

include "the offices or headquarters of any" animal enterprise organizations.

Finally, the bill establishes the National Animal Terrorism and Ecoterrorism Clearinghouse at the Federal Bureau of Investigation to help law enforcement agencies gather and exchange information on animals and ecoterrorists nationwide.

I am introducing this legislation because groups such as the Animal Liberation Front and Earth Liberation Front are openly advocating the destruction of property through pipe-bombing, firebombing, sabotaging, and raiding of facilities that house both animals and medical research personnel. More dangerously, these groups advocate the harassment of people that have a prime goal of the betterment to mankind. These noble researchers are actively searching for the cures to the diseases such as AIDS, cancer, Multiple Sclerosis, heart disease, malaria, and tuberculosis.

The "harassment" of these researchers has included personal and physical violence. These threats of poisoning and personal harm which have now escalated to action. In October 1999, dozens of university scientists were mailed letters booby-trapped with razors. Had the razors gone undetected, they would have caused serious injury to the researchers or their college student assistants. On April 5, 1999, a University of Minnesota lab was destroyed, causing millions of dollars of physical damage from destroyed computers, microscopes, and medical equipment. This vandalism resulted in a 2-year setback to research on both Alzheimer's disease and cancer cells critical to developing a vaccine against cancer. The most tragic circumstance, however, was the fact that irreplaceable scientific information that was to be sent to the Food and Drug Administration to begin trials of a human cancer vaccine was destroyed.

Mr. Speaker, over 1,000 major acts of terrorism have occurred since 1980, causing \$42.8 million in damages. Two-thirds of this amount has occurred in the last five years, demonstrating a sharp rise in terrorist attacks. Congress can and must act now to protect our nation's researchers and farmers. The right to peaceful protest is protected by the Constitution and nothing in this legislation undermines that basic right. Peaceful expression of animal rights importance will not be barred. But violent, intimidating, and destructive conduct has no such protection, and will be met with severe penalties under this legislation.

By stating that "extreme action" is the strategy of the animal rights activist, as opposed to "legitimate pressure," on their own website, www.animal-rights.com, these terrorists openly acknowledge that they are committing actions both unlawful and threatening. Moreover, Alex Pacheco, the Director of People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals, has deemed "arson, property destruction, burglary and theft as acceptable crimes (Associated Press, January 15, 1989)."

The "Researchers and Farmer's Freedom and Terrorism Act" bill deserves the support of all those who believe in the right to peaceful protest and abhor those who resort to violence. It will send a message that extremist actions will not be tolerated in our society, and that medical research personnel and research facilities deserve the full protection of the law against those who violate the safety of others.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all of my colleagues to join me in supporting this important legislation.

IN HONOR OF TAIWAN'S NATIONAL DAY

HON. PHIL ENGLISH

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 10, 2000

Mr. ENGLISH. Mr. Speaker, the Republic of China on Taiwan will celebrate its birthday on October 10, 2000. Taiwan has much to celebrate. It is a modern country led by newly elected President Chen Shui-bian, who believes that Taiwan's future lies in a strong democracy and a free enterprise system. Taiwan is highly admired as a successful example of democracy in much of the developing world. In March of this year, Taiwanese citizens freely chose Chen Shui-bian, the candidate representing the Democratic Progressive Party, as their president. Since his inauguration on May 20, President Chen has convincingly demonstrated his leadership in all areas.

In recent years, Taiwan has experienced unprecedented economic success. In addition to its well-known industrial prowess, Taiwan leads most Asian nations in its production of computers, computer chips, and telecommunications equipment and has contributed tremendously to the world wide high technology boom. Taiwan's citizens enjoy one of the highest living standards in the world.

On the occasion of the Republic of China's National Day, it is important to remember that Taiwan has a strong relationship with the United States and we hope that this relationship will continue to flourish in years to come. I look forward to working with President Chen and wish the people of Taiwan well on this special day.

CONGRATULATIONS TO THE
REPUBLIC OF CHINA

HON. JOE KNOLLENBERG

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 10, 2000

Mr. KNOLLENBERG. Mr. Speaker, one of our largest trading partners, the Republic of China on Taiwan, is celebrating its National Day today, October 10, 2000. I wish to join my colleagues in Congress and others throughout the world in commending President Chen Shui-bian and Ambassador C.J. Chen of the Republic of China as they continue to lead Taiwan to greater economic prosperity and fuller participation in international activities abroad.

I am proud of Taiwan's economic and political accomplishments in recent years and am hopeful this success will continue for years to come. I join with my colleagues in Congress to wish President Chen Shui-bian and his people all the best as they prepare their National Day celebrations. Good luck and good cheer.

INTRODUCTION OF THE ABEL AND MARY NICHOLSON HOUSE NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE STUDY ACT OF 2000

HON. FRANK A. LoBIONDO

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 10, 2000

Mr. LoBIONDO. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to introduce H.R. 5399, the Abel and Mary Nicholson House Historic Site Study Act of 2000. This bill would require the Secretary of the Interior to study the suitability and feasibility of designating the Abel and Mary Nicholson House, located in Elsinboro Township, Salem County, New Jersey, in my Congressional district, as a unit of the National Park System. As part of the study the Secretary would also be required to consider management alternatives to create an administrative association with the New Jersey Coastal Heritage Trail Route. This study is the required first step in designating the site as a national park.

The Abel and Mary Nicholson House was built in 1722 and is a rare surviving example of an unaltered early 18th Century patterned brick building. The original portion of the house has existed for 280 years with only routine maintenance. This house is a unique resource which can provide significant opportunities for studying our nation's history and development.

I was pleased to announce the designation of this house as a National Historic Landmark on March 1, 2000, which made it the first National Historic Landmark site in Salem or Gloucester Counties, in New Jersey. The U.S. Department of the Interior designated the Nicholson House as a National Historic Landmark because of its historical importance to the entire nation and listed it in the National Register of Historic Places.

As one of the most significant "first period" houses surviving in the Delaware Valley, the Nicholson House represents a piece of history from both Southern New Jersey and early American life, and should remain protected and preserved to continue as a valuable teaching tool for generations to come.

SUPPORT MORE AWARENESS TO
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND
VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN

HON. MICHAEL E. CAPUANO

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 10, 2000

Mr. CAPUANO. Mr. Speaker, I am here today to remind Americans that domestic violence and other forms of violence against women are still widespread in the United States of America.

On Friday, October 6, 2000, the Boston Herald reported that the number of victims killed in domestic violence incidents in Massachusetts increased by more than 50 percent over last year's numbers. This is a frightening development, particularly when the state's average for other violent crimes decreased over the same period.

When women decide that they have had enough of their abusive relationships, they frequently turn to a local shelter that provides

services to survivors of domestic violence. Often times, shelters that assist women and children are chronically short on resources. In fact, throughout the nation, for every six women that seek protection at a shelter, five are turned away because of lack of space or funds. In many of these unfortunate instances, women and children are forced to return to their abusive relationship because they lack a viable alternative.

Last Friday, the House passed the conference report on HR 3244, Sex Trafficking Victims Protection Act. Support of this bill is critical for several reasons. In particular, this conference report contains the reauthorization for the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA). VAWA is a grant program that was established under Title IV of the 1994 Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act. Reauthorization of this bill will allow domestic violence assistance centers throughout the country to continue receiving grants to carry out programs that assist women who have been victims of domestic and sexual assault.

This legislation authorizes \$3.4 billion worth of grants over 5 years. The grants will support programs to reduce violence against women by strengthening law enforcement, services to victims of violence, and education and training to combat violence, as well as reducing the effects of violence on children. This law will also better protect battered immigrant women by reforming immigration laws that are currently being used to prevent a battered immigrant spouse from reporting abuse or leaving an abusive relationship.

Passage of the VAWA reauthorization is an important victory for women and is key in our nation's war against domestic violence. Until America completely eliminates domestic and sexual violence against women, we must provide these women a safe haven with adequate protection and services. VAWA reauthorization is a step in the right direction to provide assistance to the women and children victimized within their own homes.

I call upon my colleagues to join me in remaining vigilant about this problem.

A TRIBUTE TO DR. JAY GLAT

HON. NITA M. LOWEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 10, 2000

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise in tribute to Dr. Jay Glat upon the occasion of his retirement. A superb dentist and an outstanding member of our community, Dr. Glat served his patients with kindness and respect for almost 40 years, meeting the highest standards of professional conduct and personal responsibility. Dr. Glat served his profession outside of the office as well, donating his time and expertise to numerous committees and boards on a local, state, and national level. He served as President of both the New York and Bronx County Dental Societies, as Delegate to the American Dental Association, and as General Chairman of the Greater New York Dental Meeting. During his many years of practice, Dr. Glat also received numerous honorary fellowships and distinguished service awards in recognition of his many achievements.

Just as he faithfully provided care to his local community, Dr. Glat also served his

country as a Lieutenant in the United States Dental Corp, exhibiting a tremendous degree of pride, commitment, and integrity in his work. The principles of service and sacrifice that have guided Dr. Glat's career have made him a tremendous credit not only to his family and our local community, but to the dental profession. While I am sorry to see Dr. Glat retire, I know that many have benefited from his care and dedication. I thank him and wish him the best in his well-deserved retirement years.

EXPRESSING SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING TAIWAN'S PARTICI- PATION IN THE UNITED NATIONS

SPEECH OF

HON. RANDY "DUKE" CUNNINGHAM

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 3, 2000

Mr. CUNNINGHAM. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of House Congressional Resolution 390, which acknowledges Taiwan's efforts to become an active member of United Nations. Taiwan's commitment to democratic domestic policies, efforts to engage international organizations, and desire to formalize its role in the international community should no longer be overlooked by the Administration.

Driven out of the UN in 1971, Taiwan has tried to gain readmission since 1993. Unfortunately, those efforts have been stymied because of obstruction by the People's Republic of China. The PRC, one of the five permanent Security Council members which determines new UN membership, has threatened to veto Taiwan's application for membership if it ever reaches the Security Council.

Taiwan's exclusion is contrary to the single most important purpose of the UN, namely the maintenance of international peace and security. For the past decade, Taiwan, now under President Chen Shui-bian, has denounced the past policy of recovering mainland China by force and striven for peaceful coexistence with the PRC. It is the PRC that has resorted to the use of force, as occurred in 1995 and 1996.

While Taiwan should be accepted in its own right into the UN, the efforts by China to isolate the country it deems a "renegade province" increase the urgency of moving to approve Taiwan's admission into that international body. Not only will that provide access to the UN Security Council and discourage future Chinese provocations, but it will shift the responsibility for Taiwan's security from a solely U.S. responsibility to that of the larger international community.

I hope that with the passage of House Resolution 390 that Taiwan's vigilance for independence, ardent trust in America as an ally and recognition by the international community will be realized. It is important that we make a place at the international table for all supporters of democracy.

Mr. Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to vote for House Resolution 390.

IN HONOR OF THE 85TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE PUBLICATION OF THE LITHUANIAN NEWSPAPER DIRVA

HON. DENNIS J. KUCINICH

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 10, 2000

Mr. KUCINICH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize and honor of the 85th anniversary of the publication of the Lithuanian newspaper DIRVA.

First published November 22, 1915, under the title SANTAUKA, the DIRVA has been a source of pride and strength for the Lithuanian-American community. The DIRVA compels its readers with the events of Lithuania and those that affect Lithuanian-Americans here in the United States. It serves simultaneously as a link to their history and as a vehicle for their advancement.

Through the tireless efforts of its editors and contributors the DIRVA, once one of many Lithuanian newspapers, has survived and flourished. It is now one of only two national Lithuanian language newspapers.

This also offers me a chance to formally recognize and commend the Lithuanian-American Community, Inc. Cleveland Chapter and Viltis Inc., the publisher of DIRVA, for aiding the community for years and planning a celebration of this monumental event.

My fellow colleagues, let us recognize and congratulate DIRVA for its years of dedication to the Lithuanian-American community.

CELEBRATING TAIWAN'S NATIONAL DAY

HON. JOHN B. LARSON

OF CONNECTICUT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 10, 2000

Mr. LARSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate the Republic of China on Taiwan, which celebrates its birthday today. Taiwan has much to celebrate. It is a modern country led by a democratically-elected President, Mr. Chen Shui-bian. President Chen was elected on March 18, 2000, and this free and fair election resulted in the peaceful transfer of power from the ruling Kuomintang Party (KMT) to the more progressive Democratic Progressive Party (DPP). This election demonstrated to the world that Taiwan is democratic and is worthy of the respect it has received from democratic nations.

In addition to the freedom to select their government leaders, the people of Taiwan can also celebrate their other freedoms, such as the freedom of religion and the freedom of speech. I believe that the freedom and democracy in Taiwan set an example for other nations in the area to follow.

The people of Taiwan can also celebrate their stunning economic success. Taiwan is the nineteenth largest economy in the world and is the United States' eighth largest trading partner. This economic achievement has given the people of Taiwan the twenty-fifth highest per capita gross national product (GDP) in the world and one of the highest living standards in Asia and the world. In recent years, Taiwan has led most Asian nations in its production of