

deal with. The Federal Government should be providing a helping hand not a heavier load for our Nation's schools.

We also passed legislation to improve teacher quality, improve student results, and give parents and teachers more flexibility to teach our children. Every child should have the opportunity to go to a school in a safe environment, and we are committed to seeing that those opportunities exist.

Likewise, all Americans must be safe from international threats, and so our Republican majority will continue our commitment to improving the national security.

I am proud to say that we have successfully increased commitment to our men and women in uniform. We have given them a well-deserved pay increase. We have increased defense spending in other areas so that our troops have the resources to get the job done. And why have we made this commitment to our nation's defense? It is a dangerous world out there, and for too many years the administration has been slashing funding for our military, while at the same time asking our troops to serve in more and more dangerous places around the world.

We currently have soldiers and sailors stationed in the Middle East, in Bosnia, in Kosovo, in East Timor and Korea, to name just a few places. Our servicemen and servicewomen spend months away from their families and are poorly compensated for doing so, and, as a result, many of them are leaving the military. In these good economic times, it is crucial that we increase our military budget to deter hostile or maverick countries and to improve the quality of life for military personnel and their families.

We also passed and the President signed a national missile defense bill that will make our homes and neighborhoods safer. Many hostile nations are developing missile technology that will soon put the United States in harm's way. Fortunately, our missile defense bill makes it a national priority for the United States to develop a missile defense system capable of protecting us from the threat of enemy missiles.

As Americans, our liberty is our most valuable asset, and we must protect ourselves from those who would threaten it. National defense is among the most important roles of our Federal Government. This is why this Congress will continue to support our military and give our troops the funding they need to defend America and her interests.

Finally, we remain committed to providing tax relief to the American people. This is why we sent a fair and responsible tax relief package to the President's desk.

Currently we have a Tax Code that punishes couples for getting married through the marriage tax penalty. We have a Tax Code that punishes people for trying to save for retirement through the capital gains tax. We have

a Tax Code that punishes widows through the death tax.

The time has come to get some fairness to the Tax Code. Couples should be able to get married without the fear of higher taxes, the government should be encouraging people to save for retirement, not punishing them, and our tax relief package was responsible because it took money out of Washington and put it back into the pockets of the people who earned it, the American people. It would be irresponsible to leave the whole \$3 trillion surplus here in Washington so that only politicians can spend it.

Our tax relief package kept faith with the balanced budget and it secured \$2.2 trillion for retirement security and for debt relief. As a matter of fact, our budget spends down \$350 billion of national debt this year. Although the President vetoed this common sense proposal, I hope he will work with us next year to provide tax relief to the American people.

We have come a long way since the House first asked me to be the Speaker, but we still have much left to accomplish next year, and we will consider a conservative agenda that makes America a more compassionate place to live.

Earlier this month the President and I went to the South Side of Chicago to promote a plan that we hope will revitalize America's most impoverished urban and rural communities. It accomplishes this goal through tax incentives, environmental cleanup, and other private sector and public sector partnerships. Coupled with common sense education reform and better crime and drug control strategy, we can make these communities a safer place to grow up and to raise a family.

This is compassionate conservatism.

We will push for tax relief for the American family. It is compassionate to put more dollars into the family budget.

We will consider health care legislation that will make HMOs more accountable and health care insurance more accessible.

We will take up a trade bill for Africa and the Caribbean basin. We believe helping these countries help themselves is done more effectively with trade, not necessarily foreign aid.

We will continue to find ways to improve retirement security for our Nation's seniors by addressing the long-term problems that face our Social Security system, our Medicare system, and our pension system. And we will continue to do the work of the House.

As we continue our agenda in the second session of the 106th Congress, we will fight for certain principles. We will fight to keep the Social Security surplus dedicated only to retirement security, we will also continue to fight for the principles of a smaller and smarter government, and we will continue to fight against government waste, unnecessary government power and undue government influence.

Government does have an important role to play in the lives of the American people. It does have a responsibility to secure the freedom and promote the general welfare of its citizens.

But we must remember this: the Government works for the people; the people should not be forced to work for the Government.

I want to thank my colleagues for the great trust that they have placed in me over the course of this session. It is a great honor and privilege to serve as Speaker of the House. I look forward to an even more productive second session.

RECESS

The Speaker. Pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess for 5 minutes.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 20 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess for 5 minutes.

□ 1225

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order at 12 o'clock and 25 minutes p.m.

CORRECTING ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 3194, CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS AND DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2000

Mr. PEASE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that House Concurrent Resolution 239, directing the Clerk of the House of Representatives to make a technical correction in the enrollment of the bill H.R. 3194, which has been introduced, be considered and adopted.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Indiana?

There was no objection.

The text of House Concurrent Resolution 239 is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 239

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 3194), making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall insert before the comma at the end of section 1000(a)(7) of division B the following: ", except that subsection (c) of section 912 of H.R. 3427 shall be deemed to read as follows:

'(c) ADVANCE CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—

'(1) FISCAL YEAR 1998.—Funds made available pursuant to section 911(a)(1) may be obligated and expended beginning on or after December 15, 1999, provided that the appropriate certification has been submitted to the appropriate congressional committees.

'(2) FISCAL YEARS 1999 AND 2000.—Funds made available pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3) of

section 911(a) may be obligated and expended only if the appropriate certification has been submitted to the appropriate congressional committees 30 days prior to the payment of the funds'".

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1999

Mr. PEASE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at noon on Monday next.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Indiana?

There was no objection.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

The following Member (at his own request) to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous material:

Mr. HASTERT, for 5 minutes, today.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. PEASE. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 26 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until Monday, November 22, 1999, at noon.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS,
ETC.

Under clause 8 of rule XII, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

5471. A letter from the Executive Director, Committee For Purchase From People Who

Are Blind Or Severely Disabled, transmitting the Committee's final rule—Procurement List Additions—received November 18, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Government Reform.

5472. A letter from the Director, Office of Procurement and Assistance Management, Department of Energy, transmitting the DOE's 1999 list of government activities not inherently governmental in nature; to the Committee on Government Reform.

5473. A letter from the President and Chief Executive Officer, Overseas Private Investment Corporation, transmitting a report on the FY 1999 activities of the agency's formal management control review program, pursuant to 5 app.; to the Committee on Government Reform.

5474. A letter from the Board Members, Railroad Retirement Board, transmitting the Board's commercial activities inventory; to the Committee on Government Reform.

5475. A letter from the Inspector General, Social Security Administration, transmitting the Administration's inventory of commercial activities; to the Committee on Government Reform.

5476. A letter from the Director, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, transmitting the Department's final rule—Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Determination of Endangered Status for the Plant *Lesquerella thamnophila* (Zapata Bladderpod) (RIN: 1018-AE54) received November 15, 1999, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Resources.

TIME LIMITATION OF REFERRED
BILL

Pursuant to clause 5 of rule X the following action was taken by the Speaker:

H.R. 1838. Referral to the Committee on Armed Services extended for a period ending not later than November 22, 1999.

H.R. 3081. Referral to the Committee on Education and the Workforce extended for a period ending not later than November 22, 1999.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. ACKERMAN (for himself, Mr. KING, Mr. WEINER, Mr. FORBES, Mrs. MALONEY of New York, Mr. CROWLEY, Mr. BENTSEN, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. CAPUANO, and Mr. OSE):

H.R. 3511. A bill to prohibit deductions under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for payments to Holocaust survivors under certain settlements; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mrs. CHRISTENSEN:

H.R. 3512. A bill to amend title 46, United States Code, to exempt from inspection certain small passenger vessels that operate in waters of the United States only in the Virgin Islands; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. TALENT (for himself and Mr. THUNE):

H.R. 3513. A bill to provide for grants to assist value-added agricultural businesses; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. GILMAN (for himself and Mr. GEJDENSON):

H. Con. Res. 239. Concurrent resolution directing the Clerk of the House of Representatives to make a technical correction in the enrollment of the bill H.R. 3194; to the Committee on House Administration.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 230: Ms. PELOSI.

H.R. 939: Ms. MCKINNEY and Mr. WATT of North Carolina.

H.R. 1168: Mr. FOSSELLA, Mr. GILCHREST, and Mr. MCINNIS.

H.R. 1275: Mr. LAZIO, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. SABO, Mr. WYNN, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. INSLEE, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. BERMAN, and Mr. HALL of Ohio.

H.R. 1322: Mr. BILBRAY.

H.R. 1606: Mrs. MALONEY of New York.

H.R. 2166: Ms. BERKLEY and Mr. DEFAZIO.

H.R. 2511: Mr. GOODLATTE.

H.R. 2782: Mr. ROTHMAN

H.R. 2893: Mr. UDALL of Colorado

H.R. 2966: Mr. DELAHUNT

H.R. 3293: Mrs. MCCARTHY of New York, Ms. SLAUGHTER, and Mrs. FOWLER.

H.R. 3405: Mr. FRANKS of New Jersey.

H. Res. 357: Mr. DAVIS of Florida.