

Berman
Berry
Biggert
Bilirakis
Bishop
Blagojevich
Bliley
Blumenauer
Blunt
Boehlert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bonior
Bono
Borski
Boswell
Boucher
Boyd
Brady (PA)
Brady (TX)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Bryant
Burr
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canady
Cannon
Capps
Capuano
Cardin
Carson
Castle
Chabot
Chambliss
Chenoweth
Clay
Clement
Clyburn
Coble
Coburn
Collins
Combest
Condit
Conyers
Cook
Costello
Coyne
Cramer
Crane
Crowley
Cubin
Cummings
Cunningham
Danner
Davis (FL)
Davis (IL)
Davis (VA)
Deal
DeFazio
DeGette
Delahunt
DeLauro
DeLay
DeMint
Deutsch
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Doggett
Dooley
Doolittle
Doyle
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Edwards
Ehlers
Ehrlich
Emerson
Engel
English
Eshoo
Etheridge
Evans
Everett
Ewing
Farr
Fattah
Filner
Fletcher
Foley
Forbes

Ford
Fossella
Fowler
Franks (NJ)
Frelinghuysen
Frost
Gallegly
Ganske
Gejdenson
Gekas
Gibbons
Gilchrist
Gillmor
Gilman
Gonzalez
Goode
Goodlatte
Goodling
Gordon
Goss
Graham
Granger
Green (TX)
Green (WI)
Greenwood
Gutierrez
Gutknecht
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hansen
Hastings (FL)
Hayes
Hayworth
Hefley
Herger
Hill (IN)
Hill (MT)
Hilleary
Hilliard
Hinchey
Hinojosa
Hobson
Hoeffel
Hoekstra
Holden
Holt
Hooley
Horn
Hostettler
Houghton
Hoyer
Hulshof
Hunter
Hutchinson
Hyde
Inslee
Isakson
Istook
Jackson (IL)
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Jefferson
Jenkins
John
Johnson (CT)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnson, Sam
Jones (NC)
Jones (OH)
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kasich
Kelly
Kennedy
Kildee
Kilpatrick
Kind (WI)
King (NY)
Kingston
Kleczka
Klink
Knollenberg
Kolbe
Kucinich
Kuykendall
LaFalce
LaHood
Lampson
Largent
Larson
Latham
LaTourette
Lazio
Leach
Lee
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (GA)
Lewis (KY)

Linder
Lipinski
LoBiondo
Lofgren
Lowey
Lucas (KY)
Lucas (OK)
Luther
Maloney (CT)
Maloney (NY)
Manzullo
Markey
Martinez
Mascara
Matsui
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum
McCrery
McGovern
McHugh
McInnis
McIntosh
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Menendez
Metcalfe
Mica
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (FL)
Miller, Gary
Miller, George
Minge
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Moore
Moran (KS)
Morella
Murtha
Myrick
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Nethercutt
Northup
Norwood
Nussle
Oberstar
Obey
Olver
Ortiz
Ose
Owens
Oxley
Packard
Pallone
Pascarell
Pastor
Paul
Payne
Pease
Pelosi
Peterson (MN)
Petri
Phelps
Pickering
Pickett
Pitts
Pombo
Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Price (NC)
Quinn
Radanovich
Rahall
Ramstad
Rangel
Regula
Reynolds
Riley
Rivers
Rodriguez
Roemer
Rogan
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Rothman
Roukema
Roybal-Allard
Royce

Rush
Ryan (WI)
Ryun (KS)
Sabo
Salmon
Sanchez
Sanders
Sandlin
Sanford
Sawyer
Saxton
Schaffer
Schakowsky
Scott
Sensenbrenner
Serrano
Sessions
Shadeegg
Shaw
Shays
Sherman
Sherwood
Shimkus
Shows
Shuster
Simpson
Sissisky
Skeen
Skelton
Slaughter
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (TX)

Smith (WA)
Snyder
Souder
Spence
Spratt
Stabenow
Stark
Stearns
Stenholm
Strickland
Stump
Stupak
Sununu
Sweeney
Talent
Tancredo
Tanner
Tauscher
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Terry
Thomas
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thornberry
Thune
Thurman
Tiahrt
Tierney
Toomey
Towns
Traficant
Turner

Udall (CO)
Udall (NM)
Upton
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Witter
Walden
Walsh
Wamp
Waters
Watkins
Watt (NC)
Watts (OK)
Waxman
Weiner
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
Wexler
Weygand
Whitfield
Wicker
Wilson
Wise
Wolf
Woolsey
Wu
Wynn
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—17

Abercrombie
Billbray
Clayton
Cooksey
Cox
Frank (MA)
Gephardt
Hastings (WA)
Lantos
McDermott
Moran (VA)
Ney
Peterson (PA)
Pryce (OH)
Reyes
Scarborough
Taylor (NC)

□ 1922

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read:

A bill to amend the Miller Act, relating to payment protections for persons providing labor and materials for Federal construction projects.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 987, WORKPLACE PRESERVATION ACT

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 106-280) on the resolution (H. Res. 271) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 987) to require the Secretary of Labor to wait for completion of a National Academy of Sciences study before promulgating a standard or guideline on ergonomics, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2031, TWENTY-FIRST AMENDMENT ENFORCEMENT ACT

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 106-281) on the resolution (H. Res. 272) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2031) to provide for injunctive relief in Federal district court to enforce State laws relating to the interstate transportation of intoxi-

cating liquor, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

ANNOUNCEMENT REGARDING AMENDMENT PROCESS FOR H.R. 417, BIPARTISAN CAMPAIGN FINANCE REFORM ACT OF 1999

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, a "Dear Colleague" letter will be sent to all Members informing them that the Committee on Rules is planning to meet this week to grant a rule which may limit the amendment process for floor consideration of H.R. 417, the Bipartisan Campaign Finance Reform Act of 1999.

The Committee on House Administration ordered H.R. 417 reported this evening, and is expected to file its committee report on Wednesday, August 4.

Any Member wishing to offer an amendment should submit 55 copies and a brief explanation of the amendment to the Committee on Rules in room H-312 of the Capitol by 4 p.m. on Wednesday, August 4. Amendments should be drafted to the bill as ordered reported by the Committee on House Administration. Copies of the bill may be obtained from the Committee on House Administration, and is also expected to be posted on that committee's web site.

Members should use the Office of Legislative Counsel to ensure that their amendments are properly drafted, and should check with the Office of the Parliamentarian to be certain their amendments comply with the rules of the House.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2206), making appropriations for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. CALVERT). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

REQUEST FOR CONSIDERATION OF S. 1457

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill (S. 1457) and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I object.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair is not able to entertain the gentleman's request at this time.

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. OBERSTAR), I understand, is reserving the right to object.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. SHUSTER) is not recognized for that purpose.

Mr. SHUSTER. May I ask why the gentleman is objecting? Is it in order, Mr. Speaker, for me to ask why the gentleman is objecting?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's guidelines, the Chair is not recognizing the gentleman from Pennsylvania for that purpose at this time.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES ON H.R. 2488, FINANCIAL FREEDOM ACT OF 1999

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the Chair announces the Speaker's appointment of the following conferees on the bill (H.R. 2488) to provide for reconciliation pursuant to sections 105 and 211 of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2000:

For consideration of the House bill, and the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Messrs. ARCHER, ARMEY, CRANE, THOMAS, RANGEL, and STARK.

As additional conferees for consideration of sections 313, 315-316, 318, 325, 335, 338, 341-42, 344-45, 351, 362-63, 365, 369, 371, 381, 1261, 1305, and 1406 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Messrs. GOODLING, BOEHNER, and CLAY.

There was no objection.

FOREIGN OPERATIONS, EXPORT FINANCING, AND RELATED PRO- GRAMS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2000

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 263 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 2606.

□ 1929

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2606) making appropriations for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, with Mr. THORNBERRY in the chair.

□ 1930

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The CHAIRMAN. When the Committee of the Whole rose on Thursday, July 29, 1999, amendment No. 3 printed in part B of House Report 106-269 by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PITTS) had been disposed of.

Under the order of the House of that day, it is now in order to consider amendment No. 6 printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD by the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. ANDREWS).

AMENDMENT NO. 6 OFFERED BY MR. ANDREWS

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

Amendment No. 6 offered by Mr. ANDREWS: Page 116, after line 5, insert the following: PROHIBITION ON FUNDS FOR NEW OPIC PROJECTS

SEC. 585. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used by the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, after the enactment of this Act, for the issuance of any new guarantee, insurance, reinsurance, or financing, or for initiating any other activity which the Corporation is otherwise authorized to undertake.

The CHAIRMAN. Pursuant to the previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. ANDREWS) and a Member opposed each will control 15 minutes.

Does the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. CALLAHAN) seek to control the time in opposition?

Mr. CALLAHAN. Yes, I do, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that my time be halved with the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PELOSI), and that she be given the authority to yield the time for her 7½ minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. ANDREWS) is recognized for 15 minutes.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Chairman, in 1996, this House voted to end welfare as we know it for single moms and for people struggling to raise families across America. This amendment says that it is time for us to end corporate welfare as we know it.

The amendment says that the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, OPIC, will be precluded from initiating new deals, new transactions, with the money that is in this underlying bill. It says that DuPont and General Electric, and McDonald's, and some of the largest corporations in the world, ought to risk their capital in risky international investments, not the capital of the American taxpayers.

Now, I have had the opportunity to outline my views previously on Thursday night, but I want to quickly summarize them before yielding to supporters of my amendment.

We will no doubt hear that this will cause chaos at OPIC. It will not. This amendment does not interfere with the ongoing operation and the wind-down of the entity. It simply says that funds should be used to effectuate that wind-down rather than to initiate new deals.

We will hear that this will have a devastating effect on U.S. investment overseas. Frankly, the huge majority, the immense majority of private investments by U.S. corporations overseas have nothing to do with OPIC. They have to do with the judgments of entrepreneurs and investors in the global market every day.

We will hear that somehow or another this is unilateral disarmament in the war on trade. It is nothing of the sort. It is the recognition that the real engine of international growth for the U.S. economy is not the taxpayers' pockets, but the entrepreneurs taking a risk.

This is one of the few amendments I have ever seen that is supported by Ralph Nader and Milton Freedman. And that is probably all people need to know about why they should support it.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to yield the 7½ minutes that has been yielded to me to the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. MENENDEZ) and that he be allowed to control that time.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from California?

There was no objection.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. MENENDEZ) will control the 7½ minutes.

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. Chairman, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from New York (Mr. RANGEL), the distinguished ranking Democrat on the Committee on Ways and Means.

(Mr. RANGEL asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Chairman, I oppose this amendment. It really puts a damper on American entrepreneurship as we try to transfer technology to the least developed countries that we have in the world.

Recently, this House passed the African Growth and Opportunity bill. It was not just out of compassion that we did it, but we wanted to make certain that we have people that are able to be able to be productive, to have disposable income, to have jobs, to have dignity, and not to be looking for welfare and to be looking for foreign assistance.

What OPIC does is encourage private investment to have partnerships so that we are able to say that all over the world, especially in developing nations, that our great Republic will be able to have meaningful commercial trade relations.

I have been to Africa. I have been there with Eximbank. I have been there with OPIC. I have been there with the State Department. Believe me, OPIC really encourages foreign investment, and we need it now more than ever.

Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Chairman, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. BEREUTER), the chairman of the Subcommittee on Asia and the Pacific of the Committee on International Relations.

(Mr. BEREUTER asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)