

Diaz-Balart	Kingston	Roukema
Dickey	Knollenberg	Royce
Doolittle	Kolbe	Ryan (WI)
Doyle	Kuykendall	Ryun (KS)
Dreier	LaHood	Salmon
Duncan	Lampson	Sandlin
Dunn	Largent	Sanford
Ehlers	Latham	Saxton
Ehrlich	LaTourette	Scarborough
Emerson	Leach	Schaffer
English	Lewis (CA)	Sensenbrenner
Etheridge	Lewis (KY)	Sessions
Everett	Linder	Shadegg
Ewing	Lipinski	Shaw
Fletcher	LoBiondo	Shays
Foley	Lucas (KY)	Sherwood
Forbes	Lucas (OK)	Shimkus
Fossella	Manzullo	Shows
Fowler	Martinez	Shuster
Franks (NJ)	Mascara	Simpson
Frelinghuysen	McCarthy (NY)	Sisisky
Galleghy	McCollum	Skeen
Ganske	McCrery	Skelton
Gekas	McHugh	Smith (MI)
Gephardt	McInnis	Smith (NJ)
Gibbons	McIntyre	Smith (TX)
Gilchrest	McKeon	Souder
Gillmor	Menendez	Spence
Gilman	Metcalf	Stabenow
Goode	Mica	Stearns
Goodlatte	Miller (FL)	Stenholm
Goodling	Miller, Gary	Strickland
Gordon	Moore	Stump
Goss	Moran (KS)	Stupak
Graham	Moran (VA)	Sununu
Granger	Morella	Sweeney
Green (TX)	Myrick	Talent
Green (WI)	Nethercutt	Tancredo
Greenwood	Ney	Tauzin
Gutknecht	Northup	Taylor (MS)
Hall (OH)	Norwood	Taylor (NC)
Hall (TX)	Nussle	Terry
Hansen	Ortiz	Thomas
Hastings (WA)	Ose	Thornberry
Hayes	Oxley	Thune
Hayworth	Packard	Thurman
Hefley	Pallone	Tiahrt
Herger	Pascrell	Toomey
Hill (MT)	Paul	Trafficant
Hobson	Pease	Turner
Hoeffel	Peterson (MN)	Upton
Hoekstra	Peterson (PA)	Vitter
Holden	Petri	Walden
Holt	Phelps	Walsh
Hooley	Pickering	Wamp
Horn	Pitts	Watkins
Hostettler	Pombo	Watts (OK)
Hulshof	Porter	Weldon (FL)
Hunter	Portman	Weldon (PA)
Hutchinson	Pryce (OH)	Weller
Hyde	Quinn	Wexler
Isakson	Radanovich	Weygand
Istook	Ramstad	Whitfield
Jenkins	Regula	Wicker
Johnson, Sam	Reynolds	Wilson
Jones (NC)	Riley	Wise
Kasich	Rogan	Wolf
Kelly	Rogers	Wu
Kennedy	Rohrabacher	Young (AK)
Kildee	Ros-Lehtinen	Young (FL)
King (NY)	Rothman	

NAYS—146

Abercrombie	Cramer	Hilliard
Ackerman	Cummings	Hinchey
Allen	Davis (IL)	Hinojosa
Baird	DeGette	Houghton
Baldacci	Delahunt	Hoyer
Baldwin	DeLauro	Inslee
Barrett (WI)	Dicks	Jackson (IL)
Becerra	Dingell	Jackson-Lee
Berman	Dixon	(TX)
Berry	Doggett	Jefferson
Blagojevich	Dooley	John
Blumenauer	Edwards	Johnson (CT)
Bonior	Engel	Johnson, E. B.
Boucher	Eshoo	Jones (OH)
Brady (PA)	Evans	Kanjorski
Brown (FL)	Farr	Kaptur
Brown (OH)	Fattah	Kilpatrick
Capuano	Filner	Kind (WI)
Cardin	Ford	Klecza
Carson	Frank (MA)	Klink
Clay	Frost	Kucinich
Clayton	Gejdenson	LaFalce
Clement	Gonzalez	Lantos
Clyburn	Gutierrez	Larson
Conyers	Hastings (FL)	Lee
Coyne	Hill (IN)	Levin

Lewis (GA)	Neal	Scott
Lofgren	Oberstar	Serrano
Lowey	Obey	Sherman
Luther	Olver	Slaughter
Maloney (CT)	Owens	Snyder
Maloney (NY)	Pastor	Stark
Markey	Payne	Tanner
Matsui	Pelosi	Tauscher
McCarthy (MO)	Pickett	Thompson (CA)
McDermott	Pomeroy	Thompson (MS)
McGovern	Price (NC)	Tierney
McKinney	Rahall	Towns
McNulty	Rangel	Udall (CO)
Meenan	Reyes	Udall (NM)
Meek (FL)	Rivers	Velazquez
Meeks (NY)	Rodriguez	Visclosky
Millender-McDonald	Roemer	Waters
Miller, George	Roybal-Allard	Watt (NC)
Minge	Rush	Waxman
Mink	Sabo	Weiner
Moakley	Sanchez	Woolsey
Mollohan	Sanders	Wynn
Nadler	Sawyer	
	Schakowsky	

NOT VOTING—13

Baca	Hilleary	Smith (WA)
Barton	Lazio	Spratt
Boswell	McIntosh	Vento
Brady (TX)	Murtha	
Campbell	Napolitano	

□ 1810

Ms. SANCHEZ and Mrs. MINK of Hawaii changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. PHELPS and Mr. CROWLEY changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. BRADY of Texas. Mr. Speaker, on roll-call No. 414. I was inadvertently detained and was not recorded. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

□

APPOINTMENT ON CONFEREES ON H.R. 4577, DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2001

Mr. PORTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H.R. 4577) making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, with a Senate amendment thereto, disagree to the Senate amendment, and agree to the conference asked by the Senate.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MOTION TO INSTRUCT OFFERED BY MR. OBEY

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion to instruct conferees.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FOSSELLA). The Clerk will report the motion.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. OBEY moves that the managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the bill, H.R. 4577, be instructed to insist on no

less than the \$42,674,645,000 in the Senate amendment for the Department of Education which provides an increase of \$179,999,000 over the President's budget request; no less than \$7,353,141,000 in the Senate amendment for the Individuals with Disabilities Act to help fulfill the commitment the House of Representatives made on May 3, 2000 in adopting H.R. 4055, the IDEA Full Funding Act of 2000; no less than \$8,692,000,000 in the Senate amendment for the Pell Grant Program to provide a maximum Pell grant award of \$3,650; no less than \$6,267,000,000 in the Senate amendment for the Head Start Program which provides the President's budget request; no less than \$817,328,000 in the Senate amendment for the Child Care Development Block Grant which provides the President's budget request for fiscal year 2001; and no less than \$20,512,735,000 in the Senate amendment for the National Institutes of Health which provides an increase of \$2,723,399,000 over the President's budget request; and to insist on disagreeing with provisions in the Senate amendment which deny the President's request for dedicated resources to reduce class sizes in the early grades and for local school construction and, instead, broadly expands the Title VI Education Block Grant with limited accountability in the use of funds.

Mr. OBEY (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the motion be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Wisconsin?

There was no objection.

□ 1815

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FOSSELLA). The gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY) and the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. PORTER) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY).

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, this motion to instruct is very simple. It says that the conferees should bring back a Labor-HHS-Education conference report that provides the increased funding in the Senate bill for the Department of Education in total and for several key programs such as special education, Pell grants, Head Start, child care, the National Institutes of Health.

The Senate provides a total of \$42.6 billion for the Department of Education. That is \$3.1 billion over the bill passed by the House. This motion instructs the conferees to provide at least every single one of the dollars that the Senate has added.

Included within the overall total is \$7.3 billion for special education authorized under the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act.

Mr. Speaker, let me simply say that this motion to instruct with respect to special education would result in an increase of \$803 million in additional spending over the House bill for that item.

I would point out when the House adopted on May 3 of this year H.R. 4055, the IDEA Full Funding Act of 2000, it promised to provide an increase of \$2

billion over last year for IDEA. Just about a month later, the Labor-HHS-Education bill adopted by the majority failed to keep that promise, and provided an increase of only \$513 million over last year. We think that we ought to provide the full amount.

The Senate bill also does not fully meet the promise that we made, but it would provide \$1.3 billion over last year for IDEA to help reach the goal of a \$2 billion increase in the Federal contribution toward the additional cost of educating children with disabilities. Every Member who voted for the IDEA Full Funding Act to increase funding for special education ought to support this motion to instruct.

The Senate bill also provides, Mr. Speaker, \$8.3 billion to fund the maximum Pell grant of at least \$3,650, an increase of \$384 million over the House bill. This motion also instructs the conferees to agree with that increase.

The Senate bill provides \$6.26 billion for Head Start, which is the President's request, and \$600 million over the House bill. With these additional resources, more than 53,000 disadvantaged children would benefit from early learning opportunities to get a good start in life.

The Senate bill also provides the President's request for \$817 million in additional funding for the child care block grant in fiscal year 2001, while the House bill cuts the request only \$400 million. This motion would go to the full Senate amount and would provide extra resources for an additional 80,000 low-income children.

The motion would also instruct the conferees to adopt the Senate funding levels for NIH, which provide an additional \$1.7 billion in real dollars for NIH research, unlike the House bill, which pretended to provide this increase in the front of the bill, but then took it away in the back of the bill.

Mr. Speaker, my motion also instructs the conferees to insist on disagreeing to the Senate's provision concerning class size reduction and school construction. The Senate bill denies two of the President's highest education priorities by merging the funding requested for the class size and school construction initiatives into the title VI education block grant.

Fundamentally, block grants are little more than revenue-sharing programs with little accountability for addressing Federal needs.

Mr. Speaker, if we are going to provide funding for class size initiative, we really need to actually provide it for that initiative, rather than to have a "let's pretend" initiative which in fact allows money to be spent for something else.

A large majority, 61 percent, feel that the Federal government spends too little on education. They support targeted Federal investments to hire new teachers, to reduce class size, and to repair and modernize our schools.

So what we are asking in this motion is that we reject the Senate language,

which prevents or which denies the President's request for dedicating those resources to reduce class size in the early grades and for local school construction, and instead, broadly expands the title VI education block grant with limited accountability in the use of those funds. This motion to instruct would ask the conferees to in fact reject that portion of the Senate action.

I might point out that in the past, if we take a look at some of the uses that this money was put to by States or local districts, we will see that in the past some of this money was used for unnecessary State bureaucracy. It was used by one State or by one district to hire a mariachi band when we had the old Chapter II program in effect. Personal computers were bought for boards of education. Printing bills for a district were paid, the entire printing bill for one district was paid. Entertainment costs were paid. We think that there ought to be very specific targeting for these funds.

MODIFICATION TO MOTION TO INSTRUCT
OFFERED BY MR. OBEY

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to amend the motion to instruct to correctly reflect that the increase provided in the Senate amendment for NIH is \$1.7 billion, rather than \$2.7 billion over the Senate request.

There is a typo in the amendment before us.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FOSSELLA). The Clerk will report the modification.

The Clerk read as follows:

Modification to motion to instruct offered by Mr. Obey:

Strike out "\$2,732,399,000" and insert "\$1,700,000,000".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Wisconsin?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The motion to instruct is modified.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I simply want to explain, it simply corrects the typo to make clear that the increase of the Senate over the President's budget request for the National Institutes of Health was \$1.7 rather than \$2.7 billion.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. PORTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, as the gentleman from Wisconsin well knows, I did not support the budget resolution that passed the House of Representatives early this year because I felt it would not provide adequate funding levels for many of the priorities which are reflected in this motion.

So when the gentleman proposes that we yield to the higher number in each case in the Senate bill for important national priorities, I do not disagree with that. We have consistently attempted, when we have had a good

budget allocation, to be at or ahead of the President for the Department of Education because we place education at the very highest priority, and have funded it at the maximum number whenever we have had adequate fund to do so.

Certainly no one has been a stronger advocate than our own chairman, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. GOODLING), in increasing funding for special education under the IDEA program, and during the last 6 years funding has been more than doubled, from 6 percent to 13 percent of the amount that we need to provide full funding at 40 percent for the IDEA program. So we certainly agree that this account should be plussed up, and we will support that higher figure.

The Pell Grant program we have consistently increased at a higher number than the President, and I would again agree that this is a very high priority for our country, and \$3,650 is a proper figure to accede to in conference.

Head Start has been a high priority, and we agree that the number ought to be the Senate number rather than the House number, since the House was forced to mark up at a far smaller overall number than the Senate. Child care is, of course, also a very high priority. We support the higher Senate number as well.

Finally, on the number side, if we look at the National Institutes of Health, we have done everything possible to double funding for the National Institutes of Health over 5 years, and for the last 2 years have provided 15 percent increases in each of those 2 years.

If we provide a 15 percent increase this year, in the last 6 years we will have increased NIH by 82 percent, and we will, if 2 more years are added, have increased NIH from \$11 billion in fiscal year 1996 to \$27 billion by fiscal year 2003.

Now, I might add to my colleague, the gentleman from Wisconsin, during that time the President of the United States has vastly underfunded this account, in some years providing an increase in his budget as low as 1 percent. Thank goodness this past year the increase he suggested was at 4.5 percent. That is some improvement. But we have been consistent in our support for a 15 percent increase for biomedical research through the National Institutes of Health, and certainly would support the higher number in conference.

Where the gentleman loses me on his motion to instruct is with the last few sentences that say, "and to insist on disagreeing with the provisions of the Senate bill which deny the President's request for dedicated resources to reduce class sizes in the early grades and for local school construction, and instead, broadly expands the title VI education block grant with limited accountability in the use of funds."

□ 1830

Mr. Speaker, here is where we get into a very clear philosophical difference. We believe very strongly that all the wisdom does not reside in Washington at the Department of Education, and that the best decisions are made by those responsible for primary and secondary education in America. It is not the Government in Washington. It is the States and the local school districts. They can make the decision best as to how these funds can be spent, whether they are needed for more teachers, whether they are needed for teacher training, whether they are needed to equip classrooms for computers, whether they are needed for construction. Those decisions should not be made by Washington mandate. We should give our local school districts maximum flexibility to make those decisions for themselves.

So while I can agree with the gentleman on the higher funding levels reflected in the Senate bill that had a little bit more than \$5 billion more than the House in its allocation, I certainly disagree with the gentleman in terms of giving less flexibility to the local school districts, less flexibility to the States, more control to Washington over education. There I think the gentleman is wrong, and I would oppose the motion to instruct for that reason.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, let me simply take a minute to respond to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. PORTER); and if he is inclined, I will then yield back my time, and we can have a vote.

Mr. Speaker, I think it is important that this motion to instruct include the language to which the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. PORTER) objects. I want to be very clear about this. This motion, in addition to requiring the higher numbers for special education, Pell Grants, Head Start, child care, and the National Institutes of Health, it would also instruct the conferees to insist on disagreeing to the Senate provisions concerning class size reduction and school construction.

The Senate bill purports to provide funding for the President's initiatives for class size and school modernization; and, yet, in reality, it denies the President's highest education priorities by merging the funding requested for class size and school construction initiatives into the title VI education block grant.

As I tried to indicate earlier on the floor, fundamentally, in my view, block grants are little more than revenue sharing programs with little accountability for addressing Federal needs.

The gentleman from Illinois refers to the need of local school districts and school officials to have flexibility. I certainly agree they need a significant amount of flexibility, but I think that when it comes to spending taxpayers money, we also need accountability.

I did not come here to simply be the tax collector for some other level of government. I came here to try to help identify legitimate national priorities and direct hard-earned taxpayers funds to those priorities. That is why the motion to instruct is structured as it is.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. PORTER. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FOSSELLA). Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to instruct.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to instruct offered by the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. OBEY).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Sergeant at Arms will notify absent Members.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair announces that he will reduce to 5 minutes the vote by electronic device on the motion to suspend the rules on which the yeas and nays were postponed yesterday. That vote will immediately follow the vote on the pending motion to instruct conferees.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 207, nays 212, not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 415]

YEAS—207

Abercrombie	DeFazio	Jackson (IL)
Ackerman	DeGette	Jackson-Lee
Allen	Delahunt	(TX)
Andrews	DeLauro	Jefferson
Baird	Deutsch	John
Baldacci	Dicks	Johnson, E. B.
Baldwin	Dingell	Jones (OH)
Barcia	Dixon	Kanjorski
Barrett (WI)	Doggett	Kaptur
Becerra	Dooley	Kennedy
Bentsen	Doyle	Kildee
Berkley	Edwards	Kilpatrick
Berman	Engel	Kind (WI)
Berry	Eshoo	Kleczka
Bilbray	Etheridge	Klink
Bishop	Evans	Kucinich
Blagojevich	Farr	LaFalce
Blumenauer	Fattah	Lampson
Bonior	Filner	Lantos
Borski	Fletcher	Larson
Boucher	Forbes	Lee
Boyd	Ford	Levin
Brady (PA)	Frank (MA)	Lewis (GA)
Brown (FL)	Frost	Lipinski
Brown (OH)	Gejdenson	Lofgren
Capps	Gephardt	Lowey
Capuano	Gonzalez	Lucas (KY)
Cardin	Gordon	Luther
Carson	Green (TX)	Maloney (CT)
Clayton	Gutierrez	Maloney (NY)
Clement	Hall (OH)	Markey
Clyburn	Hastings (FL)	Mascara
Condit	Hill (IN)	Matsui
Conyers	Hilliard	McCarthy (MO)
Costello	Hinchey	McCarthy (NY)
Coyne	Hinojosa	McDermott
Cramer	Hoeffel	McGovern
Crowley	Holden	McIntyre
Cummings	Holt	McKinney
Danner	Hooley	McNulty
Davis (FL)	Hoyer	Meehan
Davis (IL)	Inslee	Meek (FL)

Meeks (NY)	Pomeroy	Stark
Menendez	Price (NC)	Stenholm
Millender-Quinn	Quinn	Strickland
McDonald	Rahall	Stupak
Miller, George	Rangel	Tanner
Minge	Reyes	Tauscher
Mink	Rivers	Taylor (MS)
Moakley	Rodriguez	Thompson (CA)
Mollohan	Roemer	Thompson (MS)
Moore	Rothman	Thurman
Moran (VA)	Roybal-Allard	Tierney
Morella	Rush	Towns
Nadler	Sabo	Turner
Napolitano	Sanchez	Udall (CO)
Neal	Sanders	Udall (NM)
Oberstar	Sandlin	Velazquez
Obey	Sawyer	Visclosky
Olver	Schakowsky	Waters
Ortiz	Scott	Watt (NC)
Owens	Serrano	Waxman
Pallone	Sherman	Weiner
Pascarell	Shows	Wexler
Pastor	Sisisky	Weygand
Payne	Skelton	Wise
Pelosi	Slaughter	Woolsey
Peterson (MN)	Snyder	Wu
Phelps	Spratt	Wynn
Pickett	Stabenow	

NAYS—212

Aderholt	Gilchrest	Ose
Archer	Gillmor	Oxley
Armey	Gilman	Packard
Bachus	Goode	Paul
Baker	Goodlatte	Pease
Ballenger	Goodling	Peterson (PA)
Barr	Goss	Petri
Barrett (NE)	Graham	Pickering
Bartlett	Granger	Pitts
Bass	Green (WI)	Pombo
Bateman	Gutknecht	Porter
Bereuter	Hall (TX)	Portman
Biggart	Hansen	Radanovich
Bilirakis	Hastings (WA)	Ramstad
Bliley	Hayes	Regula
Blunt	Hayworth	Reynolds
Boehlert	Hefley	Riley
Boehner	Herger	Rogan
Bonilla	Hill (MT)	Rogers
Bono	Hilleary	Rohrabacher
Brady (TX)	Hobson	Ros-Lehtinen
Bryant	Hoekstra	Roukema
Burr	Horn	Royce
Burton	Hostettler	Ryan (WI)
Buyer	Houghton	Ryan (KS)
Callahan	Hulshof	Salmon
Calvert	Hunter	Sanford
Camp	Hutchinson	Saxton
Canady	Hyde	Scarborough
Cannon	Isakson	Schaffer
Castle	Istook	Sensenbrenner
Chabot	Jenkins	Sessions
Chambliss	Johnson, Sam	Shadegg
Chenoweth-Hage	Jones (NC)	Shaw
Coble	Kasich	Shays
Coburn	Kelly	Sherwood
Collins	King (NY)	Shimkus
Combest	Kingston	Shuster
Cook	Knollenberg	Simpson
Cooksey	Kolbe	Skeen
Cox	Kuykendall	Smith (NJ)
Crane	LaHood	Smith (TX)
Cubin	Largent	Souder
Cunningham	Latham	Spence
Davis (VA)	LaTourette	Stearns
Deal	Leach	Stump
DeLay	Lewis (CA)	Sununu
DeMint	Lewis (KY)	Sweeney
Diaz-Balart	Linder	Talent
Dickey	LoBiondo	Tancred
Doolittle	Lucas (OK)	Tauzin
Dreier	Manzullo	Taylor (NC)
Duncan	Martinez	Terry
Dunn	McCollum	Thomas
Ehlers	McCrery	Thornberry
Ehrlich	McHugh	Thune
Emerson	McInnis	Tiahrt
English	McKeon	Toomey
Everett	Metcalf	Trafficant
Ewing	Mica	Upton
Foley	Miller (FL)	Vitter
Fossella	Miller, Gary	Walden
Fowler	Moran (KS)	Walsh
Franks (NJ)	Myrick	Wamp
Frelinghuysen	Nethercutt	Watkins
Gallegly	Ney	Watts (OK)
Ganske	Northup	Weldon (FL)
Gekas	Norwood	Weller
Gibbons	Nussle	

Whitfield
Wicker

Wilson
Wolf

Young (AK)
Young (FL)

Berman
Berry
Biggart
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop
Blagojevich
Bliley
Blumenauer
Blunt
Boehlert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bonior
Bono
Borski
Boucher
Boyd
Brady (PA)
Brady (TX)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Bryant
Burr
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Canady
Capps
Capuano
Cardin
Carson
Castle
Chabot
Chambliss
Chenoweth-Hage
Clayton
Clement
Clyburn
Coble
Coburn
Collins
Combest
Condit
Conyers
Cook
Cooksey
Costello
Cox
Coyne
Cramer
Crane
Crowley
Cubin
Cummings
Cunningham
Danner
Davis (FL)
Davis (IL)
Davis (VA)
Deal
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
DeLay
DeMint
Deutsch
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Doggett
Dooley
Doolittle
Doyle
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Edwards
Ehlers
Ehrlich
Emerson
Engel
English
Eshoo
Etheridge
Evans
Everett
Ewing
Farr
Fattah
Filner
Fletcher
Foley
Forbes

Ford
Fossella
Fowler
Frank (MA)
Franks (NJ)
Frelinghuysen
Frost
Gallegly
Ganske
Gejdenson
Gekas
Gephardt
Gibbons
Gilchrest
Gillmor
Gilman
Gonzalez
Goode
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Graham
Granger
Green (TX)
Green (WI)
Gutierrez
Gutknecht
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hansen
Hastings (FL)
Hastings (WA)
Hayes
Hayworth
Hefley
Herger
Hill (IN)
Hill (MT)
Hilleary
Hilliard
Hinchey
Hinojosa
Hobson
Hoeffel
Hoekstra
Holden
Holt
Hooley
Horn
Hostettler
Houghton
Hoyer
Hulshof
Hunter
Hutchinson
Hyde
Inslee
Isakson
Istook
Jackson (IL)
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Jefferson
Jenkins
John
Johnson (CT)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnson, Sam
Jones (NC)
Jones (OH)
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kasich
Kelly
Kennedy
Kildee
Kilpatrick
Kind (WI)
King (NY)
Kingston
Klecza
Klink
Knollenberg
Kucinich
Kuykendall
LaFalce
LaHood
Lampson
Lantos
Largent
Larson
Latham
LaTourette
Leach
Lee
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (GA)

Lewis (KY)
Linder
Lipinski
LoBiondo
Lofgren
Lowey
Lucas (KY)
Lucas (OK)
Luther
Maloney (CT)
Maloney (NY)
Manzullo
Markey
Martinez
Mascara
Matsui
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McCrery
McDermott
McGovern
McHugh
McInnis
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Menendez
Metcalfe
Mica
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (FL)
Miller, Gary
Miller, George
Minge
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Moore
Moran (KS)
Moran (VA)
Morella
Myrick
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Nethercutt
Ney
Northup
Norwood
Nussle
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Ose
Owens
Oxley
Packard
Pallone
Pascarell
Pastor
Paul
Payne
Pease
Peterson (MN)
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Phelps
Pickering
Pickett
Pitts
Pombo
Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Quinn
Radanovich
Rahall
Ramstad
Rangel
Regula
Reyes
Reynolds
Riley
Rivers
Rodriguez
Rogan
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Rothman

Roukema
Roybal-Allard
Royce
Ryan (WI)
Ryun (KS)
Sabo
Sanchez
Sanders
Sandlin
Sawyer
Saxton
Scarborough
Schaffer
Schakowsky
Scott
Sensenbrenner
Serrano
Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Sherman
Sherwood
Shimkus
Shows
Shuster
Simpson
Skeen
Skelton
Slaughter
Smith (MI)

Smith (NJ)
Smith (TX)
Snyder
Souder
Spence
Spratt
Stabenow
Stark
Stearns
Stenholm
Strickland
Stump
Stupak
Sununu
Talent
Tancredo
Tanner
Tauscher
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Terry
Thomas
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thornberry
Thune
Thurman
Tiahrt
Tierney
Toomey

Towns
Traficant
Turner
Udall (CO)
Udall (NM)
Upton
Velazquez
Visclosky
Vitter
Walden
Walsh
Wamp
Watkins
Watt (NC)
Watts (OK)
Waxman
Weiner
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Wexler
Weygand
Whitfield
Wilson
Wise
Wolf
Woolsey
Wu
Wynn
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—15

Baca
Barton
Boswell
Campbell
Clay

Greenwood
Johnson (CT)
Lazio
McIntosh
Murtha

Pryce (OH)
Smith (MI)
Smith (WA)
Vento
Weldon (PA)

□ 1854

Messrs. GOODLING, KINGSTON, CALVERT, CHAMBLISS, NORWOOD, WHITEFIELD, SIMPSON, LINDER and COX changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. RODRIGUEZ and Ms. WOOLSEY changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to instruct was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mr. SMITH of Michigan. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 415 I put my card in the voting box but it failed to register. I would have voted "nay."

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FOSSELLA). Without objection, the Chair appoints the following conferees: Messrs. PORTER, Young of Florida, BONILLA, ISTOOK, MILLER of Florida, DICKY, WICKER, Mrs. NORTHUP, Messrs. CUNNINGHAM, OBEY, HOYER, Ms. PELOSI, Mrs. LOWEY, Ms. DELAURO, and Mr. JACKSON of Illinois.

There was no objection.

□

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the provisions of clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will now put the question on the motion to suspend the rules on which further proceedings were postponed yesterday.

□

DRUG ADDICTION TREATMENT ACT OF 2000

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 2634, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. BLILEY) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 2634, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 412, nays 1, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 416]

YEAS—412

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Aderholt
Allen
Andrews
Archer
Armey
Bachus

Baird
Baker
Baldacci
Baldwin
Ballenger
Barcia
Barr
Barrett (NE)

Barrett (WI)
Bartlett
Bass
Bateman
Becerra
Bentsen
Bereuter
Berkley

NAYS—1

Sanford

NOT VOTING—21

Baca
Barton
Boswell
Campbell
Cannon
Clay
Greenwood

Kolbe
Lazio
McIntosh
Murtha
Pelosi
Roemer
Rush

Salmon
Sisisky
Smith (WA)
Sweeney
Vento
Waters
Wicker

□ 1904

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read:

"A bill to amend the Controlled Substances Act with respect to registration requirements for practitioners who dispense narcotic drugs in schedule III, IV, or V for maintenance treatment or detoxification treatment."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

□

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FOSSELLA). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 1999, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

□

PIPELINE SAFETY REGULATIONS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Washington (Mr. METCALF) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. METCALF. Mr. Speaker, on June 10, 1999, a liquid gasoline pipeline owned by the Olympic Pipeline Company ruptured and spilled over 200,000 gallons of gasoline at Whatcom Falls Park, a 241-acre park in the city of Bel-lingham in my district.

Gasoline was carried into Whatcom Creek, where the spilled fuel was inadvertently ignited by two 10-year-old boys, Wade King and Stephen Tsiornas,