

RECOGNITION OF CORPORATE  
RESPONSIBILITY

## HON. WALTER B. JONES

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 19, 2000

Mr. JONES of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, just over a year ago, Hurricane Floyd struck the 3rd District of North Carolina, causing billions of dollars of damage and displacing thousands of families. Eastern North Carolina is no stranger to extreme weather conditions and my district always seems to rise to the challenge posed by these natural disasters.

But there is something that goes unnoticed by many, goes unreported by the newspapers and broadcast media, goes unappreciated by many who call themselves environmentalists and goes unrecognized by many in Congress.

Corporate America and businesses in general are an integral component of our neighborhoods and communities devastated by Hurricane Floyd. Weyerhaeuser, one of the world's leading forest products companies, is one company I'd like to recognize as a good neighbor during the worse natural disaster in state's history.

I'd like to place in the RECORD this letter commanding Weyerhaeuser and their efforts during this national calamity. Without responsible companies like Weyerhaeuser, recovery in Eastern North Carolina would have been impossible. On behalf of Eastern North Carolina, I rise today to thank Weyerhaeuser and their heartfelt actions after Hurricane Floyd.

NORTH CAROLINA FLOOD PUTS  
WEYERHAEUSER'S EMPLOYEE SUPPORT TO  
THE TEST

By Elizabeth Crossman, vice president of the Weyerhaeuser Company Foundation

NEW BERN, NC—In September, 1999, rising floodwaters in the wake of Hurricane Floyd made thousands of eastern North Carolinians homeless, and caused billions of dollars in damage to property, commerce and infrastructure. It was the worst natural disaster in the state's history. For Weyerhaeuser, one of the world's leading forest products companies, the floods posed the ultimate challenge to the company's commitment to its employees.

Weyerhaeuser operates 16 facilities or offices across North Carolina—primarily sawmills and pulp and paper manufacturing plants located near its substantial timber holdings in the coastal plain. About two-thirds of Weyerhaeuser's North Carolina workforce of about 3,000 make their homes in that section of North Carolina that bore the brunt of the storm.

Of course Weyerhaeuser faced immediate challenges in the aftermath of the floods. Several mills were either flooded themselves, or cut off from employees and raw materials by impassable roads. Communities in which the company operates were in turmoil, with schools closed, utilities disrupted and relief organizations rushing to the area to set up temporary services. While dealing with these concerns, the company's unit managers had to take inventory of who among their employees was affected and to what extent. It took several weeks to get an accurate count, with human resource and corporate affairs managers comparing notes. The impact was substantial. Over ninety active employees or retirees were harmed by the storm, most of them significantly. In fact 35 suffered total losses.

Meanwhile, at corporate headquarters in Federal Way, Washington, executives were

already understanding the seriousness of the situation in North Carolina, and crafting their first response. The Weyerhaeuser Company Foundation maintains an emergency budget to respond quickly when disasters strike communities where the company operates. This fund, for example, was tapped to support Oklahoma City after the bombing of the federal building in 1995. And, in response to the devastating flooding in eastern North Carolina, the Foundation promptly appropriated \$100,000 to support four local American Red Cross chapters who were providing immediate assistance to impacted communities.

Within weeks, Weyerhaeuser Chairman and CEO Steve Rogel was on the ground in North Carolina assessing the damage first hand and meeting with impacted employees. He heard the same message repeatedly. "Our employees told me they needed immediate funds in order to get into temporary housing, and they needed advice and help to deal with the relief agencies and insurance companies. That's where we aimed our support," said Rogel.

Rogel and his team of corporate and North Carolina advisors crafted an action plan that they put into place within days.

*Dedicated fund for employees:* Working with the United Way chapter of Pitt County in Greenville, NC, the company set up a dedicated account to collect funds for employee flood victims. A corporate gift of \$100,000 was eventually more than doubled by individual employee donations from throughout the company.

*Dedicated advocate:* A full-time manager was assigned to set up individual case files for all 93 impacted employees and assist each of them in their dealings with relief agencies, insurance companies, state and county governments, lawyers and others.

*Counseling for victims:* The company offered crisis counseling to its employees and their family members through its Employee and Family Assistance Program (EFAP).

*Adopt-A-Family program:* The Weyerhaeuser Company Foundation organized a program by which facilities and staff groups throughout the company could "adopt" a family affected by the floods. The Adopt-A-Family benefactors continue to provide monetary or in-kind contributions as their circumstances allow, and offer personal solace and encouragement for their colleagues in need. All 51 employees or retirees with total or significant losses have been adopted.

*Coordination of recovery efforts:* The corporate-assigned flood victim advocate, working with a team of North Carolina human resource managers, coordinates recovery activities, including distribution of money from the United Way fund to employees, soliciting donations of building materials from Weyerhaeuser manufacturing facilities and scheduling volunteers for clean-up or rebuilding projects.

As a result of Weyerhaeuser's prompt and unique approach, employee flood victims have realized many tangible benefits. Over \$257,000 has been distributed to employees in need from the dedicated fund administered by Pitt County United Way. All employees or retirees with total or significant losses were placed with facilities or staff groups through Adopt-A-Family. All have received substantial support, including in some cases automobiles, appliances, furniture, personal items and cash. All but four employees made homeless by the flood are in new or rebuilt housing, with everyone expected to be back home by year-end.

Katy Taylor, appointed by Weyerhaeuser to fill the advocate's role, has chronicled the events of the flood and the recovery in the year since. She has been moved both by the plight of the affected employees and by the

generosity of those responding. "For someone who has lost just about everything they worked all their lives for, knowing there are people supporting you in your time of need is so important. Weyerhaeuser's corporate support and the Adopt-A-Family program gave our impacted employees somewhere to turn when they thought there was none," Taylor said. Her experience has led Weyerhaeuser to conclude some key benefits that other companies could gain by following a similar approach.

Taylor defines four key benefits: productivity; pride; citizenship and partnership. Weyerhaeuser's businesses recover productivity more quickly and enjoy a closer working relationship between management and labor. Employee pride in the company is enhanced, both among those receiving support and giving it. The relationship between Weyerhaeuser and its operating communities is strengthened. Partnerships are formed among the company and public and private relief agencies that will remain long after the last employees are back in their homes. "We will carry forward many positive results that we should not have had reason to expect from such a tragedy," Taylor added.

No company wants to experience the anguish of employees and turmoil to business operations caused by events like North Carolina's flooding. However, when faced with the situation, Weyerhaeuser listened to its people on the ground, acted decisively and came up with unique approaches to difficult problems. The end result is that employees fared better than they would have otherwise, and Weyerhaeuser has a program it can deploy should disaster strike again.

IN HONOR OF WORLD POPULATION  
AWARENESS WEEK 2000—SAVING  
WOMEN'S LIVES

## HON. CAROLYN B. MALONEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 19, 2000

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the Population Institute's 16th annual "World Population Awareness Week (WPAW)." The theme of this event, "Saving Women's Lives," is an appropriate reminder of the hundreds of thousands of women who die each year due to reproductive health complications. Every minute of every day a woman somewhere in the world dies from pregnancy related complications, a total of 600,000 women each year.

According to Population Institute President Warner Fornos more than 350 million married women in developing countries still lack access to information, education, and the means to obtain a range of modern family planning methods. This problem is further exacerbated by the fact that a disproportionately large share of the poorest of the poor and malnourished in the world are women and girls.

In addition to focusing on the status of women around the world, World Population Awareness Week strives to develop awareness to the environmental and social complications caused by rapid population growth across the globe. Two hundred thirty organizations from 62 countries around the world co-sponsored World Population Awareness Week, including the Family Planning Association of India, the National Association of Family Welfare of Cameroon, and the Educational Foundation for Reproductive Health of Cambodia. Over 200 mayors across the United

States have also proclaimed the event, along with the following 34 Governors:

Governor Tony Knowles of Alaska, Gray Davis of California, Bill Owens of Colorado, John G. Rowland of Connecticut, Thomas Carper of Delaware, Roy Barnes of Georgia, Benjamin Cayetano of Hawaii, Thomas Vilsack of Iowa, Dirk Kempthorne of Idaho, Bill Graves of Kansas, Paul Patton of Kentucky, Angus King, Jr. of Maine, Parris Glendening of Maryland, Argeo Paul Cellucci of Massachusetts, Jesse Ventura of Minnesota, Kirk Fordice of Mississippi, Mel Carnahan of Missouri, Mike Johanns of Nebraska, Kenny Quinn of Nevada, Jeanne Shaheen of New Hampshire, Christie Todd Whitman of New Jersey, Gary Johnson of New Mexico, James B. Hunt, Jr. of North Carolina, Edward Schafer of North Dakota, Rob Taft of Ohio, Frank Keating of Oklahoma, John Kitzhaber of Oregon, Tom Ridge of Pennsylvania, Lincoln Almond of Rhode Island, Jim Hodges of South Carolina, Don Sundquist of Tennessee, Howard Dean of Vermont, Gary Locke of Washington, Cecil Underwood of West Virginia.

Mr. Speaker, next week during World Population Awareness Week, we have the perfect opportunity to show the world our commitment to international family planning without the anti-democratic restrictions by supporting full FY 1995 funding levels for international family planning and once and for all remove the onerous Gag Rule from law. Women's lives around the world are depending on it.

IN HONOR OF PASTOR FRED L.  
CROUTHER

HON. THOMAS M. BARRETT

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 19, 2000

Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, today I would like to honor an outstanding citizen in Milwaukee, Reverend Fred L. Crouther. Pastor Crouther not only provides spiritual guidance to this congregation at New Covenant Missionary Baptist Church, he is a source of inspiration and courage to our whole community.

Everyday, Pastor Crouther reaches out to the poor, disadvantaged, disabled and downtrodden to not only better their circumstances, but to uplift the human spirit. He provides countless hours of counseling and support of families and people from all walks of life.

With his New Covenant Congregation, Pastor Crouther has helped provide a hot meal program, a food pantry and a clothing bank, as well as an alternative school, scholarships and tutorial programs. He also oversees and coordinates the New Covenant Corporation, the New Covenant Church Credit Union, the New Covenant Housing Corporation and the New Covenant Development Corporation, organizations intended to extend the church's reach further into the community.

Reverend Crouther came to Milwaukee in 1964, and married his wife, Mary Louise Minor of Fort Wayne, Indiana on June 11, 1966. He studied theology at the American Baptist Theological Seminary in Nashville, and began his graduate studies at the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee from 1967-1969. He was licensed to preach the gospel on July 5, 1959 and ordained a minister of the gospel on De-

ember 30, 1962. He has two children, Tamara and David.

Pastor Crouther has been an integral part of Milwaukee's spiritual life, and I would like to personally thank him for all he has done to better our community, our families and our hearts.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. BOB FILNER

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 19, 2000

Mr. FILNER. Mr. Speaker, on May 3, 2000, I inadvertently missed rollcall vote No. 136. Had I been present, I would have voted "yes."

INTRODUCTION OF SCHOOL BASED  
HEALTH CENTERS TECHNICAL  
ASSISTANCE ACT

HON. CAROLYN C. KILPATRICK

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 19, 2000

Ms. KILPATRICK. Mr. Speaker, Today I am introducing legislation designed to assist school-based health centers face the challenge of meeting their long-term financing needs and developing data gathering systems. This legislation recognizes that school based health care centers (SBHCs) are a fixture in the child health care delivery network and are effective in reaching out to a target under- and uninsured population.

There are more than 1,100 SBHCs in the United States, more than 40 of which are located in my home state of Michigan. These clinics bring a wide array of health care services to children in a place where they spend a good amount of time—their school. Schools are a logical place to establish health services for children, and SBHCs should be assigned a greater role and responsibility in the child health care delivery system. As we search for solutions to improve access to health care for children, SBHCs can play an important part in the overall equation. They can provide health care when children want it and where they need it. SBHCs complement the community health system, and they screen to prevent and treat diseases and other health threats.

SBHCs, like many community-based health programs, have to piece together funding for services from a multiple number of sources. The largest source of funding comes from states' Maternal and Child Health Care block grants and the Healthy Schools/Healthy Communities program. According to the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, the growth of state governments that have established Medicaid managed care plans has complicated reimbursement procedures and health care financing. SBHCs do not have the sophisticated mechanisms to deal effectively and efficiently with the new array of health care plans to ensure that the services they provide will be reimbursed. This bill is an attempt to address this issue.

The legislation proposed under this bill would authorize funding of a demonstration program to promote the development of comprehensive, computerized management infor-

mation systems designed for the following information purposes:

Assess the performance of SBHCs;  
Obtain data on client characteristics;  
Denote service utilization and outcomes;  
Support financial functions (appropriate billing procedures);

Identify reimbursable categories of service by major funding source;  
Handle patient tracking functions.

This bill should be regarded as a first draft only. I introduced it with the hope that stakeholders like the National Assembly of School Based Health Care, health care providers and plans, the Health Resources and Services Administration, and other entities will work with me to improve the proposal. Our ultimate goal is to provide our children with the health care services they need to remain healthy, lead constructive lives and stay in school. I look forward to working with them and my colleagues to improve on this work.

A SALUTE TO CREATIVE POPULAR  
CULTURE

HON. MAJOR R. OWENS

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 19, 2000

Mr. OWENS. Mr. Speaker, some seemingly trivial items of urban popular culture are now on display at the Brooklyn Museum of Art in an exhibit titled "Hip-Hop Nation: Roots, Rhymes and Rage." When I visited the exposition I was most impressed by the large numbers of youth from diverse backgrounds who were viewing the multi-media displays. Their immediate excitement combined with the symbols, clothing, photographs, memorabilia, poetry, music and clippings of urban grassroots aspiration and expressions were fresh stimulants for the mind—and also inspirational. While human interaction and experience often generate fragments of culture, the phenomenon that grabs one's attention in the case of the Hip-Hop artists is the manner in which the components aggregate, mushroom, and continually spread across ethnic, class, and nationality lines. Beyond its image as a violent movement, perpetuated by a few highly publicized celebrities, is the fact that the majority of the participants are ordinary youth. Hip-Hop appears to be on a course to leap over the limits of neighborhoods and fads. In some cases its content moves beyond the frivolous and the trivial toward profundity. The concept of traditional culture relies heavily on the elements of universal appeal and endurance. Hip-Hop may generate a significant impact on conventional culture; it continues to spread and to last. Consider the implications; urban America has a generation that is making culture. These creators may evolve into a new set of heroes that posterity comes to respect and revere. These are heroes who are making culture, not war. We salute the foresight and the boldness of the Brooklyn Museum of Art and its Director, Arnold Lehman. This initiative has provided us with a small window through which we may watch culture being made. The following Rap poem was inspired by my visit to this unusual exhibit.

MAKE CULTURE NOT WAR  
Make culture not war!