

H.R. 745: Mr. KILPATRICK and Mr. INSLEE.  
H.R. 750: Mr. MCCARTHY of Missouri, Mr. INSLEE, and Mr. MCINNIS.

H.J. Res. 21: Mr. SWEENEY.  
H. Con. Res. 8: Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. SHOWS, Mr. DANNER, Mr. GOSS, Mr. MALONEY of New York, and Mrs. LOWEY.

H. Con. Res. 10: Mr. RILEY.  
H. Con. Res. 16: Mr. GOODLING and Mr. MICA.

H. Con. Res. 21: Mr. BILBRAY and Mr. BORSKI.

H. Con. Res. 22: Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. DEUTSCH, Mr. FORBES, Mr. MCINTOSH, Mr. McNULTY, Mr. WELLER, Mr. ROTHAM, and Mr. KING of New York.

H. Con. Res. 24: Mr. SOUDER, Mr. PASTOR, Mr. HAYES, Mr. LUCAS of Kentucky, Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut, Mr. BACHUS, Mr. SANDLIN, Mr. FLETCHER, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. MCCRERY, Mr. BAKER, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. BASS, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. LAMPSON, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. SKELTON, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. WEYGAND, Mr. UDALL of Colorado, Mr. DICKEY, Mr. LARGENT, Mr. McCOLLUM, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mrs. TAUSCHER, Mr. SHIMKUS, Mr. ETHERIDGE, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. PORTER, Mr. SNYDER, Mrs. MCCARTHY of New York, Mr. WALDEN of Oregon, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. COBLE, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. RODRIGUEZ, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mr. FOSSELLA, Mr. WU, Mr. RYUN of Kansas, Mr. GILMAN, Mrs. MEEK of Florida, Mr. MOORE, Mr. KOLBE, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. LATOURETTE, and Mrs. ROUKEMA.

H. Con. Res. 29: Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. LOBIONDO, Mr. TANCREDO, Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania, Mr. KASICH, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Ms. DANNER, Mr. BALLENGER, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. DEAL of Georgia, Mr. ENGLISH, Mr. PETERSON of Pennsylvania, and Mr. OXLEY.

H. Con. Res. 30: Mr. COOKSEY, Mrs. EMERSON, Mr. GOODE, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. STUMP, Mr. SCHAEFFER, Mr. HILL of Montana, Mr. LINDER, and Mr. GUTKNECHT.

H. Con. Res. 32: Mr. FOSSELLA and Mr. FROST.

H. Con. Res. 33: Mr. ROMERO-BARCELO, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. CARSON, Mr. DIXON, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. CLYBURN, and Mrs. MEEK of Florida.

H. Res. 41: Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. CALVERT, Ms. DANNER, Mr. ENGLISH, Mr. ETHERIDGE, Mr. FORD, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. KENNEDY of Rhode Island, Mr. KILDEE, Ms. KILPATRICK, Mrs. MEEK of Florida, Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri, Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, Mr. REYES, Mr. ROMERO-BARCELO, Mr. RUSH, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi.

## PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

1. The SPEAKER presented a petition of Lexington Fayette Urban County Government, relative to Resolution No. 697-98 commending the members of Congress from coastal states for pursuing legislation to share a portion of outer continental shelf revenue with all states and territories, commending the outer continental shelf policy committee for its recommendations, and urging the United States Congress to pass legislation sharing a meaningful portion of outer continental shelf mineral revenue with all states and territories and land-based recreation and wildlife conservation and restoration; which was referred to the Committee on Resources.

## AMENDMENTS

Under clause 8 of rule XVIII, proposed amendments were submitted as follows:

H.R. 409

OFFERED BY: Mr. KUCINICH

AMENDMENT NO. 1: Page 5, after line 22, insert the following:

(5) establishes that the policies and procedures of the agency shall provide that in a case in which an applicant has submitted an application for Federal financial assistance to the agency that includes a technical error—

(A) the applicant shall be notified promptly of the error and permitted to submit the appropriate information to correct the error within 7 days of receipt of notice by the applicant of the error;

(B) the application shall continue to be considered by the agency during the period before the applicant is notified and the 7-day period during which the applicant is permitted to correct the error; and

(C) if the applicant corrects the error within the 7-day period, the agency shall continue to consider the application;

Page 5, line 23, strike “(5)” and insert “(6)”.

Page 6, line 3, strike “(6)” and insert “(7)”.

Page 6, line 7, strike “(7)” and insert “(8)”.

H.R. 409

OFFERED BY: Mr. TRAFICANT

AMENDMENT NO. 2: Page 11, after line 23, add the following:

### SEC. 12. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.

It is the sense of Congress that Federal agencies, in providing Federal financial assistance for the purpose of economic development, should focus primarily on communities with high poverty and unemployment rates.

H.R. 436

OFFERED BY: Mr. HORN

(Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute)

AMENDMENT NO. 1: Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the “Government Waste, Fraud, and Error Reduction Act of 1999”.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Purposes.

Sec. 3. Definition.

Sec. 4. Application of Act.

### TITLE I—GENERAL MANAGEMENT IMPROVEMENTS

Sec. 101. Improving financial management.

Sec. 102. Improving travel management.

### TITLE II—IMPROVING FEDERAL DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES

Sec. 201. Miscellaneous corrections to subchapter II of chapter 37 of title 31, United States Code.

Sec. 202. Barring delinquent Federal debtors from obtaining Federal benefits.

Sec. 203. Collection and compromise of nontax debts and claims.

### TITLE III—SALE OF NONTAX DEBTS OWED TO UNITED STATES

Sec. 301. Authority to sell nontax debts.

Sec. 302. Requirement to sell certain nontax debts.

### TITLE IV—TREATMENT OF HIGH VALUE NONTAX DEBTS

Sec. 401. Annual report on high value nontax debts.

Sec. 402. Review by Inspectors General.

Sec. 403. Requirement to seek seizure and forfeiture of assets securing high value nontax debt.

### TITLE V—FEDERAL PAYMENTS

Sec. 501. Transfer of responsibility to Secretary of the Treasury with respect to prompt payment.

Sec. 502. Promoting electronic payments.

Sec. 503. Debt services account.

### SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are the following:

(1) To reduce waste, fraud, and error in Federal benefit programs.

(2) To focus Federal agency management attention on high-risk programs.

(3) To better collect debts owed to the United States.

(4) To improve Federal payment systems.

(5) To improve reporting on Government operations.

### SEC. 3. DEFINITION.

As used in this Act, the term “nontax debt” means any debt (within the meaning of that term as used in chapter 37 of title 31, United States Code) other than a debt under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or the Tariff Act of 1930.

### SEC. 4. APPLICATION OF ACT.

No provision of this Act shall apply to the Department of the Treasury or the Internal Revenue Service to the extent that such provision—

(1) involves the administration of the internal revenue laws; or

(2) conflicts with the Internal Revenue Service Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the Tariff Act of 1930.

### TITLE I—GENERAL MANAGEMENT IMPROVEMENTS

#### SEC. 101. IMPROVING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT.

Section 3515 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking “1997” and inserting “2000”; and

(B) by inserting “Congress and” after “submit to”; and

(2) by striking subsections (e), (f), (g), and (h).

#### SEC. 102. IMPROVING TRAVEL MANAGEMENT.

(a) LIMITED EXCLUSION FROM REQUIREMENT REGARDING OCCUPATION OF QUARTERS.—Section 5911(e) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: “The preceding sentence shall not apply with respect to lodging provided under chapter 57 of this title.”.

(b) USE OF TRAVEL MANAGEMENT CENTERS, AGENTS, AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENT SYSTEMS.—

(1) REQUIREMENT TO ENCOURAGE USE.—The head of each executive agency shall, with respect to travel by employees of the agency in the performance of the employment duties by the employee, require, to the extent practicable, the use by such employees of travel management centers, travel agents authorized for use by such employees, and electronic reservation and payment systems for the purpose of improving efficiency and economy regarding travel by employees of the agency.

(2) PLAN FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—(A) The Administrator of General Services shall develop a plan regarding the implementation of this subsection and shall, after consultation with the heads of executive agencies, submit to Congress a report describing such plan and the means by which such agency heads plan to ensure that employees use travel management centers, travel agents, and electronic reservation and payment systems as required by this subsection.

(B) The Administrator shall submit the plan required under subparagraph (A) not later than March 31, 2000.

(c) PAYMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL TAXES ON TRAVEL EXPENSES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of General Services shall develop a mechanism to ensure that employees of executive agencies are not inappropriately charged State

and local taxes on travel expenses, including transportation, lodging, automobile rental, and other miscellaneous travel expenses.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than March 31, 2000, the Administrator shall, after consultation with the heads of executive agencies, submit to Congress a report describing the steps taken, and proposed to be taken, to carry out this subsection.

## TITLE II—IMPROVING FEDERAL DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES

### SEC. 201. MISCELLANEOUS CORRECTIONS TO SUBCHAPTER II OF CHAPTER 37 OF TITLE 31, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT.—Section 3716(h)(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(3) In applying this subsection with respect to any debt owed to a State, other than past due support being enforced by the State, subsection (c)(3)(A) shall not apply.”.

(b) DEBT SALES.—Section 3711 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (i).

(c) GAINSHARING.—Section 3720C(b)(2)(D) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking “delinquent loans” and inserting “debts”.

(d) PROVISIONS RELATING TO PRIVATE COLLECTION CONTRACTORS.—

(1) COLLECTION BY SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.—Section 3711(g) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(11) In attempting to collect under this subsection through the use of garnishment any debt owed to the United States, a private collection contractor shall not be precluded from verifying the debtor's current employer, the location of the payroll office of the debtor's current employer, the period the debtor has been employed by the current employer of the debtor, and the compensation received by the debtor from the current employer of the debtor.

“(12) In evaluating the performance of a contractor under any contract entered into under this subsection, the Secretary of the Treasury shall consider the contractor's gross collections net of commissions (as a percentage of account amounts placed with the contractor) under the contract. The existence and frequency of valid debtor complaints shall also be considered in the evaluation criteria.

“(13) In selecting contractors for performance of collection services, the Secretary of the Treasury shall evaluate bids received through a methodology that considers the bidder's prior performance in terms of net amounts collected under Government collection contracts of similar size, if applicable. The existence and frequency of valid debtor complaints shall also be considered in the evaluation criteria.”.

(2) COLLECTION BY PROGRAM AGENCY.—Section 3718 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) In attempting to collect under this subsection through the use of garnishment any debt owed to the United States, a private collection contractor shall not be precluded from verifying the current place of employment of the debtor, the location of the payroll office of the debtor's current employer, the period the debtor has been employed by the current employer of the debtor, and the compensation received by the debtor from the current employer of the debtor.

“(i) In evaluating the performance of a contractor under any contract for the performance of debt collection services entered into by an executive, judicial, or legislative agency, the head of the agency shall consider the contractor's gross collections net of commissions (as a percentage of account

amounts placed with the contractor) under the contract. The existence and frequency of valid debtor complaints shall also be considered in the evaluation criteria.

“(j) In selecting contractors for performance of collection services, the head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency shall evaluate bids received through a methodology that considers the bidder's prior performance in terms of net amounts collected under government collection contracts of similar size, if applicable. The existence and frequency of valid debtor complaints shall also be considered in the evaluation criteria.”.

(3) CONSTRUCTION.—None of the amendments made by this subsection shall be construed as altering or superseding the provisions of title 11, United States Code, or section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(e) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 3720A(h) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) beginning in paragraph (3), by striking the close quotation marks and all that follows through the matter preceding subsection (i); and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“For purposes of this subsection, the disbursing official for the Department of the Treasury is the Secretary of the Treasury or his or her designee.”.

(f) CORRECTION OF REFERENCES TO FEDERAL AGENCY.—Sections 3716(c)(6) and 3720A(a), (b), (c), and (e) of title 31, United States Code, are each amended by striking “Federal agency” each place it appears and inserting “executive, judicial, or legislative agency”.

(g) INAPPLICABILITY OF ACT TO CERTAIN AGENCIES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no provision in this Act, the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 (chapter 10 of title III of Public Law 104-134; 31 U.S.C. 3701 note), chapter 37 or subchapter II of chapter 33 of title 31, United States Code, or any amendments made by such Acts or any regulations issued thereunder, shall apply to activities carried out pursuant to a law enacted to protect, operate, and administer any deposit insurance funds, including the resolution and liquidation of failed or failing insured depository institutions.

(h) CONTRACTS FOR COLLECTION SERVICES.—Section 3718 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the first sentence of subsection (b)(1)(A), by inserting “, or, if appropriate, any monetary claim, including any claims for civil fines or penalties, asserted by the Attorney General” before the period;

(2) in the third sentence of subsection (b)(1)(A)—

(A) by inserting “or in connection with other monetary claims” after “collection of claims of indebtedness”;

(B) by inserting “or claim” after “the indebtedness”;

(C) by inserting “or other person” after “the debtor”;

(3) in subsection (d), by inserting “or any other monetary claim of” after “indebtedness owed”.

### SEC. 202. BARRING DELINQUENT FEDERAL DEBTORS FROM OBTAINING FEDERAL BENEFITS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3720B of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

#### “§3720B. Barring delinquent Federal debtors from obtaining Federal benefits

“(a)(1) A person shall not be eligible for the award or renewal of any Federal benefit described in paragraph (2) if the person has an outstanding nontax debt that is in a delinquent status with any executive, judicial, or legislative agency, as determined under

standards prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. Such a person may obtain additional Federal benefits described in paragraph (2) only after such delinquency is resolved in accordance with those standards.

“(2) The Federal benefits referred to in paragraph (1) are the following:

“(A) Financial assistance in the form of a loan (other than a disaster loan) or loan insurance or guarantee.

“(B) Any Federal permit or Federal license required by law.

“(b) The Secretary of the Treasury may exempt any class of claims from the application of subsection (a) at the request of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency.

“(c)(1) The head of any executive, judicial, or legislative agency may waive the application of subsection (a) to any Federal benefit that is administered by the agency based on standards promulgated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

“(2) The head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency may delegate the waiver authority under paragraph (1) to the chief financial officer or, in the case of any Federal performance-based organization, the chief operating officer of the agency.

“(3) The chief financial officer or chief operating officer of an agency to whom waiver authority is delegated under paragraph (2) may redelegate that authority only to the deputy chief financial officer or deputy chief operating officer of the agency. Such deputy chief financial officer or deputy chief operating officer may not redelegate such authority.

“(d) As used in this section, the term ‘nontax debt’ means any debt other than a debt under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or the Tariff Act of 1930.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 37 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 3720B and inserting the following:

“3720B. Barring delinquent Federal debtors from obtaining Federal benefits.”.

(c) CONSTRUCTION.—The amendment made by this section shall not be construed as altering or superseding the provisions of title 11, United States Code.

### SEC. 203. COLLECTION AND COMPROMISE OF NONTAX DEBTS AND CLAIMS.

(a) USE OF PRIVATE COLLECTION CONTRACTORS AND FEDERAL DEBT COLLECTION CENTERS.—Paragraph (5) of section 3711(g) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(5)(A) Nontax debts referred or transferred under this subsection shall be serviced, collected, or compromised, or collection action thereon suspended or terminated, in accordance with otherwise applicable statutory requirements and authorities.

“(B) The head of each executive agency that operates a debt collection center may enter into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to carry out the purposes of this subsection.

“(C) The Secretary of the Treasury shall—

(i) maintain a schedule of private collection contractors and debt collection centers operated by agencies that are eligible for referral of claims under this subsection;

(ii) maximize collections of delinquent nontax debts by referring delinquent nontax debts to private collection contractors promptly;

(iii) maintain competition between private collection contractors;

(iv) ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that a private collection contractor to which a nontax debt is referred is responsible for any administrative costs associated with the contract under which the referral is made.

"(D) As used in this paragraph, the term 'nontax debt' means any debt other than a debt under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or the Tariff Act of 1930."

(b) LIMITATION ON DISCHARGE BEFORE USE OF PRIVATE COLLECTION CONTRACTOR OR DEBT COLLECTION CENTER.—Paragraph (9) of section 3711(g) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (H) as clauses (i) through (viii);

(2) by inserting "(A)" after "(9)";

(3) in subparagraph (A) (as designated by paragraph (2) of this subsection) in the matter preceding clause (i) (as designated by paragraph (1) of this subsection), by inserting "and subject to subparagraph (B)" after "as applicable"; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

"(B)(i) The head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency may not discharge a nontax debt or terminate collection action on a nontax debt unless the debt has been referred to a private collection contractor or a debt collection center, referred to the Attorney General for litigation, sold without recourse, administrative wage garnishment has been undertaken, or in the event of bankruptcy, death, or disability.

"(ii) The head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency may waive the application of clause (i) to any nontax debt, or class of nontax debts if the head of the agency determines that the waiver is in the best interest of the United States.

"(iii) As used in this subparagraph, the term 'nontax debt' means any debt other than a debt under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or the Tariff Act of 1930."

### **TITLE III—SALE OF NONTAX DEBTS OWED TO UNITED STATES**

#### **SEC. 301. AUTHORITY TO SELL NONTAX DEBTS.**

(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to provide that the head of each executive, judicial, or legislative agency shall establish a program of nontax debt sales in order to—

(1) minimize the loan and nontax debt portfolios of the agency;

(2) improve credit management while serving public needs;

(3) reduce delinquent nontax debts held by the agency;

(4) obtain the maximum value for loan and nontax debt assets; and

(5) obtain valid data on the amount of the Federal subsidy inherent in loan programs conducted pursuant to the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (Public Law 93-344).

(b) SALES AUTHORIZED.—(1) Section 3711 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after subsection (h) the following new subsection:

"(i)(1) The head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency may sell, subject to section 504(b) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661c(b)) and using competitive procedures, any nontax debt owed to the United States that is administered by the agency.

"(2) Costs the agency incurs in selling nontax debt pursuant to this subsection may be deducted from the proceeds received from the sale. Such costs include—

"(A) the costs of any contract for identification, billing, or collection services;

"(B) the costs of contractors assisting in the sale of nontax debt;

"(C) the fees of appraisers, auctioneers, and realty brokers;

"(D) the costs of advertising and surveying; and

"(E) other reasonable costs incurred by the agency, as determined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

"(3) Sales of nontax debt under this subsection—

"(A) shall be for—

"(i) cash; or

"(ii) cash and a residuary equity, joint venture, or profit participation, if the head of the agency, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of the Treasury, determines that the proceeds will be greater than the proceeds from a sale solely for cash;

"(B) shall be without recourse against the United States; and

"(C) shall transfer to the purchaser all rights of the United States to demand payment of the nontax debt, other than with respect to a residuary equity, joint venture, or profit participation under subparagraph (A)(ii), but shall not transfer to the purchaser any rights or defenses uniquely available to the United States.

"(3) This subsection is not intended to limit existing statutory authority of the head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency to sell loans, nontax debts, or other assets."

#### **SEC. 302. REQUIREMENT TO SELL CERTAIN NONTAX DEBTS.**

Section 3711 of title 31, United States Code, is amended further by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(j)(1)(A) The head of each executive, judicial, or legislative agency shall sell any nontax loan owed to the United States by the later of—

"(i) the date on which the nontax debt becomes 24 months delinquent; or

"(ii) 24 months after referral of the nontax debt to the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 3711(g)(1) of title 31, United States Code. Sales under this subsection shall be conducted under the authority in section 301.

"(B) The head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of the Treasury, may exempt from sale delinquent debt or debts under this subsection if the head of the agency determines that the sale is not in the best financial interest of the United States.

"(2) The head of each executive, judicial, or legislative agency shall sell each loan obligation arising from a program administered by the agency, not later than 6 months after the loan is disbursed, unless the head of the agency determines that the sale would interfere with the mission of the agency administering the program under which the loan was disbursed, or the head of the agency, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of the Treasury, determines that a longer period is necessary to protect the financial interests of the United States. Sales under this subsection shall be conducted under the authority in section 301.

"(3) After terminating collection action, the head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency shall sell, using competitive procedures, any nontax debt or class of nontax debts owed to the United States unless the head of the agency, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of the Treasury, determines that the sale is not in the best financial interests of the United States. Sales under this paragraph shall be conducted under the authority of subsection (1).

"(4)(A) The head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency shall not, without the approval of the Attorney General, sell any nontax debt that is the subject of an allegation of or investigation for fraud, or that has been referred to the Department of Justice for litigation.

"(B) The head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency may exempt from sale under this subsection any class of nontax debts or loans if the head of the agency determines that the sale would interfere with

the mission of the agency administering the program under which the indebtedness was incurred."

### **TITLE IV—TREATMENT OF HIGH VALUE NONTAX DEBTS**

#### **SEC. 401. ANNUAL REPORT ON HIGH VALUE NONTAX DEBTS.**

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, the head of each agency that administers a program that gives rise to a delinquent high value nontax debt shall submit a report to Congress that lists each such debt.

(b) CONTENT.—A report under this section shall, for each debt listed in the report, include the following:

(1) The name of each person liable for the debt, including, for a person that is a company, cooperative, or partnership, the names of the owners and principal officers.

(2) The amounts of principal, interest, and penalty comprising the debt.

(3) The actions the agency has taken to collect the debt, and prevent future losses.

(4) Specification of any portion of the debt that has been written-down administratively or due to a bankruptcy proceeding.

(5) An assessment of why the debtor defaulted.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this title:

(1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" has the meaning that term has in chapter 37 of title 31, United States Code, as amended by this Act.

(2) HIGH VALUE NONTAX DEBT.—The term "high value nontax debt" means a nontax debt having an outstanding value (including principal, interest, and penalties) that exceeds \$1,000,000.

#### **SEC. 402. REVIEW BY INSPECTORS GENERAL.**

The Inspector General of each agency shall review the applicable annual report to Congress required in section 401 and make such recommendations as necessary to improve performance of the agency. Each Inspector General shall periodically review and report to Congress on the agency's nontax debt collection management practices. As part of such reviews, the Inspector General shall examine agency efforts to reduce the aggregate amount of high value nontax debts that are resolved in whole or in part by compromise, default, or bankruptcy.

#### **SEC. 403. REQUIREMENT TO SEEK SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE OF ASSETS SECURING HIGH VALUE NONTAX DEBT.**

The head of an agency authorized to collect a high value nontax debt that is delinquent shall, when appropriate, promptly seek seizure and forfeiture of assets pledged to the United States in any transaction giving rise to the nontax debt. When an agency determines that seizure or forfeiture is not appropriate, the agency shall include a justification for such determination in the report under section 401.

### **TITLE V—FEDERAL PAYMENTS**

#### **SEC. 501. TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITY TO SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY WITH RESPECT TO PROMPT PAYMENT.**

(a) DEFINITION.—Section 3901(a)(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "Director of the Office of Management and Budget" and inserting "Secretary of the Treasury".

(b) INTEREST.—Section 3902(c)(3)(D) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "Director of the Office of Management and Budget" and inserting "Secretary of the Treasury".

(c) REGULATIONS.—Section 3903(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "Director of the Office of Management and Budget" and inserting "Secretary of the Treasury".

**SEC. 502. PROMOTING ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS.**

(a) EARLY RELEASE OF ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS.—Section 3903(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(1) provide that the required payment date is—

“(A) the date payment is due under the contract for the item of property or service provided; or

“(B) no later than 30 days after a proper invoice for the amount due is received if a specific payment date is not established by contract;”;

(2) by striking “and” after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (8), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (9) and inserting “; and”, and by adding at the end the following:

“(10) provide that the Secretary of the Treasury may waive the application of requirements under paragraph (1) to provide for early payment of vendors in cases where an agency will implement an electronic payment technology which improves agency cash management and business practice.”.

(b) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT ELECTRONIC PAYMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to an agreement between the head of an executive agency and the applicable financial institution or institutions based on terms acceptable to the Secretary of the Treasury, the head of such agency may accept an electronic payment, including debit and credit cards, to satisfy a nontax debt owed to the agency.

(2) GUIDELINES FOR AGREEMENTS REGARDING PAYMENT.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall develop guidelines regarding agreements between agencies and financial institutions under paragraph (1).

**SEC. 503. DEBT SERVICES ACCOUNT.**

(a) TRANSFER OF FUNDS TO DEBT SERVICES ACCOUNT.—The Secretary of the Treasury may transfer balances in accounts established before the date of the enactment of this Act pursuant to section of 3711(g)(7) of title 31, United States Code, to the Debt Services Account established under subsection (b). All amounts transferred to the Debt Services Account under this section shall remain available until expended.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF DEBT SERVICES ACCOUNT.—Subsection (g)(7) of section 3711 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking the second sentence and inserting the following: “Any fee charged pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into an account established in the Treasury to be known as the ‘Debt Services Account’ (hereinafter referred to in this section as the ‘Account’).”

(c) REIMBURSEMENT OF FUNDS.—Section 3711(g) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (8);

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (9) and (10) as paragraphs (8) and (9), respectively; and

(3) by amending paragraph (9) (as redesignated by paragraph (2)) to read as follows:

“(9) To carry out the purposes of this subsection, including services provided under

sections 3716 and 3720A, the Secretary of the Treasury may—

“(A) prescribe such rules, regulations, and procedures as the Secretary considers necessary;

“(B) transfer such funds from funds appropriated to the Department of the Treasury as may be necessary to meet liabilities and obligations incurred prior to the receipt of fees that result from debt collection; and

“(C) reimburse any funds from which funds were transferred under subparagraph (B) from fees collected pursuant to sections 3711, 3716, and 3720A. Any reimbursement under this subparagraph shall occur during the period of availability of the funds transferred under subparagraph (B) and shall be available to the same extent and for the same purposes as the funds originally transferred.”.

(d) DEPOSIT OF TAX REFUND OFFSET FEES.—The last sentence of section 3720A(d) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: “Amounts paid to the Secretary of the Treasury as fees under this section shall be deposited into the Debt Services Account of the Department of the Treasury described in section 3711(g)(7) and shall be collected and accounted for in accordance with the provisions of that section.”.

H.R. 438

OFFERED BY: MR. SANDERS

AMENDMENT NO. 1: Page 10, after line 12, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding section accordingly):

**SEC. 6. STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITY OVER PLACEMENT, CONSTRUCTION, AND MODIFICATION OF BROADCAST TRANSMISSION AND OTHER TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES.**

(a) REPEAL OF LIMITATIONS ON REGULATION OF PERSONAL WIRELESS FACILITIES.—Section 332(c)(7)(B) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 332(c)(7)(B)) is amended—

(1) in clause (i), by striking “thereof—” and all that follows through the end and inserting “thereof shall not unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent services.”;

(2) by striking clause (iv);

(3) by redesignating clause (v) as clause (iv); and

(4) in clause (iv), as so redesignated—

(A) in the first sentence, by striking “30 days after such action or failure to act” and inserting “30 days after exhaustion of any administrative remedies with respect to such action or failure to act”; and

(B) by striking the third sentence and inserting the following: “In any such action in which a person seeking to place, construct, or modify a tower facility is a party, such person shall bear the burden of proof.”.

(b) PROHIBITION ON ADOPTION OF RULE REGARDING PREEMPTION OF STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITY OVER BROADCAST TRANSMISSION FACILITIES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Federal Communications Commission may not adopt as a final rule the proposed rule set forth in “Preemption of State and Local Zoning and Land Use Restrictions on Siting, Placement and Construction of Broadcast Station Transmission

Facilities”, MM Docket No. 97-182, released August 19, 1997.

(c) AUTHORITY OVER PLACEMENT, CONSTRUCTION, AND MODIFICATION OF OTHER TRANSMISSION TOWERS.—Part I of title III of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

**“SEC. 337. STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITY OVER PLACEMENT, CONSTRUCTION, AND MODIFICATION OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND BROADCAST TOWERS.**

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no provision of this Act may be interpreted to authorize any person to place, construct, or modify a broadcast tower or telecommunications tower in a manner that is inconsistent with State or local law, or contrary to an official decision of the appropriate State or local government entity having authority to approve, license, modify, or deny an application to place, construct, or modify a tower, if alternate technology is capable of delivering the broadcast or telecommunications signals without the use of a tower.

“(b) AUTHORITY REGARDING PRODUCTION OF SAFETY STUDIES.—No provision of this Act may be interpreted to prohibit a State or local government from—

“(1) requiring a person seeking authority to locate telecommunications facilities or broadcast transmission facilities within the jurisdiction of such government to produce—

“(A) environmental studies, engineering reports, or other documentation of the compliance of such facilities with radio frequency exposure limits established by the Commission; and

“(B) documentation of the compliance of such facilities with applicable Federal, State, and local aviation safety standards or aviation obstruction standards regarding objects effecting navigable airspace; or

“(2) refusing to grant authority to such person to locate such facilities within the jurisdiction of such government if such person fails to produce any studies, reports, or documentation required under paragraph (1).”.

H.R. 514

OFFERED BY: MRS. WILSON

AMENDMENT NO. 1: Page 5, strike lines 14 and 15 and insert the following:

(B) by striking “communication and divulge” and inserting “communication, and no person having intercepted such a communication shall intentionally divulge”;

(4) in the fourth sentence of subsection (a)—

(A) by inserting “(A)” after “intercepted, shall”; and

(B) by striking “thereof or” and inserting “thereof; or (B)”;

Page 5, line 16, strike “(4)” and insert “(5)”.

Page 5, line 21, strike “(5)” and insert “(6)”.

Page 6, line 1, strike “(6)” and insert “(7)”.

Page 6, line 5, strike “(7)” and insert “(8)”.

Page 6, line 10, strike “(8)” and insert “(9)”.