and drowning when darkness and rough seas limited the rescue efforts. Less than half, over 900, survived, which was less than half.

American, British and French rescue workers worked valiantly to save those Rohna passengers and crew who made it off the ship and into the ocean. The USS *Pioneer* picked up two-thirds of all those that were saved, 606 GIs. Many of those in the water had to endure hours of chilling temperatures before being picked up. As the evening moved into the middle of the night and the early morning hours, some men were speechless with the cold. Many died deaths of unbelievable agony.

The United States Government had not properly acknowledged this event. Because inadequate records were kept, some survivors had to fight for years to prove that the Rohna even existed, let alone that survivors might be due some recognition.

Finally, at a 1996 memorial dedication honoring the Americans who died on the Rohna, survivor John Fievet spoke the following words:

I dedicate this memorial to the memory of those who fell in the service of our country. I dedicate it in the names of those who offered their lives that justice, freedom and democracy might survive to be the victorious ideals of the world. The lives of those who made the supreme sacrifice are glorious before us. Their deeds are an inspiration. As they served America in the time of war, yielding their last full measure of devotion, may we serve America in time of peace. I dedicate this monument to them, and with it, I dedicate this society to the faithful service of our country and the preservation of the memory of those who died, that liberty might live.

The men who gave their lives for their country on board this ship were heroes who deserve to be recognized and not forgotten. Parents of virtually all of them died without learning how their sons had died, because this was something that was not made public. Their brothers and sisters, wives and children need to hear their story. All Americans need to learn of their bravery and sacrifice. Not only do the victims of the tragic sinking need to be honored, but also their comrades, who survived, to be sent on to the Burma-India-China theater of the war and there to serve valiantly.

On November 11, 1993, Charles Osgood featured the Rohna story on his widespread radio program. For the first time, in 1993, a broad cross-section of America got to hear the story of some of its unknown warriors. Osgood revisited the subject two weeks later. According to Osgood, "It is not that we forgot, it is just that we never knew.'

Americans need to know about the Rohna. They need to know about the men who died on board, sacrificing their lives in the fight against tyranny. Americans need to know, and certainly must never forget.

REVISIONS OF APPROPRIATE LEV-ELS OF DEBT IN THE CONGRES-SIONAL BUDGET RESOLUTION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. KASICH) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. KASICH. Mr. Speaker, section 213(1) of the conference report on the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2001 (H. Con. Res. 290) permits certain adjustments if the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) increases its estimate of the surplus. CBO recently increased its estimate of the on-budget surplus for the current fiscal year by \$57.2 billion. I submit for printing in the Congressional Record revisions to the levels of the public debt and the debt held by the public for fiscal years 2000-2005 based on that increase in the surplus.

REVISED APPROPRIATE LEVELS OF DEBT IN THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET RESOLUTION

(End of year in billions of dollars)

Fiscal year	Public debt	Debt held by the pub- lic
2000	5,583.0 5,666.6 5,757.5 5,857.2 5,951.6 6,040.9	3,413.0 3,256.0 3,077.9 2,891.2 2,689.8 2,467.0

Questoins may be directed to Dan Kowalski at 67270.

STATUS REPORT ON CURRENT SPENDING LEVELS OF ON-BUDGET SPENDING AND REVENUES FOR FY 2000 AND THE 5-YEAR PERIOD FY 2000 THROUGH FY 2004

Mr. KASICH. Mr. Speaker, to facilitate application of sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act, I am transmitting a status report on the current levels of on-budget spending and revenues for fiscal year 2000 and for the 5-year period of fiscal year 2000 through fiscal year 2004. This status report is current through September 6, 2000.

The term "current level" refers to the

amounts of spending and revenues estimated for each fiscal year based on laws enacted or awaiting the President's signature.

The first table in the report compares the current level of total budget authority, outlays, and revenues with the aggregate levels set by H. Con. Res. 290. This comparison is needed to implement section 311(a) of the Budget Act, which creates a point of order against measures that would breach the budget resolution's aggregate levels. The table does not show budget authority and outlays for years after fiscal year 2000.

The second table compares the current levels of budget authority and outlays of each authorizing committee with jurisdiction over direct spending programs with the "section 302(a)" allocations for discretionary action made under H. Con. Res. 290 for fiscal year 2000 and fiscal years 2000 through 2004. "Discretionary action" refers to legislation enacted after adoption of the budget resolution. This comparison is needed to enforce section 302(f) of the Budget Act, which creates a point of order against measures that would breach the section 302(a) discretionary action allocation of new budget authority for the committee that reported the measure. It is also needed to enforce section 311(b), which exempts committees that comply with their allocations from the point of order under section 311(a).

The third table compares the current levels of discretionary appropriations for fiscal vear 2000 with the revised "section 302(b)" sub-allocations of discretionary budget authority and outlays among Appropriations subcommittees. This comparison is also needed to implement section 302(f) of the budget Act because the point of order under that section also applies to measures that would breach the applicable section 302(b) sub-allocation.

The fourth table compares discretionary appropriations to the levels provided by section 251(c) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985. Section 251 requires that, if at the end of a session discretionary spending in any category exceeds the limits set forth in section 251(c) (as adjusted pursuant to provisions of section 251(b)), there shall be a sequestration of funds within that category to bring spending within the established limits. As determination of the need for a sequestration is based on the report of the President required by section 254, this table is provided for information purposes only.

REPORT TO THE SPEAKER FROM THE COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET: STATUS OF THE FISCAL YEAR 2000 CONGRES-SIONAL BUDGET ADOPTED IN H. CON. RES. 290

Reflecting Action Completed as of September 6, 2000 (On-budget amounts, in millions of dollars)

	Fiscal year 2000	Fiscal year 2000–2004
Appropriate Level (as amended):		
Budget authority 1	1,484,852	NA
Outlays 2	1.455.479	NA
Outlays ² Revenues ³	1,465,500	7.768.100
Current Level:		,,
Budget authority	1.482.479	NA
Outlays	1,458,357	NA
Revenues	1,465,492	7.871.246
Current Level over (+)/under (–) Appropriate Level:	,, .	,, ,
Budget authority	-2.373	NA
Outlays	2.878	NA
Revenues	-8	103,146

NA—Not applicable because annual appropriations Acts for Fiscal Years 2002 through 2004 will not be considered until future sessions of Congress.

1 Budget Authority—Enactment of any measure providing new budget authority in excess of \$2,373,000,000 for FY 2000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause FY 2000 budget authority to exceed the appropriate level set by H. Con. Res. 290.

2 Outlays—Enactment of any measure providing new outlays for FY 2000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause FY 2000.

² Outlays—Enactment of any measure providing new outlays for FY 2000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause FY 2000 outlays to further exceed the appropriate level set by H. Con. Res. 290.

³ Revenues—Enactment of any measure that would result in any revenue loss for FY 2000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause revenues to fall further below the appropriate level set by H. Con. Res. 290. Enactment of any measure resulting in any revenue loss for FY 2000 through 2004 in excess of \$103,146,000,000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause revenues to fall below the appropriate levels each by H. Con. Res. 290. priate levels set by H. Con. Res. 290.

DIRECT SPENDING LEGISLATION—COMPARISON OF CUR-RENT LEVEL WITH COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO BUDGET ACT SECTION 302(A) REFLECTING ACTION COMPLETED AS OF SEPT. 6, 2000

(Fiscal years in million of dollars)

	20	00	2000-	2004
	BA	Outlays	BA	Outlays
HOUSE COMMITTEE				
Agriculture:				
Allocation	5.500	5.500	13.489	12.533
Current Level	5,500	5,500	13,485	12,562
Difference			(4)	29
Armed Services:			,	
Allocation				
Current Level				
Difference				
Banking and Financial				
Services:				
Allocation				(968)
Current Level				
Difference				968
Commerce:				
Allocation				
Current Level			10	10
Difference			10	10
Education & the Work-				
force:				
Allocatin				
Current Level				
Difference				

DIRECT SPENDING LEGISLATION—COMPARISON OF CUR-RENT LEVEL WITH COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO BUDGET ACT SECTION 302(A) REFLECTING ACTION COMPLETED AS OF SEPT. 6, 2000—Continued

(Fiscal years in million of dollars)

DIRECT SPENDING LEGISLATION—COMPARISON OF CUR-RENT LEVEL WITH COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO BUDGET ACT SECTION 302(A) REFLECTING ACTION COMPLETED AS OF SEPT. 6. 2000—Continued

(Fiscal years in million of dollars)

DIRECT SPENDING LEGISLATION—COMPARISON OF CUR-RENT LEVEL WITH COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO BUDGET ACT SECTION 302(A) REFLECTING ACTION COMPLETED AS OF SEPT. 6, 2000—Continued

(Fiscal years in million of dollars)

	20	00	2000-	2004		2000 2000–2004			20	000	2000-	2004		
	BA	Outlays	BA	Outlays		BA	Outlays	ВА	Outlays		BA	Outlays	BA	Outlays
HOUSE COMMITTEE					HOUSE COMMITTEE					HOUSE COMMITTEE				
Government Reform &					Resources:					Transportation & Infra-				
Oversight:					Allocation			121	6	structure:				
Allogation					Current Level	7	3	(65)	(65)	Allocation				
Current Level			14	14	Difference	7	3	(186	(71)	Current Level				
Difference			14	14	Science:	-	-	((/	Difference				
House Administratin:					Allocation					Veterans' Affairs:				
Allocation					Current Level					Allocation			4,666	4,492
Current Level					Difference					Current Level				
Difference					Select Committee on In-					Difference			(4,666)	(4,492)
International Relations:					telligence:					Ways and Means:				
Allocation					Allocation					Allocation	(50)		3,012	3,064
Current Level					Current					Current Level	53	52	21	20
Difference					Difference					Difference	103	52	(2,991)	(3,044)
Judiciary:					Small Business:					Total Authorized:				
					Allocation					Allocation	5,450	5,500	21,288	19,127
Allocation Current Level			(456)	(410)	Current Level					Current Level	5,560	5,555	13,009	12,131
										Difference	110	55	(8,279)	(6,996)
Difference			(456)	(410)	Difference									

COMPARISON OF CURRENT LEVEL TO DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LEVELS SET FORTH IN SEC. 251(c) OF THE BALANCED BUDGET & EMERGENCY DEFICIT CONTROL ACT OF 1985 (Dollars in millions)

	Defense 1		Defense ¹ Nondefense ¹		General purpose		Violent crime trust fund		Highway o	category	Mass trans egory	
	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0
Statutory Caps ² Current Level ³ Difference (Current level—Caps)	NA 298,744 NA	NA 289,521 NA	NA 282,210 NA	NA 291,370 NA	580,289 580,954 665	569,224 580,891 11,667	4,500 4,486 - 14	6,344 6,999 655	NA NA NA	24,574 24,393 - 181	NA NA NA	4,117 4,569 452

Defense and nondefense categories are advisory rather than statutory.
Established by OMB Sequestration Update Report for Fiscal Year 2001.

DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2000—COMPARISON OF CURRENT LEVEL WITH SUBALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO BUDGET ACT SECTION 302(b) (In millions of dollars)

	302(b) suba	allocations d on Octo-	Current level reflecting action completed as of September 6, 2000		Differe	nce
	last update ber 12,	1999 ¹			DΛ	0
	BA	0	BA	0	DA	0
Agriculture, Rural Development	13,882	14,346	14,825	14,994	943	648
Commerce, Justice, State	35,774	34.907	38,461	38,429	2.687	3,522
National Defense	267,692	259,130	277,137	267,864	9,445	8.734
District of Columbia	453	448	434	505	(19)	57
Energy & Water Development	20.190	20.140	21.295	21,343	1.105	1.203
Foreign Operations	12,625	13,168	16,400	14,136	3,775	968
Interior	13.888	14,354	15.142	15.029	1.254	675
Labor, HHS & Education	75.763	77.063	89.504	90,539	13.741	13.476
Legislative Branch	2.478	2,484	2,466	2,450	(12)	(34)
Hilliary Construction	8.374	8.775	8.489	8.598	115	(177)
	12,400	43,445	13,256	43,739	856	294
T	13,706	14.115	13,230	14.232	101	117
Treasury-Postal Service VA—HUD—Independent Agencies	68.633		74.502	85.267	5.869	3,222
VA-HOD-Initiapendent Agencies	00,033	82,045	74,502	60,207	5,869	3,222
Reserve/Offsets	40.205	00.000	(070)	(072)	(40.072)	(00.000)
Unassigned ³	42,395	29,609	(278)	(273)	(42,673)	(29,882)
Grand total	588,253	614,029	585,440	616,852	(2,813)	2,823

U.S. CONGRESS, CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE, Washington, DC, September 8, 2000. Hon. JOHN R. KASICH,

Chairman, Committee on the Budget,

U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, DC. DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN, the enclosed report shows the effects of Congressional action on the fiscal year 2000 budget and is current through September 6, 2000. This report is submitted under section 308(b) and in aid of section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act, as amended.

The estimates of budget authority, outlays, and revenues are consistent with the technical and economic assumptions of H. Con. Res. 290, the Concurrent Resolution and the Budget for Fiscal Year 2001, which replace H. Con. Res. 68, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2000.
Since my last letter, dated June 19, 2000,

the Congress has cleared and the President has signed the Military Construction Appropriations Act, 2001 (Public Law 106-246) and the Department of Defense Appropriations

Act, 2001 (Public Law 106-259). Those actions changed budget authority and outlays. Sincerely,

Barry B. Anderson. (for Dan L. Crippen).

Enclosure.

FISCAL YEAR 2000 HOUSE CURRENT LEVEL REPORT AS OF SEPT. 7, 2000

(In millions of dollars)

	Budget au- thority Outlays		Revenues
Enacted in previous sessions: Revenues Permanents and other	0	0	1,465,500
spending legislation Appropriation legislation ¹ Offseting receipts	876,422 869,318 - 284,184	836,631 889,756 - 284,184	0 0 0
Total, previously enacted Enacted this session: Omnibus Parks Technical	1,461,556	1,442,203	1,465,500
Corrections Act of 1999 (P.L. 106–176)	7	3	0

FISCAL YEAR 2000 HOUSE CURRENT LEVEL REPORT AS OF SEPT. 7, 2000-Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Budget au- thority	Outlays	Revenues
2,805	0	0
53	52	-8
5,500	5,500	0
15,173	13,799	0
1,779	0	0
25,317	19,354	-8
- 35	0	0
	2,805 53 5,500 15,173 1,779	15,173 13,799 1,779 0 25,317 19,354

³ Consistent with H. Con. Res. 290.

¹The Appropriations Committee did not revise the fiscal year 2000 302(b) suballocations after the passage of H. Con. Res. 290.
²Transportation does not include mass transit BA.
³Unassigned includes the allocation adjustments provided under Section 314, but not yet allocated under Section 302(b), and amounts included in H. Con. Res. 290 not allocated by the Appropriations Committee.

FISCAL YEAR 2000 HOUSE CURRENT LEVEL REPORT AS OF SEPT. 7, 2000—Continued

(In millions of dollars)

	Budget au- thority	Outlays	Revenues
Less: Items Excluded for Com- parability with Budget Reso- lution ¹	- 4.359	- 3.200	0
Total Current Level 1	1.482.479	1.458.357	1,465,492
Total Budget Resolution 2	1.484.852	1.455.479	1,465,500
Current Level Over Budget	, . ,		,,
Resolution	0	2,878	(
Current Level Under Budget			
Resolution	-2,373	0	-8
Memorandum: Revenues, 2000–2004:			
House Current Level	0	0	7,871,246
House Budget Resolution Amount Current Level	0	0	7,768,100
Over Resolution	0	0	103,146

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

Note.—P.L. = Public Law.

¹For purposes of enforcing section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act in the House, the budget resolution does not include budget authority or outlays for Social Security administrative expenses. As a result, current level excludes these items. In addition, for comparability purposes, current level budget authority excludes \$1,159 million that was appropriated for mass transit

² Section 314 of the Congressional Budget Act, as amended, requires that the House Budget Committee revise the budget resolution to reflect funding provided in bills reported by the House for emergency requirements, disability reviews, the Earned Income Tax Credit, and adoption assistance. Of these revisions, \$510 million in budget authority and \$301 million in outlays are included in the budget resolution but are not yet included in the current level.

STATUS REPORT ON CURRENT SPENDING LEVELS OF ON-BUDGET SPENDING AND REVENUES FOR FY 2001 AND THE 5-YEAR PERIOD FY 2001 THROUGH FY 2005

Mr. KASICH. Mr. Speaker, to facilitate the application of sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act and sections 202 and 203 of the conference report accompanying H. Con. Res. 290, I am transmitting a status report on the current levels of on-budget spending and revenues for fiscal year 2001 and for the 5-year period of fiscal years 2001 through fiscal year 2005. This status report is current through September 6, 2000.

The term "current level" refers to the amounts of spending and revenues estimated for each fiscal year based on laws enacted or awaiting the President's signature.

The first table in the report compares the current levels of total budget authority, outlays, revenues, the surplus and advance appropriations with the aggregate levels set forth by H. Con. Res. 290. This comparison is needed to implement section 311(a) of the Budget Act and sections 202 and 203(b) of H. Con. Res. 290, which create points of order against measures that would breach the budget resolution's aggregate levels. The table does not show budget authority and outlays for years after fiscal year 2001 because appropriations for those years have not yet been considered.

The second table compares the current levels of budget authority and outlays of each authorizing committee with jurisdiction over direct spending programs with the "section 302(a)" allocations for discretionary action made under H. Con. Res. 290 for fiscal year 2001 and fiscal years 2001 through 2005. "Discretionary action" refers to legislation enacted after the adoption of the budget resolution. This comparison is needed to enforce section 302(f) of the Budget Act, which creates a point of order against measures that would breach the section 302(a) discretionary action allocation of new budget authority for the committee that reported the measure. It is also needed to enforce section 311(b), which exempts committees that comply with their allocations from the point of order under section 311(a).

The third table compares the current levels of discretionary appropriations for fiscal year 2001 with the revised "section 302(b)" sub-allocations of discretionary budget authority and outlays among Appropriations subcommittees. This comparison is also needed to implement section 302(f) of the Budget Act because the point of order under that section also applies to measures that would breach the applicable section 302(b) sub-allocation.

The fourth table compares discretionary appropriations to the levels provided by section 251(c) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985. Section 251 requires that, if at the end of a session discretionary spending in any category exceeds the limits set forth in section 251(c) (as adjusted pursuant to section 251(b)), there shall be a sequestration of amounts within that category to bring spending within the established limits. As the determination of the need for a sequestration is based on the report of the President required by section 254, this table is provided for informational purposes only.

REPORT TO THE SPEAKER FROM THE COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET

STATUS OF THE FISCAL YEAR 2001 CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ADOPTED IN H. CON. RES. 290 REFLECTING ACTION COMPLETED AS OF SEPT. 6, 2000

[On-budget amounts, in millions of dollars]

	Fiscal Year				
	2001	2001–2005			
Approriate Level (as amended):					
Budget Authority	1.529.558	NA			
Outlays	1.501.656	NA			
Revenues	1.503.200	8,022,400			
Surplus	1.544	NA			
Advance Appropriations	23,500	NA			
Current Level:	,				
Budget Authority	1.245.386	NA			
Outlays	1.334.025	NA NA			
Revenues	1.514.241	8,169,171			
Surplus	180.216	NA NA			
Advance Appropriations	100,210	NA NA			
Current Level over (+)/under(-) Appropriate	U	IIA			
level:					
Budget Authority	- 284.172	NA			
Outlays	- 167.631	NA NA			
Revenues	11.041	146.771			
Surplus	178,672	140,771 NA			
Advance Appropriations	- 23,500	NA NA			
navance appropriations	23,300	- INA			

NA—Not applicable because annual appropriations Acts for Fiscal Years 2002 through 2005 will not be considered until future sessions of Congress.

BUDGET AUTHORITY

Enactment of any measure providing new budget authority for FY 2001 (if not already included in the current level estimate) in excess of \$284,172,000,000 would cause FY 2001 budget authority to exceed the appropriate level set by H. Con. Res. 290.

OUTLAYS

Enactment of any measure providing new outlays for FY 2001 in excess of \$167,631,000,000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause FY 2001 outlays to exceed the appropriate level set by H. Con. Res. 290.

REVENUES

Enactment of any measure that would result in any revenue loss for FY 2001 in excess of \$11,041,000,000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause revenues to fall below the appropriate level set by H. Con. Res. 290.

Enactment of any measure resulting in any revenue loss for FY 2001 through 2005 in excess of \$146,771,000,000 (if not already included in the current level) would cause revenues to fall below the appropriate levels set by H. Con. Res. 290.

SURPLUS

Enactment of any measure that reduces the surplus for FY 2001 by more than \$178,672,000,000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause FY 2001 surplus to fall below the appropriate level set by section 202 of H. Con. Res. 290.

ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS

Enactment of any measure that would result in FY 2001 advance appropriations in excess of \$23,500,000,000 (if not already included in the current level estimate) would cause the FY 2001 advance appropriations to exceed the appropriate level set by Section 203(b) of H. Con. Res. 290.

DIRECT SPENDING LEGISLATION: COMPARISON OF CUR-RENT LEVEL WITH COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO BUDGET ACT SECTION 302(a) REFLECTING ACTION COMPLETED AS OF SEPT. 6, 2000

[Fiscal years, in millions of dollars]

House committee	20	01	2001- 2005	Outlays
110000 001111111100	BA	Outlays	BA	outilajo
Agriculture:				
Allocation	3,062	2,295	9,837	8,824
Current Level	3,061	2,166	9,787	8,837
Difference	(1)	(129)	(50)	13
Armed Services:				
Allocation				
Current Level				
DifferenceBanking and Financial Services:				
Allocation		(107)		(1,329
Current Level		(107)		(1,023,
Difference		107		1,329
Commerce:				-,
Allocation				
Current Level			15	15
Difference			15	15
Education & the Workforce:				
Allocation				
Current Level				
Difference				
Government Reform & Oversight:				
Allocation				
Current Level	1	1	20	20
Difference	1	1	20	20
House Administration:				
Allocation				
Current Level				
Difference				
nternational Relations:				
Allocation				
Current Level				
Difference				
Allocation				
Current Level	(114)	(75)	(570)	(524
Difference	(114)	(75)	(570)	(524)
Resources:	,,	(/	(/	
Allocation			162	44
Current Level	(96)	(98)	(62)	(58
Difference	(96)	(98)	(224)	(102
Science:				
Allocation				
Current Level				
Difference				
Select Committee on Intelligence:				
Allocation				
Current Level				
Difference				
Small Business:				
Small Business: Allocation				
Small Business: Allocation Current Level				
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference				
Small Business: Allocation				
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation				
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level				
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference				
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Irransportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs:				
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation	510	479	7,280	7,037
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level	510	479	7,280	7,037
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level Difference Unifference	510	479	7,280	7,037
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level Difference Veys and Means:	510 (510)	479 (479)	7,280 (7,280)	7,037
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level Difference Ways and Means: Allocation Allocation Allocation Allocation Allocation Allocation Allocation Allocation	510 (510)	479 (479)	7,280 (7,280) 3,035	7,037
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level Difference Ways and Means: Allocation Current Level	510 (510) 55 (47)	479 (479) 25 (47)	7,280 (7,280) 3,035 (29)	7,037 (7,037 3,038 (28
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level Difference Ways and Means: Allocation Current Level Difference Current Level Difference Difference	510 (510)	479 (479)	7,280 (7,280) 3,035	7,037 (7,037 3,038 (28
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level Difference Ways and Means: Allocation Current Level Difference Total Authorized:	510 (510) 55 (47) (102)	479 (479) 25 (47) (72)	7,280 (7,280) 3,035 (29) (3,064)	7,037 (7,037 3,038 (28 (3,066
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level Difference Ways and Means: Allocation Current Level Difference Tournent Level Difference Total Authorized: Allocation	510 (510) 55 (47) (102) 3,627	479 (479) 25 (47) (72) 2,692	7,280 (7,280) 3,035 (29) (3,064) 20,314	7,037 (7,037 3,038 (28 (3,066
Small Business: Allocation Current Level Difference Transportation & Infrastructure: Allocation Current Level Difference Veterans' Affairs: Allocation Current Level Difference Ways and Means: Allocation Current Level Difference Total Authorized:	510 (510) 55 (47) (102)	479 (479) 25 (47) (72)	7,280 (7,280) 3,035 (29) (3,064)	3,038 (28) (3,066)

DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001: COMPARISON OF CURRENT LEVEL WITH SUBALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO BUDGET ACT SECTION 302(b) [In millions of dollars]

	Revised 302(b) tions as of Jul (H. Rpt. 10	suballoca- y 19, 2000	Current level retion completed	as of Sept.	Differe	nce
	(H. Rpt. 10	16-/61)	-761)		BA	0
	BA	0	BA	0	DA	U
Agriculture, Rural Development	14,548	14,972	42	3,882	(14,506)	(11,090)
Commerce, Justice, State	34,904	35,778	283	12,279	(34,621)	(23,499)
National Defense	288,297	279,618	287.590	277,807	(707)	(1.811)
District of Columbia	414	414	0	36	(414)	(378)
Energy and Water Development	21.743	21.950	0	7.908	(21,743)	(14.042)
Foreign Operations	13,281	14,974	Ö	9,859	(13,281)	(5,115)
Interior	14,723	15,224	36	5,399	(14,687)	(9,825)
Labor, HHS and Education	99,547	95,075	18.954	64,188	(80,593)	(30,887)
Legislative Branch	2,468	2,480	0	352	(2,468)	(2,128)
Military Construction	4,932	2.119	4.932	2,119	(0)	(0)
Transportation 1	13,735	48,255	20	28,651	(13.715)	(19.604)
Treasury-Postal Service	14,402	14,751	62	3,202	(14,340)	(11.549)
VA-HUD-Independent Agencies	78.317	85,840	3.561	47,808	(74,756)	(38,032)
Unassigned	42	985	0	768	(42)	(217)
Grand Total	601,353	632,435	315,480	464,258	(285,873)	(168,177)

¹ Transportation does not include mass transit BA.

COMPARISON OF CURRENT LEVEL TO DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LEVELS SET FORTH IN SEC. 251(c) OF THE BALANCED BUDGET AND EMERGENCY DEFICIT CONTROL ACT OF 1985 [Dollars in millions]

	Defense ¹		Nondefense ¹		General purpose		Highway category		Mass transit category	
	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0
Statutory Caps ²	NA 296,407	NA 289,819	NA 19,073	NA 150,928	541,095 315,480	554,133 440,747	0	26,920 18,968	NA 0	4,639 4,543
Difference (Current Level—Caps)	NA	NA	NA	NA	- 225,615	-113,386	NA	- 7,952	NA	- 96

 $^{^1\,\}mathrm{Defense}$ and nondefense categories are advisory rather than statutory. $^2\,\mathrm{Established}$ by OMB Sequestration Update Report for Fiscal Year 2001.

U.S. CONGRESS, CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE, Washington, DC, September 8, 2000. Hon. JOHN R. KASICH,

Chairman, Committee on the Budget,

House of Representatives, Washington, DC. DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: The enclosed report shows the effects of Congressional action on the fiscal year 2001 budget and is current through September 6, 2000. This report is submitted under section 308(b) and in aid of section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act, as amended.

The estimates of budget authority, outlays, and revenues are consistent with the

technical and economic assumptions of H. Con. Res. 290, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2001. The budget resolution figures incorporate revisions submitted to the House by the Committee on the Budget to reflect funding for emergency requirements, disability reviews, and adoption assistance. Those revisions are required by section 314 of the Congressional Budget Act, as amended.

Since my last letter dated June 19, 2000, the Congress has cleared and the President has signed the Military Construction Appropriations Act, 2001 (Public Law 106-246), the Valles Caldera Preservation Act (Public Law

106-248), the Griffith Project Prepayment and Conveyance Act (Public Law 106-249), the Semipostal Authorization Act (Public Law 106-253), and the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2001 (Public Law 106-259). In addition, the Congress cleared for the President's signature the Long-Term Care Security Act (H.R. 4040). Those actions changed budget authority and outlays.

Sincerely, BARRY B. ANDERSON (For Dan L. Crippen, Director).

Enclosure.

FISCAL YEAR 2001 HOUSE CURRENT LEVEL REPORT AS OF SEPT. 7, 2000 [In millions of dollars]

	Budget Au- thority	Outlays	Revenues	Surplus
Enacted in previous sessions: Revenues Permanents and other spending legislation	0 961.064	0 916.715	1,514,800	
Appropriation legislation ¹ Offsetting receipts	0 - 297,807	266,010 - 297,807	0	
Total, previously enacted	663,257	884,918	1,514,800	n/a
The Electronic Benefit Transfer Interoperability and Portability Act of 1999 (P.L. 106–171) Omnibus Parks Technical Corrections Act of 1999 (P.L. 106–176). Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment and Reform Act for the 21st Century (P.L. 106–181). Civil Asset Forfeiture Reform Act of 2000 (P.L. 106–185). Trade and Development Act of 2000 (P.L. 106–200). Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106–224). Military Construction Appropriations Act, 2001 (P.L. 106–246). Valles Caldera Preservation Act (P.L. 106–248). Griffith Project Prepayment and Conveyance Act (P.L. 106–249). Semipostal Authorization Act (P.L. 106–253). Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2001 (P.L. 106–259).	1 3,200 -114 -47 3,060 4,932 -1 -103 -2 287,806	1 6 0 -75 -47 2,165 -3,982 -1 -103 -2 188,945	0 0 -2 -115 -442 0 0 0 0 0	
Total, enacted this session	298,740	186,907	- 559	n/a
Long-Term Care Security Act (H.R. 4040) Entitlements and Mandatories: Budget resolution baseline estimates of appropriated entitlements and other mandatory programs not yet enacted Less: Items Excluded for Comparability with Budget Resolution ¹ Total Current Level ¹ Total Budget Resolution ² Current Level Over Budget Resolution Current Level Under Budget Resolution Memorandum: Memorandum:	283,386 0 1,245,386 1,529,558 0 - 284,172	3 262,562 - 365 1,334,025 1,501,656 0 - 167,631	0 0 1,514,241 1,503,200 11,041 0	n/a n/a n/a 180,216 1,544 178,672
Revenues, 2001–2005: House Current Level	0	0	8,169,171 8,022,400	n/a n/a
Current Level Over Budget Resolution	0	0	146,771	n/a
ZULI Advances: FY 2002 House Current Level FY 2001 House Budget Resolution	0	0	0 23,500	n/a n/a

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

FISCAL YEAR 2001 HOUSE CURRENT LEVEL REPORT AS OF SEPT. 7, 2000—Continued

[In millions of dollars]

	Budget Au- thority	Outlays	Revenues	Surplus
Current Level Under Budget Resolution	0	0	- 23,500	n/a

1 For purposes of enforcing section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act in the House, the budget resolution does not include budget authority or outlays for Social Security administrative expenses. As a result, current level excludes

a Section 314 of the Congressional Budget Act, as amended, requires that the House Budget Committee revise the budget resolution to reflect funding provided in bills reported by the House for emergency requirements, disability reviews, the Earned Income Tax Credit, and adoption assistance. Of these revisions, \$1,030 million in budget authority and \$829 million in outlays are included in the budget resolution but are not yet included in the current level. Source: Congressional Budget office.

Notes: P.L. = Public Law: n.a. = not applicable.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today on account of official business.

Mr. BECERRA (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today on account of business in the district.

Mr. BONILLA (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for today on account of travel delays.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. GEJDENSON) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Green of Texas, for 5 minutes, today.

Mrs. Christensen, for 5 minutes, today.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. METCALF) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. PAUL, for 5 minutes, today and September 18.

Mr. PITTS, for 5 minutes, today and September 18.

Mr. RAMSTAD, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, for 5 minutes, September 18.

Mr. METCALF, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. KASICH, for 5 minutes, today.

SENATE BILL REFERRED

A bill of the senate of the following title was taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as

 $S.\ 2386.$ an act to authorize the United States Postal Service to issue semipostals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Government Reform, in addition to the Committee on Rules for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

HOUSE BILLS AND JOINT RESOLU-TIONS APPROVED BY THE PRESI-DENT

The President notified the Clerk of the House that on the following dates he had approved and signed bills and joint resolutions of the following titles: February 18, 2000:

H.R. 2130. An act to amend the Controlled Substances Act to direct the emergency scheduling of gamma hydroxybutyric acid, to provide for a national awareness campaign, and for other purposes.

February 25, 2000:

H.R. 1451. An act to establish the Abraham Lincoln Bicentennial Commission.

March 5, 2000:

H.R. 3557. An act to authorize the President to award a gold medal on behalf of the Congress to John Cardinal O'Connor, Archbishop of New York, in recognition of his accomplishments as a priest, a chaplain, and a humanitarian.

March 10, 2000:

H.R. 149. A act to make technical corrections to the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 and to other laws related to parks and public lands.

H.R. 764. An act to reduce the incidence of child abuse and neglect, and for other purposes.

March 14, 2000:

H.R. 1883. An act to provide for the application of measures to foreign persons who transfer to Iran certain goods, services, or technology, and for other purposes.

April 5, 2000:

H.R. 1000. An act to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize programs of the Federal Aviation Administration, and for other purposes.

April 7, 2000:

H.R. 5. An act to amend title II of the Social Security Act to eliminate the earnings test for individuals who have attained retirement age.

April 13, 2000: H.R. 1374. An act to designate the United States Post Office building located at 680 U.S. Highway 130 in Hamilton, New Jersey, as the "John K. Rafferty Hamilton Post Office Building.

April 14, 2000:

H.R. 3189. An act to designate the United States post office located at 14071 Peyton Drive in Chino Hills, California, as the "Joseph Ileto Post Office.'

April 25, 2000: H.R. 1658. An act to provide a more just and uniform procedure for Federal civil forfeitures, and for other purposes.

April 28, 2000:

H.R. 1231. An act to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain National Forest lands to Elko County, Nevada, for continued use as a cemetery.

H.R. 2368. An act to assist in the resettlement and relocation of the people of Bikini Atoll by amending the terms of the trust fund established during the United States Administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

H.R. 2862. An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to release reversionary interests held by the United States in certain parcels of land in Washington County, Utah, to facilitate an anticipated land exchange.

H.R. 2863. An act to clarify the legal effect on the United States of the acquisition of a parcel of land in the Red Cliffs Desert Reserve in the State of Utah.

H.R. 3063. An act to amend the Mineral Leasing Act to increase the maximum acre-

age of Federal leases for sodium that may be held by an entity in any one state, and for other purposes.

May 2, 2000:

H.J. Res. 86. Joint resolution recognizing the 50th anniversary of the Korean War and the service by members of the Armed Force during such war, and for other purposes. H.R. 1615. An act to amend the Wild and

Scenic Rivers Act to extend the designation of a portion of the Lamprey River in New Hampshire as a recreational river to include an additional river segment.

H.R. 1753. An act to promote the research, identification, assessment, exploration, and development of gas hydrate resources, and

for other purposes. H.R. 3090. An act to amend the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act to restore certain lands to the Elim Native Corporation, and for other purposes.

May 18, 2000:

H.R. 434. An act to authorize a new trade and investment policy for sub-Saharan Africa, expand trade benefits to the countries in the Caribbean Basin, renew the generalized system of preferences, and reauthorize the trade adjustment assistance programs.

May 22, 2000:

H.R. 2412. An act to designate the Federal building and United States courthouse located at 1300 South Harrison Street in Fort Wayne, Indiana, as the "E. Ross Adair Federal Building and United States Courthouse.

H.R. 154. An act to allow the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a fee system for commercial filming activities on Federal land, and for other purposes.

H.R. 371. An act to facilitate the naturalization of aliens who served with special guerrilla units or irregular forces in Laos.

H.R. 834. An act to extend the authorization for the Historic Preservation Fund and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1377. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 9308 South Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, as the "John J. Buchanan Post Office Building.

H.R. 1832. An act to reform unfair and anticompetitive practices in the professional boxing industry.

H.R. 3629. An act to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to improve the program for American Indian Tribal Colleges and Universities under part A of title III.

H.R. 3707. An act to authorize funds for the construction of a facility in Taipei, Taiwan suitable for the mission of the American Institute in Taiwan

June 15, 2000:

H.R. 3293. An act to amend the law that authorized the Vietnam Veterans Memorial to authorize the placement within the site of the memorial of a plaque to honor those Vietnam veterans who died after their service in the Vietnam war, but as a direct result of that service.

H.R. 4489. An act to amend section 110 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, and for other purposes.