

the budget "surplus" has little effect on the federal debt. We have indeed managed to cut the deficit out of the equation, but the answer to the relevant question—are we reducing the total federal debt at the same time—is NO. The surplus only cuts the debt's rate of growth.

With these thoughts in mind, Mr. President, I begin where I left off on Thursday:

At the close of business, Friday, June 11, 1999, the federal debt stood at \$5,606,704,532,050.51 (Five trillion, six hundred six billion, seven hundred four million, five hundred thirty-two thousand, fifty dollars and fifty-one cents).

One year ago, June 11, 1998, the federal debt stood at \$5,496,698,000,000 (Five trillion, four hundred ninety-six billion, six hundred ninety-eight million).

Fifteen years ago, June 11, 1984, the federal debt stood at \$1,519,173,000,000 (One trillion, five hundred nineteen billion, one hundred seventy-three million).

Twenty-five years ago, June 11, 1974, the federal debt stood at \$472,107,000,000 (Four hundred seventy-two billion, one hundred seven million) which reflects a debt increase of more than \$5 trillion—\$5,134,597,532,050.51 (Five trillion, one hundred thirty-four billion, five hundred ninety-seven million, five hundred thirty-two thousand, fifty dollars and fifty-one cents) during the past 25 years.

WELCOME TO THE BOY SCOUTS FROM MINNESOTA

Mr. WELLSTONE. Madam President, we have Boy Scouts from the Minnesota troops here, and I would like to welcome them. They are up in the gallery. I mention that because the Scouts represent a real tradition of public service. Maybe I should not have done that. If not, I stand corrected. Let me just say the Scouts represent a real tradition of public service, and if Scouts should come here and visit and be in the gallery, then I would be very proud.

For the Scouts' information, there are certain rules of the Senate that govern what we say and don't say.

RICHARD ALLEN'S TRIBUTE TO ADMIRAL BUD NANCE

Mr. HELMS. Mr. President, the late Admiral James W. (Bud) Nance was eulogized in late May by an eloquent friend who knew Bud well, a friend who had worked with Bud on many occasions beginning with their respective responsibilities with President Reagan during the eight years of the Reagan presidency.

That eloquent friend is a friend of many of us, a remarkable American who understands the miracle of this great country, Richard V. Allen, Chairman, The Richard V. Allen Company.

Mr. President, Dick Allen was speaking at a dinner on behalf of a non-profit foundation at Wingate University. He began by paying his respects to "fifteen distinguished directors" of the

foundation, among them the Honorable Roger Milliken identified by Mr. Allen as "the champion of good causes".

At this point, Mr. President, I shall pick up, verbatim, Mr. Allen's remarks, and I ask that the remainder of those remarks be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the remarks were ordered to be printed in the RECORD as follows:

But another of these distinguished persons is not with us this evening, and it is about him—a very special person—that I am honored to speak some heartfelt words.

I refer of course, to Admiral James W. Nance, an extraordinary patriot who was laid to rest yesterday morning at Arlington National Cemetery, perhaps the Senator's closest confidant after Mrs. Helms, and with whom I was privileged to have a close relationship for nearly two decades.

It is not possible to convey either the depth of sorrow reigning over Washington in the week since Bud Nance departed this earth, nor is it possible to capture in words the grandeur of the successive honors and tributes so justly showered upon him in recent days as we celebrated his extraordinary career, his lifetime with his loving family and with us.

Bud Nance and Jesse Helms are two distinct persons, friends since they were little boys and friends for life, men who knew and understood each other as stalwart loyalists to God, Family and Country, and who fought side by side for freedom, democracy and just causes. But to evoke the name of one is to remind us of the other, and this had a special meaning for me.

In 1980, following the Reagan landslide and during the transition, the Chairman-designate of the Senate Agriculture Committee called to ask if I would meet with a recently retired Admiral. As the Chairman put it, "this is a good ole boy I've known for a long time, he's worked in the Pentagon and he knows how to fly planes on and off aircraft carriers." The Senator told me he might be interested in "some kind of junior staff job at the NSC," and would I just talk with him.

Bud Nance came aboard the Transition Team steaming at thirty knots, said he liked tough assignments and could execute them well. For starters, I asked him to work with my own long-time friend, Gene Kopp, in "revamping the Carter National Security Council staff." Bud said: "Oh, I get it, I'm supposed to be just like a vacuum cleaner, just blow 'em all out of there?" And he did just that!

Yesterday, Secretary of State Madeleine Albright, who graciously attended the services for Bud and was here tonight, reminded me that Bud had invited her—she was then an assistant to Zbigniew Brzezinski, my predecessor—in for an interview, since he was meeting with all departing staff members, some of whom, incredibly, thought they should be kept on. She recalls saying to him, "Why are you interviewing me? I don't want to work with you people anyway!" As it turned out, she was right!

Bud Nance was just the best associate and the hardest working man a fellow could ever have. He insisted on doing heavy lifting, and served his President faithfully and well. On one occasion, in the summer of 1981, the Navy was running an operation into the Gulf of Sidra, near Libyan waters, to establish freedom of navigation there. I was in California with President Reagan. Bud insisted on sleeping the night in the Situation Room, in order to supervise the operation. At about midnight on the West Coast, I got the call from Bud, who in a matter of fact tone said, "Dick, we sent our carrier in there, and two Libyan fellas came flyin' out at us in Russian Migs. We put up our planes, and now the Libyans ain't flying any more because they

locked their radars onto our boys, and their planes got all tore up by our missiles, and those Libyan boys are definitely down in the drink. Now, if I was you, I'd be callin' the President, and I'm goin' home to get some sleep."

If I were to recite the extraordinary career and accomplishments of this very special man, I'd merely repeat what more than twenty Senators of both parties related so eloquently in their speeches under a Special Order on Tuesday—filling fifteen solid pages of the Congressional Record, and what was said so movingly by his granddaughter Catherine and son Andrew at yesterday's services.

Leaving the White House in 1982, Bud went to work for Boeing until Senator Helms asked him to come up to the Hill and take charge of the Foreign Relations Committee in 1991. After the Navy, after The White House, after Boeing, he again accepted the call of duty. Everyone knows the basis on which he agreed to go to work again—he declared that he would work for free year, saying that his pension and social security were quite enough, thank you, and "America has been good to me." He was not permitted to do that, and had to accept minimum wage of \$2.96 a week, later raised by cost of living increases, he was forced to accept the minimum sum of \$4.53 a week.

Each of us who knew, respected and loved him will miss him very much.

Yesterday, the motorcade that left the Lewinsville Presbyterian Church in McLean enroute to Arlington Cemetery stretched for nearly two miles. The cannon fired their salute, the rifles cracked, the bugler played Taps, the Honor Guard stood by, and Bud's pastor asked us to stand for the flyover.

North across the Potomac they came, four magnificent F-18 jets, flying in precise formation; as they roared directly over the assembled mourners, three proceeded straight ahead while one ignited his afterburner, peeled off in a long and beautiful arc, flying straight up into the heavens, symbolizing Bud's career and the passage to his Maker. It was a profound moment, reminiscent of how much Bud liked that little placard that used to rest on President Reagan's desk with the inscription,

"There's no limit to what a man can do or where he can go if he doesn't mind who gets the credit."

Bud never minded at all.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. GREGG:

S. 1217. An original bill making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes; from the Committee on Appropriations; placed on the calendar.

By Mr. BURNS:

S. 1218. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to issue to the Landusky School District, without consideration, a patent for the surface and mineral estates of certain lots, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. REED:

S. 1219. A bill to require that jewelry imported from another country be indelibly

marked with the country of origin; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. GRASSLEY:

S. 1220. A bill to provide additional funding to combat methamphetamine production and abuse, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. REID (for himself, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. BYRD, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. DODD, Mr. INOUE, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire, Mr. HELMS, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. NICKLES, Mr. CRAIG, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, and Mr. ABRAHAM):

S. Res. 118. A resolution designating December 12, 1999, as "National Children's Memorial Day"; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SMITH of Oregon (for himself, Mr. SCHUMER, and Mr. BROWNBACK):

S. Res. 119. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate with respect to United Nations General Assembly Resolution ES-10/6; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. ASHCROFT (for himself, Mr. HARKIN, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. HELMS, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. BOND, and Mr. FITZGERALD):

S. Res. 120. A resolution requesting that the President raise the issue of agricultural biotechnology at the June G-8 Summit meeting; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. LOTT (for himself and Mr. DASCHLE):

S. Res. 121. A resolution to authorize testimony and legal representation in C. William Kaiser v. Department of Veterans Affairs; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. MCCONNELL (for himself and Mr. DODD):

S. Res. 122. A resolution authorizing the reporting of committee funding resolutions for the period October 1, 1999, through February 28, 2001.

By Mr. SCHUMER:

S. Con. Res. 39. A concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress regarding the treatment of religious minorities in the Islamic Republic of Iran, and particularly the recent arrests of members of that country's Jewish community; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

At 12:24 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Berry, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bill:

H.R. 435. An act to make miscellaneous and technical changes to various trade laws, and for other purposes.

The enrolled bill was signed subsequently by the President pro tempore (Mr. THURMOND).

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bill, in which it request the concurrence of the Senate.

H.R. 1905. An act making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes.

At 2:29 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Berry, one of its reading clerks, an-

nounced that, pursuant to the provisions of 44 U.S.C. 2702, the Speaker appoints the following members on the part of the House to the Advisory Committee on the Records of Congress: Mr. Timothy J. Johnson of Minnetonka, Minnesota, and Ms. Susan Palmer of Aurora, Illinois.

MESAURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bill was read the first and second times and placed on the calendar:

H.R. 1905. An act making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. BURNS:

S. 1218. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to issue to the Landusky School District, without consideration, a patent for the surface and mineral estates of certain lots, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

THE LANDUSKY SCHOOL LOTS TRANSFERS

• Mr. BURNS. Mr. President, I rise today to introduce a piece of legislation that is extremely important to a small town in north central Montana. Landusky is a small agriculture community just south of the Fort Belknap Reservation and just north of the Charles M. Russell National Wildlife Refuge. Unfortunately, an oversight which may seem small in the eyes of those used to the hustle and bustle of Washington D.C. places the Landusky school district in a difficult position.

The legislation I am introducing today corrects this oversight by conveying the surface and mineral estates of two lots the school has occupied for a number of decades. The legislation is strongly supported by the town of Landusky and the Bureau of Land Management. It is imperative that we move quickly on this legislation. I would like nothing more than to have the students of Landusky return to school this fall with the knowledge that the problems facing a small town in Montana are worthy of our attention and we were willing to move forward and ensure that their school's future is as bright as their own.●

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 115

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the name of the Senator from Washington (Mrs. MURRAY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 115, a bill to require that health plans provide coverage for a minimum hospital stay for mastectomies and lymph node dissection for the treatment of breast cancer and coverage for secondary consultations.

S. 285

At the request of Mr. MCCAIN, the name of the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. LIEBERMAN) was added as a co-

sponsor of S. 285, a bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to restore the link between the maximum amount of earnings by blind individuals permitted without demonstrating ability to engage in substantial gainful activity and the exempt amount permitted in determining excess earnings under the earnings test.

S. 424

At the request of Mr. COVERDELL, the name of the Senator from Alabama (Mr. SESSIONS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 424, a bill to preserve and protect the free choice of individuals and employees to form, join, or assist labor organizations, or to refrain from such activities.

S. 429

At the request of Mr. DURBIN, the names of the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. AKAKA) and the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. WELLSTONE) were added as cosponsors of S. 429, a bill to designate the legal public holiday of "Washington's Birthday" as "Presidents' Day" in honor of George Washington, Abraham Lincoln, and Franklin Roosevelt and in recognition of the importance of the institution of the Presidency and the contributions that Presidents have made to the development of our Nation and the principles of freedom and democracy.

S. 459

At the request of Mr. BREAUX, the names of the Senator from West Virginia (Mr. ROCKEFELLER), the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. WELLSTONE), the Senator from Virginia (Mr. WARNER), the Senator from Louisiana (Ms. LANDRIEU), the Senator from Oregon (Mr. SMITH), and the Senator from Iowa (Mr. HARKIN) were added as cosponsors of S. 459, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase the State ceiling on private activity bonds.

S. 472

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. CHAFEE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 472, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide certain medicare beneficiaries with an exemption to the financial limitations imposed on physical, speech-language pathology, and occupational therapy services under part B of the medicare program, and for other purposes.

S. 526

At the request of Mr. GRAHAM, the name of the Senator from Utah (Mr. HATCH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 526, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow issuance of tax-exempt private activity bonds to finance public-private partnership activities relating to school facilities in public elementary and secondary schools, and for other purposes.

S. 566

At the request of Mr. LUGAR, the names of the Senator from Colorado (Mr. ALLARD) and the Senator from Kentucky (Mr. BUNNING) were added as cosponsors of S. 566, a bill to amend the