the National Indian Hall of Fame, the Pennsylvania Hall of Fame, and the Oklahoma Hall of Fame.

(12) The immeasurable sports achievements of Jim Thorpe have long been an inspiration to the youth in Pennsylvania and throughout the United States.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that Jim Thorpe should be recognized as the "Athlete of the Century".

• Mr. SANTORUM. Mr. President, I rise today to submit a resolution recognizing Jim Thorpe as the Athlete of the Century.

Born to an impoverished family on Sac-and-Fox Indian land, Jim Thorpe overcame adverse circumstances to excel as an amateur and as a professional in three sports; track and field, football and baseball. Thorpe, who was voted "Athlete of the First Half of the Century" by the Associated Press almost fifty years ago, is the only American athlete ever to excel at this level in three major sports.

As a student at Carlisle Indian School in Pennsylvania, Thorpe prooved his athletic ability early on. One anecdote recalls how the 5-foot-91/2 inch, 144-pound Thorpe almost singlehandedly overcame the entire Lafayette track team at a meeting in Easton, Pennsylvania, winning six events. Also while attending the Carlisle Indian School, Jim Thorpe established his amateur football record playing halfback, defender, punter, and placekicker. In 1911, he was named an All American.

In 1912, he represented the United States and the Sac-and-Fox Nation in the Olympic Games in Stockholm, Sweden. To this day, Thorpe is the only athlete to win gold medals in the pentathlon and decathlon. After his Olympic feats in Sweden, Thorpe retured to Carlisle's football team and was named an All-American again.

In 1913, Thorpe left amateur athletics and signed a \$5,000 contract to play baseball with the New York Giants. As an outfielder with the Giants, and later with the Cincinnati Reds and Boston Braves, his best season was his last one, when he batted .327 in 60 games for Boston.

In 1915, Thorpe agreed to play professional football for the Canton Bulldogs. Thorpe went on to become a key part of this team as it was recognized as the "world champion" in 1916, 1917, and 1919. Thorpe's professional football career later included stints with Cleveland, Rock Island, the New York Giants, and the Chicago Cardinals. In 1920, Thorpe became the first president of the American Football Association, which was later to become the National Football League. Today, he is recognized as a founding father of professional football.

Recently, I had the privilege of attending a luncheon honoring Jim Thorpe's daughter, Grace, at the Jim Thorpe Memorial Hall in the Carbon County, Pennsylvania, a town named for the great athlete. Grace Thorpe has traveled around the country asking people to sign petitions declaring her

father athlete of the century. She plans to send the petition to cable sports networks and national sportswriters. As Jim Thorpe Area Sports Hall of Fame president, Jack Kmetz has noted, Thorpe unfortunately missed out on the modern-day media blitz that surrounds popular athletes today. Nonetheless, I promised Ms. Thorpe and the people of Jim Thorpe, Pennsylvania that I would introduce this resolution which I hope will raise awareness of this true legend's achievements and give him the recongnition he deserves.

SENATE RESOLUTION 92—TO EXPRESS THE SENSE OF THE SENATE THAT FUNDING FOR PROSTATE CANCER RESEARCH SHOULD BE INCREASED SUBSTANTIALLY

Mrs. BOXER (for herself, Mr. Lautenberg, Mr. Reid, Mr. Jeffords, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Ashcroft, Mr. Mack, Mr. Coverdell, and Mr. Helms) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pension:

S. RES. 92
Whereas in 1999, prostate cancer is ex-

pected to kill more than 37,000 men in the United States and be diagnosed in over 180,000 new cases;

Whereas prostate cancer is the most diagnosed nonskin cancer in the United States; Whereas African Americans have the high-

est incidence of prostate cancer in the world; Whereas considering the devastating impact of the disease among men and their families, prostate cancer research remains underfunded;

Whereas more resources devoted to clinical and translational research at the National Institutes of Health will be highly determinative of whether rapid advances can be attained in treatment and ultimately a cure for prostate cancer;

Whereas the Congressionally Directed Department of Defense Prostate Cancer Research Program is making important strides in innovative prostate cancer research, and this Program presented to Congress in April of 1998 a full investment strategy for prostate cancer research at the Department of Defense; and

Whereas the Senate expressed itself unanimously in 1998 that the Federal commitment to biomedical research should be doubled over the next 5 years: Now, therefore, be it *Resolved*.

## SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This resolution may be cited as the "Prostate Cancer Research Commitment Resolution of 1999".

#### SEC. 2. SENSE OF THE SENATE.

It is the sense of the Senate that-

(1) finding treatment breakthroughs and a cure for prostate cancer should be made a national health priority;

(2) significant increases in prostate cancer research funding, commensurate with the impact of the disease, should be made available at the National Institutes of Health and to the Department of Defense Prostate Cancer Research Program; and

(3) these agencies should prioritize prostate cancer research that is directed toward innovative clinical and translational research projects in order that treatment breakthroughs can be more rapidly offered to patients.

• Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, I submit today the Prostate Cancer Research Commitment Resolution Act of 1999 along with several of my colleagues, Senators LAUTENBERG, REID, JEFFORDS, SCHUMER, ASHCROFT, MACK, COVERDELL, and HELMS.

Prostate cancer is the most diagnosed nonskin cancer in the United States. More than 40 percent of all male cancers and 14 percent of all male cancer-related deaths are due to complications from prostate cancer. In 1998, over 40,000 American men died from prostate cancer, and in 1999, it is expected that this deadly disease will strike another 37,000 men in the United States.

I, along with my colleagues, am deeply committed to aiding our medical community in their research efforts to find preventive measures to stem—and eventually eradicate—this disease.

Our resolution expresses the sense of the Senate that funding for prostate cancer research should be increased substantially, commensurate with the impact of the disease. Funds should be made available at the National Institutes of Health and at the Department of Defense Prostate Cancer Research Program. We are also encouraging these agencies to prioritize prostate cancer research that is directed toward innovative research projects in order that treatment breakthroughs can be more rapidly offered to patients.

Mr. President, this is an important step on behalf of men in the United States who have suffered from prostate cancer. Increasing funds for research would assist the medical community in its efforts to identify preventive measures men can take through prostate cancer screening procedures.

I am pleased to offer this resolution today and I urge my colleagues to support this legislation.

### AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

DEPLOYMENT OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES TO THE KOSOVO REGION IN YUGOSLAVIA

#### DURBIN AMENDMENT NO. 300

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the preamble to the joint resolution (S.J. Res. 20) concerning the deployment of the United States Armed Forces to the Kosovo region in Yugoslavia; as follows:

Strike the preamble and insert the following:

Whereas the United States and its allies in the North Alantic Treaty Organization are conducting large-scale military operations against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro);

Whereas the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) has refused to comply with NATO demands that it withdraw its military, paramilitary and security forces from the province of Kosovo, allow the return of ethnic Albanian refugees to their homes, and permit the establishment of a NATO-led peacekeeping force in Kosovo;

Whereas Article 11 of the North Atlantic Treaty states that "its provisions [shall be] carried out by the Parties in accordance with their respective constitutional processes".

Whereas Article 1, Section 8, of the Constitution vests in Congress the power to declare war; and

Whereas, on March 23, 1999, the Senate passed Senate Concurrent Resolution 21, relating to authorizing the President of the United States to conduct military air operations and missile strikes against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro): Now, therefore, be it

#### DURBIN AMENDMENT NO. 301

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the joint resolution, S.J. Res. 20, as follows:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. REQUIREMENT OF SPECIFIC STATU-TORY AUTHORIZATION PRIOR TO USE OF UNITED STATES GROUND FORCES AGAINST YUGOSLAVIA.

No ground forces of the Armed Forces of the United States may be used to invade the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) unless specifically authorized by statute.

#### NOTICES OF HEARINGS

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, will meet on May 5, 1999 in SR-328A at 9:00 a.m. The purpose of this meeting will be: (1) To consider the nomination of Thomas J. Erickson to be a Commissioner of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and (2) To discuss agricultural trade options.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, Subcommittee on Forestry, Conservation, and Rural Revitalization will meet on May 8, 1999 in Nampa, ID starting at 9 a.m. at the City Council Chambers. The purpose of this hearing will be to examine the noxious weeds and plant pest problems.

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the public that a hearing has been scheduled before the Subcommittee on Forests and Public Land Management of the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

The hearing will take place on Thursday, May 13, at 2:30 p.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in Washington, D.C.

The purpose of this hearing is to receive testimony on fire preparedness on Federal lands. Specifically, what actions the Bureau of Land Management and the Forest Service are taking to prepare for the fire season; whether the

agencies are informing the public about these plans; and ongoing research related to wildfire and fire suppression activities.

Those who wish to submit written statements should write to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, U.S. Senate, Washington, D.C. 20510. For further information, please call Amie Brown or Mike Menge (202) 224-6170.

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the State and the public that a hearing has been scheduled before the Subcommittee on Water and Power.

The hearing will take place on Thursday, May 27, 1999 at 2:00 p.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office

Building in Washington, DC.

The purpose of this hearing is to receive testimony on S. 244, To authorize the construction of the Lewis and Clark Rural Water System and to authorize assistance to the Lewis and Clark Rural Water System, Inc., a nonprofit corporation, for the planning and construction of the water supply system, and for other purposes; S. 623, To amend Public Law 89-108 to increase authorization levels for State and Indian tribal, municipal, rural, and industrial water supplies, to meet current and future water quantity and quality needs of the Red River Valley, to deauthorize certain project features and irrigation service areas, to enhance natural resources and fish and wildlife habitat, and for other purposes; and S. 769, To provide a final settlement on certain debt owed by the city of Dickinson, North Dakota, for construction of the bascule gates on the Dickinson Dam.

Because of the limited time available for the hearing, witnesses may testify by invitation only. However, those wishing to submit written testimony for the hearing record should send two copies of their testimony to the Subcommittee on Water and Power, Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, United States Senate, 364 Dirksen Senate Office Building, Washington, DC, 20510-6150.

For further information, please call Colleen Deegan, Counsel, or Julia McCaul, Staff Assistant at (202) 224–

# AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEE TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. HUTCHISON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Governmental Affairs Committee Subcommittee on Oversight of Government Management, Restructuring and the District of Columbia be permitted to meet on Monday, May 3, 1999, at 3:30 p.m. for a hearing on Management Reform in the District of Columbia.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

OUTSTANDING VOLUNTEER PER-FORMANCE BY BROWARD COUN-TY SENIORS

• Mr. GRAHAM. Mr, President, today I am delighted to have the opportunity to salute the 1999 honorees of the Dr. Nan S. Hutchison Broward Senior Hall of Fame Award. These outstanding volunteers have contributed time, talents and love toward benefitting the residents of Broward County.

On May 6, 1999, eleven new members selected for this prestigious honor will be at ceremonies celebrating their selection, and their names will be added to a commemorative plaque housed in the Broward County Government Building.

This year's honorees are: Panchitta Chishom, Estelle Ernstoff, Commissioner Sam Goldsmith, Max Klein, Bill Kling, Ella Anderson Lawrence, Madolyn Markham, Hyman Moskowitz, Hattie Robinson, Marvin Simon and John Washburn.

Panchitta Chishom has dedicated her life to serving the community as a teacher for 38 years in the Broward County School system and as a volunteer. She devotes her wisdom, generosity and tireless efforts to various groups including the Northwest Federated Woman's Club, Broward General Medical Center and the NAACP.

Estelle Ernstoff has a passion for volunteer work that has enriched the lives of those in her community. Among the work she has done for various causes, she has faithfully arranged bi-annual blood drives while supporting the Cancer Association and the Memorial Manor Nursing Home Auxiliary. Her devotion to improving the lives of others has made her a role model for her community.

Commissioner Sam Goldsmith has patiently and steadfastly tended to the needs and concerns of the citizens of Coconut Creek. Besides serving as a former mayor and current city commissioner, Sam has devoted additional precious time to volunteer for several organizations including the Florida Council of Aging, American Legion Post #170 and Board of Trustees of Northwest Regional Hospital.

Max Klein has been a determined and energetic activist for the citizens of Broward County, and in particular, the City of Lauderhill. His participation in journalism and the political process has brought attention to the issues and concerns of elderly. His compassion extends to all residents, young and old, of Broward County.

Bill Kling has spent his adult life campaigning for the rights and benefits of war veterans. He was instrumental in establishing the Veterans Administration outpatient clinic in Oakland Park. His compassion and perseverance have served the community in numerous ways.

Ella Anderson Lawrence has dedicated her life to others through her