

be constricted. Your advice is sought on an expansion of the vision and imagination we have for naval warfare to include new concepts (in some cases, old concepts with new technology).

Your advice is sought, for example, on the development of diesel powered and AIP (Air Independent Propulsion) submarines, in addition to nuclear powered submarines, that would be used for anti-submarine warfare, and for training of U.S. nuclear attack submarines in anti-submarine warfare.

Your advice is also sought on the development of submarines equipped with UAVs for reconnaissance, changing the Cold War vision of a submarine as a permanently submerged vessel to a vessel taking advantage of both the acoustic environment found underwater and aerial reconnaissance independent of an aircraft carrier.

Your advice is also sought on the development of a "quick fix" anti-aircraft defense against the supersonic cruise missiles that attack a surface vessel by very low flight above the water or by a last minute maneuver putting the cruise missile above the surface vessel, attacking at an angle of 90° beyond the reach of Phalanx.

In addition, your advice is sought on the development of naval vessels equipped with high energy lasers or particle beams capable of intercepting cruise missiles or bombs much like the Nautilus laser being developed for Israel.

Advanced technology can play a pivotal role in our ballistic missile defense program and space program. It can also provide spin-off applications to private industry. I look forward to your response with genuine anticipation.

#### PERSONAL EXPLANATION

#### HON. LOUISE McINTOSH SLAUGHTER

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 18, 2000

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained on business and unable to be present for rollcall vote No. 192. Had I been present, I would have voted "yes".

#### IN RECOGNITION OF THE STATE CHAMPIONSHIP WRESTLING TEAM OF FARMINGTON HIGH SCHOOL

#### HON. JO ANN EMERSON

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 18, 2000

Mrs. EMERSON. Mr. Speaker, today I congratulate the Farmington High School Wrestling Team for winning the Missouri state championship on February 19, 2000. The Farmington Knights earned their first place position early in the tournament and held this lead to the end. This early lead allowed the four finalists to relax and focus on their final bouts.

Although only one of those finalists won his match for first place, the team sealed the victory against tough odds. You see, the Knights did not have the numbers of wrestlers that some of the other teams had going into the tournament, and they did not have the first place finishes many thought they would need to win a state championship. Because the

team was successful as a whole, they were able to take the overall victory.

In addition to the team, I wish special recognition for senior Doug Wiles, who was able to win his first place match for an individual state championship in his weight class. Doug was also the only participant of the tournament with an undefeated season.

Congratulations to Mark Krause, head coach for the Knights, and the members of the Farmington High School Wrestling team as follows:

Cory Husher (finished 2nd in state)  
Justin Peppers  
Nathan McKinney  
James Faulkner (State Qualifier)  
Josh Krause  
Caleb Smith  
Josh Hoehn (finished 3rd in state)  
Darin Johnson  
Barry Watson  
Dustin Wiles (finished 2nd in state)  
Michael Hahn (finished 2nd in state)  
Doug Wiles (finished 1st in state)  
Jared Bornell (finished 5th in state)  
Ryan Todd (finished 5th in state)

Congratulations to all the wrestlers at Farmington High School for these outstanding accomplishments. Each individual on this team played a key part of the success they had as a whole.

#### HONORING THE THUNDERBOLT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL IN THUNDERBOLT, GEORGIA

#### HON. JACK KINGSTON

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 18, 2000

Mr. KINGSTON. Mr. Speaker, today I recognize Thunderbolt Elementary School in Thunderbolt, Georgia. Thunderbolt Elementary has been chosen by the Annual American Set a Good Example Competition to receive one of three national 3rd place awards for the best project completed by students to influence their own peers in a positive way: away from drug abuse, crime and violence while focusing on moral virtues such as honesty, trustworthiness and competence.

Students at Thunderbolt Elementary, under the careful instruction of their teacher, Beverly Small, did a series of projects based on setting good examples over the school year. Some of the accomplishments included weekly reading competitions, planting trees and flowers around campus, holding a canned food drive, essay writings on setting good examples, and establishing Parents are Terrific awards for assisting children with their homework.

The students have worked hard to demonstrate good will and respect for others, and because of these kinds of efforts they are not experiencing drug problems, crime, cheating, or violence in this school. It has become a family school, and parents tell me their children feel loved because the teachers take the time to listen. It is with my utmost admiration and commendation that I recognize Thunderbolt Elementary School students, teachers, and administration for achieving the national honor by setting a good example for all of us.

#### HONORING DR. LOVELL A. JONES, PhD, WINNER OF THE LEGACY OF LEADERSHIP AWARD

#### HON. KEN BENTSEN

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 18, 2000

Mr. BENTSEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to honor Dr. Lovell A. Jones, for winning Howard University Hospital's Legacy of Leadership Award for Distinguished Health Care Advocate. This award is a fitting tribute to Dr. Jones, who has made outstanding contributions in quality health care and advocacy for the medically underserved and the socio-economically disadvantaged for more than two decades.

Dr. Jones has been a true visionary in Houston's medical community and throughout the nation. I am particularly proud that it was in my Congressional District that Dr. Jones first began his ground-breaking work to address the unequal science and unequal treatment affecting health care for minorities and the medically underserved.

It was almost 15 years ago that Dr. Jones began planning the first Biennial Symposium on Minorities and Cancer. As a Biochemist and Professor of Experimental Gynecology and Endocrinology at the UT M.D. Anderson Cancer Center, Dr. Jones rolled up his sleeves to research why it was that minorities and the socio-economically disadvantaged were experiencing disproportionately high mortality rates from the diseases. He discovered a variety of reasons why certain communities have to bear the unequal burden of cancer, including the fact that these underserved communities are often diagnosed in later stages of the disease; are provided with only limited access to health care, and are without financial resources. Dr. Jones already understood that poor people, no matter what their ethnic background, place less emphasis on health care when having to deal with the harsh realities of poverty on a daily basis.

Dr. Jones has been on the forefront of activities to address the obstacles that ethnic minorities and medically underserved individuals face in seeking effective treatments for their illnesses. He inspires those of us in Congress to remain committed to helping our medical institutions continue their life-saving cutting-edge research.

Dr. Jones' efforts to help those with cancer in medically underserved and socioeconomically disadvantaged communities have gone beyond study and into heartfelt activism, transforming him into a leading health care advocate. He is establishing a Center of Excellence for Research on Minority Health at the University of Texas M.D. Anderson Cancer Center, and Dr. Jones co-founded the Intercultural Cancer Center (ICC), which has become the largest multicultural and multidisciplinary coalition addressing the unequal burden of cancer in minority and medically underserved areas in the United States. Leading cancer and community experts from academia, federal and state government representatives, clinicians, researchers, public health researchers, survivors and advocates hold Biennial Symposium to address cancer in minority and medically underserved communities throughout the nation. The symposia eventually grew

so big that they had to move them from Houston to Washington, DC. This year's symposium, which emphasized the problem of cancer in all ethnic minority communities—African-American, Hispanic, Native-American, Alaskan native, Pacific Islander and Asian-American—attracted more than 1200 people, and marked the largest participation ever.

Mr. Speaker, Howard University Hospital could not have chosen a better candidate to honor for the Distinguished Health Care Advocate Award. Lovell Jones inspires us all to strive to truly live up to the ICC's motto of "Speaking with One Voice," because we believe that the burden of cancer rests with all of us. Throughout his career, Dr. Jones has stressed that in this country, as a united community of Americans, the working poor and minority populations should not have to suffer disproportionately.

Dr. Lovell Jones has said that it is his dream that we will finally "become a society where we will not tie people's value to their skin color and/or status in life." His hope is that one day we will address the needs of all Americans, so that our efforts to address the special needs of minorities and the medically underserved will no longer be necessary.

But until that day, we can all be grateful that we have Dr. Lovell A. Jones.

#### INTRODUCTION OF THE INSULIN-FREE WORLD MEDICARE PANCREAS TRANSPLANTATION COVERAGE ACT OF 2000

**HON. GEORGE R. NETHERCUTT, JR.**

OF WASHINGTON

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, May 18, 2000*

Mr. NETHERCUTT. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to introduce the Insulin-Free World Medicare Pancreas Transplantation Coverage Act of 2000, to provide Medicare coverage for pancreas transplants. I introduce this legislation with my colleagues Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. PORTER and Mr. LAFALCE.

On July 1, 1999, the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) announced that the agency would provide coverage for pancreas transplants performed in people who also require kidney transplants. However, the agency continues to deny coverage for transplants in people who have reached kidney failure. Several studies, including one published in the New England Journal of Medicine in July 1998, indicate that a pancreas transplant performed before kidney disease is significant, can eliminate the need for a kidney transplant. My legislation would reverse this shortsighted policy.

While HCFA provides coverage for segmented/split liver transplants, the agency does not provide coverage for a pancreas that is segmented/split. This position should be reversed particularly in light of the profound and well-publicized organ shortage. In practice, Medicare's existing pancreas transplant coverage policy means that a pancreas may not be divided and used for more than one person. In addition, if part of the donor pancreas is found to be damaged, Medicare would not cover transplanting the useable portion. Medicare also would not cover a transplant for a person who has been offered the ultimate gift of life of part of a pancreas from a living relative.

Pancreas transplantation represents the first significant advance toward curing diabetes since the discovery of insulin. I urge my colleague to join me in supporting this legislation designed to give years of life and health back to people with long-standing diabetes.

#### FLOYD D. SPENCE NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001

SPEECH OF

**HON. SHEILA JACKSON-LEE**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, May 17, 2000*

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 4205) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2001 for military activities of the Department of Defense and for military construction, to prescribe military personnel strengths for fiscal year 2001, and for other purposes:

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Chairman, this amendment authorizes the Department of Defense to assign members of our Armed Forces to assist the Immigration and Naturalization Service and the Customs Service in monitoring and patrolling U.S. borders. I urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment.

At the request of the Congress, the Department of Defense issued a report earlier this week on this very issue. After meeting with senior leadership of the Immigration and Naturalization Service and the U.S. Customs Service to determine a scenario where U.S. military personnel would be assigned to either agency, the report states, in the end, neither the Immigration and Naturalization Service nor the United States Customs Service could envision a scenario which would require such assignments. Instead, both agencies expected that they would use the existing system of plans and procedures to increase the level of support from DoD personnel who would report through existing military chains of command.

This is not necessary because the DoD already have plans in place detailing how DoD supports Federal law enforcement agencies during declared emergency situations. The President of the United States has the authority to declare emergencies and use military personnel to protect our borders. This is already implied in the powers of the Executive Office of the President.

We are a nation of immigrants and a nation of laws. The men and women of the U.S. Border Patrol put their lives on the line every day of their lives. The present force of 8,000 members is responsible for protecting more than 8,000 miles of international land and water boundaries, and work in the dangerous deserts of Arizona and Texas. They are empowered to do this job. We do not need Federal troops at the border just yet. I urge my colleagues to vote "no" on this amendment.

HONORING THE LATE DR.  
CLIFFORD H. KEENE

**HON. SAM FARR**

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, May 18, 2000*

Mr. FARR of California. Mr. Speaker, today I honor a man who helped usher in the age of the health maintenance organization. Dr. Clifford H. Keene passed away at the age of 89.

Born in Buffalo, NY on January 28, 1910, Clifford later on went to earn his medical degree from the University of Michigan Medical School in 1934 and was a surgical instructor there until 1939. During World War II Clifford rose to the rank of lieutenant colonel as the surgeon and medical administrator for the 24th Corps in the Pacific Theater. His career with the Kaiser-Permanente Medical Care Program began in 1954 when industrialist Henry Kaiser asked him to join the then-struggling Kaiser health care system. Under Clifford's leadership, Kaiser Permanente grew into the largest nonprofit health care system in the United States. Over the years, he held a number of various positions including the Regional Manager of Kaiser Foundation Hospitals and Health Plan in Northern California, the Medical Program Coordinator for Kaiser Industries Corporation and the director, vice president and general manager of Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, Inc., and the Kaiser Foundation Health Plan. Clifford was also elected President of various Kaiser Foundation Medical Care Entities including the Kaiser hospitals and the Kaiser Research Institute and International Foundation. Clifford retired from active administration in 1970 and from the Kaiser Board of Directors in 1980.

Clifford will be forever remembered by his dear family and friends. He will be sorely missed by the many people who were privileged to know him personally and professionally. Clifford is survived by his wife, Mary; three daughters, Patricia Ann Kneeder of Fort Worth, TX, Martha Jane Sproule of Palos Park, IL, and Diane Eve Simonds of St. Helena; a sister Harriet Krueger of Sarasota, FL; seven grandchildren and six great grandchildren.

TRIBUTE TO THE OLIVIERA  
MIDDLE SCHOOL

**HON. SOLOMON P. ORTIZ**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, May 18, 2000*

Mr. ORTIZ. Mr. Speaker, today I pay tribute to a school in Brownsville, Texas, that is beating the odds in today's public education system. At a time when our resources are terribly overburdened, Olivia Middle School won one of three national first-place awards in the "Set A Good Example" competition that is sponsored by the Concerned Businessmen of America.

These awards, launched in 1982, recognize schools which have a student-oriented program to influence their peers in a positive way by forwarding the simple human moral values such as honesty, trustworthiness, responsibility, competence and fairness. The Concerned Businessmen of America is a not-for-