

Speaking on NBC television's "Meet the Press" show, Richardson admitted security breaches had occurred during the Clinton presidency, despite denials by the president.

"There have been damaging security leaks," Richardson said. "The Chinese have obtained damaging information . . . during past administrations and (the) present administration."

In a March news conference, President Clinton denied the Chinese had secured nuclear secrets during his presidency.

"To the best of my knowledge, no one has said anything to me about any espionage which occurred by the Chinese against the labs, during my presidency," Clinton said then, referring to allegations of security breaches at the Los Alamos National Laboratory in New Mexico.

But The New York Times reported a week ago that counter-intelligence officials had told the Clinton administration in November that China posed an "acute intelligence threat" to nuclear arms labs.

The Times disclosed in March that a scientist at Los Alamos, Wen Ho Lee, was suspected of helping China obtain arms secrets. China has repeatedly denied the charges and the scientist last week rejected the accusations against him.

The Senate intelligence committee said in a report last week that China gained technical information from U.S. companies during satellite launches which will improve its missiles and could threaten the United States.

The report capped a 10-month investigation by the committee into the impact on U.S. national security of advanced satellite technology exports to China.

Senator Richard Shelby, chairman of the intelligence committee, said Sunday, "This is probably the most serious espionage we have had in this country in modern times."

Shelby said his committee's investigation uncovered "very suspicious banking relationships" which would need further investigation. The Republican from Alabama said millions of dollars were funneled to a small bank in the United States from China, possible as political campaign donations.

Bob Kerrey, the ranking Democrat on the intelligence committee, agreed there had been leaks at the Los Alamos lab.

"I have no doubt there has been Chinese espionage at these nuclear labs," the Nebraska senator said. "I have no doubt the efforts to reduce the risk of that espionage was sloppy and not well coordinated and as a consequence has been damaging to the people of the United States."

Despite the breaches, Kerrey said, the threat to Americans was not on the scale suggested by Shelby.

"This is a very serious case of espionage, a very serious breach of security at the labs, but its very important for us not to overestimate the threat," he said.

COMMEMORATING ASIAN PACIFIC AMERICAN HERITAGE MONTH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 19, 1999, the gentleman from Guam (Mr. UNDERWOOD) is recognized during morning hour debates for 5 minutes.

Mr. UNDERWOOD. Mr. Speaker, I come to the floor to announce that this month, May, is Asian Pacific American Heritage Month. This month is meant to celebrate the many contributions of Asian and Pacific Islander Americans to the fabric of American life.

As the Chair of the Congressional Asian Pacific American Caucus for the 106th Congress, I wish to draw attention to this month as a time to honor, remember and celebrate the Asian and Pacific Islander Americans who live in each one of our congressional districts. In fact, 65 congressional districts have a population of at least 5 percent APA and some 28 have over 10 percent APA in their districts.

This celebration dates back to the legislation introduced by former Representative Frank Horton in 1978, establishing Asian Pacific American Heritage Week to draw attention to this population. In 1990, the week was extended to a month, and it was not until 1992 that legislation was passed to make APA a permanent occasion during May of every year.

This is a particularly critical time to reflect upon the conditions and the contributions of Asian Pacific Americans. They are a growing part of our population, and they make major contributions to every facet of our life, from science to sports, from education to entertainment, from culture to commerce.

Asian Pacific Americans are major players and major movers in our American life. Yet, despite their success, they continue to experience various forms of discrimination; and some communities experience many difficulties in education and the economy. And they are, of course, subject to the ups and downs of our country's relationships with various countries in Asia and the Pacific.

We should all take the time to celebrate the success of individual APAs, like Junior Seau, the outstanding linebacker for the San Diego Chargers; David Ho, who was Time magazine's 1996 Man of the Year for his research on AIDS; Josie Natori, a highly acclaimed designer who recently received the Ellis Island Medal of Honor; Jerry Yang, the former Stanford Ph.D. student who cofounded Yahoo; and Seiji Ozawa, who is in his 24th season as music director for the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

But we must also take the time to acknowledge that there can be a thin line in American society between celebration and condemnation. Sometimes we are quick to praise individuals from various communities that make up the fabric of American life but we can be just as quick to stereotype and stigmatize the communities from which these individuals come from. Immigrant bashing, hate crimes, wholesale characterizations about this or that group are not only hurtful, they are disrespectful and harm our entire society.

We are in the midst of a series of charges and countercharges about espionage at the Department of Energy labs, alleged fundraising from foreign sources; and our relationship with the People's Republic of China is probably at its lowest point during this decade. We all have a serious responsibility to

make clear and understandable distinctions between the activities of foreign agents, criminal spies and the Asian Pacific American communities which help make this country strong and vibrant.

There is much media coverage today about Chinese spying and illegal Chinese fund-raising. It is all too easy to blur any distinction between those who are operating outside the law and at the behest of foreign governments and the Asian Americans who live next door, who work at Silicon Valley and who work tirelessly in defense and energy laboratories around the country. Asian Americans have contributed enormously to our technological lead in the world, and they contribute to our military and economic strength in ways that all of us should be proud of and grateful for.

Let us be clear. The overwhelming and vast majority of Asian Pacific Americans are not just industrious, they are as loyal to America as all their fellow Americans. The preponderance of stories about the espionage may lead to the same result that we had a few years ago when the stories about illegal fundraising first surfaced. Individual Asian American citizens around the country had additional questions asked of them, found it a little more difficult to get appointments with elected officials, were asked to verify the origins of their campaign donations in ways that others were not.

The illegal fund-raising stories had a chilling and direct effect on the lives and the political participation of Asian Americans around the country. Let us make sure that the current rash of stories and the current state of our relationship with China has no impact upon the lives or the economic or employment opportunities of individual Asian Americans around the country.

We in Congress have a special responsibility to make sure that our sentiments about these matters of espionage is clearly separate from any reflection upon the ethnic communities in our country.

Mr. Speaker, I would like to thank the Energy Secretary, Bill Richardson, for his sensitivity to APA concerns; and I encourage all Members to attend the numerous planned APA activities in their home district this month. And the APA caucus will also be organizing a special order commemorating Asian Pacific American Heritage Month.

As we deal with the Cox Report, as we deal with the Department of Energy revelations, as we deal again with the charges about fund raising, let us remember that it is a thin line between celebration and condemnation, between singing praise and stereotyping.

On this note, I take this opportunity to thank Energy Secretary Bill Richardson for his sensitivity to APA concerns, and also on agreeing to speak at the Asian Pacific American Institute for Congressional Studies Gala.

There are numerous activities planned by Asian Pacific American groups this month to celebrate our diverse heritage. I urge every member's participation in these activities.

The Congressional Asian Pacific American Caucus will also be organizing a special order in May commemorating Asian Pacific American Heritage Month.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 2 p.m.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 58 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until 2 p.m.

□ 1400

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. PEASE) at 2 p.m.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Reverend James David Ford, D.D., offered the following prayer:

As individuals we know how satisfying it is to affirm that You, O God, are the personal God who cares about our own needs and petitions. We know, too, how easily we can try to make Your nature so it fits with our own personal background or with our own particular Nation or with our own private interest. Yet, at our best moments we celebrate that You are God of all creation, that You are the judge of every people and Nation, and You have forgiveness and mercy available to every person. Help us, gracious God, to lift our vision of Your presence in our lives and of Your place and power in the universe so we see You as the creator and redeemer of all who seek Your grace. In Your name we pray. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. RAHALL) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. RAHALL led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

TAKES ONE-THIRD OF THE YEAR TO PICK UP THE TAB FOR OUR BLOATED GOVERNMENT BUREAUCRACY

(Mr. GIBBONS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GIBBONS. Mr. Speaker, Katherin Whitehorn once said, "The easiest way for our children to learn about money is for you to have none." Well, if Katherin Whitehorn is right, then the first 130 days of this year America's children have earned their doctorate on money because during this time every penny earned by the hard-working men and women of this Nation has been taken away by local, State and Federal Government taxation. It did not go to pay for kids' education, it did not go to pay for the home mortgage, and it did not go to pay medical expenses. Instead, it all went to expanding government bureaucracies.

Mr. Speaker, fully one-third of this year's effort of these hard-working Americans was spent just to pick up the tab of this bloated government bureaucracy. Decades of unchecked growth and deficit spending by the tax and spenders has left hard-working men and women of this country with this crushing tax burden.

The vast majority of Americans do not object to paying their fair share of taxes, but they do object to the suffocating level of taxation that exists today.

Mr. Speaker, for our children's sake let us allow hard-working families to keep more of their money, not less. I urge all of my colleagues to support meaningful tax reform this year.

OUR NUMBER ONE SECURITY THREAT

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, China has accused America of deliberately bombing their embassy in Yugoslavia. That is unbelievable, and experts cannot believe this. I am not surprised. In fact, China has always considered America as their arch enemy.

Let us tell it like it is today:

The bombing of the Chinese embassy was an honest mistake. The Chinese fallout is no mistake. The reality is evident and clear. The number one security threat facing the American people is China. I might add it has been financed with American dollars.

I yield back all the missiles pointed at the United States of America, Mr. Speaker. Beam me up.

CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE MUST NOT BE TOLERATED

(Mr. PITTS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, May is Victims of Pornography Month. Today I want to mention an outrage:

The American Psychological Association recently published a study suggesting that sexual relationships between adults and children are less harmful than believed and might actually be positive for "willing" children.

My colleagues heard correctly.

The authors of this study attacked the term "child sexual abuse" in favor of the term "adult-child sex." They conclude that child sexual abuse is not wrong unless the adult sexual encounter is unwanted by the child.

May I suggest that this outrageous junk science, as Dr. Laura Schlessinger calls it, is very offensive? All of us who are parents should be offended by this effort to normalize child sexual abuse. Child sexual abuse does result in long-term psychological harm, and it must not be tolerated.

Shame on the American Psychological Association for giving a forum for such dangerous and unprofessional propaganda for pedophilia.

THERE WILL NEVER BE A BETTER OPPORTUNITY TO CUT TAXES

(Mr. KNOLLENBERG asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KNOLLENBERG. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in recognition of Tax Freedom Day and to reiterate my call for lower taxes.

According to the nonpartisan Tax Foundation, the average American will have to work 131 days or until May 11; that is, today, just to pay his or her taxes.

This graph says it all.

I believe it is outrageous. Clearly the time has come for Congress and the President to cut taxes so the American people can keep more of their hard-earned money.

Taxes are at an historic high, higher than World War II. With a strong economy and the Federal Government running a surplus, there will never be a better time than today to cut taxes.

This year's budget calls for 800 billion in reduction in Federal taxes over the next 10 years. This much-needed tax cut will strengthen working families and keep our economy moving forward.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to work together this year to ensure that the American people receive the tax relief they deserve and not this.

INTRODUCTION OF NATIONAL PEACE OFFICERS MEMORIAL DAY RESOLUTION

(Mr. HEFLEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HEFLEY. Mr. Speaker, on May 15, peace officers from around the country will travel to Washington for a day of commemoration and honor for fellow officers slain in the line of duty. The National Peace Officers Memorial Day serves as a solemn reminder of the sacrifice and commitment to safety that these men and women make on our behalf. I am joined by over 130 of