for consideration of sections 601 and 725 of the House bill, and sections 601, 618, 701, and 1073 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference

Provided that Mr. OXLEY is appointed in lieu of Mr. BARTON of Texas for consideration of section 1501 of the House bill, and sections 342 and 2812 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference.

From the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for consideration of sections 341, 342, 504, and 1106 of the House bill, and sections 311, 379, 553, 669, 1053, and Title XXXV of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Messrs. Goodling, Hilleary, and Mrs. Mink of Hawaii.

From the Committee on Government Reform, for consideration of sections 518, 651, 723, 801, 906, 1101–1104, 1106, 1107, and 3137 of the House bill, and sections 643, 651, 801, 806, 810, 814–816, 1010A, 1044, 1045, 1057, 1063, 1069, 1073, 1101, 1102, 1104, 1106–1118, Title XIV, 2871, 2881, 3155, and 3171 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Messrs. Burton of Indiana, Scar-Borough, and Waxman.

Provided that Mr. HORN is appointed in lieu of Mr. SCARBOROUGH for consideration of section 801 of the House bill and sections 801, 806, 810, 814-816, 1010A, 1044, 1045, 1057, 1063, 1101, Title XIV, 2871, and 2881 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference.

From the Committee on Science, for consideration of sections 1402, 1403, 3161-3167, 3169, and 3176 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Messrs. Sensenbrenner, Calvert, and Gordon.

Provided that Mrs. MORELLA is appointed in lieu of Mr. CALVERT for consideration of sections 1402, 1403, and 3176 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference.

From the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for consideration of sections 601, 2839, and 2881 of the House bill, and sections 502, 601, and 1072 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Messrs. Shuster, Gilchrest, and Baird.

Provided that Mr. PASCRELL is appointed in lieu of Mr. BAIRD for consideration of section 1072 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference.

From the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for consideration of Sections 535, 738, and 2831 of the House bill, and sections 561–563, 648, 664–666, 671, 672, 682–684, 721, 722, and 1067 of the Senate amendment and modifications committed to conference:

Messrs. BILIRAKIS, QUINN, and Ms. BROWN of Florida.

From the Committee on Ways and Means, for consideration of section 725

of the House bill, and section 701 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Messrs. Archer, Thomas, and Stark. There was no objection.

1115

PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE—IN-FRINGEMENT ON CONSTITU-TIONAL PREROGATIVES

Mr. ARCHER. Mr. Speaker, in order to assert the constitutional prerogatives of the House, I rise to a question of privileges of the House, and I offer a resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. MILLER of Florida). The Clerk will report the resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 568

Resolved, That the conference report accompanying H.R. 4516, making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, in the opinion of this House, contravenes the first clause of the seventh section of the first article of the Constitution of the United States and is an infringement of the privileges of this House and that such bill be respectfully recommitted to the committee of conference.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The resolution constitutes a question of the privileges of the House.

MOTION TO TABLE OFFERED BY MR. GOSS

Mr. GOSS. Mr. Speaker, I offer a preferential motion.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Goss moves to table House Resolution 568.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to table offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. GOSS).

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRIES

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, I have a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, does this motion to table set aside the constitutional protection that all revenue matters should be coming initially and originate from the House of Representatives?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Adoption of a nondebatable motion to table constitutes a final disposition of the resolution by the House.

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, I have a further parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, if indeed the motion to table prevails, would it not, from a historic sense, be the first time, based on parliamentary decisions, it would be the first time that a tax revenue issue would be raised by the other body, and then come over here and this body be disregarded? That is the parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the precedents of the House, the Chair does not put things in historical perspective. That is not a parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, I have another parliamentary inquiry. If the motion to table prevails, does it not mean that the other body has violated the Constitution of the United States?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Adoption of a nondebatable motion to table constitutes a final disposition of the pending resolution by the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to table offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. Goss).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 213, noes 212, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 446] AYES—213

Franks (N.J) Aderholt McInnis McKeon Frelinghuvsen Armey Bachus Gallegly Metcalf Baker Ganske Mica Ballenger Gekas Miller (FL) Barr Gibbons Miller, Gary Barrett (NE) Gilchrest Moran (KS) Gillmor Morella Bartlett Bass Goode Myrick Goodlatte Bateman Nethercutt Bereuter Goodling Ney Northup Biggert Goss Graham Bilbray Norwood Bilirakis Granger Ose Green (WI) Oxley Bliley Blunt Greenwood Packard Boehlert Hansen Paul Boehner Hastert Pease Hastings (WA) Bonilla Peterson (PA) Bono Hayes Petri Hayworth Hefley Brady (TX) Pickering Pitts Bryant Herger Pombo Hill (MT) Burton Porter Hilleary Portman Buyer Callahan Hobson Pryce (OH) Calvert Hoekstra Quinn Radanovich Camp Horn Canady Hostettler Regula Reynolds Riley Houghton Hulshof Cannon Castle Chabot Hunter Rogan Rogers Rohrabacher Chambliss Hutchinson Chenoweth-Hage Hyde Coble Isakson Ros-Lehtinen Coburn Istook Roukema Johnson (CT) Royce Collins Ryan (WI) Combest Johnson, Sam Jones (NC) Ryun (KS) Cook Cooksey Kasich Salmon Cox Kelly King (NY) Sanford Crane Saxton Scarborough Cubin Kingston Cunningham Knollenberg Schaffer Sensenbrenner Deal Kolbe Kuykendall DeLay Sessions DeMint LaHood Shadegg Diaz-Balart Shaw Largent Dickey Latham Shays Doolittle LaTourette Sherwood Shimkus Dreier Lazio Leach Shuster Duncan Lewis (CA) Dunn Simpson Lewis (KY) Skeen Ehlers Smith (MI) Ehrlich Linder Emerson LoBiondo Smith (NJ) English Lucas (OK) Smith (TX) Manzullo Souder Everett

Martinez

McCrery

McHugh

McCollum

Spence

Stump

Sununu

Stearns

Fletcher

Fossella

Fowler

Foley

Sweeney Talent Tancredo Tauzin Taylor (NC) Terry Thomas Thornberry Thune

Tiahrt. Toomey Traficant Upton Vitter Walden Walsh Wamp Watkins

Watts (OK) Weldon (FL) Weldon (PA) Weller Whitfield Wicker Wilson Young (AK) Young (FL)

Neal

Obey

Olver

Owens

Pallone

Pascrell

Pastor

Pavne

Pelosi

Phelps

Rahall

Rangel

Reyes

Rivers

Rodriguez

Roemer

Rush

Sabo

Sanchez

Sanders

Sandlin

Sawyer

Serrano

Shows

Sisisky

Skelton

Snyder

Spratt

Slaughter

Stabenow

Stark Stenholm

Strickland

Stupak

Tanner

Tauscher

Thurman

Tierney

Towns

Turner

Udall (CO)

Udall (NM)

Velazquez Visclosky

Waters Watt (NC)

Waxman

Weiner

Wexler

Wise

Weygand

Woolsey

Wynn

Taylor (MS)

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Sherman

Scott

Schakowsky

Rothman

Roybal-Allard

Ramstad

Pickett

Pomerov

Price (NC)

Peterson (MN)

Nussle

Oberstar

NOES-212

Abercrombie Gordon Green (TX) Ackerman Allen Andrews Gutknecht Hall (TX) Archer Hastings (FL) Baird Hill (IN) Baldacci Hilliard Baldwin Hinchey Barcia Hinojosa Barrett (WI) Hoeffel Becerra Holden Bentsen Holt Hooley Berkley Berman Hoyer Berry Inslee Jackson (IL) Bishop Blagojevich Jackson-Lee Blumenauer (TX) Bonior Jefferson Borski John Johnson, E. B. Boswell Boucher Jones (OH) Boyd Kaniorski Brady (PA) Kaptur Brown (FL) Kennedy Brown (OH) Kildee Kilpatrick Campbell Kind (WI) Capps Capuano Kleczka Klink Cardin Kucinich Carson Clav LaFalce Clayton Lampson Clement Lantos Clyburn Larson Condit Lee Levin Conyers Lewis (GA) Costello Coyne Lipinski Lofgren Cramer Crowley Lowey Lucas (KY) Cummings Danner Davis (FL) Luther Maloney (CT) Davis (IL) Maloney (NY) DeFazio Markey DeGette Mascara Delahunt Matsui McCarthy (MO) DeLauro Deutsch McCarthy (NY) McDermott Dicks Dingell McGovern Dixon McIntyre McKinney Doggett Dooley McNulty Meehan Doyle Edwards Meek (FL) Engel Meeks (NY) Eshoo Menendez Etheridge Millender-Evans McDonald Farr Miller, George Fattah Minge Filner Mink Forbes Moakley

NOT VOTING-10

Mollohan

Moran (VA)

Napolitano

Moore

Murtha

Nadler

Barton Hall (OH) Davis (VA) Jenkins McIntosh Ewing Gilman Smith (WA)

Ford

Frost

Frank (MA)

Gejdenson

Gephardt

Gonzalez

Vento Wolf

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Messrs. HILL of Montana, GREEN-WOOD, PAUL, METCALF, Mrs. EMER-SON, and Messrs. RADANOVICH, SAN-FORD, and JONES of North Carolina changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

So the motion to lay on the table House Resolution 568 was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 4865, SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS TAX RELIEF ACT OF

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 564 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 564

Resolved, That upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to consider in the House the bill (H.R. 4865) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the 1993 income tax increase on Social Security benefits. The bill shall be considered as read for amendment. All points of order against the bill and against its consideration are waived. The amendment recommended by the Committee on Ways and Means now printed in the bill shall be considered as adopted. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill, as amended. and on any further amendment thereto to final passage without intervening motion except: (1) one hour of debate on the bill, as amended, equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Ways and Means: (2) the further amendment printed in the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution, if offered by Representative Pomeroy of North Dakota or his designee, which shall be in order without intervention of any point of order, shall be considered as read, and shall be separately debatable for one hour equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent; and (3) one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. MIL-LER of Florida). The gentleman from Texas (Mr. SESSIONS) is recognized for 1

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, for purposes of debate only, I yield the customary 30 minutes to the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. MOAKLEY); pending which I yield myself such time as I may consume. During consideration of this resolution, all time yielded is for the purpose of debate only.

Mr. Speaker, the legislation before us is a structured rule providing for the consideration of H.R. 4865, the Social Security Benefits Tax Relief Act. The rule provides for 1 hour of debate, equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Ways and Means. The rule waives all points of order against the bill and against its consideration.

The rule provides that the amendment recommended by the Committee on Ways and Means, now printed in the bill, shall be considered as adopted. The rule provides for consideration of the amendment in the nature of a substitute, printed in the Committee on Rules report accompanying the resolution, if offered by the gentleman from North Dakota (Mr. POMEROY) or his designee, which shall be considered as read and shall be separately debatable for 1 hour, equally divided by the proponent and an opponent. The rule waives all points of order against the amendment in the nature of a substitute.

Finally, the rule provides one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

Mr. Speaker, passage of this rule will allow the House of Representatives to consider important bipartisan legislation to repeal a misguided tax on Social Security benefits. For most of the program's existence, Social Security has been exempt from Federal income tax. But in 1993, as part of the largest tax increase in American history, President Clinton and Vice President GORE proposed a tax increase on Social Security benefits. They claimed this tax would reduce the Federal budget deficit, at which time it was \$255 bil-

The controversial Clinton-Gore proposal was vigorously debated in this House of Representatives. Opponents of the plan argued that control of Federal spending, not tax increases, was a better way to reduce the budget deficit. At the end of the debate, the Clinton-Gore proposal was passed by a single vote in the Democrat-controlled House. Not one Republican voted for this proposal. In the Senate, Vice President GORE cast the deciding vote, enabling President Clinton to sign this tax increase on senior citizens into law.

Despite passage of the Clinton-Gore tax increase, budget deficits continued, and the money collected from the Social Security tax increase funded even more government spending, with deficits increasing. In 1994, the Republican Party became the majority party for the House and the Senate for the first time in 50 years. The Republican Congress enacted much-needed tax relief, controlled government spending, and passed the first balanced budget in a generation.

Tax cuts and fiscal responsibility, along with the hard work of the American people, have caused the Federal budget to become balanced faster than was forecast. This year, the Federal budget has a surplus of \$233 billion. Even proponents of the 1993 Social Security tax increase should agree it is now time to repeal this tax on senior citizens. Proponents said it was necessary to cut the deficit, and now the deficit is gone

This Social Security tax is more than unnecessary, it is bad and unwise tax policy. It penalizes seniors who work and discourages Americans from saving. The tax is also unfair. It changes tax policy in the middle of the game, penalizing recipients who based past work and saving decisions on old law.

In essence, this tax on Social Security benefits tells Americans not to save because if they do they will have their benefits of Social Security taxed.