

Skelton	Taylor (MS)	Walsh	Calvert	Gutknecht	Miller (FL)	Souder	Thompson (MS)	Watkins
Slaughter	Taylor (NC)	Wamp	Camp	Hall (OH)	Miller, Gary	Spence	Thornberry	Watt (NC)
Smith (MI)	Terry	Waters	Canady	Hall (TX)	Miller, George	Spratt	Thune	Watts (OK)
Smith (NJ)	Thomas	Watkins	Cannon	Hastings (FL)	Minge	Stabenow	Thurman	Weiner
Smith (TX)	Thompson (CA)	Watt (NC)	Capps	Hastings (WA)	Mink	Stark	Tiahrt	Weldon (FL)
Smith (WA)	Thompson (MS)	Watts (OK)	Capuano	Hayes	Moakley	Stearns	Tierney	Weldon (PA)
Snyder	Thornberry	Weiner	Cardin	Hayworth	Mollohan	Stenholm	Toomey	Weller
Souder	Thune	Weldon (FL)	Carson	Herger	Moore	Strickland	Towns	Wexler
Spence	Thurman	Weldon (PA)	Castle	Hill (IN)	Moran (KS)	Stump	Traficant	Weygand
Spratt	Tiahrt	Weller	Chabot	Hill (MT)	Moran (VA)	Stupak	Turner	Whitfield
Stabenow	Tierney	Wexler	Chambliss	Hilleary	Morella	Sununu	Udall (CO)	Wicker
Stark	Toomey	Weygand	Chenoweth-Hage	Hilliard	Murtha	Sweeney	Udall (NM)	Wilson
Stenholm	Towns	Whitfield	Clay	Hinojosa	Myrick	Tancredo	Upton	Wise
Strickland	Traficant	Wicker	Clayton	Hobson	Nadler	Tanner	Velazquez	Wolf
Stump	Turner	Wilson	Clement	Hoefel	Napolitano	Tauscher	Visclosky	Woolsey
Stupak	Udall (CO)	Wise	Clyburn	Hoekstra	Neal	Tauzin	Vitter	Wu
Sununu	Udall (NM)	Wolf	Coble	Holden	Nethercutt	Taylor (NC)	Walden	Wynn
Sweeney	Upton	Woolsey	Coburn	Holt	Ney	Terry	Walsh	Young (FL)
Tancredo	Velazquez	Wu	Collins	Hooley	Northup	Thomas	Wamp	
Tanner	Visclosky	Wynn	Condit	Horn	Norwood	Thompson (CA)	Waters	
Tauscher	Vitter	Young (FL)	Conyers	Hostettler	Nussle			
Tauzin	Walden		Cooksey	Houghton	Oberstar			

NAYS—12

Cannon	Paul	Sanford	Coyne	Hunter		
Chenoweth-Hage	Rohrabacher	Schaffer	Cramer	Hutchinson		
Hostettler	Royce	Sensenbrenner	Crane	Hyde		
Miller, Gary	Salmon	Stearns	Crowley	Inslee		

NOT VOTING—29

Barton	Horn	Rangel	Cummings	Cunningham	Jackson (IL)	
Bateman	Klink	Roukema	Danner	Jackson-Lee	(TX)	
Blagojevich	Lazio	Sabo	Davis (FL)	Jenkins	Paul	
Campbell	Lipinski	Shows	Davis (IL)	John	Payne	
Combest	Markey	Shuster	Davis (VA)	Johnson (CT)	Pease	
Conyers	Martinez	Talent	Deal	Johnson (E. B.)	Pelosi	
Cook	McCullum	Vento	DeFazio	Johnson, E. B.	Peterson (MN)	
Gutierrez	McIntosh	Waxman	DeGette	Johnson, Sam	Peterson (PA)	
Hansen	Pelosi	Young (AK)	Delahunt	Jones (NC)	Petri	
Hinchey	Pomeroy		DeLauro	Jones (OH)	Phelps	

□ 2329

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof), the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

□

GREATER YUMA PORT AUTHORITY PROPERTY CONVEYANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LAHOOD). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 3023, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. SHERWOOD) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 3023, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 404, nays 1, answered “present” 1, not voting 28, as follows:

[Roll No. 330]

YEAS—404

Abercrombie	Barrett (WI)	Boehner	Gekas	McCarthy (MO)	McCarthy (NY)	Sensenbrenner	Scott
Ackerman	Bartlett	Bonilla	Gephhardt	McCrary	Serrano	Sessions	Serrano
Aderholt	Bass	Bonior	Gibbons	McDermott	Shadegg	Shay	Shay
Allen	Becerra	Bono	Gillcrest	McGovern	Shaw	Shays	Shays
Andrews	Bentsen	Borski	Gillmor	McInnis	Sherman	Sherman	Sherman
Archer	Bereuter	Boswell	Gilman	McIntyre	Sherwood	Shimkus	Shimkus
Armey	Berkley	Boucher	Gonzalez	McKeon	Simpson	Simpson	Simpson
Baca	Berman	Boyd	Goode	McKinney	Sisisky	Sisisky	Sisisky
Bachus	Berry	Brady (PA)	Goodlatte	McNulty	Skeen	Skelton	Skeen
Baird	Biggert	Brady (TX)	Goodling	Meehan	Meek (FL)	Meek (FL)	Meek (FL)
Baker	Bilbray	Brown (FL)	Gordon	Meek (FL)	Meeks (NY)	Slaughter	Slaughter
Baldacci	Bilirakis	Brown (OH)	Goss	Meeks (NY)	Menendez	Smith (MI)	Smith (MI)
Baldwin	Bishop	Bryant	Graham	Menendez	Metcalf	Smith (NJ)	Smith (NJ)
Ballenger	Bliley	Burr	Granger	McKinney	Mica	Smith (TX)	Smith (TX)
Barcia	Blumenauer	Burton	Green (TX)	McDonald	Millender-	Smith (WA)	Smith (WA)
Barr	Blunt	Buyer	Green (WI)		Snyder		
Barrett (NE)	Boehlert	Callahan	Greenwood				

Cannon	Paul	Sanford	Coyne	Hunter		
Chenoweth-Hage	Rohrabacher	Schaffer	Cramer	Hutchinson		
Hostettler	Royce	Sensenbrenner	Crane	Hyde		
Miller, Gary	Salmon	Stearns	Crowley	Inslee		

NAYS—1

Taylor (MS)

ANSWERED “PRESENT”—1

Hefley

NOT VOTING—28

Barton	Klink	Roukema
Bateman	Lazio	Sabo
Blagojevich	Lipinski	Shows
Campbell	Manzullo	Shuster
Combest	Markey	Talent
Conyers	Martinez	Vento
Cook	McCormick	Waxman
Gutierrez	McIntosh	Young (AK)
Hansen	Pomeroy	
Hinchey	Rangel	
Jefferson		

□ 2336

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof), the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid upon the table.

□

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 4733, THE ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL 2001

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 106-701) on the resolution (H. Res. 532) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4733) making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

□

□ 2340

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LAHOOD). As stated by the Chairman of the Committee on House Administration on Friday, June 23, 2000, the Clerk has informed the Committee on House Administration of a recent anomaly on a recorded vote. Representative ROYBAL-ALLARD was absent on rollcall number 305 on June 21, 2000 and was in possession of her voting card. The Clerk was made aware of the fact that she was recorded on that rollcall, but on no others on that day, but due to the lateness of the hour, could not get confirmation from her by the time the

vote was made public that she was absent and in possession of her voting card. Since then, the Clerk has received that confirmation. For that reason and the statistical improbability of the recurrence of that anomaly, the Chair and the Chairman of the Committee on House Administration believe that it is proper to immediately correct the RECORD and the Journal.

As stated in Volume 14, Section 32 of Deschler-Brown Precedents:

Since the inception of the electronic system, the Speaker has resisted attempts to permit corrections to the electronic tally after announcement of a vote. This policy is based upon the presumptive reliability of electronic device and upon the responsibility of each Member to correctly cast and verify his or her vote.

Based upon the explanation received from the Chairman of the Committee on House Administration and from the Clerk, the Chair will continue to presume the reliability of the electronic device, so long as the Clerk is able to give that level of assurance which justifies a continuing presumption of its integrity. Without objection, the Chair will permit the immediate correction of the RECORD and Journal under the unique circumstances certified by the Clerk.

There was no objection.

□

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 1999, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

□

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. SHAYS) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. SHAYS addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

□

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from California (Mr. FILNER) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. FILNER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

□

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Washington (Mr. McDERMOTT) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. McDERMOTT addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

□

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. BENTSEN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BENTSEN addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

□

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gen-

tleman from Illinois (Mr. RUSH) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. RUSH addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

□

GAS PRICE SPIKES

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PALLONE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, this evening I would like to expose the Republicans' attempt to make a campaign issue out of the Nation's gas price spike crisis and Democrats' efforts to solve this crisis and continue working to protect our long-term energy security.

Higher gas prices should not be a partisan issue, but the Republicans are making it into one. On the other hand, the Democrats are trying to come up with bipartisan solutions. For instance, Democrats have called on committee chairmen holding hearings on this topic in the coming days to invite oil executives to testify so that these hearings are balanced. Democrats insist on exploring why the oil companies are showing record profits and why, when an investigation was announced, prices dropped immediately. Yet, the Republican leadership instead is making a sham of these hearings by using them as a forum to attack the Clinton-Gore administration. Moreover, the Republicans also do not want to invite the oil executives to testify, because they are in the pockets of big oil.

GOP presidential candidate George W. Bush is one of the worst offenders. He has raised 15 times more money from oil and gas interests than Vice President AL GORE, and at least 25 of his top fund-raisers are connected to the oil industry. Last year, one of the first bills he signed bailed out the oil industry with a \$45 million tax break.

Let us look at other dilatory tactics by the Republicans. The Senate Republican leadership has held up reauthorization of the President's authority to draw down the strategic petroleum reserve and the Northeast heating oil reserve. These reserves would provide additional supplies for the gasoline and heating oil markets and would, in turn, bring down prices. The Clinton-Gore administration has supported both of these reserves. Yet, the Senate majority leadership has delayed action for too long, so even if both of these reserves were authorized today, the action is already too little, too late. As a result, Americans unfortunately are again to experience heating oil shortages in the Northeast this winter, and they have the Republican Congress to thank for it.

While the Clinton-Gore administration is trying to provide tax credits for energy efficient vehicles, buildings, homes and equipment, the Republican leadership is cutting funding for alternative energy sources and energy conservation measures. They have slashed

funding for these common sense programs since they have been in the majority, which has resulted in a \$1.3 billion shortfall. As recently as last week, the Republican leadership voted again to cut funding substantially below current funding levels for renewable energy programs in the Energy and Water funding bill. Tomorrow, the Republicans will have a chance to restore some of this funding. If they are serious about resolving this crisis, they will literally put their money where their mouths are on this vote.

The GOP leadership also wants to repeal gas taxes and jeopardize our Nation's transportation infrastructure. In addition, they want to gut environmental protections that cost only 2 to 3 cents per gallon.

Just in case anyone out there thinks a few pennies are too much to pay for clean air, the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. KUCINICH) and the gentleman from Maine (Mr. BALDACCIO) and I introduced a bill on Friday, H.R. 4739, that would enable the patent for blending cleaner, reformulated gasoline to be made available to all refiners. This would level the playing field for all refiners and, in turn, would bring down the price of reformulated gasoline.

If the Republican leadership is serious about working together in a bipartisan fashion to develop true solutions to this crisis, then they will work with us to bring legislation such as the bill my colleagues and I introduced last week to the floor quickly. They also would find common sense programs that promote alternative energy options, ensure that oil executives are present at this week's hearings, and work with us to resolve this crisis as quickly as possible.

□

PRIVATIZATION OF ENRICHMENT INDUSTRY MISTAKE BY CONGRESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. VITTER). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. STRICKLAND) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. STRICKLAND. Mr. Speaker, in the early 1950s, this Nation constructed two large uranium enrichment facilities, one in Paducah, Kentucky, and one in my district near Portsmouth, Ohio. In the early days, those facilities were used to create the materials that enabled us to create a nuclear arsenal; and I believe, as a result, we were able to win the Cold War. In more recent years, those facilities have enriched uranium so that we can create fuel for our nuclear power plants. Nuclear power provides more than 20 percent of all of the electricity generated in this country, and most of that fuel comes from the Paducah and the Portsmouth facilities.

A couple of years ago, this Congress unwisely, I believe, decided to privatize the enrichment industry. The CEO of the public corporation was a gentleman by the name of Nick Timbers. He had come to that position from Wall