

and urban wet weather flows, providing valuable testimony to Congress, as it considers legislation to improve the nation's waters. As Chairman of the House Transportation & Infrastructure Committee, I am in a good position to observe that AMSA is meeting the goals of its founders by pursuing every opportunity to develop and implement scientifically based, technically sound, and cost-effective environmental programs.

AMSA's active membership, prominence as a nationally recognized leader in environmental policy and close working relationship with the EPA and Congress will undoubtedly allow it to help shape the course of environmental protection in the next century. Once again, I congratulate AMSA on this important milestone as an organization and also for America's environment.

**BILL BRADY HONORED FOR 40
YEARS OF SERVICE**

HON. PAUL E. KANJORSKI

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, June 22, 2000

Mr. KANJORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to my good friend Bill Brady, who will retire June 30 after serving 19 years as the postmaster of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, and with a total of 40 years and one month of government service.

Bill is truly an example of a dedicated public servant who has taken on as his mission in life the efficient delivery of mail, and he has become an institution in Northeastern Pennsylvania.

Mr. Brady is a graduate of Duryea High School and a four-year veteran of the Air Force. He received his bachelor of science degree from the University of Scranton in 1971.

Mr. Brady began his postal career as a distribution clerk in Scranton in January 1966. In 1973, he became a U.S. postal inspector and was stationed in Illinois, New York and Wilkes-Barre. In 1980, he left the Inspection Service and became manager of retail sales and services at the Wilkes-Barre sectional facility office. In April 1981, he went to the post office in Hazleton, Pennsylvania, as superintendent of postal operations, and served for six months in that position before assuming his present duties.

During his career at Wilkes-Barre, he has also been assigned to higher-level positions as acting director of mail processing at the Lehigh Valley Postal Facility, director of field operations for the Harrisburg Division and director of marketing for the Harrisburg Division.

As the Postal Service has changed and become more technologically advanced, Bill has adapted, always keeping customer service upmost in his mind.

Mr. Brady is a past president of the Luzerne County Chapter of Postmasters and is a member of the National Association of Postmasters of the United States, having served as national chairman of the Postmaster Representative Committee for four years. He is also a member of Pennsylvania NAPUS Postmasters and has been active in numerous professional associations during his postal career.

Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to call Mr. Brady's public service to the attention of the House of Representatives, and I send my best wishes on the occasion of his retirement.

IN SPECIAL RECOGNITION OF
THOMAS AND MARY LOU GALLAGHER
ON THE OCCASION OF
THEIR FIFTIETH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

HON. PAUL E. GILLMOR

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, June 22, 2000

Mr. GILLMOR. Mr. Speaker, today I recognize a very special couple from Ohio's Fifth Congressional District. Mr. Speaker, on Saturday, June 24, 2000, in the presence of many of their family members, neighbors, and friends, Thomas and Mary Lou Gallagher will celebrate a milestone day in their lives. On June 24, in Sandusky, Ohio, Thomas and Mary Lou will celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversary.

Mr. Speaker, the celebration of the sanctity of marriage is one of our most cherished and time-honored traditions. Throughout the ages, husbands and wives have reaffirmed their trust, faith, and, most importantly, love for each other on their wedding anniversaries. On this most treasured day, we, as their friends, neighbors, coworkers, and family members, have the opportunity to recognize them for their commitment, their sharing, and their love for each other.

The day on which two people are united in marriage is much more than simply a ceremony, with wedding vows and the exchanging of rings. It is the true union of two individuals who then become one, inseparable entity. It is the common bond and an unwavering dedication to each other that will help the marriage through good times and bad.

Mr. Speaker, for the past fifty years, Thomas and Mary Lou have shown how love, compassion, and conviction are the cornerstones of their long and lasting marriage. Their strong commitment to each other is an example for each of us to follow.

Mr. Speaker, at this time, I would ask my colleagues in the 106th Congress to stand and join me in paying very special tribute to Thomas and Mary Lou Gallagher on the occasion of their fiftieth wedding anniversary. May the love and happiness they have found stay with them far into the future. Again, best wishes and congratulations on fifty wonderful years together.

TO HONOR DR. RICHARD GOODE

HON. ANNA G. ESHOO

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, June 22, 2000

Mr. ESHOO. Mr. Speaker, I'm pleased to bring to the attention of my colleagues an honor recently bestowed upon one of my most distinguished constituents, Dr. Richard Goode, M.D. Dr. Goode was recently presented with the Lifetime Achievement Award by the Alumni Association of the University of California at Santa Barbara for his contributions to improved hearing.

Dr. Goode graduated from UCSB with his B.A. degree in 1958. As an undergraduate, he was elected President of the Associated Students, and was presented with the "Honor Copy" of the yearbook "La Cumbre" at his

commencement ceremonies. The leadership skills he developed during his years at UCSB clearly set the stage for his subsequent successes in the medical profession.

Dr. Goode is a highly regarded professor and physician in our community. He has served on the surgery faculty of Stanford University School's of Medicine for over thirty years and has led the Division of Otolaryngology at the Veterans Affairs Palo Alto Healthcare System. He has served as President of the American Academy of Otolaryngology—Head and Neck Surgery, and of the American Academy of Facial Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery.

Notwithstanding all these wonderful achievements, it is his work in developing hearing technologies that has brought him the greatest recognition. Dr. Goode has developed many devices that are used regularly by ear, nose, and throat specialists, most notably the Goode T-Tube. He has had a successful business career founding two companies which manufacture high-tech hearing devices.

Public service is an important component of Dr. Goode's career. He's a member of the Food and Drug Administration's Ear, Nose, and Throat Medical Device Panel and he serves with distinction on the National Institutes of Health Communicative Disorders Review Committee.

Mr. Speaker, representing my constituent Dr. Richard Goode is one of the great privileges of serving in the House of Representatives. I'm proud to bring his accomplishments and recognition as recipient of the UCSB Alumni Association Lifetime Achievement Award to the attention of my colleagues and ask that the entire House join me in honoring him today.

HONORING BISHOP R.T. JONES JR.,

HON. ROBERT A. BRADY

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, June 22, 2000

Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise to honor the life and work of Bishop R.T. Jones Jr. A staple of the Philadelphia Public School System, Bishop Jones has devoted his life to serving the people of Philadelphia.

Bishop Jones founded the Christian Tabernacle Church of God in Christ in Chester, Pennsylvania where he served as pastor for nine years. He has served as the Bishop of Delaware and as District Superintendent for Southeastern Pennsylvania under the late Bishop R.T. Jones Sr. Bishop Jones currently serves as the founding president of the Philadelphia Azusa Fellowship, Co-Chairman of the Philadelphia Interfaith Clergy Association, Chairman of the Shriners Children's Medical Center's Community Advisory Committee and as Chairman of the Christian Tabernacle Improvement and Development Corporation's Board of Directors.

Aside from his religious service, Mr. Jones has proven himself to be a valuable manager for the Philadelphia Housing Authority. During his eight years with PHA, he has received numerous accolades for his management abilities.

R.T. Jones Jr. has held positions of great importance throughout the Philadelphia area and has received numerous awards and

achievements. Among those who know him personally he is not only thought of as a great teacher and great preacher but as a child of God.

INTRODUCTION OF THE EQUAL ACCESS TO MEDICARE HOME HEALTH CARE ACT OF 2000

HON. JAMES P. MCGOVERN

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, June 22, 2000

Mr. MCGOVERN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to join my colleagues—VAN HILLEARY, ROBERT A. WEYGAND, and JOHN PETERSON—in introducing the Equal Access to Medicare Home Health Care Act of 2000. This is an important piece of legislation that will extend the solvency of Medicare to home health care agencies across the country.

Mr. Speaker, Medicare is one of the most important and most popular programs ever implemented in our history. President Lyndon Johnson enacted Medicare into law in 1965. His signature was a statement that older Americans will not go without healthcare once they retire. He told us: "No longer will older Americans be denied the healing miracle of modern medicine. No longer will illness crush and destroy the savings that they have so carefully put away over a lifetime so that they might enjoy dignity in their later years. No longer will young families see their own incomes, and their own hopes, eaten away simply because they are carrying out their deep moral obligations to their parents, and to their uncles, and their aunts. And no longer will this Nation refuse the hand of justice to those who have given a lifetime of service and wisdom and labor to the progress of this progressive country."

President Johnson was right. Today, millions of seniors participate in Medicare and this Congress is engaged in a debate to expand the program. One of the most important benefits provided by Medicare to seniors is home health care. Today, over 30 million seniors take advantage of the Medicare home health benefit. This benefit is vital to these seniors because it gives them independence. They can receive treatment in the comfort of their own homes. It is also cost effective. Without home health care, seniors would have to receive their care in the more costly settings of nursing homes or hospitals.

But patient care is in danger because of the actions of Congress. In 1997, Congress passed—without my vote—the Balanced Budget Act (BBA). The net effect of this bill was to cut over \$200 billion out of Medicare. Home health care was not spared from these vicious cuts. According to the Congressional Budget Office (CBO), Medicare spending on home health care dropped 45% in the last two fiscal years—from \$17.5 billion in 1998 to \$9.7 billion in 1999—far beyond the original amount of savings sought by the BBA. Across the country, these cuts have forced over 2,500 home health agencies to close and over 500,000 patients to lose their services.

The provisions in the BBA hit my home state of Massachusetts particularly hard. The home health provisions in the BBA attempted to cut the fraud, waste and abuse in the home health care business. Massachusetts, among

other Northeastern states, has a very efficient home health care system. Yet the BBA hurt Massachusetts very badly. To date, 28 home health agencies have closed, 6 more have turned in their Medicare provider numbers and chosen to opt out of the Medicare program, and 12 more have been forced to merge in order to consolidate their limited resources. In 1998, those agencies still able to serve Medicare patients had \$164 million in net operating losses. Over 10,000 patients have lost access to home health care service in Massachusetts because of the cuts in the BBA. As a result, many patients are relying on their family, most of them untrained to provide the care needed by their loved one, or are moving into more costly nursing homes and hospitals.

This bill that I am introducing today with my colleagues will provide some relief for this ailing industry, thereby allowing these agencies to resume treating seniors in the best way possible. Specifically, this bill addresses four shortcomings. These shortcomings were either caused by the cuts in the BBA or were identified by agencies as reasons why they cannot continue to treat Medicare patients.

First, our bill eliminates the 15% cut in Medicare home health payments. The BBA mandated that home health payments be cut by 15% on October 1, 2000. In 1999, Congress delayed implementation of that cut by one year. However, this cut will be implemented on October 1, 2001. This cut will further devastate this industry. The five national home health associations agree that this cut must be eliminated, and this bill ensures its elimination.

Second, the Equal Access to Medicare Home Health Care Act of 2000 provides relief for overpayments. The BBA mandated that the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) create a new payment structure, called the Perspective Payment System (PPS). While HCFA developed the PPS, the agency instituted an Interim Payment System (IPS). Thousands of agencies incurred overpayments during their first year of IPS implementation because they were not notified of their per beneficiary limits until long after these limits were imposed. With regard to IPS overpayments, HCFA does not dispute that beneficiaries were eligible for the services received and that the costs incurred were reasonable. Currently, agencies can opt into a 12-month extension with interest (approximately 13%). If an agency needs more than 12 months, it must request that extension from either the fiscal intermediary or the HCFA regional office. This bill gives agencies an automatic three-year, interest free extension, thereby allowing agencies to have the funds on hand to treat their patients.

Third, our bill provides an extra payment to home health agencies for transportation in rural areas and for security in high crime areas. Thousands of seniors who receive home care services live in rural areas, and the costs to treat these people are high. Agencies incur the travel costs in order to reach these patients and they cannot treat as many people in a single day because of the physical distance between patients. Rural patients deserve the same access to home care as non-rural areas, and this bill will allow agencies that serve rural areas to continue providing service to these areas. Specifically, this bill adds 10% to the base payment for patients in rural areas. Studies show that delivery of

home health services in rural areas is 12 to 15% more costly than average. This 10% add-on to the base payment for rural agencies will help insure care for needy beneficiaries in rural areas by easing the fiscal burden of agencies to treat these patients. Additionally, many agencies operate in high-risk areas and must provide security services to ensure the safety of their home care workers. This provision would reimburse these agencies for the costs of providing such services. The costs eligible for reimbursement would be determined by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, implemented nine months after the date of enactment of the bill.

Fourth, the Equal Access to Medicare Home Health Care Act of 2000 provides access to telemedicine for home health agencies. Technology is improving by leaps and bounds. Telemedicine allows doctors and other health care professionals to examine and sometimes treat a patient through an interactive terminal, like a television. Some home health agencies are already examining patients using telemedicine. Medicare, however, does not reimburse for home health care telemedicine visits, primarily because it is unclear how and to what extent these visits should be reimbursed. For this reason, this bill requires HCFA to study these visits and to report their findings to Congress. This bill also allows home health agencies to list on their cost reports any telemedicine services provided. Cost reporting will provide the data necessary to develop a fair and reasonable Medicare reimbursement policy for home health telemedicine and bring the benefits of modern science and technology to our nation's seniors.

This bill is an important step in continuing the vital home health services provided by Medicare. The BBA hurt home health services, yet, today, Medicare is the most solvent it has ever been. Our nation is experiencing the biggest economic expansion in the history of the world. We must have the political will to improve the systems that provide the necessary services to everyone in this great country. The Equal Access to Medicare Home Health Care Act of 2000 will do just that.

HONORING MR. BOB RUCKER

HON. GARY A. CONDIT

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, June 22, 2000

Mr. CONDIT. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize my good friend, Bob Rucker, and congratulate him for being named Citizen of the Year by the Greater Merced Chamber of Commerce for his outstanding service to the community and his commitment to our future.

Bob is one of Merced County's finest individuals. He readily engages in any and all civic matters to the benefit of all residents of Merced County. His commitment to build the University of California, Merced, campus is commendable. He has dedicated countless hours working to improve the transportation infrastructure of Merced County as well as working to remove graffiti from our neighborhoods.

Bob is a problem solver. He works well in coordinating the efforts of city, county and state officials to improve the quality of life in Merced. He is a tireless advocate on behalf of the business interests in the Merced community. It is my distinct privilege to recognize