I am introducing a bill entitled "The Advanced Technology Motor Vehicle Fuel Economy Act of 2000."

Back in 1975, after the disruptions of the Arab Oil Embargo of 1973, Congress worked to improve energy conservation efforts. One of the key elements was the Corporate Average Fuel Economy (CAFE) program, whereby automakers would meet increasing levels of fuel economy for their fleets of vehicles. This program was well intentioned. It was expected to help the U.S. reduce its import of petroleum-especially from the least stable producers around the world. National security would be improved. The balance of payments would be improved. Americans would save money at the pump. And automakers would be encouraged to bring new technologies to market faster.

However, expectations did not translate into reality. We have never seen \$3 a gallon for gasoline, and price spikes have only occurred on a couple of temporary occasions. Oil supplies have not significantly tightened nor have imports declined. Furthermore, gasoline consumption has not changed significantly.

Despite suggestions to the contrary, the fleet average fuel economy for passenger cars has increased by over 100% and for light duty trucks by over 50% since 1974. Manufacturers have made cars lighter, smaller and more aerodynamic. They have improved the efficiency of engines, transmissions, and accessories. Some may assert that this shows the success of the CAFE program. However, these changes actually occurred largely as a result of the higher prices that did exist through the late 1970s and the intense competitiveness among manufacturers worldwide after world oil prices began to decline.

While I support the goals of improved fuel efficiency, I believe any increases in CAFE would be very disruptive of the current light truck market and are not necessary. Vehicle choice is too important to consumers, and unilateral disruptions would significantly hurt our vital American Auto Industry. Instead, I believe the proposals in "The Advanced Technology Motor Vehicle Fuel Economy Act of 2000" are a better way to achieve the results we want.

First, it focuses on the advanced technologies that the automakers are already aggressively pursuing by providing incentives to consumers who purchase vehicles that use hybrid powertrains, electric drive or fuel cells. These incentives will help to promote the work that is underway in the industry/government partnerships like the Partnership for a New Generation of Vehicles (PNGV). PNGV is a collaborative program to develop breakthrough technologies to improve fuel economy.

PNGV has been a huge success already. Just last month, DaimlerChrysler, Ford and GM each displayed concept cars that show how the technologies being developed (hybrid powertrains, lightweight materials, lower rolling resistance tires, great aerodynamics, and others) can be packaged to provide a five passenger, family sedan that can get 80 miles per gallon without sacrificing performance and most of the other important characteristics of today's comparable vehicles.

Second, the bill sets up a thorough study of current and future energy conversation measures related to motor vehicles and transportation. This study would provide for the National Academy of Sciences to review the current U.S. energy situation and make rec-

ommendations for future action. In addition, this title of the bill would require a study of lean burn technologies to make sure the U.S. is not embarking on a path that would preclude the use of promising fuel saving technologies.

The bill also extends CAFE credits available to manufacturers for producing flexible fuel vehicles: vehicles that can use either gasoline or an alternative fuel, such as ethanol or natural gas. The existence of these credits over the past several years has helped address an ongoing problem: fuel providers do not want to commit to alternative fuel stations without knowing that vehicles would be available to use them. Automakers did not want to produce vehicles that use only alternative fuels without knowing that the fuels would be available. The production of flexible fuel vehicles bridges this gap.

Mr. Speaker, this bill will help us deal with the CAFE dilemma that we face. The freeze of the current standards should continue. But in the meantime, we can study where we are, where we have been, and think carefully about where we need to go. And we can provide consumers with the incentives to purchase the vehicles that are starting to show up in the marketplace with some of the advanced technologies resulting from partnerships and competition among the manufacturers. I urge my colleagues to support this bill.

CELEBRATING MONSIGNOR JAMES F. COX'S 75TH BIRTHDAY

HON. BENJAMIN A. GILMAN

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 13, 2000

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, the Right Reverend Monsignor James F. Cox will celebrate his 75th birthday on May 15, 2000. Monsignor Cox has been dedicated to service for most of his life, especially within the Catholic Church and the Archdiocese of New York. He was ordained to the priesthood in 1951, and since that time, Monsignor Cox has made a valiant effort to serve the people of New York, most of whom reside in my Congressional district.

The title of Monsignor is one of prominence within the Catholic Church, bestowed upon those of great virtue and generosity. Monsignor Cox has been an exemplary model for all to follow. Throughout his years in our Hudson Valley, Monsignor Cox has served on several advisory and community boards that have been of great importance to the citizens of my district. He was a former member of the Rockland County Mental Health Board, former Chairman of the Rockland County Human Rights Commission, a former member of the Rockland County Board of Governors, a former President of the Board of Directors of the Rockland Haitian Association, Chaplain of the Columbiettes Triune Council of the Knights of Columbus, and State Chaplain of the Catholic Daughters of the Americas.

Moreover, Monsignor Cox was the Pastor of St. Mary's Parish in Washingtonville, NY and was the Roman Catholic Vican for both Rockland and Orange Counties. Today, Monsignor Cox continues his work as a Pastoral Associate at St. Joseph's Parish in Westchester County.

For his valiant efforts in the community, Monsignor Cox has also received honorary doctorate degrees from N.Y. State's Dominican College and St. Thomas Aquinas College. I invite all of my colleagues to join me in paying tribute to Monsignor Cox and remembering him on May 15th, the day of his 75th birthday and in wishing him Happy Birthday for many more years to come.

THE ARMENIAN GENOCIDE

SPEECH OF

HON. LYNN C. WOOLSEY

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 12, 2000

Ms. WOOLSEY. Mr. Speaker, today as I have each year since I came to Congress, I acknowledge the atrocities suffered by the Armenian people at the hands of the Ottoman Turks. This year marks the 85th anniversary of this atrocity.

It is important that we take this time to remember one of the greatest tragedies that humankind has ever witnessed. Mr. Speaker, little did anyone know that April 24, 1915, would forever signify the beginning of a Turkish campaign to eliminate the Armenian people from the face of the Earth.

Over the following 8 years, 1.5 million Armenians perished, more than 200 Armenian religious, political, and intellectual leaders were massacred, and more than 500,000 were exiled from their homes. Armenian civilization, one of the oldest civilizations, virtually ceased to exist.

Sadly, this chapter of global history is not as well known or remembered an event of the 20th century as it deserves to be. Little attention was paid to this tragic episode by the victorious allied powers at the end of World War I, or by historians since. And unfortunately, as time wears on, so much of it has faded into memory, and people begin to forget what occurred during that horrific time.

However, even worse, as time passes on, and people are distanced from the atrocities, naysayers and revisionists have the opportunity to change this generation's understanding of Armenian genocide.

Even more outrageous though, due to the failure of some nations to acknowledge this horrible tragedy, 85 years later the Turkish crimes have gone unpunished.

An international court has yet to condemn the holocaust of an entire nation, and this impunity has permitted the Turks to repeat similar crimes against the Greek inhabitants of Asia minor; the Syrian Orthodox people and recently, people living in Cyprus.

Fortunately, despite this unspeakable tragedy committed 85 years ago, Armenians today remain a compassionate, proud, and dignified people. Despite the unmerciful efforts of the Turks, Armenian civilization lives on and thrives today.

Thankfully, this spirit lives on in the independent Republic of Armenia. And, it lives on in communities throughout America, especially in my home State of California. In fact, every proud Armenian that walks the world over is the product of generations of perseverance, courage, and hope.

I am proud that today my colleagues and I engage in this special order to honor the innocent Armenians who tragically lost their lives. Today we call attention to and acknowledge

that the Ottoman Turks committed genocide against the Armenian people.

And today, we demand that this undeniable fact be accounted for by the current leaders in Istanbul. Unfortunately, the valuable lessons which might have been learned from this Armenian genocide have gone largely unlearned and unnoticed.

Perhaps if more attention had been paid to the slaughter of the innocent Armenian men, women, and children—perhaps if needed lessons in humanity had been learned earlier—our world could have avoided other tragic events and unspeakable events of this past century.

But since we can't change the past but only prepare for the future, it is only proper and fitting that the international bastion of democracy, the U.S. House of Representatives, is a voice in this campaign to recognize and acknowledge the Armenian genocide.

As George Santayana reminds us, "Those who forget the past are condemned to repeat it." Perhaps this, above all, is the valuable lesson each of us must learn from the Armenian genocide.

However, until that day comes, know that I will continue to remind our Nation, and this distinguished body, of our responsibility to learn from the past. And, our responsibility to speak out in order to prevent any such atrocity in the future.

HONORING JACKIE BALFOUR FOR TWENTY-TWO YEARS OF DEDI-CATED SERVICE

HON. JOHN A. BOEHNER

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 13, 2000

Mr. BOEHNER. Mr. Speaker, "Service is the price you pay for the space you occupy on this Earth." This is the noble principle that has served to guide Jackie Balfour through her 22 years of dedicated service to her community in Celina and Mercer County, Ohio. For those past 22 years, Jackie went from volunteering with the Celina Chamber of Commerce in 1969 to recent years as the Chamber President. Noteworthy chamber events under Jackie's leadership include the establishing of the Convention and Visitor's Bureau in Auglaize County (OH), innovations as the Small Business Development Center and Industrial Awareness Days, the growth of the St. Mary's Lake Festival, and the creation of the Auglaize and Mercer County Industrial Association.

In 1967, Jackie earned her radio broad-casting license from the Federal Communication Commission and broke ground in the field as a woman broadcaster. She was one of the first women to earn this license. Jackie and her husband Keith owned Radio Station WKKI for a number of years during this time. She was one of only 35 individuals in eight states selected to participate in the Neil Armstrong Homecoming after his historic flight to the moon. In addition, Jackie has interviewed numerous elected officials and celebrities, including Joan Crawford, President Richard Nixon, Ohio Governor Jim Rhodes, Ed McMahon, Bob Hope and Nick Clooney.

But her participation and leadership did not end there. For 11 years Jackie worked on the Congressional Award program for young people and with the D.A.R.E. Boosters program. She had also previously served on the Board of Directors for the Chamber of Commerce Executives of Ohio, and served with the Community Improvement Association, the Celina Retail Merchants, and the Celina Business and Professional Association. She was a charter member of the Grand Lake Toastmasters, an organization dedicated to the improvement of oral communication and leadership skills. She is also an active member of her church, Grace Missionary Church in Celina, In 1997, the St. Mary's Business and Professional Women's Organization chose Jackie as their Woman of the Year.

Jackie Balfour is a true leader whose hard work and dedication should serve as an example for us all. Every American should aspire to this kind of enthusiastic commitment to service. I am proud to know and represent a person like Jackie Balfour in Congress. She is a truly gracious individual who strives to promote the ideals that will ensure our country remains a great place to live with hope and opportunity for all.

CONGRATULATING THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AND THE CENTURY COUNCIL FOR THEIR WORK ON ALCOHOL 101

HON. THOMAS W. EWING

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 13, 2000

Mr. EWING. Mr. Speaker, today I congratulate the Century Council for their dedication to the fight against drunk driving and underage drinking. The Century Council, in conjunction with the University of Illinois at Champaign-Urbana, created Alcohol 101, an interactive CD-ROM program, which debuted on more than 1,000 college campuses during the 1998–1999 school year.

This virtual reality program is geared towards college are students and hopes to prevent and reduce the harm caused by abusive drinking habits. Students at the University of Illinois at Champaign-Urbana, under the guidance of Professor Janet Reis, assisted in the development of this program by participating in focus groups and extensive surveys.

Thanks to the input of these students, thousands of college students across the country will be able to witness the negative consequences of abusive drinking. As a result, the students will be better prepared when confronting these situations in their daily lives.

Alcohol 101 has received high recognition from many health, education, and communications competitions. Most recently, the program received the prestigious FREDDIE award in the area of Health and Medical Film Competition.

Mr. Speaker, this program is a great asset to universities across the country and I offer my sincerest congratulations to the Century Council and the University of Illinois.

HONORING THE JUMP START 2000 STUDENTS FROM MILLS GODWIN HIGH SCHOOL IN RICHMOND, VA

HON. TOM BLILEY

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 13, 2000

Mr. BLILEY. Mr. Speaker, today I commend a team of students from Mills Godwin High School in Richmond, VA on their outstanding top-place finish in JumpStart 2000. Students Yvonne Mowery, Amanda England, Ford Sleeman and Jason Selleck, coached by Ellen Mayo, took top honors in the 9–12 grade age group while competing against 2,024 other entries from 532 different schools nationwide.

JumpStart 2000 is a national science and technology challenge for students in grades K–12. They are tasked with identifying a problem of national or global importance in the 21st century and must propose an innovative solution that uses science and technology. The students work in teams of four under the supervision of an adult coach. The competition is sponsored by Parade and react magazines, and the National Science Board, the governing board of the National Science Foundation.

The Mills Goodwin High School team impressed the judges with their entry titled "Saving the World a Drop at a Time." They identified the need for worldwide access to a clean and safe water supply as one of the greatest challenges facing the world in the next century, especially in developing nations prone to a high mortality rate due in part to water-borne diseases found in contaminated water. The students' solution was an inexpensive, low-maintenance water purification system that uses natural materials and UV radiation to filter and disinfect water, thereby preventing the spread of water-borne disease.

I congratulate Yvonne, Amanda, Ford and Jason on their exceptional achievement, and I thank their coach Ellen Mayo for her dedication to working with these talented young adults.

THE CHICAGO AREA ENTREPRE-NEURSHIP HALL OF FAME

HON. JOHN EDWARD PORTER

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 13, 2000

Mr. PORTER. Mr. Speaker, today I call your attention to the Chicago Area Entrepreneurship Hall of Fame sponsored by the University of Illinois at Chicago. Entrepreneurs inducted into the Hall of Fame are selected because they have steered their companies through significant challenges, and their businesses have emerged strong and vital.

Nominees are interviewed by members of the sponsoring organizations drawn from industry and voted upon by a judges panel. The Chicago Area Entrepreneurship Hall of Fame is the oldest recognition program of this kind in the Chicago area.

Winners selected for the 2000 Hall of Fame from Illinois' 10th Congressional District are: Jacob Kiferbaum, of Kiferbaum Construction Corporation, Deerfield, Illinois; Lake Forest resident Elizabeth Van Ella, of James E. Van Ella & Associates, Chicago; and Marshall