Budget submission to the Congress of the United States for programs under the jurisdiction of the Appropriations Subcommittees on Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies that assumes revenues or reflects a reduction from the previous year due to user fees proposals that have not been enacted into law prior to the submission of the Budget unless such Budget submission identifies which additional spending reductions should occur in the event the user fees proposals are not enacted prior to the date of the convening of a committee of conference for the fiscal year 2002 appropriations Act.

731. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act shall be used to establish an Office of Community Food Security or any similar office within the United States Department of Agriculture without the prior approval of the Committees on Appropria-

tions of both Houses of Congress

SEC. 732. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this or any other Act may be used to carry out provision of section 612 of Public Law 105-185.

SEC. 733. None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used to propose or issue rules, regulations, decrees, or orders for the purpose of implementation, or in preparation for implementation, of the Kyoto Protocol which was adopted on December 11, 1997, in Kyoto, Japan.

SEC. 734. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be used to declare excess or surplus all or part of the lands and facilities owned by the Federal Government and administered by the Secretary of Agriculture at Fort Reno, Oklahoma. or to transfer or convey such lands or facilities prior to July 1, 2001, without the specific authorization of Congress.

SEC. 735. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act or any other Act shall be used for the implementation of a Support Services Bureau or similar organization.

SEC. 736. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for any fiscal year, in the case of a high cost, isolated rural area of the State of Alaska that is not connected to a road system-

(1) in the case of assistance provided by the Rural Housing Service for single family housing under title V of the Housing Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1471 et seq.), the maximum income level for the assistance shall be 150 percent of the average income level in metropolitan areas of the

(2) in the case of community facility loans and grants provided under paragraphs (1) and (19), respectively, of section 306(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)) and assistance provided under programs carried out by the Rural Utilities Service, the maximum income level for the loans, grants, and assistance shall be 150 percent of the average income level in nonmetropolitan areas of the State;

(3) in the case of a business and industry guaranteed loan made under section 310B(a)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(a)(1)), to the extent permitted under that Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall-

(A) guarantee the repayment of 90 percent of the principal and interest due on the loan; and (B) charge a loan origination and servicing fee in an amount not to exceed 1 percent of the

amount of the loan: and

(4) in the case of assistance provided under the Rural Community Development Initiative for fiscal year 2001 carried out under the rural community advancement program established under subtitle E of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009 et seq.), the median household income level, and the not employed rate, with respect to applicants for assistance under the Initiative shall be scored on a community-by-community basis.

SEC. 737. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Town of Lloyd, New York, and the Town of Thompson, New York, shall be eligible for loans and grants provided through the Rural Community Advancement Program.

SEC. 738. Hereafter, notwithstanding any other provision of law, no housing or residence in a foreign country purchased by an agent or instrumentality of the United States, for the purpose of housing the agricultural attache, shall be sold or disposed of without the approval of the Foreign Agricultural Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, including property purchased using foreign cur-rencies generated under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (Public Law 480) and used or occupied by agricultural attaches of the Foreign Agricultural Service: Provided, That the Department of State/Office of Foreign Buildings may sell such properties with the concurrence of the Foreign Agricultural Service if the proceeds are used to acquire suitable properties of appropriate size for Foreign Agricultural Service agricultural attaches: Provided further, That the Foreign Agricultural Service shall have the right to occupy such residences in perpetuity with costs limited to appropriate maintenance expenses.

SEC. 739. Hereafter, notwithstanding section 502(h)(7) of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1472(h)(7)), the fee collected by the Secretary of Agriculture with respect to a guaranteed loan under such section 502(h) at the time of the issuance of such guarantee may be in an amount equal to not more than 2 percent of the principal obligation of the loan.

SEC. 740. Hereafter, funds appropriated to the Department of Agriculture may be used to employ individuals by contract for services outside the United States as determined by the agencies to be necessary or appropriate for carrying out programs and activities abroad; and such contracts are authorized to be negotiated, the terms of the contract to be prescribed, and the work to be performed, where necessary, without regard to such statutory provisions as relate to the negotiation, making and performance of contracts and performance of work in the United States. Individuals employed by contract to perform such services outside the United States shall not by virtue of such employment be considered to be employees of the United States Government for purposes of any law administered by the Office of Personnel Management. Such individuals may be considered employees within the meaning of the Federal Employee Compensation Act, 5 U.S.C. 8101 et seq. Further, that Government service credit shall be accrued for the time employed under a Personal Service Agreement (PŠA) should the individual later be hired into a permanent United States Government position within FAS or another United States Government agency if the authorities of the hiring agency so permit.

SEC. 741. None of the funds made available by this Act or any other Act may be used to close or relocate a state Rural Development office unless or until cost effectiveness and enhancement

of program delivery have been determined. SEC. 742. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 141 of the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7251) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(4), by striking

2000''; and inserting ''through 2001''; and (2) in subsection (h), by striking ''2000'' each place it appears and inserting "2001"

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 142(e) of the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7252(e)) is amended by striking "2001" and inserting "2002".

SEC. 743. Of any shipments of commodities

made pursuant to section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431(b)), the Secretary of Agriculture shall, to the extent practicable, direct that tonnage equal in value to not more than \$25,000,000 shall be made available to foreign countries to assist in mitigating the effects of the Human Immunodeficiency Virus and Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome on communities, including the provision of-

(1) agricultural commodities toindividuals with Human deficiency Virus or Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome in the communities, and

- (B) households in the communities, particularly individuals caring for orphaned children;
- (2) agricultural commodities monetized to provide other assistance (including assistance under microcredit and microenterprise programs) to create or restore sustainable livelihoods among individuals in the communities, particularly individuals caring for orphaned children.
- SEC. 744. In addition to amounts otherwise appropriated or made available by this Act, \$2,000,000 is appropriated for the purpose of providing Bill Emerson and Mickey Leland Hunger Fellowships through the Congressional Hunger Center.
 SEC. 745. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may
- be cited as the "Medicine Equity and Drug Safety Act of 2000".

(b) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The cost of prescription drugs for Americans continues to rise at an alarming rate.

(2) Millions of Americans, including medicare beneficiaries on fixed incomes, face a daily choice between purchasing life-sustaining prescription drugs, or paying for other necessities, such as food and housing.

(3) Many life-saving prescription drugs are available in countries other than the United States at substantially lower prices, even though such drugs were developed and are approved for use by patients in the United States.

(4) Many Americans travel to other countries to purchase prescription drugs because the medicines that they need are unaffordable in

the United States

- (5) Americans should be able to purchase medicines at prices that are comparable to prices for such medicines in other countries, but efforts to enable such purchases should not endanger the gold standard for safety and effectiveness that has been established and maintained in the United States.
- (c) AMENDMENT.—Chapter VIII of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 381 et seq.) is amended-
- (1) in section 801(d)(1), by inserting "and sec-

tion 804" after "paragraph (2)"; and (2) by adding at the end the following:

"IMPORTATION OF COVERED PRODUCTS

"SEC. 804. (a) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary, after consultation with the United States Trade Representative and the Commissioner of Customs, shall promulgate regulations permitting pharmacists and wholesalers to import into the United States covered products.

"(b) LIMITATION.—Regulations under sub-

section (a) shall—

'(1) require that safeguards be in place to ensure that each covered product imported pursuant to such subsection complies with section 505 (including with respect to being safe and effective for its intended use), with sections 501 and 502, and with other applicable requirements of this Act;

"(2) require that an importer of a covered product pursuant to subsection (a) comply with the applicable provisions of this section, includ-

ing subsection (d); and

- (3) contain any additional provisions determined by the Secretary to be appropriate as a safeguard to protect the public health or as a means to facilitate the importation of such prod-
- '(c) RECORDS.—Regulations under subsection (a) shall require that records regarding the importation of covered products pursuant to such subsection be provided to and maintained by the Secretary for a period of time determined to be necessary by the Secretary

'(d) IMPORTATION.—Regulations under subsection (a) shall require an importer of a covered product pursuant to such subsection to provide to the Secretary the following information and records:

'(1) The name and amount of the active ingredient of such product and description of the dosage form.

"(2) The date that the product is shipped and the quantity of the product that is shipped, points of origin and destination for the product, the price paid for the product by the importer, and (once the product is distributed) the price for which such product is sold by the importer.

(3) Documentation from the foreign seller specifying the original source of the product and the amount of each lot of the product origi-

nally received.

(4) The manufacturer's lot or control number of the product imported.

The name, address, and telephone number of the importer, including the professional license number of the importer, if any.

(6) For a product that is coming directly from the first foreign recipient of the product from the manufacturer:

(A) Documentation demonstrating that such product came from such recipient and was received by the recipient from such manufacturer.

''(B) Ďocumentation of the amount of each lot of the product received by such recipient to demonstrate that the amount being imported into the United States is not more than the amount that was received by the recipient.

'(C) In the case of the initial imported shipment, documentation demonstrating that each batch of such shipment was statistically sampled and tested for authenticity and degrada-

'(D) In the case of all subsequent shipments from such recipient, documentation demonstrating that a statistically valid sample of such shipments was tested for authenticity and degradation.

(E) Certification from the importer or manufacturer of such product that the product is approved for marketing in the United States and meets all labeling requirements under this Act.

''(7) For a product that is not coming directly from the first foreign recipient of the product from the manufacturer:

(A) Documentation demonstrating that each batch in all shipments offered for importation into the United States was statistically sampled

and tested for authenticity and degradation. (B) Certification from the importer or manufacturer of such product that the product is approved for marketing in the United States and meets all labeling requirements under this Act.

"(8) Laboratory records, including complete data derived from all tests necessary to assure that the product is in compliance with established specifications and standards.

'(9) Documentation demonstrating that the testing required by paragraphs (6) through (8) was performed at a qualifying laboratory (as defined in subsection (k)).

"(10) Any other information that the Secretary determines is necessary to ensure the protection of the public health.

''(e) TESTING.—Regulations under subsection

"(1) shall require that testing referred to in paragraphs (6) through (8) of subsection (d) be conducted by the importer of the covered product pursuant to subsection (a), or the manufacturer of the product;

"(2) shall require that if such tests are conducted by the importer, information needed to authenticate the product being tested, and to confirm that the labeling of such product complies with labeling requirements under this Act, be supplied by the manufacturer of such product to the pharmacist or wholesaler, and shall require that such information be kept in strict confidence and used only for purposes of testing under this Act; and

(3) may include such additional provisions as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to provide for the protection of trade secrets and commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential.

COUNTRYLIMITATION.—Regulations under subsection (a) shall provide that covered products may be imported pursuant to such subsection only from a country, union, or economic area that is listed in subparagraph (A) of section 802(b)(1) or designated by the Secretary, subject to such limitations as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to protect the public health.

"(g) SUSPENSION OF IMPORTATIONS.—The Secretary shall require that importations of specific covered products or importations by specific importers pursuant to subsection (a) be immediately suspended upon discovery of a pattern of importation of such products or by such importers that is counterfeit or in violation of any requirement pursuant to this section. until an investigation is completed and the Secretary determines that the public is adequately protected from counterfeit and violative covered products being imported pursuant to subsection (a).

'(h) PROHIBÎTED AGREEMENTS.—No manufacturer of a covered product may enter into a contract or agreement that includes a provision to prevent the sale or distribution of covered prod-

ucts imported pursuant to subsection (a). '(i) ŠTUDIES; REPORTS.-

"(1) STUDY BY SECRETARY.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct, or contract with an entity to conduct, a study on the imports permitted pursuant to subsection (a), including consideration of the information received under subsection (d). In conducting such study, the Secretary or entity shall-

"(i) evaluate the compliance of importers with regulations under subsection (a), and the number of shipments pursuant to such subsection. if any, that have been determined to be counterfeit, misbranded, or adulterated, and determine how such compliance contrasts with the number of shipments of prescription drugs transported within the United States that have been determined to be counterfeit, misbranded, or adulterated; and

'(ii) consult with the United States Trade Representative and the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks to evaluate the effect of importations pursuant to subsection (a) on trade and

patent rights under Federal law.

'(B) REPORT.—Not later than two years after the effective date of final regulations under subsection (a), the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the Congress a report describing the findings of the study under subparagraph (A).

(2) STUDY BY GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE. The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study to determine the effect of this section on the price of covered products sold to consumers at retail. Not later than 18 months after the effective date of final regulations under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall prepare and submit to the Congress a report describing the findings of such study.

"(j) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section

shall be construed to limit the statutory, regulatory, or enforcement authority of the Secretary relating to the importation of covered products, other than with respect to section

801(d)(1) as provided in this section. (k) DEFINITIONS.-

(1) COVERED PRODUCT.—

'(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this section, the term 'covered product' means a prescription drug, except that such term does not include a controlled substance in schedule I. II. or III under section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act or a biological product as defined in section 351 of the Public Health Service Act.

'(B) CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS; PAREN-TERAL DRUGS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, section 801(d)(1)-

(i) continues to apply to a covered product donated or otherwise supplied for free by the manufacturer of the drug to a charitable or humanitarian organization, including the United Nations and affiliates, or to a government of a foreign country: and

(ii) continues to apply to a covered product that is a parenteral drug the importation of which pursuant to subsection (a) is determined by the Secretary to pose a threat to the public

health.

- "(2) OTHER TERMS.—For purposes of this section:
- "(A) The term 'importer' means a pharmacist or wholesaler.
- "(B) The term 'pharmacist' means a person licensed by a State to practice pharmacy, including the dispensing and selling of prescription drugs.

"(C) The term 'prescription drug' means a drug subject to section 503(b).

"(D) The term 'qualifying laboratory' means a laboratory in the United States that has been approved by the Secretary for purposes of this

section.

- "(E) The term 'wholesaler' means a person licensed as a wholesaler or distributor of prescription drugs in the United States pursuant to section 503(e)(2)(A). Such term does not include a person authorized to import drugs under section 801(d)(1).
- "(1) Conditions.—This section shall become effective only if the Secretary demonstrates to the Congress that the implementation of this section will—
- "(1) pose no additional risk to the public's health and safety; and
- "(2) result in a significant reduction in the cost of covered products to the American consumer.
- "(m) SUNSET.—Effective upon the expiration of the five-year period beginning on the effective date of final regulations under subsection (a), this section ceases to have any legal effect.".

(d) PROHIBITED ACT.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 301 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 331) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(aa) The importation of a covered product in violation of section 804, the falsification of any record required to be maintained or provided to the Secretary under such section, or any other violation of regulations under such section.".
- (2) ENHANCED PENALTIES.—Section 303(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 333(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(6) Notwithstanding subsection (a), any person who is a manufacturer or importer of a covered product pursuant to section 804(a) and knowingly fails to comply with a requirement of section 804(e) that is applicable to such manufacturer or importer, respectively, shall be imprisoned for not more than 10 years or fined not more than \$250,000, or both."
- (e) For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", Food and Drug Administration, \$23,000,000, solely to carry out the "Medicine Equity and Drug Safety Act of 2000", to be available only upon submission of an official budget request and justification for such amount by the President to the Congress.
- SEC. 746. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Prescription Drug Import Fairness Act of 2000".
- (b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds as follows: (1) Patients and their families sometimes have reason to import into the United States drugs that have been approved by the Food and Drug

Administration ("FDA").

- (2) There have been circumstances in which— (A) an individual seeking to import such a drug has received a notice from FDA that importing the drug violates or may violate the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; and
- (B) the notice failed to inform the individual of the reasons underlying the decision to send the notice.
- (3) FDA should not send a warning notice regarding the importation of a drug without providing to the individual involved a statement of the underlying reasons for the notice.
- (c) CLARIFICATION OF CERTAIN RESPONSIBIL-ITIES OF FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION WITH RESPECT TO IMPORTATION OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS INTO UNITED STATES.—Section 801 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 381) is amended by adding at the end the following subsection:

- "(g)(1) With respect to a prescription drug being imported or offered for import into the United States, the Secretary, in the case of an individual who is not in the business of such importations, may not send a warning notice to the individual unless the following conditions are met:
- "(A) The notice specifies, as applicable to the importation of the drug, that the Secretary has made a determination that—
- "(i) importation is in violation of section 801(a) because the drug is or appears to be adulterated, misbranded, or in violation of section 505.
- "(ii) importation is in violation of section 801(a) because the drug is or appears to be forbidden or restricted in sale in the country in which it was produced or from which it was exported:
- "(iii) importation is or appears to be in violation of section 801(d)(1); or
- "(iv) importation otherwise is or appears to be in violation of Federal law.
- "(B) The notice does not specify any provision described in subparagraph (A) that is not applicable to the importation of the drug.
- "(C) The notice states the reasons underlying such determination by the Secretary, including a brief application to the principal facts involved of the provision of law described in subparagraph (A) that is the basis of the determination by the Secretary.
- "(2) For purposes of this section, the term 'warning notice', with respect to the importation of a drug, means a communication from the Secretary (written or otherwise) notifying a person, or clearly suggesting to the person, that importing the drug for personal use is, or appears to be, a violation of this Act.".
- SEC. 747. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may not deny a loan application made pursuant to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.) in Arkansas solely on the basis that—
- (a) the proceeds of the loan will be used to conduct activities in a flood plain; or
- (b) the loan is secured by land that is in a flood plain.

SEC. 748. Section 2111(a)(3) of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 651(a)(3)) is amended by adding after "sulfites," "except in the production of wine,".

SEC. 749. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, hereafter, Friends of the National Arboretum, an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code incorporated in the District of Columbia, shall not be considered a prohibited source with respect to gifts to the United States National Arboretum so long as Friends of the National Arboretum remains an organization described under section 501(c)(3) of such Code and continues to conduct its operations exclusively for the benefit of the United States National Arboretum. The Secretary of Agriculture shall, within 90 days of enactment of this Act, provide the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress with either a copy of a Memorandum of Understanding detailing the nature of its partnership with the Friends of the National Arboretum, or with a written explanation of why such a Memorandum of Understanding could not be achieved.

SEC. 750. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to require an office of the Farm Service Agency that is using FINPACK on May 17, 1999, for financial planning and credit analysis, to discontinue use of FINPACK for six months from the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 751. Hereafter, the Secretary of Agriculture shall consider any borrower whose income does not exceed 115 percent of the median family income of the United States as meeting the eligibility requirements for a borrower contained in section 502(h)(2) of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1472(h)(2)).

- SEC. 752. Effective 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and continuing for the remainder of fiscal year 2001 and each subsequent fiscal year, establishments in the United States that slaughter or process birds of the order Ratitae, such as ostriches, emus and rheas, and squab, for distribution in commerce as human food shall be subject to the ante mortem and post mortem inspection, reinspection, and sanitation requirements of the Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 451 et seq.) rather than the voluntary poultry inspection program of the Department of Agriculture under section 203 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1622).
- SEC. 753. In developing a rule concerning onfarm standards for prevention of Salmonella Enteritidis in shell eggs pursuant to any plan to eliminate Salmonella Enteritidis illnesses due to eggs, the Food and Drug Administration shall—
- (a) consider one environmental test per laying cycle for each layer house for verification of the producer's Salmonella Enteritidis reduction plan:
- (b) consider when it is appropriate to require diversion of shell eggs to treatment, such as pasteurization, and base any requirement for testing that would necessitate diversion, which may include the receipt of a positive egg test result, on sound science:
- (c) conduct or support research to develop cost-effective and improved tests for determination of Salmonella Enteritidis; and
- (d) solicit comments on appropriate options for implementing a Salmonella Enteritidis reduction plan in shell eggs, including comments on conducting and funding testing, through state and federal programs.
- SEC. 754. Public Law 105-277, division A, title XI, section 1121 (112 Stat. 2681-44, 2681-45) is amended by—
- (1) striking "not later than January 1, 2000" and inserting "not later than January 1, 2001"; and
- (2) adding the following new subsection at the end thereof—
- "(d) Additional Disbursement.—
- "(1) COTTON STORED IN GEORGIA.—The State of Georgia may use funds remaining in the indemnity fund established in accordance with this section to compensate cotton producers in other States who stored cotton in the State of Georgia and incurred losses in 1998 or 1999 as the result of the events described in subsection (a)
- "(2) GINNERS AND OTHERS.—The State of Georgia may also use funds remaining in the indemnity fund established in accordance with this section to compensate cotton ginners and others in the business of producing, ginning, warehousing, buying, or selling cotton for losses they incurred in 1998 or 1999 as the result of the events described in subsection (a), if—
- "(A) as of March 1, 2000, the indemnity fund has not been exhausted,
- "(B) the State of Georgia provides cotton producers an additional time period prior to May 1, 2000, in which to establish eligibility for compensation under this section;
- "(C) the State of Georgia determines during calendar year 2000 that all cotton producers in that State and cotton producers in other States as described in paragraph (d)(1) have been appropriately compensated for losses incurred in 1998 or 1999 as described in subsection (a); and
- "(D) such additional compensation is not made available until May 1, 2000.".
- SEC. 755. The Food Security Act of 1985 is amended by inserting after section 1230 (16 U.S.C. 3830) the following:

"SEC. 1230A. GOOD FAITH RELIANCE.

"(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection (d) and notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the Secretary shall provide equitable relief to an owner or operator that has entered into a contract under this chapter, and that is subsequently determined to be in violation of the contract, if the owner or operator in attempting to comply with the terms of the contract and enrollment requirements took actions in good faith reliance on the action or advice of an authorized representative of the Secretary.

(b) ŤYPES OF RELIEF.—The Secretary shall— "(1) to the extent the Secretary determines that an owner or operator has been injured by good faith reliance described in subsection (a), allow the owner or operator to do any one or more of the following-

'(A) to retain payments received under the contract;

"(B) to continue to receive payments under the contract;

'(C) to keep all or part of the land covered by the contract enrolled in the applicable program under this chapter;

"(D) to reenroll all or part of the land covered by the contract in the applicable program under this chapter; or

"(E) or any other equitable relief the Secretary deems appropriate; and

"(2) require the owner or operator to take such actions as are necessary to remedy any failure to comply with the contract.

"(c) RELATION TO OTHER LAW.—The authority to provide relief under this section shall be in addition to any other authority provided in this or any other Act.

'(d) Exception.—This section shall not apply to a pattern of conduct in which an authorized representative of the Secretary takes actions or provides advice with respect to an owner or operator that the representative and the owner or operator know are inconsistent with applicable law (including regulations).

'(e) APPLICABILITY OF RELIEF.—Relief under this section shall be available for contracts in effect on January 1, 2000 and for all subsequent contracts.

SEC. 756. Section 375(e)(6)(B) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 2008j(e)(6)(B)) is amended by striking ''\$20,000,000'' and inserting ''\$25,000,000'

SEC. 757. Refunds or rebates received on an on-going basis from a credit card services provider under the Department of Agriculture's charge card programs may be deposited to and retained without fiscal year limitation in the Departmental Working Capital Fund established under 7 U.S.C. 2235 and used to fund management initiatives of general benefit to the Department of Agriculture bureaus and offices as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary's designee.

SEC. 758. The Act of August 19, 1958 (7 U.S.C. 1431 note) is amended—

(1) by striking "clause (3) or (4) of" the first place it appears and inserting "the Food for Progress Act of 1985, '';

(2) by striking "clause (3) or (4) of such" and inserting "the Food for Progress Act of 1985, such": and

(3) by striking "to the President"

SEC. 759. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Sea Island Health Clinic located on Johns Island, South Carolina, shall remain eligible for assistance and funding from the Rural Development community facilities programs administered by the Department of Agriculture until such time new population data is available from the 2000 Census.

SEC. 760. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the area bounded by West 197th Avenue, North S.W. 232nd Street, East U.S. Highway 1 and S.W. 360th Street in Dade County, Florida, shall continue to be eligible to receive business and industry guaranteed loans under section 310B of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932) until such time that population data is available from the 2000 decennial Census.

SEC. 761. Hereafter, the Secretary of Agriculture shall consider the City of Kewanee and the City of Jacksonville, Illinois, as meeting the requirements of a rural area contained in section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1490).

SEC. 762. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Chief of the Natural Resources Conservation Service shall provide funds, within discretionary amounts available, to pay the balance of the amount due pursuant to the settleofclaims associated with Chuquatonchee Watershed Project in Mississippi to close out this project.

SEC. 763. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Konocti Water District, California, shall be eligible for grants and loans administered by the Rural Utilities Service.

SEC. 764. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, Jefferson County, Kentucky, shall be considered to be a rural area for the purposes of the business and industry direct and guaranteed loan program authorized by the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 et seq.).

SEC. 765. The Secretary of Agriculture may convey, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate, all right, title. and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property consisting of approximately one acre located within the Sunnyside Subdivision in Prince George's County, Maryland, for the purpose of resolving land title claims and encroachments at the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center and for promoting public access on Sunnyside Avenue. Any funds received by the Secretary as a result of the conveyance shall be credited to and merged with the appropriations available to operate the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center and shall be available, without further appropriation, for the same purposes and for the same time period as such appropriations.

SEC. 766. Of the funds provided to carry out section 211(a) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 2820 note; Public Law 106-224), up to \$500,000 shall be used solely for the State of California.

SEC. 767. The first section of the Act of March 2, 1931 (7 U.S.C. 426) is amended to read as fol-

"SECTION 1. PREDATORY AND OTHER WILD ANI-MALS.

"The Secretary of Agriculture may conduct a program of wildlife services with respect to injurious animal species and take any action the Secretary considers necessary in conducting the program. The Secretary shall administer the program in a manner consistent with all of the wildlife services authorities in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001.

SEC. 768. Section 412(d) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1736f(d)) is amended by striking "title I of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.)" and inserting "dairy price support operations".

SEC. 769. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the City of Coachella, California, shall be eligible for grants and loans administered by the rural development mission areas of the Department of Agriculture.

SEC. 770. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture shall consider the City of Vicksburg, Mississippi, as meeting the requirements of a rural area in section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1490).

SEC. 771. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator of the Rural Utilities Service shall use the authorities provided in the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 to finance the acquisition of existing generation, transmission and distribution systems and facilities serving high cost, predominantly rural areas by entities capable of and dedicated to providing or improving service in such areas in an efficient and cost effective manner.

SEC. 772. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act shall be used to issue a notice of proposed rulemaking, to promulgate a proposed rule, or to otherwise change or modify the definition of "animal" in existing regulations pursuant to the Animal Welfare Act.

SEC. 773. Section 306(a)(19)(A) of the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961 is amended by inserting after "nonprofit corporations" the following new phrase: ", Indian tribes (as such term is defined under section 4(e) of Public Law 93-638, as amended),'

SEC. 774. Section 2101 of the Emergency Supplemental Act, 2000 (Public Law 106-246; 114 Stat. 541) is amended—

(1) by inserting "or prior" after "such outstanding"; and

(2) by inserting "and subsequently repaid"

after "placed under loan".

SEC. 775. For purposes of administering Title IX of this Act, the term "agricultural commodity" shall also include fertilizer and organic fertilizer, except to the extent provided pursuant to Section 904 of that title.

Sec. 776. HAMILTON GRANGE, NEW YORK.

(a) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—Congress finds that-

(1) Alexander Hamilton, assisted by James Madison and George Washington, was the principal drafter of the Constitution of the United States:

(2) Hamilton was General Washington's aidede-camp during the Revolutionary War, and, given command by Washington of the New York and Connecticut light infantry battalion, led the successful assault on British redoubt number 10 at Yorktown;

(3) after serving as Secretary of the Treasury, Hamilton founded the Bank of New York and the New York Post:

(4) the only home Hamilton ever owned, commonly known as "the Grange", is a fine example of Federal period architecture designed by New York architect John McComb, Jr., and was built in upper Manhattan in 1803;

(5) the New York State Assembly enacted a law in 1908 authorizing New York City to acquire the Grange and move it to nearby St. Nicholas Park, part of the original Hamilton estate, but no action was taken;

(6) in 1962, the National Park Service took over management of the Grange, by then wedged on Convent Avenue within inches between an apartment house on the north side and a church on the south side;

(7) the 1962 designation of the Grange as a national memorial was contingent on the acquisition by the National Park Service of a site to which the building could be relocated;

(8) the New York State legislature enacted a law in 1998 that granted approval for New York City to transfer land in St. Nicholas Park to the National Park Service, causing renovations to the Grange to be postponed; and

(9) no obelisk, monument, or classical temple along the national mall has been constructed to honor the man who more than any other designed the Government of the United States, Hamilton should at least be remembered by restoring his home in a sylvan setting.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) Alexander Hamilton made an immense contribution to the United States by serving as a principal drafter of the Constitution; and

(2) the National Park Service should expeditiously-

(A) proceed to relocate the Grange to St. Nicholas Park; and

(B) restore the Grange to a state befitting the memory of Alexander Hamilton.

SECTION 777. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR LAND ACQUISITION FOR FALLEN TIMBERS BATTLEFIELD AND FORT MIAMIS NA-TIONAL HISTORIC SITE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4 of the Fallen Timbers Battlefield and Fort Miamis National Historic Site Act of 1999 (Public Law 106-164; 16 $\it U.S.C.~461~note)$ is amneded by adding at the end the following:

"(d) LAND ACQUISITION ASSISTANCE.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may provide financial assistance to the management entity for acquiring lands or interests in lands within the boundaries of the historic site under subsection (b).

"(2) COST SHARING.—Financial assistance under this subsection may not be used to pay more than 50 percent of the cost of any acquisition made with the assistance.

"(3) CONDITION.—The Secretary shall require, as a condition of any assistance under this subsection, that any interest in land acquired with assistance under this subsection shall be included in and managed as part of the historic site.".

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 6 of such Act is amended by inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.— before "There is authorized", and by adding at the end the following:

"(b) LAND ACQUISITION ASSISTANCE.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$2,500,000 to carry out section 4(d)."

TITLE VIII

NATURAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE AND OTHER EMERGENCY APPROPRIATIONS DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

COMMON COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT

For an additional amount for "Common Computing Environment," \$19,500,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for \$19,500,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For an additional amount for Departmental Administration, \$200,000: Provided, That this amount shall be transferred to the Small Business Administration to support two advocacy staffers to review rules and regulations relating to disasters to determine the impact of their implementation on small business entities: Provided further, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for \$200,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

FARM SERVICE AGENCY SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", \$50,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for \$50,000,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

EMERGENCY CONSERVATION PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Emergency Conservation Program," for expenses resulting from natural disasters, \$80,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the en-

tire amount shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for \$80,000,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION FUND

For an additional amount for the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation Fund, up to \$13,000,000, to provide premium discounts to purchasers of crop insurance reinsured by the Corporation (except for catastrophic risk protection coverage), as authorized under section 1102(g)(2) of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (Public Law 105–277): Provided, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended.

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE WATERSHED AND FLOOD PREVENTION OPERATIONS

For an additional amount for "Watershed and Flood Prevention Operations", to repair damages to the waterways and watersheds, including the purchase of floodplain easements, resulting from natural disasters, \$110,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of the amount made available in this section the Secretary may use up to \$2,000.000 to replace, repair and improve snow telemetry equipment impacted by fire, winds, and fire fighting efforts in order to protect watersheds: Provided further. That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for \$110,000,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

RURAL COMMUNITY ADVANCEMENT PROGRAM

For an additional amount for the Rural Community Advancement Program, \$200,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That additional amount appropriated, \$50,000,000 shall be to provide grants for facilities in rural communities with extreme unemployment and severe economic depression: Provided further, That of the additional amount appropriated, \$30,000,000 shall be to provide grants in rural communities with extremely high energy costs: Provided further That of the additional amount appropriated, \$50,000,000 shall be for rural community programs described in section 381E(d)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009d), of which \$25,000,000 shall be to provide assistance to areas in the State of North Carolina subject to a declaration of a major disaster as a result of Hurricane Floyd, Hurricane Dennis, or Hurricane Irene: Provided further, That of the additional amount appropriated, \$70,000,000 shall be for the cost of direct loans and grants of the rural utilities programs described in section 381E(d)(2) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009d) for distribution through the national reserve, of which \$30,000,000 may be used in counties which have received an emergency designation by the President or the Secretary after January 1, 2001, for applications responding to water shortages resulting from the designated emergency: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for \$200,000,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency re-

quirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS TITLE

SEC. 801. Notwithstanding section 11 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714i), an additional \$35,000,000, to remain available until expended, shall be provided through the Commodity Credit Corporation for technical assistance activities performed by any agency of the Department of Agriculture in carrving out the Conservation Reserve Program and the Wetlands Reserve Program funded by the Commodity Credit Corporation: Provided, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for \$35,000,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 802. The paragraph under the heading "Livestock Assistance" in chapter 1, title I of H.R. 3425 of the 106th Congress, enacted by section 1000(a)(5) of Public Law 106-113 (113 Stat. 1536) is amended by striking "during 1999" and inserting "from January 1, 1999, through February 7, 2000": Provided, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 803. Hereafter, for the purposes of the Livestock Indemnity Program authorized in Public Law 105-18, the term "livestock" shall have the same meaning as the term "livestock" under section 104 of Public Law 106-31.

SEC. 804. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may use the funds, facilities and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation to administer and make payments for losses not otherwise compensated to: (a) compensate growers whose crops could not be sold due to Mexican fruit fly quarantines in San Diego and San Bernardino/ Riverside counties in California since their imposition on November 16, 1999, and September 10, 1999, respectively; (b) compensate growers in relation to the Secretary's "Declaration of Extraordinary Emergency" on March 2, 2000, regarding the plum pox virus; (c) compensate growers for losses due to Pierce's disease; (d) compensate growers for losses due to watermelon sudden wilt disease; and (e) compensate growers for losses incurred due to infestations of grasshoppers and Mormon crickets: Provided, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of

SEC. 805. The Secretary shall use the funds, facilities and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make and administer supplemental payments to dairy producers who received a payment under section 805 of Public

Law 106-78 and to new dairy producers. Such payment, per unit of production used in such prior payments, shall be in an amount equal to 35 percent of the reduction in market value per unit of milk production in 2000, as determined by the Secretary, based, to the extent practicable, on price estimates as of the date of enactment of this Act, from the previous 5-year average and on the base production of the producer used to make a payment under section 805 of Public Law 106-78: Provided. That these funds shall be available until September 30, 2001: Provided further, That the Secretary shall make payments to producers under this section in a manner consistent with and subject to the same limitations on payments and eligible production which were applicable to the payments that were made to dairy producers under section 805 of Public Law 106-78, except that a producer may be paid for production up to 39,000 cwt: Provided further, That the Secretary shall also make payments to new dairy producers at the same per unit rate: Provided further, That for any dairy producers, including new dairy producers, whose base production was less than twelve months for purposes of section 805 of Public Law 106-78, the producer's base production for the purposes of payments under this section may be, at the producer's option, the production of that producer in the twelve months preceding the enactment of this section or the producer's base production under the program carried out under section 805 of Public Law 106-78 subject to such limitations which are applicable to other producers: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 806. The Secretary shall use the funds,

facilities and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation in an amount equal to \$490,000,000 to make and administer payments for livestock losses using the criteria established to carry out the 1999 Livestock Assistance Program (except for application of the national percentage reduction factor) to producers for 2000 losses in a county which has received an emergency designation by the President or the Secretary after January 1, 2000, and shall be available until September 30, 2001: Provided, That the Secretary shall give consideration to the effect of recurring droughts in establishing the level of payments to producers under this section: Provided further. That of the funds made available by this section, up to \$40,000,000 may be used to carry out the Pasture Recovery Program: Provided further, That the payments to a producer made available through the Pasture Recovery Program shall be no less than 65 percent of the average cost of reseeding: Provided further, That of the funds made available, the Secretary shall use not more than \$12,000,000 to carry out the American Indian Livestock Feed Program: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for \$490,000,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 807. In using amounts made available under section 801(a) of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2000

(7 U.S.C. 1421 note; Public Law 106-78), or under the matter under the heading "CROP LOSS ASSISTANCE" under the heading "COMMODITY ASSISTANCE'' under the heading CREDIT CORPORATION FUND'' of H.R. 3425 of the 106th Congress, as enacted by section 1001(a)(5) of Public Law 106-113 (113 Stat. 1536, 1501A-289), to provide emergency financial assistance to producers on a farm that have incurred losses in a 1999 crop due to a disaster, the Secretary of Agriculture shall consider nursery stock losses caused by Hurricane Irene on October 16 and 17, 1999, to be losses to the 1999 crop of nursery stock: Provided. That such sums shall also be available to provide additional compensation to eligible agriculture producers of 1999 crop year citrus fruit for losses incurred due to the December 1998 freeze in California: Provided further. That such additional compensation, together with compensation previously provided by the Secretary of Agriculture for such losses does not exceed the level of compensation such producers would have received if such losses had occurred during the 1998 crop year: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement under the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 808. Notwithstanding section 1237(b)(1) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3837(b)(1)), the Secretary of Agriculture may permit the enrollment of not to exceed 1,075,000 acres in the Wetlands Reserve Program: Provided, That notwithstanding section 11 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714i), such sums as may be necessary, to remain available until expended, shall be provided through the Commodity Credit Corporation for technical assistance activities performed by any agency of the Department of Agriculture in carrying out this section: Provided further. That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 809. In addition to other compensation paid by the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary shall compensate, for economic losses not otherwise compensated, or otherwise seek to make whole, from funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, not to exceed \$2,400,000, the owners of all sheep destroyed from flocks within the period ending 20 days after the date of enactment of this Act under the Secretary's declarations of July 14, 2000, for lost income, or other business interruption losses, due to actions of the Secretary with respect to such sheep: Provided, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 810. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall pay Florida commercial citrus and lime growers \$26 for each commercial citrus or lime tree removed to control citrus canker in order to allow for tree replacement and associated business costs. Payments under this subsection shall be capped in accordance with the following trees per acre limitations:

- (1) in the case of grapefruit, 104 trees per acre;
- (2) in the case of valencias, 123 trees per acre;
- (3) in the case of navels, 118 trees per acre; (4) in the case of tangelos, 114 trees per acre;
- (5) in the case of limes, 154 trees per acre; and
- (6) in the case of other or mixed citrus, 104 trees per acre.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture shall compensate Florida commercial citrus and lime growers for lost production, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to trees removed to control citrus canker.

(c) To receive assistance under this section, a tree referred to in subsection (a) or (b) must have been removed after January 1, 1986, and before September 30, 2001.

(d) In the case of a removed tree that was covered by a crop insurance tree policy, compensation for lost production under subsection (b) with respect to such a tree shall be reduced by the indemnity received with respect to such a tree. In the case of a removed tree that was not covered by a crop insurance tree policy, although such insurance was available for the tree, compensation for lost production under subsection (b) with respect to such a tree shall be reduced by 5 percent.

(e) The Secretary of Agriculture shall use \$58,000,000 of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this section, to remain available until expended.

(f) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement under the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 811. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture shall use \$100,000,000 of Commodity Credit Corporation funds, to remain available until expended, to make payments to apple producers to provide relief for the loss of markets: Provided, That the amount of payment to each producer shall be made on a per pound basis equal to each qualifying producer's 1998 and 1999 production of apples: Provided further, That the grower shall establish eligibility for the amount of market loss payment upon either of the two crop years or an average of the two years: Provided further, That the Secretary shall not make payments for that amount of a particular farm's apple production that is in excess of 1.6 million pounds: Provided further, That in addition to the assistance provided under this section, the Secretary of Agriculture shall use \$38,000,000 of Commodity Credit Corporation funds, to remain available until expended, to make payments to apple and potato producers to compensate them for quality losses to either or both their 1999 and 2000 crops due to fireblight or weather-related disaster. including but not limited to a hurricane or hail: Provided further, That these payments shall be made regardless of whether a crop was harvested and without limit: Provided further, That the producer shall be ineligible for payments under this section with respect to a market loss for apples or a quality loss for apples or potatoes to the extent of that amount that the producer received as compensation or assistance for the loss under any other Federal program, other than the Federal Crop Insurance Program established under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.): Provided further, That the Secretary shall not establish any terms or conditions for grower eligibility, such as limits based upon gross income, other than those in

this section: Provided further, That the assistance made available under this section for an eligible producer shall be made as soon as practicable after the enactment of this Act: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 812. (a) NONRECOURSE MARKETING AS-SISTANCE LOANS.—

(1) The Secretary shall use funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make nonrecourse marketing assistance loans available to producers of the 2000 crop of honey.

(2) The loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under paragraph (1) for honey shall be 65

cents per pound.

- (3) The Secretary shall permit producers to repay a marketing assistance nonrecourse loan under paragraph (1) at a rate that is the lesser of—
- (A) the loan rate for honey, plus interest (as determined by the Secretary); or
- (B) the prevailing domestic market price for honey, as determined by the Secretary.

(b) LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS.—

- (I) The Secretary may make loan deficiency payments available to any producer of honey that, although eligible to obtain a marketing assistance loan under subsection (a), agrees to forgo obtaining the loan in return for a payment under this subsection.
- (2) A loan deficiency payment under this subsection shall be determined by multiplying—

(A) the loan payment rate determined under paragraph (3); by

(B) the quantity of honey that the producer is eligible to place under loan, but for which the producer forgoes obtaining the loan in return for a payment under this subsection.

(3) For the purposes of this subsection, the loan payment rate shall be the amount by

which—

- (A) the loan rate established under subsection (a)(2); exceeds
- (B) the rate at which a loan may be repaid under subsection (a)(3).
- (c) In order to provide an orderly transition to the loans and payments provided under this section, the Secretary shall convert recourse loans for the 2000 crop of honey outstanding on the date of enactment of this Act to nonrecourse marketing assistance loans under subsection (a).

(d) LIMITATIONS.—

- (1) The marketing assistance loan gains and loan deficiency payments that a person may receive for the 2000 crop of honey under this section shall be subject to the same limitations that apply to marketing assistance loans and loan deficiency payments received by producers of the same crop of other agricultural commodities.
- (2) The Secretary shall carry out this section in such a manner as to minimize forfeitures of honey marketing assistance loans.
- (e) The Secretary shall make loans and loan deficiency payments under this section available to producers beginning not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (f) In the case of a producer that marketed or redeemed, before, on, or within 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a quantity of an eligible 2000 crop for which the producer has not received a loan deficiency payment or marketing loan gain under this section, the producer shall be eligible to receive a payment from the Secretary of Agriculture under this section in an amount equal to the payment or gain that the producer would have received for that quantity of eligible production as of the date on which the producer lost beneficial interest in the

quantity or redeemed the quantity, as determined by the Secretary.

(g) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act

SEC. 813. The Secretary shall use up to \$10,000,000 of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make livestock indemnity payment to producers on a farm that have incurred livestock losses during calendar year 2000 due to a disaster, as determined by the Secretary, including losses due to fires and anthrax: Provided, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 814. The Secretary shall use the funds, facilities and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation, not to exceed \$20,000,000, to make payments directly to producers of wool, and producers of mohair, for the 2000 marketing year: Provided, That the payment rate for producers of wool and mohair shall be equal to \$0.40 per pound: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 815. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture (referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall use such sums as are necessary of funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make emergency financial assistance authorized under this section available to producers on a farm that have incurred qualifying losses described in subsection (c).

(b) ADMINISTRATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall make assistance available under this section in the same manner as provided under section 1102 of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (7 U.S.C. 1421 note; Public Law 105-277), including using the same loss thresholds for quantity and economic losses as were used in administering that section.

(2) LOSS THRESHOLDS FOR QUALITY LOSSES.— In the case of a payment for quality loss for a crop under subsection (c)(2), the loss thresholds for quality loss for the crop shall be determined

under subsection (d).

- (c) QUALIFYING LOSSES.—Assistance under this section may be made available for losses due to damaging weather or related condition (including losses due to crop diseases and insects) associated with crops that are, as determined by the Secretary—
 - (1) quantity losses for the 2000 crop; (2) quality losses for the 2000 crop; or
 - (3) severe economic losses for the 2000 crop.
 - (d) QUALITY LOSSES.—
- (1) AMOUNT OF QUALITY LOSS.—The amount of a quality loss for a crop of producers on a farm under subsection (c)(2) shall be equal to the difference between—

- (A) the per unit market value of the units of the crop affected by the quality loss would have had if the crop had not suffered a quality loss; and
- (B) the per unit market value of the units of the crop affected by the quality loss.
- (2) AMOUNT OF QUALITY LOSS PAYMENT.—Subject to paragraph (3), the amount of a payment made to producers on a farm for a quality loss for a crop under subsection (c)(2) shall be equal to the amount obtained by multiplying—
- (A) 65 percent of the quantity of the crop affected by the quality loss that was produced on the farm: by
- (B) 65 percent of the per unit quality loss for the crop determined under paragraph (1).
- (3) ELIGIBILITY.—For producers on a farm to be eligible to obtain a payment for a quality loss for a crop under subsection (c)(2), the amount obtained by multiplying the per unit loss determined under paragraph (1) by the number of units affected by the quality loss shall be at least 20 percent of the value that all production of the crop would have had if the crop had not suffered a quality loss.
- (e) CROPS COVERED.—Assistance under this section shall be applicable to losses for all crops, as determined by the Secretary, due to disasters, including—
- (1) irrigated crops that, due to lack of water or contamination by saltwater intrusion of an irrigation supply resulting from drought conditions, were planted and suffered a loss or were prevented from being planted;

(2) pecans; and

(3) nursery losses in the State of Florida that occur, because of disaster, during the period beginning on October 1, 2000, and ending on December 31, 2000. Calculations of the amount of such losses shall be made independently of other losses of the producer, and such losses shall be subject to a separate limit on payment amounts as may otherwise apply. Any payment under this section for such losses shall for all purposes, present and future, be considered to be a 2000 crop payment, and such compensated losses shall be ineligible for any assistance that may become available for 2001 crop losses.

(f) CROP INSURANCE.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall not discriminate against or penalize producers on a farm that have purchased crop insurance under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.).

- (g) Limitation on Payments for Multiple Losses on Same Acreage.—Notwithstanding subsection (d), a producer may not receive assistance under this section for losses to more than 2000 crop on the same acreage unless there is an established practice of planting two or more crops for harvest on such acreage in the same crop year, as determined by the Secretary. The Secretary shall give a producer that is not covered by the exception in the previous sentence an opportunity to designate the 2000 crop for which the producer requests assistance under this section.
- (h) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.
- SEC. 816. Of the amounts made available to the Secretary for the purchase of specialty crops under sections 203(d) and 261(a)(2) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 1421 note; Public Law 106-224), the Secretary shall use not less than \$30,000,000 to purchase cranberry juice concentrate and frozen cranberry fruit: Provided, That section 203(d)(1) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (7

U.S.C. 1421 note; Public Law 106-224) is amended by inserting "or cranberry products (including cranberry juice concentrate and frozen cranberry fruit)" after "cranberries": Provided further, That in this section, the term "farm unit" means a separate and distinct farming operation that reports independent production information to the Cranberry Marketing Committee: Provided further, That to provide assistance for loss of markets for cranberries, the Secretary shall use \$20,000,000 of funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make payments to cranberry producers: Provided further, That subject to this section and such other terms and conditions as are determined by the Secretary, a payment under this section shall be made on the basis of the quantity of the 1999 crop of cranberries that was produced on each farm unit: Provided further, That the maximum quantity of the 1999 crop of cranberries for which producers are eligible for a payment for a farm unit under this section shall be 1,600,000 pounds: Provided further. That subject to this section. the Secretary shall take such actions as are necessary to ensure that payments made under this section do not duplicate payments provided under other Federal programs for the same loss: Provided further, That this shall not apply to an indemnity provided under a policy or plan of insurance offered under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.): Provided further. That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act. to section

SEC. 817. Section 1232(a)(4) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3832(a)(4)) is amend-

(1) by striking ''except that such'' and inserting "except that—
"(A) such";

(2) by inserting "and" after the semicolon at the end: and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

'(B) the Secretary shall not terminate the contract for failure to establish approved vegetative or water cover on the land if-

'(i) the failure to plant such cover was due to excessive rainfall or flooding;

(ii) the land subject to the contract that could practicably be planted to such cover is planted to such cover; and

'(iii) the land on which the owner or operator was unable to plant such cover is planted to such cover after the wet conditions that prevented the planting subsides;

SEC. 818. (a) Section 353(e) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2001(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
"(7) FINANCING OF RECAPTURE PAYMENT.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may amortize a recapture payment owed to the Secretary under this subsection.

TERM.—The term of an amortization under this paragraph may not exceed 25 years.

'(C) INTÉREST RATE.— '(i) IN GENERAL.—The interest rate applicable to an amortization under this paragraph may not exceed the rate applicable to a loan to reacquire homestead property less 100 basis points.

'(ii) EXISTING AMORTIZATIONS AND LOANS.-The interest rate applicable to an amortization or loan made by the Secretary before the date of enactment of this paragraph to finance a recapture payment owed to the Secretary under this subsection may not exceed the rate applicable to a loan to reacquire homestead property less 100 basis points."

(b) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency require ment as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 819. The Secretary of Agriculture shall use up to \$2,500,000 of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to provide financial assistance to the State of South Carolina to capitalize the South Carolina Grain Dealers Guaranty Fund: Provided, That these funds shall only be available if the State of South Carolina provides an equal amount in the form of a grant to the South Carolina Grain Dealers Guaranty Fund: Provided further. That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further. That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 820. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture may use funds made available under sections 211(a) and 211(b), and 133(b) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 to provide technical assistance to farmers and ranchers for the purposes described in sections 211(a) and 211(b), and 133(b) of that Act; and

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture may use funds made available under section 211(b) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 3830 note; Public Law 106-224) to provide additional funding for the Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program established under section 387 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 in such sums as the Secretary considers necessary to carry out that program.

(c) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985. as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided. That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 821. Section 19(a)(1)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2028(a)(1)(A)) is amended by striking "Puerto Rico" and all that follows through "2002, to finance" and inserting 'Puerto Rico-

"(i) for fiscal year 2000, \$1,268,000,000;

'(ii) for fiscal year 2001, the amount required to be paid under clause (i) for fiscal year 2000, as adjusted by the change in the Food at Home series of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor, for the most recent 12-month period ending in June;

'(iii) for fiscal year 2002, the amount required to be paid under clause (ii) for fiscal year 2001, as adjusted by the percentage by which the thrifty food plan is adjusted for fiscal year 2002 under section 3(o)(4);

SEC. 822. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture shall make a payment in the amount \$7,200,000 to the State of Hawaii from the Commodity Credit Corporation for assistance to an agricultural transportation cooperative in Hawaii, the members of which are eligible to participate in the Farm Service Agency administered Commodity Loan

Program and have suffered extraordinary market losses due to unprecedented low prices: Provided, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for \$7,200,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 823. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Natural Resources Conservation Service shall provide financial and technical assistance to the Long Park Dam in Utah from funds available for the Emergency Watershed Program, not to exceed \$4,500,000.

SEC. 824. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Natural Resources Conservation Service shall provide financial and technical assistance to the Kuhn Bayou (Point Remove) Project in Arkansas from funds available for the Emergency Watershed Program, not to exceed

SEC. 825. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Natural Resources Conservation Service shall provide financial and technical assistance to the Snake River Watershed project in Minnesota from funds available for the Emergency Watershed Program, not to exceed \$4,000,000.

SEC. 826. Of the funds made available for the Emergency Watershed Protection Program activities in the State of North Carolina, \$1,000,000 shall be available to the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Natural Resources Conservation Service, to provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of the project known as the "Flood Water Mitigation and Stream Restoration Project'', Princeville, North Carolina.

SEC. 827. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds paid to oyster producers in the State of Connecticut under section 1102 of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999, as contained in the Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999 (Public Law 105-277) shall be retained by such producers.

SEC. 828. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Natural Resources Conservation Service shall provide financial and technical assistance to DuPage County, Illinois, from funds available for the Emergency Watershed Program, not to exceed \$1,100,000.

SEC. 829. Subtitle G, Section 262 of Public Law 106-224 is amended as follows: After "obligate",

strike ''and expend''

SEC. 830. Any funds appropriated by Cerro Grande Fire Supplemental as contained in Public Law 106-246 for the Emergency Conservation Program not required to meet the purposes of rehabilitating farmland damaged from fires which resulted from prescribed burnings conducted by the Federal Government may be used by the Secretary of Agriculture for activities mandated under the Emergency Conservation Program authorized under section 401 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2201) consistent with the cost-share requirements of that program: Provided, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further. That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 831. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for technical and financial assistance up to \$120,000 shall be made available from the Emergency Watershed Program for the Camp

Lejeune Project on the Camp Lejeune Marine Base, North Carolina.

SEC. 832. Funds appropriated by this Act and Public Law 106-113 to the Agricultural Credit Insurance Program Account for farm ownership and operating direct loans and guaranteed loans and emergency loans may be transferred among these programs with the prior approval of the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress: Provided, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 833. Section 321(b) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(3) LOANS TO POULTRY FARMERS.—

"(A) INABILITY TO OBTAIN INSURANCE.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, the Secretary may make a loan to a poultry farmer under this subtitle to cover the loss of a chicken house for which the farmer did not have hazard insurance at the time of the loss, if the farmer—

"(I) applied for, but was unable, to obtain hazard insurance for the chicken house;

"(II) uses the loan to rebuild the chicken house in accordance with industry standards in effect on the date the farmer submits an application for the loan (referred to in this paragraph as 'current industry standards');

"(III) obtains, for the term of the loan, hazard insurance for the full market value of the chick-

en house; and

"(IV) meets the other requirements for the loan under this subtitle.

"(ii) AMOUNT.—Subject to the limitation contained in section 324(a)(2), the amount of a loan made to a poultry farmer under clause (i) shall be an amount that will allow the farmer to rebuild the chicken house in accordance with current industry standards.

"(B) LOANS TO COMPLY WITH CURRENT INDUSTRY STANDARDS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, the Secretary may make a loan to a poultry farmer under this subtitle to cover the loss of a chicken house for which the farmer had hazard insurance at the time of the loss, if—

"(I) the amount of the hazard insurance is less than the cost of rebuilding the chicken house in accordance with current industry standards;

"(II) the farmer uses the loan to rebuild the chicken house in accordance with current industry standards;

"(III) the farmer obtains, for the term of the loan, hazard insurance for the full market value of the chicken house; and

"(IV) the farmer meets the other requirements for the loan under this subtitle.

"(ii) Amount.—Subject to the limitation contained in section 324(a)(2), the amount of a loan made to a poultry farmer under clause (i) shall be the difference between—

"(I) the amount of the hazard insurance obtained by the farmer; and

"(II) the cost of rebuilding the chicken house in accordance with current industry standards"

SEC. 834. For an additional amount for grants under sections 231(a) and 261(a)(2) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000, \$10,000,000: Provided, That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for \$10,000,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget

and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 835. For an additional amount for the cost (as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974) of guaranteed loans under section 310B(a)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act. \$10,000,000: Provided. That the entire amount shall be available only to the extent an official hudget request for \$10,000,000, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985. as amended is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 836. Section 156(e) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7272(e)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking "recourse" each place that it appears and inserting "nonrecourse"; and

appears and inserting "nonrecourse"; and
(B) by striking "Subject to paragraph (2),
the" and inserting "The";

(2) by striking paragraph (2);

(3) by re-designating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2); and

(4) in paragraph (2) as so re-designated, by striking "If" through "shall" in the first sentence and inserting "The Secretary shall".

tence and inserting "The Secretary shall".

SEC. 837. Notwithstanding section 1001(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308 (1)), the total amount of the payments specified in section 1001(3) of that Act or section 812 of this Act that a person shall be entitled to receive under the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7201 et seq.) for one or more contract commodities, oilseeds and for honey under section 812 of this Act produced during the 2000 crop year may not exceed \$150,000: Provided, That in carrying out this section, the Secretary shall allow a producer that has marketed or redeemed a quantity of an eligible 2000 crop for which the producer has not received a loan deficiency payment or marketing loan gain under section 134 or 135 of the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7234, 7235) or section 812 of this Act to receive such payment or gain as of the date on which the quantity was marketed or redeemed, as determined by the Sec-

SEC. 838. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall extend until the date that is 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act the final eligibility date for marketing assistance loans and loan deficiency payments under subtitle C of the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7231 et seq.) for rice of special grade designations, as determined by the Secretary, that was made eligible for the loans by the Secretary during December 1999; and for which producers were not notified of the eligibility period for the loans: Provided, That producers on a farm that lost a beneficial interest in rice after the date on which the rice was made ineligible for loans and loan deficiency payments by the Secretary shall be eligible to obtain loan deficiency payments based on the payment rate that was in effect on the last date of eligibility for the loans before the date of enactment of this Act: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 839. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may enter into contracts with livestock producers for the purpose of controlling the buildup of grasses, forbs and other natural fuels that contribute to the threat of wildfire on rangelands administered by the Secretary: Provided, That such contracts are provided from within discretionary funds.

SEC. 840. As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Commodity Credit Corporation, as appropriate, shall issue such regulations as are necessary to implement sections 804, 805, 806, 809, 810, 811, 812, 814, 815, 816, 836, 837, 838, 839, 841, 843, 844, and 845 of this title: Provided, That the issuance of the regulations shall be made without regard to: (1) the notice and comment provisions of section 553 of title 5. United States Code: (2) the Statement of Policy of the Secretary of Agriculture effective July 24, 1971 (36 Fed. Reg. 13804), relating to notices of proposed rulemaking and public participation in rulemaking; and (3) chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code (commonly known as the "Paperwork Reduction Act"): Provided further, That in carrying out this section, the Secretary shall use the authority provided under section 808 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 841. The Secretary of Agriculture shall use funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make a payment to each eligible person described in section 204(b)(1)(A) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 1421 note; Public Law 106-224) without regard to section 204(b)(1)(A)(ii) of that Act: Provided, That the Secretary shall make a payment to an eligible person described in this section in the same amount as is payable to an eligible person under section 204 of that Act: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent an official budget request that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 as amended is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 842. Payments made from amounts appropriated pursuant to this title shall not be subject to administrative offset, including administrative offset under chapter 37 of title 31, United States Code

SEC. 843. The Secretary of Agriculture shall use not more than \$20,000,000 of funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation to make payments to producers of tomatoes, pears, peaches, and apricots that were unable to market the crops of the producers because of the insolvency an agriculture cooperative in the State of California: Provided, That the amount of a payment made to a producer under this subsection shall not exceed 50 percent of the contract value of the unmarketed crop referred to in this section: Provided further, That the entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent an official budget request that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress: Provided further, That the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 844. LOAN FORFEITURES OF BURLEY TO-BACCO.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding sections 106 through 106B of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445 through 1445-2)—

(1) a producer-owned cooperative marketing association may fully settle a loan made for the 1999 crop of Burley tobacco by forfeiting to the Commodity Credit Corporation the Burley tobacco covered by the loan regardless of the condition of the tobacco:

(2) any losses to the Commodity Credit Corporation as a result of paragraph (1)-

(A) shall not be charged to the No Net Cost Tobacco Account; and

(B) shall not affect the amount of any assessment imposed against Burley or any other kind of tobacco under sections 106 through 106B of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1445 through 1445-2); and

(3) any tobacco forfeited pursuant to this section shall not be-

(A) counted for the purpose of determining the Burley tobacco quota for any year pursuant to section 319 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1314e); or

(B) sold for use in the United States.

(b) EMERGENCY REQUIREMENT.—

(1) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress.

(2) The entire amount is designated by Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 845. COMMODITY ELIGIBILITY ASSISTANCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3720B(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended in the first sentence by inserting "or a marketing assistance loan or loan deficiency payment under subtitle C of the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7231 et seq.)" after "disaster loan

(b) PAYMENTS.—Any payment made by the Commodity Credit Corporation to a producer as a result of the amendment made by section (a) shall be credited toward any delinguent debt owed by the producer to the Farm Service Agen-

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by subsection (a) takes effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) Transition loan deficiency payments.— If the producers on a farm lost beneficial interest in a crop during the period beginning March 21, 2000, and ending on the day before the date of enactment of this Act and were ineligible for a marketing assistance loan under subtitle C of the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7231 et seq.) because of section 3720B(a) of title 31, United States Code, as in effect before the amendment made by subsection (a), the producers shall be eligible for any loan deficiency payment under subtitle C of that Act that was available on the date on which the producers lost beneficial interest in the crop.

(d)(1) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amedned, is transmitted by the President to the Congress.

(2) The entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 846. MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF EXCESS SHEL-TER EXPENSE DEDUCTION.

(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 5(e)(7)(B) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(e)(7)(B)) is amended by striking clauses (iii) and (iv) and inserting the following:

(iii) for fiscal year 1999, \$275, \$478, \$393, \$334, and \$203 per month, respectively;

'(iv) for fiscal year 2000, \$280, \$483, \$398, \$339, and \$208 per month, respectively;

(v) for fiscal year 2001, \$340, \$543, \$458, \$399, and \$268 per month, respectively; and

"(vi) for fiscal year 2002 and each subsequent fiscal year, the applicable amount during the preceding fiscal year, as adjusted to reflect changes for the 12-month period ending the preceding November 30 in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE: APPLICATION OF AMEND-MENT.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendment made by this section shall take effect on March 1, 2001.

(2) The amendment made by this section shall not apply with respect to certification periods beginning before March 1, 2001.

(c)(1) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985. as amended, is transmitted by the President to the Congress.

(2) The entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

SEC. 847. VEHICLE ALLOWANCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5(g)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2014(g)(2)) is amend-

(1) in subparagraph (B)(iv)—
(A) by striking "subparagraph (C)" and in-

serting "subparagraphs (C) and (D)"; and
(B) by striking "to the extent that" and all that follows through the end of the clause and inserting "to the extent that the fair market value of the vehicle exceeds \$4,650; and"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following: ALTERNATIVE VEHICLE ALLOWANCE.—If the vehicle allowance standards that a State agency uses to determine eligibility for assistance under the State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) would result in a lower attribution of resources to certain households than under subparagraph (B)(iv), in lieu of applying subparagraph (B)(iv), the State agency may elect to apply the State vehicle allowance standards to all households that would incur a lower attribution of resources under the State vehicle

allowance standards. (b) EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION OF AMEND-MENTS.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall take effect on July 1, 2001.

(2) The amendments made by this section shall not apply with respect to certification periods

beginning before July 1, 2001.

(c)(1) The entire amount necessary to carry out this section shall be available only to the extent an official budget request for the entire amount, that includes designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, is transmitted by the President to the

(2) The entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of such Act.

TITLE IX-TRADE SANCTIONS REFORM AND EXPORT ENHANCEMENT

SEC. 901. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of

SEC. 902. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY—The term 'agricultural commodity'' has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602)

(2) AGRICULTURAL PROGRAM.—The term "agricultural program'' means—

(A) any program administered under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.);

(B) any program administered under section 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C.

(C) any program administered under the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.); (D) the dairy export incentive program admin-

istered under section 153 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a–14);

(E) any commercial export sale of agricultural commodities; or

(F) any export financing (including credits or credit guarantees) provided by the United States Government for agricultural commodities.

(3) JOINT RESOLUTION.—The term "joint resolution'' means—

(A) in the case of section 903(a)(1), only a ioint resolution introduced within 10 session days of Congress after the date on which the report of the President under section 903(a)(1) is received by Congress, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That Congress approves the report of the President pursuant to section 903(a)(1) of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000, transmitted on blank completed with the appropriate date; and

(B) in the case of section 906(1), only a joint resolution introduced within 10 session days of Congress after the date on which the report of the President under section 906(2) is received by Congress, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That Congress approves the report of the President pursuant to section 906(1) of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000, transmitted on , with the blank completed with the appropriate date.

(4) MEDICAL DEVICE.—The term "medical device" has the meaning given the term "device" in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321). (5) MEDICINE.—The term "medicine" has the

meaning given the term "drug" in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).

(6) UNILATERAL AGRICULTURAL SANCTION.— The term "unilateral agricultural sanction" means any prohibition, restriction, or condition on carrying out an agricultural program with respect to a foreign country or foreign entity that is imposed by the United States for reasons of foreign policy or national security, except in a case in which the United States imposes the measure pursuant to-

(A) a multilateral regime and the other member countries of that regime have agreed to impose substantially equivalent measures; or (B) a mandatory decision of the United Na-

tions Security Council.

(7) UNILATERAL MEDICAL SANCTION.—The term 'unilateral medical sanction'' means any prohibition, restriction, or condition on exports of, or the provision of assistance consisting of, medicine or a medical device with respect to a foreign country or foreign entity that is imposed by the United States for reasons of foreign policy or national security, except in a case in which the United States imposes the measure pursuant

(A) a multilateral regime and the other member countries of that regime have agreed to impose substantially equivalent measures; or

(B) a mandatory decision of the United Nations Security Council.

SEC. 903. RESTRICTION.

(a) NEW SANCTIONS.—Except as provided in sections 904 and 905 and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President may not impose a unilateral agricultural sanction or unilateral medical sanction against a foreign country or foreign entity, unless—
(1) not later than 60 days before the sanction

is proposed to be imposed, the President submits a report to Congress that-

(A) describes the activity proposed to be prohibited, restricted, or conditioned; and

(B) describes the actions by the foreign country or foreign entity that justify the sanction; and

(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution stating the approval of Congress for the report submitted under paragraph (1).

(b) EXISTING SANCTIONS.—The President shall terminate any unilateral agricultural sanction or unilateral medical sanction that is in effect as of the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 904. EXCEPTIONS.

Section 903 shall not affect any authority or requirement to impose (or continue to impose) a sanction referred to in section 903-

(1) against a foreign country or foreign enti-

(A) pursuant to a declaration of war against the country or entity;

(B) pursuant to specific statutory authorization for the use of the Armed Forces of the United States against the country or entity;

(C) against which the Armed Forces of the United States are involved in hostilities: or

(D) where imminent involvement by the Armed Forces of the United States in hostilities against the country or entity is clearly indicated by the circumstances; or

(2) to the extent that the sanction would prohibit, restrict, or condition the provision or use of any agricultural commodity, medicine, or medical device that is-

(A) controlled on the United States Munitions List established under section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778);

(B) controlled on any control list established under the Export Administration Act of 1979 or any successor statute (50 U.S.C. App. 2401 et seq.); or

(C) used to facilitate the development or production of a chemical or biological weapon or weapon of mass destruction.

SEC. 905. TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.

Any unilateral agricultural sanction or unilateral medical sanction that is imposed pursuant to the procedures described in section 903(a) shall terminate not later than 2 years after the date on which the sanction became effective un-

(1) not later than 60 days before the date of termination of the sanction, the President submits to Congress a report containing

(A) the recommendation of the President for the continuation of the sanction for an additional period of not to exceed 2 years; and

(B) the request of the President for approval by Congress of the recommendation; and

(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution stating the approval of Congress for the report submitted under paragraph (1).

SEC. 906. STATE SPONSORS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM.

(a) REQUIREMENT.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this title (other than section 904), the export of agricultural commodities. medicine, or medical devices to Cuba or to the government of a country that has been determined by the Secretary of State to have repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism under section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371), section 6(j)(1) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. app. 2405(j)(1)), or section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)), or to any other entity in such a country, shall only be made pursuant to one-year licenses issued by the United States Government for contracts entered into during the one-year period of the license and shipped within the 12-month period beginning on the date of the signing of the contract, except that the requirements of such oneyear licenses shall be no more restrictive than license exceptions administered by the Department of Commerce or general licenses administered by the Department of the Treasury, except that procedures shall be in place to deny licenses for exports to any entity within such country promoting international terrorism.

(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to the export of agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices to the Government of Syria or to the Government of North Korea.

(b) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—The applicable department or agency of the Federal Government shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees on a quarterly basis a report on any activities undertaken under subsection (a)(1) during the preceding calendar quarter.

(c) BIENNIAL REPORTS.—Not later than two years after the date of enactment of this Act, and every two years thereafter, the applicable department or agency of the Federal Government shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees on the operation of the licensing system under this section for the preceding two-year period, including-

(1) the number and types of licenses applied for:

(2) the number and types of licenses approved; (3) the average amount of time elapsed from the date of filing of a license application until the date of its approval;

(4) the extent to which the licensing procedures were effectively implemented; and

(5) a description of comments received from interested parties about the extent to which the licensing procedures were effective, after the applicable department or agency holds a public 30day comment period.

SEC. 907. CONGRESSIONAL PROCEDURES.

(a) REFERRAL OF REPORT.—A report described in section 903(a)(1) or 905(1) shall be referred to the appropriate committee or committees of the House of Representatives and to the appropriate committee or committees of the Senate.

(b) Referral of Joint Resolution.-

(1) In General.—A joint resolution introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and a joint resolution introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on International Relations

(2) REPORTING DATE.—A joint resolution referred to in paragraph (1) may not be reported before the eighth session day of Congress after the introduction of the joint resolution.

SEC. 908. PROHIBITION ON UNITED STATES AS-SISTANCE AND FINANCING.

(a) PROHIBITION ON UNITED STATES ASSIST-ANCE.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no United States Government assistance, including United States foreign assistance, United States export assistance, and any United States credit or guarantees shall be available for exports to Cuba or for commercial exports to Iran, Libya, North Korea, or Sudan.

(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed to alter, modify, or otherwise affect the provisions of section 109 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6039) or any other provision of law relating to Cuba in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(3) WAIVER.—The President may waive the application of paragraph (1) with respect to Iran, Libya, North Korea, and Sudan to the degree the President determines that it is in the national security interest of the United States to do so, or for humanitarian reasons.

(b) PROHIBITION ON FINANCING OF AGRICUL-TURAL SALES TO CUBA.

(1) IN GENERAL.—No United States person may provide payment or financing terms for sales of agricultural commodities or products to Cuba or any person in Cuba, except in accordance with the following terms (notwithstanding part 515 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, or any other provision of law):

(A) Payment of cash in advance.

(B) Financing by third country financial institutions (excluding United States persons or Government of Cuba entities), except that such financing may be confirmed or advised by a United States financial institution.

Nothing in this paragraph authorizes payment terms or trade financing involving a debit or credit to an account of a person located in Cuba or of the Government of Cuba maintained on the books of a United States depository institution.

(2) PENALTIES.—Any private person or entity that violates paragraph (1) shall be subject to the penalties provided in the Trading With the Enemy Act for violations under that Act.

(3) Administration and enforcement. President shall issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this section, except that the President, in lieu of issuing new regulations, may apply any regulations in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, pursuant to the Trading With the Enemy Act, with respect to the conduct prohibited in paragraph (1).

(4) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—

(A) the term "financing" includes any loan or extension of credit;

(B) the term "United States depository institumeans any entity (including its foreign branches or subsidiaries) organized under the laws of any jurisdiction within the United States, or any agency, office or branch located in the United States of a foreign entity, that is engaged primarily in the business of banking (including a bank, savings bank, savings association, credit union, trust company, or United States bank holding company); and

(C) the term "United States person" means the Federal Government, any State or local government, or any private person or entity of the

United States

SEC. 909. PROHIBITION ON ADDITIONAL IMPORTS FROM CUBA.

Nothing in this title shall be construed to alter, modify, or otherwise affect the provisions of section 515.204 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to the prohibition on the entry into the United States of merchandise that (1) is of Cuban origin, (2) is or has been located in or transported from or through Cuba, or (3) is made or derived in whole or in part of any article which is the growth, produce, or manufacture of Cuba.

SEC. 910. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO CERTAIN TRAVEL-RELATED TRANSACTIONS WITH CUBA.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF TRAVEL RELATING TO COMMERCIAL SALE OF AGRICULTURAL COMMOD-ITIES.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall promulgate regulations under which the travel-related transactions listed in paragraph (c) of section 515.560 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, may be authorized on a case-by-case basis by a specific license for travel to, from, or within Cuba for the commercial export sale of agricultural commodities pursuant to the provisions of this title.

(b) PROHIBITION ON TRAVEL RELATING TO TOURIST ACTIVITIES.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, the Secretary of the Treasury, or any other Federal official, may not authorize the travel-related transactions listed in paragraph (c) of section 515.560 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, either by a general license or on a case-by-case basis by a specific license for travel to, from, or within Cuba for tourist activities.

(2) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "tourist activities" means any activity with respect to travel to, from, or within Cuba that is not expressly authorized in subsection (a) of this section, in any of paragraphs (1) through (12) of section 515.560 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, or in any section referred to in any of such paragraphs (1) through (12) (as such sections were in effect on June 1, 2000).

SEC. 911. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), this title shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act, and shall apply thereafter in any fiscal year.

(b) EXISTING SANCTIONS.—In the case of any unilateral agricultural sanction or unilateral medical sanction that is in effect as of the date of enactment of this Act, this title shall take effect 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and shall apply thereafter in any fiscal

TITLE X—CONTINUED DUMPING AND SUBSIDY OFFSET

SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Continued Dumping and Subsidy Offset Act of 2000".

SEC. 1002. FINDINGS OF CONGRESS.

Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Consistent with the rights of the United States under the World Trade Organization, injurious dumping is to be condemned and actionable subsidies which cause injury to domestic industries must be effectively neutralized.

(2) United States unfair trade laws have as their purpose the restoration of conditions of fair trade so that jobs and investment that should be in the United States are not lost

through the false market signals.

(3) The continued dumping or subsidization of imported products after the issuance of antidumping orders or findings or countervailing duty orders can frustrate the remedial purpose of the laws by preventing market prices from returning to fair levels.

- (4) Where dumping or subsidization continues, domestic producers will be reluctant to reinvest or rehire and may be unable to maintain pension and health care benefits that conditions of fair trade would permit. Similarly, small businesses and American farmers and ranchers may be unable to pay down accumulated debt, to obtain working capital, or to otherwise remain viable.
- (5) United States trade laws should be strengthened to see that the remedial purpose of those laws is achieved.

SEC. 1003. AMENDMENTS TO THE TARIFF ACT OF 1930.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 753 following new section:

"SEC. 754. CONTINUED DUMPING AND SUBSIDY OFFSET.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Duties assessed pursuant to a countervailing duty order, an antidumping duty order, or a finding under the Antidumping Act of 1921 shall be distributed on an annual basis under this section to the affected domestic producers for qualifying expenditures. Such distribution shall be known as the 'continued dumping and subsidy offset'.
 - (b) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

"(1) AFFECTED DOMESTIC PRODUCER.—The term 'affected domestic producer' means any manufacturer, producer, farmer, rancher, or worker representative (including associations of such persons) that-

''(Â) was a petitioner or interested party in support of the petition with respect to which an antidumping duty order, a finding under the Antidumping Act of 1921, or a countervailing duty order has been entered, and

'(B) remains in operation.

Companies, businesses, or persons that have ceased the production of the product covered by the order or finding or who have been acquired by a company or business that is related to a company that opposed the investigation shall not be an affected domestic producer.

- "(2) COMMISSIONER.—The term 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of Customs.
- ''(3) COMMISSION.—The term 'Commission' means the United States International Trade Commission.
- '(4) QUALIFYING EXPENDITURE.—The term 'qualifying expenditure' means an expenditure incurred after the issuance of the antidumping duty finding or order or countervailing duty order in any of the following categories:
 - (A) Manufacturing facilities.
 - "(B) Equipment.
 - "(C) Research and development.

(D) Personnel training.

"(E) Acquisition of technology.
"(F) Health care benefits to employees paid for by the employer.

(G) Pension benefits to employees paid for by the employer.

'(H) Environmental equipment, training, or technology.

'(I) Acquisition of raw materials and other

inputs.
"'(J) Working capital or other funds needed to

maintain production.
"(5) RELATED TO.—A company, business, or person shall be considered to be 'related to' another company, business, or person if-

(A) the company, business, or person directly or indirectly controls or is controlled by the

other company, business, or person,
"(B) a third party directly or indirectly controls both companies, businesses, or persons,

(C) both companies, businesses, or persons directly or indirectly control a third party and there is reason to believe that the relationship causes the first company, business, or persons to act differently than a nonrelated party.

For purposes of this paragraph, a party shall be considered to directly or indirectly control another party if the party is legally or operationally in a position to exercise restraint or direc-

tion over the other party.

"(c) DISTRIBUTION PROCEDURES.—The Commissioner shall prescribe procedures for distribution of the continued dumping or subsidies off-

set required by this section. Such distribution shall be made not later than 60 days after the first day of a fiscal year from duties assessed during the preceding fiscal year.

'(d) PARTIES ELIGIBLE FOR DISTRIBUTION OF ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTERVAILING DUTIES AS-SESSED.-

'(1) LIST OF AFFECTED DOMESTIC PRO-DUCERS.-The Commission shall forward to the Commissioner within 60 days after the effective date of this section in the case of orders or findings in effect on January 1, 1999, or thereafter, or in any other case, within 60 days after the date an antidumping or countervailing duty order or finding is issued, a list of petitioners and persons with respect to each order and finding and a list of persons that indicate support of the petition by letter or through questionnaire response. In those cases in which a determination of injury was not required or the Commission's records do not permit an identification of those in support of a petition, the Commission shall consult with the administering authority to determine the identity of the petitioner and those domestic parties who have entered appearances during administrative reviews conducted by the administering authority under section

751.

"(2) PUBLICATION OF LIST; CERTIFICATION.—

""(2) Publich in the Federa The Commissioner shall publish in the Federal Register at least 30 days before the distribution of a continued dumping and subsidy offset, a notice of intention to distribute the offset and the list of affected domestic producers potentially eligible for the distribution based on the list obtained from the Commission under paragraph (1). The Commissioner shall request a certification from each potentially eligible affected domestic producer-

'(A) that the producer desires to receive a distribution:

'(B) that the producer is eligible to receive the distribution as an affected domestic producer;

'(C) the qualifying expenditures incurred by the producer since the issuance of the order or finding for which distribution under this section has not previously been made.

(3) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—The Commissioner shall distribute all funds (including all interest earned on the funds) from assessed duties received in the preceding fiscal year to affected domestic producers based on the certifications described in paragraph (2). The distributions shall be made on a pro rata basis based on new and remaining qualifying expenditures.

'(e) SPECIAL ACCOUNTS.-

"(1) ESTABLISHMENTS.—Within 14 days after the effective date of this section, with respect to antidumping duty orders and findings and countervailing duty orders notified under subsection (d)(1), and within 14 days after the date an antidumping duty order or finding or countervailing duty order issued after the effective date takes effect, the Commissioner shall establish in the Treasury of the United States a special account with respect to each such order or finding.

"(2) DEPOSITS INTO ACCOUNTS.—The Commissioner shall deposit into the special accounts, all antidumping or countervailing duties (including interest earned on such duties) that are assessed after the effective date of this section under the antidumping order or finding or the countervailing duty order with respect to which the account was established.

'(3) TIME AND MANNER OF DISTRIBUTIONS.-Consistent with the requirements of subsections (c) and (d), the Commissioner shall by regulation prescribe the time and manner in which distribution of the funds in a special account shall he made

"(4) TERMINATION.—A special account shall terminate after-

"(a) the order or finding with respect to which the account was established has terminated:

"(B) all entries relating to the order or finding are liquidated and duties assessed collected:

"(C) the Commissioner has provided notice and a final opportunity to obtain distribution pursuant to subsection (c); and

"(D) 90 days has elapsed from the date of the notice described in subparagraph (C).

Amounts not claimed within 90 days of the date of the notice described in subparagraph (C). shall be deposited into the general fund of the Treasury.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT—The table of contents for title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 is amended by inserting the following new item after the item relating to section 753:

"Sec. 754. Continued dumping and subsidy offset."

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to all antidumping and countervailing duty assessments made on or after October 1, 2000.

TITLE XI—CONSERVATION OF FARMABLE WETLAND

SECTION 1101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Conservation of Farmable Wetland Act of 2000'

SEC. 1102. PILOT PROGRAM FOR ENROLLMENT OF WETLAND AND BUFFER ACREAGE IN CONSERVATION RESERVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(h) PILOT PROGRAM FOR ENROLLMENT OF WETLAND AND BUFFER ACREAGE IN CONSERVA-TION RESERVE -

"(1) IN GENERAL.—During the 2001 and 2002 calendar years, the Secretary shall carry out a pilot program in the States of Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota under which the Secretary shall include eligible acreage described in paragraph (3) in the program established under this subchapter.

"(2) Participation among states.—The Secretary shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that owners and operators in each of the States referred to in paragraph (1) have an equitable opportunity to participate in the pilot program established under this subsection.

"(3) ELIGIBLE ACREAGE.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraphs (B) through (D), an owner or operator may enroll in the conservation reserve under this subsection-

'(i) a wetland (including a converted wetland described in section 1222(b)(1)(A)) that was

cropped during at least 3 of the immediately preceding 10 crop years; and

'(ii) buffer acreage that-

'(I) is contiguous to the wetland described in clause (i):

'(II) is used to protect the wetland; and

- "(III) is of such width as the Secretary determines is necessary to protect the wetland, taking into consideration and accommodating the farming practices (including the straightening of boundaries to accommodate machinery) used with respect to the cropland that surrounds the wetland
- (B) EXCLUSIONS.—An owner or operator may not enroll in the conservation reserve under this subsection-
- (i) any wetland, or land on a floodplain, that is, or is adjacent to, a perennial riverine system wetland identified on the final national wetland inventory map of the Secretary of the Interior: or
- (ii) in the case of an area that is not covered by the final national inventory map, any wetland, or land on a floodplain, that is adjacent to a perennial stream identified on a 1-24,000 scale map of the United States Geological Sur-

(C) PROGRAM LIMITATIONS.—

- "(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may enroll in the conservation reserve under this subsection-
- '(I) not more than 500,000 acres in all States referred to in paragraph (1); and

'(II) not more than 150,000 acres in any 1

State referred to in paragraph (1).

- '(ii) Relationship to program maximum.— Subject to clause (iii), for the purposes of subsection (d), any acreage enrolled in the conservation reserve under this subsection shall be considered acres maintained in the conservation reserve.
- RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER ENROLLED '(iii) ACREAGE.—Acreage enrolled under this subsection shall not affect for any fiscal year the quantity of-
- '(I) acreage enrolled to establish conservation buffers as part of the program announced on March 24, 1998 (63 Fed. Reg. 14109); or
- '(II) acreage enrolled into the conservation reserve enhancement program announced on May 27, 1998 (63 Fed. Reg. 28965).

(D) OWNER OR OPERATOR LIMITATIONS.

- '(i) Wetland.—The maximum size of any wetland described in subparagraph (A)(i) of an owner or operator enrolled in the conservation reserve under this subsection shall be 5 contiguous acres.
- '(ii) Buffer Acreage.—The maximum size of any buffer acreage described in subparagraph (A)(ii) of an owner or operator enrolled in the conservation reserve under this subsection shall be the greater of-

'(I) 3 times the size of any wetland described in subparagraph (A)(i) to which the buffer acreage is contiguous; or

(II) 150 feet on either side of the wetland.

- '(iii) TRACTS.—The maximum size of any eligible acreage described in subparagraph (Å) in a tract (as determined by the Secretary) of an owner or operator enrolled in the conservation reserve under this subsection shall be 40 acres.
- '(4) Duties of owners and operators.-Under a contract entered into under this subsection, during the term of the contract, an owner or operator of a farm or ranch must

'(A) to restore the hydrology of the wetland within the eligible acreage to the maximum extent practicable, as determined by the Secretary:

- '(B) to establish vegetative cover on the eligible acreage, as determined by the Secretary: and '(C) to carry out other duties described in section 1232.
- (5) Duties of the Secretary.—
- (A) In GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), in return for a contract entered into by an owner or operator under this subsection, the Secretary shall make payments and provide assistance to the owner or operator in accordance with sections 1233 and 1234.

- "(B) Continuous signup.—The Secretary shall use continuous signup under section 1234(c)(2)(B) to determine the acceptability of contract offers and the amount of rental payments under this subsection.
- (C) INCENTIVES.—The amounts payable to owners and operators in the form of rental payments under contracts entered into under this subsection shall reflect incentives that are provided to owners and operators to enroll filterstrips in the conservation reserve under section 1234.

SEC. 1103. INCIDENTAL GRAZING.

Section 1232(a)(7)(A) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3832(a)(7)(A)) is amended-

(1) by striking "occurs during" and inserting "occurs—

'(I) in the case of land other than eligible acreage enrolled under section 1231(h), during";

(2) by adding at the end the following: "(II) in the case of eligible acreage enrolled under section 1231(h), at any time other than during the period beginning May 1 and ending August 1 of each year for a reduction in rental payment commensurate with the limited economic value of such incidental grazing; and' SEC. 1104. STUDY OF IMPACT OF PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study of the impact of the pilot program established under section 1231(h) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831(h)) (as

added by section 1102(a)) on-(1) enrollment of owners and operators in—

(A) the conservation reserve program established under subchapter B of chapter 1 of subtitle D of title XII of that Act (16 U.S.C. 3831 et

seq.);
(B) the wetlands reserve program established under subchapter C of chapter 1 of subtitle D of title XII of that Act (16 U.S.C. 3837 et seq.); and

(C) other Federal and State conservation programs;

(2) types of environmentally sensitive acreage that have not been enrolled in the wetlands reserve program: and

(3) conservation of soil, water, and related natural resources, including grazing land, wetland, and wildlife habitat.

(b) REPORTS.—Not later than March 1, 2003, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report on the results of the study.

SEC. 1105. REGULATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary to implement the amendments made by this Act.
- (b) PROCEDURE.—The promulgation of the regulations and administration of the amendments made by this Act shall be made without regard
- (1) the notice and comment provisions of section 553 of title 5, United States Code;
- (2) the Statement of Policy of the Secretary of Agriculture effective July 24, 1971 (36 Fed. Reg. 13804), relating to notices of proposed rulemaking and public participation in rulemaking;
- (3) chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code (commonly known as the "Paperwork Reduction
- (c) CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF AGENCY RULE-MAKING.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall use the authority provided under section 808 of title 5, United States Code.

TITLE XII—HASS AVOCADO PROMOTION, RESEARCH. AND INFORMATION

SEC. 1201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Hass Avocado Promotion, Research, and Information Act of

SEC. 1202. FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POL-

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

- (1) Hass avocados are an integral food source in the United States that are a valuable and healthy part of the human diet and are enjoyed by millions of persons every year for a multitude of everyday and special occasions.
- (2) Hass avocados are a significant tree fruit crop grown by many individual producers, but virtually all domestically produced Hass avocados for the commercial market are grown in the State of California.
- (3) Hass avocados move in interstate and foreign commerce, and Hass avocados that do not move in interstate or foreign channels of commerce but only in intrastate commerce directly affect interstate commerce in Hass avocados.
- (4) In recent years, large quantities of Hass avocados have been imported into the United States from other countries.
- (5) The maintenance and expansion of markets in existence on the date of enactment of this title, and the development of new or improved markets or uses for Hass avocados are needed to preserve and strengthen the economic viability of the domestic Hass avocado industry for the benefit of producers and other persons associated with the producing, marketing, processing, and consuming of Hass avocados.
- (6) An effective and coordinated program of promotion, research, industry information, and consumer information regarding Hass avocados is necessary for the maintenance, expansion, and development of domestic markets for Hass avocados.
- (b) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this title to authorize the establishment, through the exercise of the powers provided in this title, of an orderly procedure for the development and financing (through an adequate assessment on Hass avocados sold by producers and importers in the United States) of an effective and coordinated program of promotion, research, industry information, and consumer information, including funds for marketing and market research activities, that is designed to-
- (1) strengthen the position of the Hass avocado industry in the domestic marketplace; and
- (2) maintain, develop, and expand markets and uses for Hass avocados in the domestic marketplace.
- (c) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this title may be construed to provide for the control of production or otherwise limit the right of any person to produce, handle, or import Hass avocados.

SEC. 1203. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this title:

- (1) BOARD.—The terms "Avocado Board" and "Board" mean the Hass Avocado Board established under section 1205.
- (2) CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—The term "conflict of interest" means a situation in which a member or employee of the Board has a direct or indirect financial interest in a person that performs a service for, or enters into a contract with, the Board for anything of economic value.
- (3) Consumer information.—The term "consumer information" means any action or program that provides information to consumers and other persons on the use, nutritional attributes, and other information that will assist consumers and other persons in making evaluations and decisions regarding the purchase, preparation, and use of Hass avocados.
- (4) CUSTOMS.—The term "Customs" means the United States Customs Service.
- (5) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the United States Department of Agriculture.
 - (6) HASS AVOCADO. -
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "Hass avocado" includes
- (i) the fruit of any Hass variety avocado tree;
- (ii) any other type of avocado fruit that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, determines is so similar to the Hass variety avocado as to be indistinguishable to consumers in fresh form.

- (B) FORM OF FRUIT.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the term includes avocado fruit described in subparagraph (A) whether in fresh, frozen, or any other processed form.
- (C) EXCEPTIONS.—In any case in which a handler further processes avocados described in subparagraph (A), or products of such avocados, for sale to a retailer, the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may determine that such further processed products do not constitute a substantial value of the product and that, based on its determination, the product shall not be treated as a product of Hass avocados subject to assessment under the order. In addition, the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may exempt certain frozen avocado products from assessment under the order.

(7) HANDLER.-

- (A) FIRST HANDLER.—The term "first handler" means a person operating in the Hass avocados marketing system that sells domestic or imported Hass avocados for United States domestic consumption, and who is responsible for remitting assessments to the Board. The term includes an importer or producer who sells directly to consumers Hass avocados that the importer or producer has imported into the United States or produced, respectively.
- (B) EXEMPT HANDLER.—The term "exempt handler" means a person who would otherwise be considered a first handler, except that all avocados purchased by the person have already been subject to the assessment under section 1205(h).
- (8) IMPORTER.—The term "importer" means any person who imports Hass avocados into the United States.
- (9) INDUSTRY INFORMATION.—The term "industry information" means information and programs that are designed to increase efficiency in processing, enhance the development of new markets and marketing strategies, increase marketing efficiency, and activities to enhance the image of Hass avocados and the Hass avocado industry domestically.
- (10) Order.—The term "order" means the Hass avocado promotion, research, and information order issued under this title.
- (11) PERSON.—The term "person" means any individual, group of individuals, firm, partnership, corporation, joint stock company, association, cooperative, or other legal entity.
- (12) PRODUCER.—The term "producer" means any person who—
- (A) is engaged in the domestic production of Hass avocados for commercial use; and
- (B) owns, or shares the ownership and risk of loss, of such Hass avocados.
- (13) PROMOTION.—The term "promotion" means any action to advance the image, desirability, or marketability of Hass avocados, including paid advertising, sales promotion, and publicity, in order to improve the competitive position and stimulate sales of Hass avocados in the domestic marketplace.
- (14) RESEARCH.—The term "research" means any type of test, study, or analysis relating to market research, market development, and marketing efforts, or relating to the use, quality, or nutritional value of Hass avocados, other related food science research, or research designed to advance the image, desirability, and marketability of Hass avocados.
- (15) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.
- (16) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the several States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Federated States of Micronesia.
- (17) UNITED STATES.—The term "United States" means the United States collectively. SEC. 1204. ISSUANCE OF ORDERS.
 - (a) IN GENERAL.—

- (1) ISSUANCE.—To effectuate the policy of this title specified in section 1202(b), the Secretary, subject to the procedures provided in subsection (b), shall issue orders under this title applicable to producers, importers, and first handlers of Hass avocados.
- (2) Scope.—Any order shall be national in scope.
- (3) ONE ORDER.—Not more than one order shall be in effect at any one time.
 - (b) PROCEDURES. -
- (I) PROPOSAL FOR AN ORDER.—An existing organization of avocado producers established pursuant to a State statute, or any other person who will be affected by this title, may request the issuance of, and submit a proposal for an order.
- (2) Publication of Proposal.—The Secretary shall publish a proposed order and give notice and opportunity for public comment on the proposed order not later than 60 days after receipt by the Secretary of a proposal for an order from an existing organization of avocado producers established pursuant to a State statute, as provided in paragraph (1).

(3) Issuance of order.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—After notice and opportunity for public comment are provided in accordance with paragraph (2), the Secretary shall issue the order, taking into consideration the comments received and including in the order such provisions as are necessary to ensure that the order is in conformity with this title.
- (B) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The order shall be issued and become effective only after an affirmative vote in a referendum as provided in section 1206, but not later than 180 days after publication of the proposed order.
- (c) AMENDMENTS.—The Secretary, from time to time, may amend an order. The provisions of this title applicable to an order shall be applicable to any amendment to an order.

SEC. 1205. REQUIRED TERMS IN ORDERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—An order shall contain the terms and provisions specified in this section.
 - (b) HASS AVOCADO BOARD.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT AND MEMBERSHIP.—
- (A) ESTABLISHMENT.—The order shall provide for the establishment of a Hass Avocado Board, consisting of 12 members, to administer the order.
 - (B) MEMBERSHIP.—
- (i) APPOINTMENT.—The order shall provide that members of the Board shall be appointed by the Secretary from nominations submitted as provided in this subsection.
- (ii) COMPOSITION.—The Board shall consist of participating domestic producers and importers.
- (C) Special Definition of Importer.—In this subsection, the term "importer" means a person who is involved in, as a substantial activity, the importation, sale, and marketing of Hass avocados in the United States (either directly or as an agent, broker, or consignee of any person or nation that produces or handles Hass avocados outside the United States for sale in the United States), and who is subject to assessments under the order
 - (2) DISTRIBUTION OF APPOINTMENTS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The order shall provide that the membership of the Board shall consist of the following:
- (i) Seven members who are domestic producers of Hass avocados and are subject to assessments under the order.
- (ii) Two members who represent importers of Hass avocados and are subject to assessments under the order.
- (iii) Three members who are domestic producers of Hass avocados and are subject to assessments under the order, or are importers of Hass avocados and are subject to assessments under the order, to reflect the proportion of domestic production and imports supplying the United States market, which shall be based on the Secretary's determination of the average volume of domestic production of Hass avocados

proportionate to the average volume of imports of Hass avocados in the United States over the previous three years.

(B) ADJUSTMENT IN BOARD REPRESENTATION.—
Three years after the assessment of Hass avocados commences pursuant to an order, and at the end of each three-year period thereafter, the Avocado Board shall adjust the proportion of producer representatives to importer representatives on the Board under subparagraph (A)(iii) on the basis of the amount of assessments collected from producers and importers over the immediately preceding three-year period. Any adjustment under this subparagraph shall be subject to the review and approval of the Secretary.

(3) NOMINATION PROCESS.—The order shall provide that—

(A) 2 nominees shall be submitted for each appointment to the Board;

(B) nominations for each appointment of a producer or an importer shall be made by domestic producers or importers, respectively—

(i) in the case of producers, through an election process which utilizes existing organizations of avocado producers established pursuant to a State statute, with approval by the Secretary; and

(ii) in the case of importers, nominations are submitted by importers under such procedures as the Secretary determines appropriate; and

(C) in any case in which producers or importers fail to nominate individuals for an appointment to the Board, the Secretary may appoint an individual to fill the vacancy on a basis provided in the order or other regulations of the Secretary.

(4) Alternates.—The order shall provide for the selection of alternate members of the Board by the Secretary in accordance with procedures

specified in the order.

(5) TERMS.—The order shall provide that—

(Å) each term of appointment to the Board shall be for 3 years, except that, of the initial appointments, 4 of the appointments shall be for 2-year terms, 4 of the appointments shall be for 3-year terms, and 4 of the appointments shall be for 4-year terms; and

(B) no member of the Board may serve more than 2 consecutive terms of three years, except that any member serving an initial term of 4 years may serve an additional term of 3 years.

(6) REPLACEMENT. –

(A) DISQUALIFICATION FROM BOARD SERVICE.— The order shall provide that if a member or alternate of the Board who was appointed as a domestic producer or importer ceases to belong to the group for which such member was appointed, such member or alternate shall be disqualified from serving on the Board.

(B) MANNER OF FILLING VACANCY.—A vacancy arising as a result of disqualification or any other reason before the expiration of the term of office of an incumbent member or alternate of the Board shall be filled in a manner provided

in the order.

(7) COMPENSATION.—The order shall provide that members and alternates of the Board shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for the reasonable expenses incurred in performing duties as members or alternates of the Board.

(c) GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AVO-CADO BOARD.—The order shall define the general responsibilities of the Avocado Board, which shall include the responsibility to—

(1) administer the order in accordance with the terms and provisions of the order;

(2) meet, organize, and select from among the members of the Board a chairperson, other officers, and committees and subcommittees, as the Board determines to be appropriate; (3) recommend to the Secretary rules and reg-

(3) recommend to the Secretary rules and regulations to effectuate the terms and provisions of the order:

(4) employ such persons as the Board determines are necessary, and set the compensation and define the duties of the persons; (5)(A) develop budgets for the implementation

(5)(A) develop budgets for the implementation of the order and submit the budgets to the Secretary for approval under subsection (d); and

(B) propose and develop (or receive and evaluate), approve, and submit to the Secretary for approval under subsection (d) plans or projects for Hass avocado promotion, industry information, consumer information, or related research;

(6)(A) implement plans and projects for Hass avocado promotion, industry information, consumer information, or related research, as provided in subsection (d); or

(B) contract or enter into agreements with appropriate persons to implement the plans and projects, as provided in subsection (e), and pay the costs of the implementation, or contracts and agreement, with funds received under the order:

(7) evaluate on-going and completed plans and projects for Hass avocado promotion, industry information, consumer information, or related research and comply with the independent evaluation provisions of the Commodity Promotion, Research, and Information Act of 1996 (subtitle B of title V of Public Law 104-127; 7 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);

(8) receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations of the order:

(9) recommend to the Secretary amendments to the order:

(10) invest, pending disbursement under a plan or project, funds collected through assessments authorized under this title only in-

(A) obligations of the United States or any

agency of the United States; (B) general obligations of any State or any political subdivision of a State:

(C) any interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit of a bank that is a member of the Fed-

eral Reserve System; or (D) obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, except that income from any such invested funds may be used only for a purpose for which the invested funds may be used:

(11) borrow funds necessary for the startup expenses of the order; and

(12) provide the Secretary such information as the Secretary may require.

(d) BUDGĚTS; PLANS AND PROJECTS.—

- (1) SUBMISSION OF BUDGETS.—The order shall require the Board to submit to the Secretary for approval budgets, on a fiscal year basis, of the anticipated expenses and disbursements of the Board in the implementation of the order, including the projected costs of Hass avocado promotion, industry information, consumer information, and related research plans and projects. (2) PLANS AND PROJECTS.
- (A) PROMOTION AND CONSUMER INFORMA-TION.—The order shall provide—
- (i) for the establishment, implementation, administration, and evaluation of appropriate plans and projects for advertising, sales promotion, other promotion, and consumer information with respect to Hass avocados, and for the disbursement of necessary funds for the purposes described in this clause; and

(ii) that any plan or project referred to in clause (i) shall be directed toward increasing the general demand for Hass avocados in the domestic marketplace.

(B) INDUSTRY INFORMATION.—The order shall provide for the establishment, implementation, administration, and evaluation of appropriate plans and projects that will lead to the development of new markets, maintain and expand existing markets, lead to the development of new marketing strategies, or increase the efficiency of the Hass avocado industry, and activities to enhance the image of the Hass avocado industry, and for the disbursement of necessary funds for the purposes described in this subparagraph.

(C) RESEARCH.—The order shall provide for—

(i) the establishment, implementation, administration, and evaluation of plans and projects for market development research, research with respect to the sale, distribution, marketing, use, quality, or nutritional value of Hass avocados, and other research with respect to Hass avocado marketing, promotion, industry information or consumer information;

(ii) the dissemination of the information acquired through the plans and projects; and

(iii) the disbursement of such funds as are necessary to carry out this subparagraph.

(D) SUBMISSION TO SECRETARY.—The order shall provide that the Board shall submit to the Secretary for approval a proposed plan or project for Hass avocados promotion, industry information, consumer information, or related research, as described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C).

(3) APPROVAL BY SECRETARY.—A budget, plan, or project for Hass avocados promotion, industry information, consumer information, or related research may not be implemented prior to approval of the budget, plan, or project by the Secretary. Not later than 45 days after receipt of such a budget, plan, or project, the Secretary shall notify the Board whether the Secretary approves or disapproves the budget, plan, or project. If the Secretary fails to provide such notice before the end of the 45-day period, the budget, plan, or project shall be deemed to be approved and may be implemented by the Board.

(e) Contracts and Agreements.

(1) PROMOTION, CONSUMER INFORMATION, IN-DUSTRY INFORMATION AND RELATED RESEARCH PLANS AND PROJECTS. -

(A) IN GENERAL.—To ensure the efficient use of funds, the order shall provide that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, shall enter into a contract or an agreement with an avocado organization established by State statute in a State with the majority of Hass avocado production in the United States, for the implementation of a plan or project for promotion, industry information, consumer information, or related research with respect to Hass avocados, and for the payment of the cost of the contract or agreement with funds received by the Board under the order.

(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The order shall provide that any contract or agreement entered into under this paragraph shall provide that-

(i) the contracting or agreeing party shall develop and submit to the Board a plan or project, together with a budget that includes the estimated costs to be incurred for the plan or project:

(ii) the plan or project shall become effective on the approval of the Secretary; and

(iii) the contracting party or agreeing party shall-

(I) keep accurate records of all transactions of the party:

(II) account for funds received and expended; (III) make periodic reports to the Board of activities conducted; and

(IV) make such other reports as the Board or the Secretary shall require.

(2) OTHER CONTRACTS AND AGREEMENTS.—The order shall provide that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may enter into a contract or agreement for administrative services. Any contract or agreement entered into under this paragraph shall include provisions comparable to the provisions described in paragraph (1)(B)

(f) BOOKS AND RECORDS OF BOARD.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The order shall require the

(A) maintain such books and records (which shall be available to the Secretary for inspection and audit) as the Secretary may require;

(B) prepare and submit to the Secretary, from time to time, such reports as the Secretary may require: and

(C) account for the receipt and disbursement of all the funds entrusted to the Board, including all assessment funds disbursed by the Board to a State organization of avocado producers established pursuant to State law.

(2) AUDITS.—The Board shall cause the books and records of the Board to be audited by an independent auditor at the end of each fiscal year. A report of each audit shall be submitted to the Secretary.

(g) CONTROL OF ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.-(1) System of cost controls.—The order

shall provide that the Board shall, as soon as practicable after the order becomes effective and after consultation with the Secretary and other appropriate persons, implement a system of cost controls based on normally accepted business practices that-

(A) will ensure that the costs incurred by the Board in administering the order in any fiscal year shall not exceed 10 percent of the projected level of assessments to be collected by the Board

for that fiscal year; and

(B) cover the minimum administrative activities and personnel needed to properly administer and enforce the order, and conduct, supervise, and evaluate plans and projects under the order

(2) USE OF EXISTING PERSONNEL AND FACILI--The Board shall use, to the extent possible, the resources, staffs, and facilities of existing organizations, as provided in subsection (e)(1)(A).

(h) ASSESSMENTS.-

(1) AUTHORITY.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The order shall provide that each first handler shall remit to the Board, in the manner provided in the order, an assessment collected from the producer, except to the extent that the sale is excluded from assessments under paragraph (6). In the case of imports, the assessment shall be levied upon imports and remitted to the Board by Customs.
(B) PUBLISHED LISTS.—To facilitate the pay-

ment of assessments under this paragraph, the Board shall publish lists of first handlers required to remit assessments under the order and

exempt handlers

MAKING DETERMINATIONS.-

(i) FIRST HANDLER STATUS.—The order shall contain provisions regarding the determination of the status of a person as a first handler or exempt handler.

(ii) PRODUCER-HANDLERS.—For purposes of paragraph (3), a producer-handler shall be considered the first handler of those Hass avocados that are produced by that producer-handler and packed by that producer-handler for sale at

wholesale or retail.

(iii) IMPORTERS.—The assessment on imported Hass avocados shall be paid by the importer to Customs at the time of entry into the United States and shall be remitted by Customs to the Board. Importation occurs when Hass avocados originating outside the United States are released from custody of Customs and introduced into the stream of commerce within the United States. Importers include persons who hold title to foreign-produced Hass avocados immediately upon release by Customs, as well as any persons who act on behalf of others, as agents, brokers, or consignees, to secure the release of Hass avocados from Customs and the introduction of the released Hass avocados into the current of com-

(2) ASSESSMENT RATES.—With respect to assessment rates, the order shall contain the fol-

(A) Initial rate.—The rate of assessment on Hass avocados shall be \$.025 per pound on fresh avocados or the equivalent rate for processed avocados on which an assessment has not been

(B) CHANGES IN THE RATE.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Once the order in is effect, the uniform assessment rate may be increased or decreased not more than once annually, but in no event shall the rate of assessment be in excess of \$.05 per pound.

(ii) REQUIREMENTS.—Any change in the rate of assessment under this subparagraph-

(I) may be made only if adopted by the Board by an affirmative vote of at least seven members of the Board and approved by the Secretary as necessary to achieve the objectives of this title (after public notice and opportunity for comment in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, and without regard to sections 556 and 557 of such title);

- (II) shall be announced by the Board not less than 30 days prior to going into effect; and (III) shall not be subject to a vote in a ref-
- erendum conducted under section 1206.
- (3) COLLECTION BY FIRST HANDLERS. as provided in paragraph (1)(C)(iii), the first handler of Hass avocados shall be responsible for the collection of assessments from the producer under this subsection. As part of the collection of assessments, the first handler shall maintain a separate record of the Hass avocados of each producer whose Hass avocados are so handled, including the Hass avocados produced by the first handler.
- (4) TIMING OF SUBMITTING ASSESSMENTS.—The order shall provide that each person required to remit assessments under this subsection shall remit to the Board the assessment due from each sale of Hass avocados that is subject to an assessment within such time period after the sale (not to exceed 60 days after the end of the month in which the sale took place) as is specified in the order.
- (5) CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM COLLECTING ASSESSMENTS.—To claim an exemption under section 1203(6) as an exempt handler for a particular fiscal year, a person shall submit an application to the Board-
- (A) stating the basis for such exemption; and (B) certifying such person will not purchase Hass avocados in the United States on which an assessment has not been paid for the current fiscal vear.
- (6) Exclusion.—An order shall exclude from assessments under the order any sale of Hass avocados for export from the United States.
- (7) USE OF ASSESSMENT FUNDS.—The order shall provide that assessment funds shall be used for payment of costs incurred in implementing and administering the order, with provision for a reasonable reserve, and to cover the administrative costs incurred by the Secretary in implementing and administering this title, including any expenses incurred by the Secretary in conducting referenda under this title, subject to subsection (i).
- (8) Assessment funds for state associa-TION.—The order shall provide that a State organization of avocado producers established pursuant to State law shall receive an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying the aggregate amount of assessments attributable to the pounds of Hass avocados produced in such State by 85 percent. The State organization shall use such funds and any proceeds from the investment of such funds for financing domestic promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information plans and projects, except that no such funds shall be used for the administrative expenses of such State organization.
- (9) ASSESSMENT FUNDS FOR IMPORTERS ASSO-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The order shall provide that any importers association shall receive a credit described in subparagraph (B) if such associa-
- (i) established pursuant to State law that requires detailed State regulation comparable to that applicable to the State organization of United States avocado producers, as determined by the Secretary; or
- (ii) certified by the Secretary as meeting the requirements applicable to the Board as to budgets, plans, projects, audits, conflicts of interest, and reimbursements for administrative costs incurred by the Secretary.
- (B) ČREDIT.—An importers association described in subparagraph (A) shall receive 85 percent of the assessments paid on Hass avocados imported by the members of such association.
 - (C) USE OF FUNDS.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Importers associations described in subparagraph (A) shall use the funds described in subparagraph (B) and proceeds from the investment of such funds for financing promotion, research, consumer information, and industry information plans and projects in the United States.

- (ii) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—No funds described in subparagraph (C) shall be used for the administrative expenses of such importers
- (i) REIMBURSEMENT OF SECRETARY EX-PENSES.—The order shall provide for reimbursing the Secretary-
- (1) for expenses not to exceed \$25,000 incurred by the Secretary in connection with any referendum conducted under section 1206;
- (2) for administrative costs incurred by the Secretary for supervisory work of up to 2 emplovee vears annually after an order or amendment to any order has been issued and made effective; and
- (3) for costs incurred by the Secretary in implementation of the order issued under section 1204, for enforcement of the title and the order, for subsequent referenda conducted under section 1206, and in defending the Board in litigation arising out of action taken by the Board.
- (j) PROHIBITION ON BRAND ADVERTISING AND CERTAIN CLAIMS.-
- (1) PROHIBITIONS.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a program or project conducted under this title shall not-
- (A) make any reference to private brand
- (B) make false, misleading, or disparaging claims on behalf of Hass avocados; or
- (C) make false, misleading, or disparaging statements with respect to the attributes or use of any competing products.
- (2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) does not preclude the Board from offering its programs and projects for use by commercial parties, under such terms and conditions as the Board may prescribe as approved by the Secretary. For the purposes of this subsection, a reference to State of origin does not constitute a reference to a private brand name with regard to any funds credited to, or disbursed by the Board to, a State organization of avocado producers established pursuant to State law. Furthermore, for the purposes of this section, a reference to either State of origin or country of origin does not constitute a reference to a private brand name with regard to any funds credited to, or disbursed by the Board to, any importers association established or certified in accordance with subsection
- (k) PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO INFLU-ENCE GOVERNMENTAL ACTION.-
- (1) In General.—Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2), the order shall prohibit any funds collected by the Board under the order from being used in any manner for the purpose of influencing legislation or government action
- (2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the development or recommendation of amendments to the order.
- (1) PROHIBITION OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST.— The Board may not engage in, and shall prohibit the employees and agents of the Board from engaging in, any action that would be a conflict of interest.
- (m) BOOKS AND RECORDS; REPORTS.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The order shall provide that each first handler, producer, and importer subject to the order shall maintain, and make available for inspection, such books and records as are required by the order and file reports at the time, in the manner, and having the content required by the order, to the end that such information is made available to the Secretary and the Board as is appropriate for the administration or enforcement of this title, the order, or any regulation issued under this title.
 - (2) CONFIDENTIALITY REQUIREMENT.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Information obtained from books, records, or reports under paragraph (1) shall be kept confidential by all officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture and by the staff and agents of the Board.
- (B) SUITS AND HEARINGS.—Information described in subparagraph (A) may be disclosed to the public only-

- (i) in a suit or administrative hearing brought at the request of the Secretary, or to which the Secretary or any officer of the United States is a party, involving the order; and
- (ii) to the extent the Secretary considers the information relevant to the suit or hearing.
- (C) GENERAL STATEMENTS AND PUBLICA-TIONS.—Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to prohibit-
- (i) the issuance of general statements, based on the reports, of the number of persons subject to the order or statistical data collected from the reports, if the statements do not identify the information furnished by any person; or
- (ii) the publication, by direction of the Secretary, of the name of any person who violates the order, together with a statement of the particular provisions of the order violated by the person.
 - (3) LISTS OF IMPORTERS.—
- (A) REVIEW.—The order shall provide that the staff of the Board shall periodically review lists of importers of Hass avocados to determine whether persons on the lists are subject to the order.
- (B) CUSTOMS SERVICE.—On the request of the Secretary or the Board, the Commissioner of the United States Customs Service shall provide to the Secretary or the Board lists of importers of Hass avocados.
- (n) Consultations With Industry Ex-PERTS.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The order shall provide that the Board may seek advice from and consult with experts from the production, import, wholesale, and retail segments of the Hass avocado industry to assist in the development of promotion, industry information, consumer information, and related research plans and projects.
 - (2) SPECIAL COMMITTEES.
- (A) In General.—For the purposes described in paragraph (1), the order shall authorize the appointment of special committees composed of persons other than Board members.
- (B) CONSULTATION.—A committee appointed under subparagraph (A) shall consult directly with the Board.
- (o) OTHER TERMS OF THE ORDER.—The order shall contain such other terms and provisions, consistent with this title, as are necessary to carry out this title (including provision for the assessment of interest and a charge for each late payment of assessments under subsection (h)). SEC. 1206. REFERENDA.
- (a) REQUIREMENTS FORINITIALERENDUM.—
- (1) REFERENDUM REQUIRED.—During the 60day period immediately preceding the proposed effective date of an order issued under section 1204(b)(3), the Secretary shall conduct a referendum among producers and importers required to pay assessments under the order, as provided in section 1205(h)(1).
- (2) APPROVAL OF ORDER NEEDED.—The order shall become effective only if the Secretary determines that the order has been approved by a simple majority of all votes cast in the referendum
 - (b) VOTES PERMITTED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each producer and importer eligible to vote in a referendum conducted under this section shall be entitled to cast 1 vote if they satisfy the eligibility requirements as defined in paragraph (2).
- (2) ELIGIBILITY.—For purposes of paragraph (1), producers and importers, as these terms are defined in section 1203, shall be considered to be eligible to vote if they have been producers or importers with sales of Hass avocados during a period of at least 1 year prior to the referendum.
- (c) MANNER OF CONDUCTING REFERENDA.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Referenda conducted pursuant to this title shall be conducted in a manner determined by the Secretary.
- (2) ADVANCE REGISTRATION.—A producer or importer of Hass avocados who chooses to vote in any referendum conducted under this title

shall register with the Secretary prior to the voting period, after receiving notice from the Secretary concerning the referendum under paragraph (4).

- (3) VOTING.—A producer or importer of Hass avocados who chooses to vote in any referendum conducted under this title shall vote in accordance with procedures established by the Seretary. The ballots and other information or reports that reveal or tend to reveal the identity or vote of voters shall be strictly confidential.
- (4) NOTICE.—The Secretary shall notify all producers and importers at least 30 days prior to the referendum conducted under this title. The notice shall explain the procedure established under this subsection.
- (d) Subsequent Reference.—If an order is approved in a referendum conducted under subsection (a), effective beginning on the date that is 3 years after the date of the approval, the Secretary—
- (1) at the discretion of the Secretary, may conduct at any time a referendum of producers and importers required to pay assessments under the order, as provided in section 1205(h)(1), subject to the voting requirements of subsections (b) and (c), to ascertain whether eligible producers and importers favor suspension, termination, or continuance of the order; or
- (2) shall conduct a referendum of eligible producers and importers if requested by the Board or by a representative group comprising 30 percent or more of all producers and importers required to pay assessments under the order, as provided in section 1205(h)(1), subject to the voting requirements of subsections (b) and (c), to ascertain whether producers and importers favor suspension, termination, or continuance of the order.
- (e) SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION.—If, as a result of a referendum conducted under subsection (d), the Secretary determines that suspension or termination of the order is favored by a simple majority of all votes cast in the referendum, the Secretary shall—
- (1) not later than 180 days after the referendum, suspend or terminate, as appropriate, collection of assessments under the order; and
- (2) suspend or terminate, as appropriate, activities under the order as soon as practicable and in an orderly manner.

SEC. 1207. PETITION AND REVIEW.

- (a) PETITION AND HEARING.—
- (1) PETITION.—A person subject to an order may file with the Secretary a petition—
- (A) stating that the order, any provision of the order, or any obligation imposed in connection with the order is not in accordance with law; and
- (B) requesting a modification of the order or an exemption from the order.
- (2) HEARING.—The petitioner shall be given the opportunity for a hearing on a petition filed under paragraph (1), in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary. Any such hearing shall be conducted in accordance with section 1209(b)(2) and be held within the United States judicial district in which the residence or principal place of business of the person is located.
- (3) RULING.—After a hearing under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall make a ruling on the petition, which shall be final if in accordance with law.
- (4) LIMITATION.—Any petition filed under this subsection challenging an order, any provision of the order, or any obligation imposed in connection with the order, shall be filed within 2 years after the effective date of the order, provision, or obligation subject to challenge in the petition.
 - (b) REVIEW.-
- (I) COMMENCEMENT OF ACTION.—The district courts of the United States in any district in which a person who is a petitioner under subsection (a) resides or conducts business shall have jurisdiction to review the ruling of the Secretary on the petition of the person, if a com-

- plaint requesting the review is filed no later than 20 days after the date of the entry of the ruling by the Secretary.
- (2) PROCESS.—Service of process in proceedings under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (3) REMAND.—If the court in a proceeding under this subsection determines that the ruling of the Secretary on the petition of the person is not in accordance with law, the court shall remand the matter to the Secretary with directions—
- (A) to make such ruling as the court shall determine to be in accordance with law; or
- (B) to take such further action as, in the opinion the court, the law requires.
- (c) ENFORCEMENT.—The pendency of proceedings instituted under this section shall not impede, hinder, or delay the Attorney General or the Secretary from obtaining relief under section 1208.

SEC. 1208. ENFORCEMENT.

- (a) JURISDICTION.—A district court of the United States shall have jurisdiction to enforce, and to prevent and restrain any person from violating, this title or an order or regulation issued by the Secretary under this title.
- (b) REFERRAL TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.—A civil action brought under subsection (a) shall be referred to the Attorney General for appropriate action, except that the Secretary is not required to refer to the Attorney General a violation of this title, or an order or regulation issued under this title, if the Secretary believes that the administration and enforcement of this title would be adequately served by administrative action under subsection (c) or suitable written notice or warning to the person who committed or is committing the violation.
 - (c) CIVIL PENALTIES AND ORDERS.—
 - (1) CIVIL PENALTIES.—
- (A) In general.—A person who violates a provision of this title, or an order or regulation issued by the Secretary under this title, or who fails or refuses to pay, collect, or remit any assessment or fee required of the person under an order or regulation issued under this title, may be assessed by the Secretary—
- (i) a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 for each violation; and
- (ii) in the case of a willful failure to remit an assessment as required by an order or regulation, an additional penalty equal to the amount of the assessment.
- (B) SEPARATE OFFENSES.—Each violation shall be a separate offense.
- (2) CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS.—In addition to or in lieu of a civil penalty under paragraph (1), the Secretary may issue an order requiring a person to cease and desist from continuing a violation of this title, or an order or regulation issued under this title.
- (3) NOTICE AND HEARING.—No penalty shall be assessed, or cease and desist order issued, by the Secretary under this subsection unless the Secretary gives the person against whom the penalty is assessed or the order is issued notice and opportunity for a hearing before the Secretary with respect to the violation. Any such hearing shall be conducted in accordance with section 1209(b)(2) and shall be held within the United States judicial district in which the residence or principal place of business of the person is located.
- (4) FINALITY.—The penalty assessed or cease and desist order issued under this subsection shall be final and conclusive unless the person against whom the penalty is assessed or the order is issued files an appeal with the appropriate district court of the United States in accordance with subsection (d).
 - (d) REVIEW BY DISTRICT COURT.—
 - (1) COMMENCEMENT OF ACTION.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Any person against whom a violation is found and a civil penalty is assessed or a cease and desist order is issued under sub-

section (c) may obtain review of the penalty or order by, within the 30-day period beginning on the date the penalty is assessed or the order is issued—

(i) filing a notice of appeal in the district court of the United States for the district in which the person resides or conducts business, or in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia; and

(ii) sending a copy of the notice by certified mail to the Secretary.

(B) COPY OF RECORD.—The Secretary shall promptly file in the court a certified copy of the record on which the Secretary found that the person had committed a violation.

(2) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—A finding of the Secretary shall be set aside under this subsection only if the finding is found to be unsupported by substantial evidence.

(e) FAILURE TO OBEY AN ORDER. -

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A person who fails to obey a cease and desist order issued under subsection (c) after the order has become final and unappealable, or after the appropriate United States district court had entered a final judgment in favor of the Secretary of not more than \$10,000 for each offense, after opportunity for a hearing and for judicial review under the procedures specified in subsections (c) and (d)
- dures specified in subsections (c) and (d).
 (2) SEPARATE VIOLATIONS.—Each day during which the person fails to obey an order described in paragraph (1) shall be considered as a separate violation of the order.
 - (f) FAILURE TO PAY A PENALTY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—If a person fails to pay a civil penalty assessed under subsection (c) or (e) after the penalty has become final and unappealable, or after the appropriate United States district court has entered final judgment in favor of the Secretary, the Secretary shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for recovery of the amount assessed in any United States district court in which the person resides or conducts business.

(2) Scope of Review.—In an action by the Attorney General under paragraph (1), the validity and appropriateness of a civil penalty shall not be subject to review.

(g) ADDITIONAL REMEDIES.—The remedies provided in this title shall be in addition to, and not exclusive of, other remedies that may be available.

SEC. 1209. INVESTIGATIONS AND POWER TO SUB-POENA.

- (a) INVESTIGATIONS.—The Secretary may conduct such investigations as the Secretary considers necessary for the effective administration of this title, or to determine whether any person has engaged or is engaging in any act that constitutes a violation of this title or any order or regulation issued under this title.
- (b) Subpoenas, Oaths, and Affirmations.—
 (1) Investigations.—For the purpose of conducting an investigation under subsection (a), the Secretary may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel the attendance of witnesses, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The production of the records may be required from any place in the United States.
 (2) ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS.—For the pur-
- (2) ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS.—For the purpose of an administrative hearing held under section 1207(a)(2) or 1208(c)(3), the presiding officer may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel the attendance of witnesses, take evidence, and require the production of any records that are relevant to the inquiry. The attendance of witnesses and the production of the records may be required from any place in the United States.

(c) AID OF COURTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena issued under subsection (b) to, any person, the Secretary may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which the investigation or proceeding is conducted, or where the person resides or conducts business, in order to enforce a subpoena issued under subsection (b).

- (2) ORDER.—The court may issue an order requiring the person referred to in paragraph (1) to comply with a subpoena referred to in paragraph (1).
- (3) FAILURE TO OBEY.—Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of court.
- (4) PROCESS.—Process in any proceeding under this subsection may be served in the United States judicial district in which the person being proceeded against resides or conducts business, or wherever the person may be found. SEC. 1210. CONFIDENTIALITY.
- (a) PROHIBITION.—No information regarding names of voters or how a person voted in a referendum conducted under this title shall be made public.
- (b) PENALTY.—Any person who knowingly violates subsection (a) or the confidentiality terms of an order, as described in section 1205(m)(2), shall be subject to a fine of not less that \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. If the person is an officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture or the Board, the person shall be removed from office.
- (c) Additional Prohibition.—No information obtained under this title may be made available to any agency or officer of the Federal Government for any purpose other than the implementation of this title or an investigatory or enforcement action necessary for the implementation of this title.
- (d) WITHHOLDING INFORMATION FROM CONGRESS PROHIBITED.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to authorize the withholding of information from Congress.

SEC. 1211. AUTHORITY FOR SECRETARY TO SUSPEND OR TERMINATE ORDER.

- (a) Grounds for Suspension or Termination.—If the Secretary finds that an order, or any provision of the order, obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the policy of this title specified in section 1202(b), the Secretary shall terminate or suspend the operation of the order or provision under such terms as the Secretary determines are appropriate.
- (b) EFFECT OF LACK OF APPROVAL OF ORDER.—If, as a result of a referendum, the Secretary determines that the order is not approved, the Secretary shall, within 180 days after making the determination, suspend, or terminate, as appropriate, collection of assessments under the order, and suspend or terminate, as appropriate, activities under the order in an orderly manner as soon as possible.

SEC. 1212. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- (a) TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION NOT AN ORDER.—The termination or suspension of an order, or a provision of an order, shall not be considered an order under the meaning of this title.
 - (b) RIGHTS.—This title—
- (1) may not be construed to provide for control of production or otherwise limit the right of individual Hass avocado growers, handlers and importers to produce, handle, or import Hass avocados; and
- (2) shall be construed to treat all persons producing, handling, and importing Hass avocados fairly and to implement any order in an equitable manner.
- (c) Other Programs.—Nothing in this title may be construed to preempt or supersede any other program relating to Hass avocado promotion, research, industry information, and consumer information organized and operated under the laws of the United States or of a State.

SEC. 1213. REGULATIONS.

The Secretary may issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this title and the powers vested in the Secretary by this title, including regulations relating to the assessment of late payment charges and interest.

SEC. 1214. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such sums as are necessary to carry out this title.

(b) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—Funds appropriated under subsection (a) may not be used for the payment of the expenses or expenditures of the Board in administering a provision of an order

TITLE XIII—DEBT REDUCTION DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

GIFTS TO THE UNITED STATES FOR REDUCTION OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

For deposit of an additional amount for fiscal year 2001 into the account established under section 3113(d) of title 31, United States Code, to reduce the public debt, \$5,000,000,000.

This Act may be cited as the "Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001".

Following is explanatory language on H.R. 5426, as introduced on October 6, 2000.

The conferees on H.R. 4461 agree with the matter included in H.R. 5426 and enacted in this conference report by reference and the following description of it. This bill was developed through negotiations by the conferees on the differences in H.R. 4461. References in the following description to the "conference agreement" mean the matter included in the introduced bill enacted by this conference report.

CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTIVES

The statement of the managers remains silent on provisions that were in both the House and Senate bills that remain unchanged by this conference agreement, except as noted in this statement of the managers.

The conferees agree that executive branch wishes cannot substitute for Congress' own statements as to the best evidence of congressional intentions—that is, the official reports of the Congress. The conferees further point out that funds in this Act must be used for the purposes for which appropriated, as required by section 1301 of title 31 of the United States Code, which provides: "Appropriations shall be applied only to the objects for which the appropriations were made except as otherwise provided by law."

cept as otherwise provided by law."
The House and Senate report language that is not changed by the conference is approved by the committee of conference. The statement of the managers, while repeating some report language for emphasis, does not intend to negate the language referred to above unless expressly provided herein.

In cases in which the House or the Senate have directed the submission of a report, such report is to be submitted to both the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

TITLE I—AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS PRODUCTION, PROCESSING, AND MARKETING

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

The conference agreement provides \$2,914,000 for the Office of the Secretary instead of \$2,836,000 as proposed by the House and \$27,914,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conferees note that \$40,000,000 for the development and implementation of a common computing environment is provided under the heading "Common Computing Environment" instead of \$25,000,000 as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement does not adopt bill language as proposed by the Senate providing that funds for the development and implementation of a common computing environment shall be available only upon prior notice to the Committees on Appropriations.

The conference agreement does not include House language permitting unobligated bal-

ances of representation funds in the Foreign Agricultural Service to be used for official reception and representation purposes.

The conferees direct the Secretary to provide to the Committees on Appropriations a detailed report of all USDA activities related to Hurricane Mitch recovery efforts in Central America. The report should specifically include, but not be limited to, a list of all agencies that participated in the efforts, the specific activities by each agency, the cost incurred by each agency, and the source of funding for these costs.

The Secretary of Agriculture is urged to use ethanol, biodiesel, and other alternative fuels to the maximum extent practicable in meeting the fuel needs of the Department of Agriculture.

As the Administration proceeds with implementing the 1998 Congressional amendments to the Clean Air Act, the conferees urge that it closely follow the legislative language defining the quarantine and preshipment exemption. The conferees also urge the Administration to work with stakeholders regarding methyl bromide availability for critical post-harvest uses.

EXECUTIVE OPERATIONS

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ECONOMIST

The conference agreement provides \$7,462,000 for the Office of the Chief Economist as proposed by the Senate instead of \$6,408,000 as proposed by the House.

NATIONAL APPEALS DIVISION

The conference agreement provides \$12,421,000 for the National Appeals Division (NAD) as proposed by the Senate instead of \$11,718,000 as proposed by the House.

The conferees direct that the Director of NAD track and make available information about Director Review Determinations that are made in favor of the Department and those that are made in favor of the producer, and that NAD make this information available to the public, and submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations no later than February 1, 2001, as proposed by the House.

OFFICE OF BUDGET AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS

The conference agreement provides \$6,765,000 for the Office of Budget and Program Analysis as proposed by the Senate instead of \$6,581,000 as proposed by the House.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

The conference agreement provides \$10,051,000 for the Office of the Chief Information Officer as proposed by the House instead of \$10,046,000 as proposed by the Senate. This includes the following increases from the fiscal year 2000 level: \$1,392,000 for a central cyber security program; \$1,280,000 to strengthen the information risk management program; \$1,116,000 for an information and telecommunications security architecture; and \$217,000 for pay costs.

The conferees direct the Chief Information Officer to keep the Committees updated on a quarterly basis as the information security programs are implemented.

COMMON COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT

The conference agreement provides \$40,000,000 in a separate account for the Common Computing Environment instead of \$25,000,000 as proposed by the House.

The conferees note that incorporating geographic information systems technology and the use of geospatial information are important components of the Common Computing Environment.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The conference agreement provides \$5,171,000 for the Office of the Chief Financial Officer as proposed by the Senate instead of \$4,783,000 as proposed by the House.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$629,000 for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for

Administration as proposed by the Senate instead of \$613,000 as proposed by the House. AGRICULTURE BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES AND RENTAL PAYMENTS

conference agreement provides \$182,747,000 for Agriculture Buildings and Facilities and Rental Payments as proposed by the Senate instead of \$150,343,000 as proposed by the House.

The conferees expect that the five percent transfer authority will be proposed when a move into General Services Administration (GSA) space is vacated in favor of commercial space. The report further notes that this flexibility is provided to allow for incremental changes in the amount of GSA space, and is not intended to finance changes in GSA billing.

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

provides conference agreement \$36,010,000 for Departmental Administration instead of \$34,708,000 as proposed by the House and \$36,840,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement reflects the transfer of \$177,000 in FY 2000 for accounting support services from Departmental Administration to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, and increases of \$979,000 for pay costs and \$500,000 for alternative dispute resolution.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR CONGRESSIONAL RELATIONS

conference agreement \$3,568,000 for the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations as proposed by the House and the Senate. The conference agreement allows funds to be transferred to the agencies, but does not prescribe the amount of funds to be transferred. The conferees direct the Department, within 30 days of enactment, to notify the Committees on the allocation of these funds, including an explanation for any agency-by-agency distribution of these funds

OFFICE OF COMMUNICATIONS

provides conference agreement \$8,623,000 for the Office of Communications instead of \$8,138,000 as proposed by the House and \$8,873,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement includes the increase requested for pay costs and \$250,000 for electronic access to information.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

provides The conference agreement \$68,867,000 for the Office of the Inspector General instead of \$66,867,000 as proposed by the Senate and \$65,097,000 as proposed by the House

conference includes The agreement \$2,000,000 for oversight and audit activities involving the more than \$16 billion provided in emergency agricultural assistance in fiscal years 1999 and 2000. The conferees want to ensure the Inspector General's office has resources to carry out its oversight activities with respect to these funds.

The conferees do not agree to language proposed by the Senate directing the Inspector General to investigate whether National Appeals Division decisions overwhelmingly favor the Department. The conference agreement addresses this issue under the National Appeals Division account.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

conference agreement provides \$31,080,000 for the Office of the General Counsel as proposed by the Senate instead of \$29,194,000 as proposed by the House.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR RESEARCH. EDUCATION AND ECONOMICS

The conference agreement provides \$556,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Research, Education and Economics as pro-

posed by the Senate instead of \$540,000 as proposed by the House.

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

provides conference agreement \$67,038,000 for the Economic Research Service as proposed by the Senate instead of \$66,419,000 as proposed by the House. Included in this amount is \$12,195,000 for USDA food assistance program studies and evaluations, of which \$1,000,000 is transferred to the Food Program Administration account of the Food and Nutrition Service as proposed by the Senate

Of the \$1,000,000 to be transferred to the Food and Nutrition Service for studies and evaluations, \$500,000 is to be made available for a study on the decline in participation in the food stamp program. The FNS study on this issue is to be completed by the Food and Nutrition Service within 180 days of enactment of this Act

The conferees note that the USDA released a study in June. 2000, on this same issue. In addition, the USDA has contracted out for a broader, more in-depth study of food stamp program access and declining food stamp participation. The conferees are concerned that the studies to date neither accounted for a large segment of the participation decline, nor did they fully account for the corresponding rise in demand among community food banks. The Department is encouraged to develop the ongoing study in a manner to answer these questions.

The conferees direct the Economic Research Service to provide an interim report, by April 15, 2001, on the number of suppliers of infant formula in each state or major marketing area, and to compare the cost of formula that is included in the WIC rebate program versus the cost of formula that is not in the WIC rebate program. The conferees expect a final report by August 31, 2001.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

conference agreement provides The \$100,772,000 for the National Agricultural Statistics Service instead of \$100.851.000 as proposed by the House and \$100,615,000 as proposed by the Senate. This amount includes \$159,000 to develop and implement a bi-weekly cream/milkfat price survey to benefit all segments of the dairy industry.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

conference agreement provides \$898,812,000 for the Agricultural Research Service instead of \$843,584,000 as proposed by the House and \$871,593,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement approves all directives and provides funding for all research and related costs, as specified in the House and Senate reports accompanying the fiscal year 2001 appropriations bill. Where increased funding is provided by both the House and Senate for the same research activity, the conference agreement provides funding at the higher level.

The conferees are aware that USDA is considering the relocation of ARS scientists from the Shafter Cotton Research Station, CA. The conferees are concerned that this relocation will reduce the level of resources for cotton research conducted at the station. The conference agreement provides continued funding at the fiscal year 2000 level for this research and directs that no action be taken to shift funds or staffing resources from Shafter without the prior approval of the Committees on Appropriations of both Houses of Congress.

The conferees recognize that ARS, Stoneville, MS, should be properly credited with the development of a catfish line (USDA 103) with improved growth characteristics. The Stoneville Unit has also developed the first

channel catfish detailed genetic linkage

Increased funding provided by the conference agreement for endophyte research, as recommended by the House, is to be divided equally among the participating institutions (University of Arkansas, University of Mis-

souri, and Oregon State University).

Increased funding provided by the conference agreement for chicken genome mapping, as recommended by the House, is to be carried out at the Avian Disease Oncology Laboratory, currently located in East Lansing, Michigan.

The conferees encourage the Department to carry out glassy-winged sharpshooter and Pierce's disease research at Parlier, CA.

The conferees expect the Department to ensure that funds provided to the Yakima Agricultural Research Laboratory intended for potato research are fully utilized for potato research.

The conferees concur with House report language regarding increased funding, as recommended by both the House and Senate, for potato research at Prosser, WA.

Increased funding provided by the conference agreement for mosquito trapping research and West Nile virus, as recommended by the House, is to be utilized for cooperative research with the State of Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station for research that focuses on the West Nile virus crisis. These resources will allow the experiment station to enhance its on-going efforts to control and eradicate this infectious disease

Within the increased funding provided by the conference agreement for soil tilth research, as recommended by the House, \$350,000 is to be utilized for carbon cycle research focusing on the corn-soybean rota-

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The conference agreement provides \$74,200,000 for Agricultural Research Service, Building and Facilities instead of \$39,300,000 as proposed by the House and \$56,330,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The following table reflects the conference

The following table reflects t	he conference
agreement:	
Arizona: Water Conserva-	
tion and Western Cotton	
Laboratory, Maricopa	\$5,000,000
California: Western Re-	
gional Research Center,	
Albany	4,900,000
Albany District of Columbia: U.S.	
National Arboretum	3,330,000
Hawaii: U.S. Pacific Basin	
Agricultural Research	
Center, Hilo	5,000,000
Illinois: USDA Greenhouse	
Complex, Urbana	3,600,000
Iowa: National Animal Dis-	
ease Center, Ames	9,000,000
Kansas: U.S. Grain Mar-	
keting Research Labora-	
tory, Manhattan	3,500,000
Maine: Northeast Marine	
Cold Water Aquaculture	
Research Center, Orono.	2,500,000
Maryland:	
Human Nutrition Re-	
search Center, Belts-	40.000.000
ville	13,300,000
National Agricultural Li-	1 770 000
brary, Beltsville	1,770,000
Mississippi: Insect Rearing	5,000,000
Facility, Stoneville Montana: Fort Keogh Lab-	3,000,000
oratory, Miles City	5,300,000
New York: Plum Island	3,300,000
Animal Disease Center,	
Greenport	7,000,000
Utah: Poisonous Plant	7,000,000
Laboratory, Logan	5,000,090
Laboratory, Logan	3,000,030

Total

\$74,200,000

The conferees are aware that the Agriculture Research Station and the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service are developing a Master Plan to construct new and expanded facilities at Ames, Iowa. The conferees direct the Secretary of Agriculture to assess the scope of and need for this project based on the research and regulatory requirements of the Department, and the relationship between this project and existing capabilities available to the Department. The Office of the Secretary of Agriculture is directed to submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations by March 1, 2001 that will include this assessment as well as current estimates of full costs and the proposed construction schedule for this project. Of the funds appropriated no more than \$2,000,000 will be expended prior to March 30, 2001. The Department will not commit additional funds on any of the components of this project after that date unless the report finds that the construction of the component is found to be appropriate.

COOPERATIVE STATE RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND EXTENSION SERVICE

RESEARCH AND EDUCATION ACTIVITIES

The conference agreement provides \$506,193,000 for research and education activities instead of \$481,551,000 as proposed by the House and \$494,044,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The following table reflects the conference agreement:

Research and education activities (In thousands of dollars)

	Conference
	Agreement
Payments under the Hatch Act Cooperative Forestry Research	\$180,545
(McIntire-Stennis) Payments to 1890 Colleges and	21,932
Tuskegee University	32,676
Special Research Grants (Public	
Law 89-106):	
Advanced genetic technologies	477
(KY)Advanced spatial technologies	475
(MS)	1,000
Aegilons cylindricum (WA)	360
Aflatoxin (IL)	131
Aflatoxin (IL) Agricultural diversification (HI) Agricultural diversity/Red	
(HI)	131
Agricultural diversity/Red	
River Trade Corridor (MN,ND)	
(MN,ND)	375
Agricultural telecommunications (NY)	425
Agriculture-based industrial lu-	423
bricants (IA)	350
Agriculture water usage (GA)	300
Agroecology (MD)	285
Alliance of food protection (GA,	200
NE)	300
Alternative crops (ND)	625
Alternative corps for arid lands	
(TX)	100
Alternative nutrient management (VT)	
ment (VT)	190
Alternative salmon products	
(AK)	645
Animal science food safety con-	1 005
Apple fine blight (ML NV)	1,635
sortium (AR, IA, KS)	500 238
Aquaculture (AIC)	446
Aquaculture (LA)	330
Aquaculture (LA)	592
Aquaculture (NC)	300
Aquaculture (VA)	100
Aquaculture (NC) Aquaculture (VA) Aquaculture (WA)	285
Aguaculture Product and Mar-	
keting Development (WV)	750
Asparagus technology and pro-	
duction (WA)	225

	Conference		Conference
Babcock Institute (WI)	Agreement 600	Improved dairy management	Agreement
Beef technology transfer (MO)	285	practices (PA)	398
Biobased technology (MI)	285	Improved early detection of	100
Bioinformatics (VA) Biomass-based energy research	475	crop disease (NC)Improved fruit practices (MI)	198 445
(OK, MS)	902	Infectious disease research (CO)	300
Biotechnology (NC)	285	Institute for Food Science &	4.070
Blocking anhydrous meth- amphetamine production (IA)	248	Engineering (AR) Integrated production systems	1,250
Bovine Tuberculosis (MI)	325	(OK)	180
Brucellosis vaccine (MT)	496	Intelligent quality sensor for	
Center for animal health & productivity (PA)	113	food safety (ND) International arid lands consor-	142
Center for Rural Studies (VT)	200	tium	495
Chesapeake Bay agroecology		Iowa Biotechnology Consor-	
(MD)	175	tium	1,564
Chesapeake Bay aquaculture Citrus canker (FL)	392 4,750	Livestock and dairy policy (NY, TX)	570
Citrus tristeza	742	Lowbush blueberry research	0.0
Competitiveness of agriculture	000	(ME)	260
products (WA) Cool season legume research	680	Maple research (VT) Meadowfoam (OR)	119 300
(ID, WA)	329	Michigan biotechnology consor-	300
Cranberry/blueberry (MA)	175	tium	725
Cranberry/blueberry disease	220	Midwest Advanced Food Manu-	462
and breeding (NJ) Dairy and meat goat research	220	facturing Alliance Midwest agricultural products	402
(TX)	63	(IA)	646
Dairy farm profitability (PA)	285	Milk safety (PA)	375
Delta rural revitalization (MS) Designing foods for health (TX)	205 563	Minor use animal drugs Molluscan shellfish (OR)	550 400
Diaprepes/root weevil (FL)	395	Multi-commodity research (OR)	364
Drought mitigation (NE)	200	Multi-cropping strategies for	
Ecosystems (AL)	500	aquaculture (HI)	127
Efficient irrigation (NM, TX) Environmental biotechnology	1,188	National beef cattle genetic evaluation consortium (NY)	285
(RI)	190	National biological impact as-	203
Environmental horticulture		sessment	254
(FL)	285	Nematode resistance genetic	107
Environmental research (NY) Environmental risk factors/can-	400	engineering (NM) Nevada arid rangelands initia-	127
cer (NY)	227	tive (NV)	300
Environmentally-safe products		New crop opportunities (AK)	496
(VT)	$\frac{246}{1,250}$	New crop opportunities (KY)	725
Exotic pest diseases (CA) Expanded wheat pasture (OK)	293	Non-food uses of agricultural products (NE)	64
Farm injuries and illnesses		Nursery, greenhouse, and turf	01
(NC)	285	specialities (AL)	285
Feed barley for rangeland cat- tle (MT)	694	Oil resources from desert plants (NM)	175
Fish and shellfish technologies	001	Organic waste utilization (NM)	100
(VA)	475	Pasture and forage research	
Floriculture (HI)	250	(UT)	250
Food and Agriculture Policy Research Institute (IA, MO)	950	Peach tree short life (SC) Peanut allergy reduction (AL)	179 500
Food irradiation (IA)	225	Pest control alternatives (SC)	117
Food Marketing Policy Center		Phytophthora root rot (NM)	138
(CT) Food processing center (NE)	495 42	Pierce's disease (CA)	1,900
Food quality (AK)	350	Plant, drought, and disease resistance gene cataloging (NM)	250
Food safety (AL)	521	Potato research	1,450
Food safety research consor-	007	Precision agriculture (KY)	750
tium (NY)Food Systems Research Group	285	Preharvest food safety (KS) Preservation and processing re-	212
(WI)	500	search (OK)	226
Forages for advancing livestock		Produce pricing (AZ)	76
production (KY)	375	Protein utilization (IA)	190
Forestry (AR)Fruit and vegetable market	523	Rangeland ecosystems (NM) Red snapper research (AL)	300 725
analysis (AZ, MO)	348	Regional barley gene mapping	.20
Generic commodity pro-		project	588
motions, research and evalua-	198	Regionalized implications of	20.4
tion (NY)Global change/ultraviolet radi-	130	farm programs (MO, TX) Rice Modeling (AR)	294 296
ation	1,434	Rural Development Centers	
Grain sorghum (KS)	106	(PA, IA, ND, MS, OR, LA)	523
Grass seed cropping systems for sustainable agriculture (ID,		Rural Policies Research Institute (NE, IA, MO)	822
OR, WA)	423	Russian wheat aphid (CO)	250
Human nutrition (IA)	473	Safe vegetable production (GA)	285
Human nutrition (LA)	752	Satsuma orange research (AL)	475
Human nutrition (NY) Hydroponic tomato production	622	Sclerotina disease research (MN)	238
(OH)	100	Seafood and acquaculture har-	430
Illinois-Missouri Alliance for		vesting, processing, and mar-	
Biotechnology	1,242	keting (MS)	305

Conference NATIVE AMERICAN INSTITUTIONS ENDOWMENT

Conference

	Conference Agreement		Conference Agreement	NATIVE AMERICAN INSTITUTIO	ONS ENDOWMENT
Seafood harvesting, processing,	Agreement	Agriculture waste utilization	Agreement	FUND	
and marketing (AK)	1,168	(WV)	496	The conference agrees \$7,100,000 for the Native Ar	
Seafood safety (MA)	278	Agriculture water policy (GA)	366	tions Endowment Fund as p	
Small fruit research (OR, WA,	205	Alternative fuels characteriza-		the House and the Senate,	
ID)	325	tion laboratory (ND)	259	corrections as proposed by th	
Southwest consortium for plant genetics and water resources	369	Animal waste management	977	EXTENSION ACTIVI	TIES
Soybean cyst nematode (MO)	600	(OK)	275 591	The conference agrees	_
STEEP-water quality in the	000	Biotechnology (MS) Center for Agricultural and	391	\$433,429,000 for extension acti	
Pacific Northwest	500	Rural Development (IA)	428	\$431,540,000 as proposed by	
Sustainable agriculture (CA)	393	Center for innovative food tech-	120	\$427,380,000 as proposed by the	
Sustainable agriculture (MI)	445	nology (OH)	761	The following table reflect	s the conference
Sustainable agriculture and natural resources (PA)	100	Center for North American		agreement:	
Sustainable agriculture sys-	100	Studies (TX)	87	Extension Activi	ties
tems (NE)	59	Climate change research (FL)	170	[In thousands of do	
Sustainable agriculture beef		Cotton research (TX)	500	(Conference
supply (MT)	744	Data Information system	2,125 1,025		agreement
Sustainable pest management	400	Geographic information system Germplasm development in for-	1,023	Smith-Lever sections 3(b)	agreement
for dryland wheat (MT)	462 500	age grasses (OH)	100	and (c)	\$276,548
Swine waste management (NC) Technological development of	300	Livestock marketing informa-		Smith-Lever section 3(d):	
renewable resources (MO)	285	tion center (CO)	185	Farm safety	4,000
Tillage silviculture, waste man-		Mariculture (NC)	325	Food and nutrition edu-	E0 00E
agement (LA)	212	Mississippi Valley State Uni-		cation Indian reservation agents	58,695 2,000
Tomato wilt virus (GA)	250	versity	647	Pesticide applicator	2,000
Tropical aquaculture (FL) Tropical and subtropical re-	198	National Center for Peanut	400	training	0
search/T STAR	3,862	Competitiveness (GA) Office of Extramural Programs	400 449	Pest management	10,783
Turkey carna virus (IN)	200	Pay costs and FERS	1,100	Rural development cen-	
Value-added product develop-		Peer panels	350	ters	908
ment from agricultural re-		PM-10 air quality study (WA)	436	Sustainable agriculture	3,800
sources (MT)	332	Precision agriculture/		Youth at risk Youth farm safety edu-	8,500
Value-added products (IL) Vidalia onions (GA)	95 250	Geospatial Training and Ap-		cation and certifi-	
Viticulture consortium (NY,	230	plication Center (AL)	587	cation	500
CA, PA)	1,500	Precision agriculture/Tennessee		Renewable Resources Ex-	
Water conservation (KS)	79	Valley Research and Extension Center (AL)	147	tension Act	3,192
Weed control (ND)	436	Shrimp aquaculture (AZ, HI,	147	1890 Colleges & Tuskegee	
Wetland plants (LA)	600	MA, MS, SC, TX)	4,177	University	28,243
Wheat genetic research (KS) Wheat sawfly research (MT)	261 332	Sustainable agriculture devel-	-,	1890 facilities grants Rural health and safety	12,200
Wood utilization (AK, ID, ME,	332	opment (OH)	475	education	2,628
MI, MN, MS, NC, OR, TN)	5,786	Urban silviculture (NY)	238	Extension services at the	2,020
III. 1	300	Water quality (IL)	349		0.000
Wool research (TX, MT, WY)	300			1994 institutions	3,280
_		Water quality (ND)	395	_	
Subtotal, Special Grants	85,669			1994 institutions Subtotal	415,277
Subtotal, Special Grants		Water quality (ND)	395	Subtotal=	
_		Water quality (ND)	395 142	Subtotal= Federal administration:	
Subtotal, Special Grants = Improved pest control:	85,669	Water quality (ND)	395	Subtotal= Federal administration: After-school program	415,277
Subtotal, Special Grants = Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system	85,669 200 177	Water quality (ND)	395 142	Subtotal= Federal administration: After-school program (CA)	
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management	85,669	Water quality (ND)	395 142	Subtotal= Federal administration: After-school program	415,277
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system	200 177 2,731	Water quality (ND)	395 142 18,149 \$506,193	Subtotal = Federal administration: After-school program (CA)	415,277
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management	85,669 200 177	Water quality (ND)	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000	Subtotal = Federal administration: After-school program (CA)	399 452 197
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623	Water quality (ND)	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for	Subtotal ====================================	415,277 399 452
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623	Water quality (ND)	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants.	Subtotal ====================================	399 452 197 238
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement includ for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623	Water quality (ND)	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment	Subtotal ====================================	399 452 197 238
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721	Water quality (ND)	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Sinational velopment gricultural	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623	Water quality (ND)	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment tricultural enses'' ac-	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement include for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I Agricultural Research and De (BARD) is included under the "Ag Research Service, Salaries and Exp count, which provides \$400,000 as pr	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 fraloe and plants. Binational velopment gricultural enses' accoposed by	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433)	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109	Water quality (ND)	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 ,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment fricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433) Alternative crops	85,669 200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement includ for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I Agricultural Research and Dev (BARD) is included under the "Ag Research Service, Salaries and Exp count, which provides \$400,000 as pthe Senate instead of \$400,000 under the Senate instead of \$400,000 under	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 ,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment fricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433) Alternative crops Critical Agricultural Materials	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement include for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I Agricultural Research and Dev (BARD) is included under the "Ag Research Service, Salaries and Exp count, which provides \$400,000 as provides the Senate instead of \$400,000 under Research and Education Activities posed by the House. The conference agreement	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment ericultural enses' accoposed by r CSREES es as proprovides	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433) Alternative crops Critical Agricultural Materials Act	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement includ for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I Agricultural Research and De (BARD) is included under the "Ag Research Service, Salaries and Exp count, which provides \$400,000 as provides \$400,000 under Research and Education Activities posed by the House. The conference agreement \$106,000,000 for the National Research	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment gricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides rch Initia-	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433) Alternative crops Critical Agricultural Materials Act	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800 640	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement includ for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I Agricultural Research and Dev (BARD) is included under the "Ag Research Service, Salaries and Exp count, which provides \$400,000 as provides \$40	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 ,0000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment gricultural enses'' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides rich Initia-preakdown	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100 1,320
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433) Alternative crops Critical Agricultural Materials Act	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement includ for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I Agricultural Research and De (BARD) is included under the "Ag Research Service, Salaries and Exp count, which provides \$400,000 as prediction to the senate instead of \$400,000 under Research and Education Activities posed by the House. The conference agreement \$106,000,000 for the National Researtive (NRI), without specifying the bof funds to support the "high prediction in the support the "high prediction is not to support the "high prediction in the support the "high prediction in the support the "high prediction is not support the "high prediction in the support the "high prediction is not support	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. 3inational velopment gricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides rech Initia-preakdown riority re-	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800 640 1,000 4,350 3,000	Water quality (ND)	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment gricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides rech Initia-preakdown riority re-C. 450i(b).	Subtotal	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100 1,320
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Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433) Alternative crops Critical Agricultural Materials Act 1994 Institutions research program Institution challenge grants Graduate fellowships grants Multicultural scholars program Hispanic education partnership grants	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800 640 1,000 4,350 3,000 1,000 3,500	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement include for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I Agricultural Research and Dee (BARD) is included under the "Ag Research Service, Salaries and Exp count, which provides \$400,000 as provided the search and Education Activities posed by the House. The conference agreement \$106,000,000 for the National Research (NRI), without specifying the forfunds to support the "high presearch" areas authorized by 7 U.S. However, the confereese direct that of this amount, the full request made available to support the Food Safety Initiative. The conferencourage a fair distribution of restween research on animal systems.	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment gricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides rehaldown riority re-ic. 450i(b). \$20,788,000 level, be bresident's erees also ources be-	Federal administration: After-school program (CA)	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100 1,320 285
Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433) Alternative crops Critical Agricultural Materials Act 1994 Institutions research program Institution challenge grants Multicultural scholars program Multicultural scholars program Hispanic education partnership grants Capacity building grants (1890 Institutions) Payments to the 1994 Institutions Alaska Native serving and Native	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800 640 1,000 4,350 3,000 1,000 3,500 9,500	Water quality (ND) Wetland plants (WV) Wetland plants (WV) Subtotal, Federal Administration Total, Research and Education Activities The conference agreement includ for alternative crops, of which \$600 canola and \$200,000 is for hespe other natural products from desert The conference agreement for I Agricultural Research and Det (BARD) is included under the "Ag Research Service, Salaries and Exp count, which provides \$400,000 under Research and Education Activitie posed by the House. The conference agreement \$106,000,000 for the National Researtive (NRI), without specifying the bof funds to support the "high pr search" areas authorized by 7 U.S. However, the conferees direct that of this amount, the full request made available to support the Food Safety Initiative. The conferencourage a fair distribution of restween research on animal systplants.	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment gricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides rch Initia-preakdown riority re- C. 450i(b). \$20,788,000 level, be president's erees also ources betems and	Federal administration: After-school program (CA) Ag in the Classroom Beef producers improvement (AR) Botanical garden initiative (IL) Conservation technology transfer (WI) Dairy education (IA) Delta Teachers Academy Diabetes detection, prevention (WA) Efficient irrigation (NM/ TX) Extension specialist (MS) Family farm beef industry network (OH) Food animal residue avoidance database/ FARAD Food Electronically and Effectively Distributed (FEED) demonstration project (OR) Income enhancement demonstration (OH) Integrated cow/calf management (IA)	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100 1,320 285
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Subtotal, Special Grants Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433)	85,669 200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800 640 1,000 4,350 3,000 1,000 3,500 9,500 1,552 3,000	Water quality (ND)	395 142 18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. Binational velopment gricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides and rority re- C. 450i(b). \$20,788,000 level, be resident's erees also ources betems and GREES infonal Pro-	Federal administration: After-school program (CA)	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100 1,320 285
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Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system	85,669 200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800 640 1,000 4,350 3,000 1,000 3,500 9,500 1,552 3,000 800 9,250 4,000	Water quality (ND)	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. 3inational velopment gricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides rich Initia-preakdown riority re-C. 450i(b). \$20,788,000 level, be resident's erees also ources betems and GREES in-onal Propering, values intend f the posinning edudicility to be commu-	Federal administration: After-school program (CA) Ag in the Classroom Beef producers improvement (AR) Botanical garden initiative (IL) Conservation technology transfer (WI) Dairy education (IA) Delta Teachers Academy Diabetes detection, prevention (WA) Efficient irrigation (NM/ TX) Extension specialist (MS) Family farm beef industry network (OH) Food animal residue avoidance database/FARAD Food Electronically and Effectively Distributed (FEED) demonstration project (OR) Income enhancement demonstration (OH) Integrated cow/calf management (IA) National Center for Agriculture Safety (IA) Pilot technology transfer (WI) Pilot technology transfer (OK, MS) Potato pest management (WI)	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100 1,320 285 167 246 285 195 163 326
Improved pest control: Emerging pests/critical issues Expert IPM decision support system Integrated pest management IR-4 minor crop pest management Pest management alternatives Subtotal, Improved pest control National Research Initiative (NRI) Competitive Grants Animal health and disease (sec. 1433) Alternative crops Critical Agricultural Materials Act Institution challenge grants Graduate fellowships grants Multicultural scholars program Hispanic education partnership grants Capacity building grants (1890 Institutions) Payments to the 1994 Institutions Alaska Native serving and Native Hawaiian-serving Institutions education grants Secondary agriculture education Sustainable agriculture research and education/SARE Aquaculture centers (sec. 1475)	200 177 2,731 8,990 1,623 13,721 106,000 5,109 800 640 1,000 4,350 3,000 1,000 3,500 9,500 1,552 3,000 9,250 4,000	Water quality (ND)	18,149 \$506,193 es \$800,000 0,000 is for raloe and plants. 3inational velopment gricultural enses' acroposed by r CSREES es as proprovides rich Initia-preakdown riority re-C. 450i(b). \$20,788,000 level, be resident's erees also ources betems and GREES in-onal Propering, values intend f the posinning edudicility to be commu-	Federal administration: After-school program (CA) Ag in the Classroom Beef producers improvement (AR) Botanical garden initiative (IL) Conservation technology transfer (WI) Dairy education (IA) Delta Teachers Academy Diabetes detection, prevention (WA) Efficient irrigation (NM/ TX) Extension specialist (MS) Family farm beef industry network (OH) Food animal residue avoidance database/ FARAD Food Electronically and Effectively Distributed (FEED) demonstration project (OR) Income enhancement demonstration (OH) Integrated cow/calf management (IA) National Center for Agriculture Safety (IA) Pilot technology transfer (WI) Potato pest management (WI)	399 452 197 238 475 238 3,500 926 1,900 100 1,320 285 167 246 285 195 163 326

	Conference
	agreement
Rural development (AK)	618
Rural development (NM)	280
Rural rehabilitation (GA)	246
Vocational agriculture	
(OK)	276
Wood biomass as an al-	
ternative farm product	
(NY)	197
General administration	
and pay	4,736
Total. Federal Admin-	
istration	18,152
=	

includes The conference agreement \$4,000,000 for farm safety, of which \$2,800,000 is for the AgrAbility project.

\$433,429

Total, Extension Ac-

tivities

INTEGRATED ACTIVITIES

The conference agreement provides \$41,941,000 for integrated activities instead of \$39,541,000 as proposed by the House and \$43,365,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The following table reflects the conference agreement:

Integrated Activities Account [In thousands of dollars]

Integrated Research, Education and Extension Competitive Grants Program:	Conference agreement
Water Quality	\$13,000
Food Safety	15,000
Pesticide Impact Assess-	
ment	4,541
Crops at Risk From	
FQPA Implementation	1,500
FQPA Risk Mitigation	
Program for Major	
Food Crop Systems	4,900
Methyl Bromide Transi-	
tion Program	2,500
Organic Transition Pro-	
gram	500
Total, Integrated Ac-	
tivities	41,941

The conferees direct the Department to continue funding for the Farm*A*Syst program at no less than the fiscal year 1999 level, and encourage the Department to give consideration to \$4,000,000 for this program within the funds provided for water quality.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR MARKETING AND REGULATORY PROGRAMS

The conference agreement provides \$635,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Marketing and Regulatory Programs as proposed by the Senate instead of \$618,000 as proposed by the House.

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

conference agreement provides \$530,564,000 for the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) instead of \$469,985,000 as proposed by the House and \$458,149,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement does not include the House bill language "reduced by \$15,510."

The conference agreement includes language permitting up to \$1,000,000 for wildlife services methods development pilot projects for wildlife predation of livestock.

The conference agreement includes an additional \$59,400,000 for boll weevil eradication program as proposed by the Senate in Divi-

The conferees direct the agency not to deduct administrative and overhead expenses

from the additional funding provided for boll weevil eradication. The conferees support the producer-governed Boll Weevil Action Committee's unanimously approved plan for allocation of the emergency and regular funding for eradication zones active as of December 1, 2000. The conferees understand the plan provides for distribution of funds on a pro-rata basis with exceptions to address special funding requirements arising from extraordinary circumstances in Oklahoma, Mississippi and possibly Tennessee.

The conferees are concerned about the need for more control of rabies. The conferees direct the Secretary of Agriculture to issue a declaration of emergency with regard to rabies in West Virginia, Ohio, Vermont, New Hampshire, New York, Pennsylvania, and Texas, and to provide an additional \$4,100,000 above the fiscal year 2000 level for control efforts by the Animal and Plant Health Service (APHIS), Wildlife Services. Of this amount, not less than \$1,300,000 is to be directed toward cooperative rabies control in West Virginia.

The following table reflects the conference agreement:

[In thousands of dollars]

Conference agreement Pest and Disease Exclusion: Agricultural quarantine \$38,970 inspection User fees 85,000 Subtotal, Agricultural Quarantine Inspection 123,970 Cattle ticks 5,276 Foot-and-mouth disease 3.803 Import/export 7.025 Sanitary/phytosanitary 8,205 management Fruit fly exclusion and detection 32 610 Screwworm 30.375 Tropical bont tick 407 Total, Pest and Disease Exclusion 211,671 Plant and Animal Health Monitoring: health Animal monitoring and surveillance 68,653 Animal and plant health regulatory enforcement 6.263 Emergency Management 2 997 System Pest detection 6,729 Total. Plant and Animal Health Monitoring 84,642 Pest and Disease Management Programs: Aquaculture 920 Biocontrol 8,318 Boll weevil 79.157 Brucellosis eradication ... 9,943 Emerging plant pests 3,533 Golden nematode 580 Gypsy moth 4,417 Imported fire ant 2,100 Noxious weeds 1.124 Pink bollworm 1.548 4,039 Pseudorabies Scrapie eradication 3.024 Tuberculosis 5.474 Wildlife services oper-36,781 ations Witchweed 1,506 Total, Pest and Disease Management 162,464 Animal Care: Animal welfare 12,167

Conference agreement 398	Horse protection
12,565	Total, Animal Care
	Scientific and Technical Services:
10,021	Biotechnology/environ- mental protection Integrated systems ac-
1,000	quisition project Plant methods develop-
4.806	ment laboratories
10,751	Veterinary biologics
17,514	Veterinary diagnostics
11,025	Wildlife Services methods development
55,117	Total, Scientific and Technical Services
4,105 0	Contingency fundInvasive species
4,105	Total, Contingency Fund and Invasive Spe- cies
530,564	Total, Salaries and Expenses

The conference agreement provides \$625,000for a cooperative agreement with Georgia Wildlife Services and the University of Georgia to conduct research on and control of game bird predation in Georgia.

The conference agreement provides an increase of \$1,000,000 above the fiscal year 2000 level for predator control programs for livestock operators in Montana, Idaho and Wyoming.

The conference agreement provides \$50,000 to begin studies in order to better understand the effect of American white pelicans and their associated ecology on the aquaculture industry in the Mid-south.

The conferees are aware that the General Accounting Office has been asked to provide an analysis of the likely impact of an extension of the Andean Trade Preferences Act on imports of Peruvian asparagus within six months of the date of enactment of this Act. The conferees support this request and note the importance of completion of the study by the date requested.

The conferees urge the use of the VAC-TRAC Verification System (VTVS) through Artificial Intelligence networking in the establishment of the permanent animal identification system in the United States. The VTVS will possibly help enforce APHIS' port of entry agricultural quarantine program and assure the safety and efficacy of veteribiological and agricultural technology products overseen by APHIS.

The conference agreement includes an increase of \$1,000,000 above the fiscal year 2000 level for aviation operations and safety.

The conference agreement includes an increase of \$2,000,000 above the fiscal year 2000 level for the shared responsibility with the states to conduct surveys, compliance monitoring, and enforcement responsibilities affiliated with the fire ant quarantine of nursery and greenhouse plants including control, management and eradication of the imported fire ant in New Mexico.

The conference agreement provides \$500,000 for research and evaluation of nicarbazin as a means of controlling goose and other avian populations and to increase airport safety.

The conference agreement does not adopt House report language regarding apportionment of funds by the Office of Management and Budget. The conferees direct the Department to notify the Committees on Appropriations when funds are released from the Commodity Credit Corporation for APHIS programs

The conference agreement provides \$920,000 for aquaculture including an increase of \$191,000 above the fiscal year 2000 level to continue the telemetry studies on depredating species of wildlife in the Southeast and to pay for cost increases. The conference agreement also includes \$100,000 to support a wildlife biologist at the Northwest Florida Aquaculture Farm in Blountstown, FL.

The conference agreement provides an increase of \$124,000 for the National Poultry Improvement Program.

The conferees emphasize that they expect the Secretary to continue to conduct a wildlife services program consistent with the program in place on the date of enactment of this Act. The Secretary is expected to take all actions deemed necessary and proper to protect agricultural resources, natural resources, property, and public health and safety on all lands with respect to injurious animals such as predators, rodents, birds, reptiles, and amphibians. The conferees also emphasize the importance to develop and implement methods that best promote and further utilize non-lethal means of control in order to sustain diversity of and reduce harm to native species, and realize savings and efficiencies among public agencies and those seeking agency assistance. The conferees expect the Secretary to continue cooperating with all parties interested in agency activities and to conduct such investigations, experiments, and tests as he may deem necessary and proper to determine, demonstrate, and promulgate the best methods of eliminating the threats posed by injurious animals in the most efficient and humane manner practicable. The conferees further expect the General Accounting Office to provide a report to the Appropriations Committees of the House and the Senate by November 30, 2001 on actions taken or planned by Wildlife Services to reduce the threats posed by injurious animals; the nature, severity, and harm resulting from such threats; specific costs and benefits of agency operations; and opportunities for developing effective non-lethal methods of control as evidenced by evaluations of actual agency activities on farms and ranches representative of client appeals for assistance and results.

The conference agreement provides an increase of \$50,000 above the fiscal year 2000 level for a cooperative agreement with Murray State University, Breathitt Veterinary Center, Hopkinsville, KY to determine the impact on animal health from common agricultural chemical usage.

The conference agreement provides an increase of \$2,370,000 above the fiscal year 2000 level for the emergency management systems program so the agency can respond to crises that threaten the economic health of the animal industry.

The conferees direct the agency to evaluate its authority and its resources for sufficiency to promote the safety of companion animals transported on commercial airlines. This study should include recommendations regarding any authority needed by the agency to improve animal safety on all commercial airlines.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The conference agreement provides \$9,870,000 for Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service Buildings and Facilities as proposed by the Senate instead of \$5,200,000 as proposed by the House.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

MARKETING SERVICES

The conference agreement provides \$65,335,000 for the Agricultural Marketing Service instead of \$56,326,000 as proposed by

the House and \$64,696,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement provides that \$639,000 shall be transferred for the National Organic Standards program only after promulgation of a final rule as proposed by the House. The total amount recommended includes: \$5,900,000 for the Livestock Mandatory Price Reporting Act of 1999 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$3,000,000 as proposed by the House; \$6,235,000 for the Microbiological Data program as proposed by the Senate; an increase of \$1,106,000 for the Pesticide Data program as proposed by the House instead of \$1,137,000 as proposed by the Senate; and an increase of \$31,000 for the Federal-State Marketing Improvement program as proposed by the House.

The conferees expect that, prior to implementation of the recommendations of the USDA Research and Promotion Task Force, the Agricultural Marketing Service will conduct a cost and benefit analysis of the recommendations of the USDA Research and Promotion Task Force, and report to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate on the cost implications to the affected commodity promotion boards.

The conferees place the highest emphasis on ensuring the safety of meals delivered through USDA's various feeding programs. The conferees direct that USDA will not preclude the use of any USDA-approved food safety technology in the preparation of food for its meal or nutrition programs.

PAYMENTS TO STATES AND POSSESSIONS

The conference agreement provides \$1,350,000 for the Payments to States and Possessions program instead of \$1,500,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,200,000 as proposed by the Senate.

GRAIN INSPECTION, PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$31,420,000 for the Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration instead of \$27,801,000 as proposed by the House and \$27,269,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement includes \$600,000 for the completion of a biotechnology facility.

The conferees direct the Secretary of Agriculture to conduct a comprehensive study on the issue of captive supply, and deliver a report by September 30, 2001. In particular, the Secretary is instructed to examine and report on whether or not the cattle that are procured pursuant to a captive supply arrangement by a packer's non-reporting subsidiary, affiliate and owners, officers and employees are being included in the percentages as captive supply. The report shall also include the reasons why GIPSA's annual "Packers and Stockyard Statistical Report" frequently reports a captive supply percentage much lower than the percentages reported by other entities.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FOOD SAFETY

The conference agreement provides \$460,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Food Safety as proposed by the Senate instead of \$446,000 as proposed by the House.

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

The conference agreement provides \$696,704,000 for the Food Safety and Inspection Service instead of \$673,790,000 as proposed by the House and \$678,011,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement includes \$591,258,000 for federal food inspection.

The conference agreement includes \$6,000,000 to be used to the extent approved by the Director of the Office of Management

and Budget to liquidate obligations incurred in previous years that violated the Antideficiency Act. The conferees expect the agency to take appropriate action to avoid violations of the Antideficiency Act from occurring again.

The conference agreement does not adopt Senate bill language providing that the appropriation shall not be available for shell egg surveillance under the Egg Products Inspection Act.

The conferees direct the agency to provide \$500,000 to the National Research Council for an evaluation, at the earliest date practicable, by the National Research Council of the role of scientifically determined criteria, including microbiological criteria, in the production and regulation of meat and poultry products and a report, including recommendations to the Secretary, to be prepared by the National Advisory Committee on Microbiological Criteria for Foods, no later that March 1, 2001, regarding microbiological performance standards, including the role of such standards as a means of assuring meat and poultry product safety, as well as such other considerations as the Committee deems appropriate. These activities should in no way delay the implementation of the HACCP inspection system or other food safety activities.

The conferees direct the agency to continue to provide the Quarterly Report on Budget Execution and Staffing to the Committees on Appropriations.

The conference agreement does not include language under this heading which permits FSIS to expend funds appropriated for FY 2001 to liquidate overobligations and overexpenditures incurred in previous fiscal years as proposed by the House.

The conferees note that the conference agreement provides for all mandatory pay cost increases and the full amount requested for the FSIS portion of the Food Safety Initiative

The conference agreement includes full funding for inspection costs and activities and \$2,039,000 for activities related to the Codex Alimentarius. The conferees note increased responsibilities for the agency regarding participation in the Codex Alimentarius. The conference agreement provides for not to exceed \$50,000 for representational expenses associated with Codex activities.

The conferees direct a report by March 1, 2001 on meat and poultry inspection regulations in place prior to publication of the Pathogen Reduction HACCP Rule.

Furthermore, the conferees, in supporting food safety regulations based upon the best available science, recognize the importance of the National Advisory Committee for Microbiological Criteria for Foods' (NACMF) chartered mission of providing impartial, scientific advice to Federal agencies on food safety matters. The conferees, therefore, direct that as part of Department of Health and Human Services and Department of Agriculture's ongoing rechartering of the NACMF, the Secretary of Agriculture and Secretary of Health and Human Services shall: (1) appoint a number of members consistent with scientific advisory committees utilized by agencies such as the Food and Drug Administration and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; (2) adhere strictly to applicable Federal conflict-of-interest requirements for Federal advisory committee membership; (3) report to the Committee on Appropriations and Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the U.S. Senate, the Committee on Appropriations and Committee on Agriculture in the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Secretaries of Agriculture and Health and Human Services on any conflicts of interest

of NACMF members involved in making recommendations to federal agencies, whether waived under applicable Federal law or not, and what those conflicts are.

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FARM AND FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

The conference agreement provides \$589,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services as proposed by the Senate instead of \$572,000 as proposed by the House.

FARM SERVICE AGENCY SALARIES AND EXPENSES

provides conference The agreement \$828,385,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Farm Service Agency (FSA), the same as proposed by the House, Senate and President's budget request. The conferees are concerned, however, that the budget request did not include a funding request sufficient to maintain FSA county office employees at the fiscal year 2000 level. Rural communities and agricultural producers rely heavily on the programs administered by the FSA county office employees during periods of economic decline. Since the economic crisis and FSA workload are not expected to decline in the near future, the conferees expect that future funding requests will fully support the workload needs of county office employees.

STATE MEDIATION GRANTS

The conferees are aware of outstanding issues regarding confidentiality of client information and auditing requirements necessary to maintain program integrity in the State Mediation Program. The conferees strongly encourage the relevant agencies to work cooperatively to balance those program interests and propose further reauthorization requirements as appropriate.

AGRICULTURAL CREDIT INSURANCE FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The following table reflects the conference agreement:

Form Ournovskin Loons	
Farm Ownership Loans:	(0070 000 000)
Guaranteed	(\$870,000,000)
Subsidy	4,437,000
Farm Operating Loans:	
Direct	(525,000,000)
Subsidy	47,355,000
Unsubsidized Guaranteed	(1,077,839,000)
Subsidy	14,770,000
Subsidized Guaranteed	(369, 902, 000)
Subsidy	30,185,000
Emergency Loans	(25,000,000)
Subsidy	6,133,000
Indian Tribe Land Acquisi-	
tion Loans	(2,006,000)
Subsidy	323,000

The conferees considered the estimated large carry over balances in the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund Program account in determining the fiscal year 2001 funding amounts. The estimated carry over balances and the conference agreement reflect at a minimum the President's budget request. In the case of emergency loans, the total amount available is \$292,802,000 with a subsidy of \$71,825,000, reflecting an increase of \$142,738,000 and \$35,014,000, respectively, over the President's request.

RISK MANAGEMENT AGENCY

The conference agreement provides \$65,597,000 for the Risk Management Agency (RMA) as proposed by the Senate instead of \$67,700,000 as proposed by the House.

The conferees recognize the importance of improved risk management tools for dairy farmers and expect the RMA to allow the participation of producers in the Dairy Options Pilot Program (DOPP) for more than one year. The complexities inherent in DOPP require a full understanding of all facets of the program rather than a mere introduction

to any benefits or problems. Accordingly, the Administrator of RMA is directed to report to the Appropriations Committees of the House and the Senate by January 2001 on agency compliance with this directive.

CORPORATIONS

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION FUND REIMBURSEMENT FOR NET REALIZED LOSSES

The conference agreement provides such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for net realized losses as proposed by the Senate instead of a limitation of \$27,771,007,000 as proposed by the House.

TITLE II—CONSERVATION PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT

The conference agreement provides \$711,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment as proposed by the Senate instead of no appropriation as proposed by the House.

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
CONSERVATION OPERATIONS

The conference agreement provides \$714,116,000 for Conservation Operations as proposed by the Senate instead of \$676,812,000 as proposed by the House. Included in this amount is not less than \$9,125,000 for operation and establishment of plant materials centers as proposed by the House instead of not less than \$9,975,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement provides \$2,000,000 for the Urban Resources Partnership program, the same amount as the budget request, of which \$1,000,000 is available only after promulgation of a final rule for the program.

The conference agreement includes language that makes \$204,000 available for the American Heritage Rivers program, the same amount as the budget request.

The conferees recognize the long-term nature of the technical assistance work associated with EQIP contracts and recommend that the technical assistance component be reimbursed, from the Commodity Credit Corporation, for all costs associated with new and existing contracts.

In addition to the items in the House and Senate reports that are not changed by the conference agreement, funding is included for the following items: fiscal year 2000 funding level for the National Water Management Center in Arkansas; \$290,000 to expand cooperative efforts with Delaware State University as proposed by the House instead of \$500,000 as proposed by the Senate; \$5,000,000 for pilot projects for technology systems resulting in nutrient reduction in Florida and North Carolina instead of \$1,600,000 as proposed by the House; \$525,000 for a cooperative agreement with the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission; \$750,000 for Hungry Canyon/Loess Hills erosion control instead of \$900,000 as proposed by the Senate; \$500,000 above the fiscal year 2000 funding level for Chesapeake Bay activities instead of \$1,000,000 as proposed by the Senate; \$250,000 for the Squirrel Branch drainage project in Mississippi instead of \$500,000 as proposed by the Senate; \$100,000 for a cooperative agreement for soil erosion and water quality analysis with Alcorn State University; \$150,000 for Tallahagga grade stabilization; no funds to implement Phase II for watershed work in Walton, New York instead of \$525,000 as proposed by the House; \$300,000 for a study to characterize land use change in cooperation with Clemson University instead of \$350,000 as proposed by the Senate; \$300,000 for Oregon Garden in Silverton instead of \$400,000 as proposed by the Senate; \$225,000 to test emerging alternative technology to re-

duce phosphorus loading into Lake Champlain instead of \$300,000 as proposed by the Senate; \$18,000,000 for the Grazing Lands Conservation Initiative as proposed by the House instead of \$17,000,000 as proposed by the Senate; \$725,000 for the Great Lakes Basin Program instead of \$700,000 as proposed by the House and \$750,000 as proposed by the Šenate; \$1,000,000 above the fiscal year 2000 level for the Wildlife Management Institute for developing and transferring fish and wildife technology to States and field offices; and an increase of \$14,060,000 above the fiscal year 2000 funding level for AFO/CAFO instead of \$8,660,000 above fiscal year 2000 as proposed by the House.

WATERSHED SURVEYS AND PLANNING

The conference agreement provides \$10,868,000 for Watershed Surveys and Planning as proposed by the House instead of \$10,705,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement includes language providing \$136,000 for American Heritage Rivers, the same amount as requested in the budget.

WATERSHED AND FLOOD PREVENTION OPERATIONS

The conference agreement provides \$99,443,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$83,423,000 as proposed by the House. The conference agreement includes \$15,000,000 for watersheds authorized under the Flood Control Act of 1936 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$12,000,000 as proposed by the House.

The conference report includes a provision that earmarks \$8,000,000 of the funds available for Emergency Watershed Protection activities for Mississippi, Wisconsin, New Mexico, and Ohio for financial and technical assistance for pilot rehabilitation projects.

The conference agreement includes funds for a study in cooperation with the town of Johnston, Rhode Island, on floodplain management for the Pocasset River.

In addition to the items in the House and Senate reports that are not changed by the conference agreement, the following item is included: funds for financial assistance to implement Phase II of a multi-year agreement between the NRCS and the Watershed Agricultural Council in Walton, New York including funds to monitor perpetual stewardship easements.

RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT

The conference agreement provides \$42,015,000 for Resource Conservation and Development instead of \$41,708,000 as proposed by the House and \$36,265,000 as proposed by the Senate.

FORESTRY INCENTIVES PROGRAM

The conference agreement provides \$6,325,000 for the Forestry Incentives Program as proposed by the Senate. The House bill provided no funds for this account.

TITLE III—RURAL ECONOMIC AND
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS
OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR RURAL
DEVELOPMENT

The conference agreement provides \$605,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Rural Development as proposed by the Senate instead of \$588,000 as proposed by the

The conferees expect the Department to give consideration to the following requests for assistance from rural development programs: rural business enterprise grants to the Lower Mississippi Delta Development Center in Memphis, TN, the Central Kentucky Growers in Georgetown, KY, the Warren County Port Commission in Vicksburg, MS, and the York (PA) Farmers' Market; assistance from community facilities grant and loan programs for construction of a Filipino community center in Waipahu in Honolulu County, HI; assistance from the distance

learning program to the Memphis Mid-south Telemedicine Network Initiative in Tennessee and an outreach program for e-commerce and a high school mentoring program at New Mexico State University; financial assistance to the Town of Newton, MA for upgrades to the sewer system to comply with Clean Water Act standards; funding for the Rockland County (NY) Cornell Cooperative Extension facility; financial assistance, including use of other federal funds to offset USDA loans, for new wastewater treatment facilities in Beach City, OH, and assistance to deal with the environmental health risk due to the quality of water in Browning and East Glacier, MT located on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation and assistance for a sanitary sewers project in Jerusalem Township, Lucas County, OH.

The conferees expect the Department to apply established review procedures when

considering applications.

The conferees direct the Department to fund the completion of a study by the National Ground Water Association that would identify and develop strategies to address economic, legal, technological, or public health issues that must be addressed prior to developing a publicly financed program to assist individual low and moderate income households to secure financing for the installation or refurbishing of individually owned

household water well systems.

The conferees recognize the urgent need to provide adequate medical care for the members of the Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians (the Tribe) and other eligible individuals residing in east central Mississippi including Attala, Winston, Noxubee, Leake, Neshoba, Kemper, Scott, Newton, Jasper, and Jones counties. The Tribe, under the provisions of a Self-Governance Compact with the Indian Health Service/U.S. Department of Health and Human Services is the major provider of comprehensive health care services to this large community. Given the rapid population growth in this community, especially young children, the conferees understand there is a critical need to update, expand and modernize the Tribe's existing medical facilities especially the Choctaw Health Center, the Choctaw Residential Center, and the Tribe's ambulatory medical and dental care facilities in the outlying rural clinics in Red Water, Bogue Chitto, and Conehatta.

RURAL COMMUNITY ADVANCEMENT PROGRAM

conference agreement provides \$762,542,000 for the Rural Community Advancement Program (RCAP) instead of \$775,837,000 as proposed by the House and \$759,284,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement does not include Senate language that specifies program levels within the total made available under the RCAP for assistance to Native Americans. The conferees are aware of housing, utility, business opportunity, and educational infra-structure needs and direct the Department to allocate program benefits in a manner that best serves the requirements of this population, but expect that up to \$4,000,000 shall be available for community facility grants for tribal college improvements.
The conference agreement adopts House

language setting aside funds provided for Federally Recognized Native American Tribes for technical assistance for rural

transportation.

The conference agreement does not adopt House language setting aside \$2,000,000 for an agritourism program. The conferees direct the Department to consider requests for agritourism funding and use funds provided under the RCAP to assist meritorious projects.

The conference agreement adopts House language setting aside \$5,000,000 for hazardous weather early warning systems.

The conference agreement adopts House language setting aside \$5,000,000 for rural partnership technical assistance grants.

The conference agreement does not adopt House language setting aside \$2,000,000 for loans to firms that market and process biobased products.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language providing for up to one percent of funds provided for water and waste disposal systems in Alaska for program administration and up to one percent to improve interagency coordination.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language providing \$16,125,000 for technical assistance grants.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language setting aside \$34,704,000 for Rural Utility Services programs under the Rural Economic Area Partnership Zones.

The conferees direct that of the funds provided for technical assistance for rural waste systems, \$7,300,000 be designated for the Rural Community Assistance Program.

The conference agreement includes language provided in title VII to define the use of funds awarded under the Rural Commu-

nity Development Initiative.

The conferees direct the Department to give priority consideration to applications that will assist producers' transition from tobacco to alternative crops, and to applications that will add value to alternative crops within those states most dependent on tobacco production.

The conferees direct the Department to use RBOG funds for the regional development activities of multi-jurisdictional planning and development organizations serving general purpose units of local government.

The conferees are aware of and encourage the Department to consider applications from the City of Valdez to repair avalanche damage to its water and sewer system through the Water and Waste Disposal Loan and Grants program.

The following table indicates the distribution of funding for the RCAP:

Water/Sewer	\$644,360,000
Community Facilities	53,225,000
Business-Cooperative De-	
velopment	64,957,000
Total	762,542,000
Earmarks:	
Tech. Assist. (water/	
sewer)	16,215,000
Circuit Rider	9,500,000
Native Americans	24,000,000
Rural Community Devel-	
opment Initiative	6,000,000
Dunar Deven on the	

RURAL DEVELOPMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

provides conference agreement The \$130,371,000 for Rural Development Salaries and Expenses as proposed by the Senate instead of \$120,270,000 as proposed by the House.

RURAL HOUSING SERVICE

RURAL HOUSING INSURANCE FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The conference agreement provides a total subsidy of \$254,640,000 for activities under the Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Account as proposed by the House instead of \$285,279,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement provides for an estimated loan program level of \$5,068,649,000 instead of \$5,073,497,000 as proposed by the House and \$4,564,372,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement adopts House language providing up to \$5,400,000 for a demonstration program in North Carolina on the use of modular housing.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language providing \$13,832,000 for empower-

ment zones and enterprise communities designated as Rural Economic Area Partnership

The conference agreement adopts Senate language providing for a transfer \$409,233,000 to salaries and expenses.

The following table indicates loan and subsidy levels provided in the conference agreement:

mene.	
Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Ac-	
count:	
Loan authorizations: Single family (sec. 502) Unsubsidized guaran-	(\$1,100,000,000)
teed Housing repair (sec.	(3,700,000,000)
504) Rental housing (sec.	(32, 396, 000)
515)	(114,321,000)
guarantees (sec. 538) Site loans (sec. 524)	(100,000,000) (5,152,000)
	(3,132,000)
Credit sales of acquired property Self-help housing land	(11,780,000)
development fund	(5,000,000)
Total, Loan authorizations	(5,068,649,000)
Loan subsidies:	170 700 000
Single family (sec. 502) Unsubsidized guaran-	176,760,000
teed	7,400,000
Housing repair (sec. 504)	11,481,000
Multi-family housing guarantees (sec. 538)	1,520,000
Rental housing (sec. 515)	56,326,000
Site loans (sec. 524)	
Credit sales of acquired	074.000
property	874,000
Self-help housing land	070 000
development fund	279,000
Total, Loan subsidies	254,640,000
RHIF administration ex-	
penses (transfer to RHS)	409,233,000
Total, Rural Housing	4 0 40 000
Insurance Fund	1,343,873,000
(Loan authorization)	(5,068,649,000)

RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

conference agreement provides \$680,000,000 for the Rental Assistance Program as proposed by the Senate instead of \$655,900,000 as proposed by the House.

MUTUAL AND SELF-HELP HOUSING GRANTS

provides conference agreement \$34,000,000 for Mutual and Self-Help Housing Grants as proposed by the Senate instead of \$28,000,000 as proposed by the House.

RURAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE GRANTS

agreement The conference provides \$44,000,000 for Rural Housing Assistance Grants as proposed by the Senate instead of \$39,000,000 as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language setting aside \$5,000,000 for a housing demonstration program for workers in the agriculture, aquaculture and seafood processing industries.

FARM LABOR PROGRAM ACCOUNT

conference agreement \$30,000,000 for the Farm Labor Program Account as proposed by the House instead of \$28,750,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement provides \$15,000,000 for loan subsidies and \$15,000,000 for grants.

The conference agreement does not adopt House language providing \$3,000,000 for grants to migrant and seasonal farm work-

RURAL BUSINESS-COOPERATIVE SERVICE RURAL DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The conference agreement adopts Senate language providing for a transfer of \$3,640,000 to salaries and expenses.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language setting aside \$2,036,000 for Federally Recognized Native American Tribes and \$4,072,000 for Mississippi Delta Region coun-

The conferees direct the Department to give priority consideration to applications that will assist producers' transition from tobacco to alternative crops and to applications that will add value to alternative crops within those states most dependent on tobacco production.

RURAL COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT GRANTS

conference agreement provides \$6,500,000 for Rural Cooperative Development Grants as proposed by the House instead of \$6,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement adopts House language providing \$2,000,000 for the appropriate technology transfer for rural areas program.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language providing not to exceed \$1,500,000 for cooperatives or associations of cooperatives, whose primary focus is to provide assistance to small, minority producers.

The conference agreement does not provide for the requested transfer of \$2,000,000 from salaries and expenses to fund cooperative research agreements.

NATIONAL SHEEP INDUSTRY IMPROVEMENT CENTER REVOLVING FUND

The conference agreement does not provide \$5,000,000 for the National Sheep Industry Improvement Center Revolving Fund as proposed by the House. The Senate bill provided no funds for this program. This matter is addressed in title VII.

RURAL UTILITIES SERVICE

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION AND TELECOMMUNI-CATIONS LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The conference agreement provides a total subsidy of \$40,374,000 for activities under the Rural Electrification and Telecommunications Loans Program Account as proposed by the Senate instead of \$33,270,000 as proposed by the House. The conference agreement provides for an estimated loan program level of \$3,111,500,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$2,040,000,000 as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language providing for a transfer \$34,716,000 to salaries and expenses.

The following table indicates loan and subsidy levels provided in the conference agree-

Rural Electrification and Telecommunications Ac-Loans Program count:

Loan authorizations:

SIECUIC.	
Direct, 5 percent	(\$121,500,000)
Direct, Muni	(295,000,000)
Direct, FFB	(1,700,000,000)
Direct, Treasury rate	(500,000,000)
Guaranteed	

(2.616.500.000)Subtotal

Telecommunications:

Direct, (5 percent)	(75,000,000)
Direct, Treasury rate	(300,000,000)

Direct, FFB	(120,000,000)
Subtotal	(495,000,000)
Total, loan author- izations	(3,111,500,000)
Loan subsidies: Electric: Direct, 5 percent	12,101,000
Direct, Muni	20,503,000
Direct, FFB	(1)
Direct, Treasury rate Guaranteed	(1)
Subtotal	32,604,000
Telecommunications:	
Direct, 5 percent	7,770,000
Direct, Treasury rate	(1)
Direct, FFB	(1)
Subtotal	7,770,000
Total, loan subsidies	40,374,000
RETLP administrative expenses (transfer to RUS)	34,716,000
Total, Rural Electrifica- tion and Telecommuni-	
cations Loans Program	MF 000 000
Account	75,090,000
(Loan authorization)	(3,111,500,000)
¹ Negative subsidy rates for fisca	

culated for these programs.

RURAL TELEPHONE BANK PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The conference agreement adopts House language including audits under "administrative expenses.

DISTANCE LEARNING AND TELEMEDICINE PROGRAM

The conference agreement \$27,000,000 for the Distance Learning and Telemedicine Program as proposed by the Senate instead of \$19,500,000 as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language setting aside \$2,000,000 for a pilot program to finance broadband transmission and local dial-up service in rural areas as proposed by the Senate instead of \$1,400,000 as proposed by the House.

The conferees direct the Department to maintain the current level of funding for grants to rural entities to promote employment of rural residents through teleworking. TITLE IV-DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FOOD. NUTRITION AND CONSUMER SERVICES

The conference agreement provides \$570,000 for the Office of the Under Secretary for Food, Nutrition and Consumer Services as proposed by the Senate instead of \$554,000 as proposed by the House.

The conferees want to ensure that farmers participating in the WIC Farmers Market Nutrition Program (FMNP) and the Food Stamp Program (FSP) are able to participate through electronic benefit transfer (EBT) systems. The conferees note that USDA has established the technical feasibility of wireless and other innovative EBT systems for farmers markets, rural route vendors, and other "non-traditional" vendors operating without access to standard telephone and electricity service.

The conferees urge the Department to use funds designated for the development of WIC EBT systems to support state initiatives to implement wireless and other innovative EBT solutions for farmers and farmers markets participating in the WIC FMNP and the FSP to enable them to continue participating in these programs.

Nutrition monitoring activities are vital to shaping policies for food safety, child nutrition, food assistance, and dietary guid-

ance. Integration of these activities must ensure that: (1) the quality of the dietary data collected is not diminished; (2) survey methods capture statistically valid intakes of various population groups, especially at-risk groups, and are continually updated to account for changes in dietary patterns and new food technologies; (3) the needs of the many users of these important data are met; and (4) data are made available in a timely manner. The conferees direct the USDA, in consultation with the Department of Health and Human Services, to prepare and submit a report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations, by December 31, 2000, that describes the process for integrating the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) and the Continuing Survey of Food Intakes by Individuals (CSFII). The report should: (1) include a timeline and steps to accomplish the goals set forth in the National Nutrition Monitoring and Related Research Act of 1990; (2) be prepared in consultation with representatives of user groups (i.e., anti-hunger groups, consumer advo-cates, commodity organizations, food producers, nutrition professionals, and public and voluntary health organizations); (3) address the strengths and potential weaknesses of merging the two surveys and identify how problems will be addressed and by whom; (4) identify funding needs and sources; and (5) include recommendations for inclusion in reauthorization of the National Nutrition Monitoring and Related Research Act.

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

The conference agreement provides a total of \$9,541,539,000 for Child Nutrition Programs proposed by the Senate instead of \$9,535,039,000 as proposed by the House. Included in this amount is an appropriated amount of \$4,413,960,000, a transfer from section 32 of \$5,127,579,000, \$6,000,000 for the school breakfast demonstration project as proposed by the Senate, and \$500,000 for a school breakfast pilot project.

The conference agreement provides the following for Child Nutrition programs:

Total Obligational Authority

Child Nutrition Programs:	
School lunch program School breakfast pro-	\$5,387,523,000
gram Child and adult care food	1,495,684,000
program Summer food service pro-	1,807,435,000
gram	323,499,000
Special milk program State administrative ex-	16,843,000
penses	127,321,000
and support	360,223,000
Team nutrition School breakfast dem-	10,000,000
onstration project	6,000,000
Coordinated review effort	4,511,000
Food safety education	2,000,000
School breakfast pilot	
project	500,000
Total	9,541,539,000

The conference agreement includes \$500,000 for school breakfast startup grants in Wisconsin. The conferees are aware of an effort initiated and funded by the State of Wisconsin to enhance participation in the school breakfast program and the Department is directed to make available grants to currently non-participating schools in a manner consistent with that program.

The conferees are aware that the Department has recently issued a final rule regarding the use of alternate protein products in the Child Nutrition Programs. The conferees

urge the Department to work with interested organizations to ensure that fortification, name and labeling requirements are sufficient to protect the health, growth, and nutritional well-being of America's school children. The conferees believe that any new requirements for fortification of these protein products should be based on the USDA guidelines that set levels for nutrient fortification of soy-containing foods used in the child nutrition programs. In addition, the conferees encourage that any recommended labeling requirements be consistent with similar guidelines of other Departmental agencies and the Food and Drug Administration.

The conferees recognize the longstanding, high level of expertise in the Food and Nutrition Service in the administration of school lunch programs, and encourage the Secretary to take advantage of this expertise by utilizing Food and Nutrition Service staff in any efforts to help other nations establish such programs.

SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS, AND CHILDREN (WIC)

The conference agreement provides \$4,052,000,000 for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$4,067,000,000 as proposed by the House. The conference agreement provides sufficient funding to support an average of at least 7.4 million monthly participants in the WIC program, an increase from the projected fiscal year 2000 average monthly participation level of 7.2 million.

The conference agreement provides that the Secretary shall obligate \$10,000,000 for the farmers' market nutrition program within 45 days of enactment of this Act, and that the Secretary shall obligate an additional \$10,000,000 for this program from funds not needed to meet program participation requirements.

The conference agreement does not include a provision that allows fiscal year 2000 WIC carryover funds to be transferred to other nutrition programs as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement includes a provision that WIC funds shall be made available for sites participating in the WIC program to determine whether a child eligible to participate has received an appropriate blood lead screening test upon the enrollment of the child in the WIC program as proposed by the Senate.

It is not the intent of this conference agreement to detrimentally affect religious beliefs or practices. Nothing in this agreement is intended to preclude a child's participation in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children if a parent objects to his or her child receiving a lead poisoning screening test because such a test would be inconsistent with his or her religious beliefs and practices. Accommodation of religious beliefs and practices shall have no impact whatsoever on the level of funds made available for each site participating in the WIC program.

The conference agreement directs the USDA to release a final rule on WIC delivery systems no later than 90 days after enactment of this Act.

The conferees are aware that the Department is considering changes in the food package to the WIC program. One of those proposals involves the potential exceptions to the current sugar cap for the WIC food package. The sugar cap is an issue that has been studied many times, always with the same conclusion. The consensus from the studies, nutritionists, State WIC directors, sugar commodity associations, and dentists is that no exceptions to the sugar cap should

be made. Accordingly, the conferees direct that the Department make no exceptions to the sugar cap. The conferees further direct that no USDA funds be used to investigate this issue further.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM

The conference agreement provides \$20,114,293,000 for the food stamp program instead of \$21,221,293,000 as proposed by the Senate and \$21,231,993,000 as proposed by the House. Included in this amount is \$18,613,293,000 for expenses instead of \$19,720,293,000 as proposed by the Senate and \$19,730,993,000 as proposed by the House. The recommendation makes a downward adjustment of \$1,107,000,000, as reflected in OMB's Mid-Session Review.

The conference agreement does not include Senate language providing for an additional amount, not to exceed \$7,300,000, for bison purchases for the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR). The conferees encourage the Department to continue and increase, to the extent practicable, purchases of bison for FDPIR and to use every opportunity to acquire purchases from Native American producer and cooperative organizations. The Department should also review program infrastructure needs, including refrigeration, and use program funds, as necessary, to meet existing requirements.

The conferees recognize the severe health problems facing Native Americans, including diabetes and heart disease. The conferees expect the Secretary to purchase bison meat for the FDPIR to promote health benefits in the Native American population.

COMMODITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The conference agreement provides \$140,300,000 for the Commodity Assistance Program as proposed by the Senate instead of \$138,300,000 as proposed by the House. Included in the amount is \$45,000,000 for administration of TEFAP, and \$98,300,000 for the Commodity Supplemental Food Program.

The conference agreement includes language that provides \$20,781,000 of this appropriation shall be available for administrative expenses of the Commodity Supplemental Food Program.

The conferees are aware of the interest in restoring the income eligibility guideline for senior citizens under the Commodity Supplemental Food Program to 185% of poverty, the same as that used for mothers, infants, and children. The Secretary is encouraged to give positive consideration to this proposal.

FOOD DONATIONS PROGRAM

The conference agreement provides \$151,081,000 for the Food Donations Program instead of \$161,081,000 as proposed by the House and \$141,081,000 as proposed by the Senate. Included in this amount is \$150,000,000 for the Elderly Feeding Program.

FOOD PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$116,807,000 for Food Program Administration as proposed by the Senate instead of \$116,392,000 as proposed by the House. Included in this amount is not less than \$4,500,000 to improve integrity in the Food Stamp Program and Child Nutrition Program as proposed by the Senate instead of not less than \$3,000,000 as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement does not include funds for the Colonias program. The conferees note that over \$300,000,000 is estimated to be spent on nutrition education, promotion, and information through USDA's feeding programs. The conferees urge the Department to target funding from these nutrition education, promotion and information programs to the Colonias in the southwestern United States.

TITLE V—FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AND RELATED PROGRAMS

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE

The conference agreement provides \$115,424,000 for the Foreign Agricultural Service instead of \$113,424,000 as proposed by the Senate and \$109,186,000 as proposed by the House. The conference agreement includes \$3,120,000 for mandatory pay cost increases and \$618,000 for the Foreign Agricultural Service attache, office in the American Institute in Taiwan.

The conference agreement provides \$4,000,000 for the Cochran Fellowship Program and encourages the Secretary to continue to provide additional support for the program through the CCC Emerging Markets Program at the fiscal year 1999 level.

conference agreement \$2,000,000 for the Foreign Agricultural Service to administer and oversee emergency and other international food assistance. Service is expected to undertake activities in support of monetization where there is the highest potential for promoting and enhancing economic growth and development in recipient countries. Further, the Service is directed to specifically expand its presence in Ukraine where there is a strong potential for expansion, and Bulgaria, where there is a need for more adequate administration and monitoring of USDA programs due to the sharp increase in USDA food aid programs in the Balkans. The conferees believe these funds will help build strong U.S. partnerships with emerging economies and enhance exports to develop long-term markets for U.S. agricultural inputs and products.

The conferees direct the Department to provide a quarterly report to the Subcommittees on Agriculture of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees detailing the volume of agricultural imports from and exports to China by commodity.

The conferees understand that there may be the opportunity to resume food assistance to Ukraine in the coming year. The Secretary is encouraged to pursue responsible opportunities for restoring appropriate levels of assistance for this nation, including opportunities for collaborative programs involving research, extension, micro-credit, and business development opportunities.

The Secretary is directed to require that any agreement be transparent, subject to monitoring, and to report to the Committees all steps taken to achieve these requirements before finalizing any agreement.

PUBLIC LAW 480 PROGRAM AND GRANT ACCOUNTS

PUBLIC LAW 480 TITLE I PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The conferees encourage the Department of Agriculture to provide concessional financing through the P.L. 480 title I program to private entities as authorized in P.L. 104–27, the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996.

PUBLIC LAW 480 TITLE I OCEAN FREIGHT DIFFERENTIAL GRANTS

The conference agreement adopts Senate bill language requiring prior notice to the Committees on Appropriations for transfers of funds between title I agreements and title I ocean freight differential.

PUBLIC LAW 480—TITLE II GRANTS

The conference agreement provides \$837,000,000 for Public Law 480 title II as proposed by the Senate instead of \$770,000,000 as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement does not adopt House bill language providing for transfer of up to 15 percent of title II funds to title III. The conferees note that this provision exists in current law.

The conference agreement does not adopt House bill language providing \$1,850,000 for

use by the United States Agency for International Development for administrative expenses to carry out title II.

The conferees are aware that loss of commodities under the Public Law 480 food program often occurs as a result of package breakage. The conferees urge the Secretary to evaluate this problem, explore using alternative containers, and to meet regularly with members of private voluntary organizations, the industry, shippers, and millers, to continue to improve the quality of food aid, in terms of its packaging, nutritional content, and other quality aspects.

The following table reflects the conference agreement for Public Law 480 program ac-

counts:	
Public Law 480 Program	
and Grant Accounts:	
Title I—Credit Sales:	
Program level	(\$180,000,000)
Direct loans	159,678,000
Ocean freight dif-	, ,
ferential	20,322,000
Title II—Commodities	
for disposition	
abroad:	
Program level	(837,000,000)
Appropriation	837,000,000
Loan subsidies	114.186.000
Salaries and expenses:	111,100,000
General Sales Man-	
ager (transfer to	1 005 000
FAS)	1,035,000
Farm Service Agency	
(transfer to FSA)	815,000
Subtotal	1 950 000
	1,850,000

Total, Public Law 480: Program level (1,017,000,000)Appropriation 973.358.000 TITLE VI-RELATED AGENCIES AND

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN **SERVICES**

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides total appropriations, including Prescription Drug User Fee Act collections, of \$1,217,797,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Food and Drug Administration, instead of \$1,240,178,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,216,796,000 as proposed by the Senate, and provides specific amounts by FDA activity as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement does not include a rescission of \$27,000,000 as proposed by the House. The conference agreement does not include the subheading (Including Rescission)" as proposed by the House.

The conferees adopt the title VI subheading as proposed by the Senate. The House version differed technically.

The conference agreement does not include a proviso that \$3,000,000 may be for activities carried out with regard to new animal drugs, as proposed by the House. However, the conference agreement provides an increase of \$3,000,000 for work done within the Center for Veterinary Medicine on antimicrobial resistance. The Senate had no similar provision.

The conference agreement does not include a proviso that, in addition to amounts provided, \$6,000,000 shall be made available for food safety activities, as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement provides the full increase requested for the Food Safety Initiative, \$30,000,000, as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement provides that fees derived from applications received during fiscal year 2001 shall be subject to the fiscal year 2001 limitation as proposed by the Senate. The House had no similar provision.

The conference agreement provides the full funding increases from the fiscal year 2000

levels requested in the President's fiscal year 2001 budget for the following activities: \$30,000,000 for food safety initiatives; \$22,879,000 premarket review; for \$4,783,000 for payments to the General Services Administration for rent and related activities. For other increases requested in the President's fiscal year 2001 budget, the conferees provide the following: \$9,000,000 for inspections; \$5,000,000 for enforcement of Internet drug sales; \$5,000,000 for counter-bioterrorism activities; and \$6,800,000 for improvements to FDA's current system of post-approval surveillance to identify adverse events associated with products on the market, subject to existing information confidentiality restrictions.

In addition, the conference agreement provides increases from the fiscal year 2000 levels of \$1,000,000 for dietary supplements and \$1,000,000 for orphan product grants, as recommended by the Senate; and \$1,200,000 for the Office of Generic Drugs to reduce generic drug application review and approval times.

Fiscal year 2000 funds appropriated, but no longer required, for FDA tobacco activities have been made available to cover the \$5,000,000 included in the fiscal year 2001 budget request for costs associated with the relocation of the Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition to College Park, MD; \$21,800,000 included in the fiscal year 2001 budget request for one-time contracts and equipment purchases; and \$1,500,000, as recommended by the House, for information technology upgrades for the Office of Generic Drugs. Funding for these one-time cost requirements is not included in the fiscal year

2001 level provided.

The conferees direct that FDA provide \$1,500,000 from sums provided for food safety for a contract with New Mexico State University's Physical Science Laboratory to establish an agricultural products testing laboratory in Dona Ana County, New Mexico. The laboratory will conduct rapid screening analyses of fresh fruits and vegetables (im ported and domestic) for microbiological contamination of products in the Texas, New Mexico, Arizona area. The laboratory will augment FDA's capabilities and facilitate rapid testing of these perishable products. The conference language replaces similar language in the House report. The Senate had no similar language.

The conferees expect FDA to make final the regulations regarding labeling of irradiated foods by March 1, 2002, and report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations on the status by November 15, 2000. This agreement changes the dates proposed for final regulations by the House of September 30, 2001, and by the Senate of October

The conference agreement does not include House language on treatment of biologic drugs versus that of chemically-based drugs, as related to orphan drug alternatives. Recognizing that the House authorizing committee has recently resumed consideration of this issue, the conferees defer to that action in lieu of that recommended by the House. The Senate had no similar language.

It has been brought to the conferees' attention that makers of electronic facial toning appliances have been informed by the FDA that their products may be "medical devices" under the law. The conferees encourage the FDA to consider the companies' claims that products are purely cosmetic and not ''intended to affect the structure or any function of the body." Nothing in this conference report language should be taken to diminish or attempt to diminish the responsibility under law for the FDA to continue to protect American consumers. FDA will report to the Appropriations Committees of the House and Senate on their findings.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

The conference agreement provides \$31,350,000 for Food and Drug Administration Buildings and Facilities as proposed by the Senate instead of \$11,350,000 as proposed by the House

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

conference agreement provides \$68,000,000 for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission instead of \$69,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$67,100,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement adopts Senate language providing not to exceed \$1,000 for official reception and representation expenses instead of not to exceed \$2,000 as proposed by the House.

The conference agreement does not adopt a House provision providing authority to charge reasonable fees to cover the costs of Commission-sponsored events and activities. The conferees note that this authority exists in permanent law.

TITLE VII-GENERAL PROVISIONS

House and Senate Section 701.-The conference agreement (Section 701) makes funds available for the purchase of passenger motor vehicles in fiscal year 2001 as proposed by the Senate instead of in the "current fiscal year" as proposed by the House.

House and Senate Section 704.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 704) that provides that the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer unobligated balances of the USDA to the Working Capital fund for the acquisition of plant and capital equipment of primary benefit to USDA with prior approval from the agency administrator and the Committees on Appropriations

House and Senate Section 705.-The conference agreement includes language (Section 705) allowing certain funds to remain available until expended.

House Section 709.—The conference agreement does not include a provision as proposed by the House making commodities available to individuals in cases of hardship. The Secretary of Agriculture has this authority.

House Section 713 and Senate Section 712.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 712) that makes funds available for the cost of loans for fiscal year 2001 as proposed by the Senate instead of "in the current fiscal year" as proposed by the House.

House Section 714.—The conference agreement does not include a provision that sums as may be necessary for current fiscal year pay raises shall be absorbed within levels appropriated by this Act as proposed by the House.

House Section 716 and Senate Section 714.—The conference agreement includes permanent language (Section 714) allowing the use of cooperative agreements.

House Section 718 and Senate Section 716.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 716) that provides \$1,800,000 for expenses for advisory committees as proposed by the Senate instead of \$1,500,000 as proposed by the House.

House Section 723 and Senate Section 721.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 721) that provides for reprogramming procedures in fiscal year 2001.

House Section 724 and Senate Section 722.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 722) regarding limitations on the Fund for Rural America.

House Section 726.—The conference agreement does not contain a limitation on AMTA contract payments for wild rice as proposed by the House. Public Law 106-78 made this provision permanent.

House Section 727 and Senate Section 724.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 724) regarding limitations on the Initiative for Future Agriculture and Food Systems.

House Section 728 and Senate Section 725.—The conference agreement makes permanent a provision (Section 725) regarding participation by farmer-owned cooperatives in commodity purchase programs.
Senate Section 727.—The conference agree-

ment includes language (Section 727) that prohibits the use of funds to close or relocate certain FDA offices in St. Louis, Missouri.

Senate Section 728.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 728) prohibiting the use of funds to reduce staff levels at certain FDA offices in Detroit, Michigan.

House Section 730 and Senate Section 729.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 729) to permanently (1) allow the Agricultural Marketing Service to utilize advertising in conducting consumer education activities, and (2) prohibit the use of funds to carry out certain activities unless the Secretary of Agriculture inspects and certifies agricultural processing equipment and imposes a fee for those activities.

House Section 731 and Senate Section 730.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 730) regarding budget submission requirements related to user fees proposals prior to the date of conference for the fiscal year 2002 appropriations Act.

House Section 732 and Senate Section 731.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 731) that none of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used to establish an Office of Community Food Security or any similar office within the USDA without prior approval of the Committees on Appropriations of the House and the Senate.

House Section 734.—The conference agreement (Section 733) prohibits the use of funds for certain activities implementing the

Kyoto Protocol

Senate Section 733.—The conference agreement (Section 734) prohibits the use of funds to transfer or convey federal lands and facilities at Fort Reno. OK, without the specific authorization of Congress.

Senate Section 734.—The conference agreement (Section 735) prohibits the use of funds for the implementation of a Support Services Bureau or similar organization.

House Section 735.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding karnal bunt.

Senate Section 735.—The conference agreement (Section 736) contains a provision that raises income eligibility levels for rural development programs.

House Section 736.—The conference agreement (Section 737) makes Lloyd, New York, and Thompson, New York, eligible for certain loans and grants.

Senate Section 736.—The conference agreement (Section 738) contains a permanent provision that disallows the sale or disposal of housing purchased in a foreign country for the agricultural attache, without the approval of the FAS.

House Section 737.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 739) making permanent a provision that the fee collected by the Secretary of Agriculture for a guaranteed loan may be in an amount equal to not more than 2 percent of the principal obligation of the loan

House Section 738 and Senate Section 737.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 740) that allows the Secretary to use funds to employ individuals to perform services outside the U.S. as determined to be necessary to carry out programs and activities abroad through the use of Personal

Service Agreements.
Senate Section 738.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 741) that

prohibits the use of funds to close or relocate a state rural development office until/unless cost effectiveness and enhanced program delivery has been determined.

House Section 739.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 742) that extends the dairy price support program and delays the dairy recourse loan program.

Senate Section 739.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 743) that directs that not more than \$25,000,000 worth of commodities made available under the section 416(b) program shall be made available to foreign countries to assist in mitigating the effects of HIV/AIDS.

House Section 740.—The conference agreement (Section 744) provides \$2,000,000 for hunger fellowships.

Senate Section 740.—The conference agreement (Section 745) includes the "Medicine Equity and Drug Safety Act of 2000" and the 'Prescription Drug Import Fairness Act of 2000" (Section 746).

House Section 741.—The conference agree-

ment provides language (Section 747) regard-

ing loans in Arkansas.
Senate Section 741.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 748) that amends the Organic Act of 1990 to allow sulfites in the production of wine.

House Section 742.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 749) regarding the Friends of the National Arboretum.

Senate Section 742.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 750) that prohibits the use of funds to discontinue use of FINPACK in the Farm Service Agency (FSA) offices for six months from the date of enactment. The conferees expect the FSA to provide for a smooth and orderly transition to a common computing environment in USDA field service centers. The transition should provide the capability of FSA computer programs to interface with any commercial off-the-shelf software, including FINPACK, that may be used by clients or lending institutions.

House Section 743.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding compensation for the value of lost produc-

tion due to citrus canker.

Senate Section 743.—The conference agreement (Section 751) makes permanent a provision that any borrower whose income does not exceed 115 percent of the median family income of the U.S. shall be eligible for section 502 housing.

House Section 744.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding al-

ternative protein products.
Senate Section 744.—The conference agreement does not include Sense of the Senate language regarding victims of domestic violence. However, the conferees do agree that to the extent practicable, USDA's Rural Housing Service should work with other public agencies and organizations to provide transitional housing for individuals and families who are homeless as a result of domestic violence.

House Section 745.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 752) that makes ratites and squab slaughtered for human consumption subject to the Poultry Products Inspection Act.

Senate Section 745.—The conference agreement does not include language that prohibits the use of funds to change natural cheese standards. The conferees are aware of technological changes relating to cheese processing and the potential economic and structural changes that might result within the dairy industry. The conferees are also aware of a request recently submitted to the General Accounting Office for a report on this subject and concur that such a request is consistent with that part of Senate Section 745 which requires a study on this sub-

House Section 746.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding previously appropriated funds to compensate nursery stock producers for losses caused by Hurricane Irene.

Senate Section 746.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding the import of Argentine citrus.

House Section 747.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 753) providing guidance for developing the prevention standards for Salmonella Enteritidis.

The conferees share the commitment to egg safety evidenced by the Action Plan to Eliminate Salmonella Enteritidis Illnesses Due to Eggs published on December 10, 1999. The conferees support FDA's current thinking paper on national standards for egg safety dated July 31, 2000. In preparing the regulations to implement the plan, the conferees expect the government agencies to: (1) coordinate federal and state programs to efficiently and effectively implement the standards; (2) consider egg labeling which is consistent with the existing safe handling instructions associated with meat and poultry; (3) consider effective administrative and management practices to ensure consistent nationwide enforcement and implementation of the standards, including (a) cleaning and disinfection, (b) rodent and pest elimination, (c) proper egg washing, (d) biosecurity, (e) refrigeration, (f) testing and verification, and (g) vaccination; (4) consider the appropriate utilization of existing federal, state, or local government agencies currently charged with poultry or egg safety responsibilities (including such aspects of grading as are related to egg safety), in implementing the regulations; (5) conduct traceback procedures in a consistent manner and make such procedures accessible to the public, and employ appropriate inspectional and testing protocols to determine the source of contamination; and (6) consider, as appropriate, the provisions of existing national and state quality assurance programs in establishing regulations that are practical, achievable and cost-effective in accord-

ance with the risk posed to U.S. consumers. Senate Section 747.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding the Dairy Export Incentive Program. The conferees are concerned that awards for U.S. dairy products under the Dairy Export Incentive Program have not been shipped and the Department has been reluctant to reallocate these amounts for other awards. The conferees direct the Secretary to provide information to the Committees no later than November 1, 2000, relating to a justification for this reluctance, including supporting documentation.

House Section 748.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding loans to poultry farmers.

Senate Section 748.—The conference agreement does not include language that reauthorizes State agricultural mediation programs through 2005. The conference agreement provides annual funding for the program in the appropriate section of the bill

House Section 749.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 754) extending the time to compensate cotton pro-

ducers/ginners/others in Georgia.

Senate Section 749.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 755) that adds a section to the Food Security Act of 1985 to make provisions for Good Faith Reliance when the owner/operator is attempting to comply with terms of the contract and enrollment requirements.
House Section 750.—The conference agree-

ment does not include language providing emergency funds for market/quality loss payments for apples and potatoes. Senate Section 750.—The conference agree-

ment does not include language regarding

data collected on imported herbs. The conferees do expect the Secretary of Agriculture to cooperate with the Secretary of the Treasury to establish a framework within which the publication of data regarding herb imports (including through electronic media) may be made available to the public on a monthly basis.

House Section 751.—The conference agreement does not include language exempting oyster fishermen from repaying emergency payments issued erroneously in the State of Connecticut.

House Section 752.—The conference agreement does not include language urging the Secretary of Agriculture to use alternative fuels in meeting the fuel needs of the USDA. This matter is addressed under the Office of the Secretary.

House Section 753.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding reimportation of prescription drugs. This matter is addressed under Sections 745 and 746.

House Section 754.—The conference agreement does not include language regarding reimportation of prescription drugs. This matter is addressed under Sections 745 and 746.

Section 756.—The conference agreement includes language that amends Section 375(e)(6)(B) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act.

Section 757.—The conference agreement includes language that allows the USDA to retain refunds and rebates from credit card services.

Section 758.—The conference agreement includes a technical correction to the Act of August 19, 1958, to permit section 416(b) food aid programs to operate more efficiently.

Section 759.—The conference agreement includes language that allows Sea Island Health Clinic on Johns Island, South Carolina, to remain eligible for Rural Development community facilities programs.

Section 760.—The conference agreement includes language making certain areas of Dade County, Florida, eligible for business and industry loans.

Section 761.—The conference agreement includes language designating the City of Kewanee and the City of Jacksonville, Illinois, as meeting the requirements of a rural area contained in section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949 permanently.

Section 762.—The conference agreement includes language directing the Chief of the Natural Resources Conservation Service to settle claims associated with the Chuquatonchee Watershed Project in Mississippi from existing funds.

Section 763.—The conference agreement includes language making the Konocti Water District, California, eligible for grants and loans administered by the Rural Utilities Service during fiscal year 2001.

Section 764.—The conference agreement includes language designating Jefferson County, Kentucky, as a rural area for purposes of the business and industry direct and guaranteed loan program during fiscal year 2001.

Section 765.—The conference agreement includes language authorizing the conveyance of a small parcel of land associated with the Beltsville Agricultural Research Center within the Sunnyside Subdivision of Prince George's County, Maryland.

Section 766.—The conference agreement designates up to \$500,000 of the funds provided to carry out section 211(a) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 to be used solely for the State of California.

Section 767.—The conference agreement provides for a wildlife services program for injurious animal species.

Section 768.—The conference agreement amends section 412 (d) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 for dairy value products. Section 769.—The conference agreement makes the City of Coachella, California, eligible for grants and loans administered by the Rural Development mission areas of USDA for fiscal year 2001.

Section 770.—The conference agreement designates the City of Vicksburg, Mississippi, as meeting the requirements of a rural area in section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949.

Section 771.—The conference agreement provides language instructing the Administrator of the Rural Utilities Service to use the authorities of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 to finance the acquisition of electricity in predominantly rural areas.

Section 772.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 772) prohibiting the use of funds to promulgate a final rule to change the definition of "animal" pursuant to the Animal Welfare Act.

Section 773.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 773) adding ''Indian tribes'' to the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961.

Section 774.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 774) making technical corrections to P.L. 106-246.

Section 775.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 775) modifying the term "agricultural commodity" for the purposes of administering Title IX of this Act.

Section 776.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 776) regarding Hamilton Grange.

Section 777.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 777) regarding "Fallen Timbers Battlefield and Fort Miamis National Historic Site."

TITLE VIII

NATURAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE AND OTHER EMERGENCY APPROPRIATIONS, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The conference agreement includes a new title to provide emergency assistance for agricultural losses of crop production and quality related to natural disasters, conservation needs, market-related problems, relief to rural communities across America and certain USDA administrative requirements. Emergency agricultural assistance was previously included in H.R. 3908, as passed by the House of Representatives on March 30, 2000; H.R. 4461, as passed by the Senate on July 20, 2000; and Public Law 106-246, enacted on July 13, 2000. Items included in H.R. 3908 and H.R. 4461, not previously resolved in P.L. 106-246, were given consideration for inclusion in this conference report.

A number of accounts are included in this conference report which respond to the severe wildfires that have occurred in many states such as Montana and Idaho. The Emergency Conservation Program, Emergency Watershed Program, Livestock Assistance Program (including the American Indian Emergency Feed Assistance Program), Livestock Indemnity Program, and programs within the USDA rural development mission area receive funding in the conference report which will assist in the response and recovery of these affected lands, farming and ranching operations, and rural communities.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

Bovine tuberculosis—The conferees expect the Secretary to use all existing authority for the implementation of a program that will prevent and eradicate bovine tuberculosis in Texas, Michigan, and other affected States, to reduce the monetary loss associated with bovine tuberculosis affecting cattle producers. The conferees recognize the importance of this program, and of the complete eradication of bovine tuberculosis. The conferees believe the program should include payments to producers who suffer livestock

losses. The conferees direct the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the affected States, to ensure the program shall be administered in such a manner that will reduce the Federal financial burden resulting from the payments made to the producers.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

COMMON COMPUTING ENVIRONMENT

The conference agreement provides \$19,500,000, to remain available until expended, for information technology tools needed to develop and implement a common computing environment in USDA field office service centers.

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$200,000 for activities related to rural business entities.

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement does not include \$7,140,000 to contain and control Pierce's disease as proposed by the House in H.R. 3908. The conferees note that USDA has received emergency funds from the Commodity Credit Corporation for applied research, eradication and control of Pierce's Disease

The conference agreement addresses funding for boll weevil eradication in title I of this Act.

FARM SERVICE AGENCY SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement includes \$50,000,000, to remain available until expended, for administrative expenses associated with administering provisions of this title.

EMERGENCY CONSERVATION PROGRAM

The conference agreement provides \$80,000,000, to remain available until expended, for natural disasters. The conferees intend this funding to address damages incurred on crop lands as a result of the summer fires and drought conditions in certain regions of the country as well as other natural disasters. The conferees further intend for the funding to address the replacement of fences destroyed by the fires.

The conference agreement does not include language to allow the Secretary of Agriculture to use unobligated balances available in the ECP to repair farm buildings and equipment, as proposed by the House in H.R. 3008

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION FUND

The conference agreement provides an additional \$13,000,000 to provide premium discounts to purchasers of crop insurance reinsured by the Corporation as proposed by the House in H.R. 3908 and the Senate.

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

WATERSHED AND FLOOD PREVENTION OPERATIONS

The conference agreement provides an additional \$110,000,000, to remain available until expended, for watershed and flood prevention operations to reduce hazards to life and property in watersheds damaged by natural disasters. The Natural Resource Conservation Service will provide financial and technical assistance to help repair damage to rivers, streams, reservoirs, and other waterways including: \$3,300,000 for the Kuhn Bayou Project in Arkansas; \$10,000,000 for the Chino Dairy Preserve in California; \$4,000,000 for the Snake River Project in Minnesota; \$1,100,000 for DuPage County, \$8,000,000 for emergency dam rehabilitation projects in Mississippi, Wisconsin, Ohio, and New Mexico; \$4,500,000 for Long Park Dam, \$500,000 for floods in Wisconsin; \$2,000,000 for the Lower James River in South

Dakota; and \$2,000,000 to replace, repair, and improve snow telemetry equipment impacted by fire, winds, and fire fighting efforts.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT

The conferees are aware of the efforts of the Coeur d'Alene tribe and private sector investors to operate a strawboard plant in Plummer, Idaho, that provides economic benefits to the community and achieves an environmentally safe method of disposing of blue grass straw. The conferees direct the Department to meet with the plant owners and operators to determine what assistance can be made available to keep the plant in operation.

The conferees urge the Department to consider forgiveness or restructuring for Rural Development loans issued to the Green County, Kentucky, Sanitation District No. 1.

RURAL COMMUNITY ADVANCEMENT PROGRAM

The conference agreement includes an additional \$200,000,000 for the Rural Community Advancement Program, instead of \$180,000,000 as proposed by the Senate, and \$43,000,000 as proposed by the House in H.R. 3908.

The conference agreement includes a provision regarding the availability of grants for rural community facilities for areas with extreme unemployment and severe economic depression as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement includes a provision regarding the availability of funds to provide grants in rural communities with extremely high energy costs as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement includes a provision regarding assistance to areas in the state of North Carolina subject to a declaration of a major disaster as a result of Hurricanes Floyd, Dennis or Irene.

The conference agreement provides that of the amount appropriated for rural utilities loans and grants, \$30,000,000 may be used only in counties which have received an emergency declaration by the President or Secretary of Agriculture after January 1, 2000, for applications responding to water shortages resulting from a designated emergency, including in the states of Texas, Georgia, Montana and Idaho.

The conference agreement includes an additional \$50,000,000 for communities facilities loans and grants with a requirement that \$25,000,000 of the total be directed to assist recovery efforts in North Carolina from natural disasters.

The conferees are aware of an ongoing wastewater treatment project in Huey, Illinois. The conferees encourage USDA Rural Development to provide adequate funding and technical assistance to complete the project.

RURAL UTILITIES SERVICE

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION AND TELECOMMUNI-CATIONS LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The conference agreement does not include any additional funding this account as proposed by the Senate.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS TITLE

Senate Section 1101 and House Section 3101.—The conference agreement includes language (Section 801) that provides an additional \$35,000,000 for conservation technical assistance, to remain available until expended.

Senate Section 1102.—The conference agreement includes language (section 802) that extends the period of eligibility for the Livestock Assistance Program.

Senate Section 1103.—The conference agreement includes language (section 803) that conforms the definition of "livestock" for the purposes of administering the Livestock Indemnity and Livestock Assistance Programs.

Senate Section 1104.—This matter is addressed in Section 805.

Senate Section 1105.—The conference agreement includes language (section 804) that allows the Secretary of Agriculture to utilize Commodity Credit Corporation funds to provide compensation to growers for losses due to Mexican fruit fly quarantines, plum pox virus, Pierce's disease, grasshopper/Mormon cricket infestations, and watermelon sudden wilt. The conferees note that this funding is in addition to the funding provided in section 203 of P.L. 106–224.

Senate Section 1106.—The conference agreement includes language (section 805) that provides supplemental payments to dairy producers.

Senate Section 1107.—The conference agreement includes language (section 806) that provides \$490,000,000 to make and administer payments for livestock losses using criteria established to carry out the 1999 Livestock Assistance Program.

The conferees expect that up to \$5,000,000 be provided under this section to the State of Alabama and that those funds shall be used in conjunction with the program administered by the Alabama Department of Agriculture and Industries.

The conferees expect the Department to provide up to \$2,000,000 to individuals who raise poultry owned by other individuals for income losses sustained before April 30, 2001, to the extent that the Secretary finds that such losses are the result of Poult Enteritis Mortality Syndrome control programs.

The amount provided includes up to \$300,000 for the Montana Department of Agriculture for transportation needs associated with emergency hay and feeding.

The conferees are aware of the extraordinarily bad weather during the past year. As a result of cold temperatures and record rainfall during the early growing season in New York and other parts of the Northeast, the hay crop is substandard in both quantity and quality. The conferees expect that the Secretary of Agriculture will use a portion of the funds available under this section to compensate dairy and livestock producers who suffered losses in their hay crop for purchases of supplemental feed.

Senate Section 1108.—The conference agreement includes language (section 807) that clarifies nursery crop loss eligibility.

Senate Section 1109.—The conference agreement includes language (section 808) that provides authority and technical assistance funding to enroll additional acres into the Wetlands Reserve Program.

Senate Section 1110.—The conference agreement includes language (section 809) that provides up to \$2,400,000 in compensation for owners of sheep destroyed pursuant to the Secretary of Agriculture's declarations of July 14, 2000, instead of \$4,000,000 as provided by the Senate.

Senate Section 1111 and House general provision 3103.—The conference agreement includes language (section 810) that directs the Secretary of Agriculture to use not more than \$58,000,000 for replacement of citrus trees and for compensation for losses as a result of citrus canker, instead of \$40,000,000 provided by the Senate and House in H.R. 3008

Senate Section 1117 and House section 750.—The conference agreement includes language (section 811) regarding quality and market loss assistance for apples and potatoes.

The conference agreement includes language (section 812) that directs the Secretary of Agriculture to make non-recourse marketing assistance loans available to producers of honey.

The conference agreement includes language (section 813) that provides up to

\$10,000,000 from Commodity Credit Corporation funds for livestock indemnity payments to producers during calendar year 2000 due to disasters, including fires and anthrax.

The conference agreement includes language (section 814) that provides \$20,000,000 from Commodity Credit Corporation funds for wool and mohair payments to producers for the 2000 marketing year.

Senate Sections 1114 and 1115.—The conference agreement includes language (section 815) which provides such sums as may be necessary to provide assistance to farmers for losses in production and quality sustained in 2000 due to natural disasters. The conferees expect the Department to administer this program within the general guidelines provided for similar programs enacted in recent years, with the exception of guidelines needed for adverse commodity quality losses.

In the case of grain and oilseed quality losses, the Department is expected to take into consideration market value reductions experienced by farmers who may be unable to market their production for the end use intended. The conferees are aware that farmers of some commodities adversely impacted by quality factors have not received compensation commensurate with actual value of reduction in the marketplace as a result of past Departmental quality loss procedures. Guidelines are established in this section that direct the Department to calculate the production value reduction of a commodity in an area from the value assigned for such commodities as production loss under this section. The Department is further instructed by the conferees to take every precaution to avoid payment levels reached by artificial or manipulated price fluctuations and to ensure that payments to producers are not at levels in excess of reasonable expectations.

The conferees have provided a mechanism of determining payments that will reduce time of application processing from those periods experienced in recent years. Due to ongoing problems related to depressed prices and the fact that the rural economy has not kept pace with other sectors of the national economy, it is expected that payments made available under this section will be provided in the most efficient and timely manner possible. The conferees note that the separation of production loss calculations from an independent calculation for quality might result in an eligible threshold of loss not being met by separate calculations for the same crop, and that the Secretary may wish to consider an adjustment to the threshold of loss, in equity, to account for economic losses sustained by a combination of both quality and quantity.

Because cotton is stored identity-preserved and its overall quality cannot be improved through blending in warehouses, the Secretary, in carrying out the provisions of this act providing assistance to cotton producers for losses in production (or quantity), quality and other economic losses, should ensure that (1) loss thresholds for quantity losses are determined in a manner that is similar to that used by the Secretary for the 1998 and 1999 crops of cotton; (2) that quality losses are compensated in a manner that is appropriate for cotton; and (3) that market losses, increased expenses (including expenses related to fuel purchases), and other factors that detrimentally affect a cotton producer's net income are included in determining severe economic losses that are to be compensated under subsection (c)(3) of this Act. If there is a category of severe economic loss for which the Secretary did not establish a threshold for the 1998 and 1999 crops, no additional threshold should be established

and any loss that qualifies as a severe economic loss under subsection (c)(3) should be compensated.

With respect to the determination of quality losses for the 2000 crop of upland cotton, the Secretary should: (1) determine the value of quality losses in a manner that is similar to that used in implementing weather related disaster losses for the 1998 and 1999 crops and reflected in 7 C.F.R. 1478.17(g); (2) consider that any bale produced in a county that is of a quality that is less than the 5year county average historical quality premium or discount has suffered a quality loss; and (3) in determining the value of the crop affected by the quality loss that would have applied if the crop had suffered a quantity loss, as provided in subsection (c)(2) for cotton, compare the value of the cotton affected by the quality loss with the value of the cotton if it had not had a reduction in quality.

Finally, in determining whether a cotton producer is eligible to receive a payment for a quality loss under this section, the Secretary should compare the amount of a quality loss payment that the producer would qualify for under subsection (c)(2) (notwithstanding the eligibility requirement in subsection (d)(3)) to the value of those bales of cotton that are affected by quality losses.

Due to the fact that onion growers have experienced weather related disasters three out of the last four years, the Secretary of Agriculture is directed to develop a suitable onion crop loss disaster program for weather related crop and weather related market losses incurred by producers during the 2000 crop year. Further, the conferees expect the Secretary to take into consideration each qualifying producer's pre-1996 production of onions, based on the 5-year average market price for yellow onions when calculating

payments under this program.

The conference agreement includes language (section 816) regarding market loss assistance for growers of cranberries. The conferees continue to be concerned about the economic losses sustained by cranberry growers around the country. Prices for fruit paid to growers have declined to historically depressed levels due to enormous surpluses caused by record harvests. Steps taken thus far by the Secretary towards stabilizing prices, including the purchase of agricultural products containing cranberry ingredients, have only marginally reduced existing surpluses and hold out little hope of stabilizing prices. The industry has sought, and the Secretary has approved, a marketing order to help reduce the surplus but the short-term impact on growers will be negative, unless and until prices for the fruit are restored.

Accordingly, the conferees have included \$20,000,000 for a market loss assistance payment to cranberry growers. The payment is to be calculated on a per pound basis on each qualifying producer's 1999 production of cranberries subject to a limitation of 1.6 million pounds per separate farm unit as reported to the Cranberry Marketing Committee and would be subject to such other terms and conditions as may be established

by the Secretary.

The conferees also have included language to direct the Secretary to use not less than \$30,000,000 of additional funds available to the Secretary for commodity purchases, including amounts permanently appropriated under the Section 32 program and additional amounts appropriated for specialty crops pursuant to section 261(a)(2) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (Pub. L. 106-224; 114 Stat. 427), for the purchase of cranberry juice concentrate and frozen cranberry fruit or their equivalent in removing fruit from current surplus.

In selecting fruit or fruit products for purchase, the Secretary shall consult with in-

dustry representatives and representatives of the recipients of Federal food purchase programs to select products which utilize the greatest quantity of fruit at the least cost while providing the maximum nutritional benefit for food purchase recipients.

The conference agreement includes language (section 817) prohibiting the Secretary of Agriculture from terminating contracts established under section 1232(a)(4) of the Food Security Act of 1985 for failure to establish vegetative or water cover under certain conditions.

The conference agreement includes language (section 818) regarding shared appreciation for loans established under section 353(e) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act.

Senate Section 1112.—The conference agreement includes language (section 819), which allows the Secretary to contribute Commodity Credit Corporation funds for the establishment of a grain dealers' indemnity fund in South Carolina, to be available only if such funding is matched by a grant from the State.
Senate Section 1113.—The conference

agreement provides language (section 820) that amends section 211 of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 to provide technical assistance to farmers and ranchers and funding for the Wildlife Habitat Incentives Program from funds provided.

The conference agreement includes language (section 821) that reauthorizes the Puerto Rico Food Stamp Block Grant

through 2002.

Senate Section 1116.—The conference agreement includes language (section 822) regarding payments to the State of Hawaii from the Commodity Credit Corporation for transportation assistance.

Senate Section 2101.—The conferees have addressed the issue of business and industry loan guarantee eligibility elsewhere in the

Senate Sections 2102, 2103, and 2104.—The conference agreement provides (sections 823, 824, 825, 826, 828, 831) that Emergency Watershed Program funds shall be available for conservation technical and financial assistance for the Long Park Dam, UT; Kuhn Bayou, AR; Snake River Watershed Project, MN; DuPage County, IL; Camp Lejeune project in NC; and Princeville, NC.

Senate Section 2105 and House section 751.—The conference agreement includes language (section 827) that allows oyster farmers to keep payments made to them by USDA.

Senate Section 2107.—The conferees have addressed the issue of Sea Island Health Clinic in Johns Island, South Carolina eligibility for assistance and funding from the Rural Development Community facilities elsewhere in the Act.

The conference agreement includes language (section 829) regarding technical changes to subtitle G, section 262 of P.L. 106-224, The Agricultural

Risk Protection Act of 2000. The technical changes require obligations by a date certain rather than "expended by" the same date.

The conference agreement includes language (section 830) regarding the use of emergency conservation funds provided previously for the Cerro Grande fires.

The conference agreement includes language (section 832) regarding funding transfers for the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund.

Senate Section 2106 and House section 748.—The conference agreement includes language (section 833) regarding emergency loans to poultry producers to rebuild chicken houses.

The conference agreement includes language (section 834) providing \$10,000,000 for value-added agricultural product development grants.

The conference agreement includes language (section 835) providing an additional \$10,000,000 for the cost of business and industry guaranteed loans.

The conference agreement includes language (section 836) regarding sugar nonrecourse loans.

The conference agreement includes language (section 837) regarding Loan Defi-ciency Payment limitations for crop year 2000.

The conferees note the importance of the role of loan deficiency payments in helping offset reductions in net farm income. The conferees direct the Secretary of Agriculture to take into account county production and prices of feed barley and malting barley in establishing county loan rates and loan repayment rates.

The conference agreement includes language (section 838) regarding date extention for marketing assistance loans and loan deficiency payments for rice.

The conference agreement includes a provision (section 839) that allows the Secretary to enter into agreements for the purpose of controlling the buildup of natural fuels that contribute to the threat of wildfires.

The conference agreement includes language (section 840) regarding publication of regulations for this title.

The conference agreement includes language (section 841) regarding tobacco.

The conference agreement includes language (section 842) regarding administrative offsets. The conferees note that the Secretary of Agriculture has in prior years used existing authorities to exempt farm payments from administrative offset, both within the Department of Agriculture and externally. In view of the significant economic hardships faced by farmers and ranchers this year, the third straight year of such hardships, the conferees urge the Secretary of Agriculture to exempt loan deficiency payments and marketing loan gains for year 2000 crops from internal and external administrative offset.

The conference agreement includes language (section 843) providing \$20,000,000 to make payments to producers of tomatoes, pears, peaches, and apricots that were unable to market their crops because of agriculture cooperative losses in the state of California.

The conference agreement includes language (section 844) regarding burley tobacco.

The conference agreement includes language (section 845) regarding marketing assistance loans and deficiency loan payment eligibility.

The conference agreement includes language (section 846) regarding food stamp program excess shelter expenses.

The conference agreement includes language (section 847) regarding food stamp program vehicle allowances.

OFFSETS/RESCISSIONS

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

The conference agreement does not provide language that cancels funds in the Office of the Chief Information Officer account that were made available for Year 2000 conversion purposes.

TITLE IX-TRADE SANCTIONS REFORM AND EXPORT ENHANCEMENT

The conference agreement includes the "Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000".

TITLE X-CONTINUED DUMPING AND SUBSIDY OFFSET

The conference agreement includes the "Continued Dumping and Subsidy Offset Act of 2000".

TITLE XI-CONSERVATION OF FARMABLE WETLAND

The conference agreement includes language regarding a Conservation Reserve Program pilot in the prairie pothole region of the United States.

TITLE XII-HASS AVOCADO PROMOTION, RESEARCH, AND INFORMATION

The conference agreement includes language regarding avocado research and promotion program.

TITLE XIII—DEBT REDUCTION

The conference agreement includes language that reduces the public debt of the United States.

CONFERENCE TOTAL—WITH COMPARISONS

The total new budget (obligational) authority for the fiscal year 2001 recommended by the Committee of Conference, with comparisons to the fiscal year 2000 amount, the 2001 budget estimates, and the House and Senate bills for 2001 follow:

[In thousands of dollars]	
New budget (obligational)	
authority, fiscal year 2000	\$84,312,546
Budget estimates of new (obligational) authority,	
fiscal year 2001	76,785,597
House bill, fiscal year 2001	75,264,494
Senate bill, fiscal year 2001	75,356,809
Conference agreement, fis- cal year 2001 Conference agreement	78,139,809
compared with:	
New budget (obliga tional) authority, fis- cal year 2000	-6,172,737
Budget estimates of new (obligational)	0,172,737
authority, fiscal year	. 1 954 919
2001 House bill, fiscal year	+1,354,212
	+2,875,315
2001	+4,073,313

Senate bill, fiscal year

2001

JOE SKEEN. JAMES T. WALSH, JAY DICKEY. JACK KINGSTON, GEORGE R. NETHERCUTT, Jr., HENRY BONILLA, TOM LATHAM, JO ANN EMERSON, C.W. BILL YOUNG, Managers on the Part of the House.

+2.783.000

THAD COCHRAN, ARLEN SPECTER. CHRISTOPHER S. BOND. SLADE GORTON. MITCH MCCONNELL. CONRAD BURNS, TED STEVENS. HERB KOHL. TOM HARKIN, (except for Cuba and reimportadrug tion). BYRON L. DORGAN, DIANNE FEINSTEIN, ROBERT C. BYRD, Managers on the Part of the Senate.

ADJOURNMENT TO TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 2000

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 12:30 p.m. on Tuesday, October 10, 2000.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

DISPENSING WITH CALENDAR WEDNESDAY **BUSINESS** ON WEDNESDAY NEXT

Mr. YOUNG of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the business in order under the Calendar Wednesday rule be dispensed with on Wednesday next.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Ms. WATERS (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today on account of business in the district.

Ms. CARSON (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today on account of official business.

Mr. MEEKS of New York (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today on account of personal business.

Mr. PASCRELL (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today after 1:30 p.m. on account of official business.

Mr. REYES (at the request of Mr. GEP-HARDT) for today on account of official business.

Mr. STARK (at the request of Mr. GEP-HARDT) for today after 12:30 p.m. on account of medical reasons.

Mr. DIAZ-BALART (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for today on account of touring flood damage with the director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Mrs. FOWLER (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for today after 1:00 p.m. on account of official business.

Mr. HEFLEY (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for today and October 3 on account of illness.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. BROWN of Ohio) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. BROWN of Ohio, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. PALLONE, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. FILNER, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. GEJDENSON, for 5 minutes, today. (The following Members (at the re-

quest of Mr. SMITH of Michigan) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. PORTER, for 5 minutes, October

(The following Member (at his own request) to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. SMITH of Michigan, for 5 minutes, today.

SENATE BILLS REFERRED

Bills of the Senate of the following titles were taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 134. An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to study whether the Apostle Islands National Lakeshore should be protected as a wilderness area; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 1367. An act to amend the Act which established the Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site, in the State of New Hampshire, by modifying the boundary and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 1534. An act to reauthorize the Coastal Zone Management Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources; in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

S. 1670. An act to revise the boundary of Fort Matanzas National Monument, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources

S. 1972. An act to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey to the town of Dolores, Colorado, the current site of the Joe Rowell Park; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2069. An act to permit the conveyance of certain land in Powell, Wyoming; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2273. An act to establish the Black Rock Desert-High Rock Canyon Emigrant Trails National Conservation Area, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2300. An act to amend the Mineral Leasing Act to increase the maximum acreage of Federal leases for coal that may be held by an entity in any 1 State; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2345. An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a special resource study concerning the preservation and public use of sites associated with Harriet Tubman located in Auburn, New York, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2439. An act to authorize the appropriation of funds for the construction of the Southeastern Alaska Intertic system, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Commerce.

S. 2478. An act to require the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a theme study on the peopling of America, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

 $S.\ 2485.$ An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to provide assistance in planning and constructing a regional heritage center in Calais, Maine; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2499. An act to extend the deadline for commencement of construction of a hydroelectric project in the State of Pennsylvania; to the Committee on Commerce.

S. 2691. An act to provide further protections for the watershed of the Little Sandy River as part of the Bull Run Watershed Management Unit, Oregon, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources; in addition to the Committee on Agriculture for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

S. 2749. An act to establish the California Trail Interpretive Center in Elko, Nevada, to facilitate the interpretation of the history of