

issues have been examined and recommendations delivered to the American public, the Congress and the U.S. Information Agency, which will be merged into the Department of State later this year.

For example, the advisory commission helped USIA expand its research and program evaluation to target information to women's and labor groups abroad during the 1960s and 1970s. Furthermore, it helped improve Voice of America programming and signal delivery, in addition to direct broadcast satellite research. Without question, the advisory commission's contributions in these areas have gone a long way to help the United States communicate its message to the rest of the world regarding democracy, human rights, free market principles, as well as other traditional American values.

In the 1980s, the commission broke new ground when it released a special report entitled "Terrorism and Security: The Challenge for Public Diplomacy," which recommended ways to make the difficult and delicate balance between the need to protect our diplomats and overseas installations and the need to reach out to overseas publics. It has done so again in the 1990s by focusing on a new diplomacy for the information age.

Mr. Chairman, our country enjoys a considerable "edge" in public diplomacy, both in reaching publics through advanced technology and in communicating our message of democracy, human rights, free markets as well as ethnic and cultural diversity. Clearly, it is to our advantage to use that edge. In the post-Cold war era of instant global journalism and people power, foreign public opinion is critical to the success of American foreign policy initiatives. The advisory commission's reports illustrate how the increase in global communications and technology makes foreign publics far more important than ever and why we should use our advanced skills in these areas to inform, understand and influence those foreign publics.

For instance, last year's report—entitled "A New Diplomacy for the Information Age"—explains how Saddam Hussein used public diplomacy to his advantage when he shifted the focus of the world media from his arsenal of weapons of mass destruction to the tragic suffering of Iraqi children, a campaign that did nothing to help the United States build the same coalition in 1998 as assembled against Saddam's sinister regime in 1991. The advisory commission's report, which can be accessed via USIA's web page, also includes intelligent and thoughtful recommendations on how to deal with such problems in the future. I believe this represents one of the most important advisory functions of the commission, and I encourage my colleagues to read the report.

Mr. Chairman, the new State Department we have created since enacting the reorganization bill last year must be a responsive and flexible diplomatic institution that can deal as effectively with foreign publics as with foreign governments. We need the insight and experience of the advisory commission to make this transition successful and to achieve our foreign policy goals. In this age of information and democracy, of globalized free markets and the Internet, foreign publics are far more important than ever. As we are developing a new diplomacy for the 21st Century, the U.S. Advisory Commission on Public Di-

plomacy is of even greater constructive value to the Congress and the Administration.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Chairman, I want to thank the gentleman for his supporting remarks and for his working with the majority in trying to work out this amendment.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. GILMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. PEASE) having assumed the chair, Mr. KOLBE, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 2415) to enhance security of United States missions and personnel overseas, to authorize appropriations for the Department of State for fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution thereon.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the following three bills that were considered today: H.R. 1033, H.R. 31, and H. Con. Res. 121.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6 p.m.

Accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 7 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until approximately 6 p.m.

□ 1802

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. PETRI) at 6 o'clock and 2 minutes p.m.

COMMUNICATION FROM HON. J.C. WATTS, CHAIRMAN, HOUSE REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Honorable J.C. WATTS, Chairman of the House Republican Conference:

HOUSE REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE,
Washington, DC, July 19, 1999.

Hon. J. DENNIS HASTERT,
Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: This is to inform you that pursuant to clause 5(b) of rule X, Representative Michael P. Forbes is no longer a member of the Republican Conference.

Sincerely,

J.C. WATTS, Jr.,
Chairman.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker of the House of Representatives:

THE SPEAKER'S ROOMS,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, July 19, 1999.

Hon. C.W. BILL YOUNG,
Chairman, Committee on Appropriations,
House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: This is to advise you that Representative MICHAEL P. FORBES' election to the Committee on Appropriations has been automatically vacated pursuant to clause 5(b) of rule X effective today.

Sincerely,

J. DENNIS HASTERT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker of the House of Representatives:

THE SPEAKER'S ROOMS,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, July 19, 1999.

Hon. JAMES M. TALENT,
Chairman, Committee on Small Business,
House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: This is to advise you that Representative Michael P. Forbes' election to the Committee on Small Business has been automatically vacated pursuant to clause 5(b) of rule X effective today.

Sincerely,

J. DENNIS HASTERT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the provisions of clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will now put the question on each motion to suspend the rules on which further proceedings were postponed earlier today in the order in which that motion was entertained.

Votes will be taken in the following order: H.R. 1033 by the yeas and nays, H. Con. Res. 121 by the yeas and nays, and H.R. 1477, by the yeas and nays.

The Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the time for any electronic vote after the first such vote in this series.

LEWIS AND CLARK EXPEDITION BICENTENNIAL
COMMEMORATIVE COIN ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 1033.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. BE-REUTER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1033, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 381, nays 1, not voting 51, as follows:

[Roll No. 308]

YEAS—381

Abercrombie	DeLauro	Hyde
Ackerman	DeLay	Inslee
Aderholt	DeMint	Isakson
Archer	Deutsch	Istook
Armey	Diaz-Balart	Jackson (IL)
Bachus	Dickey	Jackson-Lee
Baird	Dicks	(TX)
Baldacci	Dingell	Jenkins
Baldwin	Dixon	John
Ballenger	Doggett	Johnson, E. B.
Barcia	Dooley	Johnson, Sam
Barr	Doolittle	Jones (NC)
Barrett (WI)	Doyle	Jones (OH)
Bartlett	Dreier	Kanjorski
Barton	Duncan	Kaptur
Bass	Dunn	Kasich
Bateman	Ehlers	Kelly
Becerra	Ehrlich	Kildee
Bentsen	Emerson	Kilpatrick
Bereuter	Engel	Kind (WI)
Berkley	English	King (NY)
Berry	Eshoo	Kingston
Biggart	Etheridge	Klecza
Bilbray	Evans	Knollenberg
Bilirakis	Everett	Kolbe
Bishop	Ewing	Kucinich
Blagojevich	Farr	Kuykendall
Bliley	Fattah	LaFalce
Blumenauer	Filner	LaHood
Blunt	Fletcher	Lampson
Boehlert	Foley	Lantos
Boehner	Forbes	Largent
Bonilla	Ford	Latham
Bonior	Frank (MA)	LaTourette
Bono	Frank (NJ)	Lazio
Borski	Frelinghuysen	Leach
Boswell	Frost	Lee
Boucher	Gallegly	Levin
Boyd	Ganske	Lewis (CA)
Brady (PA)	Gejdenson	Lewis (KY)
Brady (TX)	Gekas	Linder
Brown (OH)	Gephardt	Lipinski
Bryant	Gibbons	LoBiondo
Burr	Gilchrest	Lofgren
Burton	Gillmor	Lowe
Buyer	Gilman	Lucas (KY)
Callahan	Gonzalez	Lucas (OK)
Calvert	Goode	Luther
Camp	Goodlatte	Maloney (CT)
Campbell	Goodling	Maloney (NY)
Canady	Gordon	Manzullo
Cannon	Goss	Markey
Capps	Graham	Martinez
Capuano	Granger	Mascara
Cardin	Green (TX)	Matsui
Carson	Green (WI)	McCarthy (MO)
Castle	Greenwood	McCarthy (NY)
Chabot	Gutknecht	McCollum
Chambliss	Hall (OH)	McCrery
Clay	Hall (TX)	McGovern
Clayton	Hansen	McHugh
Clement	Hastings (FL)	McInnis
Clyburn	Hastings (WA)	McIntyre
Coburn	Hayworth	McKeon
Combust	Hefley	McKinney
Condit	Herger	McNulty
Conyers	Hill (IN)	Meehan
Cook	Hill (MT)	Meek (FL)
Costello	Hilleary	Menendez
Cox	Hilliard	Metcalfe
Coyne	Hinojosa	Mica
Cramer	Hobson	Millender-
Crane	Hoefel	McDonald
Cubin	Hoekstra	Miller (FL)
Cummings	Holden	Miller, Gary
Cunningham	Holt	Miller, George
Davis (FL)	Hooley	Minge
Davis (IL)	Horn	Mink
Davis (VA)	Hostettler	Moakley
Deal	Hoyer	Moran (KS)
DeFazio	Hulshof	Moran (VA)
DeGette	Hunter	Morella
Delahunt	Hutchinson	Murtha

Myrick	Rothman
Nadler	Roukema
Napolitano	Roybal-Allard
Nethercutt	Royce
Ney	Ryan (WI)
Northup	Sabo
Nussle	Salmon
Oberstar	Sandlin
Obey	Sanford
Ortiz	Sawyer
Ose	Saxton
Oxley	Scarborough
Packard	Schaffer
Pallone	Schakowsky
Pascarell	Scott
Pastor	Sensenbrenner
Payne	Serrano
Pease	Shadegg
Pelosi	Shaw
Peterson (MN)	Shays
Petri	Sherman
Phelps	Sherwood
Pickering	Shimkus
Pickett	Shows
Pitts	Shuster
Pombo	Simpson
Pomeroy	Sisisky
Portman	Skeen
Price (NC)	Skelton
Quinn	Slaughter
Radanovich	Smith (MI)
Rahall	Smith (NJ)
Ramstad	Smith (WA)
Rangel	Snyder
Regula	Souder
Reyes	Spence
Reynolds	Spratt
Riley	Stabenow
Rivers	Stark
Rodriguez	Stearns
Roemer	Stenholm
Rogan	Strickland
Rogers	Stump
Rohrabacher	Stupak
Ros-Lehtinen	Sununu

NAYS—1

Paul
NOT VOTING—51

Allen	Hinchey	Peterson (PA)
Andrews	Houghton	Porter
Baker	Jefferson	Pryce (OH)
Barrett (NE)	Johnson (CT)	Rush
Berman	Kennedy	Ryun (KS)
Brown (FL)	Klink	Sanchez
Chenoweth	Larson	Sanders
Coble	Lewis (GA)	Sessions
Collins	McDermott	Smith (TX)
Cooksey	McIntosh	Sweeney
Crowley	Meeks (NY)	Tauzin
Danner	Mollohan	Taylor (NC)
Edwards	Moore	Thurman
Fossella	Neal	Toomey
Fowler	Norwood	Towns
Gutierrez	Olver	Weiner
Hayes	Owens	Wise

□ 1828.

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof), the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Ms. SANCHEZ. Mr. Speaker, during rollcall vote No. 308 on July 19, 1999, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye."

Mr. RYUN of Kansas. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 308, I was not able to be here due to a delayed airline flight. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PETRI). Pursuant to the provisions of clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair announces that he will reduce to a min-

imum of 5 minutes the period of time within which a vote by electronic device will be taken on each additional motion to suspend the rules on which the Chair has postponed further proceedings.

EXPRESSING SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING UNITED STATES VICTORY IN THE COLD WAR AND FALL OF THE BERLIN WALL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the concurrent resolution, House Concurrent Resolution 121, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. GILMAN) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, House Concurrent Resolution 121, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 381, nays 0, answered "present" 2, not voting 50, as follows:

[Roll No. 309]

YEAS—381

Abercrombie	Carson	Fattah
Ackerman	Castle	Filner
Aderholt	Chabot	Fletcher
Archer	Chambliss	Foley
Armey	Clay	Forbes
Bachus	Clayton	Ford
Baird	Clement	Frank (MA)
Baldacci	Clyburn	Frank (NJ)
Baldwin	Coburn	Frelinghuysen
Ballenger	Combust	Frost
Barcia	Condit	Gallegly
Barr	Conyers	Ganske
Barrett (WI)	Cook	Gejdenson
Bartlett	Costello	Gekas
Barton	Cox	Gephardt
Bass	Coyne	Gibbons
Bateman	Cramer	Gilchrest
Becerra	Crane	Gillmor
Bentsen	Cubin	Gilman
Bereuter	Cummings	Gonzalez
Berkley	Cunningham	Goode
Berry	Davis (FL)	Goodlatte
Biggart	Davis (IL)	Goodling
Bilbray	Davis (VA)	Gordon
Bilirakis	Deal	Goss
Bishop	DeFazio	Graham
Blagojevich	DeGette	Green (TX)
Bliley	Delahunt	Green (WI)
Blumenauer	DeLauro	Greenwood
Blunt	DeLay	Gutknecht
Boehlert	DeMint	Hall (OH)
Boehner	Deutsch	Hall (TX)
Bonilla	Diaz-Balart	Hansen
Bonior	Dickey	Hastings (FL)
Bono	Dicks	Hastings (WA)
Borski	Dingell	Hayworth
Boswell	Dixon	Hefley
Boucher	Doggett	Herger
Boyd	Dooley	Hill (IN)
Brady (PA)	Doolittle	Hill (MT)
Brady (TX)	Doyle	Hilleary
Brown (OH)	Dreier	Hilliard
Bryant	Duncan	Hinojosa
Burr	Dunn	Hobson
Burton	Ehlers	Hoefel
Buyer	Ehrlich	Hoekstra
Callahan	Emerson	Holden
Calvert	Engel	Holt
Camp	English	Hooley
Campbell	Eshoo	Horn
Canady	Etheridge	Hostettler
Cannon	Evans	Hoyer
Capps	Everett	Hulshof
Capuano	Ewing	Hunter
Cardin	Farr	Hutchinson